103d CONGRESS 1st Session **S. 1627**

To implement the North American Free Trade Agreement.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 4 (legislative day, NOVEMBER 2), 1993

Mr. MITCHELL (for himself and Mr. DOLE) (by request) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred jointly to the Committees on Finance, Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry, Commerce, Science, and Transportation, Governmental Affairs, the Judiciary, and Foreign Relations pursuant to 19 U.S.C. 2191(c)

A BILL

To implement the North American Free Trade Agreement.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE AND TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation
- 6 Act''.
- 7 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—
 - Sec. 1. Short title and table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Definitions.

TITLE I—APPROVAL OF, AND GENERAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO, THE NORTH AMERICAN FREE TRADE AGREEMENT

- Sec. 101. Approval and entry into force of the North American Free Trade Agreement.
- Sec. 102. Relationship of the Agreement to United States and State law.
- Sec. 103. Consultation and layover requirements for, and effective date of, proclaimed actions.
- Sec. 104. Implementing actions in anticipation of entry into force and initial regulations.
- Sec. 105. United States section of the NAFTA secretariat.
- Sec. 106. Appointments to chapter 20 panel proceedings.
- Sec. 107. Termination or suspension of United States-Canada Free-Trade Agreement.
- Sec. 108. Congressional intent regarding future accessions.
- Sec. 109. Effective dates; effect of termination of NAFTA status.

TITLE II—CUSTOMS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 201. Tariff modifications.
- Sec. 202. Rules of origin.
- Sec. 203. Drawback.
- Sec. 204. Customs user fees.
- Sec. 205. Enforcement.
- Sec. 206. Reliquidation of entries for NAFTA-origin goods.
- Sec. 207. Country of origin marking of NAFTA goods.
- Sec. 208. Protests against adverse origin determinations.
- Sec. 209. Exchange of information.
- Sec. 210. Prohibition on drawback for television picture tubes.
- Sec. 211. Monitoring of television and picture tube imports.
- Sec. 212. Title VI amendments.
- Sec. 213. Effective dates.

TITLE III—APPLICATION OF AGREEMENT TO SECTORS AND SERVICES

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PART 1-RELIEF FROM IMPORTS BENEFITING FROM THE AGREEMENT

- Sec. 301. Definitions.
- Sec. 302. Commencing of action for relief.
- Sec. 303. International Trade Commission action on petition.
- Sec. 304. Provision of relief.
- Sec. 305. Termination of relief authority.
- Sec. 306. Compensation authority.
- Sec. 307. Submission of petitions.
- Sec. 308. Special tariff provisions for Canadian fresh fruits and vegetables.
- Sec. 309. Price-based snapback for frozen concentrated orange juice.

PART 2-RELIEF FROM IMPORTS FROM ALL COUNTRIES

- Sec. 311. NAFTA article impact in import relief cases under the Trade Act of 1974.
- Sec. 312. Presidential action regarding NAFTA imports.

PART 3—GENERAL PROVISIONS

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- Sec. 316. Monitoring.
- Sec. 317. Procedures concerning the conduct of International Trade Commission investigations.
- Sec. 318. Effective date.

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Subtitle C—Intellectual Property

- Sec. 331. Treatment of inventive activity.
- Sec. 332. Rental rights in sound recordings.
- Sec. 333. Nonregistrability of misleading geographic indications.
- Sec. 334. Motion pictures in the public domain.
- Sec. 335. Effective dates.

Subtitle D-Temporary Entry of Business Persons

- Sec. 341. Temporary entry.
- Sec. 342. Effective date.

Subtitle E—Standards

PART 1—STANDARDS AND MEASURES

- Sec. 351. Standards and sanitary and phytosanitary measures.
- Sec. 352. Transportation.

PART 2—AGRICULTURAL STANDARDS

Sec. 361. Agricultural technical and conforming amendments.

Subtitle F—Corporate Average Fuel Economy

Sec. 371. Corporate average fuel economy.

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Sec. 381. Government procurement.

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Subtitle A—Organizational, Administrative, and Procedural Provisions Regarding the Implementation of Chapter 19 of the Agreement

- Sec. 401. References in subtitle.
- Sec. 402. Organizational and administrative provisions.
- Sec. 403. Testimony and production of papers in extraordinary challenges.
- Sec. 404. Requests for review of determinations by competent investigating authorities of NAFTA countries.
- Sec. 405. Rules of procedure for panels and committees.
- Sec. 406. Subsidy negotiations.
- Sec. 407. Identification of industries facing subsidized imports.
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- Sec. 411. Judicial review in antidumping duty and countervailing duty cases.
- Sec. 412. Conforming amendments to other provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930.
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TITLE V—NAFTA TRANSITIONAL ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE AND OTHER PROVISIONS

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- Sec. 502. Establishment of NAFTA transitional adjustment assistance program.
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- Sec. 511. Discriminatory taxes.
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PART 1—CUSTOMS USER FEES

Sec. 521. Fees for certain customs services.

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- Sec. 522. Authority to disclose certain tax information to the United States customs service.
- Sec. 523. Use of electronic fund transfer system for collection of certain taxes.

Subtitle D-Implementation of NAFTA Supplemental Agreements

PART 1-AGREEMENTS RELATING TO LABOR AND ENVIRONMENT

- Sec. 531. Agreement on labor cooperation.
- Sec. 532. Agreement on environmental cooperation.
- Sec. 533. Agreement on Border Environment Cooperation Commission.

Part 2—North American Development Bank and Related Provisions.

- Sec. 541. North American Development Bank.
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TITLE VI-CUSTOMS MODERNIZATION

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- Sec. 611. Penalties for violations of arrival, reporting, entry, and clearance requirements.
- Sec. 612. Failure to declare.
- Sec. 613. Customs testing laboratories; detention of merchandise.
- Sec. 614. Recordkeeping.
- Sec. 615. Examination of books and witnesses.
- Sec. 616. Judicial enforcement.
- Sec. 617. Review of protests.
- Sec. 618. Repeal of provision relating to reliquidation on account of fraud.
- Sec. 619. Penalties relating to manifests.
- Sec. 620. Unlawful unlading or transshipment.
- Sec. 621. Penalties for fraud, gross negligence, and negligence; prior disclosure.
- Sec. 622. Penalties for false drawback claims.
- Sec. 623. Interpretive rulings and decisions; public information.
- Sec. 624. Seizure authority.

Subtitle B-National Customs Automation Program

- Sec. 631. National Customs Automation Program.
- Sec. 632. Drawback and refunds.
- Sec. 633. Effective date of rates of duty.
- Sec. 634. Definitions.
- Sec. 635. Manifests.
- Sec. 636. Invoice contents.
- Sec. 637. Entry of merchandise.
- Sec. 638. Appraisement and other procedures.
- Sec. 639. Voluntary reliquidations.
- Sec. 640. Appraisement regulations.
- Sec. 641. Limitation on liquidation.
- Sec. 642. Payment of duties and fees.
- Sec. 643. Abandonment and damage.
- Sec. 644. Customs officer's immunity.
- Sec. 645. Protests.
- Sec. 646. Refunds and errors.
- Sec. 647. Bonds and other security.
- Sec. 648. Customhouse brokers.
- Sec. 649. Conforming amendments.

Subtitle C-Miscellaneous Amendments to the Tariff Act of 1930

- Sec. 651. Administrative exemptions.
- Sec. 652. Report of arrival.
- Sec. 653. Entry of vessels.
- Sec. 654. Unlawful return of foreign vessel papers.
- Sec. 655. Vessels not required to enter.
- Sec. 656. Unlading.
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- Sec. 658. General orders.

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- Sec. 659. Unclaimed merchandise.
- Sec. 660. Destruction of merchandise.
- Sec. 661. Proceeds of sale.
- Sec. 662. Entry under regulations.
- Sec. 663. American trademarks.
- Sec. 664. Simplified recordkeeping for merchandise transported by pipeline.
- Sec. 665. Entry for warehouse.
- Sec. 666. Cartage.
- Sec. 667. Seizure.
- Sec. 668. Limitation on actions.
- Sec. 669. Collection of fees on behalf of other agencies.
- Sec. 670. Authority to settle claims.
- Sec. 671. Use of private collection agencies.

Subtitle D—Miscellaneous Provisions and Consequential and Conforming Amendments to Other Laws

- Sec. 681. Amendments to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule.
- Sec. 682. Customs personnel airport work shift regulation.
- Sec. 683. Use of harbor maintenance trust fund amounts for administrative expenses.
- Sec. 684. Amendments to title 28, United States Code.
- Sec. 685. Treasury forfeiture fund.
- Sec. 686. Amendments to the Revised Statutes of the United States.
- Sec. 687. Amendments to title 18, United States Code.
- Sec. 688. Amendment to the Act to Prevent Pollution from Ships.
- Sec. 689. Miscellaneous technical amendments.
- Sec. 690. Repeal of obsolete provisions of law.
- Sec. 691. Reports to Congress.
- Sec. 692. Effective date.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

For purposes of this Act: 2 3 AGREEMENT.—The "Agreement" (1)term 4 means the North American Free Trade Agreement approved by the Congress under section 101(a). 5 (2) HTS.—The term "HTS" means the Har-6 monized Tariff Schedule of the United States. 7 8 (3) MEXICO.—Any reference to Mexico shall be considered to be a reference to the United Mexican 9 States. 10

(4) NAFTA COUNTRY.—Except as provided in 1 section 202, the term "NAFTA country" means-2 (A) Canada for such time as the Agree-3 4 ment is in force with respect to, and the United States applies the Agreement to, Canada; and 5 (B) Mexico for such time as the Agreement 6 7 is in force with respect to, and the United States applies the Agreement to, Mexico. 8 (5) INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION.—The 9 term "International Trade Commission" means the 10 11 United States International Trade Commission. 12 (6)REPRESENTATIVE.—The TRADE term "Trade Representative" means the United States 13 Trade Representative. 14 **I**—**APPROVAL** OF. AND TITLE 15 PROVISIONS GENERAL RE-16 LATING TO. THE NORTH 17 AMERICAN TRADE FREE 18 AGREEMENT 19 20 SEC. 101. APPROVAL AND ENTRY INTO FORCE OF THE 21 NORTH AMERICAN FREE TRADE AGREEMENT. 22 (a) APPROVAL OF AGREEMENT AND STATEMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION.—Pursuant to section 1103 of 23

24 the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (19

U.S.C. 2903) and section 151 of the Trade Act of 1974
 (19 U.S.C. 2191), the Congress approves—

3 (1) the North American Free Trade Agreement
4 entered into on December 17, 1992, with the Gov5 ernments of Canada and Mexico and submitted to
6 the Congress on November 4, 1993; and

7 (2) the statement of administrative action pro8 posed to implement the Agreement that was submit9 ted to the Congress on November 4, 1993.

10 (b) CONDITIONS FOR ENTRY INTO FORCE OF THE 11 AGREEMENT.—The President is authorized to exchange 12 notes with the Government of Canada or Mexico providing 13 for the entry into force, on or after January 1, 1994, of 14 the Agreement for the United States with respect to such 15 country at such time as—

16 (1) the President—

17 (A) determines that such country has im-18 plemented the statutory changes necessary to 19 bring that country into compliance with its obli-20 gations under the Agreement and has made 21 provision to implement the Uniform Regula-22 tions provided for under article 511 of the 23 Agreement regarding the interpretation, appli-24 cation, and administration of the rules of ori-25 gin, and

1	(B) transmits a report to the House of
2	Representatives and the Senate setting forth
3	the determination under subparagraph (A) and
4	including, in the case of Mexico, a description
5	of the specific measures taken by that country
6	to—
7	(i) bring its laws into conformity with
8	the requirements of the Schedule of Mexico
9	in Annex 1904.15 of the Agreement, and
10	(ii) otherwise ensure the effective im-
11	plementation of the binational panel review
12	process under chapter 19 of the Agreement
13	regarding final antidumping and counter-
14	vailing duty determinations; and
15	(2) the Government of such country exchanges
16	notes with the United States providing for the entry
17	into force of the North American Agreement on En-
18	vironmental Cooperation and the North American
19	Agreement on Labor Cooperation for that country
20	and the United States.
21	SEC. 102. RELATIONSHIP OF THE AGREEMENT TO UNITED
22	STATES AND STATE LAW.
23	(a) Relationship of Agreement to United
24	States Law.—

1	(1) United states law to prevail in con-
2	FLICT.—No provision of the Agreement, nor the ap-
3	plication of any such provision to any person or cir-
4	cumstance, which is inconsistent with any law of the
5	United States shall have effect.
6	(2) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this Act shall
7	be construed—
8	(A) to amend or modify any law of the
9	United States, including any law regarding—
10	(i) the protection of human, animal,
11	or plant life or health,
12	(ii) the protection of the environment,
13	or
14	(iii) motor carrier or worker safety; or
15	(B) to limit any authority conferred under
16	any law of the United States, including section
17	301 of the Trade Act of 1974;
18	unless specifically provided for in this Act.
19	(b) Relationship of Agreement to State
20	Law.—
21	(1) Federal-state consultation.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—Upon the enactment of
23	this Act, the President shall, through the inter-
24	governmental policy advisory committees on
25	trade established under section $306(c)(2)(A)$ of

the Trade and Tariff Act of 1984, consult with the States for the purpose of achieving conformity of State laws and practices with the Agreement.

(B) 5 Federal-state CONSULTATION PROCESS.—The Trade Representative shall es-6 7 tablish within the Office of the United States Trade Representative a Federal-State consulta-8 9 tion process for addressing issues relating to the Agreement that directly relate to, or will po-10 11 tentially have a direct impact on, the States. The Federal-State consultation process shall in-12 clude procedures under which-13

(i) the Trade Representative will assist the States in identifying those State
laws that may not conform with the Agreement but may be maintained under the
Agreement by reason of being in effect before the Agreement entered into force;

20 (ii) the States will be informed on a
21 continuing basis of matters under the
22 Agreement that directly relate to, or will
23 potentially have a direct impact on, the
24 States;

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1	(iii) the States will be provided oppor-
2	tunity to submit, on a continuing basis, to
3	the Trade Representative information and
4	advice with respect to matters referred to
5	in clause (ii);
6	(iv) the Trade Representative will
7	take into account the information and ad-
8	vice received from the States under clause
9	(iii) when formulating United States posi-
10	tions regarding matters referred to in
11	clause (ii); and
12	(v) the States will be involved (includ-
13	ing involvement through the inclusion of
14	appropriate representatives of the States)
15	to the greatest extent practicable at each
16	stage of the development of United States
17	positions regarding matters referred to in
18	clause (ii) that will be addressed by com-
19	mittees, subcommittees, or working groups
20	established under the Agreement or
21	through dispute settlement processes pro-
22	vided for under the Agreement.
23	The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C.
24	App.) shall not apply to the Federal-State consulta-
25	tion process established by this paragraph.

1	(2) LEGAL CHALLENGE.—No State law, or the
2	application thereof, may be declared invalid as to
3	any person or circumstance on the ground that the
4	provision or application is inconsistent with the
5	Agreement, except in an action brought by the Unit-
6	ed States for the purpose of declaring such law or
7	application invalid.
8	(3) DEFINITION OF STATE LAW.—For purposes
9	of this subsection, the term "State law" includes-
10	(A) any law of a political subdivision of a
11	State; and
12	(B) any State law regulating or taxing the
13	business of insurance.
14	(c) Effect of Agreement With Respect to Pri-
15	VATE REMEDIES.—No person other than the United
16	States—
17	(1) shall have any cause of action or defense
18	under—
19	(A) the Agreement or by virtue of Congres-
20	sional approval thereof, or
21	(B) the North American Agreement on
22	Environmental Cooperation or the North Amer-
23	ican Agreement on Labor Cooperation; or
24	(2) may challenge, in any action brought under
25	any provision of law, any action or inaction by any

department, agency, or other instrumentality of the
 United States, any State, or any political subdivision
 of a State on the ground that such action or inaction
 is inconsistent with the Agreement, the North Amer ican Agreement on Environmental Cooperation, or
 the North American Agreement on Labor Coopera tion.

8 SEC. 103. CONSULTATION AND LAYOVER REQUIREMENTS 9 FOR, AND EFFECTIVE DATE OF, PROCLAIMED 10 ACTIONS.

11 (a) CONSULTATION AND LAYOVER REQUIRE-12 MENTS.—If a provision of this Act provides that the imple-13 mentation of an action by the President by proclamation 14 is subject to the consultation and layover requirements of 15 this section, such action may be proclaimed only if—

16 (1) the President has obtained advice regarding17 the proposed action from—

(A) the appropriate advisory committees
established under section 135 of the Trade Act
of 1974, and

(B) the International Trade Commission;
(2) the President has submitted a report to the
Committee on Ways and Means of the House of
Representatives and the Committee on Finance of
the Senate that sets forth—

1	(A) the action proposed to be proclaimed
2	and the reasons therefor, and
3	(B) the advice obtained under paragraph
4	(1);
5	(3) a period of 60 calendar days, beginning
6	with the first day on which the President has met
7	the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2) with re-
8	spect to such action, has expired; and
9	(4) the President has consulted with such Com-
10	mittees regarding the proposed action during the pe-
11	riod referred to in paragraph (3).
12	(b) Effective Date of Certain Proclaimed Ac-
13	TIONS.—Any action proclaimed by the President under the
14	authority of this Act that is not subject to the consultation
15	and layover requirements under subsection (a) may not
16	take effect before the 15th day after the date on which
17	the text of the proclamation is published in the Federal
18	Register.
19	SEC. 104. IMPLEMENTING ACTIONS IN ANTICIPATION OF
20	ENTRY INTO FORCE AND INITIAL REGULA-
21	TIONS.
22	(a) IMPLEMENTING ACTIONS.—After the date of the
23	enactment of this Act—
24	(1) the President may proclaim such actions;
25	and

(2) other appropriate officers of the United
 States Government may issue such regulations;

as may be necessary to ensure that any provision of this 3 Act, or amendment made by this Act, that takes effect 4 on the date the Agreement enters into force is appro-5 priately implemented on such date, but no such proclama-6 tion or regulation may have an effective date earlier than 7 the date of entry into force. The 15-day restriction in sec-8 9 tion 103(b) on the taking effect of proclaimed actions is waived to the extent that the application of such restric-10 tion would prevent the taking effect on the date the Agree-11 ment enters into force of any action proclaimed under this 12 13 section.

14 (b) INITIAL REGULATIONS.—Initial regulations necessary or appropriate to carry out the actions proposed 15 in the statement of administrative action submitted under 16 17 section 101(a)(2) to implement the Agreement shall, to the maximum extent feasible, be issued within 1 year after 18 the date of entry into force of the Agreement; except that 19 20 interim or initial regulations to implement those Uniform 21 Regulations regarding rules of origin provided for under 22 article 511 of the Agreement shall be issued no later than the date of entry into force of the Agreement. In the case 23 of any implementing action that takes effect on a date 24 25 after the date of entry into force of the Agreement, initial

regulations to carry out that action shall, to the maximum
 extent feasible, be issued within 1 year after such effective
 date.

4 SEC. 105. UNITED STATES SECTION OF THE NAFTA SEC-5 RETARIAT.

6 (a) Establishment of the United States Sec-TION.—The President is authorized to establish within 7 8 any department or agency of the United States Government a United States Section of the Secretariat estab-9 10 lished under chapter 20 of the Agreement. The United States Section, subject to the oversight of the interagency 11 group established under section 402, shall carry out its 12 functions within the Secretariat to facilitate the operation 13 of the Agreement, including the operation of chapters 19 14 and 20 of the Agreement and the work of the panels, ex-15 traordinary challenge committees, special committees, and 16 scientific review boards convened under those chapters. 17 The United States Section may not be considered to be 18 an agency for purposes of section 552 of title 5, United 19 20 States Code.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year after
fiscal year 1993 to the department or agency within which
the United States Section is established the lesser of—
(1) such sums as may be necessary; or

(2) \$2,000,000;

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2 for the establishment and operations of the United States
3 Section and for the payment of the United States share
4 of the expenses of binational panels and extraordinary
5 challenge committees convened under chapter 19, and of
6 the expenses incurred in dispute settlement proceedings
7 under chapter 20, of the Agreement.

(c) REIMBURSEMENT OF CERTAIN EXPENSES.—If, 8 in accordance with Annex 2002.2 of the Agreement, the 9 10 Canadian Section or the Mexican Section of the Secretariat provides funds to the United States Section during any 11 fiscal year, as reimbursement for expenses by the Cana-12 dian Section or the Mexican Section in connection with 13 settlement proceedings under chapter 19 or 20 of the 14 Agreement, the United States Section may retain and use 15 such funds to carry out the functions described in sub-16 section (a). 17

18sec. 106. Appointments to chapter 20 panel pro-19ceedings.

(a) CONSULTATION.—The Trade Representative shall
consult with the Committee on Ways and Means of the
House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance
of the Senate regarding the selection and appointment of
candidates for the rosters described in article 2009 of the
Agreement.

1 (b) SELECTION OF INDIVIDUALS WITH ENVIRON-2 MENTAL EXPERTISE.—The United States shall, to the 3 maximum extent practicable, encourage the selection of in-4 dividuals who have expertise and experience in environ-5 mental issues for service in panel proceedings under chap-6 ter 20 of the Agreement to hear any challenge to a United 7 States or State environmental law.

8 SEC. 107. TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION OF UNITED 9 STATES-CANADA FREE-TRADE AGREEMENT.

Section 501(c) of the United States-Canada FreeTrade Implementation Act of 1988 (19 U.S.C. 2112 note)
is amended to read as follows:

13 "(c) TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION OF AGREE-14 MENT.—

15 "(1) TERMINATION OF AGREEMENT.—On the
16 date the Agreement ceases to be in force, the provi17 sions of this Act (other than this paragraph and sec18 tion 410(b)), and the amendments made by this Act,
19 shall cease to have effect.

20 "(2) EFFECT OF AGREEMENT SUSPENSION.—
21 An agreement by the United States and Canada to
22 suspend the operation of the Agreement shall not be
23 deemed to cause the Agreement to cease to be in
24 force within the meaning of paragraph (1).

1	"(3) Suspension resulting from nafta.—
2	On the date the United States and Canada agree to
3	suspend the operation of the Agreement by reason of
4	the entry into force between them of the North
5	American Free Trade Agreement, the following pro-
6	visions of this Act are suspended and shall remain
7	suspended until such time as the suspension of the
8	Agreement may be terminated:
9	"(A) Sections 204(a) and (b) and 205(a).
10	"(B) Sections 302 and 304(f).
11	"(C) Sections 404, 409, and 410(b).".
12	SEC. 108. CONGRESSIONAL INTENT REGARDING FUTURE
13	ACCESSIONS.
13 14	ACCESSIONS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 101(a) may not be con-
14 15	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 101(a) may not be con-
14 15 16	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 101(a) may not be con- strued as conferring Congressional approval of the entry
14 15 16	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 101(a) may not be con- strued as conferring Congressional approval of the entry into force of the Agreement for the United States with
14 15 16 17	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 101(a) may not be con- strued as conferring Congressional approval of the entry into force of the Agreement for the United States with respect to countries other than Canada and Mexico.
14 15 16 17 18	 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 101(a) may not be construed as conferring Congressional approval of the entry into force of the Agreement for the United States with respect to countries other than Canada and Mexico. (b) FUTURE FREE TRADE AREA NEGOTIATIONS.—
14 15 16 17 18 19	 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 101(a) may not be construed as conferring Congressional approval of the entry into force of the Agreement for the United States with respect to countries other than Canada and Mexico. (b) FUTURE FREE TRADE AREA NEGOTIATIONS.— (1) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the fol-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 101(a) may not be construed as conferring Congressional approval of the entry into force of the Agreement for the United States with respect to countries other than Canada and Mexico. (b) FUTURE FREE TRADE AREA NEGOTIATIONS.— (1) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings:
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 101(a) may not be construed as conferring Congressional approval of the entry into force of the Agreement for the United States with respect to countries other than Canada and Mexico. (b) FUTURE FREE TRADE AREA NEGOTIATIONS.— (1) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings: (A) Efforts by the United States to obtain
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 101(a) may not be construed as conferring Congressional approval of the entry into force of the Agreement for the United States with respect to countries other than Canada and Mexico. (b) FUTURE FREE TRADE AREA NEGOTIATIONS.— (1) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings: (A) Efforts by the United States to obtain greater market opening through multilateral ne-

1 (B) United States trade policy should pro-2 vide for additional mechanisms with which to 3 pursue greater market access for United States 4 exports of goods and services and opportunities 5 for export-related investment by United States 6 persons.

7 (C) Among the additional mechanisms 8 should be a system of bilateral and multilateral 9 trade agreements that provide greater market 10 access for United States exports and opportuni-11 ties for export-related investment by United 12 States persons.

(D) The system of trade agreements can
and should be structured to be consistent with,
and complementary to, existing international
obligations of the United States and ongoing
multilateral efforts to open markets.

(2) REPORT ON SIGNIFICANT MARKET OPENING.—No later than May 1, 1994, and May 1, 1997,
the Trade Representative shall submit to the President, and to the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways and Means of the
House of Representatives (hereafter in this section
referred to as the "appropriate Congressional com-

mittees"), a report which lists those foreign coun tries—

3 (A) that—

4 (i) currently provide fair and equitable 5 market access for United States exports of 6 goods and services and opportunities for 7 export-related investment by United States 8 persons, beyond what is required by exist-9 ing multilateral trade agreements or obli-10 gations; or

(ii) have made significant progress in
opening their markets to United States exports of goods and services and export-related investment by United States persons;
and

(B) the further opening of whose markets
has the greatest potential to increase United
States exports of goods and services and exportrelated investment by United States persons, either directly or through the establishment of a
beneficial precedent.

(3) PRESIDENTIAL DETERMINATION.—The
President, on the basis of the report submitted by
the Trade Representative under paragraph (2), shall
determine with which foreign country or countries, if

1	any, the United States should seek to negotiate a
2	free trade area agreement or agreements.
3	(4) Recommendations on future free
4	TRADE AREA NEGOTIATIONS.—No later than July 1,
5	1994, and July 1, 1997, the President shall submit
6	to the appropriate Congressional committees a writ-
7	ten report that contains—
8	(A) recommendations for free trade area
9	negotiations with each foreign country selected
10	under paragraph (3);
11	(B) with respect to each country selected,
12	the specific negotiating objectives that are nec-
13	essary to meet the objectives of the United
14	States under this section; and
15	(C) legislative proposals to ensure ade-
16	quate consultation with the Congress and the
17	private sector during the negotiations, advance
18	Congressional approval of the negotiations rec-
19	ommended by the President, and Congressional
20	approval of any trade agreement entered into
21	by the President as a result of the negotiations.
22	(5) GENERAL NEGOTIATING OBJECTIVES.—The
23	general negotiating objectives of the United States
24	under this section are to obtain—

	24
1	(A) preferential treatment for United
2	States goods;
3	(B) national treatment and, where appro-
4	priate, equivalent competitive opportunity for
5	United States services and foreign direct invest-
6	ment by United States persons;
7	(C) the elimination of barriers to trade in
8	goods and services by United States persons
9	through standards, testing, labeling, and certifi-
10	cation requirements;
11	(D) nondiscriminatory government pro-
12	curement policies and practices with respect to
13	United States goods and services;
14	(E) the elimination of other barriers to
15	market access for United States goods and
16	services, and the elimination of barriers to for-
17	eign direct investment by United States per-
18	sons;
19	(F) the elimination of acts, policies, and
20	practices which deny fair and equitable market
21	opportunities, including foreign government tol-
22	eration of anticompetitive business practices by
23	private firms or among private firms that have
24	the effect of restricting, on a basis that is in-
25	consistent with commercial considerations, pur-

1	chasing by such firms of United States goods
2	and services;
3	(G) adequate and effective protection of in-
4	tellectual property rights of United States per-
5	sons, and fair and equitable market access for
6	United States persons that rely upon intellec-
7	tual property protection;
8	(H) the elimination of foreign export and
9	domestic subsidies that distort international
10	trade in United States goods and services or
11	cause material injury to United States indus-
12	tries;
13	(I) the elimination of all export taxes;
14	(J) the elimination of acts, policies, and
15	practices which constitute export targeting; and
16	(K) monitoring and effective dispute settle-
17	ment mechanisms to facilitate compliance with
18	the matters described in subparagraphs (A)
19	through (J).
20	SEC. 109. EFFECTIVE DATES; EFFECT OF TERMINATION OF
21	NAFTA STATUS.
22	(a) Effective Dates.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—This title (other than the
24	amendment made by section 107) takes effect on the
25	date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) SECTION 107 AMENDMENT.—The amend ment made by section 107 takes effect on the date
 the Agreement enters into force between the United
 States and Canada.
 (b) TERMINATION OF NAETA STATUS —During any

(b) TERMINATION OF NAFTA STATUS.—During any
period in which a country ceases to be a NAFTA country,
sections 101 through 106 shall cease to have effect with
respect to such country.

9 TITLE II—CUSTOMS PROVISIONS

10 $\,$ sec. 201. Tariff modifications.

11 (a) TARIFF MODIFICATIONS PROVIDED FOR IN THE12 AGREEMENT.—

13 (1) PROCLAMATION AUTHORITY.—The Presi-14 dent may proclaim—

15 (A) such modifications or continuation ofany duty,

17 (B) such continuation of duty-free or ex-18 cise treatment, or

19 (C) such additional duties,

as the President determines to be necessary or appropriate to carry out or apply articles 302, 305,
307, 308, and 703 and Annexes 302.2, 307.1,
308.1, 308.2, 300-B, 703.2, and 703.3 of the Agreement.

1	(2) Effect on mexican gsp status.—Not-
2	withstanding section 502(a)(2) of the Trade Act of
3	1974 (19 U.S.C. 2462(a)(2)), the President shall
4	terminate the designation of Mexico as a beneficiary
5	developing country for purposes of title V of the
6	Trade Act of 1974 on the date of entry into force
7	of the Agreement between the United States and
8	Mexico.
9	(b) Other Tariff Modifications.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2)
11	and the consultation and layover requirements of
12	section 103(a), the President may proclaim—
13	(A) such modifications or continuation of
14	any duty,
15	(B) such modifications as the United
16	States may agree to with Mexico or Canada re-
17	garding the staging of any duty treatment set
18	forth in Annex 302.2 of the Agreement,
19	(C) such continuation of duty-free or excise
20	treatment, or
21	(D) such additional duties,
22	as the President determines to be necessary or ap-
23	propriate to maintain the general level of reciprocal
24	and mutually advantageous concessions with respect
25	to Canada or Mexico provided for by the Agreement.

1 (2) Special rule for articles with tariff 2 PHASEOUT PERIODS OF MORE THAN 10 YEARS.—The 3 President may not consider a request to accelerate the staging of duty reductions for an article for 4 which the United States tariff phaseout period is 5 more than 10 years if a request for acceleration with 6 7 respect to such article has been denied in the preceding 3 calendar years. 8

(c) CONVERSION TO AD VALOREM RATES FOR CER-9 TAIN TEXTILES.—For purposes of subsections (a) and 10 (b), with respect to an article covered by Annex 300–B 11 of the Agreement imported from Mexico for which the base 12 rate in the Schedule of the United States in Annex 300-13 B is a specific or compound rate of duty, the President 14 may substitute for the base rate an ad valorem rate that 15 the President determines to be equivalent to the base rate. 16

17 SEC. 202. RULES OF ORIGIN.

18 (a) Originating Goods.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of implementing the tariff treatment and quantitative restrictions
provided for under the Agreement, except as otherwise provided in this section, a good originates in
the territory of a NAFTA country if—

1	(A) the good is wholly obtained or pro-
2	duced entirely in the territory of one or more of
3	the NAFTA countries;
4	(B)(i) each nonoriginating material used in
5	the production of the good—
6	(I) undergoes an applicable change in
7	tariff classification set out in Annex 401 of
8	the Agreement as a result of production
9	occurring entirely in the territory of one or
10	more of the NAFTA countries; or
11	(II) where no change in tariff classi-
12	fication is required, the good otherwise sat-
13	isfies the applicable requirements of such
14	Annex; and
15	(ii) the good satisfies all other applicable
16	requirements of this section;
17	(C) the good is produced entirely in the
18	territory of one or more of the NAFTA coun-
19	tries exclusively from originating materials; or
20	(D) except for a good provided for in chap-
21	ters 61 through 63 of the HTS, the good is
22	produced entirely in the territory of one or
23	more of the NAFTA countries, but one or more
24	of the nonoriginating materials, that are pro-
25	vided for as parts under the HTS and are used

1	in the production of the good, does not undergo
2	a change in tariff classification because—
3	(i) the good was imported into the ter-
4	ritory of a NAFTA country in an unassem-
5	bled or a disassembled form but was classi-
6	fied as an assembled good pursuant to
7	General Rule of Interpretation 2(a) of the
8	HTS; or
9	(ii)(I) the heading for the good pro-
10	vides for and specifically describes both the
11	good itself and its parts and is not further
12	subdivided into subheadings; or
13	(II) the subheading for the good pro-
14	vides for and specifically describes both the
15	good itself and its parts.
16	(2) Special rules.—
17	(A) FOREIGN-TRADE ZONES.—Subpara-
18	graph (B) of paragraph (1) shall not apply to
19	a good produced in a foreign-trade zone or
20	subzone (established pursuant to the Act of
21	June 18, 1934, commonly known as the For-
22	eign Trade Zones Act) that is entered for con-
23	sumption in the customs territory of the United
24	States.

1	(B) REGIONAL VALUE-CONTENT REQUIRE-
2	MENT.—For purposes of subparagraph (D) of
3	paragraph (1), a good shall be treated as origi-
4	nating in a NAFTA country if the regional
5	value-content of the good, determined in accord-
6	ance with subsection (b), is not less than 60
7	percent where the transaction value method is
8	used, or not less than 50 percent where the net
9	cost method is used, and the good satisfies all
10	other applicable requirements of this section.
11	(b) Regional Value-Content.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
13	graph (5), the regional value-content of a good shall
14	be calculated, at the choice of the exporter or pro-
15	ducer of the good, on the basis of—
16	(A) the transaction value method described
17	in paragraph (2); or
18	(B) the net cost method described in para-
19	graph (3).
20	(2) Transaction value method.—
21	(A) IN GENERAL.—An exporter or pro-
22	ducer may calculate the regional value-content
23	of a good on the basis of the following trans-
24	action value method:

TV-VNM

TV

1	(B) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of sub-
2	
	paragraph (A):
3	(i) The term "RVC" means the re-
4	gional value-content, expressed as a per-
5	centage.
6	(ii) The term "TV" means the trans-
7	action value of the good adjusted to a
8	F.O.B. basis.
9	(iii) The term "VNM" means the
10	value of nonoriginating materials used by
11	the producer in the production of the good.
12	(3) Net cost method.—
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—An exporter or pro-
14	ducer may calculate the regional value-content
15	of a good on the basis of the following net cost
16	method:
	NC-VNM
	$RVC = \times 100$
	NC
17	(B) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of sub-
18	paragraph (A):
19	(i) The term "RVC" means the re-
20	gional value-content, expressed as a per-
21	centage.

(ii) The term "NC" means the net cost of the good.

(iii) The term "VNM" means the 3 4 value of nonoriginating materials used by 5 the producer in the production of the good. 6 VALUE OF NONORIGINATING MATERIALS (4) 7 USED IN ORIGINATING MATERIALS.—Except as provided in subsection (c)(1), and for a motor vehicle 8 identified in subsection (c)(2) or a component identi-9 fied in Annex 403.2 of the Agreement, the value of 10 11 nonoriginating materials used by the producer in the 12 production of a good shall not, for purposes of calculating the regional value-content of the good under 13 14 (2)(3),include paragraph or the value of nonoriginating materials used to produce originating 15 materials that are subsequently used in the produc-16 17 tion of the good.

(5) NET COST METHOD MUST BE USED IN CERTAIN CASES.—An exporter or producer shall calculate the regional value-content of a good solely on
the basis of the net cost method described in paragraph (3), if—

23 (A) there is no transaction value for the24 good;

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2	unacceptable under Article 1 of the Customs
3	Valuation Code;
4	(C) the good is sold by the producer to a
5	related person and the volume, by units of
6	quantity, of sales of identical or similar goods
7	to related persons during the six-month period
8	immediately preceding the month in which the
9	good is sold exceeds 85 percent of the produc-
10	er's total sales of such goods during that pe-
11	riod;
12	(D) the good is—
13	(i) a motor vehicle provided for in
14	heading 8701 or 8702, subheadings
15	8703.21 through 8703.90, or heading
16	8704, 8705, or 8706;
17	(ii) identified in Annex 403.1 or 403.2
18	of the Agreement and is for use in a motor
19	vehicle provided for in heading 8701 or
20	8702, subheadings 8703.21 through
21	8703.90, or heading 8704, 8705, or 8706;
22	(iii) provided for in subheadings

24 (iv) a word processing machine pro25 vided for in subheading 8469.10.00;

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(B) the transaction value of the good is

1	(E) the exporter or producer chooses to ac-
2	cumulate the regional value-content of the good
3	in accordance with subsection (d); or
4	(F) the good is designated as an intermedi-
5	ate material under paragraph (10) and is sub-
6	ject to a regional value-content requirement.
7	(6) Net cost method allowed for adjust-
8	MENTS.—If an exporter or producer of a good cal-
9	culates the regional value-content of the good on the
10	basis of the transaction value method and a NAFTA
11	country subsequently notifies the exporter or pro-
12	ducer, during the course of a verification conducted
13	in accordance with chapter 5 of the Agreement, that
14	the transaction value of the good or the value of any
15	material used in the production of the good must be
16	adjusted or is unacceptable under Article 1 of the
17	Customs Valuation Code, the exporter or producer
18	may calculate the regional value-content of the good
19	on the basis of the net cost method.

20 (7) REVIEW OF ADJUSTMENT.—Nothing in
21 paragraph (6) shall be construed to prevent any re22 view or appeal available in accordance with article
23 510 of the Agreement with respect to an adjustment
24 to or a rejection of—

25 (A) the transaction value of a good; or

1	(B) the value of any material used in the
2	production of a good.
3	(8) CALCULATING NET COST.—The producer
4	may, consistent with regulations implementing this
5	section, calculate the net cost of a good under para-
6	graph (3), by—
7	(A) calculating the total cost incurred with
8	respect to all goods produced by that producer,
9	subtracting any sales promotion, marketing and
10	after-sales service costs, royalties, shipping and
11	packing costs, and nonallowable interest costs
12	that are included in the total cost of all such
13	goods, and reasonably allocating the resulting
14	net cost of those goods to the good;
15	(B) calculating the total cost incurred with
16	respect to all goods produced by that producer,
17	reasonably allocating the total cost to the good,
18	and subtracting any sales promotion, marketing
19	and after-sales service costs, royalties, shipping
20	and packing costs, and nonallowable interest
21	costs that are included in the portion of the
22	total cost allocated to the good; or
23	(C) reasonably allocating each cost that is

part of the total cost incurred with respect to the good so that the aggregate of these costs

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1	does not include any sales promotion, market-
2	ing and after-sales service costs, royalties, ship-
3	ping and packing costs, or nonallowable interest
4	costs.
5	(9) VALUE OF MATERIAL USED IN PRODUC-
6	TION.—Except as provided in paragraph (11), the
7	value of a material used in the production of a
8	good—
9	(A) shall—
10	(i) be the transaction value of the ma-
11	terial determined in accordance with Arti-
12	cle 1 of the Customs Valuation Code; or
13	(ii) in the event that there is no trans-
14	action value or the transaction value of the
15	material is unacceptable under Article 1 of
16	the Customs Valuation Code, be deter-
17	mined in accordance with Articles 2
18	through 7 of the Customs Valuation Code;
19	and
20	(B) if not included under clause (i) or (ii)
21	of subparagraph (A), shall include—
22	(i) freight, insurance, packing, and all
23	other costs incurred in transporting the
24	material to the location of the producer;

- (ii) duties, taxes, and customs broker age fees paid on the material in the terri tory of one or more of the NAFTA coun tries; and
 (iii) the cost of waste and spoilage re sulting from the use of the material in the
 - sulting from the use of the material in the production of the good, less the value of renewable scrap or by-product.

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9 (10) INTERMEDIATE MATERIAL.—Except for goods described in subsection (c)(1), any self-pro-10 11 duced material, other than a component identified in Annex 403.2 of the Agreement, that is used in the 12 production of a good may be designated by the pro-13 14 ducer of the good as an intermediate material for 15 the purpose of calculating the regional value-content of the good under paragraph (2) or (3); provided 16 17 that if the intermediate material is subject to a re-18 gional value-content requirement, no other self-pro-19 duced material that is subject to a regional value-20 content requirement and is used in the production of the intermediate material may be designated by the 21 22 producer as an intermediate material.

23 (11) VALUE OF INTERMEDIATE MATERIAL.—
24 The value of an intermediate material shall be—

1	(A) the total cost incurred with respect to
2	all goods produced by the producer of the good
3	that can be reasonably allocated to the inter-
4	mediate material; or
5	(B) the aggregate of each cost that is part
6	of the total cost incurred with respect to the in-
7	termediate material that can be reasonably allo-
8	cated to that intermediate material.
9	(12) INDIRECT MATERIAL.—The value of an in-
10	direct material shall be based on the Generally Ac-
11	cepted Accounting Principles applicable in the terri-
12	tory of the NAFTA country in which the good is
13	produced.
14	(c) Automotive Goods.—
15	(1) Passenger vehicles and light trucks,
16	and their automotive parts.—For purposes of
17	calculating the regional value-content under the net
18	cost method for—
19	(A) a good that is a motor vehicle for the
20	transport of 15 or fewer persons provided for in
21	subheading 8702.10.00 or 8702.90.00, or a
22	motor vehicle provided for in subheadings
23	8703.21 through 8703.90, or subheading
24	8704.21 or 8704.31, or

(B) a good provided for in the tariff provi-1 2 sions listed in Annex 403.1 of the Agreement, 3 that is subject to a regional value-content re-4 quirement and is for use as original equipment 5 in the production of a motor vehicle for the transport of 15 or fewer persons provided for in 6 7 subheading 8702.10.00 or 8702.90.00, or a motor vehicle provided for in subheadings 8 through 8703.90, 9 8703.21 or subheading 10 8704.21 or 8704.31,

11 the value of nonoriginating materials used by the 12 producer in the production of the good shall be the sum of the values of all nonoriginating materials, de-13 14 termined in accordance with subsection (b)(9) at the 15 time the nonoriginating materials are received by the 16 first person in the territory of a NAFTA country 17 who takes title to them, that are imported from out-18 side the territories of the NAFTA countries under 19 the tariff provisions listed in Annex 403.1 of the 20 Agreement and are used in the production of the 21 good or that are used in the production of any mate-22 rial used in the production of the good.

(2) OTHER VEHICLES AND THEIR AUTOMOTIVE
PARTS.—For purposes of calculating the regional
value-content under the net cost method for a good

1	that is a motor vehicle provided for in heading 8701,
2	subheading 8704.10, 8704.22, 8704.23, 8704.32, or
3	8704.90, or heading 8705 or 8706, a motor vehicle
4	for the transport of 16 or more persons provided for
5	in subheading 8702.10.00 or 8702.90.00, or a com-
6	ponent identified in Annex 403.2 of the Agreement
7	for use as original equipment in the production of
8	the motor vehicle, the value of nonoriginating mate-
9	rials used by the producer in the production of the
10	good shall be the sum of—
11	(A) for each material used by the producer
12	listed in Annex 403.2 of the Agreement, wheth-
13	er or not produced by the producer, at the
14	choice of the producer and determined in ac-
15	cordance with subsection (b), either—
16	(i) the value of such material that is
17	nonoriginating, or
18	(ii) the value of nonoriginating mate-
19	rials used in the production of such mate-
20	rial; and
21	(B) the value of any other nonoriginating
22	material used by the producer that is not listed
23	in Annex 403.2 of the Agreement determined in
24	accordance with subsection (b).
25	(3) Averaging permitted.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of cal-
2	culating the regional value-content of a motor
3	vehicle described in paragraph (1) or (2), the
4	producer may average its calculation over its
5	fiscal year, using any of the categories de-
6	scribed in subparagraph (B), on the basis of ei-
7	ther all motor vehicles in the category or on the
8	basis of only the motor vehicles in the category
9	that are exported to the territory of one or
10	more of the other NAFTA countries.
11	(B) CATEGORY DESCRIBED.—A category is
12	described in this subparagraph if it is—
13	(i) the same model line of motor vehi-
14	cles in the same class of vehicles produced
15	in the same plant in the territory of a
16	NAFTA country;
17	(ii) the same class of motor vehicles
18	produced in the same plant in the territory
19	of a NAFTA country;
20	(iii) the same model line of motor ve-
21	hicles produced in the territory of a
22	NAFTA country; or
23	(iv) if applicable, the basis set out in
24	Annex 403.3 of the Agreement.

1	(4) ANNEX 403.1 AND ANNEX 403.2.—For pur-
2	poses of calculating the regional value-content for
3	any or all goods provided for in a tariff provision
4	listed in Annex 403.1 of the Agreement, or a compo-
5	nent or material identified in Annex 403.2 of the
6	Agreement, produced in the same plant, the pro-
7	ducer of the good may—
8	(A) average its calculation—
9	(i) over the fiscal year of the motor
10	vehicle producer to whom the good is sold;
11	(ii) over any quarter or month; or
12	(iii) over its fiscal year, if the good is
13	sold as an aftermarket part;
14	(B) calculate the average referred to in
15	subparagraph (A) separately for any or all
16	goods sold to one or more motor vehicle produc-
17	ers; or
18	(C) with respect to any calculation under
19	this paragraph, make a separate calculation for
20	goods that are exported to the territory of one
21	or more NAFTA countries.
22	(5) Phase-in of regional value-content
23	REQUIREMENT.—Notwithstanding Annex 401 of the
24	Agreement, and except as provided in paragraph (6),
25	the regional value-content requirement shall be—

1	(A) for a producer's fiscal year beginning
2	on the day closest to January 1, 1998, and
3	thereafter, 56 percent calculated under the net
4	cost method, and for a producer's fiscal year
5	beginning on the day closest to January 1,
6	2002, and thereafter, 62.5 percent calculated
7	under the net cost method, for—
8	(i) a good that is a motor vehicle for
9	the transport of 15 or fewer persons pro-
10	vided for in subheading 8702.10.00 or
11	8702.90.00, or a motor vehicle provided
12	for in subheadings 8703.21 through
13	8703.90, or subheading 8704.21 or
14	8704.31; and
15	(ii) a good provided for in heading
16	8407 or 8408, or subheading 8708.40,
17	that is for use in a motor vehicle identified
18	in clause (i); and
19	(B) for a producer's fiscal year beginning
20	on the day closest to January 1, 1998, and
21	thereafter, 55 percent calculated under the net
22	cost method, and for a producer's fiscal year
23	beginning on the day closest to January 1,
24	2002, and thereafter, 60 percent calculated
25	under the net cost method, for-

1	(i) a good that is a motor vehicle pro-
2	vided for in heading 8701, subheading
3	8704.10, 8704.22, 8704.23, 8704.32, or
4	8704.90, or heading 8705 or 8706, or a
5	motor vehicle for the transport of 16 or
6	more persons provided for in subheading
7	8702.10.00 or 8702.90.00;
8	(ii) a good provided for in heading
9	8407 or 8408, or subheading 8708.40 that
10	is for use in a motor vehicle identified in
11	clause (i); and
12	(iii) except for a good identified in
13	subparagraph (A)(ii) or a good provided
14	for in subheadings 8482.10 through
15	8482.80, or subheading 8483.20 or
16	8483.30, a good identified in Annex 403.1
17	of the Agreement that is subject to a re-
18	gional value-content requirement and is for
19	use in a motor vehicle identified in sub-
20	paragraph (A)(i) or (B)(i).
21	(6) New and refitted plants.—The re-
22	gional value-content requirement for a motor vehicle
23	identified in paragraph (1) or (2) shall be—
24	(A) 50 percent for 5 years after the date
25	on which the first motor vehicle prototype is

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produced in a plant by a motor vehicle assem-
bler, if—
(i) it is a motor vehicle of a class, or
marque, or, except for a motor vehicle
identified in paragraph (2), size category
and underbody, not previously produced by

the motor vehicle assembler in the territory
of any of the NAFTA countries;
(ii) the plant consists of a new build-

10ing in which the motor vehicle is assem-11bled; and

(iii) the plant contains substantially
all new machinery that is used in the assembly of the motor vehicle; or

15 (B) 50 percent for 2 years after the date on which the first motor vehicle prototype is 16 17 produced at a plant following a refit, if it is a 18 motor vehicle of a class, or marque, or, except 19 for a motor vehicle identified in paragraph (2), 20 size category and underbody, different from that assembled by the motor vehicle assembler 21 22 in the plant before the refit.

23 (7) ELECTION FOR CERTAIN VEHICLES FROM
24 CANADA.—In the case of goods provided for in sub25 headings 8703.21 through 8703.90, or subheading

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8704.21 or 8704.31, exported from Canada directly 1 2 to the United States, and entered on or after January 1, 1989, and before the date of entry into force 3 4 of the Agreement between the United States and 5 Canada, an importer may elect to use the rules of origin set out in this section in lieu of the rules of 6 7 origin contained in section 202 of the United States-Canada Free-Trade Agreement Implementation Act 8 of 1988 (19 U.S.C. 2112 note) and may elect to use 9 calculating 10 method for the value the of 11 nonoriginating materials established in article 403(2) of the Agreement in lieu of the method es-12 tablished in article 403(1) of the Agreement for pur-13 14 poses of determining eligibility for preferential duty treatment under the United States-Canada Free-15 16 Trade Agreement. Any election under this paragraph 17 shall be made in writing to the Customs Service not 18 later than the date that is 180 days after the date 19 of entry into force of the Agreement between the 20 United States and Canada. Any such election may be made only if the liquidation of such entry has not 21 22 become final. For purposes of averaging the calcula-23 tion of regional value-content for the goods covered 24 by such entry, where the producer's 1989–1990 fis-25 cal year began after January 1, 1989, the producer

4 (d) ACCUMULATION.—

5 (1) DETERMINATION OF ORIGINATING GOOD. 6 For purposes of determining whether a good is an originating good, the production of the good in the 7 territory of one or more of the NAFTA countries by 8 9 one or more producers shall, at the choice of the exporter or producer of the good, be considered to 10 11 have been performed in the territory of any of the 12 NAFTA countries by that exporter or producer, if—

(A) all nonoriginating materials used in
the production of the good undergo an applicable tariff classification change set out in Annex
401 of the Agreement;

17 (B) the good satisfies any applicable re-18 gional value-content requirement; and

19 (C) the good satisfies all other applicable20 requirements of this section.

The requirements of subparagraphs (A) and (B)
must be satisfied entirely in the territory of one or
more of the NAFTA countries.

24 (2) TREATMENT AS SINGLE PRODUCER.—For25 purposes of subsection (b)(10), the production of a

producer that chooses to accumulate its production
 with that of other producers under paragraph (1)
 shall be treated as the production of a single pro ducer.

5 (e) DE MINIMIS AMOUNTS OF NONORIGINATING MA-6 TERIALS.—

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para8 graphs (3), (4), (5), and (6), a good shall be consid9 ered to be an originating good if—

10 (A) the value of all nonoriginating mate-11 rials used in the production of the good that do 12 not undergo an applicable change in tariff clas-13 sification (set out in Annex 401 of the Agree-14 ment) is not more than 7 percent of the trans-15 action value of the good, adjusted to a F.O.B. 16 basis, or

(B) where the transaction value of the
good is unacceptable under Article 1 of the
Customs Valuation Code, the value of all such
nonoriginating materials is not more than 7
percent of the total cost of the good,

22 provided that the good satisfies all other applicable 23 requirements of this section and, if the good is sub-24 ject to a regional value-content requirement, the 25 value of such nonoriginating materials is taken into

1	account in calculating the regional value-content of
2	the good.
3	(2) Goods not subject to regional value-
4	CONTENT REQUIREMENT.—A good that is otherwise
5	subject to a regional value-content requirement shall
6	not be required to satisfy such requirement if—
7	(A)(i) the value of all nonoriginating mate-
8	rials used in the production of the good is not
9	more than 7 percent of the transaction value of
10	the good, adjusted to a F.O.B. basis; or
11	(ii) where the transaction value of the good
12	is unacceptable under Article 1 of the Customs
13	Valuation Code, the value of all nonoriginating
14	materials is not more than 7 percent of the
15	total cost of the good; and
16	(B) the good satisfies all other applicable
17	requirements of this section.
18	(3) DAIRY PRODUCTS, ETC.—Paragraph (1)
19	does not apply to—
20	(A) a nonoriginating material provided for
21	in chapter 4 of the HTS or a dairy preparation
22	containing over 10 percent by weight of milk
23	solids provided for in subheading 1901.90.30,
24	1901.90.40, or 1901.90.80 that is used in the

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1	production of a good provided for in chapter 4
2	of the HTS;
3	(B) a nonoriginating material provided for
4	in chapter 4 of the HTS or a dairy preparation
5	containing over 10 percent by weight of milk
6	solids provided for in subheading 1901.90.30,
7	1901.90.40, or 1901.90.80 that is used in the
8	production of—
9	(i) preparations for infants containing
10	over 10 percent by weight of milk solids
11	provided for in subheading 1901.10.00;
12	(ii) mixes and doughs, containing over
13	25 percent by weight of butterfat, not put
14	up for retail sale, provided for in sub-
15	heading 1901.20.00;
16	(iii) a dairy preparation containing
17	over 10 percent by weight of milk solids
18	provided for in subheading 1901.90.30,
19	1901.90.40, or 1901.90.80;
20	(iv) a good provided for in heading
21	2105 or subheading 2106.90.05, or prep-
22	arations containing over 10 percent by
23	weight of milk solids provided for in sub-
24	heading 2106.90.15, 2106.90.40,
25	2106.90.50, or 2106.90.65;

1	(v) a good provided for in subheading
2	2202.90.10 or 2202.90.20; or
3	(vi) animal feeds containing over 10
4	percent by weight of milk solids provided
5	for in subheading 2309.90.30;
б	(C) a nonoriginating material provided for
7	in heading 0805 or subheadings 2009.11
8	through 2009.30 that is used in the production
9	of—
10	(i) a good provided for in subheadings
11	2009.11 through 2009.30, or subheading
12	2106.90.16, or concentrated fruit or vege-
13	table juice of any single fruit or vegetable,
14	fortified with minerals or vitamins, pro-
15	vided for in subheading 2106.90.19; or
16	(ii) a good provided for in subheading
17	2202.90.30 or 2202.90.35, or fruit or veg-
18	etable juice of any single fruit or vegetable,
19	fortified with minerals or vitamins, pro-
20	vided for in subheading 2202.90.36;
21	(D) a nonoriginating material provided for
22	in chapter 9 of the HTS that is used in the
23	production of instant coffee, not flavored, pro-
24	vided for in subheading 2101.10.20;

1	(E) a nonoriginating material provided for
2	in chapter 15 of the HTS that is used in the
3	production of a good provided for in headings
4	1501 through 1508, or heading 1512, 1514, or
5	1515;
6	(F) a nonoriginating material provided for
7	in heading 1701 that is used in the production
8	of a good provided for in headings 1701
9	through 1703;
10	(G) a nonoriginating material provided for
11	in chapter 17 of the HTS or heading 1805 that
12	is used in the production of a good provided for
13	in subheading 1806.10;
14	(H) a nonoriginating material provided for
15	in headings 2203 through 2208 that is used in
16	the production of a good provided for in head-
17	ings 2207 through 2208;
18	(I) a nonoriginating material used in the
19	production of—
20	(i) a good provided for in subheading
21	7321.11.30;
22	(ii) a good provided for in subheading
23	8415.10, subheadings 8415.81 through
24	8415.83, subheadings 8418.10 through
25	8418.21, subheadings 8418.29 through

1	8418.40, subheading 8421.12 or 8422.11,
2	subheadings 8450.11 through 8450.20, or
3	subheadings 8451.21 through 8451.29;
4	(iii) trash compactors provided for in
5	subheading 8479.89.60; or
6	(iv) a good provided for in subheading
7	8516.60.40; and
8	(J) a printed circuit assembly that is a
9	nonoriginating material used in the production
10	of a good where the applicable change in tariff
11	classification for the good, as set out in Annex
12	401 of the Agreement, places restrictions on the
13	use of such nonoriginating material.
14	(4) CERTAIN FRUIT JUICES.—Paragraph (1)
15	does not apply to a nonoriginating single juice ingre-
16	dient provided for in heading 2009 that is used in
17	the production of—
18	(A) a good provided for in subheading
19	2009.90, or concentrated mixtures of fruit or
20	vegetable juice, fortified with minerals or vita-
21	mins, provided for in subheading 2106.90.19;
22	or
23	(B) mixtures of fruit or vegetable juices,
24	fortified with minerals or vitamins, provided for
25	in subheading 2202.90.39.

1 (5) Goods provided for in chapters 1 2 THROUGH 27 OF THE HTS.—Paragraph (1) does not 3 apply to a nonoriginating material used in the pro-4 duction of a good provided for in chapters 1 through 27 of the HTS unless the nonoriginating material is 5 6 provided for in a different subheading than the good 7 for which origin is being determined under this sec-8 tion.

9 (6) GOODS PROVIDED FOR IN CHAPTERS 50 10 THROUGH 63 OF THE HTS.—A good provided for in 11 chapters 50 through 63 of the HTS, that does not 12 originate because certain fibers or yarns used in the 13 production of the component of the good that deter-14 mines the tariff classification of the good do not un-15 dergo an applicable change in tariff classification set 16 out in Annex 401 of the Agreement, shall be consid-17 ered to be a good that originates if the total weight 18 of all such fibers or yarns in that component is not 19 more than 7 percent of the total weight of that com-20 ponent.

(f) FUNGIBLE GOODS AND MATERIALS.—For purposes of determining whether a good is an originating
good—

(1) if originating and nonoriginating fungiblematerials are used in the production of the good, the

1	determination of whether the materials are originat-
2	ing need not be made through the identification of
3	any specific fungible material, but may be deter-
4	mined on the basis of any of the inventory manage-
5	ment methods set out in regulations implementing
6	this section; and
7	(2) if originating and nonoriginating fungible
8	goods are commingled and exported in the same
9	form, the determination may be made on the basis
10	of any of the inventory management methods set out
11	in regulations implementing this section.
12	(g) Accessories, Spare Parts, or Tools.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
14	graph (2), accessories, spare parts, or tools delivered
15	with the good that form part of the good's standard
16	accessories, spare parts, or tools shall—
17	(A) be considered as originating goods if
18	the good is an originating good, and
19	(B) be disregarded in determining whether
20	all the nonoriginating materials used in the pro-
21	duction of the good undergo an applicable
22	change in tariff classification set out in Annex
23	401 of the Agreement.
24	(2) CONDITIONS.—Paragraph (1) shall apply
25	only if—

1	(A) the accessories, spare parts, or tools
2	are not invoiced separately from the good;
3	(B) the quantities and value of the acces-
4	sories, spare parts, or tools are customary for
5	the good; and
6	(C) in any case in which the good is sub-
7	ject to a regional value-content requirement, the
8	value of the accessories, spare parts, or tools
9	are taken into account as originating or
10	nonoriginating materials, as the case may be, in
11	calculating the regional value-content of the
12	good.
13	(h) INDIRECT MATERIALS.—An indirect material
14	shall be considered to be an originating material without
15	regard to where it is produced.

(i) PACKAGING MATERIALS AND CONTAINERS FOR 16 RETAIL SALE.—Packaging materials and containers in 17 which a good is packaged for retail sale, if classified with 18 the good, shall be disregarded in determining whether all 19 the nonoriginating materials used in the production of the 20 good undergo an applicable change in tariff classification 21 set out in Annex 401 of the Agreement. If the good is 22 subject to a regional value-content requirement, the value 23 of such packaging materials and containers shall be taken 24 25 into account as originating or nonoriginating materials, as the case may be, in calculating the regional value-content
 of the good.

3 (j) PACKING MATERIALS AND CONTAINERS FOR
4 SHIPMENT.—Packing materials and containers in which
5 a good is packed for shipment shall be disregarded—

6 (1) in determining whether the nonoriginating 7 materials used in the production of the good under-8 go an applicable change in tariff classification set 9 out in Annex 401 of the Agreement; and

10 (2) in determining whether the good satisfies a11 regional value-content requirement.

12 (k) TRANSSHIPMENT.—A good shall not be considered to be an originating good by reason of having under-13 gone production that satisfies the requirements of sub-14 section (a) if, subsequent to that production, the good un-15 dergoes further production or any other operation outside 16 the territories of the NAFTA countries, other than un-17 loading, reloading, or any other operation necessary to 18 preserve it in good condition or to transport the good to 19 the territory of a NAFTA country. 20

(l) NONQUALIFYING OPERATIONS.—A good shall not
be considered to be an originating good merely by reason
of—

(1) mere dilution with water or another sub stance that does not materially alter the characteris tics of the good; or

4 (2) any production or pricing practice with re5 spect to which it may be demonstrated, by a prepon6 derance of evidence, that the object was to cir7 cumvent this section.

8 (m) INTERPRETATION AND APPLICATION.—For pur-9 poses of this section:

10 (1) The basis for any tariff classification is the11 HTS.

(2) Except as otherwise expressly provided,
whenever in this section there is a reference to a
heading or subheading such reference shall be a reference to a heading or subheading of the HTS.

16 (3) In applying subsection (a)(4), the deter-17 mination of whether a heading or subheading under 18 the HTS provides for and specifically describes both 19 a good and its parts shall be made on the basis of 20 the nomenclature of the heading or subheading, the 21 rules of interpretation, or notes of the HTS.

(4) In applying the Customs Valuation Code—
(A) the principles of the Customs Valuation Code shall apply to domestic transactions,
with such modifications as may be required by

1	the circumstances, as would apply to inter-
2	national transactions;
3	(B) the provisions of this section shall take
4	precedence over the Customs Valuation Code to
5	the extent of any difference; and
6	(C) the definitions in subsection (o) shall
7	take precedence over the definitions in the Cus-
8	toms Valuation Code to the extent of any dif-
9	ference.
10	(5) All costs referred to in this section shall be
11	recorded and maintained in accordance with the
12	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles applicable
13	in the territory of the NAFTA country in which the
14	good is produced.
15	(n) Origin of Automatic Data Processing
16	GOODS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this sec-
17	tion, when the NAFTA countries apply the most-favored-
18	nation rate of duty described in paragraph 1 of section
19	A of Annex 308.1 of the Agreement to a good provided
20	for under the tariff provisions set out in Table 308.1.1
21	of such Annex, the good shall, upon importation from a
22	NAFTA country, be deemed to originate in the territory
23	of a NAFTA country for purposes of this section.
24	(0) Special Rule for Certain Agricultural

25 PRODUCTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this

section, for purposes of applying a rate of duty to a good
 provided for in—

3 (1) heading 1202 that is exported from the ter4 ritory of Mexico, if the good is not wholly obtained
5 in the territory of Mexico,

(2) subheading 2008.11 that is exported from 6 7 the territory of Mexico, if any material provided for in heading 1202 used in the production of that good 8 is not wholly obtained in the territory of Mexico, or 9 (3) subheading 1806.10.42 or 2106.90.12 that 10 11 is exported from the territory of Mexico, if any material provided for in subheading 1701.99 used in 12 the production of that good is not a qualifying good, 13 such good shall be treated as a nonoriginating good and, 14 15 for purposes of this subsection, the terms "qualifying good" and "wholly obtained in the territory of" have the 16 meaning given such terms in paragraph 26 of section A 17 of Annex 703.2 of the Agreement. 18

19 (p) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—

20 (1) CLASS OF MOTOR VEHICLES.—The term
21 "class of motor vehicles" means any one of the fol22 lowing categories of motor vehicles:

23 (A) Motor vehicles provided for in sub24 heading 8701.20, subheading 8704.10,
25 8704.22, 8704.23, 8704.32, or 8704.90, or

1	heading 8705 or 8706, or motor vehicles de-
2	signed for the transport of 16 or more persons
3	provided for in subheading 8702.10.00 or
4	8702.90.00.
5	(B) Motor vehicles provided for in sub-
6	heading 8701.10, or subheadings 8701.30
7	through 8701.90.
8	(C) Motor vehicles for the transport of 15
9	or fewer persons provided for in subheading
10	8702.10.00 or 8702.90.00, or motor vehicles
11	provided for in subheading 8704.21 or 8704.31.
12	(D) Motor vehicles provided for in sub-
13	headings 8703.21 through 8703.90.
14	(2) CUSTOMS VALUATION CODE.—The term
15	"Customs Valuation Code" means the Agreement on
16	Implementation of Article VII of the General Agree-
17	ment on Tariffs and Trade, including its interpreta-
18	tive notes.
19	(3) F.O.B.—The term "F.O.B." means free on
20	board, regardless of the mode of transportation, at
21	the point of direct shipment by the seller to the
22	buyer.
23	(4) Fungible goods and fungible mate-
24	RIALS.—The terms ''fungible goods'' and ''fungible
25	materials" mean goods or materials that are inter-

changeable for commercial purposes and whose prop erties are essentially identical.

3 (5) GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRIN-4 CIPLES.—The term "Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" means the recognized consensus or sub-5 6 stantial authoritative support in the territory of a 7 NAFTA country with respect to the recording of 8 revenues, expenses, costs, assets and liabilities, dis-9 closure of information, and preparation of financial statements. These standards may be broad guide-10 11 lines of general application as well as detailed stand-12 ards, practices, or procedures.

(6) GOODS WHOLLY OBTAINED OR PRODUCED
ENTIRELY IN THE TERRITORY OF ONE OR MORE OF
THE NAFTA COUNTRIES.—The term "goods wholly
obtained or produced entirely in the territory of one
or more of the NAFTA countries" means—

(A) mineral goods extracted in the territory of one or more of the NAFTA countries;
(B) vegetable goods harvested in the territory of one or more of the NAFTA countries;
(C) live animals born and raised in the territory of one or more of the NAFTA countries;

1	(D) goods obtained from hunting, trap-
2	ping, or fishing in the territory of one or more
3	of the NAFTA countries;
4	(E) goods (such as fish, shellfish, and
5	other marine life) taken from the sea by vessels
6	registered or recorded with a NAFTA country
7	and flying its flag;
8	(F) goods produced on board factory ships
9	from the goods referred to in subparagraph
10	(E), if such factory ships are registered or re-
11	corded with that NAFTA country and fly its
12	flag;
13	(G) goods taken by a NAFTA country or
14	a person of a NAFTA country from the seabed
15	or beneath the seabed outside territorial waters,
16	provided that a NAFTA country has rights to
17	exploit such seabed;
18	(H) goods taken from outer space, if the
19	goods are obtained by a NAFTA country or a
20	person of a NAFTA country and not processed
21	in a country other than a NAFTA country;
22	(I) waste and scrap derived from—
23	(i) production in the territory of one
24	or more of the NAFTA countries; or

1	(ii) used goods collected in the terri-
2	tory of one or more of the NAFTA coun-
3	tries, if such goods are fit only for the re-
4	covery of raw materials; and
5	(J) goods produced in the territory of one
6	or more of the NAFTA countries exclusively
7	from goods referred to in subparagraphs (A)
8	through (I), or from their derivatives, at any
9	stage of production.
10	(7) Identical or similar goods.—The term
11	"identical or similar goods" means "identical goods"
12	and "similar goods", respectively, as defined in the
13	Customs Valuation Code.
14	(8) INDIRECT MATERIAL.—
15	(A) The term "indirect material" means a
16	good—
17	(i) used in the production, testing, or
18	inspection of a good but not physically in-
19	corporated into the good, or
20	(ii) used in the maintenance of build-
21	ings or the operation of equipment associ-
22	ated with the production of a good,
23	in the territory of one or more of the NAFTA
24	countries.

1	(B) When used for a purpose described in
2	subparagraph (A), the following materials are
3	among those considered to be indirect mate-
4	rials:
5	(i) Fuel and energy.
6	(ii) Tools, dies, and molds.
7	(iii) Spare parts and materials used in
8	the maintenance of equipment and build-
9	ings.
10	(iv) Lubricants, greases, compounding
11	materials, and other materials used in pro-
12	duction or used to operate equipment and
13	buildings.
14	(v) Gloves, glasses, footwear, clothing,
15	safety equipment, and supplies.
16	(vi) Equipment, devices, and supplies
17	used for testing or inspecting the goods.
18	(vii) Catalysts and solvents.
19	(viii) Any other goods that are not in-
20	corporated into the good, if the use of such
21	goods in the production of the good can
22	reasonably be demonstrated to be a part of
23	that production.
24	(9) INTERMEDIATE MATERIAL.—The term "in-
25	termediate material" means a material that is self-

1	produced, used in the production of a good, and des-
2	ignated pursuant to subsection $(b)(10)$.
3	(10) MARQUE.—The term "marque" means the
4	trade name used by a separate marketing division of
5	a motor vehicle assembler.
6	(11) MATERIAL.—The term "material" means
7	a good that is used in the production of another
8	good and includes a part or an ingredient.
9	(12) MODEL LINE.—The term "model line"
10	means a group of motor vehicles having the same
11	platform or model name.
12	(13) Motor vehicle assembler.—The term
13	"motor vehicle assembler" means a producer of
14	motor vehicles and any related persons or joint ven-
15	tures in which the producer participates.
16	(14) NAFTA COUNTRY.—The term "NAFTA
17	country" means the United States, Canada or Mex-
18	ico for such time as the Agreement is in force with
19	respect to Canada or Mexico, and the United States
20	applies the Agreement to Canada or Mexico.
21	(15) NEW BUILDING.—The term "new build-
22	ing" means a new construction, including at least
23	the pouring or construction of new foundation and
24	floor, the erection of a new structure and roof, and
25	installation of new plumbing, electrical, and other

utilities to house a complete vehicle assembly proc ess.

3 (16) NET COST.—The term "net cost" means 4 total cost less sales promotion, marketing and after-5 sales service costs, royalties, shipping and packing 6 costs, and nonallowable interest costs that are in-7 cluded in the total cost.

8 (17) NET COST OF A GOOD.—The term "net 9 cost of a good" means the net cost that can be rea-10 sonably allocated to a good using one of the methods 11 set out in subsection (b)(8).

12 (18) NONALLOWABLE INTEREST COSTS.—The 13 term "nonallowable interest costs" means interest 14 costs incurred by a producer as a result of an inter-15 est rate that exceeds the applicable federal govern-16 ment interest rate for comparable maturities by 17 more than 700 basis points, determined pursuant to 18 regulations implementing this section.

(19) NONORIGINATING GOOD; NONORIGINATING
MATERIAL.—The term "nonoriginating good" or
"nonoriginating material" means a good or material
that does not qualify as an originating good or material under the rules of origin set out in this section.

(20) ORIGINATING.—The term "originating"
 means qualifying under the rules of origin set out in
 this section.

4 (21) PRODUCER.—The term "producer" means
5 a person who grows, mines, harvests, fishes, traps,
6 hunts, manufactures, processes, or assembles a good.

7 (22) PRODUCTION.—The term "production"
8 means growing, mining, harvesting, fishing, trap9 ping, hunting, manufacturing, processing, or assem10 bling a good.

(23) REASONABLY ALLOCATE.—The term "reasonably allocate" means to apportion in a manner
appropriate to the circumstances.

14 (24) REFIT.—The term "refit" means a plant
15 closure, for purposes of plant conversion or retool16 ing, that lasts at least 3 months.

17 (25) RELATED PERSONS.—The term "related
18 persons" means persons specified in any of the fol19 lowing subparagraphs:

20 (A) Persons who are officers or directors21 of one another's businesses.

(B) Persons who are legally recognizedpartners in business.

24 (C) Persons who are employer and em-25 ployee.

1	(D) Persons one of whom owns, controls,
2	or holds 25 percent or more of the outstanding
3	voting stock or shares of the other.
4	(E) Persons if 25 percent or more of the
5	outstanding voting stock or shares of each of
6	them is directly or indirectly owned, controlled,
7	or held by a third person.
8	(F) Persons one of whom is directly or in-
9	directly controlled by the other.
10	(G) Persons who are directly or indirectly
11	controlled by a third person.
12	(H) Persons who are members of the same
13	family.
14	For purposes of this paragraph, the term "members
15	of the same family" means natural or adoptive chil-
16	dren, brothers, sisters, parents, grandparents, or
17	spouses.
18	(26) ROYALTIES.—The term "royalties" means
19	payments of any kind, including payments under
20	technical assistance or similar agreements, made as
21	consideration for the use or right to use any copy-
22	right, literary, artistic, or scientific work, patent,
23	trademark, design, model, plan, secret formula, or
24	process. It does not include payments under tech-

1	nical assistance or similar agreements that can be
2	related to specific services such as—
3	(A) personnel training, without regard to
4	where performed; and
5	(B) if performed in the territory of one or
6	more of the NAFTA countries, engineering,
7	tooling, die-setting, software design and similar
8	computer services, or other services.
9	(27) Sales promotion, marketing, and
10	AFTER-SALES SERVICE COSTS.—The term ''sales
11	promotion, marketing, and after-sales service costs"
12	means the costs related to sales promotion, market-
13	ing, and after-sales service for the following:
14	(A) Sales and marketing promotion, media
15	advertising, advertising and market research,
16	promotional and demonstration materials, ex-
17	hibits, sales conferences, trade shows, conven-
18	tions, banners, marketing displays, free sam-
19	ples, sales, marketing and after-sales service lit-
20	erature (product brochures, catalogs, technical
21	literature, price lists, service manuals, sales aid
22	information), establishment and protection of
23	logos and trademarks, sponsorships, wholesale
24	and retail restocking charges, and entertain-
25	ment.

marketing (B) Sales and incentives, consumer, retailer, or wholesaler rebates, and 2 merchandise incentives. 3

(C) Salaries and wages, sales commissions, bonuses, benefits (such as medical, insurance, and pension), traveling and living expenses, and membership and professional fees for sales promotion, marketing, and after-sales service personnel.

(D) Recruiting and training of sales pro-10 motion, marketing, and after-sales service per-11 sonnel, and after-sales training of customers' 12 employees, where such costs are identified sepa-13 14 rately for sales promotion, marketing, and after-sales service of goods on the financial 15 statements or cost accounts of the producer. 16

(E) Product liability insurance.

18 (F) Office supplies for sales promotion, 19 marketing, and after-sales service of goods, where such costs are identified separately for 20 sales promotion, marketing, and after-sales 21 service of goods on the financial statements or 22 23 cost accounts of the producer.

(G) Telephone, mail, and other commu-24 nications, where such costs are identified sepa-25

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1	rately for sales promotion, marketing, and
2	after-sales service of goods on the financial
3	statements or cost accounts of the producer.
4	(H) Rent and depreciation of sales pro-
5	motion, marketing, and after-sales service of-
6	fices and distribution centers.
7	(I) Property insurance, taxes, utilities, and
8	repair and maintenance of sales promotion,
9	marketing, and after-sales service offices and
10	distribution centers, where such costs are iden-
11	tified separately for sales promotion, marketing,
12	and after-sales service of goods on the financial
13	statements or cost accounts of the producer.
14	(J) Payments by the producer to other
15	persons for warranty repairs.
16	(28) Self-produced material.—The term
17	''self-produced material'' means a material that is
18	produced by the producer of a good and used in the
19	production of that good.
20	(29) Shipping and packing costs.—The
21	term ''shipping and packing costs'' means the costs
22	incurred in packing a good for shipment and ship-
23	ping the good from the point of direct shipment to
24	the buyer, but does not include the costs of prepar-
25	ing and packaging the good for retail sale.

1	(30) SIZE CATEGORY.—The term "size cat-
2	egory" means with respect to a motor vehicle identi-
3	fied in subsection $(c)(1)(A)$ —
4	(A) 85 cubic feet or less of passenger and
5	luggage interior volume;
6	(B) more than 85 cubic feet, but less than
7	100 cubic feet, of passenger and luggage inte-
8	rior volume;
9	(C) at least 100 cubic feet, but not more
10	than 110 cubic feet, of passenger and luggage
11	interior volume;
12	(D) more than 110 cubic feet, but less
13	than 120 cubic feet, of passenger and luggage
14	interior volume; and
15	(E) 120 cubic feet or more of passenger
16	and luggage interior volume.
17	(31) TERRITORY.—The term "territory" means
18	a territory described in Annex 201.1 of the Agree-
19	ment.
20	(32) TOTAL COST.—The term "total cost"
21	means all product costs, period costs, and other
22	costs incurred in the territory of one or more of the
23	NAFTA countries.
24	(33) TRANSACTION VALUE.—Except as pro-
25	vided in subsection $(c)(1)$ or $(c)(2)(A)$, the term

1	"transaction value" means the price actually paid or
2	payable for a good or material with respect to a
3	transaction of the producer of the good, adjusted in
4	accordance with the principles of paragraphs 1, 3,
5	and 4 of Article 8 of the Customs Valuation Code
6	and determined without regard to whether the good
7	or material is sold for export.
8	(34) UNDERBODY.—The term "underbody"
9	means the floor pan of a motor vehicle.
10	(35) USED.—The term "used" means used or
11	consumed in the production of goods.
12	(q) Presidential Proclamation Authority.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—The President is authorized
14	to proclaim, as a part of the HTS—
15	(A) the provisions set out in Appendix 6.A
16	of Annex 300-B, Annex 401, Annex 403.1,
17	Annex 403.2, and Annex 403.3, of the Agree-
18	ment, and
19	(B) any additional subordinate category
20	necessary to carry out this title consistent with
21	the Agreement.
22	(2) MODIFICATIONS.—Subject to the consulta-
23	tion and layover requirements of section 103, the
24	President may proclaim—

1(A) modifications to the provisions pro-2claimed under the authority of paragraph3(1)(A), other than the provisions of paragraph4A of Appendix 6 of Annex 300–B and section5XI of part B of Annex 401 of the Agreement;6and

(B) a modified version of the definition of 7 any term set out in subsection (p) (and such 8 modified version of the definition shall super-9 10 sede the version in subsection (p)), but only if the modified version reflects solely those modi-11 12 fications to the same term in article 415 of the Agreement that are agreed to by the NAFTA 13 14 countries before the 1st anniversary of the date of the enactment of this Act. 15

(3) SPECIAL RULES FOR TEXTILES.—Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (2)(A), and
subject to the consultation and layover requirements
of section 103, the President may proclaim—

20 (A) modifications to the provisions pro21 claimed under the authority of paragraph
22 (1)(A) as are necessary to implement an agree23 ment with one or more of the NAFTA countries
24 pursuant to paragraph 2 of section 7 of Annex
25 300–B of the Agreement, and

1 (B) before the 1st anniversary of the date 2 of the enactment of this Act, modifications to 3 correct any typographical, clerical, or other 4 nonsubstantive technical error regarding the 5 provisions of Appendix 6.A of Annex 300–B 6 and section XI of part B of Annex 401 of the 7 Agreement.

8 SEC. 203. DRAWBACK.

9 (a) DEFINITION OF A GOOD SUBJECT TO NAFTA 10 DRAWBACK.—For purposes of this Act and the amend-11 ments made by subsection (b), the term "good subject to 12 NAFTA drawback" means any imported good other than 13 the following:

14 (1) A good entered under bond for transpor-15 tation and exportation to a NAFTA country.

16 (2) A good exported to a NAFTA country in
17 the same condition as when imported into the Unit18 ed States. For purposes of this paragraph—

(A) processes such as testing, cleaning, repacking, or inspecting a good, or preserving it
in its same condition, shall not be considered to
change the condition of the good, and

(B) except for a good referred to in paragraph 12 of section A of Annex 703.2 of the
Agreement that is exported to Mexico, if a good

1	described in the first sentence of this paragraph
2	is commingled with fungible goods and exported
3	in the same condition, the origin of the good
4	may be determined on the basis of the inventory
5	methods provided for in the regulations imple-
6	menting this title.
7	(3) A good—
8	(A) that is—
9	(i) deemed to be exported from the
10	United States,
11	(ii) used as a material in the produc-
12	tion of another good that is deemed to be
13	exported to a NAFTA country, or
14	(iii) substituted for by a good of the
15	same kind and quality that is used as a
16	material in the production of another good
17	that is deemed to be exported to a NAFTA
18	country, and
19	(B) that is delivered—
20	(i) to a duty-free shop,
21	(ii) for ship's stores or supplies for
22	ships or aircraft, or
23	(iii) for use in a project undertaken
24	jointly by the United States and a NAFTA

1	country and destined to become the prop-
2	erty of the United States.
3	(4) A good exported to a NAFTA country for
4	which a refund of customs duties is granted by rea-
5	son of—
6	(A) the failure of the good to conform to
7	sample or specification, or
8	(B) the shipment of the good without the
9	consent of the consignee.
10	(5) A good that qualifies under the rules of ori-
11	gin set out in section 202 that is—
12	(A) exported to a NAFTA country,
13	(B) used as a material in the production of
14	another good that is exported to a NAFTA
15	country, or
16	(C) substituted for by a good of the same
17	kind and quality that is used as a material in
18	the production of another good that is exported
19	to a NAFTA country.
20	(6) A good provided for in subheading
21	1701.11.02 of the HTS that is—
22	(A) used as a material, or
23	(B) substituted for by a good of the same
24	kind and quality that is used as a material,

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1	in the production of a good provided for in existing
2	Canadian tariff item 1701.99.00 or existing Mexican
3	tariff item 1701.99.01 or 1701.99.99 (relating to re-
4	fined sugar).
5	(7) A citrus product that is exported to Can-
6	ada.
7	(8) A good used as a material, or substituted
8	for by a good of the same kind and quality that is
9	used as a material, in the production of—
10	(A) apparel, or
11	(B) a good provided for in subheading
12	6307.90.99 (insofar as it relates to furniture
13	moving pads), 5811.00.20, or 5811.00.30 of the
14	HTS,
15	that is exported to Canada and that is subject to
16	Canada's most-favored-nation rate of duty upon im-
17	portation into Canada.
18	Where in paragraph (6) a good referred to by an item
19	is described in parentheses following the item, the descrip-
20	tion is provided for purposes of reference only.
21	(b) Consequential Amendments With Delayed
22	Effect.—
23	(1) Bonded manufacturing warehouses.—
24	The last paragraph of section 311 of the Tariff Act

of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1311) is amended to read as fol lows:

"No article manufactured in a bonded warehouse 3 from materials that are goods subject to NAFTA draw-4 back, as defined in section 203(a) of the North American 5 Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act, may be with-6 7 drawn from warehouse for exportation to a NAFTA country, as defined in section 2(4) of that Act, without assess-8 9 ment of a duty on the materials in their condition and quantity, and at their weight, at the time of importation 10 into the United States. The duty shall be paid before the 11 61st day after the date of exportation, except that upon 12 the presentation, before such 61st day, of satisfactory evi-13 dence of the amount of any customs duties paid to the 14 NAFTA country on the article, the customs duty may be 15 waived or reduced (subject to section 508(b)(2)(B)) in an 16 amount that does not exceed the lesser of-17

18 ''(1) the total amount of customs duties paid or
19 owed on the materials on importation into the Unit20 ed States, or

21 "(2) the total amount of customs duties paid on22 the article to the NAFTA country.

23 If Canada ceases to be a NAFTA country and the suspen24 sion of the operation of the United States-Canada Free25 Trade Agreement thereafter terminates, no article manu-

factured in a bonded warehouse, except to the extent that 1 2 such article is made from an article that is a drawback eligible good under section 204(a) of the United States-3 4 Canada Free-Trade Agreement Implementation Act of 1988, may be withdrawn from such warehouse for expor-5 tation to Canada during the period such Agreement is in 6 7 operation without payment of a duty on such imported merchandise in its condition, and at the rate of duty in 8 effect, at the time of importation.". 9

10 (2) BONDED SMELTING AND REFINING WARE11 HOUSES.—Section 312 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19
12 U.S.C. 1312) is amended—

(A) in paragraphs (1) and (4) of subsection (b), by striking out the parenthetical
matter and the final ", or" and by adding at
the end the following:

17 "; except that in the case of a withdrawal for expor-18 tation of such a product to a NAFTA country, as 19 defined in section 2(4) of the North American Free 20 Trade Agreement Implementation Act, if any of the imported metal-bearing materials are goods subject 21 22 to NAFTA drawback, as defined in section 203(a) of that Act, the duties on the materials shall be 23 24 paid, and the charges against the bond canceled, before the 61st day after the date of exportation; but 25

1	upon the presentation, before such 61st day, of sat-
2	isfactory evidence of the amount of any customs du-
3	ties paid to the NAFTA country on the product, the
4	duties on the materials may be waived or reduced
5	(subject to section $508(b)(2)(B)$) in an amount that
6	does not exceed the lesser of-
7	"(A) the total amount of customs duties
8	owed on the materials on importation into the
9	United States, or
10	"(B) the total amount of customs duties
11	paid to the NAFTA country on the product,
12	or";
13	(B) by adding at the end of subsection (b)
14	the following new flush sentence.
15	"If Canada ceases to be a NAFTA country and the sus-
16	pension of the operation of the United States-Canada
17	Free-Trade Agreement thereafter terminates, no charges
18	against such bond may be canceled in whole or part upon
19	an exportation to Canada under paragraph (1) or (4) dur-
20	ing the period such Agreement is in operation except to
21	the extent that the metal-bearing materials were of Cana-
22	dian origin as determined in accordance with section 202
23	of the United States-Canada Free-Trade Agreement Im-
24	plementation Act of 1988."; and

(C) in subsection (d) by striking out the parenthetical matter and by inserting before the period the following:

"; except that in the case of a withdrawal for exportation 4 to a NAFTA country, as defined in section 2(4) of the 5 North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation 6 7 Act, if any of the imported metal-bearing materials are goods subject to NAFTA drawback, as defined in section 8 9 203(a) of that Act, charges against the bond shall be paid before the 61st day after the date of exportation; but upon 10 the presentation, before such 61st day, of satisfactory evi-11 dence of the amount of any customs duties paid to the 12 NAFTA country on the product, the bond shall be credited 13 (subject to section 508(b)(2)(B)) in an amount not to ex-14 ceed the lesser of— 15

16 "(1) the total amount of customs duties paid or
17 owed on the materials on importation into the Unit18 ed States, or

19 "(2) the total amount of customs duties paid to20 the NAFTA country on the product.

21 If Canada ceases to be a NAFTA country and the suspen-22 sion of the operation of the United States-Canada Free-23 Trade Agreement thereafter terminates, no bond shall be 24 credited under this subsection with respect to an expor-25 tation of a product to Canada during the period such

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Agreement is in operation except to the extent that the
 product is a drawback eligible good under section 204(a)
 of the United States-Canada Free Trade Agreement Im plementation Act of 1988''.

5 (3) DRAWBACK.—Subsections (n) and (o) of
6 section 313 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
7 1313(n) and (o)) are amended to read as follows:

8 ''(n)(1) For purposes of this subsection and sub-9 section (o)—

10 "(A) the term 'NAFTA Act' means the North
11 American Free Trade Agreement Implementation
12 Act;

''(B) the terms 'NAFTA country' and 'good
subject to NAFTA drawback' have the same respective meanings that are given such terms in sections
2(4) and 203(a) of the NAFTA Act; and

"(C) a refund, waiver, or reduction of duty
under paragraph (2) of this subsection or paragraph
(1) of subsection (o) is subject to section
508(b)(2)(B).

"(2) For purposes of subsections (a), (b), (f), (h), (p),
and (q), if an article that is exported to a NAFTA country
is a good subject to NAFTA drawback, no customs duties
on the good may be refunded, waived, or reduced in an
amount that exceeds the lesser of—

"(A) the total amount of customs duties paid or
 owed on the good on importation into the United
 States, or

4 "(B) the total amount of customs duties paid5 on the good to the NAFTA country.

"(3) If Canada ceases to be a NAFTA country and 6 7 the suspension of the operation of the United States-Canada Free-Trade Agreement thereafter terminates, then for 8 purposes of subsections (a), (b), (f), (h), (j)(2), and (q), 9 the shipment to Canada during the period such Agreement 10 is in operation of an article made from or substituted for, 11 as appropriate, a drawback eligible good under section 12 204(a) of the United States-Canada Free-Trade Imple-13 mentation Act of 1988 does not constitute an exportation. 14

15 "(o)(1) For purposes of subsection (g), if—

"(A) a vessel is built for the account and ownership of a resident of a NAFTA country or the government of a NAFTA country, and

"(B) imported materials that are used in the
construction and equipment of the vessel are goods
subject to NAFTA drawback,

the amount of customs duties refunded, waived, or reduced on such materials may not exceed the lesser of the total amount of customs duties paid or owed on the materials on importation into the United States or the total amount of customs duties paid on the vessel to the
 NAFTA country.

3 "(2) If Canada ceases to be a NAFTA country and the suspension of the operation of the United States-Can-4 ada Free-Trade Agreement thereafter terminates, then for 5 purposes of subsection (g), vessels built for Canadian ac-6 count and ownership, or for the Government of Canada, 7 may not be considered to be built for any foreign account 8 9 and ownership, or for the government of any foreign country, except to the extent that the materials in such vessels 10 are drawback eligible goods under section 204(a) of the 11 United States-Canada Free-Trade Implementation Act of 12 1988.". 13

14 (4) MANIPULATION IN WAREHOUSE.—Section
15 562 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1562) is
16 amended—

17 (A) in the second sentence by striking out
18 "without payment of duties—" and inserting a
19 dash;

20 (B) by striking out paragraphs (1), (2),21 and (3) and inserting the following:

"(1) without payment of duties for exportation
to a NAFTA country, as defined in section 2(4) of
the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act, if the merchandise is of a kind de-

"(2) for exportation to a NAFTA country if the
merchandise consists of goods subject to NAFTA
drawback, as defined in section 203(a) of that Act,
except that—

"(A) the merchandise may not be with-7 drawn from warehouse without assessment of a 8 9 duty on the merchandise in its condition and 10 quantity, and at its weight, at the time of withdrawal from the warehouse with such additions 11 to or deductions from the final appraised value 12 as may be necessary by reason of change in 13 14 condition. and

"(B) duty shall be paid on the merchan-15 dise before the 61st day after the date of expor-16 17 tation, but upon the presentation, before such 18 61st day, of satisfactory evidence of the amount 19 of any customs duties paid to the NAFTA country on the merchandise, the customs duty 20 may be waived or reduced (subject to section 21 22 508(b)(2)(B) in an amount that does not ex-23 ceed the lesser of—

"(i) the total amount of customs du-1 ties paid or owed on the merchandise on 2 importation into the United States, or 3 "(ii) the total amount of customs du-4 ties paid on the merchandise to the 5 6 NAFTA country; "(3) without payment of duties for exportation 7 to any foreign country other than to a NAFTA 8 country or to Canada when exports to that country 9 10 are subject to paragraph (4);

"(4) without payment of duties for exportation 11 to Canada (if that country ceases to be a NAFTA 12 country and the suspension of the operation of the 13 14 United States-Canada Free-Trade Agreement there-15 after terminates), but the exemption from the payment of duties under this paragraph applies only in 16 17 the case of an exportation during the period such 18 Agreement is in operation of merchandise that—

19 "(A) is only cleaned, sorted, or repacked in20 a bonded warehouse, or

21 "(B) is a drawback eligible good under sec22 tion 204(a) of the United States-Canada Free23 Trade Agreement Implementation Act of 1988;
24 and

1	"(5) without payment of duties for shipment to
2	the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Wake Island,
3	Midway Island, Kingman Reef, Johnston Island or
4	the island of Guam."; and
5	(B) in the third sentence by striking out
6	"paragraph (1) of the preceding sentence" and
7	inserting "paragraph (4) of the preceding sen-
8	tence''.
9	(5) Foreign trade zones.—Section 3(a) of
10	the Act of June 18, 1934 (commonly known as the
11	"Foreign Trade Zones Act"; 19 U.S.C. 81c(a)) is
12	amended—
13	(A) in the last proviso—
14	(i) by inserting after "That" the fol-
15	lowing: ", if Canada ceases to be a
16	NAFTA country and the suspension of the
17	operation of the United States-Canada
18	Free-Trade Agreement thereafter termi-
19	nates,''; and
20	(ii) by striking out ''on or after Janu-
21	ary 1, 1994, or such later date as may be
22	proclaimed by the President under section
23	204(b)(2)(B) of such Act of 1988," and
24	inserting ''during the period such Agree-
25	ment is in operation''; and

(B) by inserting before such last proviso 1 2 the following new proviso: ": Provided, further, That no merchandise that consists of goods 3 4 subject to NAFTA drawback, as defined in section 203(a) of the North American Free Trade 5 6 Agreement Implementation Act, that is manu-7 factured or otherwise changed in condition shall be exported to a NAFTA country, as defined in 8 9 section 2(4) of that Act, without an assessment of a duty on the merchandise in its condition 10 11 and quantity, and at its weight, at the time of 12 its exportation (or if the privilege in the first proviso to this subsection was requested, an as-13 sessment of a duty on the merchandise in its 14 condition and quantity, and at its weight, at the 15 time of its admission into the zone) and the 16 17 payment of the assessed duty before the 61st 18 day after the date of exportation of the article, 19 except that upon the presentation, before such 20 61st day, of satisfactory evidence of the amount of any customs duties paid or owed to the 21 22 NAFTA country on the article, the customs duty may be waived or reduced (subject to sec-23 tion 508(b)(2)(B) of the Tariff Act of 1930) in 24 25 an amount that does not exceed the lesser of

1	(1) the total amount of customs duties paid or
2	owed on the merchandise on importation into
3	the United States, or (2) the total amount of
4	customs duties paid on the article to the
5	NAFTA country:".
6	(c) Consequential Amendment With Immediate
7	EFFECT.—Section 313(j) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19
8	U.S.C. 1313(j)) is amended—
9	(1) by striking out ''If'' in paragraph (2) and
10	inserting ''Subject to paragraph (4), if''; and
11	(2) by adding at the end the following new
12	paragraph:
13	"(4) Effective upon the entry into force of the
14	North American Free Trade Agreement, the expor-
15	tation to a NAFTA country, as defined in section
16	2(4) of the North American Free Trade Agreement
17	Implementation Act, of merchandise that is fungible
18	with and substituted for imported merchandise,
19	other than merchandise described in paragraphs (1)
20	through (8) of section 203(a) of that Act, shall not
21	constitute an exportation for purposes of paragraph
	constitute all exportation for purposes of paragraph
22	(2).".
22 23	

25 Secretary of the Treasury may not, on condition of export,

refund or reduce a fee applied pursuant to section 22 of
 the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 624) with re spect to goods included under subsection (a) that are ex ported to—

5 (1) Canada after December 31, 1995, for so
6 long as it is a NAFTA country; or

7 (2) Mexico after December 31, 2000, for so8 long as it is a NAFTA country.

9 (e) INAPPLICABILITY TO COUNTERVAILING AND 10 ANTIDUMPING DUTIES.—Nothing in this section or the 11 amendments made by it shall be considered to authorize 12 the refund, waiver, or reduction of countervailing duties 13 or antidumping duties imposed on an imported good.

14 SEC. 204. CUSTOMS USER FEES.

Paragraph (10) of section 13031(b) of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19
U.S.C. 58c(b)(10)) is amended to read as follows:

"(10)(A) The fee charged under subsection (a)(9) or
(10) with respect to goods of Canadian origin (as determined under section 202 of the United States-Canada
Free-Trade Agreement) when the United States-Canada
Free-Trade Agreement is in force shall be in accordance
with section 403 of that Agreement.

24 "(B) For goods qualifying under the rules of origin25 set out in section 202 of the North American Free Trade

Agreement Implementation Act, the fee under subsection
 (a) (9) or (10)—

"(i) may not be charged with respect to goods
that qualify to be marked as goods of Canada pursuant to Annex 311 of the North American Free
Trade Agreement, for such time as Canada is a
NAFTA country, as defined in section 2(4) of such
Implementation Act; and

9 "(ii) may not be increased after December 31, 10 1993, and may not be charged after June 29, 1999, 11 with respect to goods that qualify to be marked as 12 goods of Mexico pursuant to such Annex 311, for 13 such time as Mexico is a NAFTA country.

14 Any service for which an exemption from such fee is pro-15 vided by reason of this paragraph may not be funded with16 money contained in the Customs User Fee Account.".

17 SEC. 205. ENFORCEMENT.

18 (a) RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.—Section 508
19 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1508) is amended
20 as follows:

21 (1) Subsection (b) is amended to read as fol-22 lows:

23 "(b) EXPORTATIONS TO FREE TRADE COUNTRIES.—

24 "(1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this sub-25 section—

1	''(A) The term 'associated records' means,
2	in regard to an exported good under paragraph
3	(2), records associated with—
4	''(i) the purchase of, cost of, value of,
5	and payment for, the good;
6	''(ii) the purchase of, cost of, value of,
7	and payment for, all material, including in-
8	direct materials, used in the production of
9	the good; and
10	"(iii) the production of the good.
11	For purposes of this subparagraph, the terms
12	'indirect material,' 'material,' 'preferential tariff
13	treatment,' 'used,' and 'value' have the respec-
14	tive meanings given them in articles 415 and
15	514 of the North American Free Trade Agree-
16	ment.
17	"(B) The term 'NAFTA Certificate of Ori-
18	gin' means the certification, established under
19	article 501 of the North American Free Trade
20	Agreement, that a good qualifies as an originat-
21	ing good under such Agreement.
22	"(2) Exports to NAFTA COUNTRIES.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person who com-
24	pletes and signs a NAFTA Certificate of Origin
25	for a good for which preferential treatment

1	under the North American Free Trade Agree-
2	ment is claimed shall make, keep, and render
3	for examination and inspection all records relat-
4	ing to the origin of the good (including the Cer-
5	tificate or copies thereof) and the associated
6	records.
7	"(B) CLAIMS FOR CERTAIN WAIVERS, RE-
8	DUCTIONS, OR REFUNDS OF DUTIES OR FOR
9	CREDIT AGAINST BONDS.—
10	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Any person that
11	claims with respect to an article—
12	''(I) a waiver or reduction of
13	duty under the last paragraph of sec-
14	tion 311, section 312(b)(1) or (4),
15	section 562(2), or the last proviso to
16	section 3(a) of the Foreign Trade
17	Zones Act;
18	''(II) a credit against a bond
19	under section 312(d); or
20	"(III) a refund, waiver, or reduc-
21	tion of duty under section $313(n)(2)$
22	or (o)(1);
23	must disclose to the Customs Service the
24	information described in clause (ii).

1	"(ii) Information required.—
2	Within 30 days after making a claim de-
3	scribed in clause (i) with respect to an ar-
4	ticle, the person making the claim must
5	disclose to the Customs Service whether
6	that person has prepared, or has knowl-
7	edge that another person has prepared, a
8	NAFTA Certificate of Origin for the arti-
9	cle. If after such 30-day period the person
10	making the claim either—
11	''(I) prepares a NAFTA Certifi-
12	cate of Origin for the article; or
13	"(II) learns of the existence of
14	such a Certificate for the article;
15	that person, within 30 days after the oc-
16	currence described in subclause (I) or (II),
17	must disclose the occurrence to the Cus-
18	toms Service.
19	"(iii) Action on claim.—If the Cus-
20	toms Service determines that a NAFTA
21	Certificate of Origin has been prepared
22	with respect to an article for which a claim
23	described in clause (i) is made, the Cus-
24	toms Service may make such adjustments

1	regarding the previous customs treatment
2	of the article as may be warranted.
3	"(3) Exports under the canadian agree-
4	MENT.—Any person who exports, or who knowingly
5	causes to be exported, any merchandise to Canada
6	during such time as the United States-Canada Free-
7	Trade Agreement is in force with respect to, and the
8	United States applies that Agreement to, Canada
9	shall make, keep, and render for examination and
10	inspection such records (including certifications of
11	origin or copies thereof) which pertain to the expor-
12	tations.".
13	(2) Subsection (c) is amended to read as fol-
14	lows:
15	"(c) PERIOD OF TIME.—The records required by sub-
16	sections (a) and (b) shall be kept for such periods of time
17	as the Secretary shall prescribe; except that—
18	"(1) no period of time for the retention of the
19	records required under subsection (a) or $(b)(3)$ may
20	exceed 5 years from the date of entry or exportation,

21 as appropriate;

"(2) the period of time for the retention of the
records required under subsection (b)(2) shall be at
least 5 years from the date of signature of the
NAFTA Certificate of Origin; and

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1	"(3) records for any drawback claim shall be
2	kept until the 3rd anniversary of the date of pay-
3	ment of the claim.".
4	(3) Subsection (e) is amended to read as fol-
5	lows:
6	"(e) SUBSECTION (b) PENALTIES.—
7	"(1) Relating to NAFTA EXPORTS.—Any per-
8	son who fails to retain records required by para-
9	graph (2) of subsection (b) or the regulations issued
10	to implement that paragraph shall be liable for—
11	"(A) a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000;
12	or
13	''(B) the general recordkeeping penalty
14	that applies under the customs laws;
15	whichever penalty is higher.
16	"(2) Relating to canadian agreement ex-
17	PORTS.—Any person who fails to retain the records
18	required by paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or the
19	regulations issued to implement that paragraph shall
20	be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000.".
21	(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section
22	509(a)(2)(A)(ii) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
23	1509(a)(2)(A)(ii)) is amended to read as follows:
24	''(ii) exported merchandise, or know-
25	ingly caused merchandise to be exported,

1	to a NAFTA country (as defined in section
2	2(4) of the North American Free Trade
3	Agreement Implementation Act) or to Can-
4	ada during such time as the United States-
5	Canada Free-Trade Agreement is in force
6	with respect to, and the United States ap-
7	plies that Agreement to, Canada,".
8	(c) Disclosure of Incorrect Information.—
9	Section 592 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1592)
10	is amended—
11	(1) in subsection (c)—
12	(A) by redesignating paragraph (5) as
13	paragraph (6); and
14	(B) by inserting after paragraph (4) the
15	following new paragraph:
16	"(5) Prior disclosure regarding nafta
17	CLAIMS.—An importer shall not be subject to pen-
18	alties under subsection (a) for making an incorrect
19	claim for preferential tariff treatment under section
20	202 of the North American Free Trade Agreement
21	Implementation Act if the importer—
22	''(A) has reason to believe that the
23	NAFTA Certificate of Origin (as defined in sec-
24	tion $508(b)(1)$) on which the claim was based
25	contains incorrect information; and

"(B) in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary, voluntarily and promptly makes a corrected declaration and pays any duties owing."; and

5 (2) by adding at the end the following new sub-6 section:

7 "(f) False Certifications Regarding Exports
8 TO NAFTA Countries.—

9 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (3), it is unlawful for any person to certify falsely, by 10 fraud, gross negligence, or negligence, in a NAFTA 11 of Origin 12 Certificate defined (as in section 508(b)(1)) that a good to be exported to a NAFTA 13 14 country (as defined in section 2(4) of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation 15 Act) qualifies under the rules of origin set out in 16 17 section 202 of that Act.

"(2) APPLICABLE PROVISIONS.—The procedures and penalties of this section that apply to a
violation of subsection (a) also apply to a violation
of paragraph (1), except that—

"(A) subsection (d) does not apply, and
"(B) subsection (c)(5) applies only if the
person voluntarily and promptly provides, to all
persons to whom the person provided the

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1	NAFTA Certificate of Origin, written notice of
2	the falsity of the Certificate.
3	"(3) EXCEPTION.—A person may not be consid-
4	ered to have violated paragraph (1) if—
5	"(A) the information was correct at the
6	time it was provided in a NAFTA Certificate of
7	Origin but was later rendered incorrect due to
8	a change in circumstances; and
9	"(B) the person voluntarily and promptly
10	provides written notice of the change to all per-
11	sons to whom the person provided the Certifi-
12	cate of Origin.".
13	SEC. 206. RELIQUIDATION OF ENTRIES FOR NAFTA-ORIGIN
14	GOODS.
15	Section 520 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
16	1520) is amended by adding at the end the following new
17	subsection:
18	"(d) Notwithstanding the fact that a valid protest
19	was not filed, the Customs Service may, in accordance
20	with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, reliquidate
21	an entry to refund any excess duties paid on a good quali-
22	
	fying under the rules of origin set out in section 202 of
23	fying under the rules of origin set out in section 202 of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementa-
23 24	

within 1 year after the date of importation, files, in ac-1 2 cordance with those regulations, a claim that includes— 3 "(1) a written declaration that the good qualified under those rules at the time of importation; 4 "(2) copies of all applicable NAFTA Certifi-5 cates of Origin (as defined in section 508(b)(1)); 6 7 and "(3) such other documentation relating to the 8 importation of the goods as the Customs Service 9 10 may require.". 11 SEC. 207. COUNTRY OF ORIGIN MARKING OF NAFTA GOODS. (a) Amendments to Tariff Act of 1930.—Sec-12 tion 304 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1304) is 13 amended— 14 (1) in subsection (c)(1), by striking "or engrav-15 ing" and inserting "engraving, or continuous paint 16 17 stenciling''; 18 (2) in subsection (c)(2) by striking "four" and inserting 19 (A) "five"; and 20 (B) by striking "such as paint stenciling"; 21 (3) in subsection (e), by striking "or engraving" 22 and inserting "engraving, or an equally permanent 23 method of marking"; 24

(4) by redesignating subsection (h) as sub-1 2 section (i); and 3 (5) by inserting after subsection (g) the following new subsection: 4 "(h) TREATMENT OF GOODS OF A NAFTA COUN-5 6 TRY.— "(1) APPLICATION OF SECTION.—In applying 7 this section to an article that qualifies as a good of 8 a NAFTA country (as defined in section 2(4) of the 9 North American Free Trade Agreement Implemen-10 tation Act) under the regulations issued by the Sec-11 retary to implement Annex 311 of the North Amer-12 ican Free Trade Agreement— 13 14 "(A) the exemption under subsection (a)(3)(H) shall be applied by substituting 'rea-15 sonably know' for 'necessarily know'; 16 17 "(B) the Secretary shall exempt the good 18 from the requirements for marking under sub-19 section (a) if the good— "(i) is an original work of art, or 20 21 "(ii) is provided for under subheading 22 6904.10, heading 8541, or heading 8542 23 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States; and 24

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1	(C) subsection (b) does not apply to the
2	usual container of any good described in sub-
3	section (a)(3)(E) or (I) or subparagraph (B)(i)
4	or (ii) of this paragraph.
5	"(2) Petition rights of nafta exporters
6	AND PRODUCERS REGARDING MARKING DETERMINA-
7	TIONS.—
8	"(A) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this
9	paragraph:
10	''(i) The term 'adverse marking deci-
11	sion' means a determination by the Cus-
12	toms Service which an exporter or pro-
13	ducer of merchandise believes to be con-
14	trary to Annex 311 of the North American
15	Free Trade Agreement.
16	''(ii) A person may not be treated as
17	the exporter or producer of merchandise
18	regarding which an adverse marking deci-
19	sion was made unless such person—
20	''(I) if claiming to be the ex-
21	porter, is located in a NAFTA coun-
22	try and is required to maintain
23	records in that country regarding ex-
24	portations to NAFTA countries; or

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 "(II) if claiming to be the producer, grows, mines, harvests, fishes, traps, hunts, manufactures, processes, or assembles such merchandise in a NAFTA country.

6 "(B) INTERVENTION OR PETITION RE-7 GARDING ADVERSE MARKING DECISIONS.—If the Customs Service makes an adverse marking 8 decision regarding any merchandise, the Cus-9 toms Service shall, upon written request by the 10 exporter or producer of the merchandise, pro-11 12 vide to the exporter or producer a statement of the basis for the decision. If the exporter or 13 14 producer believes that the decision is not cor-15 rect, it may intervene in any protest proceeding 16 initiated by the importer of the merchandise. If 17 the importer does not file a protest with regard 18 to the decision, the exporter or producer may 19 file a petition with the Customs Service setting 20 forth—

21 "(i) a description of the merchandise;22 and

23 "(ii) the basis for its claim that the
24 merchandise should be marked as a good
25 of a NAFTA country.

1	"(C) Effect of determination re-
2	GARDING DECISION.—If, after receipt and con-
3	sideration of a petition filed by an exporter or
4	producer under subparagraph (B), the Customs
5	Service determines that the adverse marking
6	decision—
7	"(i) is not correct, the Customs Serv-
8	ice shall notify the petitioner of the deter-
9	mination and all merchandise entered, or
10	withdrawn from warehouse for consump-
11	tion, more than 30 days after the date that
12	notice of the determination under this
13	clause is published in the weekly Custom
14	Bulletin shall be marked in conformity
15	with the determination; or
16	"(ii) is correct, the Customs Service
17	shall notify the petitioner that the petition
18	is denied.
19	"(D) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—For purposes of
20	judicial review, the denial of a petition under
21	subparagraph (C)(ii) shall be treated as if it
22	were a denial of a petition of an interested
23	party under section 516 regarding an issue
24	arising under any of the preceding provisions of
25	this section.".

(b) COORDINATION WITH 1988 ACT REGARDING 1 CERTAIN ARTICLES.—Articles that qualify as goods of a 2 3 NAFTA country under regulations issued by the Secretary in accordance with Annex 311 of the Agreement are ex-4 5 empt from the marking requirements promulgated by the Secretary of the Treasury under section 1907(c) of the 6 7 Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (Public Law 100–418), but are subject to the requirements of sec-8 tion 304 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1304). 9 10 SEC. 208. PROTESTS AGAINST ADVERSE ORIGIN DETER-11 **MINATIONS.** 12 Section 514 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1514) is amended— 13 (1) in subsection (c)(1) by inserting ", or with 14 respect to a determination of origin under section 15 16 202 of the North American Free Trade Agreement 17 Implementation Act," after "with respect to any one 18 category of merchandise" in the fourth sentence; 19 (2) in subsection (c)(2)— (A) by striking out "or" at the end of sub-20

21 paragraph (D);

22 (B) by redesignating subparagraph (E) as23 subparagraph (F);

24 (C) by inserting after subparagraph (D)25 the following new subparagraph:

"(E) with respect to a determination of or-1 2 igin under section 202 of the North American 3 Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act, any exporter or producer of the merchandise 4 subject to that determination, if the exporter or 5 producer completed and signed a NAFTA Cer-6 7 tificate of Origin covering the merchandise; or"; 8 and

9 (D) by striking "clauses (A) through (D)" 10 in subparagraph (F) (as redesignated by sub-11 paragraph (B)), and inserting "clauses (A) 12 through (E)"; and

13 (3) by adding at the end the following new sub-14 sections:

15 "(e) Advance Notice of Certain Determina-TIONS.—Except as provided in subsection (f), an exporter 16 or producer referred to in subsection (c)(2)(E) shall be 17 provided notice in advance of an adverse determination of 18 origin under section 202 of the North American Free 19 Trade Agreement Implementation Act. The Secretary 20 may, by regulations, prescribe the time period in which 21 22 such advance notice shall be issued and authorize the Customs Service to provide in the notice the entry number 23 24 and any other entry information considered necessary to allow the exporter or producer to exercise the rights pro vided by this section.

3 "(f) DENIAL OF PREFERENTIAL TREATMENT.—If 4 the Customs Service finds indications of a pattern of con-5 duct by an exporter or producer of false or unsupported 6 representations that goods qualify under the rules of ori-7 gin set out in section 202 of the North American Free 8 Trade Agreement Implementation Act—

9 "(1) the Customs Service, in accordance with 10 regulations issued by the Secretary, may deny pref-11 erential tariff treatment to entries of identical goods 12 exported or produced by that person; and

13 "(2) the advance notice requirement in sub-14 section (e) shall not apply to that person;

15 until the person establishes to the satisfaction of the Cus-16 toms Service that its representations are in conformity17 with section 202.".

18 SEC. 209. EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION.

19 Section 628 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.20 1628) is amended by adding at the end the following new21 subsection:

"(c) The Secretary may authorize the Customs Service to exchange information with any government agency
of a NAFTA country, as defined in section 2(4) of the

North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation
 Act, if the Secretary—

3 "(1) reasonably believes the exchange of infor4 mation is necessary to implement chapter 3, 4, or 5
5 of the North American Free Trade Agreement, and
6 "(2) obtains assurances from such country that
7 the information will be held in confidence and used
8 only for governmental purposes.".

9 SEC. 210. PROHIBITION ON DRAWBACK FOR TELEVISION
10 PICTURE TUBES.

11 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no cus-12 toms duties may be refunded, waived, or reduced on color 13 cathode-ray television picture tubes, including video mon-14 itor cathode-ray tubes (provided for in subheading 15 8540.11.00 of the HTS), that are nonoriginating goods 16 under section 202(p)(19) and are—

17 (A) exported to a NAFTA country;

(B) used as a material in the production of
other goods that are exported to a NAFTA country;
or

(C) substituted for by goods of the same kind
and quality used as a material in the production of
other goods that are exported to a NAFTA country.

3 (a) MONITORING.—Beginning on the date the Agreement enters into force with respect to the United States, 4 5 the United States Customs Service shall, for a period of 5 years, monitor imports into the United States of articles 6 described in subheading 8528.10 of the HTS from 7 8 NAFTA countries and shall take action to exercise all 9 rights of the United States under chapter 5 of the Agree-10 ment with respect to such imports. The United States Customs Service shall take appropriate action under chap-11 ter 5 of the Agreement with respect to such imports, in-12 cluding verifications to ensure that the rules of origin 13 under the Agreement are fully complied with and that the 14 duty drawback obligations contained in article 303 and 15 Annex 303.8 of the Agreement are fully implemented and 16 17 duties are correctly assessed.

(b) REPORT TO TRADE REPRESENTATIVE.—The 18 19 United States Customs Service shall make the results of the monitoring and verification required by subsection (a) 20 available to the President and the Trade Representative. 21 22 If, based on such information, the President has reason 23 to believe that articles described in subheading 8540.11 of the HTS, intended for ultimate consumption in the 24 United States, are entering the territory of a NAFTA 25 26 country inconsistent with the provisions of the Agreement,

or have been undervalued in a manner that may raise con cerns under United States trade laws, the President shall
 promptly take such action as may be appropriate under
 all relevant provisions of the Agreement, including article
 317 and chapter 20, and under applicable United States
 trade statutes.

7 SEC. 212. TITLE VI AMENDMENTS.

8 Any amendment in this title to a law that is also 9 amended under title VI shall be made after the title VI 10 amendment is executed.

11 SEC. 213. EFFECTIVE DATES.

(a) PROVISIONS EFFECTIVE ON DATE OF ENACTMENT.—Section 212 and this section take effect on the
date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) PROVISIONS EFFECTIVE WHEN AGREEMENT EN-16 TERS INTO FORCE.—Section 201, section 202, section 17 203(a), (d), and (e), section 210 and section 211, the 18 amendment made by section 203(c), and the amendments 19 made by sections 204 through 209 take effect on the date 20 the Agreement enters into force with respect to the United 21 States.

22 (c) PROVISIONS WITH DELAYED EFFECTIVE
23 DATES.—The amendments made by section 203(b)
24 apply—

(1) with respect to exports from the United
States to Canada—
(A) on January 1, 1996, if Canada is a
NAFTA country on that date, and
(B) after such date for so long as Canada
continues to be a NAFTA country; and
(2) with respect to exports from the United
States to Mexico—
(A) on January 1, 2001, if Mexico is a
NAFTA country on that date; and
(B) after such date for so long as Mexico
continues to be a NAFTA country.

13 TITLE III—APPLICATION OF 14 AGREEMENT TO SECTORS 15 AND SERVICES

16 Subtitle A—Safeguards

17 PART 1—RELIEF FROM IMPORTS BENEFITING

FROM THE AGREEMENT

19 SEC. 301. DEFINITIONS.

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20 As used in this part:

21 (1) CANADIAN ARTICLE.—The term "Canadian
22 article" means an article that—

23 (A) is an originating good under chapter 424 of the Agreement; and

(B) qualifies under the Agreement to be
marked as a good of Canada.
(2) MEXICAN ARTICLE.—The term "Mexican
article'' means an article that—
(A) is an originating good under chapter 4
of the Agreement; and
(B) qualifies under the Agreement to be
marked as a good of Mexico.
SEC. 302. COMMENCING OF ACTION FOR RELIEF.
(a) FILING OF PETITION.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—A petition requesting action
under this part for the purpose of adjusting to the
obligations of the United States under the Agree-
ment may be filed with the International Trade
Commission by an entity, including a trade associa-
tion, firm, certified or recognized union, or group of
workers, that is representative of an industry. The
International Trade Commission shall transmit a
copy of any petition filed under this subsection to
the Trade Representative.
(2) PROVISIONAL RELIEF.—An entity filing a
petition under this subsection may request that pro-
visional relief be provided as if the petition had been
filed under section 202(a) of the Trade Act of 1974.

1 (3) CRITICAL CIRCUMSTANCES.—An allegation 2 that critical circumstances exist must be included in 3 the petition or made on or before the 90th day after 4 the date on which the investigation is initiated under 5 subsection (b).

6 (b) INVESTIGATION AND DETERMINATION.—Upon 7 the filing of a petition under subsection (a), the International Trade Commission, unless subsection (d) applies, 8 shall promptly initiate an investigation to determine 9 whether, as a result of the reduction or elimination of a 10 duty provided for under the Agreement, a Canadian article 11 or a Mexican article, as the case may be, is being imported 12 into the United States in such increased quantities (in ab-13 solute terms) and under such conditions so that imports 14 of the article, alone, constitute a substantial cause of-15

16 (1) serious injury; or

17 (2) except in the case of a Canadian article, a18 threat of serious injury;

19 to the domestic industry producing an article that is like,20 or directly competitive with, the imported article.

21 (c) APPLICABLE PROVISIONS.—The provisions of—

(1) paragraphs (1)(B), (3) (except subpara-graph (A)), and (4) of subsection (b);

24 (2) subsection (c); and

25 (3) subsection (d),

of section 202 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2252)
 apply with respect to any investigation initiated under
 subsection (b).

4 (d) ARTICLES EXEMPT FROM INVESTIGATION.—No
5 investigation may be initiated under this section with re6 spect to—

7 (1) any Canadian article or Mexican article if
8 import relief has been provided under this part with
9 respect to that article; or

10 (2) any textile or apparel article set out in Ap11 pendix 1.1 of Annex 300–B of the Agreement.

12 SEC. 303. INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION ACTION ON
13 PETITION.

(a) DETERMINATION.—By no later than 120 days
after the date on which an investigation is initiated under
section 302(b) with respect to a petition, the International
Trade Commission shall—

18 (1) make the determination required under that19 section; and

(2) if the determination referred to in paragraph (1) is affirmative and an allegation regarding
critical circumstances was made under section
302(a), make a determination regarding that allegation.

(b) Additional Finding and Recommendation if 1 DETERMINATION AFFIRMATIVE.—If the determination 2 made by the International Trade Commission under sub-3 4 section (a) with respect to imports of an article is affirmative, the International Trade Commission shall find, and 5 recommend to the President in the report required under 6 7 subsection (c), the amount of import relief that is necessary to remedy or, except in the case of imports of a 8 9 Canadian article, prevent the injury found by the International Trade Commission in the determination. The im-10 port relief recommended by the International Trade Com-11 mission under this subsection shall be limited to that de-12 scribed in section 304(c). 13

14 (c) REPORT TO PRESIDENT.—No later than the date 15 that is 30 days after the date on which a determination 16 is made under subsection (a) with respect to an investiga-17 tion, the International Trade Commission shall submit to 18 the President a report that shall include—

19 (1) a statement of the basis for the determina-20 tion;

21 (2) dissenting and separate views; and

22 (3) any finding made under subsection (b) re-23 garding import relief.

24 (d) PUBLIC NOTICE.—Upon submitting a report to 25 the President under subsection (c), the International Trade Commission shall promptly make public such report
 (with the exception of information which the International
 Trade Commission determines to be confidential) and
 shall cause a summary thereof to be published in the Fed eral Register.

6 (e) APPLICABLE PROVISIONS.—For purposes of this 7 part, the provisions of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of sec-8 tion 330(d) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1330(d)) 9 shall be applied with respect to determinations and find-10 ings made under this section as if such determinations and 11 findings were made under section 202 of the Trade Act 12 of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2252).

13 SEC. 304. PROVISION OF RELIEF.

(a) IN GENERAL.—No later than the date that is 30 14 15 days after the date on which the President receives the report of the International Trade Commission containing 16 an affirmative determination of the International Trade 17 Commission under section 303(a), the President, subject 18 to subsection (b), shall provide relief from imports of the 19 article that is the subject of such determination to the ex-20 tent that the President determines necessary to remedy 21 22 or, except in the case of imports of a Canadian article, prevent the injury found by the International Trade 23 Commission. 24

1	(b) EXCEPTION.—The President is not required to
2	provide import relief under this section if the President
3	determines that the provision of the import relief will not
4	provide greater economic and social benefits than costs.
5	(c) NATURE OF RELIEF.—The import relief (includ-
6	ing provisional relief) that the President is authorized to
7	provide under this part is as follows:
8	(1) In the case of imports of a Canadian arti-
9	cle—
10	(A) the suspension of any further reduc-
11	tion provided for under Annex 401.2 of the
12	United States-Canada Free-Trade Agreement
13	in the duty imposed on such article;
14	(B) an increase in the rate of duty im-
15	posed on such article to a level that does not
16	exceed the lesser of—
17	(i) the column 1 general rate of duty
18	imposed under the HTS on like articles at
19	the time the import relief is provided, or
20	(ii) the column 1 general rate of duty
21	imposed on like articles on December 31,
22	1988; or
23	(C) in the case of a duty applied on a sea-
24	sonal basis to such article, an increase in the
25	rate of duty imposed on the article to a level

1	that does not exceed the column 1 general rate
2	of duty imposed on the article for the cor-
3	responding season occurring immediately before
4	January 1, 1989.
5	(2) In the case of imports of a Mexican arti-
6	cle—
7	(A) the suspension of any further reduc-
8	tion provided for under the United States
9	Schedule to Annex 302.2 of the Agreement in
10	the duty imposed on such article;
11	(B) an increase in the rate of duty im-
12	posed on such article to a level that does not
13	exceed the lesser of-
14	(i) the column 1 general rate of duty
15	imposed under the HTS on like articles at
16	the time the import relief is provided, or
17	(ii) the column 1 general rate of duty
18	imposed under the HTS on like articles on
19	the day before the date on which the
20	Agreement enters into force; or
21	(C) in the case of a duty applied on a sea-
22	sonal basis to such article, an increase in the
23	rate of duty imposed on the article to a level
24	that does not exceed the column 1 general rate
25	of duty imposed under the HTS on the article

for the corresponding season immediately occur ring before the date on which the Agreement
 enters into force.

4 (d) PERIOD OF RELIEF.—The import relief that the
5 President is authorized to provide under this section may
6 not exceed 3 years, except that, if a Canadian article or
7 Mexican article which is the subject of the action—

8 (1) is provided for in an item for which the 9 transition period of tariff elimination set out in the 10 United States Schedule to Annex 302.2 of the 11 Agreement is greater than 10 years; and

(2) the President determines that the affected
industry has undertaken adjustment and requires an
extension of the period of the import relief;

15 the President, after obtaining the advice of the Inter-16 national Trade Commission, may extend the period of the 17 import relief for not more than 1 year, if the duty applied 18 during the initial period of the relief is substantially re-19 duced at the beginning of the extension period.

20 (e) RATE ON MEXICAN ARTICLES AFTER TERMI21 NATION OF IMPORT RELIEF.—When import relief under
22 this part is terminated with respect to a Mexican article—

(1) the rate of duty on that article after such
termination and on or before December 31 of the
year in which termination occurs shall be the rate

1	that, according to the United States Schedule to
2	Annex 302.2 of the Agreement for the staged elimi-
3	nation of the tariff, would have been in effect 1 year
4	after the initiation of the import relief action under
5	section 302; and
6	(2) the tariff treatment for that article after
7	December 31 of the year in which termination oc-
8	curs shall be, at the discretion of the President, ei-
9	ther—
10	(A) the rate of duty conforming to the ap-
11	plicable rate set out in the United States
12	Schedule to Annex 302.2; or
13	(B) the rate of duty resulting from the
14	elimination of the tariff in equal annual stages
15	ending on the date set out in the United States
16	Schedule to Annex 302.2 for the elimination of
17	the tariff.
18	SEC. 305. TERMINATION OF RELIEF AUTHORITY.
19	(a) GENERAL RULE.—Except as provided in sub-
20	section (b), no import relief may be provided under this
21	part—
22	(1) in the case of a Canadian article, after De-
23	cember 31, 1998; or

(2) in the case of a Mexican article, after the
 date that is 10 years after the date on which the
 Agreement enters into force;

4 unless the article against which the action is taken is an
5 item for which the transition period for tariff elimination
6 set out in the United States Schedule to Annex 302.2 of
7 the Agreement is greater than 10 years, in which case the
8 period during which relief may be granted shall be the pe9 riod of staged tariff elimination for that article.

10 (b) EXCEPTION.—Import relief may be provided 11 under this part in the case of a Canadian article or Mexi-12 can article after the date on which such relief would, but 13 for this subsection, terminate under subsection (a), but 14 only if the Government of Canada or Mexico, as the case 15 may be, consents to such provision.

16 SEC. 306. COMPENSATION AUTHORITY.

For purposes of section 123 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2133), any import relief provided by the President under section 304 shall be treated as action taken under chapter I of title II of such Act.

21 SEC. 307. SUBMISSION OF PETITIONS.

A petition for import relief may be submitted to theInternational Trade Commission under—

24 (1) this part;

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1974; or

(2) chapter 1 of title II of the Trade Act of

(3) under both this part and such chapter 1 at 3 the same time, in which case the International 4 5 Trade Commission shall consider such petitions 6 jointly. 7 SEC. 308. SPECIAL TARIFF PROVISIONS FOR CANADIAN 8 FRESH FRUITS AND VEGETABLES. 9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 301(a) of the United States-Canada Free-Trade Agreement Implementation 10 11 Act (19 U.S.C. 2112 note) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "promptly" in 12 the flush sentence at the end thereof and inserting 13 "immediately", 14 (2) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through 15 (9) as paragraphs (3) through (10), respectively, 16 17 (3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the follow-18 ing new paragraph: 19 "(2) No later than 6 days after publication in 20 the Federal Register of the notice described in paragraph (1), the Secretary shall decide whether to rec-21 22 ommend the imposition of a temporary duty to the 23 President, and if the Secretary decides to make such 24 a recommendation, the recommendation shall be forwarded immediately to the President.", 25

1	(4) in paragraph (5), as redesignated by para-
2	graph (2), by striking ''paragraph (3)'' and inserting
3	''paragraph (4)'',
4	(5) by amending paragraph (9), as redesignated
5	by paragraph (2), to read as follows:
6	''(9) For purposes of assisting the Secretary in
7	carrying out this subsection—
8	"(A) the Commissioner of Customs and
9	the Director of the Bureau of Census shall co-
10	operate in providing the Secretary with timely
11	information and data relating to the importa-
12	tion of Canadian fresh fruits and vegetables,
13	and
14	"(B) importers shall report such informa-
15	tion relating to Canadian fresh fruits and vege-
16	tables to the Commissioner of Customs at such
17	time and in such manner as the Commissioner
18	requires.".
19	(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
20	subsection (a) take effect on the date of the enactment
21	of this Act.
22	SEC. 309. PRICE-BASED SNAPBACK FOR FROZEN CON-
23	CENTRATED ORANGE JUICE.
24	(a) Trigger Price Determination.—

3 (A) each period of 5 consecutive business 4 days in which the daily price for frozen con-5 centrated orange juice is less than the trigger 6 price; and

7 (B) for each period determined under sub8 paragraph (A), the first period occurring there9 after of 5 consecutive business days in which
10 the daily price for frozen concentrated orange
11 juice is greater than the trigger price.

(2) NOTICE OF DETERMINATIONS.—The Secretary shall immediately notify the Commissioner of
Customs and publish notice in the Federal Register
of any determination under paragraph (1), and the
date of such publication shall be the determination
date for that determination.

(b) IMPORTS OF MEXICAN ARTICLES.—Whenever
after any determination date for a determination under
subsection (a)(1)(A), the quantity of Mexican articles of
frozen concentrated orange juice that is entered exceeds—

(1) 264,978,000 liters (single strength equivalent) in any of calendar years 1994 through 2002;
or

(2) 340,560,000 liters (single strength equiva-1 2 lent) in any of calendar years 2003 through 2007; the rate of duty on Mexican articles of frozen concentrated 3 4 orange juice that are entered after the date on which the applicable limitation in paragraph (1) or (2) is reached 5 and before the determination date for the related deter-6 mination under subsection (a)(1)(B) shall be the rate of 7 duty specified in subsection (c). 8

9 (c) RATE OF DUTY.—The rate of duty specified for 10 purposes of subsection (b) for articles entered on any day 11 is the rate in the HTS that is the lower of—

(1) the column 1–General rate of duty in effectfor such articles on July 1, 1991; or

14 (2) the column 1–General rate of duty in effect15 on that day.

16 (d) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—

(1) The term "daily price" means the daily
closing price of the New York Cotton Exchange, or
any successor as determined by the Secretary, for
the closest month in which contracts for frozen concentrated orange juice are being traded on the Exchange.

(2) The term "business day" means a day inwhich contracts for frozen concentrated orange juice

1	are being traded on the New York Cotton Exchange,
2	or any successor as determined by the Secretary.
3	(3) The term "entered" means entered or with-
4	drawn from warehouse for consumption, in the cus-
5	toms territory of the United States.
6	(4) The term "frozen concentrated orange
7	juice" means all products classifiable under sub-
8	heading 2009.11.00 of the HTS.
9	(5) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary
10	of Agriculture.
11	(6) The term "trigger price" means the average
12	daily closing price of the New York Cotton Ex-
13	change, or any successor as determined by the Sec-
14	retary, for the corresponding month during the pre-
15	vious 5-year period, excluding the year with the
16	highest average price for the corresponding month
17	and the year with the lowest average price for the
18	corresponding month.
19	PART 2—RELIEF FROM IMPORTS FROM ALL
20	COUNTRIES
21	SEC. 311. NAFTA ARTICLE IMPACT IN IMPORT RELIEF
22	CASES UNDER THE TRADE ACT OF 1974.
23	(a) IN GENERAL.—If, in any investigation initiated
24	under chapter 1 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974, the
25	International Trade Commission makes an affirmative de-

termination (or a determination which the President may
 treat as an affirmative determination under such chapter
 by reason of section 330(d) of the Tariff Act of 1930),
 the International Trade Commission shall also find (and
 report to the President at the time such injury determina tion is submitted to the President) whether—

7 (1) imports of the article from a NAFTA coun8 try, considered individually, account for a substan9 tial share of total imports; and

10 (2) imports of the article from a NAFTA coun-11 try, considered individually or, in exceptional cir-12 cumstances, imports from NAFTA countries consid-13 ered collectively, contribute importantly to the seri-14 ous injury, or threat thereof, caused by imports.

15 (b) FACTORS.—

16 (1) SUBSTANTIAL IMPORT SHARE.—In deter-17 mining whether imports from a NAFTA country, 18 considered individually, account for a substantial 19 share of total imports, such imports normally shall 20 not be considered to account for a substantial share 21 of total imports if that country is not among the top 22 5 suppliers of the article subject to the investigation, measured in terms of import share during the most 23 24 recent 3-year period.

(2) APPLICATION OF "CONTRIBUTE IMPOR-1 2 TANTLY" STANDARD.—In determining whether im-3 ports from a NAFTA country or countries contrib-4 ute importantly to the serious injury, or threat thereof, the International Trade Commission shall 5 6 consider such factors as the change in the import 7 share of the NAFTA country or countries, and the level and change in the level of imports of such 8 9 country or countries. In applying the preceding sen-10 tence, imports from a NAFTA country or countries 11 normally shall not be considered to contribute impor-12 tantly to serious injury, or the threat thereof, if the growth rate of imports from such country or coun-13 14 tries during the period in which an injurious in-15 crease in imports occurred is appreciably lower than the growth rate of total imports from all sources 16 17 over the same period.

18 (c) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section and 19 section 312(a), the term "contribute importantly" refers 20 to an important cause, but not necessarily the most impor-21 tant cause.

22 SEC. 312. PRESIDENTIAL ACTION REGARDING NAFTA IM23 PORTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In determining whether to takeaction under chapter 1 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974

with respect to imports from a NAFTA country, the Presi dent shall determine whether—

3 (1) imports from such country, considered indi4 vidually, account for a substantial share of total im5 ports; or

6 (2) imports from a NAFTA country, considered 7 individually, or in exceptional circumstances imports 8 from NAFTA countries considered collectively, con-9 tribute importantly to the serious injury, or threat 10 thereof, found by the International Trade Commis-11 sion.

12 (b) EXCLUSION OF NAFTA IMPORTS.—In determin-13 ing the nature and extent of action to be taken under 14 chapter 1 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974, the Presi-15 dent shall exclude from such action imports from a 16 NAFTA country if the President makes a negative deter-17 mination under subsection (a)(1) or (2) with respect to 18 imports from such country.

19 (c) ACTION AFTER EXCLUSION OF NAFTA COUN-20 TRY IMPORTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If the President, under subsection (b), excludes imports from a NAFTA country or countries from action under chapter 1 of title
II of the Trade Act of 1974 but thereafter determines that a surge in imports from that country or

- countries is undermining the effectiveness of the ac tion—
- 3 (A) the President may take appropriate ac4 tion under such chapter 1 to include those im5 ports in the action; and

6 (B) any entity that is representative of an 7 industry for which such action is being taken 8 may request the International Trade Commis-9 sion to conduct an investigation of the surge in 10 such imports.

11 (2) INVESTIGATION.—Upon receiving a request under paragraph (1)(B), the International Trade 12 Commission shall conduct an investigation to deter-13 14 mine whether a surge in such imports undermines the effectiveness of the action. The International 15 Trade Commission shall submit the findings of its 16 17 investigation to the President no later than 30 days 18 after the request is received by the International 19 Trade Commission.

20 (3) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this sub21 section, the term "surge" means a significant in22 crease in imports over the trend for a recent rep23 resentative base period.

24 (d) CONDITION APPLICABLE TO QUANTITATIVE RE-25 STRICTIONS.—Any action taken under this section proclaiming a quantitative restriction shall permit the impor tation of a quantity or value of the article which is not
 less than the quantity or value of such article imported
 into the United States during the most recent period that
 is representative of imports of such article, with allowance
 for reasonable growth.

7

PART 3—GENERAL PROVISIONS

8 SEC. 315. PROVISIONAL RELIEF.

9 Section 202(d) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
10 2252(d)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)(A) by inserting "or citrus" 11 product" after "agricultural product" each place it 12 13 appears; (2) in the text of paragraph (1)(C) that appears 14 15 before subclauses (I) and (II)— (A) by inserting "or citrus product" after 16 "agricultural product" each place it appears, 17 18 and 19 (B) by inserting "or citrus product" after "perishable product"; 20 (3) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and 21 (B) of paragraph (5) as subparagraphs (B) and (C); 22

and and

24 (4) by inserting a new subparagraph (A) in25 paragraph (5) to read as follows:

"(A) The term 'citrus product' means any
 processed oranges or grapefruit, or any orange
 or grapefruit juice, including concentrate.".

4 SEC. 316. MONITORING.

For purposes of expediting an investigation concerning provisional relief under this subtitle or section 202 of
the Trade Act of 1974 regarding—

8 (1) fresh or chilled tomatoes provided for in
9 subheading 0702.00.00 of the HTS; and

10 (2) fresh or chilled peppers, other than chili
11 peppers provided for in subheading 0709.60.00 of
12 the HTS;

the International Trade Commission, until January 1, 13 2009, shall monitor imports of such goods as if proper 14 requests for such monitoring had been made under sub-15 section 202(d)(1)(C)(i) of such section 202. At the request 16 of the International Trade Commission, the Secretary of 17 Agriculture and the Commissioner of Customs shall pro-18 vide to the International Trade Commission information 19 relevant to the monitoring carried out under this section. 20 SEC. 317. PROCEDURES CONCERNING THE CONDUCT OF 21 22 INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION INVES-23 TIGATIONS.

24 (a) PROCEDURES AND RULES.—The International25 Trade Commission shall adopt such procedures and rules

and regulations as are necessary to bring its procedures
 into conformity with chapter 8 of the Agreement.

3 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 202(a) of 4 the Trade Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end 5 thereof the following:

6 "(8) The procedures concerning the release of 7 confidential business information set forth in section 8 332(g) of the Tariff Act of 1930 shall apply with re-9 spect to information received by the Commission in 10 the course of investigations conducted under this 11 chapter and part 1 of title III of the North Amer-12 ican Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act.".

13 SEC. 318. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Except as provided in section 308(b), the provisions of this subtitle take effect on the date the Agreement enters into force with respect to the United States.

17 Subtitle B—Agriculture

18 SEC. 321. AGRICULTURE.

19 (a) MEAT IMPORT ACT OF 1979.—The Meat Import
20 Act of 1979 (19 U.S.C. 2253 note) is amended—

21 (1) in subsection (b)—

22 (A) by striking the last sentence in para-23 graph (2),

1	(B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as
2	paragraph (4) and inserting after paragraph
3	(2) the following new paragraph:
4	''(3) The term 'meat articles' does not include
5	any article described in paragraph (2) that—
6	''(A) originates in a NAFTA country (as
7	determined in accordance with section 202 of
8	the NAFTA Act), or
9	''(B) originates in Canada (as determined
10	in accordance with section 202 of the United
11	States-Canada Free-Trade Agreement Imple-
12	mentation Act of 1988) during such time as the
13	United States-Canada Free-Trade Agreement is
14	in force with respect to, and the United States
15	applies such Agreement to, Canada.''; and
16	(C) by inserting after paragraph (4) (as
17	redesignated by subparagraph (B) of this para-
18	graph) the following new paragraphs:
19	((5) The term 'NAFTA Act' means the North
20	American Free Trade Agreement Implementation
21	Act.
22	''(6) The term 'NAFTA country' has the mean-
23	ing given such term in section 2(4) of the NAFTA
24	Act.'';

(2) in subsection (f)(1), by striking the end pe-1 2 riod and inserting ", except that the President may 3 exclude any such article originating in a NAFTA 4 country (as determined in accordance with section 5 202 of the NAFTA Act) or, if paragraph (3)(B) applies, any such article originating in Canada as de-6 accordance 7 termined in with such paragraph 8 (3)(B)."; and

9 (3) in subsection (i), by inserting "and Mexico"
10 after "Canada" each place it appears.

11 (b) Section 22 of the Agricultural Adjust-12 Ment Act.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The President may, pursu-13 14 ant to article 309 and Annex 703.2 of the Agree-15 ment, exempt from any quantitative limitation or fee imposed pursuant to section 22 of the Agricultural 16 17 Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 624), reenacted with 18 amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agree-19 ment Act of 1937, any article which originates in 20 Mexico, if Mexico is a NAFTA country.

(2) QUALIFICATION OF ARTICLES.—The determination of whether an article originates in Mexico
shall be made in accordance with section 202, except
that operations performed in, or materials obtained
from, any country other than the United States or

1	Mexico shall be treated as if performed in or ob-
2	tained from a country other than a NAFTA country.
3	(c) TARIFF RATE QUOTAS.—In implementing the
4	tariff rate quotas set out in the United States Schedule
5	to Annex 302.2 of the Agreement, the President shall take
6	such action as may be necessary to ensure that imports
7	of agricultural goods do not disrupt the orderly marketing
8	of commodities in the United States.
9	(d) PEANUTS.—
10	(1) Effect of the agreement.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in the Agree-
12	ment or this Act reduces or eliminates—
13	(i) any penalty required under section
14	358e(d) of the Agricultural Adjustment
15	Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1359a(d)); or
16	(ii) any requirement under Marketing
17	Agreement No. 146, Regulating the Qual-
18	ity of Domestically Produced Peanuts, on
19	peanuts in the domestic market, pursuant
20	to section 108B(f) of the Agricultural Act
21	of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1445c-3(f)).
22	(B) REENTRY OF EXPORTED PEANUTS.—
23	Paragraph (6) of section 358e(d) of the Agri-
24	cultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C.
25	1359a(d)(6)) is amended to read as follows:

"(6) REENTRY OF EXPORTED PEANUTS.—

"(A) PENALTY.—If any additional peanuts
exported by a handler are reentered into the
United States in commercial quantities as determined by the Secretary, the importer of the
peanuts shall be subject to a penalty at a rate
equal to 140 percent of the loan level for quota
peanuts on the quantity of peanuts reentered.

9 "(B) RECORDS.—Each person, firm, or 10 handler who imports peanuts into the United 11 States shall maintain such records and docu-12 ments as are required by the Secretary to en-13 sure compliance with this subsection.".

14 (2) CONSULTATIONS ON IMPORTS.—It is the 15 sense of Congress that the United States should re-16 quest consultations in the Working Group on Emer-17 gency Action, established in the Understanding Be-18 tween the Parties to the North American Free 19 Trade Agreement Concerning Chapter Eight— 20 Emergency Action, if imports of peanuts exceed the in-quota quantity under a tariff rate quota set out 21 22 in the United States Schedule to Annex 302.2 of the Agreement concerning whether— 23

24 (A) the increased imports of peanuts con-25 stitute a substantial cause of, or contribute im-

portantly to, serious injury, or threat of serious 1 2 injury, to the domestic peanut industry; and (B) recourse under Chapter Eight of the 3 Agreement or Article XIX of the General 4 5 Agreement on Tariffs and Trade is appropriate. 6 (e) FRESH FRUITS, VEGETABLES, AND CUT FLOW-7 ERS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture 8 shall collect and compile the information specified 9 under paragraph (3), if reasonably available, from 10 11 appropriate Federal departments and agencies and 12 the relevant counterpart ministries of the Government of Mexico. 13 14 (2) DESIGNATION OF AN OFFICE.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall designate an office within 15 the United States Department of Agriculture to be 16 17 responsible for maintaining and disseminating, in a 18 timely manner, the data accumulated for verifying 19 citrus, fruit, vegetable, and cut flower trade between 20 the United States and Mexico. The information shall 21 be made available to the public and the NAFTA Ag-22 riculture Committee Working Groups. 23 (3) INFORMATION COLLECTED.—The information to be collected, if reasonably available, in-24 cludes— 25

1	(A) monthly fresh fruit, fresh vegetable,
2	fresh citrus, and processed citrus product im-
3	port and export data;
4	(B) monthly citrus juice production and
5	export data;
6	(C) data on inspections of shipments of cit-
7	rus, vegetables, and cut flowers entering the
8	United States from Mexico; and
9	(D) in the case of fruits, vegetables, and
10	cut flowers entering the United States from
11	Mexico, data regarding—
12	(i) planted and harvested acreage; and
13	(ii) wholesale prices, quality, and
14	grades.
15	(f) END-USE CERTIFICATES.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture
17	(referred to in this subsection as the "Secretary")
18	shall implement, in coordination with the Commis-
19	sioner of Customs, a program requiring that end-use
20	certificates be included in the documentation cover-
21	ing the entry into, or the withdrawal from a ware-
22	house for consumption in, the customs territory of
23	the United States—
24	(A) of any wheat that is a product of any
25	foreign country or instrumentality that re-

quires, as of the effective date of this sub-1 2 section, end-use certificates for imports of wheat that is a product of the United States 3 (referred to in this subsection as "United 4 5 States-produced wheat''); and (B) of any barley that is a product of any 6 7 foreign country or instrumentality that requires, as of the effective date of this sub-8 section, end-use certificates for imports of bar-9 ley that is a product of the United States (re-10 11 ferred to in this subsection as "United Statesproduced barley''). 12 (2) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall pre-13 14 scribe by regulation such requirements regarding the 15 information to be included in end-use certificates as 16 may be necessary and appropriate to carry out this 17 subsection. 18 (3)PRODUCER PROTECTION DETERMINA-19 TION.—At any time after the effective date of the 20 requirements established under paragraph (1), the Secretary may, subject to paragraph (5), suspend 21 22 the requirements when making a determination, 23 after consultation with domestic producers, that the program implemented under this subsection has di-24 25 rectly resulted in-

1	(A) the reduction of income to the United
2	States producers of agricultural commodities; or
3	(B) the reduction of the competitiveness of
4	United States agricultural commodities in the
5	world export markets.
6	(4) SUSPENSION OF REQUIREMENTS.—
7	(A) WHEAT.—If a foreign country or in-
8	strumentality that requires end-use certificates
9	for imports of United States-produced wheat as
10	of the effective date of the requirement under
11	paragraph (1)(A) eliminates the requirement,
12	the Secretary shall suspend the requirement
13	under paragraph (1)(A) beginning 30 calendar
14	days after suspension by the foreign country or
15	instrumentality.
16	(B) BARLEY.—If a foreign country or in-
17	strumentality that requires end-use certificates
18	for imports of United States-produced barley as
19	of the effective date of the requirement under
20	paragraph (1)(B) eliminates the requirement,
21	the Secretary shall suspend the requirement
22	under paragraph (1)(B) beginning 30 calendar
23	days after suspension by the foreign country or
24	instrumentality.

1 (5) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary 2 shall not suspend the requirements established under 3 paragraph (1) under circumstances identified in 4 paragraph (3) before the Secretary submits a report 5 to Congress detailing the determination made under 6 paragraph (3) and the reasons for making the deter-7 mination.

8 (6) COMPLIANCE.—It shall be a violation of 9 section 1001 of title 18, United States Code, for a 10 person to engage in fraud or knowingly violate this 11 subsection or a regulation implementing this sub-12 section.

13 (7) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This subsection shall
14 become effective on the date that is 120 days after
15 the date of enactment of this Act.

(g) AGRICULTURAL FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.—Section 1542(d) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and
Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101–624; 7 U.S.C. 5622
note) is amended by adding at the end the following new
paragraph:

21 "(3) AGRICULTURAL FELLOWSHIPS FOR NAFTA
22 COUNTRIES.—

23 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
24 grant fellowships to individuals from countries
25 that are parties to the North American Free

1	Trade Agreement (referred to in this paragraph
2	as 'NAFTA') to study agriculture in the United
3	States, and to individuals in the United States
4	to study agriculture in other NAFTA countries.
5	"(B) PURPOSE.—The purpose of fellow-
6	ships granted under this paragraph is—
7	"(i) to allow the recipients to expand
8	their knowledge and understanding of agri-
9	cultural systems and practices in other
10	NAFTA countries;
11	"(ii) to facilitate the improvement of
12	agricultural systems in NAFTA countries;
13	and
14	''(iii) to establish and expand agricul-
15	tural trade linkages between the United
16	States and other NAFTA countries.
17	"(C) ELIGIBLE RECIPIENTS.—The Sec-
18	retary may provide fellowships under this para-
19	graph to agricultural producers and consult-
20	ants, government officials, and other individuals
21	from the private and public sectors.
22	"(D) ACCEPTANCE OF GIFTS.—The Sec-
23	retary may accept money, funds, property, and
24	services of every kind by gift, devise, bequest,
25	grant, or otherwise, and may in any manner,

1	dispose of all of the holdings and use the re-
2	ceipts generated from the disposition to carry
3	out this paragraph. Receipts under this para-
4	graph shall remain available until expended.".
5	"(E) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-
6	TION.—There are authorized to be appropriated
7	such sums as are necessary to carry out this
8	paragraph.''.
9	(h) Assistance for Affected Farmworkers.—
10	
11	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (3), if
12	at any time the Secretary of Agriculture determines
13	that the implementation of the Agreement has
14	caused low-income migrant or seasonal farmworkers
15	to lose income, the Secretary may make available
16	grants, not to exceed \$20,000,000 for any fiscal
17	year, to public agencies or private organizations with
18	tax-exempt status under section $501(c)(3)$ of the In-
19	ternal Revenue Code of 1986, that have experience
20	in providing emergency services to low-income mi-
21	grant or seasonal farmworkers. Emergency services
22	to be provided with assistance received under this
23	subsection may include such types of assistance as
24	the Secretary determines to be necessary and appro-
25	priate.

(2) DEFINITION.—As used in this subsection, 2 the term "low-income migrant or seasonal farm-3 worker" shall have the same meaning as provided in 4 section 2281(b) of the Food, Agriculture, Conserva-5 tion, and Trade Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 5177a(b)). 6 (3)AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There 7 are authorized to be appropriated \$20,000,000 for each fiscal year to carry out this 8 subsection. 9 10 (i) BIENNIAL REPORT ON EFFECTS OF THE AGREE-11 MENT ON AMERICAN AGRICULTURE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture 12 shall prepare a biennial report on the effects of the 13 14 Agreement on United States producers of agricultural commodities and on rural communities located 15 in the United States. 16

17 (2) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—The report re-18 quired under this subsection shall include—

19 (A) an assessment of the effects of imple-20 menting the Agreement on the various agricultural commodities affected by the Agreement, 21 22 on a commodity-by-commodity basis;

(B) an assessment of the effects of imple-23 24 menting the Agreement on investments made in

1

1	United States agriculture and on rural commu-
2	nities located in the United States;
3	(C) an assessment of the effects of imple-
4	menting the Agreement on employment in Unit-
5	ed States agriculture, including any gains or
6	losses of jobs in businesses directly or indirectly
7	related to United States agriculture; and
8	(D) such other information and data as
9	the Secretary determines appropriate.
10	(3) SUBMISSION OF REPORT.—The Secretary
11	shall furnish the report required under this sub-
12	section to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition,
13	and Forestry of the Senate and to the Committee on
14	Agriculture of the House of Representatives. The re-
15	port shall be due every 2 years and shall be submit-
16	ted by March 1 of the year in which the report is
17	due. The first report shall be due by March 1, 1997,
18	and the final report shall be due by March 1, 2011.
19	Subtitle C—Intellectual Property
20	SEC. 331. TREATMENT OF INVENTIVE ACTIVITY.
21	Section 104 of title 35, United States Code, is
22	amended to read as follows:
23	"§104. Invention made abroad
24	"(a) IN GENERAL.—In proceedings in the Patent and
25	Trademark Office, in the courts, and before any other

competent authority, an applicant for a patent, or a pat-1 entee, may not establish a date of invention by reference 2 to knowledge or use thereof, or other activity with respect 3 thereto, in a foreign country other than a NAFTA coun-4 try, except as provided in sections 119 and 365 of this 5 title. Where an invention was made by a person, civil or 6 military, while domiciled in the United States or a 7 8 NAFTA country and serving in any other country in con-9 nection with operations by or on behalf of the United 10 States or a NAFTA country, the person shall be entitled to the same rights of priority in the United States with 11 respect to such invention as if such invention had been 12 made in the United States or a NAFTA country. To the 13 extent that any information in a NAFTA country concern-14 ing knowledge, use, or other activity relevant to proving 15 or disproving a date of invention has not been made avail-16 17 able for use in a proceeding in the Office, a court, or any other competent authority to the same extent as such in-18 formation could be made available in the United States, 19 the Commissioner, court, or such other authority shall 20 draw appropriate inferences, or take other action per-21 mitted by statute, rule, or regulation, in favor of the party 22 that requested the information in the proceeding. 23

24 ''(b) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term25 'NAFTA country' has the meaning given that term in sec-

tion 2(4) of the North American Free Trade Agreement
 Implementation Act.".

3 SEC. 332. RENTAL RIGHTS IN SOUND RECORDINGS.

4 Section 4 of the Record Rental Amendment of 1984
5 (17 U.S.C. 109 note) is amended by striking out sub6 section (c).

7 SEC. 333. NONREGISTRABILITY OF MISLEADING GEO-8 GRAPHIC INDICATIONS.

9 (a) MARKS NOT REGISTRABLE ON THE PRINCIPAL 10 REGISTER.—Section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act to pro-11 vide for the registration and protection of trademarks used 12 in commerce, to carry out the provisions of certain inter-13 national conventions, and for other purposes", approved 14 July 5, 1946, commonly referred to as the Trademark Act 15 of 1946 (15 U.S.C. 1052(e)), is amended—

16 (1) by amending subsection (e) to read as fol-17 lows:

18 "(e) Consists of a mark which (1) when used on or in connection with the goods of the applicant is merely 19 descriptive or deceptively misdescriptive of them, (2) when 20 21 used on or in connection with the goods of the applicant is primarily geographically descriptive of them, except as 22 indications of regional origin may be registrable under sec-23 tion 4, (3) when used on or in connection with the goods 24 of the applicant is primarily geographically deceptively 25

1 misdescriptive of them, or (4) is primarily merely a sur-2 name."; and

3 (2) in subsection (f)—

4

5

(A) by striking out "and (d)" and insert-ing "(d), and (e)(3)"; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new 6 7 sentence: "Nothing in this section shall prevent the registration of a mark which, when used on 8 9 or in connection with the goods of the applicant, is primarily geographically deceptively 10 misdescriptive of them, and which became dis-11 tinctive of the applicant's goods in commerce 12 13 before the date of the enactment of the North 14 American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act.". 15

16 (b) SUPPLEMENTAL REGISTER.—Section 23(a) of 17 the Trademark Act of 1946 (15 U.S.C. 1091(a)) is 18 amended—

(1) by striking out "and (d)" and inserting"(d), and (e)(3)"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new sentence: "Nothing in this section shall prevent the registration on the supplemental register of a mark, capable of distinguishing the applicant's goods or services and not registrable on the principal register

under this Act, that is declared to be unregistrable
under section 2(e)(3), if such mark has been in lawful use in commerce by the owner thereof, on or in
connection with any goods or services, since before
the date of the enactment of the North American
Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act.".

7 SEC. 334. MOTION PICTURES IN THE PUBLIC DOMAIN.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 1 of title 17, United 9 States Code, is amended by inserting after section 104 the 10 following new section:

11 **"§104A. Copyright in certain motion pictures**

12 "(a) RESTORATION OF COPYRIGHT.—Subject to sub13 sections (b) and (c)—

"(1) any motion picture that is first fixed or
published in the territory of a NAFTA country as
defined in section 2(4) of the North American Free
Trade Agreement Implementation Act to which
Annex 1705.7 of the North American Free Trade
Agreement applies, and

20 "(2) any work included in such motion picture
21 that is first fixed in or published with such motion
22 picture,

that entered the public domain in the United States be-cause it was first published on or after January 1, 1978,and before March 1, 1989, without the notice required by

1 section 401, 402, or 403 of this title, the absence of which 2 has not been excused by the operation of section 405 of 3 this title, as such sections were in effect during that pe-4 riod, shall have copyright protection under this title for 5 the remainder of the term of copyright protection to which 6 it would have been entitled in the United States had it 7 been published with such notice.

"(b) EFFECTIVE DATE OF PROTECTION.—The pro-8 tection provided under subsection (a) shall become effec-9 10 tive, with respect to any motion picture or work included in such motion picture meeting the criteria of that sub-11 section, 1 year after the date on which the North Amer-12 ican Free Trade Agreement enters into force with respect 13 to, and the United States applies the Agreement to, the 14 country in whose territory the motion picture was first 15 fixed or published if, before the end of that 1-year period, 16 the copyright owner in the motion picture or work files 17 with the Copyright Office a statement of intent to have 18 copyright protection restored under subsection (a). The 19 Copyright Office shall publish in the Federal Register 20 promptly after that effective date a list of motion pictures, 21 22 and works included in such motion pictures, for which protection is provided under subsection (a). 23

24 "(c) USE OF PREVIOUSLY OWNED COPIES.—A na-25 tional or domiciliary of the United States who, before the

date of the enactment of the North American Free Trade 1 Agreement Implementation Act, made or acquired copies 2 of a motion picture, or other work included in such motion 3 picture, that is subject to protection under subsection (a), 4 may sell or distribute such copies or continue to perform 5 publicly such motion picture and other work without liabil-6 7 ity for such sale, distribution, or performance, for a period of 1 year after the date on which the list of motion pic-8 9 tures, and works included in such motion pictures, that are subject to protection under subsection (a) is published 10 in the Federal Register under subsection (b).". 11

12 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sec-13 tions at the beginning of chapter 1 of title 17, United 14 States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relat-15 ing to section 104 the following new item:

"104A. Copyright in certain motion pictures.".

16 SEC. 335. EFFECTIVE DATES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsections (b) and (c),
the amendments made by this subtitle take effect on the
date the Agreement enters into force with respect to the
United States.

(b) SECTION 331.—The amendments made by section 331 shall apply to all patent applications that are
filed on or after the date of the enactment of this Act: *Provided*, That an applicant for a patent, or a patentee,
may not establish a date of invention by reference to

knowledge or use thereof, or other activity with respect
 thereto, in a NAFTA country, except as provided in sec tions 119 and 365 of title 35, United States Code, that
 is earlier than the date of the enactment of this Act.

5 (c) SECTION 333.—The amendments made by section
6 333 shall apply only to trademark applications filed on
7 or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

8 Subtitle D—Temporary Entry of 9 Business Persons

10 SEC. 341. TEMPORARY ENTRY.

11 (a) Nonimmigrant Traders and Investors.— Upon a basis of reciprocity secured by the Agreement, an 12 alien who is a citizen of Canada or Mexico, and the spouse 13 and children of any such alien if accompanying or follow-14 ing to join such alien, may, if otherwise eligible for a visa 15 and if otherwise admissible into the United States under 16 the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et 17 seq.), be considered to be classifiable as a nonimmigrant 18 under section 101(a)(15)(E) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 19 1101(a)(15)(E) if entering solely for a purpose specified 20in Section B of Annex 1603 of the Agreement, but only 21 if any such purpose shall have been specified in such 22 Annex on the date of entry into force of the Agreement. 23 24 For purposes of this section, the term "citizen of Mexico"

1 means "citizen" as defined in Annex 1608 of the Agree-2 ment.

3 (b) NONIMMIGRANT PROFESSIONALS AND ANNUAL 4 NUMERICAL LIMIT.—Section 214 of the Immigration and 5 Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1184) is amended by redesig-6 nating subsection (e) as paragraph (1) of subsection (e) 7 and adding after such paragraph (1), as redesignated, the 8 following new paragraphs:

"(2) An alien who is a citizen of Canada or Mexico, 9 and the spouse and children of any such alien if accom-10 panying or following to join such alien, who seeks to enter 11 the United States under and pursuant to the provisions 12 of Section D of Annex 1603 of the North American Free 13 Trade Agreement (in this subsection referred to as 14 'NAFTA') to engage in business activities at a profes-15 sional level as provided for in such Annex, may be admit-16 ted for such purpose under regulations of the Attorney 17 General promulgated after consultation with the Secretar-18 ies of State and Labor. For purposes of this Act, including 19 the issuance of entry documents and the application of 20 subsection (b), such alien shall be treated as if seeking 21 22 classification, or classifiable, as a nonimmigrant under section 101(a)(15). The admission of an alien who is a 23 24 citizen of Mexico shall be subject to paragraphs (3), (4), and (5). For purposes of this paragraph and paragraphs 25

1 (3), (4), and (5), the term "citizen of Mexico" means "citi-2 zen" as defined in Annex 1608 of NAFTA.

3 "(3) The Attorney General shall establish an annual
4 numerical limit on admissions under paragraph (2) of
5 aliens who are citizens of Mexico, as set forth in Appendix
6 1603.D.4 of Annex 1603 of the NAFTA. Subject to para7 graph (4), the annual numerical limit—

8 "(A) beginning with the second year that 9 NAFTA is in force, may be increased in accordance 10 with the provisions of paragraph 5(a) of Section D 11 of such Annex, and

12 "(B) shall cease to apply as provided for in13 paragraph 3 of such Appendix.

"(4) The annual numerical limit referred to in paragraph (3) may be increased or shall cease to apply (other
than by operation of paragraph 3 of such Appendix) only
if—

"(A) the President has obtained advice regarding the proposed action from the appropriate advisory committees established under section 135 of the
Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2155);

"(B) the President has submitted a report to
the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and
the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of
Representatives that sets forth—

1	"(i) the action proposed to be taken and
2	the reasons therefor, and
3	''(ii) the advice obtained under subpara-
4	graph (A);
5	''(C) a period of at least 60 calendar days that
6	begins on the first day on which the President has
7	met the requirements of subparagraphs (A) and (B)
8	with respect to such action has expired; and
9	"(D) the President has consulted with such
10	committees regarding the proposed action during the
11	period referred to in subparagraph (C).
12	"(5) During the period that the provisions of Appen-
13	dix 1603.D.4 of Annex 1603 of the NAFTA apply, the
14	entry of an alien who is a citizen of Mexico under and
15	pursuant to the provisions of Section D of Annex 1603
16	of NAFTA shall be subject to the attestation requirement
17	of section 212(m), in the case of a registered nurse, or
18	the application requirement of section $212(n)$, in the case
19	of all other professions set out in Appendix 1603.D.1 of
20	Annex 1603 of NAFTA, and the petition requirement of
21	subsection (c), to the extent and in the manner prescribed
22	in regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Labor,
23	with respect to sections 212(m) and 212(n), and the At-
24	torney General, with respect to subsection (c).".

(c) LABOR DISPUTES.—Section 214 of the Immigra tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1184) is amended by
 adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(j) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, 4 an alien who is a citizen of Canada or Mexico who seeks 5 to enter the United States under and pursuant to the pro-6 visions of Section B, Section C, or Section D of Annex 7 1603 of the North American Free Trade Agreement, shall 8 9 not be classified as a nonimmigrant under such provisions if there is in progress a strike or lockout in the course 10 of a labor dispute in the occupational classification at the 11 place or intended place of employment, unless such alien 12 establishes, pursuant to regulations promulgated by the 13 Attorney General, that the alien's entry will not affect ad-14 versely the settlement of the strike or lockout or the em-15 ployment of any person who is involved in the strike or 16 lockout. Notice of a determination under this subsection 17 shall be given as may be required by paragraph 3 of article 18 1603 of such Agreement. For purposes of this subsection, 19 the term 'citizen of Mexico' means 'citizen' as defined in 20 Annex 1608 of such Agreement.". 21

22 SEC. 342. EFFECTIVE DATE.

The provisions of this subtitle take effect on the datethe Agreement enters into force with respect to the UnitedStates.

1	Subtitle E—Standards
2	PART 1—STANDARDS AND MEASURES
3	SEC. 351. STANDARDS AND SANITARY AND PHYTOSANITARY
4	MEASURES.
5	(a) IN GENERAL.—Title IV of the Trade Agreements
6	Act of 1979 (19 U.S.C. 2531 et seq.) is amended by in-
7	serting at the end the following new subtitle:
8	"Subtitle E—Standards and Meas-
9	ures Under the North American
10	Free Trade Agreement
11	"CHAPTER 1—SANITARY AND
12	PHYTOSANITARY MEASURES
13	"SEC. 461. GENERAL.
14	"Nothing in this chapter may be construed—
15	"(1) to prohibit a Federal agency or State
16	agency from engaging in activity related to sanitary
17	or phytosanitary measures to protect human, ani-
18	mal, or plant life or health; or
19	"(2) to limit the authority of a Federal agency
20	or State agency to determine the level of protection
21	of human, animal, or plant life or health the agency
22	considers appropriate.
23	"SEC. 462. INQUIRY POINT.
24	"The standards information center maintained under

24 The standards information center maintained under25 section 414 shall, in addition to the functions specified

therein, make available to the public relevant documents,
 at such reasonable fees as the Secretary of Commerce may
 prescribe, and information regarding—

4 "(1) any sanitary or phytosanitary measure of
5 general application, including any control or inspec6 tion procedure or approval procedure proposed,
7 adopted, or maintained by a Federal or State agen8 cy;

9 "(2) the procedures of a Federal or State agen-10 cy for risk assessment, and factors the agency con-11 siders in conducting the assessment and in establish-12 ing the levels of protection that the agency considers 13 appropriate;

14 "(3) the membership and participation of the 15 Federal Government and State governments in inter-16 national and regional sanitary and phytosanitary or-17 ganizations and systems, and in bilateral and multi-18 lateral regarding arrangements sanitary and 19 phytosanitary measures, and the provisions of those 20 systems and arrangements; and

21 "(4) the location of notices of the type required
22 under article 719 of the NAFTA, or where the infor23 mation contained in such notices can be obtained.

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1 "SEC. 463. CHAPTER DEFINITIONS.

2 "Notwithstanding section 451, for purposes of this3 chapter—

4 "(1) ANIMAL.—The term 'animal' includes fish,
5 bees, and wild fauna.

6 ''(2) APPROVAL PROCEDURE.—The term 'ap-7 proval procedure' means any registration, notifica-8 tion, or other mandatory administrative procedure 9 for—

"(A) approving the use of an additive for
a stated purpose or under stated conditions, or
"(B) establishing a tolerance for a stated
purpose or under stated conditions for a contaminant,

in a food, beverage, or feedstuff prior to permitting
the use of the additive or the marketing of a food,
beverage, or feedstuff containing the additive or contaminant.

19 ''(3) CONTAMINANT.—The term 'contaminant'
20 includes pesticide and veterinary drug residues and
21 extraneous matter.

"(4) CONTROL OR INSPECTION PROCEDURE.—
The term 'control or inspection procedure' means
any procedure used, directly or indirectly, to determine that a sanitary or phytosanitary measure is
fulfilled, including sampling, testing, inspection,

1	evaluation, verification, monitoring, auditing, assur-
2	ance of conformity, accreditation, registration, cer-
3	tification, or other procedure involving the physical
4	examination of a good, of the packaging of a good,
5	or of the equipment or facilities directly related to
6	production, marketing, or use of a good, but does
7	not mean an approval procedure.
8	''(5) PLANT.—The term 'plant' includes wild
9	flora.
10	"(6) RISK ASSESSMENT.—The term 'risk as-
11	sessment' means an evaluation of—
12	"(A) the potential for the introduction, es-
13	tablishment or spread of a pest or disease and
14	associated biological and economic con-
15	sequences; or
16	"(B) the potential for adverse effects on
17	human or animal life or health arising from the
18	presence of an additive, contaminant, toxin or
19	disease-causing organism in a food, beverage, or
20	feedstuff.
21	"(7) Sanitary or phytosanitary meas-
22	URE.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'sanitary or
24	phytosanitary measure' means a measure to—

"(i) protect animal or plant life or health in the United States from risks arising from the introduction, establish-

ment, or spread of a pest or disease;

"(ii) protect human or animal life or health in the United States from risks arising from the presence of an additive, contaminant, toxin, or disease-causing organism in a food, beverage, or feedstuff;

10"(iii) protect human life or health in11the United States from risks arising from12a disease-causing organism or pest carried13by an animal or plant, or a product there-14of; or

15 ''(iv) prevent or limit other damage in
16 the United States arising from the intro17 duction, establishment, or spread of a pest.
18 ''(B) FORM.—The form of a sanitary or

phytosanitary measure includes—

21 ''(ii) a product-related processing or
22 production method;

"(i) end product criteria;

23 ''(iii) a testing, inspection, certifi24 cation, or approval procedure;

25 "(iv) a relevant statistical method;

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1	"(v) a sampling procedure;
2	"(vi) a method of risk assessment;
3	''(vii) a packaging and labeling re-
4	quirement directly related to food safety;
5	and
6	''(viii) a quarantine treatment, such
7	as a relevant requirement associated with
8	the transportation of animals or plants or
9	with material necessary for their survival
10	during transportation.
11	"CHAPTER 2—STANDARDS-RELATED
12	MEASURES
13	"SEC. 471. GENERAL.
14	"(a) No Bar To Engaging in Standards Activ-
15	ITY.—Nothing in this chapter shall be construed—
16	"(1) to prohibit a Federal agency from engag-
17	ing in activity related to standards-related measures,
18	
	including any such measure relating to safety, the
19	including any such measure relating to safety, the protection of human, animal, or plant life or health,
19 20	
	protection of human, animal, or plant life or health,
20	protection of human, animal, or plant life or health, the environment or consumers; or
20 21	protection of human, animal, or plant life or health, the environment or consumers; or "(2) to limit the authority of a Federal agency
20 21 22	protection of human, animal, or plant life or health, the environment or consumers; or ''(2) to limit the authority of a Federal agency to determine the level it considers appropriate of
20212223	protection of human, animal, or plant life or health, the environment or consumers; or "(2) to limit the authority of a Federal agency to determine the level it considers appropriate of safety or of protection of human, animal, or plant

"(1) technical specifications prepared by a Fed eral agency for production or consumption require ments of the agency; or

4 "(2) sanitary or phytosanitary measures under5 chapter 1.

6 "SEC. 472. INQUIRY POINT.

7 "The standards information center maintained under
8 section 414 shall, in addition to the functions specified
9 therein, make available to the public relevant documents,
10 at such reasonable fees as the Secretary of Commerce may
11 prescribe, and information regarding—

"(1) the membership and participation of the 12 Federal Government, State governments, and rel-13 14 evant nongovernmental bodies in the United States 15 in international and regional standardizing bodies 16 and conformity assessment systems, and in bilateral 17 and multilateral arrangements regarding standards-18 related measures, and the provisions of those sys-19 tems and arrangements;

"(2) the location of notices of the type required
under article 909 of the NAFTA, or where the information contained in such notice can be obtained;
and

24 "(3) the Federal agency procedures for assess-25 ment of risk, and factors the agency considers in

conducting the assessment and establishing the lev els of protection that the agency considers appro priate.

4 "SEC. 473. CHAPTER DEFINITIONS.

5 "Notwithstanding section 451, for purposes of this6 chapter—

"(1) APPROVAL PROCEDURE.—The term 'approval procedure' means any registration, notification, or other mandatory administrative procedure
for granting permission for a good or service to be
produced, marketed, or used for a stated purpose or
under stated conditions.

13 "(2) Conformity assessment procedure.— 14 The term 'conformity assessment procedure' means 15 any procedure used, directly or indirectly, to deter-16 mine that a technical regulation or standard is ful-17 filled, including sampling, testing, inspection, evalua-18 tion, verification, monitoring, auditing, assurance of 19 conformity, accreditation, registration, or approval 20 used for such a purpose, but does not mean an approval procedure. 21

22 ''(3) OBJECTIVE.—The term 'objective' in23 cludes—

24 "(A) safety,

1	''(B) protection of human, animal, or plant
2	life or health, the environment or consumers,
3	including matters relating to quality and iden-
4	tifiability of goods or services, and
5	''(C) sustainable development,
6	but does not include the protection of domestic pro-
7	duction.
8	''(4) SERVICE.—The term 'service' means a
9	land transportation service or a telecommunications
10	service.
11	((5) STANDARD.—The term 'standard'
12	means—
13	''(A) characteristics for a good or a service,
14	''(B) characteristics, rules, or guidelines
15	for—
16	''(i) processes or production methods
17	relating to such good, or
18	''(ii) operating methods relating to
19	such service, and
20	''(C) provisions specifying terminology,
21	symbols, packaging, marking, or labelling for—
22	''(i) a good or its related process or
23	production methods, or
24	"(ii) a service or its related operating
25	methods,

1	for common and repeated use, including explan-
2	atory and other related provisions set out in a
3	document approved by a standardizing body,
4	with which compliance is not mandatory.
5	"(6) Standards-related measure.—The
6	term 'standards-related measure' means a standard,
7	technical regulation, or conformity assessment proce-
8	dure.
9	"(7) TECHNICAL REGULATION.—The term
10	'technical regulation' means—
11	"(A) characteristics or their related proc-
12	esses and production methods for a good,
13	"(B) characteristics for a service or its re-
14	lated operating methods, or
15	''(C) provisions specifying terminology,
16	symbols, packaging, marking, or labelling for—
17	"(i) a good or its related process or
18	production method, or
19	"(ii) a service or its related operating
20	method,
21	set out in a document, including applicable adminis-
22	trative, explanatory, and other related provisions,
23	with which compliance is mandatory.
24	"(8) TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE.—The
25	term 'telecommunications service' means a service

provided by means of the transmission and reception
 of signals by any electromagnetic means, but does
 not mean the cable, broadcast, or other electro magnetic distribution of radio or television program ming to the public generally.

6 **"CHAPTER 3—SUBTITLE DEFINITIONS**

7 **"SEC. 481. DEFINITIONS.**

8 "Notwithstanding section 451, for purposes of this9 subtitle—

10 "(1) NAFTA.—The term 'NAFTA' means the11 North American Free Trade Agreement.

12 ''(2) STATE.—The term 'State' means any of
13 the several States, the District of Columbia, and the
14 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.''.

15 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—

16 (1) DEFINITION OF TRADE REPRESENTA17 TIVE.—Section 451(12) of the Trade Agreements
18 Act of 1979 is amended to read as follows:

19 "(12) TRADE REPRESENTATIVE.—The term
20 "Trade Representative" means the United States
21 Trade Representative.".

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Title IV of
the Trade Agreement Act of 1979 is further amended—

(A) by striking out "Special Representa tive" each place it appears and inserting
 "Trade Representative"; and

4 (B) in the section heading to section 411,
5 by striking out "SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE"
6 and inserting "TRADE REPRESENTATIVE".

7 SEC. 352. TRANSPORTATION.

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8 No regulation issued by the Secretary of Transpor-9 tation implementing a recommendation of the Land 10 Transportation Standards Subcommittee established 11 under article 913(5)(a)(i) of the Agreement may take ef-12 fect before the date 90 days after the date of issuance.

14SEC. 361. AGRICULTURAL TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING15AMENDMENTS.

PART 2—AGRICULTURAL STANDARDS

16 (a) FEDERAL SEED ACT.—Section 302(e)(1) of the
17 Federal Seed Act (7 U.S.C. 1582(e)(1)) is amended by
18 inserting "or Mexico" after "Canada".

(b) IMPORTATION OF ANIMALS.—The first sentence
of section 6 of the Act of August 30, 1890 (26 Stat. 416,
chapter 839; 21 U.S.C. 104), is amended by striking ": *Provided*" and all that follows through the period at the
end of the sentence and inserting ", except that the Secretary of Agriculture, in accordance with such regulations
as the Secretary may issue, may (1) permit the importa-

1 tion of cattle, sheep, or other ruminants, and swine, from
2 Canada or Mexico, and (2) permit the importation from
3 the British Virgin Islands into the Virgin Islands of the
4 United States, for slaughter only, of cattle that have been
5 infested with or exposed to ticks on being freed from the
6 ticks.".

7 (c) INSPECTION OF ANIMALS.—Section 10 of the Act
8 of August 30, 1890 (26 Stat. 417, chapter 839; 21 U.S.C.
9 105), is amended—

10 (1) by inserting above "SEC. 10." the following11 new section heading:

12 "SEC. 10. INSPECTION OF ANIMALS.";

(2) by striking "SEC. 10. That the Secretary of
Agriculture shall" and inserting "(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the
Secretary of Agriculture shall"; and

17 (3) by adding at the end the following new sub-18 section:

19 "(b) EXCEPTION.—The Secretary of Agriculture, in 20 accordance with such regulations as the Secretary may 21 issue, may waive any provision of subsection (a) in the 22 case of shipments between the United States and Canada 23 or Mexico.".

24 (d) DISEASE-FREE COUNTRIES OR REGIONS.—

1	(1) TARIFF ACT OF 1930.—Section 306 of the
2	Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1306) is amended—
3	(A) in subsection (a), by striking ''RIN-
4	derpest and Foot-and-Mouth Disease.—If
5	the Secretary of Agriculture'' and inserting ''IN $% \mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{T}}$
6	GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
7	(b), if the Secretary of Agriculture''; and
8	(B) by striking subsection (b) and insert-
9	ing the following new subsection:
10	"(b) EXCEPTION.—The Secretary of Agriculture may
11	permit, subject to such terms and conditions as the Sec-
12	retary determines appropriate, the importation of cattle,
13	sheep, other ruminants, or swine (including embryos of the
14	animals), or the fresh, chilled, or frozen meat of the ani-
15	mals, from a region if the Secretary determines that the
16	region from which the animal or meat originated is, and
17	is likely to remain, free from rinderpest and foot-and-
18	mouth disease.".
19	(2) HONEYBEE ACT.—The first section of the
20	Act of August 31, 1922 (commonly known as the
21	"Honeybee Act") (42 Stat. 833, chapter 301; 7
22	U.S.C. 281), is amended—
23	(A) in subsection (a)—
24	(i) by striking ", or" at the end of
25	paragraph (1) and inserting a semicolon;

1	(ii) by striking the period at the end
2	of paragraph (2) and inserting ''; or''; and
3	(iii) by adding at the end the follow-
4	ing new paragraph:
5	''(3) from Canada or Mexico, subject to such
6	terms and conditions as the Secretary of Agriculture
7	determines appropriate, if the Secretary determines
8	that the region of Canada or Mexico from which the
9	honeybees originated is, and is likely to remain, free
10	of diseases or parasites harmful to honeybees, and
11	undesirable species or subspecies of honeybees."; and
12	(B) in subsection (b)—
13	(i) by inserting "(1)" after "imported
14	into the United States only from"; and
15	(ii) by inserting before the period the
16	following: '', or (2) Canada or Mexico, if
17	the Secretary of Agriculture determines
18	that the region of Canada or Mexico from
19	which the imports originate is, and is likely
20	to remain, free of undesirable species or
21	subspecies of honeybees".
22	(e) POULTRY PRODUCTS INSPECTION ACT.—Section
23	17(d) of the Poultry Products Inspection Act (21 U.S.C.
24	466(d)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting after "Not-1 2 withstanding any other provision of law," the following: "except as provided in paragraph (2),"; 3 (2) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as 4 paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively; and 5 (3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the follow-6 7 ing new paragraph: (2)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, 8 all poultry, or parts or products of poultry, capable of use 9 as human food offered for importation into the United 10 States from Canada and Mexico shall-11 "(i) comply with paragraph (1); or 12 "(ii)(I) be subject to inspection, sanitary, qual-13 ity, species verification, and residue standards that 14 are equivalent to United States standards; and 15 "(II) have been processed in facilities and 16 17 under conditions that meet standards that are equiv-18 alent to United States standards. 19 "(B) The Secretary may treat as equivalent to a United States standard a standard of Canada or Mexico 20 described in subparagraph (A)(ii) if the exporting country 21 22 provides the Secretary with scientific evidence or other information, in accordance with risk assessment methodolo-23 gies agreed to by the Secretary and the exporting country, 24

25 to demonstrate that the standard of the exporting country

achieves the level of protection that the Secretary consid ers appropriate.

3 "(C) The Secretary may—

4 "(i) determine, on a scientific basis, that the
5 standard of the exporting country does not achieve
6 the level of protection that the Secretary considers
7 appropriate; and

8 ''(ii) provide the basis for the determination in9 writing to the exporting country on request.''.

10 (f) FEDERAL MEAT INSPECTION ACT.—Section
11 20(e) of the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C.
12 620(e)) is amended—

(1) by striking "not be limited to—" and inserting "not be limited to the following:";

15 (2) by striking paragraph (1);

16 (3) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through17 (6) as paragraphs (3) through (7), respectively;

(4) by inserting after "not be limited to the following:" (as amended by paragraph (1)) the following new paragraphs:

"(1)(A) Subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C),
a certification by the Secretary that foreign plants
in Canada and Mexico that export carcasses or meat
or meat products referred to in subsection (a) have
complied with paragraph (2) or with requirements

that are equivalent to United States requirements
 with regard to all inspection and building construc tion standards, and all other provisions of this Act
 and regulations issued under this Act.

"(B) Subject to subparagraph (C), the Sec-5 6 retary may treat as equivalent to a United States re-7 quirement a requirement described in subparagraph (A) if the exporting country provides the Secretary 8 9 with scientific evidence or other information, in ac-10 cordance with risk assessment methodologies agreed 11 to by the Secretary and the exporting country, to 12 demonstrate that the requirement or standard of the exporting country achieves the level of protection 13 14 that the Secretary considers appropriate.

15 "(C) The Secretary may—

16 ''(i) determine, on a scientific basis, that a
17 requirement of an exporting country does not
18 achieve the level of protection that the Sec19 retary considers appropriate; and

20 "(ii) provide the basis for the determina21 tion to the exporting country in writing on re22 quest.

23 "(2) A certification by the Secretary that, ex24 cept as provided in paragraph (1), foreign plants
25 that export carcasses or meat or meat products re-

1	ferred to in subsection (a) have complied with re-
2	quirements that are at least equal to all inspection
3	and building construction standards and all other
4	provisions of this Act and regulations issued under
5	this Act.";
6	(5) in paragraphs (3) through (7) (as redesig-
7	nated by paragraph (3)), by striking ''the'' the first
8	place it appears in each paragraph and inserting
9	''The'';
10	(6) in paragraphs (3) through (5) (as so redes-
11	ignated), by striking the semicolon at the end of
12	each paragraph and inserting a period; and
13	(7) in paragraph (6) (as so redesignated), by
14	striking ''; and'' at the end and inserting a period.
15	(g) Peanut Butter and Peanut Paste.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
17	graph (2), all peanut butter and peanut paste in the
18	United States domestic market shall be processed
19	from peanuts that meet the quality standards estab-
20	lished for peanuts under Marketing Agreement No.
21	146.
22	(2) IMPORTS.—Peanut butter and peanut paste
23	imported into the United States shall comply with
24	paragraph (1) or with sanitary measures that
25	achieve at least the same level of sanitary protection.

1	(h) Animal Health Biocontainment Facility.—
2	(1) GRANT FOR CONSTRUCTION.—The Sec-
3	retary of Agriculture shall make a grant to a land
4	grant college or university described in paragraph
5	(2) for the construction of a facility at the college
6	or university for the conduct of research in animal
7	health, disease-transmitting insects, and toxic chemi-
8	cals that requires the use of biocontainment facilities
9	and equipment. The facility to be constructed with
10	the grant shall be known as the "Southwest Re-
11	gional Animal Health Biocontainment Facility".
12	(2) GRANT RECIPIENT DESCRIBED.—To be eli-
13	gible for the grant under paragraph (1), a land
14	grant college or university must be—
15	(A) located in a State adjacent to the
16	international border with Mexico; and
17	(B) determined by the Secretary of Agri-
18	culture to have an established program in ani-
19	mal health research and education and to have
20	a collaborative relationship with one or more
21	colleges of veterinary medicine or universities
22	located in Mexico.
23	(3) ACTIVITIES OF THE FACILITY.—The facility
24	constructed using the grant made under paragraph

(1) shall be used for conducting the following activi ties:

3 (A) The biocontainment facility shall offer 4 the ability to organize multidisciplinary inter-5 national teams working on basic and applied re-6 search on diagnostic method development and 7 disease control strategies, including develop-8 ment of vaccines.

9 (B) The biocontainment facility shall sup-10 port research that will improve the scientific 11 basis for regulatory activities, decreasing the 12 need for new regulatory programs and enhanc-13 ing international trade.

14 (C) The biocontainment facility shall allow academic institutions, governmental agencies, 15 16 and the private sector to conduct research in 17 basic and applied research biology, epidemiol-18 ogy, pathogenesis, host response, and diagnostic 19 methods, on disease agents that threaten the 20 livestock industries of the United States and 21 Mexico.

(D) The biocontainment facility may be
used to support research involving food safety,
toxicology, environmental pollutants,
radioisotopes, recombinant microorganisms, and

selected naturally resistant or transgenic ani-1 2 mals. 3 (4) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— 4 There are authorized to be appropriated for each fis-5 cal year such sums as are necessary to carry out this 6 subsection. 7 (i) REPORTS ON INSPECTION OF IMPORTED MEAT, 8 POULTRY, OTHER FOODS, ANIMALS, AND PLANTS.— 9 (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this subsection: (A) IMPORTS.—The term "imports" means 10 11 any meat, poultry, other food, animal, or plant 12 that is imported into the United States in com-13 mercially significant quantities. (B) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" 14 15 means the Secretary of Agriculture. (2) IN GENERAL.—In consultation with rep-16 17 resentatives of other appropriate agencies, the Sec-18 retary shall prepare an annual report on the impact 19 of the Agreement on the inspection of imports. (3) CONTENTS OF REPORTS.—The report re-20 quired under this subsection shall, to the maximum 21 22 extent practicable, include a description of— (A) the quantity or, with respect to the 23 24 Customs Service, the number of shipments, of 25 imports from a NAFTA country that are in-

1	spected at the borders of the United States with
2	Canada and Mexico during the prior year;
3	(B) any change in the level or types of in-
4	spections of imports in each NAFTA country
5	during the prior year;
6	(C) in any case in which the Secretary has
7	determined that the inspection system of an-
8	other NAFTA country is equivalent to the in-
9	spection system of the United States, the rea-
10	sons supporting the determination of the Sec-
11	retary;
12	(D) the incidence of violations of inspec-
13	tion requirements by imports from NAFTA
14	countries during the prior year—
15	(i) at the borders of the United States
16	with Mexico or Canada; or
17	(ii) at the last point of inspection in
18	a NAFTA country prior to shipment to the
19	United States if the agency accepts inspec-
20	tion in that country;
21	(E) the incidence of violations of inspection
22	requirements of imports to the United States
23	from Mexico or Canada prior to the implemen-
24	tation of the Agreement;

1	(F) any additional cost associated with
2	maintaining an adequate inspection system of
3	imports as a result of the implementation of the
4	Agreement;
5	(G) any incidence of transshipment of im-
6	ports—
7	(i) that originate in a country other
8	than a NAFTA country;
9	(ii) that are shipped to the United
10	States through a NAFTA country during
11	the prior year; and
12	(iii) that are incorrectly represented
13	by the importer to qualify for preferential
14	treatment under the Agreement;
15	(H) the quantity and results of any mon-
16	itoring by the United States of equivalent in-
17	spection systems of imports in other NAFTA
18	countries during the prior year;
19	(I) the use by other NAFTA countries of
20	sanitary and phytosanitary measures (as de-
21	fined in the Agreement) to limit exports of
22	United States meat, poultry, other foods, ani-
23	mals, and plants to the countries during the
24	prior year; and

1	(J) any other information the Secretary
2	determines to be appropriate.
3	(4) FREQUENCY OF REPORTS.—The Secretary
4	shall submit—
5	(A) the initial report required under this
6	subsection not later than January 31, 1995;
7	and
8	(B) an annual report required under this
9	subsection not later than 1 year after the date
10	of the submission of the initial report and the
11	end of each 1-year period thereafter through
12	calendar year 2004.
13	(5) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary
14	shall prepare and submit the report required under
15	this subsection to the Committee on Agriculture of
16	the House of Representatives and the Committee on
17	Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.
18	Subtitle F—Corporate Average
19	Fuel Economy
20	SEC. 371. CORPORATE AVERAGE FUEL ECONOMY.
21	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 503(b)(2) of the Motor
22	Vehicle Information and Cost Savings Act (15 U.S.C.
23	2003(b)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the following
24	new subparagraph:

(G)(i) In accordance with the schedule set out 1 in clause (ii), an automobile shall be considered do-2 mestically manufactured in a model year if at least 3 75 percent of the cost to the manufacturer of the 4 5 automobile is attributable to value added in the United States, Canada, or Mexico, unless the assem-6 bly of the automobile is completed in Canada or 7 Mexico and the automobile is not imported into the 8 United States prior to the expiration of 30 days fol-9 lowing the end of that model year. 10 "(ii) Clause (i) shall apply to all automobiles 11 manufactured by a manufacturer and sold in the 12 United States, wherever assembled, in accordance 13 14 with the following schedule: "(I) With respect to a manufacturer that 15 initiated the assembly of automobiles in Mexico 16 17 before model year 1992, the manufacturer may 18 elect, at any time between January 1, 1997, 19 and January 1, 2004, to have clause (i) apply 20 to all automobiles it manufactures, beginning with the model year commencing after the date 21 22 of such election. "(II) With respect to a manufacturer initi-23 ating the assembly of automobiles in Mexico 24 after model year 1991, clause (i) shall apply to 25

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all automobiles it manufactures, beginning with the model year commencing after January 1, 1994, or the model year commencing after the date that the manufacturer initiates the assembly of automobiles in Mexico, whichever is later.

"(III) With respect to a manufacturer not 6 described by subclause (I) or (II) assembling 7 8 automobiles in the United States or Canada but not in Mexico, the manufacturer may elect, at 9 any time between January 1, 1997, and Janu-10 ary 1, 2004, to have clause (i) apply to all auto-11 mobiles it manufactures, beginning with the 12 model year commencing after the date of such 13 election, except that if such manufacturer initi-14 ates the assembly of automobiles in Mexico be-15 fore making such election, this subclause shall 16 17 not apply and the manufacturer shall be subject 18 to clause (II).

"(IV) With respect to a manufacturer not
assembling automobiles in the United States,
Canada, or Mexico, clause (i) shall apply to all
automobiles it manufactures, beginning with the
model year commencing after January 1, 1994.

24 "(V) With respect to a manufacturer au-25 thorized to make an election under subclause

1	(I) or (III) which has not made that election
2	within the specified period, clause (i) shall
3	apply to all automobiles it manufactures, begin-
4	ning with the model year commencing after
5	January 1, 2004.
6	"(iii) The Secretary shall prescribe reasonable
7	procedures for elections under this subparagraph,
8	and the EPA Administrator may prescribe rules for
9	purposes of carrying out this subparagraph.".
10	(b) Conforming Amendments.—The first sentence
11	of section $503(b)(2)(E)$ of the Motor Vehicle Information
12	and Cost Savings Act (15 U.S.C. $2003(b)(2)(E)$) is
13	amended—
14	(1) by striking ''An'' and inserting ''Except as
14	(1) by summing An and inscrime Except as
14	provided in subparagraph (G), an'', and
15	provided in subparagraph (G), an", and
15 16	provided in subparagraph (G), an", and (2) in the last sentence, by striking "this sub-
15 16 17	provided in subparagraph (G), an", and(2) in the last sentence, by striking "this sub-paragraph" and inserting "this subparagraph and
15 16 17 18	provided in subparagraph (G), an", and (2) in the last sentence, by striking "this sub- paragraph" and inserting "this subparagraph and subparagraph (G)".
15 16 17 18 19	 provided in subparagraph (G), an", and (2) in the last sentence, by striking "this sub- paragraph" and inserting "this subparagraph and subparagraph (G)". Subtitle G—Government
15 16 17 18 19 20	provided in subparagraph (G), an", and (2) in the last sentence, by striking "this sub- paragraph" and inserting "this subparagraph and subparagraph (G)". Subtitle G—Government Procurement

(1) in subsection (a) by striking "The Presi dent" and inserting "Subject to subsection (f) of
 this section, the President";

4 (2) by inserting "or the North American Free
5 Trade Agreement" after "the Agreement" in para6 graph (1) of subsection (b); and

7 (3) by adding at the end the following new sub-8 sections:

9 "(e) PROCUREMENT PROCEDURES BY CERTAIN FED-10 ERAL AGENCIES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of 11 law, the President may direct any agency of the United 12 States listed in Annex 1001.1a–2 of the North American 13 Free Trade Agreement to procure eligible products in 14 compliance with the procedural provisions of chapter 10 15 of such Agreement.

"(f) 16 SMALL BUSINESS AND MINORITY Pref-ERENCES.—The authority of the President under sub-17 section (a) of this section to waive any law, regulation, 18 procedure, or practice regarding Government procurement 19 does not authorize the waiver of any small business or mi-20 nority preference.". 21

(b) RECIPROCAL COMPETITIVE PROCUREMENT
PRACTICES.—Section 302(a) of such Act (19 U.S.C.
2512(a)) is amended by striking "would otherwise be eligible products" in paragraph (1) and inserting "are prod-

3 (c) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE PRODUCT.—Section
4 308(4)(A) of such Act (19 U.S.C. 2518(4)(A)) is amended
5 to read as follows:

6 ''(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'eligible 7 product' means, with respect to any foreign 8 country or instrumentality that is—

9 "(i) a party to the Agreement, a prod-10 uct or service of that country or instru-11 mentality which is covered under the 12 Agreement for procurement by the United 13 States; or

14 "(ii) a party to the North American
15 Free Trade Agreement, a product or serv16 ice of that country or instrumentality
17 which is covered under the North Amer18 ican Free Trade Agreement for procure19 ment by the United States.".

(d) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 401 of the
Rural Electrification Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 903 note) is
amended by inserting ", Mexico, or Canada" after "the
United States" each place it appears.

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The provisions of this sub title take effect on the date the Agreement enters into
 force with respect to the United States.

SETTLE-**IV—DISPUTE** TITLE 4 MENT IN ANTIDUMPING AND 5 **COUNTERVAILING** DUTY 6 **CASES** 7 Subtitle A—Organizational, Admin-8 istrative, and Procedural Provi-9 sions Regarding the Implemen-10

11 tation of Chapter 19 of the12 Agreement

13 sec. 401. references in subtitle.

Any reference in this subtitle to an Annex, chapter, or article shall be considered to be a reference to the respective Annex, chapter, or article of the Agreement.

17 SEC. 402. ORGANIZATIONAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROVI-

18 **SIONS**.

19 (a) CRITERIA FOR SELECTION OF INDIVIDUALS TO20 SERVE ON PANELS AND COMMITTEES.—

21 (1) IN GENERAL.—The selection of individuals
22 under this section for—

23 (A) placement on lists prepared by the
24 interagency group under subsection (c)(2)(B)(i)
25 and (ii);

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1	(B) placement on preliminary candidate
2	lists under subsection (c)(3)(A);
3	(C) placement on final candidate lists
4	under subsection (c)(4)(A);
5	(D) placement by the Trade Representative
6	on the rosters described in paragraph 1 of
7	Annex 1901.2 and paragraph 1 of Annex
8	1904.13; and
9	(E) appointment by the Trade Representa-
10	tive for service on the panels and committees
11	convened under chapter 19;
12	shall be made on the basis of the criteria provided
13	in paragraph 1 of Annex 1901.2 and paragraph 1 of
14	Annex 1904.13 and shall be made without regard to
15	political affiliation.
16	(2) Additional criteria for roster place-
17	MENTS AND APPOINTMENTS UNDER PARAGRAPH 1
18	OF ANNEX 1901.2.—Rosters described in paragraph 1
19	of Annex 1901.2 shall include, to the fullest extent
20	practicable, judges and former judges who meet the
21	criteria referred to in paragraph (1). The Trade
22	Representative shall, subject to subsection (b), ap-
23	point judges to binational panels convened under
24	chapter 19, extraordinary challenge committees con-
25	vened under chapter 19, and special committees es-

tablished under article 1905, where such judges
 offer and are available to serve and such service is
 authorized by the chief judge of the court on which
 they sit.

5 (b) SELECTION OF CERTAIN JUDGES TO SERVE ON6 PANELS AND COMMITTEES.—

(1) APPLICABILITY.—This subsection applies 7 only with respect to the selection of individuals for 8 binational panels convened under chapter 19, ex-9 traordinary challenge committees convened under 10 chapter 19, and special committees established 11 under article 1905, who are judges of courts created 12 13 under article III of the Constitution of the United 14 States.

15 (2) CONSULTATION WITH CHIEF JUDGES.—The Trade Representative shall consult, from time to 16 17 time, with the chief judges of the Federal judicial 18 circuits regarding the interest in, and availability 19 for, participation in binational panels, extraordinary 20 challenge committees, and special committees, of judges within their respective circuits. If the chief 21 22 judge of a Federal judicial circuit determines that it 23 is appropriate for one or more judges within that 24 circuit to be included on a roster described in sub-25 section (a)(1)(D), the chief judge shall identify all such judges for the Chief Justice of the United
 States who may, upon his or her approval, submit
 the names of such judges to the Trade Representa tive. The Trade Representative shall include the
 names of such judges on the roster.

6 (3) SUBMISSION OF LISTS TO CONGRESS.—The 7 Trade Representative shall submit to the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee on Ways and 8 9 Means of the House of Representatives and to the 10 Committee on Finance and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate a list of all judges included 11 on a roster under paragraph (2). Such list shall be 12 13 submitted at the same time as the final candidate 14 lists are submitted under subsection (c)(4)(A) and the final forms of amendments are submitted under 15 subsection (c)(4)(C)(iv). 16

17 (4) APPOINTMENT OF JUDGES TO PANELS OR 18 COMMITTEES.—At such time as the Trade Rep-19 resentative proposes to appoint a judge described in 20 paragraph (1) to a binational panel, an extraor-21 dinary challenge committee, or a special committee, 22 the Trade Representative shall consult with that 23 judge in order to ascertain whether the judge is 24 available for such appointment.

25 (c) Selection of Other Candidates.—

1	(1) APPLICABILITY.—This subsection applies
2	only with respect to the selection of individuals for
3	binational panels convened under chapter 19, ex-
4	traordinary challenge committees convened under
5	chapter 19, and special committees established
6	under article 1905, other than those individuals to
7	whom subsection (b) applies.
8	(2) INTERAGENCY GROUP.—
9	(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is estab-
10	lished within the interagency organization es-
11	tablished under section 242 of the Trade Ex-
12	pansion Act of 1962 (19 U.S.C. 1872) an inter-
13	agency group which shall—
14	(i) be chaired by the Trade Represent-
15	ative; and
16	(ii) consist of such officers (or the
17	designees thereof) of the United States
18	Government as the Trade Representative
19	considers appropriate.
20	(B) FUNCTIONS.—The interagency group
21	established under subparagraph (A) shall, in a
22	manner consistent with chapter 19—
23	(i) prepare by January 3 of each cal-
24	endar year—

1	(I) a list of individuals who are
2	qualified to serve as members of bina-
3	tional panels convened under chapter
4	19; and
5	(II) a list of individuals who are
6	qualified to serve on extraordinary
7	challenge committees convened under
8	chapter 19 and special committees es-
9	tablished under article 1905;
10	(ii) if the Trade Representative makes
11	a request under paragraph $(4)(C)(i)$ with
12	respect to a final candidate list during any
13	calendar year, prepare by July 1 of such
14	calendar year a list of those individuals
15	who are qualified to be added to that final
16	candidate list;
17	(iii) exercise oversight of the adminis-
18	tration of the United States Section that is
19	authorized to be established under section
20	105; and
21	(iv) make recommendations to the
22	Trade Representative regarding the con-
23	vening of extraordinary challenge commit-
24	tees and special committees under chapter
25	19.

1	(3) Preliminary candidate lists.—
2	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Trade Representa-
3	tive shall select individuals from the respective
4	lists prepared by the interagency group under
5	paragraph (2)(B)(i) for placement on—
6	(i) a preliminary candidate list of indi-
7	viduals eligible to serve as members of bi-
8	national panels under Annex 1901.2; and
9	(ii) a preliminary candidate list of in-
10	dividuals eligible for selection as members
11	of extraordinary challenge committees
12	under Annex 1904.13 and special commit-
13	tees under article 1905.
14	(B) SUBMISSION OF LISTS TO CONGRES-
15	SIONAL COMMITTEES.—
16	(i) IN GENERAL.—No later than Jan-
17	uary 3 of each calendar year, the Trade
18	Representative shall submit to the Com-
19	mittee on Finance of the Senate and the
20	Committee on Ways and Means of the
21	House of Representatives (hereafter in this
22	section referred to as the ''appropriate
23	Congressional Committees'') the prelimi-
24	nary candidate lists of those individuals se-

25 lected by the Trade Representative under

1	subparagraph (A) to be candidates eligible
2	to serve on panels or committees convened
3	pursuant to chapter 19 during the 1-year
4	period beginning on April 1 of such cal-
5	endar year.
6	(ii) Additional information.—At
7	the time the candidate lists are submitted
8	under clause (i), the Trade Representative
9	shall submit for each individual on the list
10	a statement of professional qualifications.
11	(C) CONSULTATION.—Upon submission of
12	the preliminary candidate lists under subpara-
13	graph (B) to the appropriate Congressional
14	Committees, the Trade Representative shall
15	consult with such Committees with regard to
16	the individuals included on the preliminary can-
17	didate lists.
18	(D) REVISION OF LISTS.—The Trade Rep-
19	resentative may add and delete individuals from
20	the preliminary candidate lists submitted under
21	subparagraph (B) after consultation with the
22	appropriate Congressional Committees regard-
23	ing the additions and deletions. The Trade Rep-
24	resentative shall provide to the appropriate
25	Congressional Committees written notice of any

addition or deletion of an individual from the preliminary candidate lists, along with the information described in subparagraph (B)(ii) with respect to any proposed addition.

(4) Final candidate lists.—

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6 (A) SUBMISSION OF LISTS TO CONGRES-SIONAL COMMITTEES.—No later than March 31 7 of each calendar year, the Trade Representative 8 shall submit to the appropriate Congressional 9 10 Committees the final candidate lists of those individuals selected by the Trade Representative 11 to be candidates eligible to serve on panels and 12 committees convened under chapter 19 during 13 14 the 1-year period beginning on April 1 of such calendar year. An individual may be included on 15 a final candidate list only if such individual was 16 17 included in the preliminary candidate list or if 18 written notice of the addition of such individual 19 to the preliminary candidate list was submitted 20 to the appropriate Congressional Committees at least 15 days before the date on which that 21 22 final candidate list is submitted to such Committees under this subparagraph. 23

24 (B) FINALITY OF LISTS.—Except as pro-25 vided in subparagraph (C), no additions may be

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1	made to the final candidate lists after the final
2	candidate lists are submitted to the appropriate
3	Congressional Committees under subparagraph
4	(A).
5	(C) Amendment of lists.—
6	(i) IN GENERAL.—If, after the Trade
7	Representative has submitted the final
8	candidate lists to the appropriate Congres-
9	sional Committees under subparagraph (A)
10	for a calendar year and before July 1 of
11	such calendar year, the Trade Representa-
12	tive determines that additional individuals
13	need to be added to a final candidate list,
14	the Trade Representative shall—
15	(I) request the interagency group
16	established under paragraph (2)(A) to
17	prepare a list of individuals who are
18	qualified to be added to such can-
19	didate list;
20	(II) select individuals from the
21	list prepared by the interagency group
22	under paragraph (2)(B)(ii) to be in-
23	cluded in a proposed amendment to

1	(III) by no later than July 1 of
2	such calendar year, submit to the ap-
3	propriate Congressional Committees
4	the proposed amendments to such
5	final candidate list developed by the
6	Trade Representative under subclause
7	(II), along with the information de-
8	scribed in paragraph (3)(B)(ii).
9	(ii) Consultation with congres-
10	SIONAL COMMITTEES.—Upon submission
11	of a proposed amendment under clause
12	(i)(III) to the appropriate Congressional
13	Committees, the Trade Representative
14	shall consult with the appropriate Congres-
15	sional Committees with regard to the indi-
16	viduals included in the proposed amend-
17	ment.
18	(iii) Adjustment of proposed
19	AMENDMENT.—The Trade Representative
20	may add and delete individuals from any
21	proposed amendment submitted under
22	clause (i)(III) after consulting with the ap-
23	propriate Congressional Committees with
24	regard to the additions and deletions. The

Trade Representative shall provide to the

1	appropriate Congressional Committees
2	written notice of any addition or deletion
3	of an individual from the proposed amend-
4	ment.
5	(iv) Final amendment.—
6	(I) IN GENERAL.—If the Trade
7	Representative submits under clause
8	(i)(III) in any calendar year a pro-
9	posed amendment to a final candidate
10	list, the Trade Representative shall,
11	no later than September 30 of such
12	calendar year, submit to the appro-
13	priate Congressional Committees the
14	final form of such amendment. On
15	October 1 of such calendar year, such
16	amendment shall take effect and, sub-
17	ject to subclause (II), the individuals
18	included in the final form of such
19	amendment shall be added to the final
20	candidate list.
21	(II) INCLUSION OF INDIVID-
22	UALS.—An individual may be included
23	in the final form of an amendment
24	submitted under subclause (I) only if
25	such individual was included in the

1	proposed form of such amendment or
2	if written notice of the addition of
3	such individual to the proposed form
4	of such amendment was submitted to
5	the appropriate Congressional Com-
6	mittees at least 15 days before the
7	date on which the final form of such
8	amendment is submitted to such Com-
9	mittees under subclause (I).
10	(III) Eligibility for serv-
11	ICE.—Individuals added to a final
12	candidate list under subclause (I)
13	shall be eligible to serve on panels or
14	committees convened under chapter
15	19 during the 6-month period begin-
16	ning on October 1 of the calendar
17	year in which such addition occurs.
18	(IV) FINALITY OF AMEND-
19	MENT.—No additions may be made to
20	the final form of an amendment de-
21	scribed in subclause (I) after the final
22	form of such amendment is submitted
23	to the appropriate Congressional
24	Committees under subclause (I).

1 (5) TREATMENT OF RESPONSES.—For purposes 2 of applying section 1001 of title 18, United States 3 Code, the written or oral responses of individuals to 4 inquiries of the interagency group established under 5 paragraph (2)(A) or of the Trade Representative re-6 garding their personal and professional qualifica-7 tions, and financial and other relevant interests, that bear on their suitability for the placements and ap-8 9 pointments described in subsection (a)(1), shall be treated as matters within the jurisdiction of an 10 11 agency of the United States. 12 (d) SELECTION AND APPOINTMENT.— 13 (1) AUTHORITY OF TRADE REPRESENTATIVE.—

14 The Trade Representative is the only officer of the 15 United States Government authorized to act on be-16 half of the United States Government in making any 17 selection or appointment of an individual to—

18 (A) the rosters described in paragraph 1 of
19 Annex 1901.2 and paragraph 1 of Annex
20 1904.13; or

21 (B) the panels or committees convened22 under chapter 19;

that is to be made solely or jointly by the United
States Government under the terms of the Agreement.

1	(2) Restrictions on selection and ap-
2	POINTMENT.—Except as provided in paragraph
3	(3)—
4	(A) the Trade Representative may—
5	(i) select an individual for placement
6	on the rosters described in paragraph 1 of
7	Annex 1901.2 and paragraph 1 of Annex
8	1904.13 during the 1-year period begin-
9	ning on April 1 of any calendar year;
10	(ii) appoint an individual to serve as
11	one of those members of any panel or com-
12	mittee convened under chapter 19 during
13	such 1-year period who, under the terms of
14	the Agreement, are to be appointed solely
15	by the United States Government; or
16	(iii) act to make a joint appointment
17	with the Government of a NAFTA coun-
18	try, under the terms of the Agreement, of
19	any individual who is a citizen or national
20	of the United States to serve as any other
21	member of such a panel or committee;
22	only if such individual is on the appropriate
23	final candidate list that was submitted to the
24	appropriate Congressional Committees under
25	subsection (c)(4)(A) during such calendar year

1	or on such list as it may be amended under
2	subsection $(c)(4)(C)(iv)(I)$, or on the list sub-
3	mitted under subsection $(b)(3)$ to the congres-
4	sional committees referred to in such sub-
5	section; and
6	(B) no individual may—
7	(i) be selected by the United States
8	Government for placement on the rosters
9	described in paragraph 1 of Annex 1901.2
10	and paragraph 1 of Annex 1904.13; or
11	(ii) be appointed solely or jointly by
12	the United States Government to serve as
13	a member of a panel or committee con-
14	vened under chapter 19;
15	during the 1-year period beginning on April 1
16	of any calendar year for which the Trade Rep-
17	resentative has not met the requirements of
18	subsection (a), and of subsection (b) or (c) (as
19	the case may be).
20	(3) EXCEPTIONS.—Notwithstanding subsection
21	(c)(3) (other than subparagraph (B)), (c)(4), or
22	paragraph (2)(A) of this subsection, individuals in-
23	cluded on the preliminary candidate lists submitted
24	to the appropriate Congressional Committees under
25	subsection (c)(3)(B) may—

1 (A) be selected by the Trade Representa-2 tive for placement on the rosters described in 3 paragraph 1 of Annex 1901.2 and paragraph 1 4 of Annex 1904.13 during the 3-month period 5 beginning on the date on which the Agreement 6 enters into force with respect to the United 7 States; and

8 (B) be appointed solely or jointly by the 9 Trade Representative under the terms of the 10 Agreement to serve as members of panels or 11 committees that are convened under chapter 19 12 during such 3-month period.

(e) TRANSITION.—If the Agreement enters into force
between the United States and a NAFTA country after
January 3, 1994, the provisions of subsection (c) shall be
applied with respect to the calendar year in which such
entering into force occurs—

(1) by substituting "the date that is 30 days
after the date on which the Agreement enters into
force with respect to the United States" for "January 3 of each calendar year" in subsections
(c) (2) (B) (i) and (c) (3) (B) (i); and

(2) by substituting "the date that is 3 monthsafter the date on which the Agreement enters into

force with respect to the United States" for "March 1 31 of each calendar year" in subsection (c)(4)(A). 2 (f) IMMUNITY.—With the exception of acts described 3 in section 777(f)(3) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 4 1677f(f)(3)), individuals serving on panels or committees 5 convened pursuant to chapter 19, and individuals des-6 7 ignated to assist the individuals serving on such panels or committees, shall be immune from suit and legal proc-8 9 ess relating to acts performed by such individuals in their official capacity and within the scope of their functions 10 as such panelists or committee members or assistants to 11 such panelists or committee members. 12

REGULATIONS.—The administering authority 13 (g) under title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930, the International 14 Trade Commission, and the Trade Representative may 15 promulgate such regulations as are necessary or appro-16 priate to carry out actions in order to implement their re-17 spective responsibilities under chapter 19. Initial regula-18 tions to carry out such functions shall be issued before 19 the date on which the Agreement enters into force with 20 respect to the United States. 21

(h) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—At such time as the
final candidate lists are submitted under subsection
(c)(4)(A) and the final forms of amendments are submitted under subsection (c)(4)(C)(iv), the Trade Representa-

tive shall submit to the Committee on the Judiciary and 1 the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Rep-2 resentatives, and to the Committee on Finance and the 3 Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, a report re-4 5 garding the efforts made to secure the participation of judges and former judges on binational panels, extraor-6 dinary challenge committees, and special committees es-7 tablished under chapter 19. 8

9 SEC. 403. TESTIMONY AND PRODUCTION OF PAPERS IN EX 10 TRAORDINARY CHALLENGES.

11 (a) AUTHORITY OF EXTRAORDINARY CHALLENGE COMMITTEE TO OBTAIN INFORMATION.-If an extraor-12 dinary challenge committee (hereafter in this section re-13 ferred to as the "committee") is convened under para-14 15 graph 13 of article 1904, and the allegations before the committee include a matter referred to in paragraph 16 13(a)(i) of article 1904, for the purposes of carrying out 17 its functions and duties under Annex 1904.13, the com-18 mittee— 19

(1) shall have access to, and the right to copy,
any document, paper, or record pertinent to the subject matter under consideration, in the possession of
any individual, partnership, corporation, association,
organization, or other entity;

(2) may summon witnesses, take testimony, and
 administer oaths;

3 (3) may require any individual, partnership,
4 corporation, association, organization, or other entity
5 to produce documents, books, or records relating to
6 the matter in question; and

7 (4) may require any individual, partnership,
8 corporation, association, organization, or other entity
9 to furnish in writing, in such detail and in such form
10 as the committee may prescribe, information in its
11 possession pertaining to the matter.

Any member of the committee may sign subpoenas, and
members of the committee, when authorized by the committee, may administer oaths and affirmations, examine
witnesses, take testimony, and receive evidence.

(b) WITNESSES AND EVIDENCE.—The attendance of 16 witnesses who are authorized to be summoned, and the 17 production of documentary evidence authorized to be or-18 dered, under subsection (a) may be required from any 19 place in the United States at any designated place of hear-20 ing. In the case of disobedience to a subpoena authorized 21 22 under subsection (a), the committee may request the Attorney General of the United States to invoke the aid of 23 any district or territorial court of the United States in 24 requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and 25

the production of documentary evidence. Such court, with-1 in the jurisdiction of which such inquiry is carried on, 2 may, in case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena 3 issued to any individual, partnership, corporation, associa-4 tion, organization, or other entity, issue an order requiring 5 such individual or entity to appear before the committee, 6 7 or to produce documentary evidence if so ordered or to 8 give evidence concerning the matter in question. Any fail-9 ure to obey such order of the court may be punished by 10 such court as a contempt thereof.

(c) MANDAMUS.—Any court referred to in subsection
(b) shall have jurisdiction to issue writs of mandamus
commanding compliance with the provisions of this section
or any order of the committee made in pursuance thereof.

15 (d) DEPOSITIONS.—The committee may order testimony to be taken by deposition at any stage of the com-16 mittee review. Such deposition may be taken before any 17 person designated by the committee and having power to 18 administer oaths. Such testimony shall be reduced to writ-19 ing by the person taking the deposition, or under the di-20 rection of such person, and shall then be subscribed by 21 the deponent. Any individual, partnership, corporation, as-22 sociation, organization, or other entity may be compelled 23 to appear and be deposed and to produce documentary evi-24 25 dence in the same manner as witnesses may be compelled

to appear and testify and produce documentary evidence
 before the committee, as provided in this section.

3 SEC. 404. REQUESTS FOR REVIEW OF DETERMINATIONS BY 4 COMPETENT INVESTIGATING AUTHORITIES 5 OF NAFTA COUNTRIES.

6 (a) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:

7 (1) COMPETENT INVESTIGATING AUTHORITY.—
8 The term "competent investigating authority"
9 means the competent investigating authority, as de10 fined in article 1911, of a NAFTA country.

(2) UNITED STATES SECRETARY.—The term
"United States Secretary" means that officer of the
United States referred to in article 1908.

14 (b) REQUESTS FOR REVIEW BY THE UNITED 15 STATES.—In the case of a final determination of a com-16 petent investigating authority, requests by the United 17 States for binational panel review of such determination 18 under article 1904 shall be made by the United States 19 Secretary.

(c) REQUESTS FOR REVIEW BY A PERSON.—In the
case of a final determination of a competent investigating
authority, a person, within the meaning of paragraph 5
of article 1904, may request a binational panel review of
such determination by filing such a request with the
United States Secretary within the time limit provided for

in paragraph 4 of article 1904. The receipt of such request
by the United States Secretary shall be deemed to be a
request for binational panel review within the meaning of
article 1904. The request for such panel review shall be
without prejudice to any challenge before a binational
panel of the basis for a particular request for review.

7 (d) SERVICE OF REQUEST FOR REVIEW.—Whenever 8 binational panel review of a final determination made by 9 a competent investigating authority is requested under 10 this section, the United States Secretary shall serve a copy 11 of the request on all persons who would otherwise be enti-12 tled under the law of the importing country to commence 13 proceedings for judicial review of the determination.

14SEC. 405. RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR PANELS AND COM-15MITTEES.

(a) RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR BINATIONAL PANELS.—The administering authority shall prescribe rules,
negotiated in accordance with paragraph 14 of article
1904, governing, with respect to binational panel reviews—

21 (1) requests for such reviews, complaints, other22 pleadings, and other papers;

23 (2) the amendment, filing, and service of such24 pleadings and papers;

(3) the joinder, suspension, and termination of
 such reviews; and

3

(4) other appropriate procedural matters.

4 (b) RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR EXTRAORDINARY
5 CHALLENGE COMMITTEES.—The administering authority
6 shall prescribe rules, negotiated in accordance with para7 graph 2 of Annex 1904.13, governing the procedures for
8 reviews by extraordinary challenge committees.

9 (c) RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR SAFEGUARDING THE 10 PANEL REVIEW SYSTEM.—The administering authority 11 shall prescribe rules, negotiated in accordance with Annex 12 1905.6, governing the procedures for special committees 13 described in such Annex.

(d) PUBLICATION OF RULES.—The rules prescribed
under subsections (a), (b), and (c) shall be published in
the Federal Register.

(e) ADMINISTERING AUTHORITY.—As used in this
section, the term "administering authority" has the meaning given such term in section 771(1) of the Tariff Act
of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677(1)).

21 SEC. 406. SUBSIDY NEGOTIATIONS.

In the case of any trade agreement which may be entered into by the President with a NAFTA country, the negotiating objectives of the United States with respect to subsidies shall include—

1	(1) achievement of increased discipline on do-
2	mestic subsidies provided by a foreign government,
3	including—
4	(A) the provision of capital, loans, or loan
5	guarantees on terms inconsistent with commer-
6	cial considerations;
7	(B) the provision of goods or services at
8	preferential rates;
9	(C) the granting of funds or forgiveness of
10	debt to cover operating losses sustained by a
11	specific industry; and
12	(D) the assumption of any costs or ex-
13	penses of manufacture, production, or distribu-
14	tion;
15	(2) achievement of increased discipline on ex-
16	port subsidies provided by a foreign government,
17	particularly with respect to agricultural products;
18	and
19	(3) maintenance of effective remedies against
20	subsidized imports, including, where appropriate,
21	countervailing duties.
22	SEC. 407. IDENTIFICATION OF INDUSTRIES FACING SUB-
23	SIDIZED IMPORTS.
24	(a) PETITIONS.—Any entity, including a trade asso-
25	ciation, firm, certified or recognized union, or group of

workers, that is representative of a United States industry
 and has reason to believe—

3 (1) that—

4 (A) as a result of implementation of provi-5 sions of the Agreement, the industry is likely to 6 face increased competition from subsidized im-7 ports, from a NAFTA country, with which it di-8 rectly competes; or

(B) the industry is likely to face increased 9 10 competition from subsidized imports with which 11 it directly competes from any other country designated by the President, following consulta-12 tions with the Congress, as benefiting from a 13 reduction of tariffs or other trade barriers 14 under a trade agreement that enters into force 15 16 with respect to the United States after January 17 1, 1994; and

(2) that the industry is likely to experience a
deterioration of its competitive position before more
effective rules and disciplines relating to the use of
government subsidies have been developed with respect to the country concerned;

23 may file with the Trade Representative a petition that24 such industry be identified under this section.

(b) IDENTIFICATION OF INDUSTRY.—Within 90 days
 after receipt of a petition under subsection (a), the Trade
 Representative, in consultation with the Secretary of Com merce, shall decide whether to identify the industry on the
 basis that there is a reasonable likelihood that the industry
 may face both the subsidization described in subsection
 (a) (1) and the deterioration described in subsection (a) (2).

8 (c) ACTION AFTER IDENTIFICATION.—At the request
9 of an entity that is representative of an industry identified
10 under subsection (b), the Trade Representative shall—

(1) compile and make available to the industry
information under section 308 of the Trade Act of
13 1974;

(2) recommend to the President that an investigation by the International Trade Commission be
requested under section 332 of the Tariff Act of
1930; or

18 (3) take actions described in both paragraphs19 (1) and (2).

20 The industry may request the Trade Representative to 21 take appropriate action to update (as often as annually) 22 any information obtained under paragraph (1) or (2), or 23 both, as the case may be, until an agreement on more ef-24 fective rules and disciplines relating to government sub-

4(1) IN GENERAL.—The Trade Representative5and the Secretary of Commerce shall review infor-6mation obtained under subsection (c) and consult7with the industry identified under subsection (b)8with a view to deciding whether any action is appro-9priate—10(A) under section 301 of the Trade Act of111974, including the initiation of an investiga-12tion under section 302(c) of that Act (in the13case of the Trade Representative); or14(B) under subtitle A of title VII of the15Tariff Act of 1930, including the initiation of16an investigation under section 702(a) of that17Act (in the case of the Secretary of Commerce).18(2) CRITERIA FOR INITIATION.—In determining19whether to initiate any investigation under section20301 of the Trade Act of 1974 or any other trade21law, other than title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930,22the Trade Representative, after consultation with23the Secretary of Commerce—	3	(d) Initiation of Action Under Other Law.—
 mation obtained under subsection (c) and consult with the industry identified under subsection (b) with a view to deciding whether any action is appropriate— (A) under section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974, including the initiation of an investigation under section 302(c) of that Act (in the case of the Trade Representative); or (B) under subtitle A of title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930, including the initiation of an investigation under section 702(a) of that (2) CRITERIA FOR INITIATION.—In determining whether to initiate any investigation under section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974 or any other trade law, other than title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930, the Trade Representative, after consultation with 	4	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Trade Representative
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 with a view to deciding whether any action is appropriate— (A) under section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974, including the initiation of an investigation under section 302(c) of that Act (in the case of the Trade Representative); or (B) under subtitle A of title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930, including the initiation of an investigation under section 702(a) of that Act (in the case of the Secretary of Commerce). (2) CRITERIA FOR INITIATION.—In determining whether to initiate any investigation under section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974 or any other trade law, other than title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930, the Trade Representative, after consultation with 	6	mation obtained under subsection (c) and consult
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111974, including the initiation of an investiga- tion under section 302(c) of that Act (in the case of the Trade Representative); or14(B) under subtitle A of title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930, including the initiation of an investigation under section 702(a) of that Act (in the case of the Secretary of Commerce).18(2) CRITERIA FOR INITIATION.—In determining under section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974 or any other trade law, other than title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930, the Trade Representative, after consultation with	9	priate—
12tion under section 302(c) of that Act (in the13case of the Trade Representative); or14(B) under subtitle A of title VII of the15Tariff Act of 1930, including the initiation of16an investigation under section 702(a) of that17Act (in the case of the Secretary of Commerce).18(2) CRITERIA FOR INITIATION.—In determining19whether to initiate any investigation under section20301 of the Trade Act of 1974 or any other trade21law, other than title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930,22the Trade Representative, after consultation with	10	(A) under section 301 of the Trade Act of
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 Tariff Act of 1930, including the initiation of an investigation under section 702(a) of that Act (in the case of the Secretary of Commerce). (2) CRITERIA FOR INITIATION.—In determining whether to initiate any investigation under section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974 or any other trade law, other than title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930, the Trade Representative, after consultation with 	13	case of the Trade Representative); or
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 (2) CRITERIA FOR INITIATION.—In determining whether to initiate any investigation under section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974 or any other trade law, other than title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930, the Trade Representative, after consultation with 	16	an investigation under section 702(a) of that
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 301 of the Trade Act of 1974 or any other trade law, other than title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930, the Trade Representative, after consultation with 	18	(2) CRITERIA FOR INITIATION.—In determining
 21 law, other than title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930, 22 the Trade Representative, after consultation with 	19	whether to initiate any investigation under section
22 the Trade Representative, after consultation with	20	301 of the Trade Act of 1974 or any other trade
•	21	law, other than title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930,
23 the Secretary of Commerce—	22	the Trade Representative, after consultation with
	23	the Secretary of Commerce—

1	(A) shall seek the advice of the advisory
2	committees established under section 135 of the
3	Trade Act of 1974;
4	(B) shall consult with the Committee on
5	Finance of the Senate and the Committee on
6	Ways and Means of the House of Representa-
7	tives;
8	(C) shall coordinate with the interagency
9	organization established under section 242 of
10	the Trade Expansion Act of 1962; and
11	(D) may ask the President to request ad-
12	vice from the International Trade Commission.
13	(3) TITLE III ACTIONS.—In the event an inves-
14	tigation is initiated under section 302(c) of the
15	Trade Act of 1974 as a result of a review under this
16	subsection and the Trade Representative, following
17	such investigation (including any applicable dispute
18	settlement proceedings under the Agreement or any
19	other trade agreement), determines to take action
20	under section 301(a) of such Act, the Trade Rep-
21	resentative shall give preference to actions that most
22	directly affect the products that benefit from govern-
23	mental subsidies and were the subject of the inves-
24	tigation, unless there are no significant imports of
25	such products or the Trade Representative otherwise

determines that application of the action to other
 products would be more effective.

3 (e) EFFECT OF DECISIONS.—Any decision, whether
4 positive or negative, or any action by the Trade Represent5 ative or the Secretary of Commerce under this section
6 shall not in any way—

7 (1) prejudice the right of any industry to file a8 petition under any trade law;

9 (2) prejudice, affect, or substitute for, any pro-10 ceeding, investigation, determination, or action by 11 the Secretary of Commerce, the International Trade 12 Commission, or the Trade Representative pursuant 13 to such a petition, or

14 (3) prejudice, affect, substitute for, or obviate
15 any proceeding, investigation, or determination
16 under section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974, title
17 VII of the Tariff Act of 1930, or any other trade
18 law.

(f) STANDING.—Nothing in this section may be construed to alter in any manner the requirements in effect
before the date of the enactment of this Act for standing
under any law of the United States or to add any additional requirements for standing under any law of the
United States.

1	SEC. 408. TREATMENT OF AMENDMENTS TO ANTIDUMPING
2	AND COUNTERVAILING DUTY LAW.
3	Any amendment enacted after the Agreement enters
4	into force with respect to the United States that is made
5	to—
6	(1) section 303 or title VII of the Tariff Act of
7	1930, or any successor statute, or
8	(2) any other statute which—
9	(A) provides for judicial review of final de-
10	terminations under such section, title, or suc-
11	cessor statute, or
12	(B) indicates the standard of review to be
13	applied,
14	shall apply to goods from a NAFTA country only to the
15	extent specified in the amendment.
16	Subtitle B—Conforming
17	Amendments and Provisions
18	SEC. 411. JUDICIAL REVIEW IN ANTIDUMPING DUTY AND
19	COUNTERVAILING DUTY CASES.
20	Section 516A of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
21	1516a) is amended as follows:
22	(1) Subsection (a)(5) (relating to time limits for
23	commencing review) is amended to read as follows:
24	"(5) TIME LIMITS IN CASES INVOLVING MER-
25	CHANDISE FROM FREE TRADE AREA COUNTRIES.—
26	Notwithstanding any other provision of this sub-

1	section, in the case of a determination to which the
2	provisions of subsection (g) apply, an action under
3	this subsection may not be commenced, and the time
4	limits for commencing an action under this sub-
5	section shall not begin to run, until the day specified
6	in whichever of the following subparagraphs applies:
7	"(A) For a determination described in
8	paragraph (1)(B) or clause (i), (ii) or (iii) of
9	paragraph (2)(B), the 31st day after the date
10	on which notice of the determination is pub-
11	lished in the Federal Register.
12	"(B) For a determination described in
13	clause (vi) of paragraph (2)(B), the 31st day
14	after the date on which the government of the
15	relevant FTA country receives notice of the de-
16	termination.
17	"(C) For a determination with respect to
18	which binational panel review has commenced
19	in accordance with subsection $(g)(8)$, the day
20	after the date as of which—
21	''(i) the binational panel has dismissed
22	binational panel review of the determina-
23	tion for lack of jurisdiction, and
24	''(ii) any interested party seeking re-
25	view of the determination under paragraph

	220
1	(1), (2), or (3) of this subsection has pro-
2	vided timely notice under subsection
3	(g)(3)(B).
4	If such an interested party files a summons and
5	complaint under this subsection after dismissal
6	by the binational panel, and if a request for an
7	extraordinary challenge committee is made with
8	respect to the decision by the binational panel
9	to dismiss—
10	''(I) judicial review under this sub-
11	section shall be stayed during consider-
12	ation by the committee of the request, and
13	"(II) the United States Court of
14	International Trade shall dismiss the ac-
15	tion if the committee vacates or remands
16	the binational panel decision to dismiss.
17	"(D) For a determination for which review
18	by the United States Court of International
19	Trade is provided for—
20	''(i) under subsection $(g)(12)(B)$, the
21	day after the date of publication in the
22	Federal Register of notice that article
23	1904 of the NAFTA has been suspended,
24	or

1	''(ii) under subsection $(g)(12)(D)$, the
2	day after the date that notice of settlement
3	is published in the Federal Register.".
4	(2) Subsection (b)(3) (relating to the standards
5	of review) is amended—
6	(A) by inserting "NAFTA OR" after "DECI-
7	SIONS BY" in the heading; and
8	(B) by inserting ''of the NAFTA or'' after
9	"article 1904".
10	(3) Subsection (f) (relating to definitions) is
11	amended—
12	(A) by amending paragraphs (6) and (7)
13	to read as follows:
14	"(6) UNITED STATES SECRETARY.—The term
15	'United States Secretary' means—
16	"(A) the secretary for the United States
17	Section referred to in article 1908 of the
18	NAFTA, and
19	''(B) the secretary of the United States
20	Section provided for in article 1909 of the
21	Agreement.
22	"(7) Relevant fta secretary.—The term
23	'relevant FTA Secretary' means the Secretary—
24	''(A) referred to in article 1908 of the
25	NAFTA, or

1	''(B) provided for in paragraph 5 of article
2	1909 of the Agreement,
3	of the relevant FTA country."; and
4	(B) by adding at the end the following new
5	paragraphs:
6	"(8) NAFTA.—The term 'NAFTA' means the
7	North American Free Trade Agreement.
8	''(9) Relevant fta country.—The term 'rel-
9	evant FTA country' means the free trade area coun-
10	try to which an antidumping or countervailing duty
11	proceeding pertains.
12	"(10) Free trade area country.—The term
13	'free trade area country' means the following:
14	"(A) Canada for such time as the NAFTA
15	is in force with respect to, and the United
16	States applies the NAFTA to, Canada.
17	"(B) Mexico for such time as the NAFTA
18	is in force with respect to, and the United
19	States applies the NAFTA to, Mexico.
20	"(C) Canada for such time as—
21	''(i) it is not a free trade area country
22	under subparagraph (A); and
23	"(ii) the Agreement is in force with
24	respect to, and the United States applies
25	the Agreement to, Canada.".

1	(4) Subsection (g) (relating to review of coun-
2	tervailing and antidumping duty determinations) is
3	amended as follows:
4	(A) The subsection heading is amended by
5	striking out "Canadian Merchandise" and
6	inserting "Free Trade Area Country Mer-
7	CHANDISE''.
8	(B) Paragraph (1) is amended by striking
9	out ''Canadian merchandise'' and inserting
10	"free trade area country merchandise".
11	(C) Paragraph (2) is amended by inserting
12	"of the NAFTA or" after "article 1904".
13	(D) Paragraph (3)(A) is amended—
14	(i) by striking out ''nor Canada'' and
15	inserting ''nor the relevant FTA country''
16	in each of clauses (i) and (ii);
17	(ii) by inserting ''of the NAFTA or''
18	before ''of the Agreement'' in each of
19	clauses (i) and (iii);
20	(iii) by striking out ''or'' at the end of
21	clause (iii);
22	(iv) by amending clause (iv)—
23	(I) by striking out ''under para-
24	graph (2)(A)"; and

1	(II) by striking out the period
2	and inserting a comma; and
3	(v) by adding at the end of subpara-
4	graph (A) the following:
5	''(v) a determination as to which bina-
б	tional panel review has terminated pursu-
7	ant to paragraph 12 of article 1905 of the
8	NAFTA, or
9	"(vi) a determination as to which ex-
10	traordinary challenge committee review has
11	terminated pursuant to paragraph 12 of
12	article 1905 of the NAFTA.".
13	(E) The first and second sentences of
14	paragraph (3)(B) are amended to read as fol-
15	lows: ''A determination described in subpara-
16	graph (A)(i) or (iv) is reviewable under sub-
17	section (a) only if the party seeking to com-
18	mence review has provided timely notice of its
19	intent to commence such review to—
20	''(i) the United States Secretary and
21	the relevant FTA Secretary;
22	''(ii) all interested parties who were
23	parties to the proceeding in connection
24	with which the matter arises; and

1	''(iii) the administering authority or
2	the Commission, as appropriate.
3	Such notice is timely provided if the notice is
4	delivered no later than the date that is 20 days
5	after the date described in subparagraph (A) or
6	(B) of subsection $(a)(5)$ that is applicable to
7	such determination, except that, if the time for
8	requesting binational panel review is suspended
9	under paragraph (8)(A)(ii) of this subsection,
10	any unexpired time for providing notice of in-
11	tent to commence judicial review shall, during
12	the pendency of any such suspension, also be
13	suspended.".
14	(F) Paragraph (4)(A) is amended—
15	(i) in the first sentence—
16	(I) by inserting "the North
17	American Free Trade Agreement Im-
18	plementation Act implementing the bi-
19	national dispute settlement system
20	under chapter 19 of the NAFTA, or"
21	after "or amendment made by,";
22	(II) by inserting a comma before
23	''violates'';
24	(III) by inserting ''only'' after
25	"may be brought"; and

	~~~~
1	(IV) by inserting '', which shall
2	have jurisdiction of such action" after
3	"Circuit"; and
4	(ii) by striking the last sentence.
5	(G) Paragraph (5) is amended—
6	(i) by inserting ''of the NAFTA or''
7	after ''article 1904'' in each of subpara-
8	graphs (A), (B), and (C)(i);
9	(ii) by striking out '', the Canadian
10	Secretary," in subparagraph (C)(ii) and in-
11	serting '', the relevant FTA Secretary,'';
12	and
13	(iii) by inserting ''of the NAFTA or''
14	after ''chapter 19'' in subparagraph
15	(C) (iii).
16	(H) Paragraph (6) is amended by inserting
17	"of the NAFTA or" after "article 1904".
18	(I) Paragraph (7) is amended—
19	(i) by inserting ''OF THE NAFTA OR
20	THE AGREEMENT" before the period in the
21	paragraph heading;
22	(ii) by striking out "IN GENERAL.—"
23	in the heading to subparagraph (A) and in-
24	serting "ACTION UPON REMAND.—"; and

1	(iii) by inserting ''the NAFTA or'' be-
2	fore ''the Agreement'' in subparagraph
3	(A).
4	(J) Paragraph (8)(A) is amended—
5	(i) by inserting ''(i) GENERAL
6	RULE.—" before "An interested party";
7	(ii) by inserting ''of the NAFTA or''
8	after ''article 1904(4)'';
9	(iii) by indenting the text so as to
10	align it with new clause (ii) (as added by
11	clause (iv) of this subparagraph); and
12	(iv) by adding at the end the following
13	new clause:
14	"(ii) SUSPENSION OF TIME TO RE-
15	QUEST BINATIONAL PANEL REVIEW UNDER
16	THE NAFTA.—Notwithstanding clause (i),
17	the time for requesting binational panel re-
18	view shall be suspended during the pend-
19	ency of any stay of binational panel review
20	that is issued pursuant to paragraph 11(a)
21	of article 1905 of the NAFTA.".
22	(K) Paragraph (8)(B)(ii) is amended by
23	striking out "Canadian Secretary," and insert-
24	ing ''relevant FTA Secretary,''.

1	(L) Paragraph (8)(C) is amended by strik-
2	ing out ''under article 1904 of the Agreement
3	of a determination" and inserting "of a deter-
4	mination under article 1904 of the NAFTA or
5	the Agreement".
6	(M) Paragraph (9) is amended by inserting
7	"of the NAFTA or" after "chapter 19".
8	(N) Paragraph (10) is amended by striking
9	out "Government of Canada" and all that fol-
10	lows thereafter and inserting "Government of
11	the relevant FTA country received notice of the
12	determination under paragraph 4 of article
13	1904 of the NAFTA or the Agreement.".
14	(O) The following new paragraphs are
15	added at the end:
16	"(11) Suspension and termination of sus-
17	PENSION OF ARTICLE 1904 OF THE NAFTA.—
18	"(A) SUSPENSION OF ARTICLE 1904.—If a
19	special committee established under article
20	1905 of the NAFTA issues an affirmative find-
21	ing, the Trade Representative may, in accord-
22	ance with paragraph 8(a) or 9, as appropriate,
23	of article 1905 of the NAFTA, suspend the op-
24	eration of article 1904 of the NAFTA.

1	"(B) Termination of suspension of
2	ARTICLE 1904.—If a special committee is recon-
3	vened and makes an affirmative determination
4	described in paragraph 10(b) of article 1905 of
5	the NAFTA, any suspension of the operation of
6	article 1904 of the NAFTA shall terminate.
7	"(12) Judicial review upon termination
8	OF BINATIONAL PANEL OR COMMITTEE REVIEW
9	UNDER THE NAFTA.—
10	"(A) NOTICE OF SUSPENSION OR TERMI-
11	NATION OF SUSPENSION OF ARTICLE 1904.—
12	''(i) Upon notification by the Trade
13	Representative or the Government of a
14	country described in subsection $(f)(10)(A)$
15	or (B) that the operation of article 1904 of
16	the NAFTA has been suspended in accord-
17	ance with paragraph 8(a) or 9 of article
18	1905 of the NAFTA, the United States
19	Secretary shall publish in the Federal Reg-
20	ister a notice of suspension of article 1904
21	of the NAFTA.
22	''(ii) Upon notification by the Trade
23	Representative or the Government of a
24	country described in subsection $(f)(10)(A)$
25	or (B) that the suspension of the operation

1	of article 1904 of the NAFTA is termi-
2	nated in accordance with paragraph 10 of
3	article 1905 of the NAFTA, the United
4	States Secretary shall publish in the Fed-
5	eral Register a notice of termination of
6	suspension of article 1904 of the NAFTA.
7	"(B) Transfer of final determina-
8	TIONS FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW UPON SUSPEN-
9	SION OF ARTICLE 1904.—If the operation of ar-
10	ticle 1904 of the NAFTA is suspended in ac-
11	cordance with paragraph 8(a) or 9 of article
12	1905 of the NAFTA—
13	''(i) upon the request of an authorized
14	person described in subparagraph (C), any
15	final determination that is the subject of a
16	binational panel review or an extraordinary
17	challenge committee review shall be trans-
18	ferred to the United States Court of Inter-
19	national Trade (in accordance with rules
20	issued by the Court) for review under sub-
21	section (a); or
22	''(ii) in a case in which—
23	''(I) a binational panel review
24	was completed fewer than 30 days be-
25	fore the suspension, and

1	''(II)	extrao	ordina	ry	challe	nge
2	committee	review	has	not	been	re-
3	quested,					

upon the request of an authorized person 4 described in subparagraph (C) which is 5 made within 60 days after the completion 6 of the binational panel review, the final de-7 termination that was the subject of the bi-8 national panel review shall be transferred 9 to the United States Court of International 10 Trade (in accordance with rules issued by 11 the Court) for review under subsection (a). 12 "(C) PERSONS AUTHORIZED TO REQUEST 13 14 TRANSFER OF FINAL DETERMINATIONS FOR JU-DICIAL REVIEW.—A request that a final deter-15 mination be transferred to the Court of Inter-16 national Trade under subparagraph (B) may be 17 18 made by—

"(i) if the United States made an allegation under paragraph 1 of article 1905
of the NAFTA and the operation of article
1904 of the NAFTA was suspended pursuant to paragraph 8(a) of article 1905 of
the NAFTA—

1	"(I) the government of the rel-
2	evant country described in subsection
3	(f)(10)(A) or (B),
4	"(II) an interested party that
5	was a party to the panel or committee
6	review, or
7	"(III) an interested party that
8	was a party to the proceeding in con-
9	nection with which panel review was
10	requested, but only if the time period
11	for filing notices of appearance in the
12	panel review has not expired, or
13	''(ii) if a country described in sub-
14	section $(f)(10)(A)$ or $(B)$ made an allega-
15	tion under paragraph 1 of article 1905 of
16	the NAFTA and the operation of article
17	1904 of the NAFTA was suspended pursu-
18	ant to paragraph 9 of article 1905 of the
19	NAFTA—
20	''(I) the government of that
21	country,
22	"(II) an interested party that is
23	a person of that country and that was
24	a party to the panel or committee re-
25	view, or

1	"(III) an interested party that is
2	a person of that country and that was
3	a party to the proceeding in connec-
4	tion with which panel review was re-
5	quested, but only if the time period
6	for filing notices of appearance in the
7	panel review has not expired.
8	"(D)(i) Transfer for judicial review
9	UPON SETTLEMENT.—If the Trade Representa-
10	tive achieves a settlement with the government
11	of a country described in subsection $(f)(10)(A)$
12	or (B) pursuant to paragraph 7 of article 1905
13	of the NAFTA, and referral for judicial review
14	is among the terms of such settlement, any
15	final determination that is the subject of a bi-
16	national panel review or an extraordinary chal-
17	lenge committee review shall, upon a request
18	described in clause (ii), be transferred to the
19	United States Court of International Trade (in
20	accordance with rules issued by the Court) for
21	review under subsection (a).
22	"(ii) A request referred to in clause (i) is
23	a request made by—
24	"(I) the country referred to in clause
25	(i),

"(II) an interested party that was a
party to the panel or committee review, or
"(III) an interested party that was a
party to the proceeding in connection with
which panel review was requested, but only
if the time for filing notices of appearance
in the panel review has not expired.".

### 8 SEC. 412. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO OTHER PROVI9 SIONS OF THE TARIFF ACT OF 1930.

(a) REGULATIONS FOR APPRAISEMENT AND CLASSIFICATION; FINALITY AND DECISION.—Sections 502(b)
and 514(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1502(b)
and 1514(b)) are each amended by inserting "the North
American Free Trade Agreement or" before "the United
States-Canada Free-Trade Agreement".

16 (b) DEFINITION.—Section 771 of the Tariff Act of17 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677) is amended—

(1) by redesignating as paragraph (21) (and
placing in numerical sequence) the second paragraph
that is designated as paragraph (18) (relating to the
definition of the United States-Canada Agreement)
in such section; and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (21) (as redesignated by paragraph (1) of this subsection) the following new paragraph:

1	''(22) NAFTA.—The term 'NAFTA' means the
2	North American Free Trade Agreement.".
3	(c) Disclosure of Proprietary Information in
4	TITLE VII PROCEEDINGS.—Section 777(f) of the Tariff
5	Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1677f(f)) is amended—
6	(1) by inserting "the North American Free
7	Trade Agreement or' before "the United
8	STATES-CANADA AGREEMENT'' in the heading;
9	(2) by inserting "the NAFTA or" before "the
10	United States-Canada Agreement'' each place it ap-
11	pears in paragraph (1)(A);
12	(3) in the second sentence of paragraph
13	(1)(A)—
14	(A) by inserting ''or extraordinary chal-
15	lenge committee" after "binational panel"; and
16	(B) by inserting "or committee" after "the
17	panel'';
18	(4) in paragraph (1)(B)—
19	(A) by inserting "the NAFTA or" before
20	"the Agreement" in clauses (iii) and (iv); and
21	(B) by striking out "Government of Can-
22	ada designated by an authorized agency of Can-
23	ada" in clause (iv) and inserting "Government
24	of a free trade area country (as defined in sec-

1	tion $516A(f)(10)$ designated by an authorized
2	agency of such country'';
3	(5) in paragraph (2) by inserting ", including
4	any extraordinary challenge," after "binational panel
5	proceeding'';
6	(6) in paragraph (3)—
7	(A) by inserting ''or extraordinary chal-
8	lenge committee" after "binational panel", and
9	(B) by inserting ''the NAFTA or'' before
10	"the United States-Canada Agreement";
11	(7) by striking out ''agency of Canada'' in each
12	of paragraphs (3) and (4) and inserting "agency of
13	a free trade area country (as defined in section
14	516A(f)(10))''; and
15	(8) in the first sentence of paragraph (4) by in-
16	serting ", except a judge appointed to a binational
17	panel or an extraordinary challenge committee under
18	section 402(b) of the North American Free Trade
19	Agreement Implementation Act," after "Any per-
20	son''.
21	SEC. 413. CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENT TO FREE-TRADE
22	AGREEMENT ACT OF 1988.
23	Section 410(a) of the United States-Canada Free-
24	
	Trade Agreement Implementation Act of 1988 (19 U.S.C.

new sentence: "In calculating the 7-year period referred
 to in paragraph (1), any time during which Canada is a
 NAFTA country (as defined in section 2(4) of the North
 American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act)
 shall be disregarded.".
 SEC. 414. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 28, UNITED

## SEC. 414. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 28, UNITED STATES CODE.

8 (a) COURT OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE.—Chapter 95
9 of title 28, United States Code, is amended—

10 (1) in section 1581(i) by inserting "the North
11 American Free Trade Agreement or" before "the
12 United States-Canada Free-Trade Agreement";

13 (2) in section 1584—

14 (A) by amending the section heading to15 read as follows:

16 "§1584. Civil actions under the North American Free

17	Trade Agreement or the United States-
18	Canada Free-Trade Agreement"; and
19	(B) by striking out ''777(d)'' and inserting
20	"777(f)"; and
21	(3) in the table of contents for such chapter by
22	amending the entry for section 1584 to read as fol-
23	lows:

"1584. Civil actions under the North American Free Trade Agreement or the United States-Canada Free-Trade Agreement.". (b) PARTICULAR PROCEEDINGS.—Sections 2201(a)
 and 2643(c)(5) of title 28, United States Code, are each
 amended by striking out "Canadian merchandise," and in serting "merchandise of a free trade area country (as de fined in section 516A(f)(10) of the Tariff Act of 1930),".
 SEC. 415. EFFECT OF TERMINATION OF NAFTA COUNTRY
 TATUS.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection 9 (b), on the date on which a country ceases to be a NAFTA 10 country, the provisions of this title (other than this sec-11 tion) and the amendments made by this title shall cease 12 to have effect with respect to that country.

13 (b) TRANSITION PROVISIONS.—

14 (1) PROCEEDINGS REGARDING PROTECTIVE OR-15 DERS AND UNDERTAKINGS.—If on the date on which 16 a country ceases to be a NAFTA country an inves-17 tigation or enforcement proceeding concerning the 18 violation of a protective order issued under section 19 777(f) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (as amended by 20 this subtitle) or an undertaking of the Government of that country is pending, the investigation or pro-21 22 ceeding shall continue, and sanctions may continue to be imposed, in accordance with the provisions of 23 such section 777(f). 24

1	(2) Binational panel and extraordinary
2	CHALLENGE COMMITTEE REVIEWS.—If on the date
3	on which a country ceases to be a NAFTA coun-
4	try—
5	(A) a binational panel review under article
6	1904 of the Agreement is pending, or has been
7	requested; or
8	(B) an extraordinary challenge committee
9	review under article 1904 of the Agreement is
10	pending, or has been requested;
11	with respect to a determination which involves a
12	class or kind of merchandise and to which section
13	516A(g)(2) of the Tariff Act of 1930 applies, such
14	determination shall be reviewable under section
15	516A(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930. In the case of
16	a determination to which the provisions of this para-
17	graph apply, the time limits for commencing an ac-
18	tion under 516A(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930 shall
19	not begin to run until the date on which the Agree-
20	ment ceases to be in force with respect to that coun-
21	try.
$\mathbf{a}$	

### 22 SEC. 416. EFFECTIVE DATE.

23 The provisions of this title and the amendments made24 by this title take effect on the date the Agreement enters

into force with respect to the United States, but shall not
 apply—

3 (1) to any final determination described in paragraph (1)(B), or (2)(B)(i), (ii), or (iii), of sec-4 tion 516A(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930 notice of 5 which is published in the Federal Register before 6 7 such date, or to a determination described in paragraph (2)(B)(vi) of section 516A(a) of such Act no-8 tice of which is received by the Government of Can-9 10 ada or Mexico before such date: or

(2) to any binational panel review under the
United States-Canada Free-Trade Agreement, or
any extraordinary challenge arising out of any such
review, that was commenced before such date.

# 15 TITLE V—NAFTA TRANSITIONAL 16 ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE 17 AND OTHER PROVISIONS 18 Subtitle A—NAFTA Transitional 19 Adjustment Assistance Program 20 sec. 501. short TITLE.

21 This subtitle may be cited as the "NAFTA Worker22 Security Act".

 SEC. 502. ESTABLISHMENT OF NAFTA TRANSITIONAL AD-JUSTMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.
 Chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 (19
 U.S.C. 2271 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
 the following new subchapter:

# 6 "Subchapter D—NAFTA Transitional 7 Adjustment Assistance Program 8 "SEC. 250. ESTABLISHMENT OF TRANSITIONAL PROGRAM.

9 "(a) GROUP ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.—

"(1) CRITERIA.—A group of workers (including 10 11 workers in any agricultural firm or subdivision of an agricultural firm) shall be certified as eligible to 12 apply for adjustment assistance under this sub-13 chapter pursuant to a petition filed under subsection 14 (b) if the Secretary determines that a significant 15 number or proportion of the workers in such work-16 17 ers' firm or an appropriate subdivision of the firm 18 have become totally or partially separated, or are 19 threatened to become totally or partially separated, 20 and either—

21 "(A) that—

22 "(i) the sales or production, or both,
23 of such firm or subdivision have decreased
24 absolutely,

25 "(ii) imports from Mexico or Canada
26 of articles like or directly competitive with

1	articles produced by such firm or subdivi-
2	sion have increased, and
3	''(iii) the increase in imports under
4	clause (ii) contributed importantly to such
5	workers' separation or threat of separation
6	and to the decline in the sales or produc-
7	tion of such firm or subdivision; or
8	''(B) that there has been a shift in produc-
9	tion by such workers' firm or subdivision to
10	Mexico or Canada of articles like or directly
11	competitive with articles which are produced by
12	the firm or subdivision.
13	"(2) Definition of contributed impor-
14	TANTLY.—The term 'contributed importantly', as
15	used in paragraph (1)(A)(iii), means a cause which
16	is important but not necessarily more important
17	than any other cause.
18	"(3) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall issue
19	regulations relating to the application of the criteria
20	described in paragraph (1) in making preliminary
21	findings under subsection (b) and determinations
22	under subsection (c).
23	"(b) Preliminary Findings and Basic Assist-
24	ANCE.—

1	"(1) FILING OF PETITIONS.—A petition for cer-
2	tification of eligibility to apply for adjustment assist-
3	ance under this subchapter may be filed by a group
4	of workers (including workers in any agricultural
5	firm or subdivision of an agricultural firm) or by
6	their certified or recognized union or other duly au-
7	thorized representative with the Governor of the
8	State in which such workers' firm or subdivision
9	thereof is located.
10	"(2) Findings and assistance.—Upon re-
11	ceipt of a petition under paragraph (1), the Gov-
12	ernor shall—
13	"(A) notify the Secretary that the Gov-
14	ernor has received the petition;
15	"(B) within 10 days after receiving the pe-
16	tition—
17	"(i) make a preliminary finding as to
18	whether the petition meets the criteria de-
19	scribed in subsection $(a)(1)$ (and for pur-
20	poses of this clause the criteria described
21	under subparagraph (A)(iii) of such sub-
22	section shall be disregarded), and
23	''(ii) transmit the petition, together
24	with a statement of the finding under

1	clause (i) and reasons therefor, to the Sec-
2	retary for action under subsection (c); and
3	''(C) if the preliminary finding under sub-
4	paragraph (B)(i) is affirmative, ensure that
5	rapid response and basic readjustment services
6	authorized under other Federal law are made
7	available to the workers.
8	"(c) Review of Petitions by Secretary; Cer-
9	TIFICATIONS.—
10	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, within 30
11	days after receiving a petition under subsection (b),
12	shall determine whether the petition meets the cri-
13	teria described in subsection $(a)(1)$ . Upon a deter-
14	mination that the petition meets such criteria, the
15	Secretary shall issue to workers covered by the peti-
16	tion a certification of eligibility to apply for assist-
17	ance described in subsection (d).
18	"(2) DENIAL OF CERTIFICATION.—Upon denial
19	of certification with respect to a petition under para-
20	graph (1), the Secretary shall review the petition in
21	accordance with the requirements of subchapter A to
22	determine if the workers may be certified under such

24 "(d) COMPREHENSIVE ASSISTANCE.—Workers cov-25 ered by certification issued by the Secretary under sub-

subchapter.

section (c) shall be provided, in the same manner and to
 the same extent as workers covered under a certification
 under subchapter A, the following:

4 "(1) Employment services described in section5 235.

6 "(2) Training described in section 236, except 7 that notwithstanding the provisions of section 8 236(a)(2)(A), the total amount of payments for 9 training under this subchapter for any fiscal year 10 shall not exceed \$30,000,000.

11 "(3) Trade readjustment allowances described
12 in sections 231 through 234, except that—

"(A) 13 the provisions of sections 231(a)(5)(C) and 231(c), authorizing the pay-14 15 ment of trade readjustment allowances upon a finding that it is not feasible or appropriate to 16 17 approve a training program for a worker, shall 18 not be applicable to payment of such allowances 19 under this subchapter; and

20 "(B) notwithstanding the provisions of sec21 tion 233(b), in order for a worker to qualify for
22 trade readjustment allowances under this sub23 chapter, the worker shall be enrolled in a train24 ing program approved by the Secretary under
25 section 236(a) by the later of—

"(i) the last day of the 16th week of 1 such worker's initial unemployment com-2 pensation benefit period, or 3 "(ii) the last day of the 6th week after 4 the week in which the Secretary issues a 5 certification covering such worker. 6 7 In cases of extenuating circumstances relating to enrollment in a training program, the Secretary may 8 extend the time for enrollment for a period not to 9 exceed 30 days. 10 "(4) Job search allowances described in section 11 237. 12 13 "(5) Relocation allowances described in section 14 238. ADMINISTRATION.—The provisions of sub-"(e) 15 chapter C shall apply to the administration of the program 16 under this subchapter in the same manner and to the 17 same extent as such provisions apply to the administration 18 of the program under subchapters A and B, except that 19 the agreement between the Secretary and the States de-20

20 the agreement between the Secretary and the States de-21 scribed in section 239 shall specify the procedures that 22 will be used to carry out the certification process under 23 subsection (c) and the procedures for providing relevant 24 data by the Secretary to assist the States in making pre-25 liminary findings under subsection (b).". 1 SEC. 503. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

2 (a) REFERENCES.—Sections 221(a), 222(a), and 223(a) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2271(a), 3 2272(a), and 2273(a)) are each amended by striking out 4 5 "assistance under this chapter" and inserting "assistance under this subchapter''. 6

7 (b) BENEFIT INFORMATION.—Section 225(b) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2275(b)) is amended by 8 inserting "or subchapter D" after "subchapter A" each 9 place it appears. 10

11 (c) NONDUPLICATION OF ASSISTANCE.—Subchapter C of chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 is 12 amended by adding at the end the following new section: 13 14

### **"SEC. 249A. NONDUPLICATION OF ASSISTANCE.**

15 "No worker may receive assistance relating to a separation pursuant to certifications under both subchapters 16 A and D of this chapter.". 17

18 (d) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Section 284 of the Trade 19 Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2395(a)) is amended by inserting "or section 250(c)" after "section 223". 20

(e) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for 21 22 chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 is amend-23 ed—

24 (1) by inserting after the item relating to sec-25 tion 249 the following new item:

"Sec. 249A. Nonduplication of assistance.";

1 and

2 (2) by adding at the end thereof the following3 new items:

"SUBCHAPTER D—NAFTA TRANSITIONAL ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM "Sec. 250. Establishment of transitional program.".

### 4 SEC. 504. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

5 Section 245 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
6 2317) is amended—

7 (1) by striking "There" and inserting "(a) IN
8 GENERAL.—There",

9 (2) by inserting ", other than subchapter D"10 after "chapter", and

(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-section:

13 "(b) SUBCHAPTER D.—There are authorized to be 14 appropriated to the Department of Labor, for each of fis-15 cal years 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, and 1998, such sums 16 as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of sub-17 chapter D of this chapter.".

#### 18 SEC. 505. TERMINATION OF TRANSITION PROGRAM.

19 Subsection (c) of section 285 of the Trade Act of20 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2271 preceding note) is amended—

21 (1) by striking "No" and inserting "(1) Except
22 as provided in paragraph (2), no"; and

23 (2) by adding at the end the following new24 paragraph:

"(2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), no
 assistance, vouchers, allowances, or other payments may
 be provided under subchapter D of chapter 2 after the
 day that is the earlier of—

5 "(i) September 30, 1998, or

6 "(ii) the date on which legislation, establishing 7 a program providing dislocated workers with com-8 prehensive assistance substantially similar to the as-9 sistance provided by such subchapter D, becomes ef-10 fective.

11 "(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), if, on or be-12 fore the day described in subparagraph (A), a worker—

13 "(i) is certified as eligible to apply for assist-14 ance, under subchapter D of chapter 2; and

15 ''(ii) is otherwise eligible to receive assistance inaccordance with section 250,

17 such worker shall continue to be eligible to receive such18 assistance for any week for which the worker meets the19 eligibility requirements of such section.".

20 SEC. 506. EFFECTIVE DATE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by sections 501, 502, 503, 504, and 505 shall take effect on
the date the Agreement enters into force with respect to
the United States.

25 (b) COVERED WORKERS.—

1	(1) GENERAL RULE.—Except as provided in
2	paragraph (2), no worker shall be certified as eligi-
3	ble to receive assistance under subchapter D of
4	chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 (as
5	added by this subtitle) whose last total or partial
6	separation from a firm (or appropriate subdivision of
7	a firm) occurred before such date of entry into force.
8	(2) REACHBACK.—Notwithstanding paragraph
9	(1), any worker—
10	(A) whose last total or partial separation
11	from a firm (or appropriate subdivision of a
12	firm) occurs—
13	(i) after the date of the enactment of
14	this Act, and
15	(ii) before such date of entry into
16	force, and
17	(B) who would otherwise be eligible to re-
18	ceive assistance under subchapter D of chapter
19	2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974,
20	shall be eligible to receive such assistance in the
21	same manner as if such separation occurred on or
22	after such date of entry into force.

3 (a) GENERAL RULE.—Section 3306 of the Internal
4 Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end
5 the following new subsection:

6 "(t) SELF-EMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.—
7 For the purposes of this chapter, the term 'self-employ8 ment assistance program' means a program under
9 which—

"(1) individuals who meet the requirements described in paragraph (3) are eligible to receive an allowance in lieu of regular unemployment compensation under the State law for the purpose of assisting
such individuals in establishing a business and becoming self-employed;

"(2) the allowance payable to individuals pursuant to paragraph (1) is payable in the same amount,
at the same interval, on the same terms, and subject
to the same conditions, as regular unemployment
compensation under the State law, except that—

21 "(A) State requirements relating to avail22 ability for work, active search for work, and re23 fusal to accept work are not applicable to such
24 individuals;

25 "(B) State requirements relating to dis-26 qualifying income are not applicable to income

1	earned from self-employment by such individ-
2	uals; and
3	"(C) such individuals are considered to be
4	unemployed for the purposes of Federal and
5	State laws applicable to unemployment com-
6	pensation,
7	as long as such individuals meet the requirements
8	applicable under this subsection;
9	"(3) individuals may receive the allowance
10	described in paragraph (1) if such individuals—
11	''(A) are eligible to receive regular unem-
12	ployment compensation under the State law, or
13	would be eligible to receive such compensation
14	except for the requirements described in sub-
15	paragraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (2);
16	"(B) are identified pursuant to a State
17	worker profiling system as individuals likely to
18	exhaust regular unemployment compensation;
19	and
20	''(C) are participating in self-employment
21	assistance activities which—
22	''(i) include entrepreneurial training,
23	business counseling, and technical assist-
24	ance; and

1	"(ii) are approved by the State agen-
2	cy; and
3	''(D) are actively engaged on a full-time
4	basis in activities (which may include training)
5	relating to the establishment of a business and
6	becoming self-employed;
7	"(4) the aggregate number of individuals receiv-
8	ing the allowance under the program does not at any
9	time exceed 5 percent of the number of individuals
10	receiving regular unemployment compensation under
11	the State law at such time;
12	"(5) the program does not result in any cost to
13	the Unemployment Trust Fund (established by sec-
14	tion 904(a) of the Social Security Act) in excess of
15	the cost that would be incurred by such State and
16	charged to such Fund if the State had not partici-
17	pated in such program; and
18	"(6) the program meets such other require-
19	ments as the Secretary of Labor determines to be
20	appropriate.''.
21	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
22	(1) Section 3304(a)(4) of such Code is amend-
23	ed—
24	(A) in subparagraph (D), by striking '';
25	and" and inserting a semicolon;

1	(B) in subparagraph (E), by striking the
2	semicolon and inserting "; and"; and
-3	(C) by adding at the end the following new
4	subparagraph:
5	"(F) amounts may be withdrawn for the
6	payment of allowances under a self-employment
7	assistance program (as defined in section
8	3306(t));''.
9	(2) Section 3306(f) of such Code is amended—
10	(A) in paragraph (3), by striking ''; and''
11	and inserting a semicolon;
12	(B) in paragraph (4), by striking the pe-
13	riod and inserting ''; and''; and
14	(C) by adding at the end the following new
15	paragraph:
16	((5) amounts may be withdrawn for the pay-
17	ment of allowances under a self-employment assist-
18	ance program (as defined in subsection (t)).".
19	(3) Section 303(a)(5) of the Social Security Act
20	(42 U.S.C. 503(a)(5)) is amended by striking ";
21	and" and inserting ": Provided further, That
22	amounts may be withdrawn for the payment of al-
23	lowances under a self-employment assistance pro-
24	gram (as defined in section 3306(t) of the Internal
25	Revenue Code of 1986); and".

(c) STATE REPORTS.—Any State operating a self-em-1 ployment program authorized by the Secretary of Labor 2 under this section shall report annually to the Secretary 3 4 on the number of individuals who participate in the selfemployment assistance program, the number of individ-5 uals who are able to develop and sustain businesses, the 6 7 operating costs of the program, compliance with program requirements, and any other relevant aspects of program 8 9 operations requested by the Secretary.

(d) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 4 years 10 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary 11 of Labor shall submit a report to the Congress with re-12 spect to the operation of the program authorized under 13 this section. Such report shall be based on the reports re-14 15 ceived from the States pursuant to subsection (c) and include such other information as the Secretary of Labor 16 determines is appropriate. 17

18 (e) EFFECTIVE DATE; SUNSET.—

(1) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The provisions of this
section and the amendments made by this section
shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this
Act.

23 (2) SUNSET.—The authority provided by this24 section, and the amendments made by this section,

shall terminate 5 years after the date of the enact ment of this Act.

## **3 Subtitle B—Provisions Relating to**

## 4 Performance Under the Agreement

### 5 SEC. 511. DISCRIMINATORY TAXES.

It is the sense of the Congress that when a State, 6 province, or other governmental entity of a NAFTA coun-7 try discriminatorily enforces sales or other taxes so as to 8 9 afford protection to domestic production or domestic service providers, such enforcement is in violation of the terms 10 of the Agreement. When such discriminatory enforcement 11 adversely affects United States producers of goods or 12 United States service providers, the Trade Representative 13 should pursue all appropriate remedies to obtain removal 14 of such discriminatory enforcement, including invocation 15 of the provisions of the Agreement. 16

# 17SEC. 512. REVIEW OF THE OPERATION AND EFFECTS OF18THE AGREEMENT.

(a) STUDY.—By not later than July 1, 1997, the
President shall provide to the Congress a comprehensive
study on the operation and effects of the Agreement. The
study shall include an assessment of the following factors:

(1) The net effect of the Agreement on theeconomy of the United States, including with respect

to the United States gross national product, employment, balance of trade, and current account balance.

(2) The industries (including agricultural indus-3 4 tries) in the United States that have significantly increased exports to Mexico or Canada as a result of 5 6 the Agreement, or in which imports into the United 7 States from Mexico or Canada have increased significantly as a result of the Agreement, and the ex-8 9 tent of any change in the wages, employment, or productivity in each such industry as a result of the 10 11 Agreement.

(3) The extent to which investment in new or
existing production or other operations in the United
States has been redirected to Mexico as a result of
the Agreement, and the effect on United States employment of such redirection.

(4) The extent of any increase in investment,
including foreign direct investment and increased investment by United States investors, in new or existing production or other operations in the United
States as a result of the Agreement, and the effect
on United States employment of such investment.

23 (5) The extent to which the Agreement has con24 tributed to—

1

2

1	(A) improvement in real wages and work-
2	
	ing conditions in Mexico,
3	(B) effective enforcement of labor and en-
4	vironmental laws in Mexico, and
5	(C) the reduction or abatement of pollution
6	in the region of the United States-Mexico bor-
7	der.
8	(b) SCOPE.—In assessing the factors listed in sub-
9	section (a), to the extent possible, the study shall distin-
10	guish between the consequences of the Agreement and
11	events that likely would have occurred without the Agree-
12	ment. In addition, the study shall evaluate the effects of
13	the Agreement relative to aggregate economic changes
14	and, to the extent possible, relative to the effects of other
15	factors, including—
16	(1) international competition,
17	(2) reductions in defense spending,
18	(3) the shift from traditional manufacturing to
19	knowledge and information based economic activity,
20	and
21	(4) the Federal debt burden.
22	(c) Recommendations of the President.—The
23	study shall include any appropriate recommendations by
24	the President with respect to the operation and effects of

the Agreement, including recommendations with respect to
 the specific factors listed in subsection (a).

3 (d) RECOMMENDATIONS OF CERTAIN COMMIT-4 TEES.—The President shall provide the study to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representa-5 tives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate and 6 7 any other committee that has jurisdiction over any provi-8 sion of United States law that was either enacted or 9 amended by the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act. Each such committee may hold hear-10 ings and make recommendations to the President with re-11 spect to the operation and effects of the Agreement. 12

## 13 SEC. 513. ACTIONS AFFECTING UNITED STATES CULTURAL 14 INDUSTRIES.

15 Section 182 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
16 2242) is amended by adding at the end the following new
17 subsection:

18 "(f) Special Rule for Actions Affecting Unit-19 ED STATES CULTURAL INDUSTRIES.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—By no later than the date
that is 30 days after the date on which the annual
report is submitted to Congressional committees
under section 181(b), the Trade Representative shall
identify any act, policy, or practice of Canada
which—

1	"(A) affects cultural industries,
2	"(B) is adopted or expanded after Decem-
3	ber 17, 1992, and
4	''(C) is actionable under article 2106 of
5	the North American Free Trade Agreement.
6	"(2) Special rules for identifications.—
7	For purposes of section 302(b)(2)(A), an act, policy,
8	or practice identified under this subsection shall be
9	treated as an act, policy, or practice that is the basis
10	for identification of a country under subsection
11	(a)(2), unless the United States has already taken
12	action pursuant to article 2106 of the North Amer-
13	ican Free Trade Agreement in response to such act,
14	policy, or practice. In deciding whether to identify
15	an act, policy, or practice under paragraph (1), the
16	Trade Representative shall—
17	"(A) consult with and take into account
18	the views of representatives of the relevant do-
19	mestic industries, appropriate committees es-
20	tablished pursuant to section 135, and appro-
21	priate officers of the Federal Government, and
22	"(B) take into account the information
23	from such sources as may be available to the

Trade Representative and such information as
may be submitted to the Trade Representative

1	by interested persons, including information
2	contained in reports submitted under section
3	181(b).
4	"(3) Cultural industries.—For purposes of
5	this subsection, the term 'cultural industries' means
6	persons engaged in any of the following activities:
7	''(A) The publication, distribution, or sale
8	of books, magazines, periodicals, or newspapers
9	in print or machine readable form but not in-
10	cluding the sole activity of printing or type-
11	setting any of the foregoing.
12	''(B) The production, distribution, sale, or
13	exhibition of film or video recordings.
14	"(C) The production, distribution, sale, or
15	exhibition of audio or video music recordings.
16	''(D) The publication, distribution, or sale
17	of music in print or machine readable form.
18	"(E) Radio communications in which the
19	transmissions are intended for direct reception
20	by the general public, and all radio, television,
21	and cable broadcasting undertakings and all
22	satellite programming and broadcast network
23	services.".

3 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following4 findings:

5 (1) Trade in motor vehicles and motor vehicle
6 parts is one of the most restricted areas of trade be7 tween the United States and Mexico.

8 (2) The elimination of Mexico's restrictive bar-9 riers to trade in motor vehicles and motor vehicle 10 parts over a 10-year period under the Agreement 11 should increase substantially United States exports 12 of such products to Mexico.

(3) The Department of Commerce estimates
that the Agreement provides the opportunity to increase United States exports of motor vehicles and
motor vehicle parts by \$1,000,000,000 during the
first year of the Agreement's implementation with
the potential for additional increases over the 10year transition period.

(4) The United States automotive industry has
estimated that United States exports of motor vehicles to Mexico should increase to more than 60,000
units during the first year of the Agreement's implementation, which is substantially above the current
level of 4,000 units.

1 (b) TRADE REPRESENTATIVE REPORT.—No later than July 1, 1995, and annually thereafter through 1999, 2 the Trade Representative shall submit a report to the 3 Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee 4 on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives on 5 how effective the provisions of the Agreement are with re-6 spect to increasing United States exports of motor vehicles 7 8 and motor vehicle parts to Mexico. Each report shall iden-9 tify and determine the following:

10 (1) The patterns of trade in motor vehicles and
11 motor vehicle parts between the United States and
12 Mexico during the preceding 12-month period.

13 (2) The level of tariff and nontariff barriers
14 that were in force during the preceding 12-month
15 period.

(3) The amount by which United States exports
of motor vehicles and motor vehicle parts to Mexico
have increased from the preceding 12-month period
as a result of the elimination of Mexican tariff and
nontariff barriers under the Agreement.

(4) Whether any such increase in United States
exports meets the levels of new export opportunities
anticipated under the Agreement.

24 (5) If the anticipated levels of new United25 States export opportunities are not reached, what

actions the Trade Representative is prepared to take
 to realize the benefits anticipated under the Agree ment, including possible initiation of additional ne gotiations with Mexico for the purpose of seeking
 modifications of the Agreement.

## 6 SEC. 515. CENTER FOR THE STUDY OF WESTERN HEMI7 SPHERIC TRADE.

8 (a) AMENDMENT TO THE CBI.—The Caribbean 9 Basin Economic Recovery Act (19 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.) 10 is amended by inserting after section 218 the following 11 new section:

### 12 "SEC. 219. CENTER FOR THE STUDY OF WESTERN HEMI-13 SPHERIC TRADE.

"(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Commissioner of Cus-14 toms, after consultation with appropriate officials in the 15 State of Texas, is authorized and directed to make grants 16 to an institution (or a consortium of such institutions) to 17 assist such institution in planning, establishing, and oper-18 ating a Center for the Study of Western Hemispheric 19 Trade (hereafter in this section referred to as the 'Cen-2021 ter'). The Commissioner of Customs shall make the first 22 grant not later than December 1, 1994, and the Center shall be established not later than February 1, 1995. 23

24 "(b) SCOPE OF THE CENTER.—The Center shall be25 a year-round program operated by an institution located

in the State of Texas (or a consortium of such institu tions), the purpose of which is to promote and study trade
 between and among Western Hemisphere countries. The
 Center shall conduct activities designed to examine—

5 "(1) the impact of the NAFTA on the econo6 mies in, and trade within, the Western Hemisphere,
7 "(2) the negotiation of any future free trade
8 agreements, including possible accessions to the
9 NAFTA; and

"(3) adjusting tariffs, reducing nontariff barriers, improving relations among customs officials,
and promoting economic relations among countries
in the Western Hemisphere.

14 "(c) CONSULTATION; SELECTION CRITERIA.—The 15 Commissioner of Customs shall consult with appropriate 16 officials of the State of Texas and private sector authori-17 ties with respect to selecting, planning, and establishing 18 the Center. In selecting the appropriate institution, the 19 Commissioner of Customs shall give consideration to—

20 "(1) the institution's ability to carry out the
21 programs and activities described in this section;
22 and

23 "(2) any resources the institution can provide
24 the Center in addition to Federal funds provided
25 under this program.

"(d) PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES.—The Center shall
 conduct the following activities:

3 "(1) Provide forums for international discussion and debate for representatives from countries in the 4 Western Hemisphere regarding issues which affect 5 6 trade and other economic relations within the hemisphere, including the impact of the NAFTA on indi-7 vidual economies and the desirability and feasibility 8 of possible accessions to the NAFTA by such coun-9 10 tries.

"(2) Conduct studies and research projects on 11 subjects which affect Western Hemisphere trade, in-12 cluding tariffs, customs, regional and national eco-13 14 nomics, business development and finance, produc-15 tion and personnel management, manufacturing, ag-16 riculture, engineering, transportation, immigration, 17 telecommunications, medicine, science, urban stud-18 ies, border demographics, social anthropology, and 19 population.

"(3) Publish materials, disseminate information, and conduct seminars and conferences to support and educate representatives from countries in
the Western Hemisphere who seek to do business
with or invest in other Western Hemisphere countries.

"(4) Provide grants, fellowships, endowed
 chairs, and financial assistance to outstanding schol ars and authorities from Western Hemisphere coun tries.

5 ''(5) Provide grants, fellowships, and other fi6 nancial assistance to qualified graduate students,
7 from Western Hemisphere countries, to study at the
8 Center.

9 "(6) Implement academic exchange programs
10 and other cooperative research and instructional
11 agreements with the complementary North/South
12 Center at the University of Miami at Coral Gables.
13 "(e) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—
14 "(1) NAFTA.—The term 'NAFTA' means the
15 North American Free Trade Agreement.

"(2) WESTERN HEMISPHERE COUNTRIES.—The 16 17 terms 'Western Hemisphere countries', 'countries in 18 the Western Hemisphere', and 'Western Hemi-19 sphere' mean Canada, the United States, Mexico, countries located in South America, beneficiary 20 21 countries (as defined by section 212), the Common-22 wealth of Puerto Rico, and the United States Virgin 23 Islands.

24 "(f) FEES FOR SEMINARS AND PUBLICATIONS.—25 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a grant made

under this section may provide that the Center may charge 1 a reasonable fee for attendance at seminars and con-2 ferences and for copies of publications, studies, reports, 3 and other documents the Center publishes. The Center 4 may waive such fees in any case in which it determines 5 imposing a fee would impose a financial hardship and the 6 purposes of the Center would be served by granting such 7 8 a waiver.

9 "(g) DURATION OF GRANT.—The Commissioner of 10 Customs is directed to make grants to any institution or 11 institutions selected as the Center for fiscal years 1994, 12 1995, 1996, and 1997.

"(h) REPORT.—The Commissioner of Customs shall,
no later than July 1, 1994, and annually thereafter for
years for which grants are made, submit a written report
to the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives. The first report shall include—

19 "(1) a statement identifying the institution or20 institutions selected as the Center,

21 "(2) the reasons for selecting the institution or22 institutions as the Center, and

23 "(3) the plan of such institution or institutions24 for operating the Center.

Each subsequent report shall include information with respect to the operations of the Center, the collaboration of the Center with, and dissemination of information to, Government policymakers and the business community with respect to the study of Western Hemispheric trade by the Center, and the plan and efforts of the Center to continue operations after grants under this section have expired.".

8 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 9 are authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for fiscal 10 year 1994, and such sums as may be necessary in the 3 11 succeeding fiscal years to carry out the purposes of section 12 219 of the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act (as 13 added by subsection (a)).

#### 14 SEC. 516. EFFECTIVE DATE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
(b), the provisions of this subtitle shall take effect on the
date the Agreement enters into force with respect to the
United States.

(b) EXCEPTION.—Section 515 shall take effect on thedate of the enactment of this Act.

1	Subtitle C—Funding
2	PART 1—CUSTOMS USER FEES
3	SEC. 521. FEES FOR CERTAIN CUSTOMS SERVICES.
4	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 13031 of the Consolidated
5	Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C.
6	58c) is amended—
7	(1) by amending paragraph (5) of subsection
8	(a) to read as follows:
9	"(5)(A) For fiscal years 1994, 1995, 1996, and
10	1997, for the arrival of each passenger aboard a
11	commercial vessel or commercial aircraft from out-
12	side the customs territory of the United States,
13	\$6.50.
14	"(B) For fiscal year 1998 and each fiscal year
15	thereafter, for the arrival of each passenger aboard
16	a commercial vessel or commercial aircraft from a
17	place outside the United States (other than a place
18	referred to in subsection $(b)(1)(A)$ of this section),
19	\$5.''
20	(2) by adding at the end of paragraph (1) of
21	subsection (b), the following flush sentence:
22	"Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to fiscal years
23	1994, 1995, 1996, and 1997.",
24	(3) in subsection (f)—

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1	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking ''except''
2	and all that follows through the end period and
3	inserting: ''except—
4	''(A) the portion of such fees that is re-
5	quired under paragraph (3) for the direct reim-
6	bursement of appropriations, and
7	"(B) the portion of such fees that is deter-
8	mined by the Secretary to be excess fees under
9	paragraph (5).'',
10	(B) in paragraph (3)(A), by striking the
11	first parenthetical and inserting ''(other than
12	the fees under subsection (a) (9) and (10) and
13	the excess fees determined by the Secretary
14	under paragraph (5))'',
15	(C) in paragraph (4), by striking ''under
16	subsection (a)" and inserting "under subsection
17	(a) (other than the excess fees determined by
18	the Secretary under paragraph (5))", and
19	(D) by adding at the end thereof the fol-
20	lowing new paragraph:
21	"(5) At the close of each of fiscal years 1994,
22	1995, 1996, and 1997, the Secretary of the Treas-
23	ury shall determine the amount of the fees collected
24	under paragraph (5)(A) of subsection (a) for that
25	fiscal year that exceeds the amount of such fees that

would have been collected for such fiscal year if the 1 2 fees that were in effect on the day before the effective date of this paragraph applied to such fiscal 3 4 year. The amount of the excess fees determined under the preceding sentence shall be deposited in 5 6 the Customs User Fee Account and shall be avail-7 able for reimbursement of inspectional costs (including passenger processing costs) not otherwise reim-8 9 bursed under this section, and shall be available only to the extent provided in appropriations Acts.", and 10 11 (4) in paragraph (3) of subsection (j), by striking "September 30, 1998" and inserting "September 12 30, 2003.". 13 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by 14 15 this section shall take effect on the date the Agreement enters into force with respect to the United States. 16 17 **PART 2—INTERNAL REVENUE CODE** 18 AMENDMENTS 19 SEC. 522. AUTHORITY TO DISCLOSE CERTAIN TAX INFOR-20 MATION TO THE UNITED STATES CUSTOMS 21 SERVICE. 22 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (l) of section 6103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to confiden-23

24 tiality and disclosure of returns and return information)

is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new
 paragraph:

3	"(14) DISCLOSURE OF RETURN INFORMATION
4	TO UNITED STATES CUSTOMS SERVICE.—The Sec-
5	retary may, upon written request from the Commis-
6	sioner of the United States Customs Service, dis-
7	close to officers and employees of the Department of
8	the Treasury such return information with respect
9	to taxes imposed by chapters 1 and 6 as the Sec-
10	retary may prescribe by regulations, solely for the
11	purpose of, and only to the extent necessary in—
12	"(A) ascertaining the correctness of any
13	entry in audits as provided for in section 509
14	of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1509), or

15 "(B) other actions to recover any loss of
16 revenue, or to collect duties, taxes, and fees, de17 termined to be due and owing pursuant to such
18 audits."

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Paragraphs
(3)(A) and (4) of section 6103(p) of such Code are each
amended by striking "or (13)" each place it appears and
inserting "(13), or (14)".

23 (c) Effective Date.—

24 (1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by25 this section shall take effect on the date the Agree-

ment enters into force with respect to the United
 States.

(2) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 90 days 3 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-4 retary of the Treasury or his delegate shall issue 5 regulations 6 temporary to carry out section 7 6103(l)(14) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. as added by this section. 8

9 SEC. 523. USE OF ELECTRONIC FUND TRANSFER SYSTEM 10 FOR COLLECTION OF CERTAIN TAXES.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—Section 6302 of the Internal
Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to mode or time of collection) is amended by redesignating subsection (h) as subsection (i) and by inserting after subsection (g) the following new subsection:

16 "(h) Use of Electronic Fund Transfer System
17 FOR Collection of Certain Taxes.—

18 "(1) ESTABLISHMENT OF SYSTEM.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
prescribe such regulations as may be necessary
for the development and implementation of an
electronic fund transfer system which is required to be used for the collection of depository taxes. Such system shall be designed in
such manner as may be necessary to ensure

1	that such taxes are credited to the general ac-
2	count of the Treasury on the date on which
3	such taxes would otherwise have been required
4	to be deposited under the Federal tax deposit
5	system.
6	"(B) EXEMPTIONS.—The regulations pre-
7	scribed under subparagraph (A) may contain
8	such exemptions as the Secretary may deem
9	appropriate.
10	"(2) Phase-in requirements.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
12	subparagraph (B), the regulations referred to in
13	paragraph (1)—
14	''(i) shall contain appropriate proce-
15	dures to assure that an orderly conversion
16	from the Federal tax deposit system to the
17	electronic fund transfer system is accom-
18	plished, and
19	"(ii) may provide for a phase-in of
20	such electronic fund transfer system by
21	classes of taxpayers based on the aggre-
22	gate undeposited taxes of such taxpayers
23	at the close of specified periods and any
24	other factors the Secretary may deem ap-
25	propriate.

1	"(B) PHASE-IN REQUIREMENTS.—The
2	phase-in of the electronic fund transfer system
3	shall be designed in such manner as may be
4	necessary to ensure that—
5	''(i) during each fiscal year beginning
6	after September 30, 1993, at least the ap-
7	plicable required percentage of the total
8	depository taxes imposed by chapters 21,
9	22, and 24 shall be collected by means of
10	electronic fund transfer, and
11	''(ii) during each fiscal year beginning
12	after September 30, 1993, at least the ap-
13	plicable required percentage of the total
14	other depository taxes shall be collected by
15	means of electronic fund transfer.
16	"(C) Applicable required percent-
17	AGE.—
18	"(i) In the case of the depository
19	taxes imposed by chapters 21, 22, and 24,
20	the applicable required percentage is—
21	"(I) 3 percent for fiscal year
22	1994,
23	"(II) 16.9 percent for fiscal year
24	1995,

	~00
1	''(III) 20.1 percent for fiscal year
2	1996,
3	''(IV) 58.3 percent for fiscal
4	years 1997 and 1998, and
5	''(V) 94 percent for fiscal year
6	1999 and all fiscal years thereafter.
7	''(ii) In the case of other depository
8	taxes, the applicable required percentage
9	is—
10	''(I) 3 percent for fiscal year
11	1994,
12	"(II) 20 percent for fiscal year
13	1995,
14	"(III) 30 percent for fiscal year
15	1996,
16	"(IV) 60 percent for fiscal years
17	1997 and 1998, and
18	"(V) 94 percent for fiscal year
19	1999 and all fiscal years thereafter.
20	"(3) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this sub-
21	section—
22	"(A) DEPOSITORY TAX.—The term 'depos-
23	itory tax' means any tax if the Secretary is au-
24	thorized to require deposits of such tax.

"(B) ELECTRONIC FUND TRANSFER.—The 1 term 'electronic fund transfer' means any trans-2 fer of funds, other than a transaction originated 3 4 by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic termi-5 6 nal, telephonic instrument, or computer or mag-7 netic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize 8 а financial institution or other financial intermediary to debit or credit an account. 9 10 "(4) COORDINATION WITH OTHER ELECTRONIC 11 FUND TRANSFER REQUIREMENTS.-"(A) COORDINATION WITH CERTAIN EX-12 CISE TAXES.—In determining whether the re-13 14 quirements of subparagraph (B) of paragraph 15 (2) are met, taxes required to be paid by electronic fund transfer under sections 5061(e) and 16 17 5703(b) shall be disregarded. 18 "(B) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT.—Under 19 regulations, any tax required to be paid by electronic fund transfer under section 5061(e) or 20 5703(b) shall be paid in such a manner as to 21 22 ensure that the requirements of the second sentence of paragraph (1)(A) of this subsection are 23 satisfied." 24

25 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by 1 2 this section shall take effect on the date the Agreement enters into force with respect to the United 3 States. 4

(2) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 210 days 5 6 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-7 retary of the Treasury or his delegate shall prescribe temporary regulations under section 6302(h) of the 8 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by this 9 10 section).

#### Subtitle D—Implementation of 11 **NAFTA Supplemental Agreements** 12

### PART 1-AGREEMENTS RELATING TO LABOR AND 13 14

## **ENVIRONMENT**

#### 15 **SEC. 531. AGREEMENT ON LABOR COOPERATION.**

16 (a) COMMISSION FOR LABOR COOPERATION.—

17 (1) MEMBERSHIP.—The United States is au-18 thorized to participate in the Commission for Labor 19 Cooperation in accordance with the North American 20 Agreement on Labor Cooperation.

(2) CONTRIBUTIONS TO BUDGET.—There are 21 22 authorized to be appropriated to the President (or 23 such agency as the President may designate) \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1994 and 1995 24 for United States contributions to the annual budget 25

1	of the Commission for Labor Cooperation pursuant
2	to Article 43 of the North American Agreement on
3	Labor Cooperation. Funds authorized to be appro-
4	priated for such contributions by this paragraph are
5	in addition to any funds otherwise available for such
6	contributions. Funds authorized to be appropriated
7	by this paragraph are authorized to be made avail-
8	able until expended.
9	(b) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section—
10	(1) the term "Commission for Labor Coopera-
11	tion" means the commission established by Part
12	Three of the North American Agreement on Labor
13	Cooperation; and
14	(2) the term "North American Agreement on
15	Labor Cooperation" means the North American
16	Agreement on Labor Cooperation Between the Gov-
17	ernment of the United States of America, the Gov-
18	ernment of Canada, and the Government of the
19	United Mexican States (signed at Mexico City,
20	Washington, and Ottawa on September 8, 9, 12, and
21	14, 1993).
22	SEC. 532. AGREEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL COOPERA-
23	TION.
24	(a) Commission for Environmental Coopera-
25	TION.—

(1) MEMBERSHIP.—The United States is au thorized to participate in the Commission for Envi ronmental Cooperation in accordance with the North
 American Agreement on Environmental Cooperation.

(2) CONTRIBUTIONS TO BUDGET.—There are 5 authorized to be appropriated to the President (or 6 7 such agency as the President may designate) \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1994 and 1995 8 for United States contributions to the annual budget 9 of the Commission for Environmental Cooperation 10 pursuant to Article 43 of the North American 11 12 Agreement on Environmental Cooperation. Funds authorized to be appropriated for such contributions 13 14 by this paragraph are in addition to any funds otherwise available for such contributions. Funds au-15 16 thorized to be appropriated by this paragraph are 17 authorized to be made available until expended.

18 (b) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section—

(1) the term "Commission for Environmental
Cooperation" means the commission established by
Part Three of the North American Agreement on
Environmental Cooperation; and

(2) the term "North American Agreement on
Environmental Cooperation" means the North
American Agreement on Environmental Cooperation

Between the Government of the United States of 1 2 America, the Government of Canada, and the Gov-3 ernment of the United Mexican States (signed at 4 Mexico City, Washington, and Ottawa on September 5 8, 9, 12, and 14, 1993). 6 SEC. 533. AGREEMENT ON BORDER ENVIRONMENT CO-7 **OPERATION COMMISSION.** 8 (a) BORDER ENVIRONMENT COOPERATION COMMIS-9 SION.— 10 (1) MEMBERSHIP.—The United States is au-11 thorized to participate in the Border Environment 12 Cooperation Commission in accordance with the Border Environment Cooperation Agreement. 13 14 (2)CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE COMMISSION 15 BUDGET.—There are authorized to be appropriated 16 to the President (or such agency as the President 17 may designate) \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 1994 and 18 each fiscal year thereafter for United States con-19 tributions to the budget of the Border Environment 20 Cooperation Commission pursuant to section 7 of Article III of Chapter I of the Border Environment 21 22 Cooperation Agreement. Funds authorized to be ap-23 propriated for such contributions by this paragraph 24 are in addition to any funds otherwise available for 25 such contributions. Funds authorized to be appropriated by this paragraph are authorized to be made
 available until expended.

(b) CIVIL ACTIONS INVOLVING THE COMMISSION.— 3 For the purpose of any civil action which may be brought 4 within the United States by or against the Border Envi-5 ronment Cooperation Commission in accordance with the 6 7 Border Environment Cooperation Agreement (including an action brought to enforce an arbitral award against the 8 Commission), the Commission shall be deemed to be an 9 inhabitant of the Federal judicial district in which its prin-10 cipal office within the United States, or its agent ap-11 pointed for the purpose of accepting service or notice of 12 service, is located. Any such action to which the Commis-13 sion is a party shall be deemed to arise under the laws 14 15 of the United States, and the district courts of the United States (including the courts enumerated in section 460 of 16 title 28, United States Code) shall have original jurisdic-17 tion of any such action. When the Commission is a defend-18 ant in any action in a State court, it may at any time 19 before trial remove the action into the appropriate district 20 court of the United States by following the procedure for 21 22 removal provided in section 1446 of title 28, United States Code. 23

24 (c) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section—

1	(1) the term "Border Environment Cooperation
2	Agreement" means the November 1993 Agreement
3	Between the Government of the United States of
4	America and the Government of the United Mexican
5	States Concerning the Establishment of a Border
6	Environment Cooperation Commission and a North
7	American Development Bank;
8	(2) the terms "Border Environment Coopera-
9	tion Commission" and "Commission" mean the com-
10	mission established pursuant to Chapter I of the
11	Border Environment Cooperation Agreement; and
12	(3) the term "United States" means the United
13	States, its territories and possessions, and the Com-
14	monwealth of Puerto Rico.
15	PART 2-NORTH AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT
16	<b>BANK AND RELATED PROVISIONS</b>
17	SEC. 541. NORTH AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK.
18	(a) ACCEPTANCE OF MEMBERSHIP.—The President
19	is hereby authorized to accept membership for the United
20	States in the North American Development Bank (here-
21	after in this part referred to as the "Bank") provided for
22	in Chapter II of the Border Environment Cooperation
23	Agreement (hereafter in this part referred to as the "Co-
24	operation Agroement'')
	operation Agreement'').

(1) SUBSCRIPTION AUTHORITY.—

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2 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the
3 Treasury may subscribe on behalf of the United
4 States up to 150,000 shares of the capital stock
5 of the Bank.

6 (B) EFFECTIVENESS OF SUBSCRIPTION.— 7 Except as provided in paragraph (3), any such 8 subscription shall be effective only to such ex-9 tent or in such amounts as are provided in ad-10 vance in appropriations Acts.

11 (2) LIMITATIONS ON AUTHORIZATION OF AP-PROPRIATIONS.—For payment by the Secretary of 12 the Treasury of the subscription of the United 13 14 States for shares described in paragraph (1), there 15 are authorized to be appropriated \$1,500,000,000 (\$225,000,000 of which may be used for paid-in 16 17 capital and \$1,275,000,000 of which may be used 18 for callable capital) without fiscal year limitation.

19 (3) FUNDING; LIMITATION ON CALLABLE CAP-20 ITAL SUBSCRIPTIONS.—

(A) FUNDING.—For fiscal year 1995, the
Secretary of the Treasury shall pay to the Bank
out of any sums in the Treasury not otherwise
appropriated the sum of \$56,250,000 for the
paid-in portion of the United States share of

the capital stock of the Bank, 10 percent of which may be transferred by the Bank to the President pursuant to section 543 to pay for the cost of direct and guaranteed Federal loans.

5 (B) LIMITATION ON CALLABLE CAPITAL 6 SUBSCRIPTIONS.—For fiscal year 1995, the 7 Secretary of the Treasury shall subscribe to the 8 callable capital portion of the United States 9 share of the capital stock of the Bank in an 10 amount not to exceed \$318,750,000.

11 (4) DISPOSITION OF NET INCOME DISTRIBUTED 12 BY THE FACILITY.—Any payment made to the 13 United States by the Bank as a distribution of net 14 income shall be covered into the Treasury as a mis-15 cellaneous receipt.

(c) COMPENSATION OF BOARD MEMBERS.—No person shall be entitled to receive any salary or other compensation from the Bank or the United States for services
as a Board member.

(d) APPLICABILITY OF BRETTON WOODS AGREEMENTS ACT.—The provisions of section 4 of the Bretton
Woods Agreements Act shall apply with respect to the
Bank to the same extent as with respect to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and
the International Monetary Fund.

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(e) RESTRICTIONS.—Unless authorized by law, nei ther the President nor any person or agency shall, on be half of the United States—

4 (1) subscribe to additional shares of stock of5 the Bank;

6 (2) vote for or agree to any amendment of the 7 Cooperation Agreement which increases the obliga-8 tions of the United States, or which changes the 9 purpose or functions of the Bank; or

10 (3) make a loan or provide other financing to11 the Bank.

(f) FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS AS DEPOSITORIES.—
Any Federal Reserve bank that is requested to do so by
the Bank shall act as its depository or as its fiscal agent,
and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System shall supervise and direct the carrying out of these
functions by the Federal Reserve banks.

(g) JURISDICTION OF UNITED STATES COURTS AND 18 ENFORCEMENT OF ARBITRAL AWARDS.—For the purpose 19 of any civil action which may be brought within the United 20 21 States, its territories or possessions, or the Commonwealth 22 of Puerto Rico, by or against the Bank in accordance with the Cooperation Agreement, including an action brought 23 to enforce an arbitral award against the Bank, the Bank 24 shall be deemed to be an inhabitant of the Federal judicial 25

district in which its principal office within the United 1 States or its agency appointed for the purpose of accepting 2 service or notice of service is located, and any such action 3 4 to which the Bank shall be a party shall be deemed to arise under the laws of the United States, and the district 5 courts of the United States, including the courts enumer-6 7 ated in section 460 of title 28. United States Code, shall have original jurisdiction of any such action. When the 8 9 Bank is a defendant in any action in a State court, it may at any time before trial remove the action into the appro-10 priate district court of the United States by following the 11 procedure for removal provided in section 1446 of title 28, 12 United States Code. 13

14 (h) EXEMPTION FROM SECURITIES LAWS FOR CER15 TAIN SECURITIES ISSUED BY THE BANK; REPORTS RE16 QUIRED.—

17 (1) EXEMPTIONS FROM LIMITATIONS AND RE-18 STRICTIONS ON THE POWER OF NATIONAL BANKING 19 ASSOCIATIONS TO DEAL IN AND UNDERWRITE IN-20 VESTMENT SECURITIES OF THE BANK.—The seventh sentence of the seventh undesignated paragraph of 21 22 section 5136 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (12 U.S.C. 24), is amended by inserting "the 23 North American Development Bank," after "Inter-24 American Development Bank,". 25

1 (2) EXEMPTION FROM SECURITIES LAWS FOR 2 CERTAIN SECURITIES ISSUED BY THE BANK; RE-3 PORTS REQUIRED.—Any securities issued by the 4 Bank (including any guarantee by the Bank, wheth-5 er or not limited in scope) in connection with the 6 raising of funds for inclusion in the Bank's capital 7 resources as defined in Section 4 of Article II of 8 Chapter II of the Cooperation Agreement, and any 9 securities guaranteed by the Bank as to both the 10 principal and interest to which the commitment in Section 3(d) of Article II of Chapter II of the Co-11 12 operation Agreement is expressly applicable, shall be 13 deemed to be exempted securities within the mean-14 ing of section 3(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 15 (15 U.S.C. 77c), and section 3(a)(12) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c). The 16 17 Bank shall file with the Securities and Exchange 18 Commission such annual and other reports with re-19 gard to such securities as the Commission shall de-20 termine to be appropriate in view of the special char-21 acter of the Bank and its operations and necessary 22 in the public interest or for the protection of inves-23 tors.

24 (3) AUTHORITY OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE25 COMMISSION TO SUSPEND EXEMPTION; REPORTS TO

THE CONGRESS.—The 1 Securities and Exchange Commission, acting in consultation with the Na-2 3 tional Advisory Council on International Monetary 4 and Financial Problems, is authorized to suspend the provisions of paragraph (2) at any time as to 5 6 any or all securities issued or guaranteed by the 7 Bank during the period of such suspension. The 8 Commission shall include in its annual reports to 9 Congress such information as it shall deem advisable 10 with regard to the operations and effect of this sub-11 section and in connection therewith shall include any 12 views submitted for such purpose by any association 13 of dealers registered with the Commission.

### 14 SEC. 542. STATUS, IMMUNITIES, AND PRIVILEGES.

Article VIII of Chapter II of the Cooperation Agreement shall have full force and effect in the United States, its territories and possessions, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, upon entry into force of the Cooperation Agreement.

### 20 SEC. 543. COMMUNITY ADJUSTMENT AND INVESTMENT21PROGRAM.

(a) THE PRESIDENT.—(1) The President may enter
into an agreement with the Bank that facilitates implementation by the President of a program for community
adjustment and investment in support of the Agreement

pursuant to chapter II of the Cooperation Agreement
 (hereafter in this section referred to as the "community
 adjustment and investment program").

4 (2) The President may receive from the Bank 10 per-5 cent of the paid-in capital actually paid to the Bank by 6 the United States for the President to carry out, without 7 further appropriations, through Federal agencies and 8 their loan and loan guarantee programs, the community 9 adjustment and investment program, pursuant to an 10 agreement between the President and the Bank.

11 (3) The President may select one or more Federal 12 agencies that make loans or guarantees the repayment of 13 loans to assist in carrying out the community adjustment 14 and investment program, and may transfer the funds re-15 ceived from the Bank to such agency or agencies for the 16 purpose of assisting in carrying out the community adjust-17 ment and investment program.

18 (4) (A) Each Federal agency selected by the President 19 to assist in carrying out the community adjustment and 20 investment program shall use the funds transferred to it 21 by the President from the Bank to pay for the costs of 22 direct and guaranteed loans, as defined in section 502 of 23 the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, and, as appro-24 priate, other costs associated with such loans, all subject to the restrictions and limitations that apply to such agen cy's existing loan or loan guarantee program.

3 (B) Funds transferred to an agency under subpara-4 graph (A) shall be in addition to the amount of funds au-5 thorized in any appropriations Act to be expended by that 6 agency for its loan or loan guarantee program.

7 (5) The President shall—

8 (A) establish guidelines for the loans and loan 9 guarantees to be made under the community adjust-10 ment and investment program;

(B) endorse the grants made by the Bank for
the community adjustment and investment program,
as provided in Article I, section 1(b), and Article III,
section 11(a), of Chapter II of the Cooperation
Agreement; and

(C) endorse any loans or guarantees made by
the Bank for the community adjustment and investment program, as provided in Article I, section 1(b),
and Article III, section 6(a) and (c) of Chapter II
of the Cooperation Agreement.

21 (b) Advisory Committee.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President shall establish an advisory committee to be known as the
Community Adjustment and Investment Program
Advisory Committee (in this section referred to as

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1	the "Advisory Committee") in accordance with the
2	provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act.
3	(2) Membership.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Advisory Commit-
5	tee shall consist of 9 members of the public, ap-
6	pointed by the President, who, collectively, rep-
7	resent—
8	(i) community groups whose constitu-
9	encies include low-income families;
10	(ii) any scientific, professional, busi-
11	ness, nonprofit, or public interest organiza-
12	tion or association which is neither affili-
13	ated with, nor under the direction of, a
14	government;
15	(iii) for-profit business interests; and
16	(iv) other appropriate entities with
17	relevant expertise.
18	(B) REPRESENTATION.—Each of the cat-
19	egories described in clauses (i) through (iv) of
20	subparagraph (A) shall be represented by no
21	fewer than 1 and no more than 3 members of
22	the Advisory Committee.
23	(3) FUNCTION.—It shall be the function of the
24	Advisory Committee—

1	(A) to provide advice to the President re-
2	garding the implementation of the community
3	adjustment and investment program, including
4	advice on the guidelines to be established by the
5	President for the loans and loan guarantees to
6	be made pursuant to subsection $(a)(4)$ , advice
7	on identifying the needs for adjustment assist-
8	ance and investment in support of the goals and
9	objectives of the Agreement, taking into ac-
10	count economic and geographic considerations,
11	and advice on such other matters as may be re-
12	quested by the President; and
13	(B) to review on a regular basis the oper-
14	ation of the community adjustment and invest-
15	ment program and provide the President with
16	the conclusions of its review.
17	(4) TERMS OF MEMBERS.—
18	(A) IN GENERAL.—Each member of the
19	Advisory Committee shall serve at the pleasure
20	of the President.
21	(B) CHAIRPERSON.—The President shall
22	appoint a chairperson from among the members
23	of the Advisory Committee.
24	(C) MEETINGS.—The Advisory Committee

shall meet at least annually and at such other

times as requested by the President or the chairperson. A majority of the members of the Advisory Committee shall constitute a quorum.

4 (D) REIMBURSEMENT FOR EXPENSES.— 5 The members of the Advisory Committee may 6 receive reimbursement for travel, per diem, and 7 other necessary expenses incurred in the per-8 formance of their duties, in accordance with the 9 Federal Advisory Committee Act.

10 (E) STAFF AND FACILITIES.—The Advi-11 sory Committee may utilize the facilities and 12 services of employees of any Federal agency 13 without cost to the Advisory Committee, and 14 any such agency is authorized to provide serv-15 ices as requested by the Committee.

16 (c) OMBUDSMAN.—The President shall appoint an 17 ombudsman to provide the public with an opportunity to 18 participate in the carrying out of the community adjust-19 ment and investment program.

20 (1) FUNCTION.—It shall be the function of the21 ombudsman—

(A) to establish procedures for receiving
comments from the general public on the operation of the community adjustment and investment program, to receive such comments, and

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1	to provide the President with summaries of the
2	public comments; and
3	(B) to perform an independent inspection
4	and programmatic audit of the operation of the
5	community adjustment and investment program
6	and to provide the President with the conclu-
7	sions of its investigation and audit.
8	(2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
9	There are authorized to be appropriated to the
10	President, or such agency as the President may des-
11	ignate, \$25,000 for fiscal year 1995 and for each
12	fiscal year thereafter, for the costs of the ombuds-
13	man.

**REQUIREMENT.**—The President 14 (d) Reporting shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees 15 an annual report on the community adjustment and in-16 vestment program (if any) that is carried out pursuant 17 to this section. Each report shall state the amount of the 18 loans made or guaranteed during the 12-month period 19 ending on the day before the date of the report. 20

### 21 SEC. 544. DEFINITION.

For purposes of this part, the term "Border Environment Cooperation Agreement" (referred to in this part as the "Cooperation Agreement") means the November 1993 Agreement Between the Government of the United States

of America and the Government of the United Mexican
 States Concerning the Establishment of a Border Envi ronment Cooperation Commission and a North American
 Development Bank.

# 5 TITLE VI—CUSTOMS 6 MODERNIZATION

### 7 SEC. 601. REFERENCE.

8 Whenever in subtitle A, B, or C an amendment or 9 repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal 10 of, a part, section, subsection, or other provision, the ref-11 erence shall be considered to be made a part, section, sub-12 section, or other provision of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 13 U.S.C. 1202 et seq.).

## Subtitle A—Improvements in Customs Enforcement

16 SEC. 611. PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF ARRIVAL, RE-

17 **PORTING, ENTRY, AND CLEARANCE REQUIRE**-

### 18 ments.

19 Section 436 (19 U.S.C. 1436) is amended—

20 (1) by amending subsection (a)—

21 (A) by striking out "433" in paragraph (1)
22 and inserting "431, 433, or 434 of this Act or
23 section 4197 of the Revised Statutes of the
24 United States (46 U.S.C. App. 91)",

1	(B) by amending paragraph (2) to read as
2	follows:
3	"(2) to present or transmit, electronically or
4	otherwise, any forged, altered, or false document,
5	paper, information, data or manifest to the Customs
6	Service under section 431(e), 433(d), or 434 of this
7	Act or section 4197 of the Revised Statutes of the
8	United States (46 U.S.C. App. 91) without revealing
9	the facts; or", and
10	(C) by amending paragraph (3) to read as
11	follows:
12	"(3) to fail to make entry or to obtain clearance
13	as required by section 434 or 644 of this Act, sec-
14	tion 4197 of the Revised Statutes of the United
15	States (46 U.S.C. App. 91), or section 1109 of the
16	Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. App.
17	1509); or''; and
18	(2) by striking out "AND ENTRY" in the sec-
19	tion heading and inserting "ENTRY, AND CLEAR-
20	ANCE".
21	SEC. 612. FAILURE TO DECLARE.
22	Section 497(a) (19 U.S.C. 1497(a)) is amended—
23	(1) by inserting "or transmitted" after "made"
24	in paragraph $(1)(A)$ ; and

1(2) by amending paragraph (2)(A) to read as2follows:

3 "(A) if the article is a controlled sub4 stance, either \$500 or an amount equal to
5 1,000 percent of the value of the article, which6 ever amount is greater; and".

7 SEC. 613. CUSTOMS TESTING LABORATORIES; DETENTION
8 OF MERCHANDISE.

9 (a) AMENDMENT.—Section 499 (19 U.S.C. 1499) is 10 amended to read as follows:

### 11 "SEC. 499. EXAMINATION OF MERCHANDISE.

12 "(a) ENTRY EXAMINATION.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Imported merchandise that 13 is required by law or regulation to be inspected, ex-14 15 amined, or appraised shall not be delivered from customs custody (except under such bond or other secu-16 17 rity as may be prescribed by the Secretary to assure 18 compliance with all applicable laws, regulations, and 19 instructions which the Secretary or the Customs 20 Service is authorized to enforce) until the merchan-21 dise has been inspected, appraised, or examined and 22 is reported by the Customs Service to have been 23 truly and correctly invoiced and found to comply with the requirements of the laws of the United 24 25 States.

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1	"(2) EXAMINATION.—The Customs Service—
2	''(A) shall designate the packages or quan-
3	tities of merchandise covered by any invoice or
4	entry which are to be opened and examined for
5	the purpose of appraisement or otherwise;
6	''(B) shall order such packages or quan-
7	tities to be sent to such place as is designated
8	by the Secretary by regulation for such pur-
9	pose;
10	''(C) may require such additional packages
11	or quantities as the Secretary considers nec-
12	essary for such purpose; and
13	''(D) shall inspect a sufficient number of
14	shipments, and shall examine a sufficient num-
15	ber of entries, to ensure compliance with the
16	laws enforced by the Customs Service.
17	"(3) UNSPECIFIED ARTICLES.—If any package
18	contains any article not specified in the invoice or
19	entry and, in the opinion of the Customs Service, the
20	article was omitted from the invoice or entry—
21	"(A) with fraudulent intent on the part of
22	the seller, shipper, owner, agent, importer of
23	record, or entry filer, the contents of the entire
24	package in which such article is found shall be
25	subject to seizure; or

"(B) without fraudulent intent, the value
 of the article shall be added to the entry and
 the duties, fees, and taxes thereon paid accord ingly.

5 "(4) DEFICIENCY.—If a deficiency is found in 6 quantity, weight, or measure in the examination of 7 any package, the person finding the deficiency shall 8 make a report thereof to the Customs Service. The 9 Customs Service shall make allowance for the defi-10 ciency in the liquidation of duties.

11 "(5) INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR RELEASE.— 12 If an examination is conducted, any information re-13 quired for release shall be provided, either electroni-14 cally or in paper form, to the Customs Service at the 15 port of examination. The absence of such informa-16 tion does not limit the authority of the Customs 17 Service to conduct an examination.

18 "(b) TESTING LABORATORIES.—

"(1) ACCREDITATION OF PRIVATE TESTING
LABORATORIES.—The Customs Service shall establish and implement a procedure, under regulations
promulgated by the Secretary, for accrediting private laboratories within the United States which
may be used to perform tests (that would otherwise
be performed by Customs Service laboratories) to es-

1	tablish the characteristics, quantities, or composition
2	of imported merchandise. Such regulations—
3	"(A) shall establish the conditions required
4	for the laboratories to receive and maintain ac-
5	creditation for purposes of this subsection;
6	"(B) shall establish the conditions regard-
7	ing the suspension and revocation of accredita-
8	tion, which may include the imposition of a
9	monetary penalty not to exceed \$100,000 and
10	such penalty is in addition to the recovery, from
11	a gauger or laboratory accredited under para-
12	graph (1), of any loss of revenue that may have
13	occurred, but the Customs Service—
14	"(i) may seek to recover lost revenue
15	only in cases where the gauger or labora-
16	tory intentionally falsified the analysis or
17	gauging report in collusion with the im-
18	porter; and
19	"(ii) shall neither assess penalties nor
20	seek to recover lost revenue because of a
21	good faith difference of professional opin-
22	ion; and
23	"(C) may provide for the imposition of a
24	reasonable charge for accreditation and periodic
25	reaccreditation.

The collection of any charge for accreditation and
 reaccreditation under this section is not prohibited
 by section 13031(e)(6) of the Consolidated Omnibus
 Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C.
 58c(e)(6)).

"(2) Appeal of adverse accreditation de-6 7 CISIONS.—A laboratory applying for accreditation, or that is accredited, under this section may contest 8 any decision or order of the Customs Service deny-9 ing, suspending, or revoking accreditation, or impos-10 11 ing a monetary penalty, by commencing an action in accordance with chapter 169 of title 28, United 12 13 States Code, in the Court of International Trade 14 within 60 days after issuance of the decision or order. 15

⁽⁽³⁾ 16 TESTING BY ACCREDITED LABORA-17 TORIES.—When requested by an importer of record 18 of merchandise, the Customs Service shall authorize 19 the release to the importer of a representative sam-20 ple of the merchandise for testing, at the expense of 21 the importer, by a laboratory accredited under para-22 graph (1). The testing results from a laboratory ac-23 credited under paragraph (1) that are submitted by 24 an importer of record with respect to merchandise in 25 an entry shall, in the absence of testing results ob-

1	tained from a Customs Service laboratory, be accept-
2	ed by the Customs Service if the importer of record
3	certifies that the sample tested was taken from the
4	merchandise in the entry. Nothing in this subsection
5	shall be construed to limit in any way or preclude
6	the authority of the Customs Service to test or ana-
7	lyze any sample or merchandise independently.
8	"(4) Availability of testing procedure,
9	METHODOLOGIES, AND INFORMATION.—Testing pro-
10	cedures and methodologies used by the Customs
11	Service, and information resulting from any testing
12	conducted by the Customs Service, shall be made
13	available as follows:
14	"(A) Testing procedures and methodologies
15	shall be made available upon request to any
16	person unless the procedures or methodologies
17	are—
18	"(i) proprietary to the holder of a
19	copyright or patent related to such proce-
20	dures or methodologies, or
21	"(ii) developed by the Customs Serv-
22	ice for enforcement purposes.
23	"(B) Information resulting from testing
24	shall be made available upon request to the im-

1	porter of record and any agent thereof unless
2	the information reveals information which is—
3	''(i) proprietary to the holder of a
4	copyright or patent; or
5	"(ii) developed by the Customs Serv-
6	ice for enforcement purposes.
7	"(5) Miscellaneous provisions.—For pur-
8	poses of this subsection—
9	"(A) any reference to a private laboratory
10	includes a reference to a private gauger; and
11	"(B) accreditation of private laboratories
12	extends only to the performance of functions by
13	such laboratories that are within the scope of
14	those responsibilities for determinations of the
15	elements relating to admissibility, quantity,
16	composition, or characteristics of imported mer-
17	chandise that are vested in, or delegated to, the
18	Customs Service.
19	"(c) DETENTIONS.—Except in the case of merchan-
20	dise with respect to which the determination of admissibil-
21	ity is vested in an agency other than the Customs Service,
22	the following apply:
23	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Within the 5-day period
24	(excluding weekends and holidays) following the date

25 on which merchandise is presented for customs ex-

1	amination, the Customs Service shall decide whether
2	to release or detain the merchandise. Merchandise
3	which is not released within such 5-day period shall
4	be considered to be detained merchandise.
5	"(2) NOTICE OF DETENTION.—The Customs
6	Service shall issue a notice to the importer or other
7	party having an interest in detained merchandise no
8	later than 5 days, excluding weekends and holidays,
9	after the decision to detain the merchandise is made.
10	The notice shall advise the importer or other inter-
11	ested party of—
12	"(A) the initiation of the detention;
13	"(B) the specific reason for the detention;
14	"(C) the anticipated length of the deten-
15	tion;
16	"(D) the nature of the tests or inquiries to
17	be conducted; and
18	"(E) the nature of any information which,
19	if supplied to the Customs Service, may acceler-
20	ate the disposition of the detention.
21	"(3) TESTING RESULTS.—Upon request by the
22	importer or other party having an interest in de-
23	tained merchandise, the Customs Service shall pro-
24	vide the party with copies of the results of any test-
25	ing conducted by the Customs Service on the mer-

chandise and a description of the testing procedures 1 2 and methodologies (unless such procedures or methodologies are proprietary to the holder of a copyright 3 4 or patent or were developed by the Customs Service for enforcement purposes). The results and test de-5 scription shall be in sufficient detail to permit the 6 7 duplication and analysis of the testing and the results. 8 "(4) SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE.—If otherwise 9 provided by law, detained merchandise may be seized 10 11 and forfeited. 12 "(5) Effect of failure to make deter-13 MINATION.— "(A) The failure by the Customs Service to 14 make a final determination with respect to the 15 admissibility of detained merchandise within 30 16 17 days after the merchandise has been presented 18 for customs examination, or such longer period 19 if specifically authorized by law, shall be treated 20 as a decision of the Customs Service to exclude 21 the merchandise for purposes of section 22 514(a)(4). "(B) For purposes of section 1581 of title 23 28, United States Code, a protest against the 24 decision to exclude the merchandise which has 25

not been allowed or denied in whole or in part before the 30th day after the day on which the protest was filed shall be treated as having been denied on such 30th day.

"(C) Notwithstanding section 2639 of title 5 28, United States Code, once an action respect-6 ing a detention is commenced, unless the Cus-7 toms Service establishes by a preponderance of 8 9 the evidence that an admissibility decision has not been reached for good cause, the court shall 10 11 grant the appropriate relief which may include, 12 but is not limited to, an order to cancel the de-13 tention and release the merchandise.".

14 (b) EXISTING LABORATORIES.—Accreditation under section 499(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (as added by sub-15 section (a)) is not required for any private laboratory (in-16 cluding any gauger) that was accredited or approved by 17 the Customs Service as of the day before the date of the 18 enactment of this Act; but any such laboratory is subject 19 to reaccreditation under the provisions of such section and 20 the regulations promulgated thereunder. 21

### 22 SEC. 614. RECORDKEEPING.

23 Section 508 (19 U.S.C. 1508) is amended—

24 (1) by amending subsection (a) to read as fol-25 lows:

1

2

3

1 "(a) REQUIREMENTS.—Any—

2	''(1) owner, importer, consignee, importer of	f
3	record, entry filer, or other party who—	

4 "(A) imports merchandise into the customs
5 territory of the United States, files a drawback
6 claim, or transports or stores merchandise car7 ried or held under bond, or

8 ''(B) knowingly causes the importation or 9 transportation or storage of merchandise car-10 ried or held under bond into or from the cus-11 toms territory of the United States;

12 "(2) agent of any party described in paragraph13 (1); or

14 "(3) person whose activities require the filing of15 a declaration or entry, or both;

16 shall make, keep, and render for examination and inspec17 tion records (which for purposes of this section include,
18 but are not limited to, statements, declarations, docu19 ments and electronically generated or machine readable
20 data) which—

"(A) pertain to any such activity, or to the information contained in the records required by this
Act in connection with any such activity; and

24 "(B) are normally kept in the ordinary course25 of business."; and

1 (2) by amending subsection (c) to read as fol-2 lows:

3 "(c) PERIOD OF TIME.—The records required by sub-4 sections (a) and (b) shall be kept for such period of time, 5 not to exceed 5 years from the date of entry or expor-6 tation, as appropriate, as the Secretary shall prescribe; ex-7 cept that records for any drawback claim shall be kept 8 until the 3rd anniversary of the date of payment of the 9 claim.".

#### 10 SEC. 615. EXAMINATION OF BOOKS AND WITNESSES.

Section 509 (19 U.S.C. 1509) is amended as follows:
 (1) Subsection (a) is amended—

13 (A) by striking out "and taxes" wherever
14 it appears and inserting ", fees and taxes";

(B) by amending paragraph (1) to read asfollows:

17 "(1) examine, or cause to be examined, upon 18 reasonable notice, any record (which for purposes of 19 this section, includes, but is not limited to, any statement, declaration, document, or electronically 20 21 generated or machine readable data) described in 22 the notice with reasonable specificity, which may be relevant to such investigation or inquiry, except 23 24 that—

1	"(A) if such record is required by law or
2	regulation for the entry of the merchandise
3	(whether or not the Customs Service required
4	its presentation at the time of entry) it shall be
5	provided to the Customs Service within a rea-
6	sonable time after demand for its production is
7	made, taking into consideration the number,
8	type, and age of the item demanded; and
9	''(B) if a person of whom demand is made
10	under subparagraph (A) fails to comply with
11	the demand, the person may be subject to pen-
12	alty under subsection (g);";
13	(C) by amending that part of paragraph
14	(2) that precedes subparagraph (D) to read as
15	follows:
16	''(2) summon, upon reasonable notice—
17	''(A) the person who—
18	''(i) imported, or knowingly caused to
19	be imported, merchandise into the customs
20	territory of the United States,
21	''(ii) exported merchandise, or know-
22	ingly caused merchandise to be exported,
23	to Canada,
24	''(iii) transported or stored merchan-
25	dise that was or is carried or held under

1	customs bond, or knowingly caused such
2	transportation or storage, or
3	''(iv) filed a declaration, entry, or
4	drawback claim with the Customs Service;
5	''(B) any officer, employee, or agent of any
6	person described in subparagraph (A);
7	''(C) any person having possession, custody
8	or care of records relating to the importation or
9	other activity described in subparagraph (A);
10	or''; and
11	(D) by striking out the comma at the end
12	of subparagraph (D) and inserting a semicolon.
13	(2) Subsections (b) and (c) are redesignated as
14	subsections (c) and (d), respectively.
15	(3) The following new subsection is inserted
16	after subsection (a):
17	"(b) Regulatory Audit Procedures.—
18	''(1) In conducting a regulatory audit under
19	this section (which does not include a quantity ver-
20	ification for a customs bonded warehouse or general
21	purpose foreign trade zone), the Customs Service
22	auditor shall provide the person being audited, in
23	advance of the audit, with a reasonable estimate of
24	the time to be required for the audit. If in the
25	course of an audit it becomes apparent that addi-

tional time will be required, the Customs Service
 auditor shall immediately provide a further estimate
 of such additional time.

"(2) Before commencing an audit, the Customs 4 5 Service auditor shall inform the party to be audited of his right to an entry conference at which time the 6 7 purpose will be explained and an estimated termination date set. Upon completion of on-site audit ac-8 9 tivities, the Customs Service auditor shall schedule a closing conference to explain the preliminary results 10 11 of the audit.

"(3) Except as provided in paragraph (5), if the 12 13 estimated or actual termination date for an audit 14 passes without the Customs Service auditor provid-15 ing a closing conference to explain the results of the 16 audit, the person being audited may petition in writ-17 ing for such a conference to the appropriate regional 18 commissioner, who, upon receipt of such a request, 19 shall provide for such a conference to be held within 15 days after the date of receipt. 20

21 "(4) Except as provided in paragraph (5), the
22 Customs Service auditor shall complete the formal
23 written audit report within 90 days following the
24 closing conference unless the appropriate regional
25 commissioner provides written notice to the person

1	being audited of the reason for any delay and the
2	anticipated completion date. After application of any
3	exemption contained in section 552 of title 5, United
4	States Code, a copy of the formal written audit re-
5	port shall be sent to the person audited no later
6	than 30 days following completion of the report.
7	"(5) Paragraphs (3) and (4) shall not apply
8	after the Customs Service commences a formal in-
9	vestigation with respect to the issue involved.".
10	(4) Subsection (d) (as redesignated by para-
11	graph (2)) is amended—
12	(A) by striking out ''statements, declara-
13	tions, or documents'' in paragraph $(1)(A)$ and
14	inserting "those";
15	(B) by inserting ", unless such custom-
16	house broker is the importer of record on an
17	entry" after "broker" in paragraph (1)(C)(i);
18	(C) by striking out "import" in each of
19	paragraphs $(2)(B)$ and $(4)(B)$ ;
20	(D) by inserting "described in section
21	508" after "transactions" in each of para-
22	graphs $(2)(B)$ and $(4)(B)$ ; and
23	(E) by inserting ", fees," after "duties" in
24	paragraph (4)(A).

(5) The following new subsections are added at
 the end thereof:

3 "(e) LIST OF RECORDS AND INFORMATION.—The 4 Customs Service shall identify and publish a list of the 5 records or entry information that is required to be main-6 tained and produced under subsection (a)(1)(A).

"(f) Recordkeeping Compliance Program.—

7

"(1) IN GENERAL.—After consultation with the 8 importing community, the Customs Service shall by 9 regulation establish a recordkeeping compliance pro-10 11 gram which the parties listed in section 508(a) may 12 participate in after being certified by the Customs Service under paragraph (2). Participation in the 13 14 recordkeeping compliance program by recordkeepers is voluntary. 15

"(2) CERTIFICATION.—A recordkeeper may be 16 17 certified as a participant in the recordkeeping com-18 pliance program after meeting the general record-19 keeping requirements established under the program 20 or after negotiating an alternative program suited to the needs of the recordkeeper and the Customs Serv-21 22 ice. Certification requirements shall take into account the size and nature of the importing business 23 24 and the volume of imports. In order to be certified,

the recordkeeper must be able to demonstrate that

2	it—
3	''(A) understands the legal requirements
4	for recordkeeping, including the nature of the
5	records required to be maintained and produced
6	and the time periods involved;
7	''(B) has in place procedures to explain the
8	recordkeeping requirements to those employees
9	who are involved in the preparation, mainte-
10	nance, and production of required records;
11	''(C) has in place procedures regarding the
12	preparation and maintenance of required
13	records, and the production of such records to
14	the Customs Service;
15	"(D) has designated a dependable individ-
16	ual or individuals to be responsible for record-
17	keeping compliance under the program and
18	whose duties include maintaining familiarity
19	with the recordkeeping requirements of the
20	Customs Service;
21	"(E) has a record maintenance procedure
22	approved by the Customs Service for original
23	records, or, if approved by the Customs Service,
24	for alternative records or recordkeeping formats
25	other than the original records; and

"(F) has procedures for notifying the Cus-1 2 toms Service of occurrences of variances to, and violations of, the requirements of the record-3 keeping compliance program or the negotiated 4 alternative programs, and for taking corrective 5 action when notified by the Customs Service of 6 7 violations or problems regarding such program. "(g) PENALTIES.— 8

9 "(1) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this sub-10 section, the term 'information' means any record, 11 statement, declaration, document, or electronically 12 stored or transmitted information or data referred to 13 in subsection (a)(1)(A).

14 "(2) EFFECTS OF FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH
15 DEMAND.—Except as provided in paragraph (4), if
16 a person fails to comply with a lawful demand for
17 information under subsection (a)(1)(A) the following
18 provisions apply:

"(A) If the failure to comply is a result of
the willful failure of the person to maintain,
store, or retrieve the demanded information,
such person shall be subject to a penalty, for
each release of merchandise, not to exceed
\$100,000, or an amount equal to 75 percent of

the appraised value of the merchandise, whichever amount is less.

"(B) If the failure to comply is a result of 3 the negligence of the person in maintaining, 4 storing, or retrieving the demanded information, such person shall be subject to a penalty, 6 for each release of merchandise, not to exceed \$10,000, or an amount equal to 40 percent of 8 the appraised value of the merchandise, which-9 10 ever amount is less.

"(C) In addition to any penalty imposed 11 under subparagraph (A) or (B) regarding de-12 manded information, if such information related 13 14 to the eligibility of merchandise for a column 1 special rate of duty under title I, the entry of 15 such merchandise-16

"(i) if unliquidated, shall be liquidated 17 18 at the applicable column 1 general rate of 19 duty; or

"(ii) if liquidated within the 2-year 20 period preceding the date of the demand, 21 shall be reliquidated, notwithstanding the 22 23 time limitation in section 514 or 520, at the applicable column 1 general rate of 24 duty; 25

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5

1	except that any liquidation or reliquidation
2	under clause (i) or (ii) shall be at the applicable
3	column 2 rate of duty if the Customs Service
4	demonstrates that the merchandise should be
5	dutiable at such rate.
6	"(3) Avoidance of penalty.—No penalty
7	may be assessed under this subsection if the person
8	can show—
9	"(A) that the loss of the demanded infor-
10	mation was the result of an act of God or other
11	natural casualty or disaster beyond the fault of
12	such person or an agent of the person;
13	"(B) on the basis of other evidence satis-
14	factory to the Customs Service, that the de-
15	mand was substantially complied with; or
16	"(C) the information demanded was pre-
17	sented to and retained by the Customs Service
18	at the time of entry or submitted in response to
19	an earlier demand.
20	"(4) PENALTIES NOT EXCLUSIVE.—Any penalty
21	imposed under this subsection shall be in addition to
22	any other penalty provided by law except for—
23	''(A) a penalty imposed under section 592
24	for a material omission of the demanded infor-
25	mation, or

	323
1	''(B) disciplinary action taken under sec-
2	tion 641.
3	"(5) REMISSION OR MITIGATION.—A penalty
4	imposed under this section may be remitted or miti-
5	gated under section 618.
6	"(6) CUSTOMS SUMMONS.—Nothing in this sub-
7	section shall limit or preclude the Customs Service
8	from issuing, or seeking the enforcement of, a cus-
9	toms summons.
10	"(7) Alternatives to penalties.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—When a recordkeeper
12	who—
13	''(i) has been certified as a participant
14	in the recordkeeping compliance program
15	under subsection (f); and
16	''(ii) is generally in compliance with
17	the appropriate procedures and require-
18	ments of the program;
19	does not produce a demanded record or infor-
20	mation for a specific release or provide the in-
21	formation by acceptable alternative means, the
22	Customs Service, in the absence of willfulness
23	or repeated violations, shall issue a written no-
24	tice of the violation to the recordkeeper in lieu
25	of a monetary penalty. Repeated violations by

the recordkeeper may result in the issuance of
penalties and removal of certification under the
program until corrective action, satisfactory to
the Customs Service, is taken.
"(B) CONTENTS OF NOTICE.—A notice of
violation issued under subparagraph (A) shall—
"(i) state that the recordkeeper has
violated the recordkeeping requirements;
"(ii) indicate the record or informa-
tion which was demanded; and
''(iii) warn the recordkeeper that fu-
ture failures to produce demanded records
or information may result in the imposition
of monetary penalties.
"(C) Response to notice.—Within a
reasonable time after receiving written notice
under subparagraph (A), the recordkeeper shall
notify the Customs Service of the steps it has
taken to prevent a recurrence of the violation.
"(D) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall
promulgate regulations to implement this para-
graph. Such regulations may specify the time
periods for compliance with a demand for infor-
mation and provide guidelines which define re-
peated violations for purposes of this para-

1 graph. Any penalty issued for a recordkeeping 2 violation shall take into account the degree of 3 compliance compared to the total number of im-4 portations, the nature of the demanded records 5 and the recordkeeper's cooperation.".

#### 6 SEC. 616. JUDICIAL ENFORCEMENT.

7 The second sentence of section 510(a) (19 U.S.C.
8 1510(a)) is amended by inserting "and such court may
9 assess a monetary penalty" after "as a contempt thereof".

### 10 SEC. 617. REVIEW OF PROTESTS.

Section 515 (19 U.S.C. 1515) is amended by insert-ing at the end the following new subsections:

"(c) If a protesting party believes that an application 13 for further review was erroneously or improperly denied 14 or was denied without authority for such action, it may 15 file with the Commissioner of Customs a written request 16 that the denial of the application for further review be set 17 aside. Such request must be filed within 60 days after the 18 date of the notice of the denial. The Commissioner of Cus-19 20 toms may review such request and, based solely on the 21 information before the Customs Service at the time the 22 application for further review was denied, may set aside the denial of the application for further review and void 23 the denial of protest, if appropriate. If the Commissioner 24 of Customs fails to act within 60 days after the date of 25

the request, the request shall be considered denied. All de-1 nials of protests are effective from the date of original de-2 nial for purposes of section 2636 of title 28, United States 3 4 Code. If an action is commenced in the Court of International Trade that arises out of a protest or an applica-5 tion for further review, all administrative action pertaining 6 7 to such protest or application shall terminate and any administrative action taken subsequent to the commence-8 ment of the action is null and void. 9

10 "(d) If a protest is timely and properly filed, but is 11 denied contrary to proper instructions, the Customs Serv-12 ice may on its own initiative, or pursuant to a written re-13 quest by the protesting party filed with the appropriate 14 district director within 90 days after the date of the pro-15 test denial, void the denial of the protest.".

16 SEC. 618. REPEAL OF PROVISION RELATING TO RELIQUIDA-

17 TION ON ACCOUNT OF FRAUD.

18 Section 521 (19 U.S.C. 1521) is repealed.

19 SEC. 619. PENALTIES RELATING TO MANIFESTS.

20 Section 584 (19 U.S.C. 1584) is amended—

- 21 (1) by amending subsection (a)—
- (A) by striking out "appropriate customs
  officer" wherever it appears and inserting
  "Customs Service",

1	(B) by striking out "officer demanding the
2	same" in paragraph (1) and inserting "officer
3	(whether of the Customs Service or the Coast
4	Guard) demanding the same'', and
5	(C) by inserting "(electronically or other-
6	wise)" after "submission" in the last sentence
7	of paragraph (1); and
8	(2) by amending subsection (b)—
9	(A) by striking out ''the appropriate cus-
10	toms officer", "he" (except in paragraph
11	(1)(F)), and "such officer" wherever they ap-
12	pear and inserting "the Customs Service",
13	(B) by striking out ''written'' wherever it
14	appears (other than paragraph (1)(F)),
15	(C) by inserting "or electronically trans-
16	mit" after "issue" wherever it appears, and
17	(D) by striking out "his intention" in the
18	first sentence of paragraph (1) and inserting
19	''intent''.
20	SEC. 620. UNLAWFUL UNLADING OR TRANSSHIPMENT.
21	Section 586 (19 U.S.C. 1586) is amended—
22	(1) by inserting ", or of a hovering vessel which
23	has received or delivered merchandise while outside
24	the territorial sea," after "from a foreign port or

25 place" wherever it appears; and

1	(2) by amending subsection (f)—
2	(A) by striking out ''the appropriate cus-
3	toms officer of the" and "the appropriate cus-
4	toms officer within the" and inserting "the
5	Customs Service at the''; and
6	(B) by striking out ''the appropriate cus-
7	toms officer is" and inserting "the Customs
8	Service is".
9	SEC. 621. PENALTIES FOR FRAUD, GROSS NEGLIGENCE,
10	AND NEGLIGENCE; PRIOR DISCLOSURE.
11	Section 592 (19 U.S.C. 1592) is amended—
12	(1) by inserting "or electronically transmitted
13	data or information" after "document" in subsection
14	(a)(1)(A)(i);
15	(2) by inserting "The mere nonintentional rep-
16	etition by an electronic system of an initial clerical
17	error does not constitute a pattern of negligent con-
18	duct." at the end of subsection (a)(2);
19	(3) by amending subsection (b)—
20	(A) by amending the first sentence of
21	paragraph (1)(A)—
22	(i) by striking out ''the appropriate
23	customs officer" and inserting "the Cus-
24	toms Service'',

(ii) by striking out ''he'' and inserting
"it", and
(iii) by striking out "his" and insert-
ing ''its'', and
(B) by amending paragraph (2)—
(i) by striking out ''the appropriate
customs officer" wherever it appears and
inserting "the Customs Service",
(ii) by striking out ''such officer''
wherever it appears and inserting ''the
Customs Service'', and
(iii) by striking out ''he'' wherever it
appears and inserting "it";
appears and inserting "it";
appears and inserting "it"; (4) by amending subsection (c)(4)—
appears and inserting "it"; (4) by amending subsection (c)(4)— (A) by striking "time of disclosure or with-
appears and inserting "it"; (4) by amending subsection (c)(4)— (A) by striking "time of disclosure or with- in thirty days, or such longer period as the ap-
appears and inserting "it"; (4) by amending subsection (c)(4)— (A) by striking "time of disclosure or with- in thirty days, or such longer period as the ap- propriate customs officer may provide, after no-
appears and inserting "it"; (4) by amending subsection (c)(4)— (A) by striking "time of disclosure or with- in thirty days, or such longer period as the ap- propriate customs officer may provide, after no- tice by the appropriate customs officer of his"
appears and inserting "it"; (4) by amending subsection (c)(4)— (A) by striking "time of disclosure or with- in thirty days, or such longer period as the ap- propriate customs officer may provide, after no- tice by the appropriate customs officer of his" in subparagraph (A)(i) and by striking out
appears and inserting "it"; (4) by amending subsection (c)(4)— (A) by striking "time of disclosure or with- in thirty days, or such longer period as the ap- propriate customs officer may provide, after no- tice by the appropriate customs officer of his" in subparagraph (A)(i) and by striking out "time of disclosure in 30 days, or such longer
appears and inserting "it"; (4) by amending subsection (c)(4)— (A) by striking "time of disclosure or with- in thirty days, or such longer period as the ap- propriate customs officer may provide, after no- tice by the appropriate customs officer of his" in subparagraph (A)(i) and by striking out "time of disclosure in 30 days, or such longer period as the appropriate customs officer may

25 30 days (or such longer period as the Customs

Service	may	provide)	after	notice	by	the	Cus-
toms Se	ervice	of its''; a	nd				

(B) by inserting after the last sentence the 3 4 following: "For purposes of this section, a formal investigation of a violation is considered to 5 6 be commenced with regard to the disclosing 7 party and the disclosed information on the date recorded in writing by the Customs Service as 8 9 the date on which facts and circumstances were 10 discovered or information was received which 11 caused the Customs Service to believe that a possibility of a violation of subsection (a) ex-12 isted."; and 13

14 (5) by amending subsection (d)—

15 (A) by striking out "the appropriate cus16 toms officer" and inserting "the Customs Serv17 ice",

18 (B) by striking out "duties" wherever it
19 appears and inserting "duties, taxes, or fees",
20 and

21 (C) by inserting ", TAXES OR FEES" after
22 "DUTIES" in the sideheading.

### 23 SEC. 622. PENALTIES FOR FALSE DRAWBACK CLAIMS.

(a) AMENDMENT.—Part V of title IV is amended byinserting after section 593 the following new section:

1

1	SST "SEC. 593A. PENALTIES FOR FALSE DRAWBACK CLAIMS.
2	"(a) Prohibition.—
3	"(1) GENERAL RULE.—No person, by fraud, or
4	negligence—
5	"(A) may seek, induce or affect, or at-
6	tempt to seek, induce, or affect, the payment or
7	credit to that person or others of any drawback
8	claim by means of—
9	''(i) any document, written or oral
10	statement, or electronically transmitted
11	data or information, or act which is mate-
12	rial and false, or
13	"(ii) any omission which is material;
14	or
15	"(B) may aid or abet any other person to
16	violate subparagraph (A).
17	"(2) EXCEPTION.—Clerical errors or mistakes
18	of fact are not violations of paragraph (1) unless
19	they are part of a pattern of negligent conduct. The
20	mere nonintentional repetition by an electronic sys-
21	tem of an initial clerical error does not constitute a
22	pattern of negligent conduct.
23	"(b) PROCEDURES.—
24	"(1) Prepenalty notice.—
25	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Customs Serv-
26	ice has reasonable cause to believe that there

1	has been a violation of subsection (a) and deter-
2	mines that further proceedings are warranted,
3	the Customs Service shall issue to the person
4	concerned a written notice of intent to issue a
5	claim for a monetary penalty. Such notice
6	shall—
7	''(i) identify the drawback claim;
8	"(ii) set forth the details relating to
9	the seeking, inducing, or affecting, or the
10	attempted seeking, inducing, or affecting,
11	or the aiding or procuring of, the drawback
12	claim;
13	''(iii) specify all laws and regulations
14	allegedly violated;
15	"(iv) disclose all the material facts
16	which establish the alleged violation;
17	"(v) state whether the alleged viola-
18	tion occurred as a result of fraud or neg-
19	ligence;
20	"(vi) state the estimated actual or po-
21	tential loss of revenue due to the drawback
22	claim, and, taking into account all cir-
23	cumstances, the amount of the proposed
24	monetary penalty; and

1	''(vii) inform such person that he shall
2	have a reasonable opportunity to make rep-
3	resentations, both oral and written, as to
4	why a claim for a monetary penalty should
5	not be issued in the amount stated.
6	"(B) EXCEPTIONS.—The Customs Service
7	may not issue a prepenalty notice if the amount
8	of the penalty in the penalty claim issued under
9	paragraph (2) is \$1,000 or less. In such cases,
10	the Customs Service may proceed directly with
11	a penalty claim.
12	"(C) PRIOR APPROVAL.—No prepenalty
13	notice in which the alleged violation occurred as
14	a result of fraud shall be issued without the
15	prior approval of Customs Headquarters.
16	"(2) PENALTY CLAIM.—After considering rep-
17	resentations, if any, made by the person concerned
18	pursuant to the notice issued under paragraph (1),
19	the Customs Service shall determine whether any
20	violation of subsection (a), as alleged in the notice,
21	has occurred. If the Customs Service determines
22	that there was no violation, the Customs Service
23	shall promptly issue a written statement of the de-
24	termination to the person to whom the notice was
25	sent. If the Customs Service determines that there

was a violation, Customs shall issue a written pen-1 2 alty claim to such person. The written penalty claim shall specify all changes in the information provided 3 under clauses (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1)(A). 4 5 Such person shall have a reasonable opportunity under section 618 to make representations, both oral 6 7 and written, seeking remission or mitigation of the monetary penalty. At the conclusion of any proceed-8 ing under section 618, the Customs Service shall 9 10 provide to the person concerned a written statement 11 which sets forth the final determination, and the findings of fact and conclusions of law on which 12 such determination is based. 13

14 "(c) MAXIMUM PENALTIES.—

15 "(1) FRAUD.—A fraudulent violation of sub16 section (a) of this section is punishable by a civil
17 penalty in an amount not to exceed 3 times the ac18 tual or potential loss of revenue.

19 "(2) NEGLIGENCE.—

20 "(A) IN GENERAL.—A negligent violation
21 of subsection (a) is punishable by a civil penalty
22 in an amount not to exceed 20 percent of the
23 actual or potential loss of revenue for the 1st
24 violation.

"(B) REPETITIVE VIOLATIONS.—If the 1 Customs Service determines that a repeat neg-2 ligent violation occurs relating to the same 3 4 issue, the penalty amount for the 2d violation shall be in an amount not to exceed 50 percent 5 of the total actual or potential loss of revenue. 6 The penalty amount for each succeeding repet-7 itive negligent violation shall be in an amount 8 not to exceed the actual or potential loss of rev-9 enue. If the same party commits a nonrepetitive 10 violation, that violation shall be subject to a 11 penalty not to exceed 20 percent of the actual 12 or potential loss of revenue. 13

14 "(3) Prior disclosure.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (B), if the person concerned discloses the
circumstances of a violation of subsection (a)
before, or without knowledge of the commencement of, a formal investigation of such violation, the monetary penalty assessed under this
subsection may not exceed—

22 "(i) if the violation resulted from
23 fraud, an amount equal to the actual or
24 potential revenue of which the United

1	States is or may be deprived as a result of
2	overpayment of the claim; or
3	"(ii) if the violation resulted from
4	negligence, an amount equal to the interest
5	computed on the basis of the prevailing
6	rate of interest applied under section 6621
7	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 on
8	the amount of actual revenue of which the
9	United States is or may be deprived during
10	the period that—
11	''(I) begins on the date of the
12	overpayment of the claim; and
13	"(II) ends on the date on which
14	the person concerned tenders the
15	amount of the overpayment.
16	"(B) Condition affecting penalty
17	LIMITATIONS.—The limitations in subparagraph
18	(A) on the amount of the monetary penalty to
19	be assessed under subsection (c) apply only if
20	the person concerned tenders the amount of the
21	overpayment made on the claim at the time of
22	disclosure, or within 30 days (or such longer
23	period as the Customs Service may provide),
24	after notice by the Customs Service of its cal-
25	culation of the amount of the overpayment.

"(C) BURDEN OF PROOF.—The person asserting lack of knowledge of the commencement of a formal investigation has the burden of proof in establishing such lack of knowledge.

"(4) COMMENCEMENT OF INVESTIGATION.— 5 For purposes of this section, a formal investigation 6 7 of a violation is considered to be commenced with regard to the disclosing party and the disclosed infor-8 9 mation on the date recorded in writing by the Customs Service as the date on which facts and cir-10 11 cumstances were discovered or information was re-12 ceived which caused the Customs Service to believe that a possibility of a violation of subsection (a) ex-13 14 isted.

15 "(5) EXCLUSIVITY.—Penalty claims under this
16 section shall be the exclusive civil remedy for any
17 drawback related violation of subsection (a).

18 "(d) DEPRIVATION OF LAWFUL REVENUE.—Not-19 withstanding section 514, if the United States has been 20 deprived of lawful duties and taxes resulting from a viola-21 tion of subsection (a), the Customs Service shall require 22 that such duties and taxes be restored whether or not a 23 monetary penalty is assessed.

24 "(e) DRAWBACK COMPLIANCE PROGRAM.—

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3

"(1) IN GENERAL.—After consultation with the
drawback trade community, the Customs Service
shall establish a drawback compliance program in
which claimants and other parties in interest may
participate after being certified by the Customs
Service under paragraph (2). Participation in the
drawback compliance program is voluntary.

"(2) CERTIFICATION.—A party may be certified 8 9 as a participant in the drawback compliance program after meeting the general requirements estab-10 11 lished under the program or after negotiating an al-12 ternative program suited to the needs of the party and the Customs Service. Certification requirements 13 14 shall take into account the size and nature of the party's drawback program and the volume of claims. 15 16 In order to be certified, the participant must be able 17 to demonstrate that it—

"(A) understands the legal requirements
for filing claims, including the nature of the
records required to be maintained and produced
and the time periods involved;

22 "(B) has in place procedures to explain the
23 Customs Service requirements to those employ24 ees that are involved in the preparation of

1	claims, and the maintenance and production of
2	required records;
3	''(C) has in place procedures regarding the
4	preparation of claims and maintenance of re-
5	quired records, and the production of such
6	records to the Customs Service;
7	''(D) has designated a dependable individ-
8	ual or individuals to be responsible for compli-
9	ance under the program and whose duties in-
10	clude maintaining familiarity with the drawback
11	requirements of the Customs Service;
12	"(E) has a record maintenance procedure
13	approved by the Customs Service for original
14	records, or, if approved by the Customs Service,
15	for alternate records or recordkeeping formats
16	other than the original records; and
17	"(F) has procedures for notifying the Cus-
18	toms Service of variances to, and violations of,
19	the requirements of the drawback compliance
20	program or any negotiated alternative pro-
21	grams, and for taking corrective action when
22	notified by the Customs Service for violations or
23	problems regarding such program.
24	"(f) Alternatives to Penalties.—
25	"(1) IN GENERAL.—When a party that—

1	''(A) has been certified as a participant in
2	the drawback compliance program under sub-
3	section (e); and
4	''(B) is generally in compliance with the
5	appropriate procedures and requirements of the
6	program;
7	commits a violation of subsection (a), the Customs
8	Service, shall, in the absence of fraud or repeated
9	violations, and in lieu of a monetary penalty, issue
10	a written notice of the violation to the party. Re-
11	peated violations by a party may result in the issu-
12	ance of penalties and removal of certification under
13	the program until corrective action, satisfactory to
14	the Customs Service, is taken.
15	"(2) CONTENTS OF NOTICE.—A notice of viola-
16	tion issued under paragraph (1) shall—
17	"(A) state that the party has violated sub-
18	section (a);
19	''(B) explain the nature of the violation;
20	and
21	"(C) warn the party that future violations
22	of subsection (a) may result in the imposition
23	of monetary penalties.
24	"(3) RESPONSE TO NOTICE.—Within a reason-
25	able time after receiving written notice under para-

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1	graph (1), the party shall notify the Customs Service
2	of the steps it has taken to prevent a recurrence of
3	the violation.
4	"(g) Repetitive Violations.—
5	"(1) A party who has been issued a written no-
6	tice under subsection $(f)(1)$ and subsequently com-
7	mits a repeat negligent violation involving the same
8	issue is subject to the following monetary penalties:
9	"(A) 2D VIOLATION.—An amount not to
10	exceed 20 percent of the loss of revenue.
11	"(B) 3rd violation.—An amount not to
12	exceed 50 percent of the loss of revenue.
13	"(C) 4th and subsequent viola-
14	TIONS.—An amount not to exceed 100 percent
15	of the loss of revenue.
16	"(2) If a party that has been certified as a par-
17	ticipant in the drawback compliance program under
18	subsection (e) commits an alleged violation which
19	was not repetitive, the party shall be issued a 'warn-
20	ing letter', and, for any subsequent violation, shall
21	be subject to the same maximum penalty amounts
22	stated in paragraph (1).
23	"(h) REGULATION.—The Secretary shall promulgate
24	regulations and guidelines to implement this section. Such
25	regulations shall specify that for purposes of subsection

(g), a repeat negligent violation involving the same issue
 shall be treated as a repetitive violation for a maximum
 period of 3 years.

4 "(i) COURT OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE PROCEED5 INGS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in any
6 proceeding commenced by the United States in the Court
7 of International Trade for the recovery of any monetary
8 penalty claimed under this section—

9 "(1) all issues, including the amount of the pen-10 alty, shall be tried de novo;

"(2) if the monetary penalty is based on fraud,
the United States shall have the burden of proof to
establish the alleged violation by clear and convincing evidence; and

15 "(3) if the monetary penalty is based on neg-16 ligence, the United States shall have the burden of 17 proof to establish the act or omission constituting 18 the violation, and the alleged violator shall have the 19 burden of providing evidence that the act or omis-20 sion did not occur as a result of negligence.".

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by
subsection (a) applies to drawback claims filed on and
after the nationwide operational implementation of an
automated drawback selectivity program by the Customs

Service. The Customs Service shall publish notice of this
 date in the Customs Bulletin.

# 3 SEC. 623. INTERPRETIVE RULINGS AND DECISIONS; PUBLIC 4 INFORMATION.

5 Section 625 (19 U.S.C. 1625) is amended to read as 6 follows:

## 7 "SEC. 625. INTERPRETIVE RULINGS AND DECISIONS; PUB8 LIC INFORMATION.

"(a) PUBLICATION.—Within 90 days after the date 9 10 of issuance of any interpretive ruling (including any ruling letter, or internal advice memorandum) or protest review 11 decision under this chapter with respect to any customs 12 transaction, the Secretary shall have such ruling or deci-13 sion published in the Customs Bulletin or shall otherwise 14 15 make such ruling or decision available for public inspection. 16

17 "(b) APPEALS.—A person may appeal an adverse interpretive ruling and any interpretation of any regulation 18 prescribed to implement such ruling to a higher level of 19 20 authority within the Customs Service for de novo review. Upon a reasonable showing of business necessity, any such 21 22 appeal shall be considered and decided no later than 60 days following the date on which the appeal is filed. The 23 24 Secretary shall issue regulations to implement this sub-25 section.

"(c) MODIFICATION AND REVOCATION.—A proposed
 interpretive ruling or decision which would—

3 "(1) modify (other than to correct a clerical
4 error) or revoke a prior interpretive ruling or deci5 sion which has been in effect for at least 60 days;
6 or

7 "(2) have the effect of modifying the treatment
8 previously accorded by the Customs Service to sub9 stantially identical transactions;

shall be published in the Customs Bulletin. The Secretary 10 shall give interested parties an opportunity to submit, dur-11 ing not less than the 30-day period after the date of such 12 publication, comments on the correctness of the proposed 13 ruling or decision. After consideration of any comments 14 received, the Secretary shall publish a final ruling or deci-15 sion in the Customs Bulletin within 30 days after the clos-16 ing of the comment period. The final ruling or decision 17 shall become effective 60 days after the date of its 18 publication. 19

20 "(d) PUBLICATION OF CUSTOMS DECISIONS THAT 21 LIMIT COURT DECISIONS.—A decision that proposes to 22 limit the application of a court decision shall be published 23 in the Customs Bulletin together with notice of oppor-24 tunity for public comment thereon prior to a final decision.

"(e) PUBLIC INFORMATION.—The Secretary may 1 make available in writing or through electronic media, in 2 an efficient, comprehensive and timely manner, all infor-3 mation, including directives, memoranda, electronic mes-4 sages and telexes which contain instructions, require-5 ments, methods or advice necessary for importers and ex-6 7 porters to comply with the Customs laws and regulations. All information which may be made available pursuant to 8 this subsection shall be subject to any exemption from dis-9 closure provided by section 552 of title 5, United States 10 11 Code.".

### 12 SEC. 624. SEIZURE AUTHORITY.

13 Section 596(c) (19 U.S.C. 1595a(c)) is amended to14 read as follows:

15 "(c) Merchandise which is introduced or attempted
16 to be introduced into the United States contrary to law
17 shall be treated as follows:

18 "(1) The merchandise shall be seized and for-19 feited if it—

20 "(A) is stolen, smuggled, or clandestinely
21 imported or introduced;

"(B) is a controlled substance, as defined
in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
801 et seq.), and is not imported in accordance
with applicable law; or

1	''(C) is a contraband article, as defined in
2	section 1 of the Act of August 9, 1939 (49
3	U.S.C. App. 781).
4	"(2) The merchandise may be seized and for-
5	feited if—
6	"(A) its importation or entry is subject to
7	any restriction or prohibition which is imposed
8	by law relating to health, safety, or conserva-
9	tion and the merchandise is not in compliance
10	with the applicable rule, regulation, or statute;
11	''(B) its importation or entry requires a li-
12	cense, permit or other authorization of an agen-
13	cy of the United States Government and the
14	merchandise is not accompanied by such li-
15	cense, permit, or authorization;
16	"(C) it is merchandise or packaging in
17	which copyright, trademark, or trade name pro-
18	tection violations are involved (including, but
19	not limited to, violations of section 42, 43, or
20	45 of the Act of July 5, 1946 (15 U.S.C. 1124,
21	1125, or 1127), section 506 or 509 of title 17,
22	United States Code, or section 2318 or 2320 of
23	title 18, United States Code);
24	''(D) it is trade dress merchandise involved
25	in the violation of a court order citing section

1 43 of such Act of July 5, 1946 (15 U.S.C. 2 1125);

3

4

"(E) it is merchandise which is marked intentionally in violation of section 304; or

5 "(F) it is merchandise for which the im-6 porter has received written notices that previous 7 importations of identical merchandise from the 8 same supplier were found to have been marked 9 in violation of section 304.

"(3) If the importation or entry of the mer-10 chandise is subject to quantitative restrictions re-11 quiring a visa, permit, license, or other similar docu-12 13 ment, or stamp from the United States Government 14 or from a foreign government or issuing authority pursuant to a bilateral or multilateral agreement, 15 the merchandise shall be subject to detention in ac-16 17 cordance with section 499 unless the appropriate 18 visa, license, permit, or similar document or stamp 19 is presented to the Customs Service; but if the visa, permit, license, or similar document or stamp which 20 21 is presented in connection with the importation or 22 entry of the merchandise is counterfeit, the mer-23 chandise may be seized and forfeited.

24 "(4) If the merchandise is imported or intro-25 duced contrary to a provision of law which governs

1	the classification or value of merchandise and there
2	are no issues as to the admissibility of the merchan-
3	dise into the United States, it shall not be seized ex-
4	cept in accordance with section 592.
5	"(5) In any case where the seizure and forfeit-
6	ure of merchandise are required or authorized by
7	this section, the Secretary may—
8	"(A) remit the forfeiture under section
9	618, or
10	"(B) permit the exportation of the mer-
11	chandise, unless its release would adversely af-
12	fect health, safety, or conservation or be in con-
13	travention of a bilateral or multilateral agree-
14	ment or treaty.".
15	Subtitle B—National Customs
16	Automation Program
17	SEC. 631. NATIONAL CUSTOMS AUTOMATION PROGRAM.
18	Part I of title IV is amended—
19	(1) by striking out
20	<b>"PART I—DEFINITIONS</b>
21	and inserting
22	<b>"PART I—DEFINITIONS AND NATIONAL CUSTOMS</b>
23	<b>AUTOMATION PROGRAM</b>
24	"Subpart A—Definitions";
25	and

1	(2) by inserting after section 402 the following:
2	"Subpart B—National Customs Automation Program
3	"SEC. 411. NATIONAL CUSTOMS AUTOMATION PROGRAM.
4	"(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall estab-
5	lish the National Customs Automation Program (herein-
6	after in this subpart referred to as the 'Program') which
7	shall be an automated and electronic system for processing
8	commercial importations and shall include the following
9	existing and planned components:
10	"(1) Existing components:
11	"(A) The electronic entry of merchandise.
12	"(B) The electronic entry summary of re-
13	quired information.
14	"(C) The electronic transmission of invoice
15	information.
16	"(D) The electronic transmission of mani-
17	fest information.
18	"(E) Electronic payments of duties, fees,
19	and taxes.
20	"(F) The electronic status of liquidation
21	and reliquidation.
22	''(G) The electronic selection of high risk
23	entries for examination (cargo selectivity and
24	entry summary selectivity).
25	"(2) Planned components:

1	''(A) The electronic filing and status of
2	protests.
3	''(B) The electronic filing (including re-
4	mote filing under section 414) of entry informa-
5	tion with the Customs Service at any location.
6	''(C) The electronic filing of import activity
7	summary statements and reconciliation.
8	"(D) The electronic filing of bonds.
9	"(E) The electronic penalty process.
10	"(F) The electronic filing of drawback
11	claims, records, or entries.
12	"(G) Any other component initiated by the
13	Customs Service to carry out the goals of this
14	subpart.
15	"(b) PARTICIPATION IN PROGRAM.—The Secretary
16	shall by regulation prescribe the eligibility criteria for par-
17	ticipation in the Program. Participation in the Program
18	is voluntary.
19	"SEC. 412. PROGRAM GOALS.
20	"The goals of the Program are to ensure that all reg-
21	ulations and rulings that are administered or enforced by

22 the Customs Service are administered and enforced in a23 manner that—

24 "(1) is uniform and consistent;

1	''(2) is as minimally intrusive upon the normal
2	flow of business activity as practicable; and
3	"(3) improves compliance.
4	"SEC. 413. IMPLEMENTATION AND EVALUATION OF PRO-
5	GRAM.
6	"(a) Overall Program Plan.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Before the 180th day after
8	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
9	shall develop and transmit to the Committees an
10	overall plan for the Program. The overall Program
11	plan shall set forth—
12	"(A) a general description of the ultimate
13	configuration of the Program;
14	"(B) a description of each of the existing
15	components of the Program listed in section
16	411(a)(1); and
17	"(C) estimates regarding the stages on
18	which planned components of the Program list-
19	ed in section 411(a)(2) will be brought on-line.
20	"(2) Additional information.—In addition
21	to the information required under paragraph (1), the
22	overall Program plan shall include a statement re-
23	garding—
24	"(A) the extent to which the existing com-
25	ponents of the Program currently meet, and the

1	planned components will meet, the Program
2	goals set forth in section 412; and
3	"(B) the effects that the existing compo-
4	nents are currently having, and the effects that
5	the planned components will likely have, on—
6	''(i) importers, brokers, and other
7	users of the Program, and
8	"(ii) Customs Service occupations, op-
9	erations, processes, and systems.
10	"(b) Implementation Plan, Testing, and Eval-
11	UATION.—
12	"(1) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.—For each of the
13	planned components of the Program listed in section
14	411(a)(2), the Secretary shall—
15	''(A) develop an implementation plan;
16	"(B) test the component in order to assess
17	its viability;
18	"(C) evaluate the component in order to
19	assess its contribution toward achieving the
20	program goals; and
21	"(D) transmit to the Committees the im-
22	plementation plan, the testing results, and an
23	evaluation report.
24	In developing an implementation plan under sub-
25	paragraph (A) and evaluating components under

1	subparagraph (C), the Secretary shall publish a re-
2	quest for comments in the Customs Bulletin and
3	shall consult with the trade community, including
4	importers, brokers, shippers, and other affected
5	parties.
6	"(2) Implementation.—
7	"(A) The Secretary may implement on a
8	permanent basis any Program component re-
9	ferred to in paragraph (1) on or after the date
10	which is 30 days after paragraph (1)(D) is
11	complied with.
12	"(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A),
13	the 30 days shall be computed by excluding—
14	"(i) the days either House is not in
15	session because of an adjournment of more
16	than 3 days to a day certain or an ad-
17	journment of the Congress sine die, and
18	"(ii) any Saturday and Sunday, not
19	excluded under clause (i), when either
20	House is not in session.
21	"(3) EVALUATION AND REPORT.—The Sec-
22	retary shall—
23	''(A) develop a user satisfaction survey of
24	parties participating in the Program;

1	''(B) evaluate the results of the user satis-
2	faction survey on a biennial basis (fiscal years)
3	and transmit a report to the Committees on the
4	evaluation by no later than the 90th day after
5	the close of each 2d fiscal year;
6	''(C) with respect to the existing Program
7	component listed in section $411(a)(1)(G)$ trans-
8	mit to the Committees—
9	"(i) a written evaluation of such com-
10	ponent before the 180th day after the date
11	of the enactment of this section and before
12	the implementation of the planned Pro-
13	gram components listed in section
14	411(a)(2) (B) and (C), and
15	"(ii) a report on such component for
16	each of the 3 full fiscal years occurring
17	after the date of the enactment of this sec-
18	tion, which report shall be transmitted not
19	later than the 90th day after the close of
20	each such year; and
21	"(D) not later than the 90th day after the
22	close of fiscal year 1994, and annually there-
23	after through fiscal year 2000, transmit to the
24	Committees a written evaluation with respect to
25	the implementation and effect on users of each

of the planned Program components listed in
 section 411(a)(2).

In carrying out the provisions of this paragraph, the Secretary shall publish requests for comments in the Customs Bulletin and shall consult with the trade community, including importers, brokers, shippers, and other affected parties.

8 "(c) COMMITTEES.—For purposes of this section, the 9 term 'Committees' means the Committee on Ways and 10 Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee 11 on Finance of the Senate.

### 12 "SEC. 414. REMOTE LOCATION FILING.

13 "(a) CORE ENTRY INFORMATION.—

14 ''(1) IN GENERAL.—A Program participant
15 may file electronically an entry of merchandise with
16 the Customs Service from a location other than the
17 district designated in the entry for examination
18 (hereafter in this section referred to as a 'remote lo19 cation') if—

20 "(A) the Customs Service is satisfied that
21 the participant has the capabilities referred to
22 in paragraph (2)(A) regarding such method of
23 filing; and

24 "(B) the participant elects to file from the25 remote location.

1	"(2) Requirements.—
2	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In order to qualify for
3	filing from a remote location, a Program partic-
4	ipant must have the capability to provide, on an
5	entry-by-entry basis, for the following:
6	"(i) The electronic entry of merchan-
7	dise.
8	"(ii) The electronic entry summary of
9	required information.
10	"(iii) The electronic transmission of
11	invoice information (when required by the
12	Customs Service).
13	"(iv) The electronic payment of du-
14	ties, fees, and taxes.
15	"(v) Such other electronic capabilities
16	within the existing or planned components
17	of the Program as the Secretary shall by
18	regulation require.
19	"(B) RESTRICTION ON EXEMPTION FROM
20	REQUIREMENTS.—The Customs Service may
21	not permit any exemption or waiver from the
22	requirements established by this section for par-
23	ticipation in remote entry filing.
24	"(3) CONDITIONS ON FILING UNDER THIS SEC-
25	TION.—The Secretary may prohibit a Program par-

1	ticipant from participating in remote location filing,
2	and may remove a Program participant from partici-
3	pation in remote location filing, if the participant—
4	"(i) fails to meet all the compliance re-
5	quirements and operational standards of remote
6	location filing; or
7	"(ii) fails to adhere to all applicable laws
8	and regulations.
9	"(4) ALTERNATIVE FILING.—Any Program par-
10	ticipant that is eligible to file entry information elec-
11	tronically from a remote location but chooses not to
12	do so in the case of any entry must file any paper
13	documentation for the entry at the designated loca-
14	tion referred to in subsection (d).
15	"(b) Additional Entry Information.—
16	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A Program participant that
17	is eligible under subsection (a) to file entry informa-
18	tion from a remote location may, if the Customs
19	Service is satisfied that the participant meets the re-
20	quirements under paragraph (2), also electronically
21	file from the remote location additional information
22	that is required by the Customs Service to be pre-
23	sented before the acceptance of entry summary in-
24	formation and at the time of acceptance of entry
25	summary information.

1	"(2) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall
2	publish, and periodically update, a list of those capa-
3	bilities within the existing and planned components
4	of the Program that a Program participant must
5	have for purposes of this subsection.
6	"(3) Filing of additional information.—
7	"(A) IF INFORMATION ELECTRONICALLY
8	ACCEPTABLE.—A Program participant that is
9	eligible under paragraph (1) to file additional
10	information from a remote location shall elec-
11	tronically file all such information that the Cus-
12	toms Service can accept electronically.
13	"(B) Alternative filing.—If the Cus-
14	toms Service cannot accept additional informa-
15	tion electronically, the Program participant
16	shall file the paper documentation with respect
17	to the information at the appropriate filing lo-
18	cation.
19	"(C) Appropriate location.—For pur-
20	poses of subparagraph (B), the 'appropriate lo-
21	cation' is—
22	"(i) before January 1, 1999, a des-
23	ignated location; and
24	''(ii) after December 31, 1998—

"(I) if the paper documentation
 is required for release, a designated
 location; or

4 "(II) if the paper documentation
5 is not required for release, a remote
6 location designated by the Customs
7 Service or a designated location.

8 ''(D) OTHER.—A Program participant that 9 is eligible under paragraph (1) to file additional 10 information electronically from a remote loca-11 tion but chooses not to do so must file the 12 paper documentation with respect to the infor-13 mation at a designated location.

14 "(c) POST-ENTRY SUMMARY INFORMATION.—A Pro-15 gram participant that is eligible to file electronically entry 16 information under subsection (a) and additional informa-17 tion under subsection (b) from a remote location may file 18 at any remote location designated by the Customs Service 19 any information required by the Customs Service after 20 entry summary.

21 "(d) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:

"(1) The term 'designated location' means a
customs office located in the customs district designated by the entry filer for purposes of customs
examination of the merchandise.

1	''(2) The term 'Program participant' means,
2	with respect to an entry of merchandise, any party
3	entitled to make the entry under section
4	484(a)(2)(B).''.
5	SEC. 632. DRAWBACK AND REFUNDS.
6	(a) Amendments.—Section 313 (19 U.S.C. 1313) is
7	amended as follows:
8	(1) Subsection (a) is amended—
9	(A) by inserting ''or destruction under cus-
10	toms supervision'' after ''Upon the expor-
11	tation'';
12	(B) by inserting "provided that those arti-
13	cles have not been used prior to such expor-
14	tation or destruction," after "manufactured or
15	produced in the United States with the use of
16	imported merchandise,";
17	(C) by inserting "or destruction" after "re-
18	funded upon the exportation"; and
19	(D) by striking out "wheat imported after
20	ninety days after the date of the enactment of
21	this Act" and inserting "imported wheat".
22	(2) Subsection (b) is amended—
23	(A) by striking out ''duty-free or domestic
24	merchandise" and inserting "any other mer-
25	chandise (whether imported or domestic)";

1 (B) by inserting ", or destruction under 2 customs supervision," after "there shall be al-3 lowed upon the exportation";

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(C) by inserting "or destroyed" after "notwithstanding the fact that none of the imported merchandise may actually have been used in the manufacture or production of the exported";

8 (D) by inserting ", but only if those arti-9 cles have not been used prior to such expor-10 tation or destruction" after "an amount of 11 drawback equal to that which would have been 12 allowable had the merchandise used therein 13 been imported"; and

14 (E) by inserting "or destruction under cus15 toms supervision" after "but the total amount
16 of drawback allowed upon the exportation".

17 (3) Subsection (c) is amended to read as fol-18 lows:

"(c) MERCHANDISE NOT CONFORMING TO SAMPLE
OR SPECIFICATIONS.—Upon the exportation, or destruction under the supervision of the Customs Service, of merchandise—

23 "(1) not conforming to sample or specifications,24 shipped without the consent of the consignee, or de-

1	termined to be defective as of the time of importa-
2	tion;
3	"(2) upon which the duties have been paid;
4	"(3) which has been entered or withdrawn for
5	consumption; and
6	"(4) which, within 3 years after release from
7	the custody of the Customs Service, has been re-
8	turned to the custody of the Customs Service for ex-
9	portation or destruction under the supervision of the
10	Customs Service;
11	the full amount of the duties paid upon such merchandise,
12	less 1 percent, shall be refunded as drawback.".
13	(4) Subsection (j) is amended to read as fol-
14	lows:
15	"(j) Unused Merchandise Drawback.—
16	"(1) If imported merchandise, on which was
17	paid any duty, tax, or fee imposed under Federal
18	law because of its importation—
19	"(A) is, before the close of the 3-year pe-
20	riod beginning on the date of importation—
21	''(i) exported, or
22	''(ii) destroyed under customs super-
23	vision; and
24	"(B) is not used within the United States
25	before such exportation or destruction;

1	then upon such exportation or destruction 99 per-
2	cent of the amount of each duty, tax, or fee so paid
3	shall be refunded as drawback. The exporter (or de-
4	stroyer) has the right to claim drawback under this
5	paragraph, but may endorse such right to the im-
6	porter or any intermediate party.
7	"(2) If there is, with respect to imported mer-
8	chandise on which was paid any duty, tax, or fee im-
9	posed under Federal law because of its importation,
10	any other merchandise (whether imported or domes-
11	tic), that—
12	''(A) is commercially interchangeable with
13	such imported merchandise;
14	"(B) is, before the close of the 3-year pe-
15	riod beginning on the date of importation of the
16	imported merchandise, either exported or de-
17	stroyed under customs supervision; and
18	''(C) before such exportation or destruc-
19	tion—
20	''(i) is not used within the United
21	States, and
22	''(ii) is in the possession of, including
23	ownership while in bailment, in leased fa-
24	cilities, in transit to, or in any other man-
25	ner under the operational control of, the

1	party claiming drawback under this para-
2	graph, if that party—
3	"(I) is the importer of the im-
4	ported merchandise, or
5	''(II) received from the person
6	who imported and paid any duty due
7	on the imported merchandise a certifi-
8	cate of delivery transferring to the
9	party the imported merchandise, com-
10	mercially interchangeable merchan-
11	dise, or any combination of imported
12	and commercially interchangeable
13	merchandise (and any such trans-
14	ferred merchandise, regardless of its
15	origin, will be treated as the imported
16	merchandise and any retained mer-
17	chandise will be treated as domestic
18	merchandise);
19	then upon the exportation or destruction of

19 then upon the exportation of destruction of 20 such other merchandise the amount of each 21 such duty, tax, and fee paid regarding the im-22 ported merchandise shall be refunded as draw-23 back, but in no case may the total drawback on 24 the imported merchandise, whether available 25 under this paragraph or any other provision of

1	law or any combination thereof, exceed 99 per-
2	cent of that duty, tax, or fee.
3	"(3) The performing of any operation or com-
4	bination of operations (including, but not limited to,
5	testing, cleaning, repacking, inspecting, sorting, re-
6	furbishing, freezing, blending, repairing, reworking,
7	cutting, slitting, adjusting, replacing components,
8	relabeling, disassembling, and unpacking), not
9	amounting to manufacture or production for draw-
10	back purposes under the preceding provisions of this
11	section on—
12	"(A) the imported merchandise itself in
13	cases to which paragraph (1) applies, or
14	''(B) the commercially interchangeable
15	merchandise in cases to which paragraph (2)
16	applies,
17	shall not be treated as a use of that merchandise for
18	purposes of applying paragraph (1)(B) or (2)(C).".
19	(5) Subsection (l) is amended by striking out
20	"the fixing of a time limit within which drawback
21	entries or entries for refund under any of the provi-
22	sions of this section or section 309(b) shall be filed
23	and completed," and inserting "the authority for the

electronic submission of drawback entries".

1	(6) Subsection (p) is amended to read as fol-
2	lows:
3	"(p) Substitution of Finished Petroleum De-
4	RIVATIVES.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
6	provision of this section, if—
7	''(A) an article (hereafter referred to in
8	this subsection as the 'exported article') of the
9	same kind and quality as a qualified article is
10	exported;
11	"(B) the requirements set forth in para-
12	graph (2) are met; and
13	"(C) a drawback claim is filed regarding
14	the exported article;
15	the amount of the duties paid on, or attributable to,
16	such qualified article shall be refunded as drawback
17	to the drawback claimant.
18	"(2) REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements re-
19	ferred to in paragraph (1) are as follows:
20	"(A) The exporter of the exported article—
21	"(i) manufactured or produced the
22	qualified article in a quantity equal to or
23	greater than the quantity of the exported
24	article,

1	"(ii) purchased or exchanged, directly
2	or indirectly, the qualified article from a
3	manufacturer or producer described in
4	subsection (a) or (b) in a quantity equal to
5	or greater than the quantity of the ex-
6	ported article,
7	"(iii) imported the qualified article in
8	a quantity equal to or greater than the
9	quantity of the exported article, or
10	"(iv) purchased or exchanged, directly
11	or indirectly, an imported qualified article
12	from an importer in a quantity equal to or
13	greater than the quantity of the exported
14	article.
15	"(B) In the case of the requirement de-
16	scribed in subparagraph (A)(ii), the manufac-
17	turer or producer produced the qualified article
18	in a quantity equal to or greater than the quan-
19	tity of the exported article.
20	''(C) In the case of the requirement of sub-
21	paragraph (A)(i) or (A)(ii), the exported article
22	is exported during the period that the qualified
23	article described in subparagraph (A)(i) or
24	(A)(ii) (whichever is applicable) is manufac-

tured or produced, or within 180 days after the
close of such period.

"(D) In the case of the requirement of subparagraph (A)(i) or (A)(ii), the specific petroleum refinery or production facility which made the qualified article concerned is identified.

6 "(E) In the case of the requirement of sub9 paragraph (A) (iii) or (A) (iv), the exported arti10 cle is exported within 180 days after the date
11 of entry of an imported qualified article de12 scribed in subparagraph (A) (iii) or (A) (iv)
13 (whichever is applicable).

''(F) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this subsection, the drawback claimant
complies with all requirements of this section,
including providing certificates which establish
the drawback eligibility of articles for which
drawback is claimed.

20 "(G) The manufacturer, producer, im21 porter, exporter, and drawback claimant of the
22 qualified article and the exported article main23 tain all records required by regulation.

24 "(3) DEFINITION OF QUALIFIED ARTICLE,
25 ETC.—For purposes of this subsection—

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1	''(A) The term 'qualified article' means an
2	article—
3	''(i) described in—
4	''(I) headings 2707, 2708, 2710,
5	2711, 2712, 2713, 2714, 2715, 2901,
6	and 2902 of the Harmonized Tariff
7	Schedule of the United States, or
8	''(II) headings 3901 through
9	3914 of such Schedule (as such head-
10	ings apply to liquids, pastes, powders,
11	granules, and flakes), and
12	''(ii) which is—
13	''(I) manufactured or produced
14	as described in subsection (a) or (b)
15	from crude petroleum or a petroleum
16	derivative, or
17	''(II) imported duty-paid.
18	"(B) An exported article is of the same
19	kind and quality as the qualified article for
20	which it is substituted under this subsection if
21	it is a product that is commercially interchange-
22	able with or referred to under the same eight-
23	digit classification of the Harmonized Tariff
24	Schedule of the United States as the qualified
25	article.

1	"(C) The term 'drawback claimant' means
2	the exporter of the exported article or the re-
3	finer, producer, or importer of such article. Any
4	person eligible to file a drawback claim under
5	this subparagraph may designate another per-
6	son to file such claim.
7	"(4) LIMITATION ON DRAWBACK.—The amount
8	of drawback payable under this subsection shall not
9	exceed the amount of drawback that would be attrib-
10	utable to the article—
11	"(A) manufactured or produced under sub-
12	section (a) or (b) by the manufacturer or pro-
13	ducer described in clause (i) or (ii) of para-
14	graph (2)(A), or
15	"(B) imported under clause (iii) or (iv) of
16	paragraph (2)(A).".
17	(7) The following new subsections are inserted
18	after subsection (p):
19	''(q) Packaging Material.—Packaging material,
20	when used on or for articles or merchandise exported or
21	destroyed under subsection (a), (b), (c), or (j), shall be
22	eligible under such subsection for refund, as drawback, of
23	99 percent of any duty, tax, or fee imposed under Federal
24	law on the importation of such material.
25	"(r) Filing Drawback Claims.—

"(1) A drawback entry and all documents nec-1 2 essary to complete a drawback claim, including those 3 issued by the Customs Service, shall be filed or applied for, as applicable, within 3 years after the date 4 5 of exportation or destruction of the articles on which drawback is claimed, except that any landing certifi-6 7 cate required by regulation shall be filed within the time limit prescribed in such regulation. Claims not 8 completed within the 3-year period shall be consid-9 ered abandoned. No extension will be granted unless 10 11 it is established that the Customs Service was responsible for the untimely filing. 12

"(2) A drawback entry for refund filed pursuant to any subsection of this section shall be deemed
filed pursuant to any other subsection of this section
should it be determined that drawback is not allowable under the entry as originally filed but is allowable under such other subsection.

19 "(s) Designation of Merchandise by Success-20 sor.—

21 "(1) For purposes of subsection (b), a draw22 back successor may designate imported merchandise
23 used by the predecessor before the date of succession
24 as the basis for drawback on articles manufactured

by the drawback successor after the date of succes sion.

3 "(2) For purposes of subsection (j)(2), a draw4 back successor may designate—

5 "(A) imported merchandise which the 6 predecessor, before the date of succession, im-7 ported; or

"(B) imported merchandise, commercially 8 interchangeable merchandise, or any combina-9 tion of imported and commercially interchange-10 able merchandise for which the successor re-11 ceived, before the date of succession, from the 12 person who imported and paid any duty due on 13 14 the imported merchandise a certificate of delivery transferring to the successor such merchan-15 16 dise;

as the basis for drawback on merchandise possessedby the drawback successor after the date of succes-sion.

20 ''(3) For purposes of this subsection, the term
21 'drawback successor' means an entity to which an22 other entity (in this subsection referred to as the
23 'predecessor') has transferred by written agreement,
24 merger, or corporate resolution—

"(A) all or substantially all of the rights,
 privileges, immunities, powers, duties, and li abilities of the predecessor; or

"(B) the assets and other business inter-4 ests of a division, plant, or other business unit 5 of such predecessor, but only if in such transfer 6 the value of the transferred realty, personalty, 7 and intangibles (other than drawback rights, in-8 9 choate or otherwise) exceeds the value of all transferred drawback rights, inchoate or other-10 11 wise.

''(4) No drawback shall be paid under this subsection until either the predecessor or the drawback
successor (who shall also certify that it has the predecessor's records) certifies that—

"(A) the transferred merchandise was not
and will not be claimed by the predecessor, and
"(B) the predecessor did not and will not
issue any certificate to any other person that
would enable that person to claim drawback.

21 "(t) DRAWBACK CERTIFICATES.—Any person who is-22 sues a certificate which would enable another person to 23 claim drawback shall be subject to the recordkeeping pro-24 visions of this chapter, with the retention period beginning 25 on the date that such certificate is issued. 1 "(u) ELIGIBILITY OF ENTERED OR WITHDRAWN 2 MERCHANDISE.—Imported merchandise that has not been 3 regularly entered or withdrawn for consumption shall not 4 satisfy any requirement for use, exportation, or destruc-5 tion under this section.

6 "(v) MULTIPLE DRAWBACK CLAIMS.—Merchandise 7 that is exported or destroyed to satisfy any claim for draw-8 back shall not be the basis of any other claim for draw-9 back; except that appropriate credit and deductions for 10 claims covering components or ingredients of such mer-11 chandise shall be made in computing drawback pay-12 ments.".

13 (b) APPLICATION OF AMENDMENT TO FINISHED PE-14 TROLEUM DERIVATIVES.—Notwithstanding section 514 of 15 the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1514) or any other pro-16 vision of law, the amendment made by paragraph (6) of 17 subsection (a) shall apply to—

18 (1) claims filed or liquidated on or after Janu-19 ary 1, 1988, and

20 (2) claims that are unliquidated, under protest,
21 or in litigation on the date of the enactment of this
22 Act.

### 23 SEC. 633. EFFECTIVE DATE OF RATES OF DUTY.

24 Section 315 (19 U.S.C. 1315) is amended—

1	(1) by striking out ''appropriate customs officer
2	in the form and manner prescribed by regulations of
3	the Secretary of the Treasury," in the first sentence
4	of subsection (a) and inserting "Customs Service by
5	written, electronic or such other means as the Sec-
6	retary by regulation shall prescribe,";
7	(2) by striking out "customs custody" in the
8	first sentence of subsection (b) and inserting "cus-
9	tody of the Customs Service''; and
10	(3) by striking out ''paragraph 813'' in sub-
11	section (c) and inserting "chapter 98 of the Har-
12	monized Tariff Schedule of the United States".
13	SEC. 634. DEFINITIONS.
13 14	SEC. 634. DEFINITIONS. Section 401 (19 U.S.C. 1401) is amended—
14	Section 401 (19 U.S.C. 1401) is amended—
14 15	Section 401 (19 U.S.C. 1401) is amended— (1) by amending subsection (k) to read as fol-
14 15 16	Section 401 (19 U.S.C. 1401) is amended— (1) by amending subsection (k) to read as fol- lows:
14 15 16 17	Section 401 (19 U.S.C. 1401) is amended— (1) by amending subsection (k) to read as fol- lows: ''(k) The term 'hovering vessel' means—
14 15 16 17 18	Section 401 (19 U.S.C. 1401) is amended— (1) by amending subsection (k) to read as fol- lows: ''(k) The term 'hovering vessel' means— ''(1) any vessel which is found or kept off the
14 15 16 17 18 19	Section 401 (19 U.S.C. 1401) is amended— (1) by amending subsection (k) to read as fol- lows: "(k) The term 'hovering vessel' means— "(1) any vessel which is found or kept off the coast of the United States within or without the cus-
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Section 401 (19 U.S.C. 1401) is amended— <ul> <li>(1) by amending subsection (k) to read as follows:</li> </ul> </li> <li>''(k) The term 'hovering vessel' means— <ul> <li>''(1) any vessel which is found or kept off the coast of the United States within or without the customs waters, if, from the history, conduct, character,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Section 401 (19 U.S.C. 1401) is amended— <ul> <li>(1) by amending subsection (k) to read as follows:</li> <li>"(k) The term 'hovering vessel' means—</li> <li>"(1) any vessel which is found or kept off the coast of the United States within or without the customs waters, if, from the history, conduct, character, or location of the vessel, it is reasonable to believe</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

United States in violation of the laws of the United
 States; and

3 ''(2) any vessel which has visited a vessel de4 scribed in paragraph (1).''; and

5 (2) by inserting at the end thereof the following6 new subsections:

7 ''(n) The term 'electronic transmission' means the
8 transfer of data or information through an authorized
9 electronic data interchange system consisting of, but not
10 limited to, computer modems and computer networks.

11 ''(o) The term 'electronic entry' means the electronic12 transmission to the Customs Service of—

13 "(1) entry information required for the entry of14 merchandise, and

15 "(2) entry summary information required for 16 the classification and appraisement of the merchan-17 dise, the verification of statistical information, and 18 the determination of compliance with applicable law.

"(p) The term 'electronic data interchange system'
means any established mechanism approved by the Commissioner of Customs through which information can be
transferred electronically.

23 "(q) The term 'National Customs Automation Pro-24 gram' means the program established under section 411.

"(r) The term 'import activity summary statement' 1 refers to data or information transmitted electronically to 2 the Customs Service, in accordance with such regulations 3 as the Secretary prescribes, at the end of a specified pe-4 riod of time which enables the Customs Service to assess 5 properly the duties, taxes and fees on merchandise im-6 7 ported during that period, collect accurate statistics and determine whether any other applicable requirement of law 8 (other than a requirement relating to release from customs 9 custody) is met. 10

"(s) The term 'reconciliation' means an electronic 11 process, initiated at the request of an importer, under 12 which the elements of an entry, other than those elements 13 related to the admissibility of the merchandise, that are 14 undetermined at the time of entry summary are provided 15 to the Customs Service at a later time. A reconciliation 16 is treated as an entry for purposes of liquidation, reliqui-17 dation, and protest.". 18

### 19 SEC. 635. MANIFESTS.

# 20 Section 431 (19 U.S.C. 1431) is amended—

21 (1) by amending subsections (a) and (b) to read22 as follows:

23 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Every vessel required to make
24 entry under section 434 or obtain clearance under section
25 4197 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (46)

1 U.S.C. App. 91) shall have a manifest that complies with2 the requirements prescribed under subsection (d).

3 "(b) PRODUCTION OF MANIFEST.—Any manifest required by the Customs Service shall be signed, produced, 4 delivered or electronically transmitted by the master or 5 person in charge of the vessel, aircraft, or vehicle, or by 6 7 any other authorized agent of the owner or operator of the vessel, aircraft, or vehicle in accordance with the re-8 quirements prescribed under subsection (d). A manifest 9 may be supplemented by bill of lading data supplied by 10 the issuer of such bill. If any irregularity of omission or 11 commission occurs in any way in respect to any manifest 12 or bill of lading data, the owner or operator of the vessel, 13 aircraft or vehicle, or any party responsible for such irreg-14 ularity, shall be liable for any fine or penalty prescribed 15 by law with respect to such irregularity. The Customs 16 Service may take appropriate action against any of the 17 parties."; and 18

19 (2) by inserting after subsection (c) the follow-20 ing new subsection:

21 "(d) REGULATIONS.—

22 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall by reg-23 ulation—

1	''(A) specify the form for, and the informa-
2	tion and data that must be contained in, the
3	manifest required by subsection (a);
4	''(B) allow, at the option of the individual
5	producing the manifest and subject to para-
6	graph (2), letters and documents shipments to
7	be accounted for by summary manifesting pro-
8	cedures;
9	''(C) prescribe the manner of production
10	for, and the delivery for electronic transmittal
11	of, the manifest required by subsection (a); and
12	''(D) prescribe the manner for
13	supplementing manifests with bill of lading data
14	under subsection (b).
15	"(2) Letters and documents shipments.—
16	For purposes of paragraph (1)(B)—
17	"(A) the Customs Service may require with
18	respect to letters and documents shipments—
19	''(i) that they be segregated by coun-
20	try of origin, and
21	''(ii) additional examination proce-
22	dures that are not necessary for individ-
23	ually manifested shipments;
24	"(B) standard letter envelopes and stand-
25	ard document packs shall be segregated from

	500
1	larger document shipments for purposes of cus-
2	toms inspections; and
3	"(C) the term 'letters and documents'
4	means—
5	''(i) data described in General Head-
6	note 4(c) of the Harmonized Tariff Sched-
7	ule of the United States,
8	"(ii) securities and similar evidences
9	of value described in heading 4907 of such
10	Schedule, but not monetary instruments
11	defined pursuant to chapter 53 of title 31,
12	United States Code, and
13	''(iii) personal correspondence, wheth-
14	er on paper, cards, photographs, tapes, or
15	other media.".
16	SEC. 636. INVOICE CONTENTS.
17	Section 481 (19 U.S.C. 1481) is amended—
18	(1) by amending subsection (a)—
19	(A) by amending the matter preceding
20	paragraph (1) to read as follows: "IN GEN-
21	ERAL.—All invoices of merchandise to be im-
22	ported into the United States and any elec-
23	tronic equivalent thereof considered acceptable
24	by the Secretary in regulations prescribed under
25	this section shall set forth, in written, elec-

1	tropic or such other form as the Socratary
	tronic, or such other form as the Secretary
2	shall prescribe, the following:",
3	(B) by amending paragraph (3) to read as
4	follows:
5	"(3) A detailed description of the merchandise,
6	including the commercial name by which each item
7	is known, the grade or quality, and the marks, num-
8	bers, or symbols under which sold by the seller or
9	manufacturer in the country of exportation, together
10	with the marks and numbers of the packages in
11	which the merchandise is packed;", and
12	(C) by amending paragraph (10) to read
13	as follows:
14	"(10) Any other fact that the Secretary may by
15	regulation require as being necessary to a proper ap-
16	praisement, examination and classification of the
17	merchandise.'';
18	(2) by amending subsection (c) to read as
19	follows:
20	"(c) Importer Provision of Information.—Any
21	information required to be set forth on an invoice may
22	alternatively be provided by any of the parties qualifying
23	as an 'importer of record' under section $484(a)(2)(B)$ by
24	such means, in such form or manner, and within such time
25	as the Secretary shall by regulation prescribe."; and

1 (3) by inserting before the period at the end of 2 subsection (d) the following: "and may allow for the 3 submission or electronic transmission of partial in-4 voices, electronic equivalents of invoices, bills, or 5 other documents or parts thereof, required under 6 this section".

## 7 SEC. 637. ENTRY OF MERCHANDISE.

8 (a) AMENDMENTS TO SECTION 484.—Section 4849 (19 U.S.C. 1484) is amended to read as follows:

# 10 "SEC. 484. ENTRY OF MERCHANDISE.

11 "(a) Requirement and Time.—

"(1) Except as provided in sections 490, 498,
552, 553, and 336(j), one of the parties qualifying
as 'importer of record' under paragraph (2)(B), either in person or by an agent authorized by the
party in writing, shall, using reasonable care—

17 "(A) make entry therefor by filing with the18 Customs Service—

19 "(i) such documentation or, pursuant
20 to an electronic data interchange system,
21 such information as is necessary to enable
22 the Customs Service to determine whether
23 the merchandise may be released from cus24 toms custody, and

1	"(ii) notification whether an import
2	activity summary statement will be filed;
3	and
4	"(B) complete the entry by filing with the
5	Customs Service the declared value, classifica-
6	tion and rate of duty applicable to the merchan-
7	dise, and such other documentation or, pursu-
8	ant to an electronic data interchange system,
9	such other information as is necessary to enable
10	the Customs Service to-
11	"(i) properly assess duties on the mer-
12	chandise,
13	"(ii) collect accurate statistics with re-
14	spect to the merchandise, and
15	"(iii) determine whether any other ap-
16	plicable requirement of law (other than a
17	requirement relating to release from cus-
18	toms custody) is met.
19	"(2)(A) The documentation or information re-
20	quired under paragraph (1) with respect to any im-
21	ported merchandise shall be filed or transmitted in
22	such manner and within such time periods as the
23	Secretary shall by regulation prescribe. Such regula-
24	tions shall provide for the filing of import activity
25	summary statements, covering entries or warehouse

withdrawals made during a calendar month, within
 such time period as is prescribed in regulations but
 not to exceed the 20th day following such calendar
 month.

"(B) When an entry of merchandise is made 5 under this section, the required documentation or in-6 7 formation shall be filed or electronically transmitted either by the owner or purchaser of the merchandise 8 or, when appropriately designated by the owner, pur-9 chaser, or consignee of the merchandise, a person 10 holding a valid license under section 641. When a 11 12 consignee declares on entry that he is the owner or purchaser of merchandise the Customs Service may, 13 14 without liability, accept the declaration. For the purposes of this Act, the importer of record must be one 15 16 of the parties who is eligible to file the documenta-17 tion or information required by this section.

18 "(C) The Secretary, in prescribing regulations 19 to carry out this subsection, shall establish proce-20 dures which insure the accuracy and timeliness of import statistics, particularly statistics relevant to 21 22 the classification and valuation of imports. Correc-23 tions of errors in such statistical data shall be transmitted immediately to the Director of the Bureau of 24 the Census, who shall make corrections in the statis-25

tics maintained by the Bureau. The Secretary shall
also provide, to the maximum extent practicable, for
the protection of the revenue, the enforcement of
laws governing the importation and exportation of
merchandise, the facilitation of the commerce of the
United States, and the equal treatment of all importers of record of imported merchandise.

8 "(b) RECONCILIATION.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—A party that electronically 9 10 transmits an entry summary or import activity sum-11 mary statement may at the time of filing such summary or statement notify the Customs Service of his 12 13 intention to file a reconciliation pursuant to such 14 regulations as the Secretary may prescribe. Such 15 reconciliation must be filed by the importer of record 16 within such time period as is prescribed by regula-17 tion but no later than 15 months following the filing 18 of the entry summary or import activity summary 19 statement; except that the prescribed time period for 20 reconciliation issues relating to the assessment of 21 antidumping and countervailing duties shall require 22 filing no later than 90 days after the Customs Serv-23 ice advises the importer that a period of review for 24 antidumping or countervailing duty purposes has 25 been completed. Before filing a reconciliation, an importer of record shall post bond or other security
 pursuant to such regulations as the Secretary may
 prescribe.

4 "(2) REGULATIONS REGARDING AD/CV DU5 TIES.—The Secretary shall prescribe, in consultation
6 with the Secretary of Commerce, such regulations as
7 are necessary to adapt the reconciliation process for
8 use in the collection of antidumping and countervail9 ing duties.

10 "(c) RELEASE OF MERCHANDISE.—The Customs 11 Service may permit the entry and release of merchandise 12 from customs custody in accordance with such regulations 13 as the Secretary may prescribe. No officer of the Customs 14 Service shall be liable to any person with respect to the 15 delivery of merchandise released from customs custody in 16 accordance with such regulations.

17 "(d) SIGNING AND CONTENTS.—Entries shall be signed by the importer of record, or his agent, unless filed 18 pursuant to an electronic data interchange system. If elec-19 20 tronically filed, each transmission of data shall be certified by an importer of record or his agent, one of whom shall 21 22 be resident in the United States for purposes of receiving service of process, as being true and correct to the best 23 of his knowledge and belief, and such transmission shall 24 25 be binding in the same manner and to the same extent as a signed document. The entry shall set forth such facts
 in regard to the importation as the Secretary may require
 and shall be accompanied by such invoices, bills of lading,
 certificates, and documents, or their electronically submit ted equivalents, as are required by regulation.

6 "(e) PRODUCTION OF INVOICE.—The Secretary may 7 provide by regulation for the production of an invoice, 8 parts thereof, or the electronic equivalents thereof, in such 9 manner and form, and under such terms and conditions, 10 as the Secretary considers necessary.

"(f) STATISTICAL ENUMERATION.—The Secretary, 11 the Secretary of Commerce, and the United States Inter-12 national Trade Commission shall establish from time to 13 time for statistical purposes an enumeration of articles in 14 such detail as in their judgment may be necessary, com-15 prehending all merchandise imported into the United 16 States and exported from the United States, and shall 17 seek, in conjunction with statistical programs for domestic 18 production and programs for achieving international har-19 monization of trade statistics, to establish the comparabil-20 ity thereof with such enumeration of articles. All import 21 entries and export declarations shall include or have at-22 tached thereto an accurate statement specifying, in terms 23 of such detailed enumeration, the kinds and quantities of 24

all merchandise imported and exported and the value of
 the total quantity of each kind of article.

3 "(g) STATEMENT OF COST OF PRODUCTION.—Under 4 such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Cus-5 toms Service may require a verified statement from the 6 manufacturer or producer showing the cost of producing 7 the imported merchandise, if the Customs Service consid-8 ers such verification necessary for the appraisement of 9 such merchandise.

10 "(h) ADMISSIBILITY OF DATA ELECTRONICALLY 11 TRANSMITTED.—Any entry or other information transmit-12 ted by means of an authorized electronic data interchange 13 system shall be admissible in any and all administrative 14 and judicial proceedings as evidence of such entry or infor-15 mation.".

(b) AMENDMENT TO SECTION 771.—Section 771 (19
U.S.C. 1677) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(23) ENTRY.—The term 'entry' includes, in
appropriate circumstances as determined by the administering authority, a reconciliation entry created
under a reconciliation process, defined in section
401(s), that is initiated by an importer. The liability
of an importer under an antidumping or countervailing duty proceeding for entries of merchandise sub-

1	ject to the proceeding will attach to the correspond-
2	ing reconciliation entry or entries. Suspension of liq-
3	uidation of the reconciliation entry or entries, for the
4	purpose of enforcing this title, is equivalent to the
5	suspension of liquidation of the corresponding indi-
6	vidual entries; but the suspension of liquidation of
7	the reconciliation entry or entries for such purpose
8	does not preclude liquidation for any other pur-
9	pose.''.
10	SEC. 638. APPRAISEMENT AND OTHER PROCEDURES.
11	Section 500 (19 U.S.C. 1500) is amended—
12	(1) by striking out "The appropriate customs
13	officer" and inserting "The Customs Service";
14	(2) by striking out ''appraise'' in subsection (a)
15	and inserting "fix the final appraisement of";
16	(3) by striking out "ascertain the" in sub-
17	section (b) and inserting "fix the final";
18	(4) by amending subsection (c)—
19	(A) by inserting "final" after "fix the",
20	and
21	(B) by inserting ", taxes, and fees" after
22	"duties" wherever it appears; and
23	(5) by amending subsections (d) and (e) to read
24	as follows:

1	''(d) liquidate the entry and reconciliation, if
2	any, of such merchandise; and
3	''(e) give or transmit, pursuant to an electronic
4	data interchange system, notice of such liquidation
5	to the importer, his consignee, or agent in such form
6	and manner as the Secretary shall by regulation pre-
7	scribe.''.
8	SEC. 639. VOLUNTARY RELIQUIDATIONS.
9	Section 501 (19 U.S.C. 1501) is amended—
10	(1) by striking out "the appropriate customs of-
11	ficer on his own initiative" and inserting "the Cus-
12	toms Service'';
13	(2) by inserting ''or transmitted'' after ''given''
14	wherever it appears; and
15	(3) by amending the section heading to read as
16	follows:
17	<b>"SEC. 501. VOLUNTARY RELIQUIDATIONS BY THE CUSTOMS</b>
18	SERVICE.".
19	SEC. 640. APPRAISEMENT REGULATIONS.
20	Section 502 (19 U.S.C. 1502) is amended—
21	(1) by amending subsection (a)—
22	(A) by inserting ''(including regulations es-
23	tablishing procedures for the issuance of bind-
24	ing rulings prior to the entry of the merchan-
25	dise concerned)" after "law",

1	(B) by striking out ''ports of entry, and''
2	inserting "ports of entry. The Secretary",
3	(C) by inserting ''or classifying'' after ''ap-
4	praising" wherever it appears, and
5	(D) by striking out ''such port'' and insert-
6	ing ''any port, and may direct any customs offi-
7	cer at any port to review entries of merchandise
8	filed at any other port"; and
9	(2) by striking out subsection (b) and redesig-
10	nating subsection (c) as subsection (b).
11	SEC. 641. LIMITATION ON LIQUIDATION.
12	Section 504 (19 U.S.C. 1504) is amended—
13	(1) by amending subsection (a)—
14	(A) by striking out ''Except as provided in
15	subsection (b)," and inserting "Unless an entry
16	is extended under subsection (b) or suspended
17	as required by statute or court order,",
18	(B) by striking out ''or'' at the end of
19	paragraph (2),
20	(C) by inserting "or" after the semicolon
21	at the end of paragraph (3), and
22	(D) by inserting the following new para-
23	graph after paragraph (3):
24	"(4) if a reconciliation is filed, or should have
25	been filed, the date of the filing under section 484

or the date the reconciliation should have been
 filed;"; and

3 (2) by amending subsections (b), (c), and (d) to4 read as follows:

5 ''(b) EXTENSION.—The Secretary may extend the pe6 riod in which to liquidate an entry if—

7 "(1) the information needed for the proper appraisement or classification of the merchandise, or
9 for insuring compliance with applicable law, is not
10 available to the Customs Service; or

11 "(2) the importer of record requests such exten-12 sion and shows good cause therefor.

The Secretary shall give notice of an extension under this 13 subsection to the importer of record and the surety of such 14 importer of record. Notice shall be in such form and man-15 ner (which may include electronic transmittal) as the Sec-16 retary shall by regulation prescribe. Any entry the liquida-17 tion of which is extended under this subsection shall be 18 treated as having been liquidated at the rate of duty, 19 20 value, quantity, and amount of duty asserted at the time of entry by the importer of record at the expiration of 4 21 22 years from the applicable date specified in subsection (a).

23 "(c) NOTICE OF SUSPENSION.—If the liquidation of
24 any entry is suspended, the Secretary shall by regulation
25 require that notice of the suspension be provided, in such

manner as the Secretary considers appropriate, to the im porter of record and to any authorized agent and surety
 of such importer of record.

"(d) REMOVAL OF SUSPENSION.—When a suspension 4 required by statute or court order is removed, the Customs 5 Service shall liquidate the entry within 6 months after re-6 ceiving notice of the removal from the Department of 7 8 Commerce, other agency, or a court with jurisdiction over the entry. Any entry not liquidated by the Customs Service 9 10 within 6 months after receiving such notice shall be treated as having been liquidated at the rate of duty, value, 11 quantity, and amount of duty asserted at the time of entry 12 by the importer of record.". 13

#### 14 SEC. 642. PAYMENT OF DUTIES AND FEES.

15 (a) AMENDMENT TO SECTION 505.—Section 505
16 (U.S.C. 1505) is amended to read as follows:

#### 17 "SEC. 505. PAYMENT OF DUTIES AND FEES.

"(a) Deposit of Estimated Duties, Fees, and 18 INTEREST.—Unless merchandise is entered for warehouse 19 20 or transportation, or under bond, the importer of record shall deposit with the Customs Service at the time of mak-21 ing entry, or at such later time as the Secretary may pre-22 scribe by regulation, the amount of duties and fees esti-23 mated to be payable thereon. Such regulations may pro-24 vide that estimated duties and fees shall be deposited be-25

1 fore or at the time an import activity summary statement
2 is filed. If an import activity summary statement is filed,
3 the estimated duties and fees shall be deposited together
4 with interest, at a rate determined by the Secretary, ac5 cruing from the first date of the month the statement is
6 required to be filed until the date such statement is actu7 ally filed.

8 "(b) Collection or Refund of Duties, Fees, AND INTEREST DUE UPON LIQUIDATION OR RELIQUIDA-9 TION.—The Customs Service shall collect any increased or 10 additional duties and fees due, together with interest 11 thereon, or refund any excess moneys deposited, together 12 with interest thereon, as determined on a liquidation or 13 reliquidation. Duties, fees, and interest determined to be 14 due upon liquidation or reliquidation are due 30 days after 15 issuance of the bill for such payment. Refunds of excess 16 moneys deposited, together with interest thereon, shall be 17 paid within 30 days of liquidation or reliquidation. 18

19 INTEREST.—Interest "(c) assessed due to an underpayment of duties, fees, or interest shall accrue, at 20 a rate determined by the Secretary, from the date the im-21 porter of record is required to deposit estimated duties, 22 fees, and interest to the date of liquidation or reliquidation 23 24 of the applicable entry or reconciliation. Interest on excess 25 moneys deposited shall accrue, at a rate determined by the Secretary, from the date the importer of record depos its estimated duties, fees, and interest to the date of liq uidation or reliquidation of the applicable entry or rec onciliation.

"(d) DELINQUENCY.—If duties, fees, and interest de-5 termined to be due or refunded are not paid in full within 6 7 the 30-day period specified in subsection (b), any unpaid balance shall be considered delinquent and bear interest 8 9 by 30-day periods, at a rate determined by the Secretary, from the date of liquidation or reliquidation until the full 10 balance is paid. No interest shall accrue during the 30-11 day period in which payment is actually made.". 12

13 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Subsection (d) of14 section 520 (19 U.S.C. 1520(d)) is repealed.

## 15 SEC. 643. ABANDONMENT AND DAMAGE.

16 Section 506 (19 U.S.C. 1506) is amended—

(1) by striking out "the appropriate customs officer" and "such customs officer" wherever they appear and inserting "the Customs Service";

20 (2) by amending paragraph (1)—

21 (A) by striking out "not sent to the appraiser's stores for" and inserting "released
23 without an",

24 (B) by striking out "of the examination25 packages or quantities of merchandise",

1	(C) by striking out ''the appraiser's stores''
2	and inserting "the Customs Service", and
3	(D) by inserting ''or entry'' after ''in-
4	voice'', and
5	(3) by amending paragraph (2)—
6	(A) by inserting ", electronically or other-
7	wise," after "files", and
8	(B) by striking out ''written''.
9	SEC. 644. CUSTOMS OFFICER'S IMMUNITY.
10	Section 513 (19 U.S.C. 1513) is amended to read as
11	follows:
12	<b>"SEC. 513. CUSTOMS OFFICER'S IMMUNITY.</b>
13	"No customs officer shall be liable in any way to any
14	person for or on account of—
15	"(1) any ruling or decision regarding the ap-
16	praisement or the classification of any imported
17	merchandise or regarding the duties, fees, and taxes
18	charged thereon,
19	"(2) the collection of any dues, charges, duties,
20	fees, and taxes on or on account of any imported
21	merchandise, or
22	"(3) any other matter or thing as to which any
23	person might under this Act be entitled to protest or
24	appeal from the decision of such officer.".

# 1 SEC. 645. PROTESTS.

2	Section 514 (19 U.S.C. 1514) is amended—
3	(1) by amending subsection (a)—
4	(A) by striking out ''appropriate customs
5	officer" in the text preceding paragraph (1) and
6	inserting "Customs Service",
7	(B) by inserting "or reconciliation as to
8	the issues contained therein," after "entry," in
9	paragraph (5),
10	(C) by striking out "and" and inserting
11	"or" at the end of paragraph (6),
12	(D) by striking out the comma at the end
13	of paragraph (7) and inserting a semicolon, and
14	(E) by striking out ''appropriate customs
15	officer, who'' in the text following paragraph
16	(7) and inserting "Customs Service, which";
17	(2) by amending subsection (b) by striking out
18	"appropriate customs officer" and inserting "Cus-
19	toms Service'';
20	(3) by amending the first sentence of subsection
21	(c)(1) to read as follows: "A protest of a decision
22	made under subsection (a) shall be filed in writing,
23	or transmitted electronically pursuant to an elec-
24	tronic data interchange system, in accordance with
25	regulations prescribed by the Secretary. A protest
26	must set forth distinctly and specifically—

# 

1	"(A) each decision described in subsection
2	(a) as to which protest is made;
3	"(B) each category of merchandise affected
4	by each decision set forth under paragraph (1);
5	"(C) the nature of each objection and the
6	reasons therefor; and
7	"(D) any other matter required by the Sec-
8	retary by regulation.";
9	(4) by redesignating paragraph (2) of sub-
10	section (c) as paragraph (3) and by striking out
11	"such customs officer" in such redesignated para-
12	graph and inserting "the Customs Service";
13	(5) by designating the last sentence of para-
14	graph (1) of subsection (c) as paragraph (2);
15	(6) by striking out "customs officer" in sub-
16	section (d) and inserting "Customs Service"; and
17	(7) by amending the section heading to read as
18	follows:
19	<b>"SEC. 514. PROTEST AGAINST DECISIONS OF THE CUSTOMS</b>
20	SERVICE.".
21	SEC. 646. REFUNDS AND ERRORS.
22	Section 520 (19 U.S.C. 1520) is amended—
23	(1) by inserting "or reconciliation" after
24	"entry" in paragraphs (1) and (4) of subsection (a);
25	and

1	(2) by amending subsection (c)—
2	(A) by striking out ''appropriate customs
3	officer" wherever it appears and inserting
4	"Customs Service",
5	(B) by inserting ''or reconciliation'' after
6	"reliquidate an entry", and
7	(C) by inserting ", whether or not result-
8	ing from or contained in electronic trans-
9	mission," after "inadvertence" the first place it
10	appears in paragraph (1).
11	SEC. 647. BONDS AND OTHER SECURITY.
12	Section 623 (19 U.S.C. 1623) is amended—
13	(1) by inserting "and the manner in which the
14	bond may be filed with or, pursuant to an author-
15	ized electronic data interchange system, transmitted
16	to the Customs Service" after "form of such bond"
17	in subsection $(b)(1)$ ; and
18	(2) by inserting at the end of subsection (d) the
19	following new sentence: "Any bond transmitted to
20	the Customs Service pursuant to an authorized elec-
21	tronic data interchange system shall have the same
22	force and effect and be binding upon the parties
23	thereto as if such bond were manually executed,
24	signed, and filed.".

#### 1 SEC. 648. CUSTOMHOUSE BROKERS.

2 Section 641 (19 U.S.C. 1641) is amended—

3 (1) by adding at the end of subsection (a)(2)the following new sentence: "It also includes the 4 5 preparation of documents or forms in any format 6 and the electronic transmission of documents, in-7 voices, bills, or parts thereof, intended to be filed 8 with the Customs Service in furtherance of such ac-9 tivities, whether or not signed or filed by the pre-10 parer, or activities relating to such preparation, but 11 does not include the mere electronic transmission of 12 data received for transmission to Customs.";

13 (2) by amending subsection (c)(1) to read as14 follows:

15 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Each person granted a cus16 toms broker's license under subsection (b) shall be
17 issued, in accordance with such regulations as the
18 Secretary shall prescribe, either or both of the
19 following:

20 "(A) A national permit for the conduct of
21 such customs business as the Secretary pre22 scribes by regulation.

23 "(B) A permit for each customs district in
24 which that person conducts customs business
25 and, except as provided in paragraph (2), regu26 larly employs at least 1 individual who is li-

censed under subsection (b)(2) to exercise responsible supervision and control over the customs business conducted by that person in that district.";

5 (3) by inserting at the end of subsection (c) the6 following new paragraph:

"(4) APPOINTMENT OF SUBAGENTS.—Notwith-7 standing subsection (c)(1), upon the implementation 8 9 by the Secretary under section 413(b)(2) of the com-10 ponent of the National Customs Automation Pro-11 gram referred to in section 411(a)(2)(B), a licensed 12 broker may appoint another licensed broker holding 13 a permit in a customs district to act on its behalf 14 as its subagent in that district if such activity re-15 lates to the filing of information that is permitted by law or regulation to be filed electronically. A licensed 16 17 broker appointing a subagent pursuant to this para-18 graph shall remain liable for any and all obligations 19 arising under bond and any and all duties, taxes, 20 and fees, as well as any other liabilities imposed by law, and shall be precluded from delegating to a 21 22 subagent such liability.";

23 (4) by amending subsection (d)(2)(B)—

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1	(A) by striking out ''appropriate customs
2	officer" and inserting "Customs Service" in the
3	first and third sentences,
4	(B) by striking out ''he'' and inserting ''it''
5	in the third sentence,
6	(C) by striking out ''15 days'' and insert-
7	ing ''30 days'' in the third sentence,
8	(D) by striking out ''the appropriate cus-
9	toms officer and the customs broker; they' and
10	inserting "the Customs Service and the customs
11	broker; which'' in the sixth sentence,
12	(E) by striking out ''his'' and inserting
13	"the" in the seventh sentence, and
14	(F) by striking out ''for his decision'' and
15	inserting "for the decision" in the eighth sen-
16	tence; and
17	(5) by amending subsection (f) by striking out
18	"United States Customs Service." and inserting
19	"Customs Service. The Secretary may not prohibit
20	customs brokers from limiting their liability to other
21	persons in the conduct of customs business. For pur-
22	poses of this subsection or any other provision of
23	this Act pertaining to recordkeeping, all data re-
24	quired to be retained by a customs broker may be
25	kept on microfilm, optical disc, magnetic tapes, disks

or drums, video files or any other electrically generated medium. Pursuant to such regulations as the
Secretary shall prescribe, the conversion of data to
such storage medium may be accomplished at any
time subsequent to the relevant customs transaction
and the data may be retained in a centralized basis
according to such broker's business system.".

#### 8 SEC. 649. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

9 (a) PLACE OF ENTRY AND UNLADING.—Section 447 10 (19 U.S.C. 1447) is amended by striking out "the appro-11 priate customs officer shall consider" and inserting "the 12 Customs Service considers".

13 (b) UNLADING.—Section 449 (19 U.S.C. 1449) is 14 amended by striking out "appropriate customs officer of 15 such port issues a permit for the unlading of such mer-16 chandise or baggage," and inserting "Customs Service is-17 sues a permit for the unlading of such merchandise or 18 baggage at such port,".

# 19 Subtitle C—Miscellaneous Amend-

# 20 ments to the Tariff Act of 1930

- 21 SEC. 651. ADMINISTRATIVE EXEMPTIONS.
- 22 Section 321 (19 U.S.C. 1321) is amended—
- 23 (1) by amending subsection (a)(1)—

1	(A) by striking out ''of less than \$10'' and
2	inserting ''of an amount specified by the Sec-
3	retary by regulation, but not less than \$20,",
4	(B) by inserting '', fees,'' after ''duties''
5	wherever it appears, and
6	(C) by striking out ''and'' at the end there-
7	of;
8	(2) by amending subsection $(a)(2)$ —
9	(A) by striking out ''shall not exceed—''
10	and inserting ''shall not exceed an amount spec-
11	ified by the Secretary by regulation, but not
12	less than—'',
13	(B) by striking out ''\$50'' and ''\$100'' in
14	subparagraph (A) and inserting ''\$100'' and
15	''\$200'', respectively,
16	(C) by striking out ''\$25'' in subparagraph
17	(B) and inserting "\$200",
18	(D) by striking out ''\$5'' in subparagraph
19	(C) and inserting ''\$200'', and
20	(E) by striking the period at the end there-
21	of and inserting "; and", and
22	(3) by inserting a new paragraph (3) at the end
23	of subsection (a) to read as follows:
24	"(3) waive the collection of duties, fees, and
25	taxes due on entered merchandise when such duties,

1	fees, or taxes are less than \$20 or such greater
2	amount as may be specified by the Secretary by reg-
3	ulation."; and
4	(4) by amending subsection (b)—
5	(A) by striking out ''to diminish any dollar
6	amount specified in subsection (a) and"; and
7	(B) by striking out ''such subsection''
8	wherever it appears and inserting ''subsection
9	(a)".
10	SEC. 652. REPORT OF ARRIVAL.
11	Section 433 (19 U.S.C. 1433) is amended—
12	(1) by amending subsection $(a)(1)$ —
10	
13	(A) by striking out ''or'' at the end of sub-
13 14	(A) by striking out "or" at the end of sub- paragraph (B),
14	paragraph (B),
14 15	paragraph (B), (B) by inserting ''or'' after the semicolon
14 15 16	paragraph (B), (B) by inserting ''or'' after the semicolon at the end of subparagraph (C), and
14 15 16 17	paragraph (B), (B) by inserting "or" after the semicolon at the end of subparagraph (C), and (C) by adding after subparagraph (C) the
14 15 16 17 18	paragraph (B), (B) by inserting "or" after the semicolon at the end of subparagraph (C), and (C) by adding after subparagraph (C) the following:
14 15 16 17 18 19	paragraph (B), (B) by inserting "or" after the semicolon at the end of subparagraph (C), and (C) by adding after subparagraph (C) the following: "(D) any vessel which has visited a hover-
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	paragraph (B), (B) by inserting "or" after the semicolon at the end of subparagraph (C), and (C) by adding after subparagraph (C) the following: "(D) any vessel which has visited a hover- ing vessel or received merchandise while outside
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>paragraph (B),</li> <li>(B) by inserting "or" after the semicolon at the end of subparagraph (C), and</li> <li>(C) by adding after subparagraph (C) the following:</li> <li>"(D) any vessel which has visited a hovering vessel or received merchandise while outside the territorial sea;";</li> </ul>

system, to the Customs Service such information, 1 2 data,"; and

(3) by amending subsection (e) to read as fol-3 lows: 4

5 "(e) PROHIBITION ON DEPARTURES AND DIS-CHARGE.—Unless otherwise authorized by law, a vessel, 6 7 aircraft or vehicle after arriving in the United States or Virgin Islands may, but only in accordance with regula-8 tions prescribed by the Secretary— 9

"(1) depart from the port, place, or airport of 10 11 arrival; or

"(2) discharge any passenger or merchandise 12 (including baggage).". 13

14 SEC. 653. ENTRY OF VESSELS.

Section 434 (19 U.S.C. 1434) amended to read as 15 16 follows:

#### 17 "SEC. 434. ENTRY; VESSELS.

18 "(a) FORMAL ENTRY.—Within 24 hours (or such other period of time as may be provided under subsection 19 20 (c)(2)) after the arrival at any port or place in the United States of— 21

"(1) any vessel from a foreign port or place; 22

"(2) any foreign vessel from a domestic port; 23

"(3) any vessel of the United States having on
 board bonded merchandise or foreign merchandise
 for which entry has not been made; or

4 "(4) any vessel which has visited a hovering
5 vessel or has delivered or received merchandise while
6 outside the territorial sea;

7 the master of the vessel shall, unless otherwise provided8 by law, make formal entry at the nearest customs facility9 or such other place as the Secretary may prescribe by10 regulation.

11 "(b) PRELIMINARY ENTRY.—The Secretary may by 12 regulation permit the master to make preliminary entry 13 of the vessel with the Customs Service in lieu of formal 14 entry or before formal entry is made. In permitting pre-15 liminary entry, the Customs Service shall board a suffi-16 cient number of vessels to ensure compliance with the laws 17 it enforces.

18 "(c) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary may by regula-19 tion—

"(1) prescribe the manner and format in which
entry under subsection (a) or subsection (b), or
both, must be made, and such regulations may provide that any such entry may be made electronically
pursuant to an electronic data interchange system;

25 "(2) provide that—

1	''(A) formal entry must be made within a
2	greater or lesser time than 24 hours after arriv-
3	al, but in no case more than 48 hours after ar-
4	rival, and
5	"(B) formal entry may be made before ar-
6	rival; and
7	"(3) authorize the Customs Service to permit
8	entry or preliminary entry of any vessel to be made
9	at a place other than a designated port of entry,
10	under such conditions as may be prescribed.".
11	SEC. 654. UNLAWFUL RETURN OF FOREIGN VESSEL PA-
12	PERS.
13	Section 438 (19 U.S.C. 1438) is amended—
14	(1) by striking out "section 435" and inserting
15	"section 434";
16	(2) by inserting ", or regulations issued there-
17	under," after "of this Act"; and
18	(3) by striking out "the appropriate customs of-
19	
	ficer of the port where such vessel has been en-
20	ficer of the port where such vessel has been en- tered." and inserting "the Customs Service in the
20 21	-
	tered." and inserting "the Customs Service in the

(1) by amending the text preceding paragraph(1) to read as follows: "The following vessels shall

1

not be required to make entry under section 434 or

2 to obtain clearance under section 4197 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (46 U.S.C. App. 3 91):"; 4 (2) by amending paragraph (3) to read as 5 6 follows: "(3) Any vessel carrying passengers on excursion 7 from the United States Virgin Islands to the British Vir-8 gin Islands and returning, if— 9 10 "(A) the vessel does not in any way violate the customs or navigation laws of the United States; 11 "(B) the vessel has not visited any hovering 12 vessel: and 13 "(C) the master of the vessel, if there is on 14 15 board any article required by law to be entered, reports the article to the Customs Service immediately 16 17 upon arrival.''; (3) by redesignating paragraphs (4) and (5) as 18 19 paragraphs (5) and (6), respectively, and inserting 20 after paragraph (3) the following: "(4) Any United States documented vessel with rec-21 22 reational endorsement or any undocumented United States pleasure vessel not engaged in trade, if— 23

1	''(A) the vessel complies with the reporting re-
2	quirements of section 433, and with the customs and
3	navigation laws of the United States;
4	''(B) the vessel has not visited any hovering
5	vessel; and
6	"(C) the master of, and any other person on
7	board, the vessel, if the master or such person has
8	on board any article required by law to be entered
9	or declared, reports such article to the Customs
10	Service immediately upon arrival;";
11	(4) by amending paragraph (6) (as so redesig-
12	nated) by striking out "enrolled and licensed to en-
13	gage in the foreign and coasting trade in the north-
14	ern, northeastern, and northwestern frontiers" and
15	inserting "documented under chapter 121 of title
16	46, United States Code, with a Great Lakes en-
17	dorsement"; and
18	(5) by amending the section heading to read as
19	follows:
20	"SEC. 441. EXCEPTIONS TO VESSEL ENTRY AND CLEAR-
21	ANCE REQUIREMENTS.".
22	SEC. 656. UNLADING.
23	Section 448(a) (19 U.S.C. 1448(a)) is amended—
24	(1) by amending the first sentence—

1	(A) by striking out ''enter)'' and inserting
2	"enter or clear)",
3	(B) by striking out ''or vehicle arriving
4	from a foreign port or place" and inserting "re-
5	quired to make entry under section 434, or ve-
6	hicle required to report arrival under section
7	433,'',
8	(C) by inserting ''or transmitted pursuant
9	to an electronic data interchange system" after
10	''issued'', and
11	(D) by striking out the colon after ''offi-
12	cer" and the proviso and inserting a period;
13	(2) by amending the second sentence—
14	(A) by striking out '', preliminary or other-
15	wise,'', and
16	(B) by inserting '', electronically pursuant
17	to an authorized electronic data interchange
18	system or otherwise," after "may issue a per-
19	mit'';
20	(3) by striking out the last sentence and insert-
21	ing the following: "The owner or master of any ves-
22	sel or vehicle, or agent thereof, shall notify the Cus-
23	toms Service of any merchandise or baggage so un-
24	laden for which entry is not made within the time
25	prescribed by law or regulation. The Secretary shall

<ul> <li>to exceed \$1,000 for each bill of lading for which no-</li> <li>tice is not given. Any such administrative penalty</li> <li>shall be subject to mitigation and remittance under</li> <li>section 618. Such unentered merchandise or bag-</li> <li>gage shall be the responsibility of the master or per-</li> <li>son in charge of the importing vessel or vehicle, or</li> <li>agent thereof, until it is removed from the carrier's</li> <li>control in accordance with section 490."; and</li> <li>(4) by striking out "the appropriate customs of-</li> <li>ficer" and "such customs officer" wherever they appear and inserting "the Customs Service".</li> <li>SEC. 657. DECLARATIONS.</li> <li>Section 485 (19 U.S.C. 1485) is amended—</li> <li>(1) by amending subsection (a)—</li> <li>(A) by inserting "or transmit electroni-</li> <li>cally" after "file", and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>shall be subject to mitigation and remittance under</li> <li>section 618. Such unentered merchandise or bag-</li> <li>gage shall be the responsibility of the master or per-</li> <li>son in charge of the importing vessel or vehicle, or</li> <li>agent thereof, until it is removed from the carrier's</li> <li>control in accordance with section 490."; and</li> <li>(4) by striking out "the appropriate customs of-</li> <li>ficer" and "such customs officer" wherever they appear and inserting "the Customs Service".</li> <li>SEC. 657. DECLARATIONS.</li> <li>Section 485 (19 U.S.C. 1485) is amended—</li> <li>(1) by amending subsection (a)—</li> <li>(A) by inserting "or transmit electroni-</li> <li>cally" after "file", and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>section 618. Such unentered merchandise or bag-</li> <li>gage shall be the responsibility of the master or per-</li> <li>son in charge of the importing vessel or vehicle, or</li> <li>agent thereof, until it is removed from the carrier's</li> <li>control in accordance with section 490."; and</li> <li>(4) by striking out "the appropriate customs of-</li> <li>ficer" and "such customs officer" wherever they appear and inserting "the Customs Service".</li> <li>SEC. 657. DECLARATIONS.</li> <li>Section 485 (19 U.S.C. 1485) is amended—</li> <li>(1) by amending subsection (a)—</li> <li>(A) by inserting "or transmit electroni-</li> <li>cally" after "file", and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>6 gage shall be the responsibility of the master or per-</li> <li>7 son in charge of the importing vessel or vehicle, or</li> <li>8 agent thereof, until it is removed from the carrier's</li> <li>9 control in accordance with section 490."; and</li> <li>10 (4) by striking out "the appropriate customs of-</li> <li>11 ficer" and "such customs officer" wherever they ap-</li> <li>12 pear and inserting "the Customs Service".</li> <li>13 SEC. 657. DECLARATIONS.</li> <li>14 Section 485 (19 U.S.C. 1485) is amended—</li> <li>15 (1) by amending subsection (a)—</li> <li>16 (A) by inserting "or transmit electroni-</li> <li>17 cally" after "file", and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>son in charge of the importing vessel or vehicle, or</li> <li>agent thereof, until it is removed from the carrier's</li> <li>control in accordance with section 490."; and</li> <li>(4) by striking out "the appropriate customs of-</li> <li>ficer" and "such customs officer" wherever they appear and inserting "the Customs Service".</li> <li><b>SEC. 657. DECLARATIONS.</b></li> <li>Section 485 (19 U.S.C. 1485) is amended—</li> <li>(1) by amending subsection (a)—</li> <li>(A) by inserting "or transmit electroni-</li> <li>cally" after "file", and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>agent thereof, until it is removed from the carrier's</li> <li>control in accordance with section 490."; and</li> <li>(4) by striking out "the appropriate customs of-</li> <li>ficer" and "such customs officer" wherever they appear and inserting "the Customs Service".</li> <li><b>SEC. 657. DECLARATIONS.</b></li> <li>Section 485 (19 U.S.C. 1485) is amended—</li> <li>(1) by amending subsection (a)—</li> <li>(A) by inserting "or transmit electroni-</li> <li>cally" after "file", and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>9 control in accordance with section 490."; and</li> <li>10 (4) by striking out "the appropriate customs of-</li> <li>11 ficer" and "such customs officer" wherever they ap-</li> <li>12 pear and inserting "the Customs Service".</li> <li>13 SEC. 657. DECLARATIONS.</li> <li>14 Section 485 (19 U.S.C. 1485) is amended—</li> <li>15 (1) by amending subsection (a)—</li> <li>16 (A) by inserting "or transmit electroni-</li> <li>17 cally" after "file", and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>(4) by striking out "the appropriate customs of-</li> <li>ficer" and "such customs officer" wherever they appear and inserting "the Customs Service".</li> <li>sec. 657. DECLARATIONS.</li> <li>Section 485 (19 U.S.C. 1485) is amended—</li> <li>(1) by amending subsection (a)—</li> <li>(A) by inserting "or transmit electroni-</li> <li>cally" after "file", and</li> </ul>
11ficer" and "such customs officer" wherever they ap-12pear and inserting "the Customs Service".13SEC. 657. DECLARATIONS.14Section 485 (19 U.S.C. 1485) is amended—15(1) by amending subsection (a)—16(A) by inserting "or transmit electroni-17cally" after "file", and
<ul> <li>pear and inserting "the Customs Service".</li> <li>SEC. 657. DECLARATIONS.</li> <li>Section 485 (19 U.S.C. 1485) is amended—</li> <li>(1) by amending subsection (a)—</li> <li>(A) by inserting "or transmit electroni-</li> <li>cally" after "file", and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>13 SEC. 657. DECLARATIONS.</li> <li>14 Section 485 (19 U.S.C. 1485) is amended—</li> <li>15 (1) by amending subsection (a)—</li> <li>16 (A) by inserting "or transmit electroni-</li> <li>17 cally" after "file", and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Section 485 (19 U.S.C. 1485) is amended—</li> <li>(1) by amending subsection (a)—</li> <li>(A) by inserting "or transmit electroni-</li> <li>cally" after "file", and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>(1) by amending subsection (a)—</li> <li>(A) by inserting "or transmit electroni-</li> <li>cally" after "file", and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>16 (A) by inserting "or transmit electroni-</li> <li>17 cally" after "file", and</li> </ul>
17 cally" after "file", and
·
- · ·
18 (B) by inserting "and manner" after
19 "form";
20 (2) by amending subsection (d)—
21 (A) by striking out "A importer" and in-
22 serting "An importer", and
23 (B) by striking out "a importer" and in-

(3) by inserting after subsection (f) the follow ing new subsection:

3 "(g) Exported Merchandise Returned AS UNDELIVERABLE.—With respect to any importation of 4 merchandise to which General Headnote 4(e) of the Har-5 monized Tariff Schedule of the United States applies, any 6 person who gained any benefit from, or met any obligation 7 to, the United States as a result of the prior exportation 8 of such merchandise shall, in accordance with regulations 9 prescribed by the Secretary, within a reasonable time in-10 11 form the Customs Service of the return of the merchandise.". 12

#### 13 SEC. 658. GENERAL ORDERS.

14 Section 490 (19 U.S.C. 1490) is amended—

15 (1) by amending subsection (a) to read as fol-16 lows:

17 "(a) Incomplete Entry.—

18 "(1) Whenever—

19 "(A) the entry of any imported merchan20 dise is not made within the time provided by
21 law or by regulation prescribed by the Sec22 retary;

23 "(B) the entry of imported merchandise is
24 incomplete because of failure to pay the esti25 mated duties, fees, or interest;

"(C) in the opinion of the Customs Serv-
ice, the entry of imported merchandise cannot
be made for want of proper documents or other
cause; or
"(D) the Customs Service believes that any
merchandise is not correctly and legally
invoiced;
the carrier (unless subject to subsection (c)) shall
notify the bonded warehouse of such unentered mer-
chandise.
"(2) After notification under paragraph (1), the
bonded warehouse shall arrange for the transpor-
tation and storage of the merchandise at the risk
and expense of the consignee. The merchandise shall
remain in the bonded warehouse until—
"(A) entry is made or completed and the
proper documents are produced;
''(B) the information and data necessary
for entry are transmitted to the Customs Serv-
ice pursuant to an authorized electronic data
interchange system; or
``(C) a bond is given for the production of
documents or the transmittal of data.";
(2) by amending subsection (b)—

1	(A) by amending the heading for sub-
2	section (b) to read as follows:
3	"(b) Request for Possession by Customs.—",
4	and
5	(B) by striking out ''appropriate customs
6	officer" and inserting "Customs Service"; and
7	(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
8	section:
9	"(c) Government Merchandise.—Any imported
10	merchandise that—
11	"(1) is described in any of paragraphs (1)
12	through (4) of subsection (a); and
13	''(2) is consigned to, or owned by, the United
14	States Government;
15	shall be stored and disposed of in accordance with such
16	rules and procedures as the Secretary shall by regulation
17	prescribe.".
18	SEC. 659. UNCLAIMED MERCHANDISE.
19	Section 491 (19 U.S.C. 1491) is amended—
20	(1) by amending subsection (a)—
21	(A) by striking out ''customs custody for
22	one year" in the first sentence and inserting "in
23	a bonded warehouse pursuant to section 490 for
24	6 months",

(B) by striking out "public store or bonded 1 2 warehouse for a period of one year" in the second sentence and inserting "pursuant to section 3 490 in a bonded warehouse for 6 months", 4 (C) by striking out "estimated duties and 5 storage" in the first sentence and inserting "es-6 timated duties, taxes, fees, interest, storage,", 7 (D) by inserting "taxes, fees, interest," 8 after "duties," wherever it appears, and 9 (E) by striking out "duties" in the last 10 sentence and inserting "duties, taxes, interest, 11 and fees"; and 12 (2) by redesignating subsection (b) as sub-13 14 section (e) and inserting after subsection (a) the fol-15 lowing new subsections:

"(b) NOTICE OF TITLE VESTING IN THE UNITED 16 STATES.—At the end of the 6-month period referred to 17 in subsection (a), the Customs Service may, in lieu of sale 18 of the merchandise, provide notice to all known interested 19 parties that the title to such merchandise shall be consid-20 ered to vest in the United States free and clear of any 21 22 liens or encumbrances, on the 30th day after the date of the notice unless, before such 30th day— 23

24 "(1) the subject merchandise is entered or with-25 drawn for consumption; and

"(2) payment is made of all duties, taxes, fees,
 transfer and storage charges, and other expenses
 that may have accrued thereon.

"(c) RETENTION, TRANSFER, DESTRUCTION, OR 4 OTHER DISPOSITION.—If title to any merchandise vests 5 in the United States by operation of subsection (b), such 6 merchandise may be retained by the Customs Service for 7 official use, transferred to any other Federal agency or 8 9 to any State or local agency, destroyed, or otherwise disposed of in accordance with such regulations as the Sec-10 retary shall prescribe. All transfer and storage charges or 11 expenses accruing on retained or transferred merchandise 12 13 shall be paid by the receiving agency.

"(d) PETITION.—Whenever any party, having lost a 14 substantial interest in merchandise by virtue of title vest-15 ing in the United States under subsection (b), can estab-16 lish such title or interest to the satisfaction of the Sec-17 retary within 30 days after the day on which title vests 18 in the United States under subsection (b), or can establish 19 to the satisfaction of the Secretary that the party did not 20 receive notice under subsection (b), the Secretary may, 21 upon receipt of a timely and proper petition and upon 22 finding that the facts and circumstances warrant, pay 23 24 such party out of the Treasury of the United States the amount the Secretary believes the party would have re-25

ceived under section 493 had the merchandise been sold 1 and a proper claim filed. The decision of the Secretary 2 3 with respect to any such petition is final and conclusive 4 on all parties."; and 5 (3) by amending subsection (e) (as so redesignated) by striking out "appropriate customs officer" 6 in paragraph (3) and inserting "Customs Service". 7 8 SEC. 660. DESTRUCTION OF MERCHANDISE. 9 Section 492 (19 U.S.C. 1492) is amended— (1) by inserting ", retained for official use, or 10 otherwise disposed of" after "destroyed"; and 11 (2) by striking out "appropriate customs offi-12 cer" and inserting "Customs Service". 13 14 SEC. 661. PROCEEDS OF SALE. Section 493 (19 U.S.C. 1493) is amended— 15 (1) by inserting "taxes, and fees," after "du-16 17 ties.": 18 (2) by striking out "by the appropriate customs 19 officer"; and (3) by striking out "such customs officer" and 20 inserting "the Customs Service". 21 22 **SEC. 662. ENTRY UNDER REGULATIONS.** Section 498(a) (19 U.S.C. 1498(a)) is amended— 23 24 (1) by amending paragraph (1) to read as fol-25 lows:

1	"(1) Merchandise, when—
2	''(A) the aggregate value of the shipment
3	does not exceed an amount specified by the Sec-
4	retary by regulation, but not more than \$2,500;
5	or
6	"(B) different commercial facilitation and
7	risk considerations that may vary for different
8	classes or kinds of merchandise or different
9	classes of transactions may dictate;"; and
10	(2) by striking out ''\$10,000'' in paragraph (2)
11	and inserting "such amounts as the Secretary may
12	prescribe''.
13	SEC. 663. AMERICAN TRADEMARKS.
14	Section 526(e)(3) (19 U.S.C. 1526(e)(3)) is amend-
15	ed—
16	(1) by striking out "1 year" and inserting "90
17	days"; and
18	(2) by striking out ''appropriate customs offi-
19	cers" and inserting "the Customs Service".
20	SEC. 664. SIMPLIFIED RECORDKEEPING FOR MERCHAN-
21	DISE TRANSPORTED BY PIPELINE.
22	Part IV of title IV is amended by inserting after sec-
23	tion 553 the following new section:

3 "Merchandise in Customs custody that is transported by pipeline may be accounted for on a quantitative basis, 4 5 based on the bill of lading, or equivalent document of receipt, issued by the pipeline carrier. Unless the Customs 6 7 Service has reasonable cause to suspect fraud, the Cus-8 toms Service may accept the bill of lading, or equivalent 9 document of receipt, issued by the pipeline carrier to the shipper and accepted by the consignee to maintain iden-10 11 tity. The shipper, pipeline operator, and consignee shall be subject to the recordkeeping requirements of sections 12 508 and 509.". 13

### 14 SEC. 665. ENTRY FOR WAREHOUSE.

15 Section 557(a) (19 U.S.C. 1557(a)) is amended—

16 (1) by designating the first 2 sentences of such17 subsection as paragraph (1);

(2) by striking out in such paragraph (1) (as so
designated) ": *Provided*, That the total period of
time for which such merchandise may remain in
bonded warehouse shall not exceed 5 years from the
date of importation." and inserting the following: ";
except that—

24 "(A) the total period of time for which such
25 merchandise may remain in bonded warehouse shall
26 not exceed 5 years from the date of importation; and

"(B) turbine fuel may be withdrawn for use 1 2 under section 309 without the payment of duty if an amount equal to the quantity of fuel withdrawn is 3 shown to be used within 30 days after the day of 4 withdrawal, but duties (together with interest pay-5 6 able from the date of the withdrawal at the rate of interest established under section 6621 of title 26, 7 United States Code) shall be deposited by the 40th 8 day after the day of withdrawal on fuel that was 9 10 withdrawn in excess of the quantity shown to have been so used during such 30-day period."; and 11 12 (3) by designating the remaining sentences of

13 such subsection as paragraph (2).

#### 14 SEC. 666. CARTAGE.

15 The first sentence of section 565 (19 U.S.C. 1565) 16 is amended to read as follows: "The cartage of merchan-17 dise entered for warehouse shall be done by—

18 "(1) cartmen appointed and licensed by the19 Customs Service; or

20 "(2) carriers designated under section 551 to
21 carry bonded merchandise;

who shall give bond, in a penal sum to be fixed by the
Customs Service, for the protection of the Government
against any loss of, or damage to, the merchandise while
being so carted.".

## 1 SEC. 667. SEIZURE.

2	Section 612 (19 U.S.C. 1612) is amended—
3	(1) by amending subsection (a)—
4	(A) by striking out ''the appropriate cus-
5	toms officer", "such officer" and "the customs
6	officer" wherever they appear and inserting
7	"the Customs Service", and
8	(B) by striking out ''the appraiser's return
9	and his" and inserting "its"; and
10	(2) by amending subsection (b) to read as fol-
11	lows:
12	"(b) If the Customs Service determines that the ex-
13	pense of keeping the vessel, vehicle, aircraft, merchandise,
14	or baggage is disproportionate to the value thereof, the
15	Customs Service may promptly order the destruction or
16	other appropriate disposition of such property under regu-
17	lations prescribed by the Secretary. No customs officer
18	shall be liable for the destruction or other disposition of
19	property made pursuant to this section.".
20	SEC. 668. LIMITATION ON ACTIONS.
21	Section 621 (19 U.S.C. 1621) is amended—
22	(1) by inserting "any duty under section
23	592(d), 593A(d), or" before "any pecuniary pen-

24 alty"; and

1 (2) by striking out "discovered:" and all that 2 follows thereafter and inserting the follow-3 ing: "discovered; except that—

"(1) in the case of an alleged violation of sec-4 5 tion 592 or 593A, no suit or action (including a suit or action for restoration of lawful duties under sub-6 7 section (d) of such sections) may be instituted unless commenced within 5 years after the date of the al-8 leged violation or, if such violation arises out of 9 fraud, within 5 years after the date of discovery of 10 11 fraud, and

"(2) the time of the absence from the United
States of the person subject to the penalty or forfeiture, or of any concealment or absence of the property, shall not be reckoned within the 5-year period
of limitation.".

 17
 SEC. 669. COLLECTION OF FEES ON BEHALF OF OTHER

 18
 AGENCIES.

19 The Tariff Act of 1930 is amended by inserting after20 section 528 the following new section:

21 "SEC. 529. COLLECTION OF FEES ON BEHALF OF OTHER
22 AGENCIES.

23 "The Customs Service shall be reimbursed from the24 fees collected for the cost and expense, administrative and

otherwise, incurred in collecting any fees on behalf of any
 government agency for any reason.".

#### 3 SEC. 670. AUTHORITY TO SETTLE CLAIMS.

4 The Tariff Act of 1930 is amended by inserting after5 section 629 the following new section:

### 6 "SEC. 630. AUTHORITY TO SETTLE CLAIMS.

7 "(a) IN GENERAL.—With respect to a claim that cannot be settled under chapter 171 of title 28, United States 8 9 Code, the Secretary may settle, for not more than \$50,000 10 in any one case, a claim for damage to, or loss of, privately owned property caused by an investigative or law enforce-11 ment officer (as defined in section 2680(h) of title 28, 12 United States Code) who is employed by the Customs 13 Service and acting within the scope of his or her employ-14 15 ment.

16 "(b) LIMITATIONS.—The Secretary may not pay a17 claim under subsection (a) that—

18 "(1) concerns commercial property;

19 "(2) is presented to the Secretary more than 120 year after it occurs; or

21 "(3) is presented by an officer or employee of
22 the United States Government and arose within the
23 scope of employment.

"(c) FINAL SETTLEMENT.—A claim may be paid
 under this section only if the claimant accepts the amount
 of settlement in complete satisfaction of the claim.".

#### 4 SEC. 671. USE OF PRIVATE COLLECTION AGENCIES.

5 The Tariff Act of 1930 is amended by inserting after6 section 630 the following new section:

#### 7 "SEC. 631. USE OF PRIVATE COLLECTION AGENCIES.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other pro-8 9 vision of law, the Secretary, under such terms and conditions as the Secretary considers appropriate, shall enter 10 into contracts and incur obligations with one or more per-11 sons for collection services to recover indebtedness arising 12 under the customs laws and owed the United States Gov-13 ernment, but only after the Customs Service has ex-14 hausted all administrative efforts, including all claims 15 against applicable surety bonds, to collect the indebted-16 17 ness.

18 "(b) CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS.—Any contract en19 tered into under subsection (a) shall provide that—

20 "(1) the Secretary retains the authority to re21 solve a dispute, compromise a claim, end collection
22 action, and refer a matter to the Attorney General
23 to bring a civil action; and

24 "(2) the person is subject to—

1	"(A) section 552a of title 5, United States
2	Code, to the extent provided in subsection (m)
3	of such section; and
4	''(B) laws and regulations of the United
5	States Government and State governments re-
6	lated to debt collection practices.".
7	Subtitle D-Miscellaneous Provi-
8	sions and Consequential and
9	Conforming Amendments to
10	Other Laws
11	SEC. 681. AMENDMENTS TO THE HARMONIZED TARIFF
12	SCHEDULE.
13	(a) RETURN SHIPMENTS.—General Note 4 of the
14	Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States is
15	amended—
16	(1) by striking out "and" at the end of subdivi-
17	sion (c);
18	(2) by inserting "and" after "1930," in subdivi-
19	sion (d);
20	(3) by inserting after subdivision (d) the
21	following:
22	"(e) articles exported from the United States
23	which are returned within 45 days after such expor-
24	tation from the United States as undeliverable and

which have not left the custody of the carrier or for eign customs service,"; and

3 (4) by adding at the end the following new sen4 tence: "No exportation referred to in subdivision (e)
5 may be treated as satisfying any requirement for ex6 portation in order to receive a benefit from, or meet
7 an obligation to, the United States as a result of
8 such exportation.".

9 (b) ENTRY NOT REQUIRED FOR LOCOMOTIVES AND10 RAILWAY FREIGHT CARS.—

(1) The Notes to chapter 86 of such Schedule
are amended by inserting after note 3 the following
new note:

14 "4. Railway locomotives (provided for in headings 8601 and 8602) and railway freight cars (provided for in head-15 ing 8606) on which no duty is owed are not subject to 16 17 the entry or release requirements for imported merchandise set forth in sections 448 and 484 of the Tariff Act 18 of 1930. The Secretary of the Treasury may by regulation 19 20 establish appropriate reporting requirements, including 21 the requirement that a bond be posted to ensure compli-22 ance.".

(2) The U.S. Notes to subchapter V of chapter
99 of such Schedule are amended by inserting after
note 8 the following new note:

1 ''9. Railway freight cars provided for in subheadings
2 9905.86.05 and 9905.86.10 are not subject to the entry
3 or release requirements for imported merchandise set
4 forth in sections 448 and 484 of the Tariff Act of 1930.
5 The Secretary of the Treasury may by regulation establish
6 appropriate reporting requirements, including the require7 ment that a bond be posted to ensure compliance.''.

8 (c) INSTRUMENTS OF INTERNATIONAL TRAFFIC.— 9 The U.S. Notes to subchapter III of chapter 98 of such 10 Schedule is amended by inserting after note 3 the follow-11 ing new note:

"4. Instruments of international traffic, such as contain-12 ers, lift vans, rail cars and locomotives, truck cabs and 13 trailers, etc. are exempt from formal entry procedures but 14 are required to be accounted for when imported and ex-15 ported into and out of the United States, respectively, 16 17 through the manifesting procedures required for all inter-18 national carriers by the United States Customs Service. Fees associated with the importation of such instruments 19 of international traffic shall be reported and paid on a 20 periodic basis as required by regulations issued by the Sec-21 retary of the Treasury and in accordance with 1956 Cus-22 toms Convention on Containers (20 UST 30; TIAS 23 6634).". 24

SEC. 682. CUSTOMS PERSONNEL AIRPORT WORK SHIFT

1

2 **REGULATION.** 3 Section 13031(g) of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c(g)) is 4 amended— 5 (1) by striking out "In addition to the regula-6 7 tions required under paragraph (2), the" and inserting "The"; 8 (2) by striking out paragraph (2); and 9 (3) by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-10 graph (2). 11 12 SEC. 683. USE OF HARBOR MAINTENANCE TRUST FUND 13 AMOUNTS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (3) of section 9505(c) 14 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to expendi-15 tures from Harbor Maintenance Trust Fund) is amended 16 to read as follows: 17 "(3) for the payment of all expenses of adminis-18 19 tration incurred by the Department of the Treasury, 20 the Army Corps of Engineers, and the Department 21 of Commerce related to the administration of sub-22 chapter A of chapter 36 (relating to harbor mainte-23 nance tax), but not in excess of \$5,000,000 for any fiscal year.". 24

1	(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by
2	subsection (a) shall apply to fiscal years beginning after
3	the date of the enactment of this Act.
4	SEC. 684. AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 28, UNITED STATES
5	CODE.
6	(a) Amendments Relating to Accreditation of
7	PRIVATE LABORATORIES.—Title 28 of the United States
8	Code is amended as follows:
9	(1) Section 1581(g) is amended by—
10	(A) striking out "and" at the end of para-
11	graph (1);
12	(B) by striking out the period at the end
13	of paragraph (2) and inserting ''; and''; and
14	(C) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(3) any decision or order of the Customs Serv-
16	ice to deny, suspend, or revoke accreditation of a
17	private laboratory under section 499(b) of the Tariff
18	Act of 1930.".
19	(2) Section 2631(g) is amended by inserting at
20	the end the following new paragraph:
21	"(3) A civil action to review any decision or order
22	of the Customs Service to deny, suspend, or revoke accred-
23	itation of a private laboratory under section 499(b) of the
24	Tariff Act of 1930 may be commenced in the Court of

International Trade by the person whose accreditation was 1 denied, suspended, or revoked.". 2 (3) Section 2636 is amended— 3 (A) by redesignating subsection (h) as sub-4 section (i); and 5 (B) by inserting after subsection (g) the 6 following new subsection: 7 "(h) A civil action contesting the denial, suspension, 8 or revocation by the Customs Service of a private labora-9 tory's accreditation under section 499(b) of the Tariff Act 10 of 1930 is barred unless commenced in accordance with 11 the rules of the Court of International Trade within 60 12 days after the date of the decision or order of the Customs 13 Service.". 14 (4) Section 2640 is amended— 15 (A) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-16 17 section (e); and 18 (B) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection: 19 20 "(d) In any civil action commenced to review any 21 order or decision of the Customs Service under section 22 499(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930, the court shall review 23 the action on the basis of the record before the Customs 24 Service at the time of issuing such decision or order.".

(5) Section 2642 is amended by inserting before
 the period the following: "or laboratories accredited
 by the Customs Service under section 499(b) of the
 Tariff Act of 1930".

5 (b) APPLICATION OF SUBSECTION (a) AMEND-MENTS.—For purposes of applying the amendments made 6 by subsection (a), any decision or order of the Customs 7 Service denying, suspending, or revoking the accreditation 8 of a private laboratory on or after the date of the enact-9 ment of this Act and before regulations to implement sec-10 tion 499(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 are issued shall be 11 treated as having been denied, suspended, or revoked 12 under such section 499(b). 13

14 (c) JURISDICTION OF COURT.—Section 1582(1) of 15 title 28, United States Code, is amended by inserting 16 ''593A,'' after ''592,''.

17 (d) FILING OF OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.—Section
18 2635(a) of title 28, United States Code, is amended to
19 read as follows:

20 "(a) In any action commenced in the Court of Inter-21 national Trade contesting the denial of a protest under 22 section 515 of the Tariff Act of 1930 or the denial of a 23 petition under section 516 of such Act, the Customs Serv-24 ice, as prescribed by the rules of the court, shall file with 25 the clerk of the court, as part of the official record, any

1	document, paper, information or data relating to the entry
2	of merchandise and the administrative determination that
3	is the subject of the protest or petition.".
4	SEC. 685. TREASURY FORFEITURE FUND.
5	Section 9703 of title 31, United States Code (as
6	added by Public Law 102–393), is amended—
7	(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (E), (F),
8	(G), (H), and (I) of subsection (a)(2) as subpara-
9	graphs (F), (G), (H), (I), and (J), respectively;
10	(2) by inserting after subparagraph (D) of sub-
11	section $(a)(2)$ the following new subparagraph:
12	"(E) the payment of claims against em-
13	ployees of the Customs Service settled by the
14	Secretary under section 630 of the Tariff Act
15	of 1930;''; and
16	(3) by striking out ''shall'' the first place it ap-
17	pears in subsection (e) and inserting "may".
18	SEC. 686. AMENDMENTS TO THE REVISED STATUTES OF
19	THE UNITED STATES.
20	(a) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—The Revised Stat-
21	utes of the United States are amended as follows:
22	(1) Section 2793 (19 U.S.C. 288, 46 U.S.C.
23	App. 111, 123) is amended—
24	(A) by striking out ''Enrolled or licensed
25	vessels engaged in the foreign and coasting

1	trade on the northern, northeastern, and north-
2	western frontiers of the United States," and in-
3	serting "Documented vessels with a coastwise,
4	Great Lakes endorsement,"; and
5	(B) by striking out the first semicolon and
6	all the text that follows thereafter and inserting
7	a period.
8	(2) Section 3126 (19 U.S.C. 293) is amended—
9	(A) by striking out ''Any vessel, on being
10	duly registered in pursuance of the laws of the
11	United States," and inserting "Any United
12	States documented vessel with a registry or
13	coastwise endorsement, or both'' and
14	(B) by striking out all the text occurring
15	after the first sentence.
16	(3) Section 3127 (19 U.S.C. 294) is amended
17	by striking out ''in registered vessels'' and inserting
18	"a United States documented vessel with a registry
19	or coastwise endorsement, or both,".
20	(4) Section 4136 (46 U.S.C. App. 14) is
21	amended by striking out—
22	(A) "The Secretary of Commerce may
23	issue a register or enrollment" and inserting
24	"The Secretary of Transportation may issue a

1	certificate of documentation with a coastwise
2	endorsement"; and
3	(B) "Secretary of Commerce," and insert-
4	ing "Secretary of Transportation,".
5	(5) Section 4336 (46 U.S.C. App. 277) is
6	amended—
7	(A) by striking out "register or enrollment
8	or license of any vessel" and inserting "certifi-
9	cate of documentation of any documented ves-
10	sel"; and
11	(B) by striking out "Secretary of the
12	Treasury is not required to have its register or
13	enrollment or license" and inserting "Secretary
14	of Transportation is not required to have its
15	certificate of documentation".
16	(b) CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS.—Section 4197 of
17	such Revised Statutes (46 U.S.C. App. 91) is amended
18	to read as follows:
19	"SEC. 4197. CLEARANCE; VESSELS.
20	"(a) When Required; Vessels of the United
21	STATES.—Except as otherwise provided by law, any vessel
22	of the United States shall obtain clearance from the Cus-
23	toms Service before proceeding from a port or place in
24	the United States—

25 "(1) for a foreign port or place;

"(2) for another port or place in the United 1 2 States if the vessel has on board bonded merchandise or foreign merchandise for which entry has not 3 been made; or 4

"(3) outside the territorial sea to visit a hover-5 ing vessel or to receive merchandise while outside 6 7 the territorial sea.

"(b) WHEN REQUIRED; OTHER VESSELS.—Except 8 as otherwise provided by law, any vessel that is not a ves-9 sel of the United States shall obtain clearance from the 10 Customs Service before proceeding from a port or place 11 in the United States— 12

"(1) for a foreign port or place; 13

"(2) for another port or place in the United 14 15 States; or

"(3) outside the territorial sea to visit a hover-16 17 ing vessel or to receive or deliver merchandise while 18 outside the territorial sea.

"(c) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of the Treasury 19 may by regulation— 20

"(1) prescribe the manner in which clearance 21 22 under this section is to be obtained, including the 23 documents, data or information which shall be submitted or transmitted, pursuant to an authorized 24 data interchange system, to obtain the clearance; 25

"(2) permit the Customs Service to grant clear-1 2 ance for a vessel under this section before all requirements for clearance are complied with, but only 3 if the owner or operator of the vessel files a bond 4 5 in an amount set by the Secretary of the Treasury conditioned upon the compliance by the owner or op-6 7 erator with all specified requirements for clearance within a time period (not exceeding 4 business days) 8 established by the Secretary of the Treasury; and 9 "(3) authorize the Customs Service to permit 10 clearance of any vessel to be obtained at a place 11 other than a designated port of entry, under such 12 conditions as he may prescribe.". 13 14 SEC. 687. AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 18. UNITED STATES 15 CODE. 16 Section 965(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended-17 (1) by striking out "sections 91, 92, and 94 of 18 19 Title 46" and inserting "section 431 of the Tariff 20 Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1431) and section 4197 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (46 21 U.S.C. App. 91),"; 22

(2) by striking out "the collector of customs for
the district wherein such vessel is then located" and
inserting "the Customs Service"; and

(3) by striking out "the collector like" and in serting in lieu thereof "the Customs Service like".

## 3 SEC. 688. AMENDMENT TO THE ACT TO PREVENT POLLU4 TION FROM SHIPS.

5 Section 9(e) of the Act to Prevent Pollution from Ships (94 Stat. 2301, 33 U.S.C. 1908(e)) is amended by 6 7 striking out "shall refuse or revoke" and all of the text following thereafter and inserting "shall refuse or revoke 8 9 the clearance required by section 4197 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (46 U.S.C. App. 91). Clear-10 ance may be granted upon the filing of a bond or other 11 surety satisfactory to the Secretary.". 12

## 13 SEC. 689. MISCELLANEOUS TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.

 14
 (a) АСТ ОГ ОСТОВЕК 3, 1913.—The Act of October

 15
 3, 1913, is amended—

(1) in section IV, J, subsection 1 (19 U.S.C.
128) by striking out "registered as a vessel of the
United States," and inserting "documented under
chapter 121 of title 46, United States Code,"; and
(2) in section IV, J, subsection 3 (19 U.S.C.
131)—

(A) by striking out "vessels of the United
States" and inserting "United States documented vessels"; and

(B) by striking out "registered as a vessel
 of the United States." and inserting "docu mented under chapter 121 of title 46, United
 States Code.".

5 (b) ACT OF AUGUST 5, 1935.—Section 4 of the Act
6 of August 5, 1935 (19 U.S.C. 1704) is amended—

7 (1) by striking out "whenever the collector of 8 customs of the district in which any vessel is, or is 9 sought to be, registered, enrolled, licensed, or num-10 bered," and inserting "when the Secretary of Trans-11 portation";

12 (2) by striking out "such collector" and insert-13 ing "the Secretary of Transportation";

(3) by striking out "said collector shall revoke
the registry, enrollment, license, or number of such
vessel" and inserting "the Secretary of Transportation shall revoke any endorsement on the vessel's
certificate of documentation or number (when the
Secretary is the authority issuing the number under
chapter 123 of title 46, United States Code)"; and

(4) by striking out "Such collector and all persons" and inserting "The Secretary of Transportation and all persons".

1	(c) ACT OF NOVEMBER 6, 1966.—Sections 2(e) and
2	3(e) of the Act of November 6, 1966 (46 U.S.C. App.
3	817d(e) and 817e(e)) are each amended—
4	(1) by striking out "The collector of customs
5	at" and inserting "At"; and
6	(2) by inserting ", the Customs Service" after
7	"subsection (a) of this section".
8	SEC. 690. REPEAL OF OBSOLETE PROVISIONS OF LAW.
9	(a) REVISED STATUTES.—The following provisions of
10	the Revised Statutes of the United States are repealed:
11	(1) So much of section 2792 as is codified at
12	19 U.S.C. 289 and 46 U.S.C. App. 110 and 112 (as
13	in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act).
14	(2) Section 3111 (19 U.S.C. 282).
15	(3) Section 3118 (19 U.S.C. 286).
16	(4) Section 3119 (19 U.S.C. 287).
17	(5) Section 3122 (19 U.S.C. 290).
18	(6) Section 3124 (19 U.S.C. 291).
19	(7) Section 3125 (19 U.S.C. 292).
20	(8) Section 4198 (46 U.S.C. App. 94).
21	(9) Section 4199 (46 U.S.C. App. 93).
22	(10) Section 4201 (46 U.S.C. App. 96).
23	(11) Section 4207.
24	(12) Section 4208 (46 U.S.C. App. 102).
25	(13) Section 4213 (46 U.S.C. App. 101).

1	(14) So much of section 4221 as is codified at
2	46 U.S.C. App. 113 (as in effect on the date of the
3	enactment of this Act).
4	(15) Section 4222 (46 U.S.C. App. 126).
5	(16) Sections 4306, 4307, and 4308 (46 U.S.C.
6	App. 351 through 353).
7	(17) Section 4332 (46 U.S.C. App. 274).
8	(18) Section 4348 (46 U.S.C. App. 293).
9	(19) Section 4358 (46 U.S.C. App. 306).
10	(20) Section 4361 (46 U.S.C. App. 307).
11	(21) Sections 4362 through 4369 (46 U.S.C.
12	App. 308 through 315).
13	(22) Sections 4573 through 4576 (46 U.S.C.
14	App. 674 through 677).
15	(b) TARIFF ACT OF 1930.—The following sections of
16	the Tariff Act of 1930 are repealed:
17	(1) Section 432 (19 U.S.C. 1432).
18	(2) Section 435 (19 U.S.C. 1435).
19	(3) Section 437 (19 U.S.C. 1437).
20	(4) Section 439 (19 U.S.C. 1439).
21	(5) Section 440 (19 U.S.C. 1440).
22	(6) Sections 443, 444, and 445 (19 U.S.C.
23	1443, 1444, and 1445).
24	(7) Section 465 (19 U.S.C. 1465).
25	(8) Section 482 (19 U.S.C. 1482).

	442
1	(9) Section 583 (19 U.S.C. 1583).
2	(10) Section 585 (19 U.S.C. 1585).
3	(c) MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.—The following
4	provisions are repealed:
5	(1) Section 1 of the Act of February 10, 1900
6	(46 U.S.C. App. 131).
7	(2) Section 2 of the Act of April 29, 1908 (46
8	U.S.C. App. 127).
9	(3) Section 1 of the Act of July 1, 1916 (46
10	U.S.C. App. 130).
11	(4) Sections 1 and 2 of the Act of July 3, 1926
12	(46 U.S.C. App. 293a and 293b).
13	(5) The last undesignated paragraph of section
14	201 of the Act of August 5, 1935 (19 U.S.C.
15	1432a), is repealed.
16	(6) The Act of June 16, 1937 (19 U.S.C.
17	1435b).
18	(7) The Act of May 4, 1934 (46 U.S.C. App.
19	91a).
20	(8) Section 1403(b) of the Water Resources De-
21	velopment Act of 1986 (Public Law 99-662; 26
22	U.S.C. 4461 note).
23	SEC. 691. REPORTS TO CONGRESS.
24	(a) Antidumping and Countervailing Duty
25	COLLECTIONS.—The Commissioner of Customs shall be-

fore the 60th day of each fiscal year after fiscal year 1994
 submit to Congress a report regarding the collection dur ing the preceding fiscal year of duties imposed under the
 antidumping and countervailing duty laws.

5 (b) CES FEE REPORT.—

6 (1) AMENDMENT.—Section 9501(c) of the Om7 nibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987 (19 U.S.C.
8 3 note) is amended by adding at the end the follow9 ing new paragraph:

10 "(3) The Commissioner of Customs is author-11 ized to obtain from the operators of centralized 12 cargo examination stations information regarding 13 the fees paid to them for the provision of services at 14 these stations.".

15 (2) REPORT.—Within 9 months after the date 16 of the enactment of this subsection, the Commis-17 sioner of Customs shall submit to the Committees 18 referred to in section 9501(c) of the Omnibus Budg-19 et Reconciliation Act of 1987, a report setting 20 forth—

21 (A) an estimate of the aggregate amount
22 of fees paid to operators of centralized cargo
23 examination stations during fiscal year 1993;
24 and

(B) the variations, if any, among customs 1 2 districts with respect to the amounts of the fees charged for centralized cargo examination sta-3 4 tion services. (c) COMPLIANCE WITH CUSTOMS LAWS.—Section 5 123 of the Customs and Trade Act of 1990 (19 U.S.C. 6 7 2083) is amended— (1) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-8 9 section (e), and (2) by inserting after subsection (c) the follow-10 11 ing: "(d) COMPLIANCE PROGRAM.—The Commissioner of 12 Customs shall— 13 14 "(1) devise and implement a methodology for estimating the level of compliance with the laws ad-15 ministered by the Customs Service; and 16 17 "(2) include as an additional part of the report 18 required to be submitted under subsection (a) for 19 each of fiscal years 1994, 1995, and 1996, an eval-20 uation of the extent to which such compliance was obtained during the 12-month period preceding the 21 22 60th day before each such fiscal year.". 23 (d) COURIER SERVICES COMPLIANCE REPORT.—The Commissioner of Customs shall initiate a compliance re-24 view of certain courier services which may not be eligible 25

for benefits under the regulations of the Customs Service
 prescribed in part 128 of title 19 of the Code of Federal
 Regulations and shall submit a report to Congress on the
 results of such review within 1 year after the date of the
 enactment of this Act.

## 6 SEC. 692. EFFECTIVE DATE.

7 This title takes effect on the date of the enactment8 of this Act.

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- HR 3450 IH——3 HR 3450 IH——4 HR 3450 IH——5

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