^{104TH CONGRESS} 2D SESSION **S. 2128**

To consolidate and revise the authority of the Secretary of Agriculture relating to plant protection and quarantine, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

SEPTEMBER 25, 1996

Mr. AKAKA introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry

A BILL

- To consolidate and revise the authority of the Secretary of Agriculture relating to plant protection and quarantine, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Plant Protection Act".

5 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 6 Congress finds that—
- 7 (1) the detection, control, eradication, suppres8 sion, prevention, and retardation of the spread of
 9 plant pests and noxious weeds is necessary for the

1	protection of the agriculture, environment, and econ-
2	omy of the United States;
3	(2) biological control—
4	(A) is often a desirable, low-risk means of
5	ridding crops and other plants of plant pests
6	and noxious weeds; and
7	(B) should be facilitated by the Secretary
8	of Agriculture, Federal agencies, and States,
9	whenever feasible;
10	(3) markets could be severely impacted by the
11	introduction or spread of pests or noxious weeds into
12	or within the United States;
13	(4) the unregulated movement of plant pests,
14	noxious weeds, plants, biological control organisms,
15	plant products, and articles capable of harboring
16	plant pests or noxious weeds would present an unac-
17	ceptable risk of introducing or spreading plant pests
18	or noxious weeds;
19	(5) the existence on any premises in the United
20	States of a plant pest or noxious weed new to or not
21	known to be widely prevalent in or distributed within
22	and throughout the United States could threaten
23	crops, other plants, plant products, and the natural
24	resources and environment of the United States and

burden interstate commerce or foreign commerce;
 and

3 (6) all plant pests, noxious weeds, plants, plant
4 products, or articles capable of harboring plant pests
5 or noxious weeds regulated under this Act are in or
6 affect interstate commerce or foreign commerce.

7 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

8 In this Act (unless the context otherwise requires):

9 (1) ARTICLE.—The term "article" means any
10 material or tangible object that could harbor a pest,
11 disease, or noxious weed.

12 (2) BIOLOGICAL CONTROL ORGANISM.—The
13 term "biological control organism" means a biologi14 cal entity, as defined by the Secretary, that sup15 presses or decreases the population of another bio16 logical entity.

17 (3) ENTER.—The term "enter" means to move18 into the commerce of the United States.

19 (4) ENTRY.—The term "entry" means the act
20 of movement into the commerce of the United
21 States.

(5) EXPORT.—The term "export" means to
move from the United States to any place outside
the United States.

(6) EXPORTATION.—The term "exportation" 1 2 means the act of movement from the United States 3 to any place outside the United States. (7) IMPORT.—The term "import" means to 4 5 move into the territorial limits of the United States. 6 (8) IMPORTATION.—The term "importation" 7 means the act of movement into the territorial limits 8 of the United States. 9 INDIGENOUS.—The (9)term "indigenous" 10 means a plant species found naturally as part of a 11 natural habitat in a geographic area in the United 12 States. 13 INTERSTATE.—The "interstate" (10)term 14 means from 1 State into or through any other State, 15 or within the District of Columbia, Guam, the Virgin 16 Islands of the United States, or any other territory 17 or possession of the United States. 18 (11)INTERSTATE COMMERCE.—The term 19 commerce" "interstate traffic, means trade, 20 movement, or other commerce— 21 (A) between a place in a State and a point 22 in another State;

23 (B) between points within the same State24 but through any place outside the State; or

1	(C) within the District of Columbia, Guam,
2	the Virgin Islands of the United States, or any
3	other territory or possession of the United
4	States.
5	(12) Means of conveyance.—The term
6	"means of conveyance" means any personal property
7	or means used for or intended for use for the move-
8	ment of any other personal property.
9	(13) MOVE.—The term "move" means to—
10	(A) carry, enter, import, mail, ship, or
11	transport;
12	(B) aid, abet, cause, or induce the carry-
13	ing, entering, importing, mailing, shipping, or
14	transporting;
15	(C) offer to carry, enter, import, mail,
16	ship, or transport;
17	(D) receive to carry, enter, import, mail,
18	ship, or transport; or
19	(E) allow any of the activities referred to
20	this paragraph.
21	(14) NOXIOUS WEED.—The term "noxious
22	weed" means a plant, seed, reproductive part, or
23	propagative part of a plant that—
24	(A) can directly or indirectly injure or
25	cause damage to a crop, other useful plant,

1	plant product, livestock, poultry, or other inter-
2	est of agriculture (including irrigation), naviga-
3	tion, public health, or natural resources or envi-
4	ronment of the United States; and
5	(B) belongs to a species that is not indige-
6	nous to the geographic area or ecosystem in
7	which it is causing injury or damage.
8	(15) PERMIT.—The term "permit" means a
9	written or oral authorization (including electronic
10	authorization) by the Secretary to move a plant,
11	plant product, biological control organism, plant
12	pest, noxious weed, or article under conditions pre-
13	scribed by the Secretary.
14	(16) PERSON.—The term "person" means an
15	individual, partnership, corporation, association,
16	joint venture, or other legal entity.
17	(17) Plant.—The term "plant" means a plant
18	or plant part for or capable of propagation, includ-
19	ing a tree, shrub, vine, bulb, root, pollen, seed, tissue
20	culture, plantlet culture, cutting, graft, scion, and
21	bud.
22	(18) Plant pest.—The term "plant pest"
23	means—
24	(A) a living stage of a protozoan, animal,
25	bacteria, fungus, virus, viroid, infection agent,

1	or parasitic plant that can directly or indirectly
2	injure or cause damage to, or cause disease in,
3	a plant or plant product; or
4	(B) an article that is similar to or allied
5	with an article referred to in subparagraph (A).
6	(19) Plant product.—The term "plant prod-
7	uct" means a flower, fruit, vegetable, root, bulb,
8	seed, or other plant part that is not considered a
9	plant or a manufactured or processed plant or plant
10	part.
11	(20) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
12	means the Secretary of Agriculture.
13	(21) STATE.—The term "State" means each of
14	the several States of the United States, the District
15	of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the
16	Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Com-
17	monwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and
18	any other territory or possession of the United
19	States.
20	(22) UNITED STATES.—The term "United
21	States", when used in a geographical sense, means
22	all of the States.

SEC. 4. RESTRICTIONS ON MOVEMENT OF PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS, BIOLOGICAL CONTROL ORGA NISMS, PLANT PESTS, NOXIOUS WEEDS, ARTI CLES, AND MEANS OF CONVEYANCE.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may prohibit or restrict the importation, entry, exportation, or movement in 6 7 interstate commerce of a plant, plant product, biological control organism, plant pest, noxious weed, article, or 8 means of conveyance if the Secretary determines that the 9 prohibition or restriction is necessary to prevent the intro-10 duction into the United States or the interstate dissemina-11 tion of a plant pest or noxious weed. 12

13 (b) Mail.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—No person shall convey in 14 15 the mail, or deliver from a post office or by a mail 16 carrier, a letter or package containing a plant pest, 17 biological control organism, or noxious weed unless 18 it is mailed in accordance with such regulations as 19 the Secretary may issue to prevent the introduction 20 into the United States, or interstate dissemination, 21 of plant pests or noxious weeds.

(2) POSTAL EMPLOYEES.—This subsection shall
not apply to an employee of the United States in the
performance of the duties of the employee in handling the mail.

(3) POSTAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS.—Noth ing in this subsection authorizes a person to open a
 mailed letter or other mailed sealed matter except in
 accordance with the postal laws and regulations.

5 (c) STATE RESTRICTIONS ON NOXIOUS WEEDS.—No
6 person shall move into a State, or sell or offer for sale
7 in the State, a plant species the sale of which is prohibited
8 by the State because the plant species is designated as
9 a noxious weed or has a similar designation.

10 (d) ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary may issue reg-11 ulations to carry out this section, including regulations re-12 quiring that a plant, plant product, biological control orga-13 nism, plant pest, noxious weed, article, or means of con-14 veyance imported, entered, to be exported, or moved in 15 interstate commerce—

16 (1) be accompanied by a permit issued by the
17 Secretary prior to the importation, entry, expor18 tation, or movement in interstate commerce;

(2) be accompanied by a certificate of inspection issued in a manner and form required by the
Secretary or by an appropriate official of the country or State from which the plant, plant product, biological control organism, plant pest, noxious weed,
article, or means of conveyance is to be moved;

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(3) be subject to remedial measures the Sec-

2	retary determines to be necessary to prevent the
3	spread of plant pests; and
4	(4) in the case of a plant or biological control
5	organism, be grown or handled under post-entry
6	quarantine conditions by or under the supervision of
7	the Secretary for the purpose of determining wheth-
8	er the plant or biological control organism may be
9	infested with a plant pest or noxious weed, or may
10	be a plant pest or noxious weed.
11	(e) List of Restricted Noxious Weeds.—
12	(1) PUBLICATION.—The Secretary may publish,
13	by regulation, a list of noxious weeds that are pro-
14	hibited or restricted from entering the United States
15	or that are subject to restrictions on interstate
16	movement within the United States.
17	(2) Petitions to add or remove plant spe-
18	CIES.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—A person may petition
20	the Secretary to add or remove a plant species
21	from the list required under paragraph (1).

22 (B) ACTION ON PETITION.—The Secretary23 shall—

1	(i) act on a petition not later than 1
2	year after receipt of the petition by the
3	Secretary; and
4	(ii) notify the petitioner of the final
5	action the Secretary takes on the petition.
6	(C) BASIS FOR DETERMINATION.—The
7	Secretary's determination on the petition shall
8	be based on sound science, available data and
9	technology, and information received from pub-
10	lic comment.
11	(D) INCLUSION ON LIST.—To include a
12	plant species on the list, the Secretary must de-
13	termine that—
14	(i) the plant species is nonindigenous
15	to the geographic region or ecosystem in
16	which the species is spreading and causing
17	injury; and
18	(ii) the dissemination of the plant in
19	the United States may reasonably be ex-
20	pected to interfere with natural resources,
21	agriculture, forestry, or a native ecosystem
22	of a geographic region, or management of
23	an ecosystem, or cause injury to the public
24	health.
25	(f) Conforming Amendments.—

1	(1) Section 102 of the Act of September 21,
2	1944 (58 Stat. 735, chapter 412; 7 U.S.C. 147a) is
3	amended by striking "(a)" in subsection (a) and all
4	that follows through " (2) " in subsection $(f)(2)$.
5	(2) The matter under the heading "ENFORCE-
6	MENT OF THE PLANT-QUARANTINE ACT:" under the
7	heading "MISCELLANEOUS" of the Act of March 4,
8	1915 (commonly known as the "Terminal Inspection
9	Act") (38 Stat. 1113, chapter 144; 7 U.S.C. 166)
10	is amended—
11	(A) in the second paragraph—
12	(i) by striking "plants and plant prod-
13	ucts" each place it appears and inserting
14	"plants, plant products, animals, and other
15	organisms";
16	(ii) by striking "plants or plant prod-
17	ucts" each place it appears and inserting
18	"plants, plant products, animals, or other
19	organisms";
20	(iii) by striking "plant-quarantine law
21	or plant-quarantine regulation" each place
22	it appears and inserting "plant-quarantine
23	or other law or plant-quarantine regula-
24	tion";
25	(iv) in the second sentence—

	10
1	(I) by striking "Upon his ap-
2	proval of said list, in whole or in part,
3	the Secretary of Agriculture" and in-
4	serting "On the receipt of the list by
5	the Secretary of Agriculture, the Sec-
6	retary"; and
7	(II) by striking "said approved
8	lists" and inserting "the lists";
9	(v) by inserting after the second sen-
10	tence the following: "On the request of a
11	representative of a State, a Federal agency
12	shall act on behalf of the State to obtain
13	a warrant to inspect mail to carry out this
14	paragraph."; and
15	(vi) in the last sentence, by striking
16	"be forward" and inserting "be for-
17	warded"; and
18	(B) in the third paragraph, by striking
19	"plant or plant product" and inserting "plant,
20	plant product, animal, or other organism".

1	SEC. 5. NOTIFICATION OF ARRIVAL AND INSPECTION BE-
2	FORE MOVEMENT OF PLANTS, PLANT PROD-
3	UCTS, BIOLOGICAL CONTROL ORGANISMS,
4	PLANT PESTS, NOXIOUS WEEDS, ARTICLES,
5	AND MEANS OF CONVEYANCE.
6	(a) Notification and Holding by Secretary of
7	THE TREASURY.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
9	graph (2), the Secretary of the Treasury shall—
10	(A) promptly notify the Secretary of the
11	arrival of a plant, plant product, biological con-
12	trol organism, plant pest, noxious weed, article,
13	or means of conveyance at a port of entry; and
14	(B) hold the plant, plant product, biologi-
15	cal control organism, plant pest, noxious weed,
16	article, or means of conveyance until inspected
17	and authorized for entry into or transit move-
18	ment through the United States, or otherwise
19	released by the Secretary.
20	(2) Application.—Paragraph (1) shall not
21	apply to a plant, plant product, biological control or-
22	ganism, plant pest, noxious weed, article, or means
23	of conveyance that is imported from a country or re-
24	gion of countries that the Secretary designates as
25	exempt from paragraph (1), pursuant to such regu-
26	lations as the Secretary may issue.

1 (b) NOTIFICATION BY RESPONSIBLE PERSON.—The 2 person responsible for a plant, plant product, biological 3 control organism, plant pest, noxious weed, article, or 4 means of conveyance subject to subsection (a) shall 5 promptly, on arrival at the port of entry and before the plant, plant product, biological control organism, plant 6 7 pest, noxious weed, article, or means of conveyance is 8 moved from the port of entry, notify the Secretary or, at 9 the Secretary's direction, the proper official of the State 10 to which the plant, plant product, biological control organism, plant pest, noxious weed, article, or means of con-11 12 veyance is destined, or both, as the Secretary may pre-13 scribe, of-

14 (1) the name and address of the consignee;

(2) the nature and quantity of the plant, plant
product, biological control organism, plant pest, noxious weed, article, or means of conveyance proposed
to be moved; and

(3) the country and locality where the plant,
plant product, biological control organism, plant
pest, noxious weed, article, or means of conveyance
was grown, produced, or located.

(c) NO MOVEMENT WITHOUT INSPECTION AND AUTHORIZATION.—No person shall move from the port of
entry or interstate an imported plant, plant product, bio-

logical control organism, plant pest, noxious weed, article, 1 or means of conveyance unless the imported plant, plant 2 3 product, biological control organism, plant pest, noxious 4 weed, article, or means of conveyance has been inspected 5 and authorized for entry into or transit movement through the United States, or otherwise released by the Secretary. 6 7 SEC. 6. REMEDIAL MEASURES OR DISPOSAL FOR PLANT 8 PESTS OR NOXIOUS WEEDS: EXTRAORDINARY 9 EMERGENCY.

10 (a) REMEDIAL MEASURES OR DISPOSAL FOR PLANT
11 PESTS OR NOXIOUS WEEDS.—

12 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in sub-13 section (c), if the Secretary considers it necessary to 14 prevent the dissemination of a plant pest or noxious 15 weed new to or not known to be widely prevalent or 16 distributed within and throughout the United States, 17 the Secretary may hold, seize, quarantine, treat, 18 apply other remedial measures to, destroy, or other-19 wise dispose of—

20 (A) a plant, plant product, biological con21 trol organism, plant pest, noxious weed, article,
22 or means of conveyance that is moving into or
23 through the United States or interstate and
24 that the Secretary has reason to believe is in25 fested with the plant pest or noxious weed;

(B) a plant, plant product, biological con-1 2 trol organism, plant pest, noxious weed, article, 3 or means of conveyance that has moved into the 4 United States or interstate and that the Sec-5 retary has reason to believe was infested with 6 the plant pest or noxious weed at the time of 7 the movement: 8 (C) a plant, plant product, biological con-9 trol organism, plant pest, noxious weed, article, 10 or means of conveyance that is moving into or 11 through the United States or interstate, or has 12 moved into the United States or interstate, in 13 violation of this Act; 14 (D) a plant, plant product, biological con-15 trol organism, plant pest, noxious weed, article, 16 or means of conveyance that has not been 17 maintained in compliance with a post-entry 18 quarantine requirement; 19 (E) a progeny of a plant, plant product, bi-20 ological control organism, plant pest, or noxious

20 ological control organism, plant pest, or noxious
21 weed that is moving into or through the United
22 States or interstate, or has moved into the
23 United States or interstate, in violation of this
24 Act; or

(F) a plant, plant product, biological con trol organism, plant pest, noxious weed, article,
 or means of conveyance that is infested with a
 plant pest or noxious weed that the Secretary
 has reason to believe was moved into the United
 States or in interstate commerce.

7 (2) Ordering treatment or disposal by 8 THE OWNER.—Except as provided in subsection (c), 9 the Secretary may order the owner of a plant, plant 10 product, biological control organism, plant pest, nox-11 ious weed, article, or means of conveyance subject to 12 disposal under paragraph (1), or the owner's agent, 13 to treat, apply other remedial measures to, destroy, 14 or otherwise dispose of the plant, plant product, bio-15 logical control organism, plant pest, noxious weed, 16 article, or means of conveyance, without cost to the 17 Federal Government and in a manner the Secretary 18 considers appropriate.

19 (3) CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM FOR NOXIOUS
20 WEEDS.—

21 (A) IN GENERAL.—To facilitate control of
22 noxious weeds, the Secretary shall develop a
23 classification system to describe the status and
24 action levels for noxious weeds.

1	(B) CATEGORIES.—The classification sys-
2	tem shall differentiate between—
3	(i) noxious weeds that are not known
4	to be introduced into the United States;
5	(ii) noxious weeds that are not known
6	to be widely disseminated within the Unit-
7	ed States;
8	(iii) noxious weeds that are widely dis-
9	tributed within the United States; and
10	(iv) noxious weeds that are not indige-
11	nous, including native plant species that
12	are invasive in limited geographic areas
13	within the United States.
14	(C) OTHER CATEGORIES.—In addition to
15	the categories required under subparagraph
16	(B), the Secretary may establish other cat-
17	egories of noxious weeds for the system.
18	(D) VARYING LEVELS OF REGULATION
19	AND CONTROL.—The Secretary shall develop
20	varying levels of regulation and control appro-
21	priate to each of the categories of the system.
22	(E) Application of regulations.—The
23	regulations issued to carry out this paragraph
24	shall apply, as the Secretary considers appro-
25	priate, to—

1 (i) exclude a noxious weed; 2 (ii) prevent further dissemination of a 3 noxious weed through movement or com-4 merce; (iii) establish mandatory controls for 5 6 a noxious weed; or 7 (iv) designate a noxious weed as war-8 ranting control efforts. 9 (F) REVISIONS.—The Secretary shall re-10 vise the classification system, and the place-11 ment of individual noxious weeds within the 12 system, in response to changing circumstances. (G) INTEGRATED MANAGEMENT PLANS.— 13 14 In conjunction with the classification system, 15 the Secretary may develop an integrated man-16 agement plan for a noxious weed for the geo-17 graphic region or ecological range of the United 18 States where the noxious weed is found or to 19 which the noxious weed may spread. 20 (b) EXTRAORDINARY EMERGENCIES.— 21 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), if 22 the Secretary determines that an extraordinary 23 emergency exists because of the presence of a plant

pest or noxious weed new to or not known to be

widely prevalent in or distributed within and

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throughout the United States and that the presence
 of the plant pest or noxious weed threatens a crop,
 other plant, plant product, or the natural resources
 or environment of the United States, the Secretary
 may—

6 (A) hold, seize, quarantine, treat, apply 7 other remedial measures to, destroy, or other-8 wise dispose of, a plant, plant product, biologi-9 cal control organism, plant pest, noxious weed, 10 article, or means of conveyance that the Sec-11 retary has reason to believe is infested with the 12 plant pest or noxious weed;

(B) quarantine, treat, or apply other remedial measures to a premises, including a plant,
plant product, biological control organism, article, or means of conveyance on the premises,
that the Secretary has reason to believe is infested with the plant pest or noxious weed;

(C) quarantine a State or portion of a
State in which the Secretary finds the plant
pest or noxious weed, or a plant, plant product,
biological control organism, article, or means of
conveyance that the Secretary has reason to believe is infested with the plant pest or noxious
weed; or

1 (D) prohibit or restrict the movement with-2 in a State of a plant, plant product, biological 3 control organism, article, or means of convey-4 ance if the Secretary determines that the prohi-5 bition or restriction is necessary to prevent the 6 dissemination of the plant pest or noxious weed 7 or to eradicate the plant pest or noxious weed. 8 (2) Requirements for action.— 9 (\mathbf{A}) INADEQUATE STATE MEASURES.— 10 After review and consultation with the Governor 11 or other appropriate official of the State, the 12 Secretary may take action under this subsection 13 only on a finding that the measures being taken 14 by the State are inadequate to eradicate the 15 plant pest or noxious weed. 16 (B) NOTICE TO STATE AND PUBLIC.—Be-17 fore taking any action in a State under this 18 subsection, the Secretary shall— 19 (i) notify the Governor or another ap-20 propriate official of the State; 21 (ii) issue a public announcement; and 22 (iii) except as provided in subpara-23 graph (C), publish in the Federal Register 24 a statement of—

(I) the Secretary's findings;

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(II) the action the Secretary in-
tends to take;
(III) the reason for the intended
action; and
(IV) if practicable, an estimate of
the anticipated duration of the ex-
traordinary emergency.
(C) NOTICE AFTER ACTION.—If it is not
possible to publish a statement in the Federal
Register under subparagraph (B) prior to tak-
ing an action under this subsection, the Sec-
retary shall publish the statement in the Fed-
eral Register within a reasonable period of time,
not to exceed 10 business days, after com-
mencement of the action.
(3) Compensation.—
(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may pay
compensation to a person for economic losses
incurred by the person as a result of action
taken by the Secretary under paragraph (1).
(B) FINAL DETERMINATION.—The deter-
mination by the Secretary of the amount of any
compensation paid under this subsection shall
be final and shall not be subject to judicial re-
view.

1 (c) LEAST DRASTIC ACTION TO PREVENT DISSEMI-NATION.—No plant, plant product, biological control orga-2 3 nism, article, or means of conveyance shall be destroyed, 4 exported, or returned to the shipping point of origin, or 5 ordered to be destroyed, exported, or returned to the shipping point of origin under this section unless, in the opin-6 7 ion of the Secretary, there is no less drastic action that 8 is feasible, and that would be adequate, to prevent the dis-9 semination of a plant pest or noxious weed new to or not 10 known to be widely prevalent or distributed within and throughout the United States. 11

12 (d) COMPENSATION OF OWNER FOR UNAUTHORIZED13 DISPOSAL.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—The owner of a plant, plant 15 product, biological control organism, article, or 16 means of conveyance destroyed or otherwise disposed 17 of by the Secretary under this section may bring an 18 action against the United States in the United 19 States District Court of the District of Columbia, 20 not later than 1 year after the destruction or dis-21 posal, and recover just compensation for the de-22 struction or disposal of the plant, plant product, bio-23 logical control organism, article, or means of convey-24 ance (not including compensation for loss due to 25 delays incident to determining eligibility for importation, entry, exportation, movement in interstate com merce, or release into the environment) if the owner
 establishes that the destruction or disposal was not
 authorized under this Act.

5 (2) SOURCE FOR PAYMENTS.—A judgment ren6 dered in favor of the owner shall be paid out of the
7 money in the Treasury appropriated for plant pest
8 control activities of the Department of Agriculture.

9 SEC. 7. INSPECTIONS, SEIZURES, AND WARRANTS.

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—Consistent with guidelines ap11 proved by the Attorney General, the Secretary may—

(1) stop and inspect, without a warrant, a person or means of conveyance moving into the United
States to determine whether the person or means of
conveyance is carrying a plant, plant product, biological control organism, or article regulated under
this Act or is moving subject to this Act;

18 (2) stop and inspect, without a warrant, a per19 son or means of conveyance moving in interstate
20 commerce on probable cause to believe that the per21 son or means of conveyance is carrying a plant,
22 plant product, biological control organism, or article
23 regulated under this Act or is moving subject to this
24 Act;

1	(3) stop and inspect, without a warrant, a per-
2	son or means of conveyance moving in interstate
3	commerce from or within a State, portion of a State,
4	or premises quarantined under section 6(b) on prob-
5	able cause to believe that the person or means of
6	conveyance is carrying any plant, plant product, bio-
7	logical control organism, or article regulated under
8	this Act or is moving subject to this Act; and
9	(4) enter, with a warrant, a premises in the
10	United States for the purpose of making inspections
11	and seizures under this Act.
12	(b) WARRANTS.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—A United States judge, a
14	judge of a court of record in the United States, or
15	a United States magistrate judge may, within the
16	judge's or magistrate's jurisdiction, on proper oath
17	or affirmation showing probable cause to believe that
18	there is on certain premises a plant, plant product,
19	biological control organism, article, facility, or means
20	of conveyance regulated under this Act, issue a war-
21	rant for entry on the premises to make an inspection
22	or seizure under this Act.

24 cuted by the Secretary or a United States Marshal.

1 SEC. 8. COOPERATION.

2	(a) IN GENERAL.—To carry out this Act, the Sec-
3	retary may cooperate with—
4	(1) other Federal agencies;
5	(2) States or political subdivisions of States;
6	(3) national, State, or local associations;
7	(4) national governments;
8	(5) local governments of other nations;
9	(6) international organizations;
10	(7) international associations; and
11	(8) other persons.
12	(b) RESPONSIBILITY.—The individual or entity co-
13	operating with the Secretary shall be responsible for con-
14	ducting the operations or taking measures on all land and

14 ducting the operations or taking measures on all land and
15 property within the foreign country or State, other than
16 land and property owned or controlled by the United
17 States, and for other facilities and means determined by
18 the Secretary.

(c) TRANSFER OF BIOLOGICAL CONTROL METHODS.—At the request of a Federal or State land management agency, the Secretary may transfer to the agency
biological control methods utilizing biological control organisms against plant pests or noxious weeds.

24 (d) IMPROVEMENT OF PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS,
25 AND BIOLOGICAL CONTROL ORGANISMS.—The Secretary
26 may cooperate with State authorities in the administration

of regulations for the improvement of plants, plant prod ucts, and biological control organisms.

3 SEC. 9. PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATE FOR EXPORTS.

4 The Secretary may certify a plant, plant product, or 5 biological control organism as free from plant pests and 6 noxious weeds, and exposure to plant pests and noxious 7 weeds, according to the phytosanitary requirements of the 8 country to which the plant, plant product, or biological 9 control organism may be exported.

10 SEC. 10. ADMINISTRATION.

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may acquire and 12 maintain such real or personal property, employ such per-13 sons, make such grants, and enter into such contracts, cooperative agreements, memoranda of understanding, or 14 15 other agreements as are necessary to carry out this Act. 16 (b) PERSONNEL OF USER FEE SERVICES.—Notwithstanding any other law, the Secretary shall provide ade-17 quate personnel for services provided under this Act that 18 19 are funded by user fees.

20 (c) TORT CLAIMS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may pay a
tort claim (in the manner authorized in the first
paragraph of section 2672 of title 28, United States
Code) if the claim arises outside the United States

in connection with an activity authorized under this
 Act.

3 (2) TIME LIMITATION.—A claim may not be allowed under paragraph (1) unless the claim is presented in writing to the Secretary not later than 2
6 years after the claim accrues.

7 SEC. 11. REIMBURSABLE AGREEMENTS.

8 (a) PRECLEARANCE.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may enter 10 into a reimbursable fee agreement with a person for 11 preclearance (at a location outside the United 12 States) of plants, plant products, and articles for 13 movement into the United States.

14 (2) ACCOUNT.—All funds collected under this
15 subsection shall be credited to an account that may
16 be established by the Secretary and remain available
17 until expended without fiscal year limitation.

18 (b) OVERTIME.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
law, the Secretary may pay an employee of the Department of Agriculture performing services under
this Act relating to imports into and exports from
the United States, for all overtime, night, or holiday
work performed by the employee, at a rate of pay
determined by the Secretary.

1	(2) Reimbursement of secretary.—The
2	Secretary may require a person for whom the serv-
3	ices are performed to reimburse the Secretary for
4	any funds paid by the Secretary for the services.
5	(3) ACCOUNT.—All funds collected under this
6	subsection shall be credited to the account that in-
7	curs the costs and remain available until expended
8	without fiscal year limitation.
9	(c) LATE PAYMENT PENALTY AND INTEREST.—
10	(1) PENALTY.—On failure of a person to reim-
11	burse the Secretary in accordance with this section,
12	the Secretary may assess a late payment penalty
13	against the person.
14	(2) INTEREST.—Overdue funds due the Sec-
15	retary under this section shall accrue interest in ac-
16	cordance with section 3717 of title 31, United States
17	Code.
18	(3) ACCOUNT.—A late payment penalty and ac-
19	crued interest shall be credited to the account that
20	incurs the costs and shall remain available until ex-
21	pended without fiscal year limitation.
22	SEC. 12. VIOLATIONS; PENALTIES.
23	(a) CRIMINAL PENALTIES.—A person who knowingly
24	violates this Act, or who knowingly forges, counterfeits,
25	or, without authority from the Secretary, uses, alters, de-

faces, or destroys a certificate, permit, or other document
 provided under this Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor,
 and, on conviction, shall be fined in accordance with title
 18, United States Code, or imprisoned for not more than
 1 year, or both.

6 (b) CIVIL PENALTIES.—

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—A person who violates this 8 Act, or who forges, counterfeits, or, without author-9 ity from the Secretary, uses, alters, defaces, or de-10 stroys a certificate, permit, or other document pro-11 vided under this Act may, after notice and oppor-12 tunity for a hearing on the record, be assessed a 13 civil penalty by the Secretary of not more than 14 \$25,000 for each violation.

(2) FINAL ORDER.—The order of the Secretary
assessing a civil penalty shall be treated as a final
order that is reviewable under chapter 158 of title
28, United States Code.

(3) VALIDITY OF ORDER.—The validity of an
order of the Secretary may not be reviewed in an action to collect the civil penalty.

(4) INTEREST.—A civil penalty not paid in full
when due under an order assessing the civil penalty
shall (after the due date) accrue interest until paid

at the rate of interest applicable to a civil judgment
 of a court of the United States.

3 (c) PECUNIARY GAINS OR LOSSES.—If a person derives pecuniary gain from an offense described in sub-4 5 section (a) or (b), or if the offense results in pecuniary loss to a person other than the defendant, the defendant 6 7 may be fined not more than an amount that is the greater 8 of twice the gross gain or twice the gross loss, unless impo-9 sition of a fine under this subsection would unduly com-10 plicate or prolong the imposition of a fine or sentence under subsection (a) or (b). 11

12 (d) AGENTS.—For purposes of this Act, the act, 13 omission, or failure of an officer, agent, or person acting 14 for or employed by any other person within the scope of 15 the employment or office of the other person shall be con-16 sidered also to be the act, omission, or failure of the other 17 person.

(e) CIVIL PENALTIES OR NOTICE IN LIEU OF PROSECUTION.—The Secretary shall coordinate with the Attorney General to establish guidelines to determine under
what circumstances the Secretary may issue a civil penalty
or suitable notice of warning in lieu of prosecution by the
Attorney General of a violation of this Act.

24 SEC. 13. ENFORCEMENT.

25 (a) INVESTIGATIONS, EVIDENCE, AND SUBPOENAS.—

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1	(1) INVESTIGATIONS.—The Secretary may
2	gather and compile information and conduct any in-
3	vestigations the Secretary considers necessary for
4	the administration and enforcement of this Act.
5	(2) EVIDENCE.—The Secretary shall at all rea-
6	sonable times have the right to examine and copy
7	any documentary evidence of a person being inves-
8	tigated or proceeded against.
9	(3) SUBPOENAS.—
10	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
11	have power to require by subpoena the attend-
12	ance and testimony of any witness and the pro-
13	duction of all documentary evidence relating to
14	the administration or enforcement of this Act
15	or any matter under investigation in connection
16	with this Act.
17	(B) LOCATION.—The attendance of a wit-
18	ness and production of documentary evidence
19	may be required from any place in the United
20	States at any designated place of hearing.
21	(C) NONCOMPLIANCE WITH SUBPOENA
22	If a person disobeys a subpoena, the Secretary
23	may request the Attorney General to invoke the
24	aid of a court of the United States within the
25	jurisdiction in which the investigation is con-

1	ducted, or where the person resides, is found,
2	transacts business, is licensed to do business, or
3	is incorporated to require the attendance and
4	testimony of a witness and the production of
5	documentary evidence.
6	(D) ORDER.—If a person disobeys a sub-
7	poena, the court may order the person to ap-
8	pear before the Secretary and give evidence con-
9	cerning the matter in question or to produce
10	documentary evidence.
11	(E) Noncompliance with order.—A
12	failure to obey the court's order may be pun-
13	ished by the court as a contempt of the court.
14	(F) FEES AND MILEAGE.—
15	(i) IN GENERAL.—A witness sum-
16	moned by the Secretary shall be paid the
17	same fees and reimbursement for mileage
18	that is paid to a witness in the courts of
19	the United States.
20	(ii) Depositions.—A witness whose
21	deposition is taken, and the person taking
22	the deposition, shall be entitled to the
23	same fees that are paid for similar services
24	in a court of the United States.

1 (b) ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The Attorney General 2 may—

3 (1) prosecute, in the name of the United States, 4 a criminal violation of this Act that is referred to 5 the Attorney General by the Secretary or is brought 6 to the notice of the Attorney General by a person; 7 (2) bring an action to enjoin the violation of or 8 to compel compliance with this Act, or to enjoin any 9 interference by a person with the Secretary in carry-10 ing out this Act, if the Secretary has reason to be-11 lieve that the person has violated or is about to vio-12 late this Act, or has interfered, or is about to inter-13 fere, with the Secretary; and 14 (3) bring an action for the recovery of any un-15 paid civil penalty, funds under a reimbursable agree-16 ment, late payment penalty, or interest assessed 17 under this Act. 18 (c) JURISDICTION.— 19 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in sec-20 tion 12(b), a United States district court, the Dis-21 trict Court of Guam, the District Court of the Vir-22 gin Islands, the highest court of American Samoa, 23 and the United States courts of other territories and

possessions shall have jurisdiction over all cases aris-

25 ing under this Act.

1 (2) VENUE.—Except as provided in subsection 2 (b), an action arising under this Act may be 3 brought, and process may be served, in the judicial 4 district where a violation or interference occurred or 5 is about to occur, or where the person charged with 6 the violation, interference, impending violation, im-7 pending interference, or failure to pay resides, is 8 found, transacts business, is licensed to do business, 9 or is incorporated.

10 (3) SUBPOENAS.—A subpoena for a witness to 11 attend court in a judicial district or to testify or 12 produce evidence at an administrative hearing in a 13 judicial district in an action or proceeding arising 14 under this Act may apply to any other judicial dis-15 trict.

16 SEC. 14. PREEMPTION.

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection 18 (b), no State or political subdivision of a State may regu-19 late any article, means of conveyance, plant, biological 20 control organism, plant pest, noxious weed, or plant prod-21 uct in foreign commerce to control a plant pest or noxious 22 weed, eradicate a plant pest or noxious weed, or prevent 23 the introduction or dissemination of a biological control 24 organism, plant pest, or noxious weed.

(b) STATE NOXIOUS WEED LAWS.—This Act shall
 not invalidate the law of any State or political subdivision
 of a State relating to noxious weeds, except that a State
 or political subdivision of a State may not permit any ac tion that is prohibited under this Act.

6 SEC. 15. REGULATIONS AND ORDERS.

7 The Secretary may issue such regulations and orders
8 as the Secretary considers necessary to carry out this Act,
9 including (at the option of the Secretary) regulations and
10 orders relating to—

- (1) notification of arrival of plants, plant products, biological control organisms, plant pests, noxious weeds, articles, or means of conveyance;
- (2) prohibition or restriction of or on the importation, entry, exportation, or movement in interstate
 commerce of plants, plant products, biological control organisms, plant pests, noxious weeds, articles,
 or means of conveyance;
- (3) holding, seizure of, quarantine of, treatment
 of, application of remedial measures to, destruction
 of, or disposal of plants, plant products, biological
 control organisms, plant pests, noxious weeds, articles, premises, or means of conveyance;

(4) in the case of an extraordinary emergency,prohibition or restriction on the movement of plants,

1	plant products, biological control organisms, plant
2	pests, noxious weeds, articles, or means of convey-
3	ance;
4	(5) payment of compensation;
5	(6) cooperation with other Federal agencies,
6	States, political subdivisions of States, national gov-
7	ernments, local governments of other countries,
8	international organizations, international associa-
9	tions, and other persons, entities, and individuals;
10	(7) transfer of biological control methods for
11	plant pests or noxious weeds;
12	(8) negotiation and execution of agreements;
13	(9) acquisition and maintenance of real and
14	personal property;
15	(10) issuance of letters of warning;
16	(11) compilation of information;
17	(12) conduct of investigations;
18	(13) transfer of funds for emergencies;
19	(14) approval of facilities and means of convey-
20	ance;
21	(15) denial of approval of facilities and means
22	of conveyance;
23	(16) suspension and revocation of approval of
24	facilities and means of conveyance;
25	(17) inspection, testing, and certification;

1	(18) cleaning and disinfection;
2	(19) designation of ports of entry;
3	(20) imposition and collection of fees, penalties,
4	and interest;
5	(21) recordkeeping, marking, and identification;
6	(22) issuance of permits and phytosanitary cer-
7	tificates;
8	(23) establishment of quarantines, post-impor-
9	tation conditions, and post-entry quarantine condi-
10	tions;
11	(24) establishment of conditions for transit
12	movement through the United States; and
13	(25) treatment of land for the prevention, sup-
14	pression, or control of plant pests or noxious weeds.
15	SEC. 16. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS; TRANS-
15 16	SEC. 16. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS; TRANS- FERS.
16	FERS.
16 17	FERS. (a) Authorization of Appropriations.—
16 17 18	FERS. (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
16 17 18 19	FERS. (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry
16 17 18 19 20	FERS. (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this Act.
 16 17 18 19 20 21 	FERS. (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this Act. (2) INDEMNITIES.—Except as specifically au-
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	FERS. (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this Act. (2) INDEMNITIES.—Except as specifically au- thorized by law, no part of the money made available

1 (b) TRANSFERS.—

2	(1) IN GENERAL.—In connection with an emer-
3	gency in which a plant pest or noxious weeds threat-
4	ens any segment of the agricultural production of
5	the United States, the Secretary may transfer (from
6	other appropriations or funds available to an agency
7	or corporation of the Department of Agriculture)
8	such funds as the Secretary considers necessary for
9	the arrest, control, eradication, and prevention of
10	the spread of the plant pest or noxious weed and for
11	related expenses.
12	(2) AVAILABILITY.—Any funds transferred
13	under this subsection shall remain available to carry
15	
13	out paragraph (1) without fiscal year limitation.
14	out paragraph (1) without fiscal year limitation.
14 15	out paragraph (1) without fiscal year limitation. SEC. 17. REPEALS.
14 15 16	out paragraph (1) without fiscal year limitation. SEC. 17. REPEALS. The following provisions of law are repealed:
14 15 16 17	out paragraph (1) without fiscal year limitation. SEC. 17. REPEALS. The following provisions of law are repealed: (1) Public Law 97–46 (7 U.S.C. 147b).
14 15 16 17 18	out paragraph (1) without fiscal year limitation. SEC. 17. REPEALS. The following provisions of law are repealed: (1) Public Law 97–46 (7 U.S.C. 147b). (2) The Joint Resolution of April 6, 1937 (50
14 15 16 17 18 19	out paragraph (1) without fiscal year limitation. SEC. 17. REPEALS. The following provisions of law are repealed: (1) Public Law 97–46 (7 U.S.C. 147b). (2) The Joint Resolution of April 6, 1937 (50 Stat. 57, chapter 69; 7 U.S.C. 148 et seq.).
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	out paragraph (1) without fiscal year limitation. SEC. 17. REPEALS. The following provisions of law are repealed: (1) Public Law 97–46 (7 U.S.C. 147b). (2) The Joint Resolution of April 6, 1937 (50 Stat. 57, chapter 69; 7 U.S.C. 148 et seq.). (3) Section 1773 of the Food Security Act of
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	out paragraph (1) without fiscal year limitation. SEC. 17. REPEALS. The following provisions of law are repealed: (1) Public Law 97–46 (7 U.S.C. 147b). (2) The Joint Resolution of April 6, 1937 (50 Stat. 57, chapter 69; 7 U.S.C. 148 et seq.). (3) Section 1773 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 148f).
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	out paragraph (1) without fiscal year limitation. SEC. 17. REPEALS. The following provisions of law are repealed: (1) Public Law 97–46 (7 U.S.C. 147b). (2) The Joint Resolution of April 6, 1937 (50) Stat. 57, chapter 69; 7 U.S.C. 148 et seq.). (3) Section 1773 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 148f). (4) The Act of January 31, 1942 (56 Stat. 40,

1	(6) The Federal Plant Pest Act (7 U.S.C.
2	150aa et seq.).
3	(7) The Act of August 20, 1912 (commonly
4	known as the "Plant Quarantine Act") (37 Stat.
5	315, chapter 308; 7 U.S.C. 151 et seq.).
6	(8) The Halogeton Glomeratus Control Act (7
7	U.S.C. 1651 et seq.).
8	(9) The Act of August 28, 1950 (64 Stat. 561,
9	chapter 815; 7 U.S.C. 2260).
10	(10) The Federal Noxious Weed Act of 1974 (7
11	U.S.C. 2801 et seq.), other than the first section of
12	the Act (Public Law 93–629; 7 U.S.C. 2801 note)
13	and section 15 of the Act (7 U.S.C. 2814).