# Union Calendar No. 54

107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 1542

[Report No. 107-83, Parts I and II]

To deregulate the Internet and high speed data services, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 24, 2001

Mr. Tauzin (for himself, Mr. Dingell, Mr. Goodlatte, Mr. Boucher, Mr. English, Mr. Frost, Mr. Smith of Washington, Mr. Lucas of Kentucky, Mr. Whitfield, Mr. Murtha, Mr. Collins, Mr. Blagojevich, Mr. Fossella, Mr. Dicks, Mr. Gillmor, Mr. Barton of Texas, Mr. KIND, Mr. GREENWOOD, Mr. MEEKS of New York, Mr. CAMP, Mr. BALDACCI, Mr. RAHALL, Mr. HOLDEN, Mrs. McCarthy of New York, Mr. Brady of Pennsylvania, Mr. Simpson, Mr. Boyd, Mrs. Northup, Mr. Engel, Mr. Sandlin, Mr. Everett, Mr. Boehner, Mr. Rey-NOLDS, Mr. WELDON of Pennsylvania, Mr. Sessions, Mr. Bonior, Mr. Maloney of Connecticut, Mr. Buyer, Mr. Cunningham, Mr. McCrery, Mr. Bishop, Mr. Lampson, Mr. Vitter, Mr. Bass, Mr. Ackerman, Mr. BLUNT, Mr. McHugh, Mr. Ryan of Wisconsin, Mr. Quinn, Mr. Baca, Mr. Gonzalez, Mr. Baker, Mr. Walsh, Mr. Green of Texas, Mr. Wexler, Mr. Oxley, Mr. Radanovich, Mr. Diaz-Balart, Mr. Cooksey, Mr. Clement, Mr. Larsen of Washington, Mr. Schrock, Mr. Petri, Mr. Watkins, Ms. Ros-Lehtinen, Mr. Hilliard, Mr. OTTER, Mr. SHADEGG, Mr. BRYANT, Mr. PLATTS, Mr. PUTNAM, Mr. Cummings, Mr. Rodriguez, Mr. Condit, Mr. Burr of North Carolina, and Mr. WYNN) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

#### May 24, 2001

Reported by the Committee on Energy and Commerce with an amendment [Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

#### May 24, 2001

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary for a period ending not later than June 18, 2001 for consideration of such provisions of the bill and amend-

ment recommended by the Committee on Energy and Commerce as proposed to narrow the purview of the Attorney General under section 271 of the Communications Act of 1934

#### June 18, 2001

Additional sponsors: Mr. Sweeney, Mr. Grucci, Mr. Turner, Mr. Gallegly, Mr. Bachus, Mr. Foley, Ms. Granger, Mr. Crowley, Mr. Levin, Mr. Rangel, Mr. Visclosky, Mr. Hilleary, Mr. Bonilla, Mr. Fletcher, Mr. Bentsen, Mr. Riley, Mr. Reyes, Mr. Berry, Mr. Shows, Ms. Brown of Florida, Mr. Weldon of Florida, Ms. Baldwin, Mr. Tancredo, Mrs. Meek of Florida, Mr. Hayes, Mr. Ross, Mr. Lahood, Mr. Acevedo-Vilá, Mr. Mollohan, Mr. Hastings of Florida, Mr. Ortiz, Mr. Kildee, Mr. Allen, Mr. Serrano, Mr. Brown of South Carolina, Mr. Smith of Texas, and Mr. Lahourette

#### June 18, 2001

Reported with amendments, adversely, from the Committee on the Judiciary, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Omit the part struck through in italic and insert the part printed in boldface roman]
[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on April 24, 2001]

## A BILL

To deregulate the Internet and high speed data services, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Internet Freedom and
- 5 Broadband Deployment Act of 2001".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

- 1 (1) Internet access services are inherently inter-2 state and international in nature, and should there-3 fore not be subject to regulation by the States.
  - (2) The imposition of regulations by the Federal Communications Commission and the States has impeded the rapid delivery of high speed Internet access services and Internet backbone services to the public, thereby reducing consumer choice and welfare.
  - (3) The Telecommunications Act of 1996 represented a careful balance between the need to open up local telecommunications markets to competition and the need to increase competition in the provision of interLATA voice telecommunications services.
  - (4) In enacting the prohibition on Bell operating company provision of interLATA services, Congress recognized that certain telecommunications services have characteristics that render them incompatible with the prohibition on Bell operating company provision of interLATA services, and exempted such services from the interLATA prohibition.
  - (5) High speed data services and Internet backbone services constitute unique markets that are likewise incompatible with the prohibition on Bell operating company provision of interLATA services.

1	(6) Since the enactment of the Telecommuni-
2	cations Act of 1996, the Federal Communications
3	Commission has construed the prohibition on Bell op-
4	erating company provision of interLATA services in
5	a manner that has impeded the development of ad-
6	vanced telecommunications services, thereby limiting
7	consumer choice and welfare.
8	(7) Internet users should have choice among com-
9	peting Internet service providers.
10	(8) Internet service providers should have the
11	right to interconnect with high speed data networks
12	in order to provide service to Internet users.
13	(b) Purposes.—It is therefore the purpose of this Act
14	to provide market incentives for the rapid delivery of ad-
15	vanced telecommunications services—
16	(1) by deregulating high speed data services,
17	Internet backbone services, and Internet access serv-
18	ices;
19	(2) by clarifying that the prohibition on Bell op-
20	erating company provision of interLATA services does
21	not extend to the provision of high speed data services
22	and Internet backbone services;
23	(3) by ensuring that consumers can choose
24	among competing Internet service providers; and

1	(4) by ensuring that Internet service providers
2	can interconnect with competitive high speed data
3	networks in order to provide Internet access service to
4	the public.
5	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS
6	(a) Amendments.—Section 3 of the Communications
7	Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153) is amended—
8	(1) by redesignating paragraph (20) as para-
9	graph (21);
10	(2) by redesignating paragraphs (21) through
11	(52) as paragraphs (26) through (57), respectively;
12	(3) by inserting after paragraph (19) the fol-
13	lowing new paragraph:
14	"(20) High speed data service.—The term
15	'high speed data service' means any service that con-
16	sists of or includes the offering of a capability to
17	transmit, using a packet-switched or successor tech-
18	nology, information at a rate that is generally not
19	less than 384 kilobits per second in at least one direc-
20	tion. Such term does not include special access service
21	offered through dedicated transport links between a
22	customer's premises and an interexchange carrier's
23	switch or point of presence.";
24	(4) by inserting after paragraph (21) the fol-
25	lowing new paragraphs:

- "(22) Internet.—The term 'Internet' means collectively the myriad of computer and telecommunications facilities, including equipment and operating software, which comprise the interconnected worldwide network of networks that employ the Trans-mission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocols to such protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or radio.
  - "(23) Internet access service' means a service that combines computer processing, information storage, protocol conversion, and routing with transmission to enable users to access Internet content and services.
  - "(24) Internet Backbone.—The term 'Internet backbone' means a network that carries Internet traffic over high-capacity long-haul transmission facilities and that is interconnected with other such networks via private peering relationships.
  - "(25) Internet backbone service' means any interLATA service that consists of or includes the transmission by means of an Internet backbone of any packets, and shall include related local connectivity."
  - (b) Conforming Amendments.—

1	(1) Section 230( $f$ ) of the Communications Act of
2	1934 (47 U.S.C. 230(f)) is amended—
3	(A) by striking paragraph (1); and
4	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (2)
5	through (4) as paragraphs (1) through (3), re-
6	spectively.
7	(2) Section 223(h)(2) of such Act (47 U.S.C.
8	223(h)(2)) is amended by striking "230(f)(2)" and in-
9	serting "230(f)(1)".
10	SEC. 4. LIMITATION ON AUTHORITY TO REGULATE HIGH
11	SPEED DATA SERVICES.
12	(a) In General.—Part I of title II of the Communica-
13	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) is amended by
14	adding at the end the following new section:
15	"SEC. 232. PROVISION OF HIGH SPEED DATA SERVICES.
16	"(a) Freedom From Regulation.—Except to the ex-
17	tent that high speed data service, Internet backbone service,
18	and Internet access service are expressly referred to in this
19	Act, neither the Commission, nor any State, shall have au-
20	thority to regulate the rates, charges, terms, or conditions
	for, or entry into the provision of, any high speed data serv-
21	<i>y</i> · · · · · <i>y</i> · · · · · <i>p</i> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	ice, Internet backbone service, or Internet access service, or
22	

- impose or require the collection of any fees, taxes, charges, or tariffs upon such service. 3 "(b) Savings Provision.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or affect the authority of any State to regulate circuit-switched telephone exchange services, nor affect the rights of cable franchise authorities to establish requirements that are otherwise consistent with 8 this Act. 9 "(c) Continued Enforcement of ESP Exemption. Universal Service Rules Permitted.—Nothing in this 10 section shall affect the ability of the Commission to retain or modify— 12 13 "(1) the exemption from interstate access charges 14 for enhanced service providers under Part 69 of the 15 Commission's regulations, and the requirements of the MTS/WATS Market Structure Order (97 FCC 2d 16 17 682, 715 (1983)); or
- 18 "(2) rules issued pursuant to section 254.".
- 19 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 251 of the
- 20 Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 251) is amended
- 21 by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:
- 22 "(*j*) EXEMPTION.—
- 23 "(1) Access to network elements for high
- 24 SPEED DATA SERVICE.—

1	"(A) Limitation.—Subject to subpara-
2	graphs (B), (C), and (D) of this paragraph, nei-
3	ther the Commission nor any State shall require
4	an incumbent local exchange carrier to provide
5	unbundled access to any network element for the
6	provision of any high speed data service.
7	"(B) Preservation of regulations and
8	LINE SHARING ORDER.—Notwithstanding sub-
9	paragraph (A), the Commission shall, to the ex-
10	tent consistent with subsections $(c)(3)$ and $(d)(2)$ ,
11	require the provision of unbundled access to those
12	network elements described in section 51.319 of
13	the Commission's regulations (47 C.F.R. 51.319),
14	as—
15	"(i) in effect on January 1, 1999; and
16	"(ii) subject to subparagraphs (C) and
17	(D), as modified by the Commission's Line
18	Sharing Order.
19	"(C) Exceptions to preservation of
20	LINE SHARING ORDER.—
21	"(i) Unbundled access to remote
22	TERMINAL NOT REQUIRED.—An incumbent
23	local exchange carrier shall not be required
24	to provide unbundled access to the high fre-

1 quency portion of the loop at a remote ter-2 minal.

> "(ii) Charges for access to high frequency portion.—The Commission and the States shall permit an incumbent local exchange carrier to charge requesting carriers for the high frequency portion of a loop an amount equal to which such incumbent local exchange carrier imputes to its own high speed data service.

"(D) Limitations on Reinterpretation

Of Line Sharing order.—Neither the Commission nor any State Commission shall construe,
interpret, or reinterpret the Commission's Line
Sharing Order in such manner as would expand
an incumbent local exchange carrier's obligation
to provide access to any network element for the
purpose of line sharing.

"(E) AUTHORITY TO REDUCE ELEMENTS
SUBJECT TO REQUIREMENT.—This paragraph
shall not prohibit the Commission from modifying the regulation referred to in subparagraph
(B) to reduce the number of network elements
subject to the unbundling requirement, or to forbear from enforcing any portion of that regula-

tion in accordance with the Commission's authority under section 706 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996, notwithstanding any limitation on that authority in section 10 of this Act.

"(F) Prohibition on discriminatory SUBSIDIES.—Any network element used in the provision of high speed data service that is not subject to the requirements of subsection (c) shall not be entitled to any subsidy, including any subsidy pursuant to section 254, that is not provided on a nondiscriminatory basis to all providers of high speed data service and Internet access service. This prohibition on discriminatory subsidies shall not be interpreted to authorize or require the extension of any subsidy to any provider of high speed data service or Internet access service.

"(2) RESALE.—For a period of three years after the enactment of this subsection, an incumbent local exchange carrier that provides high speed data service shall have a duty to offer for resale any such service at wholesale rates in accordance with subsection (c)(4). After such three-year period, such carrier shall offer such services for resale pursuant to subsection (b)(1).

1	"(3) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this
2	subsection—
3	"(A) the 'Commission's Line Sharing
4	Order' means the Third Report and Order in CC
5	Docket No. 98–147 and the Fourth Report and
6	Order in CC Docket 96–98 (FCC 99–355), as
7	adopted November 18, 1999, and without regard
8	to any clarification or interpretation in the fur-
9	ther notice of proposed rulemaking in such Dock-
10	ets adopted January 19, 2001 (FCC 01–26); and
11	"(B) the term 'remote terminal' means an
12	accessible terminal located outside of the central
13	office to which analog signals are carried from
14	customer premises, in which such signals are
15	converted to digital, and from which such signals
16	are carried, generally over fiber, to the central
17	office.".
18	(c) Preservation of Existing Interconnection
19	AGREEMENTS.—Nothing in the amendments made by this
20	section—
21	(1) shall be construed to permit or require the
22	abrogation or modification of any interconnection
23	agreement in effect on the date of enactment of this
24	section during the term of such agreement, except that
25	this paragraph shall not apply to any interconnection

1	agreement beyond the expiration date of the existing
2	current term contained in such agreement on the date
3	of enactment of this section, without regard to any ex-
4	tension or renewal of such agreement; or
5	(2) affects the implementation of any change of
6	law provision in any such agreement.
7	SEC. 5. INTERNET CONSUMERS FREEDOM OF CHOICE.
8	Part I of title II of the Communications Act of 1934,
9	as amended by section 4, is amended by adding at the end
10	the following new section:
11	"SEC. 233. INTERNET CONSUMERS FREEDOM OF CHOICE.
12	"(a) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this section to en-
13	sure that Internet users have freedom of choice of Internet
14	service provider.
15	"(b) Obligations of Incumbent Local Exchange
16	Carriers.—Each incumbent local exchange carrier has the
17	duty to provide—
18	"(1) Internet users with the ability to subscribe
19	to and have access to any Internet service provider
20	that interconnects with such carrier's high speed data
21	service;
22	"(2) any Internet service provider with the right
23	to acquire the facilities and services necessary to
24	interconnect with such carrier's high speed data serv-
25	ice for the provision of Internet access service:

- "(3) any Internet service provider with the ability to collocate equipment in accordance with the provisions of section 251, to the extent necessary to achieve the objectives of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection; and
  - "(4) any provider of high speed data services,
    Internet backbone service, or Internet access service
    with special access for the provision of Internet access
    service within a period no longer than the period in
    which such incumbent local exchange carrier provides
    special access to itself or any affiliate for the provision of such service.

### "(c) Definitions.—As used in this section—

- "(1) Internet service provider' means any provider of Internet access service.
- "(2) Incumbent local exchange carrier' has the same meaning as provided in section 251(h).
- "(3) Special access service' means the provision of dedicated transport links between a customer's premises and the switch or point of presence of a high speed data service provider, Internet backbone service provider, or Internet service provider.".

1	SEC. 6. INCIDENTAL INTERLATA PROVISION OF HIGH
2	SPEED DATA AND INTERNET BACKBONE
3	SERVICES.
4	(a) Incidental Interlata Service Permitted.—
5	Section 271(g) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
6	U.S.C. 271(g)) is amended—
7	(1) by striking "or" at the end of paragraph (5);
8	(2) by striking the period at the end of para-
9	graph (6) and inserting "; or"; and
10	(3) by adding at the end thereof the following
11	new paragraph:
12	"(7) of high speed data service or Internet back-
13	bone service, subject to subsection (1).".
14	(b) Prohibition on Provision of Voice Tele-
15	PHONE SERVICES.—Section 271 of such Act is amended by
16	adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:
17	"(k) Prohibition on Provision of Voice Tele-
18	Phone Services.—Until the date on which a Bell oper-
19	ating company is authorized to offer interLATA services
20	originating in an in-region State in accordance with the
21	provisions of this section, such Bell operating company of-
22	fering any high speed data service or Internet backbone
23	service pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (7) of sub-
24	section (g) may not, in such in-region State provide
25	interLATA voice telecommunications service, regardless of
26	whether there is a charge for such service, by means of the

1	high speed data service or Internet backbone service pro-
2	vided by such company.".
3	(c) APPLICATION PREREQUISITE TO PRO-
4	VIDING HIGH SPEED DATA SERVICE OR INTERNET
5	BACKBONE SERVICE.—Section 271 of the Com-
6	munications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 271), as
7	amended by subsection (b), is amended by
8	adding at the end the following:
9	"(1) APPLICATION PREREQUISITE TO PRO-
10	VIDING HIGH SPEED DATA SERVICE OR INTERNET
11	BACKBONE SERVICE.—
12	"(1) REQUIREMENT TO FILE APPLICATION
13	WITH ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE UNITED
14	STATES.—Neither a Bell operating com-
15	pany, nor any affiliate of a Bell operating
16	company, may begin providing high
17	speed data service or Internet backbone
18	service in any in-region State under the
19	authority of subsection (g)(7)—
20	"(A) unless it files with the Attor-
21	ney General of the United States an
22	application to provide such service;
23	and
24	"(B) until the Attorney General —

1	"(i) approves such application
2	before the expiration of the 90-
3	day period beginning on the date
4	such application is filed; or
5	"(ii) fails to approve or to dis-
6	approve such application during
7	such 90-day period.
8	"(2) AUTHORITY OF ATTORNEY GEN-
9	ERAL.—The Attorney General of the
10	United States—
11	"(A) may issue rules to establish
12	requirements applicable to the form
13	and contents of applications filed
14	under paragraph (1);
15	"(B) may make recommendations
16	to an applicant regarding—
17	"(i) withdrawal of an applica-
18	tion filed under paragraph (1); or
19	"(ii) filing of an application
20	under paragraph (1), with or
21	without modifications, subse-
22	quent to the withdrawal of an ap-
23	plication filed under such para-
24	graph; and

1	"(C) may not approve an applica-
2	tion filed in compliance with this sub-
3	section unless the Attorney General
4	determines that the applicant has
5	demonstrated that it meets the sub-
6	stantive requirements of subsections
7	(c) and (d) with respect to high speed
8	data service or Internet backbone
9	service in the State for which such
10	application is filed.
11	"(3) WITHDRAWAL OF APPLICATION.—An
12	application filed under paragraph (1)
13	may be withdrawn by the applicant at
14	any time before the Attorney General ap-
15	proves or disapproves such application,
16	but may not be modified after being
17	filed.".
18	(c) (d) Conforming Amendments.—
19	(1) Section $272(a)(2)(B)(i)$ of such Act is
20	amended to read as follows:
21	"(i) incidental interLATA services de-
22	scribed in paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (5), (6),
23	and (7) of section 271(g);".
24	(2) Section 272(a)(2)(C) of such Act is repealed.

1	(e) CONTINUED FULL APPLICATION OF THE
2	ANTITRUST LAWS TO MATTERS INVOLVED IN THE
3	TELECOMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRY.—Section
4	601(b) of the Telecommunications Act of 1996
5	(47 U.S.C. 152 note) is amended by adding at
6	the end the following:
7	"(4) CONTINUING OPERATION OF THE
8	ANTITRUST LAWS.—The rights, obligations,
9	powers, and remedies provided under the
10	antitrust laws are in addition to, and
11	are—
12	"(A) not preempted by;
13	"(B) not inconsistent with; and
14	"(C) not incompatible with;
15	any of the rights, obligations, powers,
16	and remedies provided under the Com-
17	munications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 151 et
18	seq.), under this Act, or under any law
19	amended by either such Act, regardless of
20	the progress of competition in any mar-
21	ket.".
22	SEC. 7. DEPLOYMENT OF BROADBAND SERVICES.
23	Part III of title II of the Communications Act of 1934
24	is amended by inserting after section 276 (47 U.S.C. 276)
25	the following new section:

## 1 "SEC. 277. DEPLOYMENT OF BROADBAND SERVICES.

2	"(a) Deployment Required.—Each Bell operating
3	company and its affiliates shall deploy high speed data
4	services in each State in which such company or affiliate
5	is an incumbent local exchange carrier (as such term is de-
6	fined in section 251(h)) in accordance with the require-
7	ments of this section.
8	"(b) Deployment Requirements.—
9	"(1) Mileposts for deployment.—A Bell op-
10	erating company or its affiliate shall deploy high
11	speed data services by attaining high speed data ca-
12	pability in its central offices in each State to which
13	subsection (a) applies. Such company or affiliate
14	shall attain such capability in accordance with the
15	following schedule:
16	"(A) Within one year after the date of en-
17	actment of this section, such company or affiliate
18	shall attain high speed data capability in not
19	less than 20 percent of such central offices in
20	such State.
21	"(B) Within 2 years after the date of enact-
22	ment of this section, such company or affiliate
23	shall attain high speed data capability in not
24	less than 40 percent of such central offices in
25	such State

1	"(C) Within 3 years after the date of enact-
2	ment of this section, such company or affiliate
3	shall attain high speed data capability in not
4	less than 70 percent of such central offices in
5	such State.
6	"(D) Within 5 years after the date of enact-
7	ment of this section, such company or affiliate
8	shall attain high speed data capability in not
9	less than 100 percent of such central offices in
10	such State.
11	"(2) High speed data capability.—For pur-
12	poses of paragraph (1), a central office shall be con-
13	sidered to have attained high speed capability if—
14	"(A)(i) such central office is equipped with
15	high speed data multiplexing capability; and
16	"(ii) each upgradeable customer loop that
17	originates or terminates in such central office is
18	upgraded promptly upon receipt of a customer
19	request for such upgrading, as necessary to per-
20	mit transmission of high speed data service (in-
21	cluding any conditioning of the loop);
22	"(B) each customer served by such central
23	office (without regard to the upgradeability or
24	length of the customer's loop) is able to obtain
25	the provision of high speed data service from

1	such Bell operating company or its affiliate by
2	means of an alternative technology that does not
3	involve the use of the customer's loop; or
4	"(C) each such customer is able to obtain
5	the provision of high speed data service by one
6	or the other of the means described in subpara-
7	graphs (A) and (B).
8	"(3) Upgradeable loops.—For purposes of
9	paragraph (2), a customer loop is upgradeable if—
10	"(A) such loop is less than 15,000 feet in
11	length (from the central office to the customer's
12	premises along the line); and
13	"(B) such loop can, with or without condi-
14	tioning, transmit high speed data services with-
15	out such transmission on such loop causing sig-
16	nificant degradation of voice service.
17	"(c) Availability of Remedies.—
18	"(1) Forfeiture penalties.—A Bell operating
19	company or its affiliate that fails to comply with this
20	section shall be subject to the penalties provided in
21	section 503(b)(2). In determining whether to impose
22	a forfeiture penalty, and in determining the amount
23	of any forfeiture penalty under section $503(b)(2)(D)$ ,
24	the Commission shall take into consideration the ex-

1	tent to which the requirements of this section are tech-
2	nically infeasible.
3	"(2) Jurisdiction.—The Commission shall have
4	exclusive jurisdiction to enforce the requirements of
5	this section, except that any State commission may
6	file a complaint with the Commission seeking the im-
7	position of penalties as provided in paragraph (1).
8	"(d) Annual Report on Deployment.—
9	"(1) Analysis required.—The Commission
10	shall include in each of its annual reports submitted
11	no more than 18 months after the date of enactment
12	of this section an analysis of the deployment of high
13	speed data service to underserved areas. Such report
14	shall include—
15	"(A) a statistical analysis of the extent to
16	which high speed data service has been deployed
17	to central offices and customer loops, or is avail-
18	able using different technologies, as compared
19	with the extent of such deployment and avail-
20	ability prior to such date and in prior reports
21	under this subsection;
22	"(B) a breakdown of the delivery of high
23	speed data service by type of technology and

class or category of provider;

1	"(C) an identification of impediments to						
2	such deployment and availability, and develop-						
3	ments in overcoming such impediments during						
4	the intervening period between such reports; and						
5	"(D) recommendations of the Commission,						
6	after consultation with the National Tele-						
7	communications and Information Administr						
8	tion, for further extending such deployment an						
9	availability and overcoming such impediments.						
10	"(2) Definition of underserved area.—For						
11	purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'underserved						
12	areas' means areas that—						
13	"(A) are high cost areas that are eligible for						
14	services under subpart D of part 54 of the Com-						
15	mission's regulations (47 C.F.R. 54.301 et seq.)						
16	or						
17	"(B) are within or comprised of any census						
18	tract—						
19	"(i) the poverty level of which is at						
20	least 30 percent (based on the most recent						
21	census data); or						
22	"(ii) the median family income of						
23	which does not exceed—						
24	"(I) in the case of a census tract						
25	located in a metropolitan statistical						

1	area, 70 percent of the greater of the				
2	metropolitan area median family in-				
3	come or the statewide median family				
4	income; and				
5	"(II) in the case of a census tract				
6	located in a nonmetropolitan statis-				
7	tical area, 70 percent of the nonmetro-				
8	politan statewide median family in-				
9	come.				
10	"(3) Designation of Census Tracts.—The				
11	Commission shall, not later than 90 days after the				
12	date of the enactment of this section, designate and				
13	publish those census tracts meeting the criteria de-				
14	scribed in paragraph (2)(B).".				
15	SEC. 8. COMMISSION AUTHORIZED TO PRESCRIBE JUST				
16	AND REASONABLE CHARGES.				
17	The Federal Communications Commission may im-				
18	pose penalties under section 503 of the Communications Act				
19	of 1934 not to exceed \$1,000,000 for any violation of provi-				
20	sions contained in, or amended by, section 5, 6, or 7 (or				
21	any combination thereof) of this Act. Each distinct viola-				
22	tion shall be a separate offense, and in the case of a con-				
23	tinuing violation, each day shall be deemed a separate of-				
24	fense, except that the amount assessed for any continuing				
25	violation shall not exceed a total of \$10,000,000 for any				

- 1 single act or failure to act described in section 5, 6, or 7
- $2 \ \ (or\ any\ combination\ thereof)\ of\ this\ Act.$

#### **Union Calendar No. 54**

107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H.R. 1542

[Report No. 107-83, Parts I and II]

## A BILL

To deregulate the Internet and high speed data services, and for other purposes.

June 18, 2001

Reported with amendments, adversely, from the Committee on the Judiciary, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed