### 107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# S. 1313

To provide for the adjustment of status of certain foreign agricultural workers, to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to reform the H–2A worker program under that Act, and for other purposes.

# IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

August 2, 2001

Mr. Kennedy (for himself, Mr. Dodd, and Mr. Wellstone) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

# A BILL

- To provide for the adjustment of status of certain foreign agricultural workers, to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to reform the H–2A worker program under that Act, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
  - 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
  - 5 "H–2A Reform and Agricultural Worker Adjustment Act
  - 6 of 2001".
  - 7 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
  - 8 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.

#### TITLE I—ADJUSTMENT TO LAWFUL STATUS

- Sec. 101. Agricultural workers.
- Sec. 102. Correction of Social Security records.

#### TITLE II—REFORM OF H-2A WORKER PROGRAM

Sec. 201. Amendment to the Immigration and Nationality Act.

#### TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 301. Coverage of H–2A agricultural workers under the Migrant and Seasonal Agricultural Worker Protection Act.
- Sec. 302. Right to organize.
- Sec. 303. Tax equity and workforce improvement fund.
- Sec. 304. Regulations.
- Sec. 305. Effective date.

#### 1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

- 2 In this Act:
- 3 (1) AGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT.—The term
- 4 "agricultural employment" means any service or ac-
- 5 tivity that is considered to be agricultural under sec-
- 6 tion 3(f) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938
- 7 (29 U.S.C. 203(f)) or agricultural labor under sec-
- 8 tion 3121(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
- 9 (26 U.S.C. 3121(g)). For purposes of this para-
- 10 graph, agricultural employment includes employment
- 11 under section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) of the Immigra-
- tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
- 13 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a).
- 14 (2) DISPLACE.—In the case of an application
- with respect to one or more H-2A workers by an
- employer, the employer is considered to "displace" a
- 17 United States worker from a job if the employer lays

1	off the worker from a job for which the H–2A work-
2	er or workers is or are sought.
3	(3) Eligible.—The term "eligible", when used
4	with respect to an individual, means an individual
5	who is not an unauthorized alien (as defined in sec-
6	tion 274A(h)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality
7	Act (8 U.S.C. 1324a(h)(3))).
8	(4) Employer.—The term "employer" means
9	any person or entity, including any farm labor con-
10	tractor and any agricultural association, that em-
11	ploys workers in agricultural employment.
12	(5) H–2A WORKER.—The term "H–2A worker"
13	means a nonimmigrant described in section
14	101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) of the Immigration and Nation-
15	ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a)).
16	(6) Job opportunity.—The term "job oppor-
17	tunity" means a job opening for temporary full-time
18	employment at a place in the United States to which
19	United States workers can be referred.
20	(7) Lays off.—
21	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "lays off",
22	with respect to a worker—
23	(i) means to cause the worker's loss of
24	employment, other than through a dis-
25	charge for inadequate performance, viola-

tion of workplace rules, cause, voluntary departure, voluntary retirement, contract described impossibility (as in section 218A(b)(4)(D) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 201 of this Act), temporary layoffs due to weath-er, markets, or other temporary conditions; but

(ii) does not include any situation in which the worker is offered, as an alternative to such loss of employment, a similar employment opportunity with the same employer (or, in the case of a placement of a worker with another employer under section 218(b)(2)(E) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 201 of this Act, with either employer described in such section 218(b)(2)(E)) at equivalent or higher compensation and benefits than the position from which the employee was discharged, regardless of whether or not the employee accepts the offer.

(B) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this paragraph is intended to limit an em-

1	ployee's rights under a collective bargaining
2	agreement or other employment contract.
3	(8) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
4	the Secretary of Labor.
5	(9) Temporary.—A worker is employed on a
6	"temporary" basis where the employment is in-
7	tended not to exceed 10 months.
8	(10) United States Worker.—The term
9	"United States worker" means any worker, whether
10	a United States citizen or national, a lawfully admit-
11	ted permanent resident alien, or any other alien,
12	who is authorized to work in the job opportunity
13	within the United States, except an alien admitted
14	or otherwise provided status under section
15	101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) of the Immigration and Nation-
16	ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a)).
17	(11) Work day.—The term "work day" means
18	any day in which the individual is employed one or
19	more hours in agriculture.
20	TITLE I—ADJUSTMENT TO
21	LAWFUL STATUS
22	SEC. 101. AGRICULTURAL WORKERS.
23	(a) Temporary Resident Status.—
24	(1) In general.—Notwithstanding any other
25	provision of law, the Attorney General shall adjust

1	the status of an alien who qualifies under this sub-
2	section to that of an alien lawfully admitted for tem-
3	porary residence if the Attorney General determines
4	that the following requirements are satisfied with re-
5	spect to the alien:
6	(A) Performance of agricultural em-
7	PLOYMENT IN THE UNITED STATES.—The alien
8	must establish that the alien has—
9	(i) performed agricultural employment
10	in the United States for at least 540 hours
11	or 90 work days, whichever is less, during
12	any 12 consecutive months during the 18-
13	month period ending on June 30, 2001; or
14	(ii) applied for lawful residence as a
15	special agricultural worker under section
16	210 of the Immigration and Nationality
17	Act or section 210A of that Act (as in ef-
18	fect prior to October 25, 1994), was other-
19	wise eligible, but was denied relief because
20	the alien's employment in sugar cane was
21	determined to fall outside of the section's
22	definition of "seasonal agricultural serv-
23	ices".
24	(B) APPLICATION PERIOD.—The alien
25	must apply for such adjustment during the 18-

- 1 month application period beginning on the 1st 2 day of the 7th month that begins after the date 3 of the enactment of this Act.
  - (C) Admissible as immigrant.—The alien must establish that the alien is otherwise admissible to the United States under section 212 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182), except as otherwise provided under subsection (e)(2).
  - (2) AUTHORIZED TRAVEL.—During the period an alien is in lawful temporary resident status granted under this subsection, the alien has the right to travel abroad (including commutation from a residence abroad) in the same manner as an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence.
  - (3) AUTHORIZED EMPLOYMENT.—During the period an alien is in lawful temporary resident status granted under this subsection, the alien shall be provided an "employment" authorized endorsement or other appropriate work permit, in the same manner as an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence.
  - (4) TERMINATION OF TEMPORARY RESIDENT STATUS.—During the period of temporary resident status granted an alien under this subsection, the

1	Attorney General may terminate such status only
2	upon a determination under this Act that the alien
3	is deportable.
4	(5) Record of Employment.—
5	(A) In general.—Each employer of a
6	worker whose status is adjusted under this sub-
7	section annually shall—
8	(i) provide a written record of employ-
9	ment to the alien; and
10	(ii) provide a copy of such record to
11	the Immigration and Naturalization Serv-
12	ice.
13	(B) Sunset.—The obligation under sub-
14	paragraph (A) terminates on the date that is 6
15	years after the date of enactment of this Act.
16	(b) Rights of Aliens Granted Temporary Resi-
17	DENT STATUS.—
18	(1) In general.—Except as otherwise pro-
19	vided in this subsection, an alien who acquires the
20	status of an alien lawfully admitted for temporary
21	residence under subsection (a), such status not hav-
22	ing changed, shall be considered to be an alien law-
23	fully admitted for permanent residence for purposes
24	of any law other than any provision of the Immigra-
25	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.).

1	(2) Terms of employment respecting
2	ALIENS ADMITTED UNDER THIS SECTION.—
3	(A) Prohibition.—No alien whose status
4	is adjusted under subsection (a) may be termi-
5	nated from employment by any employer during
6	the period of temporary resident status except
7	for just cause.
8	(B) Treatment of complaints.—
9	(i) Establishment of process.—
10	The Attorney General shall establish a
11	process for the receipt, initial review, and
12	disposition in accordance with this sub-
13	paragraph of complaints by aliens granted
14	temporary resident status under subsection
15	(a) who allege that they have been termi-
16	nated without just cause. No proceeding
17	shall be conducted under this subpara-
18	graph with respect to a termination unless
19	the Attorney General determines that the
20	complaint was filed not later than 6
21	months after the date of the termination.
22	(ii) Initiation of Arbitration.—If
23	the Attorney General finds that a com-
24	plaint has been filed in accordance with

clause (i) and there is reasonable cause to

believe that the complainant was terminated without just cause, the Attorney General shall initiate binding arbitration proceedings by requesting the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service to appoint a mutual arbitrator from the roster of arbitrators maintained by such Service for the geographical area in which the employer is located. The procedure and rules of such Service shall be applicable to the selection of such arbitrator and to such arbitration proceedings. The Attorney General shall pay the fee and expenses of the arbitrator.

(iii) Arbitrator shall conduct the proceeding in accordance with the policies and procedures promulgated by the American Arbitration Association applicable to private arbitration of employment disputes. The arbitrator shall make findings respecting whether the termination was for just cause. The arbitrator may not find that the termination was for just cause unless the employer so demonstrates by a prepon-

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derance of the evidence. If the arbitrator finds that the termination was not for just cause, the arbitrator shall make a specific finding of the number of days or hours of work lost by the employee as a result of the termination. The arbitrator shall have no authority to order any other remedy, including, but not limited to, reinstatement, back pay, or front pay to the affected employee. Within 30 days from the conclusion of the arbitration proceeding, the arbitrator shall transmit the findings in the form of a written opinion to the parties to the arbitration and the Attorney General. Such findings shall be final and conclusive, and no official or court of the United States shall have the power or jurisdiction to review any such findings.

(iv) EFFECT OF ARBITRATION FIND-INGS.—If the Attorney General receives a finding of an arbitrator that an employer has terminated an alien granted temporary resident status under subsection (a) without just cause, the Attorney General shall credit the alien for the number of days or

hours of work lost for purposes of the requirement of subsection (c)(1).

- (v) TREATMENT OF ATTORNEYS' FEES.—The parties shall bear the cost of their own attorneys' fees involved in the litigation of the complaint.
- (vi) Nonexclusive remedy.—The complaint process provided for in this subparagraph is in addition to any other rights an employee may have in accordance with applicable law.
- (vii) Effect on other actions or proceedings.—Any finding of fact or law, judgment, conclusion, or final order made by an arbitrator in the proceeding before the Attorney General shall not be conclusive or binding in any separate or subsequent action or proceeding between the employee and the employee's current or prior employer brought before an arbitrator, administrative agency, court, or judge of any State or the United States, regardless of whether the prior action was between the same or related parties or involved the same facts, except that the arbi-

1	trator's specific finding of the number of
2	days or hours of work lost by the employee
3	as a result of the employment termination
4	may be referred to the Attorney General
5	pursuant to clause (iv).
6	(C) CIVIL PENALTIES.—
7	(i) In General.—If the Secretary
8	finds, after notice and opportunity for a
9	hearing, that an employer of a worker
10	whose status has been adjusted under sub-
11	section (a) has failed to provide the record
12	of employment required under subsection
13	(a)(5) or has provided a false statement of
14	material fact in such a record, the em-
15	ployer shall be subject to a civil money
16	penalty in an amount not to exceed \$1,000
17	per violation.
18	(ii) Limitation.—The penalty appli-
19	cable under clause (i) for failure to provide
20	records shall not apply unless the alien has
21	provided the employer with evidence of em-
22	ployment authorization granted under this
23	section.
24	(c) Adjustment to Permanent Residence.—

(1) AGRICULTURAL WORKERS.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Attorney General shall adjust the status of any alien granted lawful temporary resident status under subsection (a) to that of an alien lawfully admitted for perma-nent residence if the Attorney General deter-mines that the following requirements are satis-fied: (i) Qualifying employment.—The
  - (i) QUALIFYING EMPLOYMENT.—The alien has performed at least 540 hours or 90 work days, whichever is less, of agricultural employment in the United States, in each of 3 years during the 4-year period beginning on the date that the alien first obtains employment authorization.
  - (ii) APPLICATION PERIOD.—The alien applies for adjustment of status not later than the date that is 7 years after the date of enactment of this Act.
  - (iii) PROOF.—In meeting the requirements of clause (i), an alien may submit the record of employment described in subsection (a)(5) or such documentation as may be submitted under subsection (d)(3).

1	(iv) DISABILITY.—In determining
2	whether an alien has met the requirements
3	of clause (i) the Attorney General shall
4	credit the alien with any work days lost be-
5	cause the alien is unable to work in agri-
6	cultural employment due to injury or dis-
7	ease arising out of and in the course of the
8	alien's agricultural employment, if the
9	alien can establish such disabling injury or
10	disease through medical records.
11	(B) Grounds for denial of adjust-
12	MENT OF STATUS.—The Attorney General may
13	deny an alien adjustment to permanent resident
14	status, and provide for termination of the tem-
15	porary resident status granted such alien under
16	subsection (a), if—
17	(i) the Attorney General finds by a
18	preponderance of the evidence that the ad-
19	justment to temporary resident status was
20	the result of fraud or willful misrepresenta-
21	tion, as described in section
22	212(a)(6)(C)(i) of the Immigration and
23	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
24	1182(a)(6)(C)(i)); or
25	(ii) the alien—

1	(I) commits an act that makes
2	the alien inadmissible to the United
3	States under section 212 of the Immi-
4	gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
5	1182), except as provided under sub-
6	section (e)(2); or
7	(II) is convicted of a felony or 3
8	or more misdemeanors committed in
9	the United States.
10	(C) Grounds for removal.—Any alien
11	granted temporary resident status under sub-
12	section (a) who does not apply for adjustment
13	of status under this subsection before the expi-
14	ration of the application period described in
15	subparagraph (A)(ii), or who fails to meet the
16	other requirements of subparagraph (A) by the
17	end of the applicable period, is deportable and
18	may be removed under section 240 of the Immi-
19	gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1229a).
20	(2) Spouses and minor children.—
21	(A) In General.—Notwithstanding any
22	other provision of law, the Attorney General
23	shall adjust the status of any spouse or minor
24	child of an alien granted status under para-
25	graph (1), including any individual who was a

1	minor child on the date such alien was granted
2	temporary resident status, if the spouse or
3	minor child applies for such adjustment, or if
4	the principal alien includes the spouse or minor
5	child in an application for such adjustment.
6	(B) Treatment of spouses and minor
7	CHILDREN PRIOR TO ADJUSTMENT OF STA-
8	TUS.—A spouse or minor child of an alien
9	granted temporary resident status under sub-
10	section (a) may not be—
11	(i) removed while such alien maintains
12	such status; and
13	(ii) granted authorization to engage in
14	employment in the United States or be
15	provided an "employment authorized" en-
16	dorsement or other work permit, unless
17	such employment authorization is granted
18	under another provision of law.
19	(d) Applications for Adjustment of Status.—
20	(1) To whom may be made.—
21	(A) WITHIN THE UNITED STATES.—The
22	Attorney General shall provide that—
23	(i) applications for adjustment of sta-
24	tus under subsection (a) may be filed—

1	(I) with the Attorney General,
2	but only if the applicant is rep-
3	resented by an attorney; or
4	(II) with a qualified designated
5	entity (designated under paragraph
6	(2)), but only if the applicant consents
7	to the forwarding of the application to
8	the Attorney General; and
9	(ii) applications for adjustment of sta-
10	tus under subsection (c) shall be filed di-
11	rectly with the Attorney General.
12	(B) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—The
13	Attorney General, in cooperation with the Sec-
14	retary of State, shall establish a procedure
15	whereby an alien may apply for adjustment of
16	status under subsection (a) at an appropriate
17	consular office outside the United States.
18	(C) Preliminary applications.—
19	(i) In General.—During the applica-
20	tion period described in subsection
21	(a)(1)(B), the Attorney General may grant
22	admission to the United States as a tem-
23	porary resident and provide an "employ-
24	ment authorized" endorsement or other ap-
25	propriate work permit to any alien who

presents a preliminary application for adjustment of status under subsection (a) at a designated port of entry on the southern land border of the United States. An alien who does not enter through a port of entry is subject to deportation and removal as otherwise provided in this Act.

- (ii) DEFINITION.—For purposes of clause (i), the term "preliminary application" means a fully completed and signed application which contains specific information concerning the performance of qualifying employment in the United States, together with the payment of the appropriate fee and the submission of photographs and the documentary evidence which the applicant intends to submit as proof of such employment.
- (iii) ELIGIBILITY.—An applicant under clause (i) must be otherwise admissible to the United States under subsection (e)(2) and must establish to the satisfaction of the examining officer during an interview that the applicant's claim to eli-

1	gibility for agricultural worker status is
2	credible.
3	(D) TRAVEL DOCUMENTATION.—The At-
4	torney General shall provide each alien whose
5	status is adjusted under this section with a
6	counterfeit-resistant document of authorization
7	to enter or reenter the United States.
8	(2) Designation of entities to receive ap-
9	PLICATIONS.—
10	(A) In general.—For purposes of receiv-
11	ing applications under subsection (a), the Attor-
12	ney General—
13	(i) shall designate qualified farm labor
14	organizations and associations of employ-
15	ers; and
16	(ii) may designate such other persons
17	as the Attorney General determines are
18	qualified and have substantial experience,
19	demonstrate competence, and have tradi-
20	tional long-term involvement in the prepa-
21	ration and submittal of applications for ad-
22	justment of status under section 209, 210,
23	or 245 of the Immigration and Nationality
24	Act, Public Law 89–732, Public Law 95–

1	145, or the Immigration Reform and Con-
2	trol Act of 1986.

(B) References.—Organizations, associations, and persons designated under subparagraph (A) are referred to in this Act as "qualified designated entities".

# (3) Proof of eligibility.—

- (A) In General.—An alien may establish that the alien meets the requirement of subsection (a)(1)(A) or subsection (c)(1)(A) through government employment records or records supplied by employers or collective bargaining organizations, and other reliable documentation as the alien may provide. The Attorney General shall establish special procedures to properly credit work in cases in which an alien was employed under an assumed name.
- (B) DOCUMENTATION OF WORK HISTORY.—(i) An alien applying for adjustment of status under subsection (a)(1) or subsection (c)(1) has the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the alien has worked the requisite number of hours or days (as required under subsection (a)(1)(A) or subsection (c)(1)(A)).

- 1 (ii) If an employer or farm labor con2 tractor employing such an alien has kept proper
  3 and adequate records respecting such employ4 ment, the alien's burden of proof under clause
  5 (i) may be met by securing timely production of
  6 those records under regulations to be promul7 gated by the Attorney General.
  - (iii) An alien can meet such burden of proof if the alien establishes that the alien has in fact performed the work described in subsection (a)(1)(A) or subsection (c)(1)(A) by producing sufficient evidence to show the extent of that employment as a matter of just and reasonable inference.
  - (4) Treatment of applications by qualified designated entity must agree to forward to the Attorney General applications filed with it in accordance with paragraph (1)(A)(ii) but not to forward to the Attorney General applications filed with it unless the applicant has consented to such forwarding. No such entity may make a determination required by this section to be made by the Attorney General. Upon the request of the alien, a qualified designated entity

shall assist the alien in obtaining documentation of the work history of the alien.

(5) Limitation on access to information.—Files and records prepared for purposes of this subsection by qualified designated entities operating under this subsection are confidential and the Attorney General and the Immigration and Naturalization Service shall not have access to such files or records relating to an alien without the consent of the alien, except as allowed by a court order issued pursuant to paragraph (6).

## (6) Confidentiality of information.—

- (A) In GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, neither the Attorney General, nor any other official or employee of the Department of Justice, or bureau or agency thereof, may—
  - (i) use the information furnished by the applicant pursuant to an application filed under this section, the information provided to the applicant by a person designated under paragraph (2)(A), or any information provided by an employer or former employer, for any purpose other than to make a determination on the appli-

1	cation, or for enforcement of paragraph
2	(7);
3	(ii) make any publication whereby the
4	information furnished by any particular in-
5	dividual can be identified; or
6	(iii) permit anyone other than the
7	sworn officers and employees of the De-
8	partment of Justice, or bureau or agency
9	thereof, or, with respect to applications
10	filed with a qualified designated entity,
11	that qualified designated entity, to examine
12	individual applications.
13	(B) Crime.—Whoever knowingly uses,
14	publishes, or permits information to be exam-
15	ined in violation of this paragraph shall be fined
16	not more than \$10,000.
17	(7) Penalties for false statements in ap-
18	PLICATIONS.—
19	(A) CRIMINAL PENALTY.—Whoever—
20	(i) files an application for adjustment
21	of status under subsection (a) or (c) and
22	knowingly and willfully falsifies, conceals,
23	or covers up a material fact or makes any
24	false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements
25	or representations, or makes or uses any

1	false writing or document knowing the
2	same to contain any false, fictitious, or
3	fraudulent statement or entry; or
4	(ii) creates or supplies a false writing
5	or document for use in making such an ap-
6	plication;
7	shall be fined in accordance with title 18,
8	United States Code, or imprisoned not more
9	than 5 years, or both.
10	(B) Inadmissibility.—An alien who is
11	convicted of a crime under subparagraph (A)
12	shall be considered to be inadmissible to the
13	United States on the ground described in sec-
14	tion 212(a)(6)(C)(i) of the Immigration and
15	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(6)(C)(i)).
16	(8) Eligibility for legal services.—Sec-
17	tion 504(a)(11) of Public Law 104–134 (110 Stat.
18	1321–53 et seq.) shall not be construed to prevent
19	a recipient of funds under the Legal Services Cor-
20	poration Act (42 U.S.C. 2996 et seq.) from pro-
21	viding legal assistance directly related to an applica-
22	tion for adjustment of status under this section.
23	(9) Application fees.—
24	(A) FEE SCHEDULE.—The Attorney Gen-
25	eral shall provide for a schedule of fees that—

1	(i) shall be charged for the filing of
2	applications for adjustment under sub-
3	sections (a) and (c); and
4	(ii) may be charged by qualified des-
5	ignated entities to help defray the costs of
6	services provided to such applicants.
7	(B) Prohibition on excess fees by
8	QUALIFIED DESIGNATED ENTITIES.—A quali-
9	fied designated entity may not charge any fee
10	in excess of, or in addition to, the fees author-
11	ized under subparagraph (A)(ii) for services
12	provided to applicants.
13	(C) Disposition of fees.—
14	(i) In general.—There is established
15	in the general fund of the Treasury a sepa-
16	rate account, which shall be known as the
17	"Agricultural Worker Immigration Status
18	Adjustment Account". Notwithstanding
19	any other provision of law, there shall be
20	deposited as offsetting receipts into the ac-
21	count all fees collected under subparagraph
22	(A)(i).
23	(ii) Use of fees for application
24	PROCESSING.—Amounts deposited in the
25	"Agricultural Worker Immigration Status

1	Adjustment Account" shall remain avail-
2	able to the Attorney General until ex-
3	pended for processing applications for ad-
4	justment under subsections (a) and (c).
5	(e) Waiver of Numerical Limitations and Cer-
6	TAIN GROUNDS FOR INADMISSIBILITY.—
7	(1) Numerical limitations do not apply.—
8	The numerical limitations of sections 201 and 202
9	of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
10	1151 and 1152) shall not apply to the adjustment
11	of aliens to lawful permanent resident status under
12	this section.
13	(2) Waiver of Certain Grounds of Inad-
14	MISSIBILITY.—In the determination of an alien's ad-
15	missibility under subsection $(a)(1)(C)$ or an alien's
16	eligibility for adjustment of status under subsection
17	(e)(1)(B)(ii)(I), the following rules shall apply:
18	(A) Grounds of exclusion not appli-
19	CABLE.—The provisions of paragraphs (5),
20	(6)(A), (7)(A),  and  (9)(B)  of section  212(a)  of
21	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
22	1182(a)) shall not apply.
23	(B) Waiver of other grounds.—
24	(i) In general.—Except as provided
25	in clause (ii), the Attorney General may

1	waive any other provision of such section
2	212(a) in the case of individual aliens for
3	humanitarian purposes, to ensure family
4	unity, or when it is otherwise in the public
5	interest.
6	(ii) Grounds that may not be
7	WAIVED.—The following provisions of such
8	section 212(a) may not be waived by the
9	Attorney General under clause (i):
10	(I) Subparagraphs (A) and (B)
11	of paragraph (2) (relating to crimi-
12	nals).
13	(II) Paragraph (4) (relating to
14	aliens likely to become public
15	charges).
16	(III) Paragraph (2)(C) (relating
17	to drug offenses).
18	(IV) Paragraph (3) (relating to
19	security and related grounds), except
20	subparagraph (E).
21	(iii) Construction.—Nothing in this
22	subparagraph shall be construed as affect-
23	ing the authority of the Attorney General
24	other than under this subparagraph to
25	waive provisions of such section 212(a).

(C) SPECIAL RULE FOR DETERMINATION OF PUBLIC CHARGE.—An alien is not ineligible for adjustment of status under this section by reason of a ground of inadmissibility under sec-tion 212(a)(4) of the Immigration and Nation-ality Act if the alien demonstrates a history of employment in the United States evidencing self-support without reliance on public cash as-sistance.

# 10 (f) Temporary Stay of Removal and Work Au-11 Thorization for Certain Applicants.—

(1) Before application period.—Effective on the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall provide that, in the case of an alien who is apprehended before the beginning of the application period described in subsection (a)(1)(B) and who can establish a nonfrivolous case of eligibility to have the alien's status adjusted under subsection (a) (but for the fact that the alien may not apply for such adjustment until the beginning of such period), until the alien has had the opportunity during the first 30 days of the application period to complete the filing of an application for adjustment, the alien—

(A) may not be removed; and

1	(B) shall be granted authorization to en-
2	gage in employment in the United States and
3	be provided an "employment authorized" en-
4	dorsement or other appropriate work permit for
5	such purpose.
6	(2) During application period.—The Attor-
7	ney General shall provide that, in the case of an
8	alien who presents a nonfrivolous application for ad-
9	justment of status under subsection (a) during the
10	application period described in subsection (a)(1)(B)
11	including an alien who files such an application
12	within 30 days of the alien's apprehension, and until
13	a final determination on the application has been
14	made in accordance with this section, the alien—
15	(A) may not be removed; and
16	(B) shall be granted authorization to en-
17	gage in employment in the United States and
18	be provided an "employment authorized" en-
19	dorsement or other appropriate work permit for
20	such purpose.
21	(g) Administrative and Judicial Review.—
22	(1) In general.—There shall be no adminis-
23	trative or judicial review of a determination respect-

ing an application for adjustment of status under

subsection (a) or (c) except in accordance with this subsection.

# (2) Administrative review.—

- (A) SINGLE LEVEL OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPELLATE REVIEW.—The Attorney General shall establish an appellate authority to provide for a single level of administrative appellate review of such a determination.
- (B) STANDARD FOR REVIEW.—Such administrative appellate review shall be based solely upon the administrative record established at the time of the determination on the application and upon such additional or newly discovered evidence as may not have been available at the time of the determination.

#### (3) Judicial Review.—

- (A) LIMITATION TO REVIEW OF RE-MOVAL.—There shall be judicial review of such a denial only in the judicial review of an order of removal under section 242 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1252).
- (B) STANDARD FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW.— Such judicial review shall be based solely upon the administrative record established at the time of the review by the appellate authority

- 1 and the findings of fact and determinations
- 2 contained in such record shall be conclusive un-
- 3 less the applicant can establish abuse of discre-
- 4 tion or that the findings are directly contrary to
- 5 clear and convincing facts contained in the
- 6 record considered as a whole.
- 7 (h) Dissemination of Information on Adjust-
- 8 MENT PROGRAM.—Beginning not later than the 1st day
- 9 of the application period described in subsection (a)(1)(B),
- 10 the Attorney General, in cooperation with qualified des-
- 11 ignated entities, shall broadly disseminate information re-
- 12 specting the benefits that aliens may receive under this
- 13 section and the requirements to be satisfied to obtain such
- 14 benefits.
- 15 (i) REGULATIONS.—The Attorney General shall issue
- 16 regulations to implement this section not later than the
- 17 1st day of the 7th month that begins after the date of
- 18 the enactment of this Act.
- 19 (j) Effective Date.—This section shall take effect
- 20 on the date that regulations are issued implementing this
- 21 section on an interim or other basis.
- 22 (k) Funding.—There are hereby appropriated, out
- 23 of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated,
- 24 \$40,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2002 through 2005
- 25 to the Attorney General to carry out this section.

### 1 SEC. 102. CORRECTION OF SOCIAL SECURITY RECORDS.

- 2 (a) In General.—Section 208(d)(1) of the Social
- 3 Security Act (42 U.S.C. 408(d)(1)) is amended—
- 4 (1) in subparagraph (B), by striking "or" at
- 5 the end of clause (ii);
- 6 (2) in subparagraph (C), by inserting "or" at
- 7 the end;
- 8 (3) by inserting after subparagraph (C) the fol-
- 9 lowing:
- 10 "(D) whose status is adjusted to that of lawful
- temporary resident under the H–2A Reform and Ag-
- ricultural Worker Adjustment Act of 2001,"; and
- 13 (4) by striking "1990." and inserting "1990, or
- in the case of an alien described in subparagraph
- 15 (D), if such conduct is alleged to have occurred prior
- to the date on which the alien became lawfully ad-
- 17 mitted for temporary residence.".
- (b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
- 19 subsection (a) shall take effect on the 1st day of the 7th
- 20 month that begins after the date of the enactment of this
- 21 Act.

# TITLE II—REFORM OF H-2A WORKER PROGRAM 2 SEC. 201. AMENDMENT TO THE IMMIGRATION AND NATION-4 ALITY ACT. 5 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Immigration and Nationality Act is amended by striking section 218 (8 U.S.C. 1188) 7 and inserting the following: "H-2A EMPLOYER APPLICATIONS 8 9 "SEC. 218. (a) Applications to THE SEC-10 RETARY.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—No alien may be admitted 11 12 to the United States as an H-2A worker, or other-13 wise provided status as an H-2A worker, unless the 14 employer has filed with the Secretary an application 15 containing— 16 "(A) the assurances described in sub-17 section (b); 18 "(B) a description of the nature and loca-19 tion of the work to be performed; "(C) the anticipated period (expected be-20 21 ginning and ending dates) for which workers 22 will be needed; and "(D) the number of job opportunities in 23 24 which the employer seeks to employ workers.

1	"(2) Accompanied by Job Offer.—Each ap-
2	plication filed under paragraph (1) shall be accom-
3	panied by a copy of the job offer describing the
4	wages and other terms and conditions of employ-
5	ment and the bona fide occupational qualifications
6	that must be possessed by a worker to be employed
7	in the job opportunity in question.
8	"(b) Assurances for Inclusion in Applica-
9	TIONS.—The assurances referred to in subsection $(a)(1)$
10	are the following:
11	"(1) Job opportunities covered by col-
12	LECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENTS.—With respect
13	to a job opportunity that is covered under a collec-
14	tive bargaining agreement:
15	"(A) Union contract described.—The
16	job opportunity is covered by a union contract
17	which was negotiated at arm's length between a
18	bona fide union and the employer.
19	"(B) No strike or lockout.—There is
20	not a strike or lockout in the course of a labor
21	dispute in the occupational classification at the
22	place of employment.
23	"(C) Notification of bargaining rep-
24	RESENTATIVES.—The employer, at the time of
25	filing the application, has provided notice of the

filing under this paragraph to the bargaining representative of the employer's employees in the occupational classification at the place or places of employment for which aliens are sought.

- "(D) TEMPORARY OR SEASONAL JOB OP-PORTUNITIES.—The job opportunity is temporary or seasonal.
- "(E) OFFERS TO UNITED STATES WORK-ERS.—The employer has offered or will offer the job to any eligible United States worker who applies and is equally or better qualified for the job for which the nonimmigrant is, or the nonimmigrants are, sought and who will be available at the time and place of need.
- "(F) Provision of Insurance.—If the job opportunity is not covered by the State workers' compensation law, the employer will provide, at no cost to the worker, insurance covering injury and disease arising out of, and in the course of, the worker's employment which will provide benefits at least equal to those provided under the State's workers' compensation law for comparable employment.

- 1 "(2) Job opportunities not covered by
  2 Collective Bargaining agreements.—With re3 spect to a job opportunity that is not covered under
  4 a collective bargaining agreement:
  5 "(A) No strike or lockout.—There is
  - "(A) No strike or lockout.—There is not a strike or lockout in the course of a labor dispute in the occupational classification at the place of employment.
  - "(B) Temporary or seasonal job opportunities.—The job opportunity is temporary or seasonal.
  - "(C) Benefit, wage, and working conditions.—The employer will provide, at a minimum, the benefits, wages, and working conditions required by section 218A to all workers employed in the job opportunities for which the employer has applied under subsection (a) and to all other workers in the same occupation at the place of employment.
  - "(D) Nondisplacement of united States worker employed by the employer during the period of employment and for a period of 30 days preceding the period of employment in the

1	occupation at the place of employment for
2	which the employer seeks approval to employ
3	H–2A workers.
4	"(E) REQUIREMENTS FOR PLACEMENT OF
5	NONIMMIGRANT WITH OTHER EMPLOYERS.—
6	The employer will not place the nonimmigrant
7	with another employer unless—
8	"(i) the nonimmigrant performs du-
9	ties in whole or in part at one or more
10	work sites owned, operated, or controlled
11	by such other employer;
12	"(ii) there are indicia of an employ-
13	ment relationship between the non-
14	immigrant and such other employer; and
15	"(iii) the employer has inquired of the
16	other employer as to whether, and has no
17	actual knowledge or notice that, during the
18	period of employment and for a period of
19	30 days preceding the period of employ-
20	ment, the other employer has displaced or
21	intends to displace a United States worker
22	employed by the other employer in the oc-
23	cupation at the place of employment for
24	which the employer seeks approval to em-
25	ploy H_2A workers

1	"(F) STATEMENT OF LIABILITY.—The ap-
2	plication form shall include a clear statement
3	explaining the liability under subparagraph (E)
4	of an employer if the other employer described
5	in such subparagraph displaces a United States
6	worker as described in such subparagraph.
7	"(G) Provision of Insurance.—If the
8	job opportunity is not covered by the State
9	workers' compensation law, the employer will
10	provide, at no cost to the worker, insurance cov-
11	ering injury and disease arising out of and in
12	the course of the worker's employment which
13	will provide benefits at least equal to those pro-
14	vided under the State's workers' compensation
15	law for comparable employment.
16	"(H) EMPLOYMENT OF UNITED STATES
17	WORKERS.—
18	"(i) Recruitment.—The employer
19	has taken or will take the following steps
20	to recruit United States workers for the
21	job opportunities for which the H-2A non-
22	immigrant is, or H–2A nonimmigrants are,
23	sought:
24	"(I) Contacting former
25	WORKERS.—The employer shall make

1 reasonable efforts through the sending 2 of a letter by United States Postal 3 Service mail, or otherwise, to contact any United States worker the employer employed during the previous 6 season in the occupation at the place 7 of intended employment for which the employer is applying for workers and 8 9 has made the availability of the em-10 ployer's job opportunities in the occu-11 pation at the place of intended em-12 ployment known to such previous 13 workers, unless the worker was termi-14 nated from employment by the em-15 ployer for a lawful job-related reason 16 or abandoned the job before the work-17 er completed the period of employ-18 ment of the job opportunity for which 19 the worker was hired. 20 "(II) FILING A JOB OFFER WITH 21 THE LOCAL OFFICE OF THE STATE 22 EMPLOYMENT SECURITY AGENCY.— 23 Not later than 28 days prior to the 24 date on which the employer desires to

employ an H-2A worker in a tem-

1 porary or seasonal agricultural job op-2 portunity, the employer shall submit a 3 copy of the job offer described in subsection (a)(2) to the local office of the 5 employment security agency 6 which serves the area of intended em-7 ployment and authorize the posting of 8 the job opportunity on 'America's Job 9 Bank' or other electronic job registry, 10 except that nothing in this subclause 11 shall require the employer to file an 12 interstate job order under section 653 13 of title 20, Code of Federal Regula-14 tions. 15 "(III) Advertising of Job op-PORTUNITIES.—Not later than 16 14 17 days prior to the date on which the 18 employer desires to employ an H-2A 19 worker in a temporary or seasonal ag-20 ricultural job opportunity, the em-21 ployer shall advertise the availability

of the job opportunities for which the

employer is seeking workers in a pub-

lication in the local labor market that

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1	is likely to be patronized by potential
2	farm workers.
3	"(IV) EMERGENCY PROCE-
4	DURES.—The Secretary shall, by reg-
5	ulation, provide a procedure for ac-
6	ceptance and approval of applications
7	in which the employer has not com-
8	plied with the provisions of this sub-
9	paragraph because the employer's
10	need for H–2A workers could not rea-
11	sonably have been foreseen.
12	"(ii) Job offers.—The employer has
13	offered or will offer the job to any eligible
14	United States worker who applies and is
15	equally or better qualified for the job for
16	which the nonimmigrant is, or non-
17	immigrants are, sought and who will be
18	available at the time and place of need.
19	"(iii) Period of Employment.—The
20	employer will provide employment to any
21	qualified United States worker who applies
22	to the employer during the period begin-
23	ning on the date on which the foreign
24	worker departs for the employer's place of
25	employment and ending on the date on

1	which 50 percent of the period of employ-
2	ment for which the foreign worker who is
3	in the job was hired has elapsed, subject
4	to the following requirements:
5	"(I) Prohibition.—No person
6	or entity shall willfully and knowingly
7	withhold United States workers prior
8	to the arrival of H-2A workers in
9	order to force the hiring of United
10	States workers under this clause.
11	"(II) COMPLAINTS.—Upon re-
12	ceipt of a complaint by an employer
13	that a violation of subclause (I) has
14	occurred, the Secretary shall imme-
15	diately investigate. The Secretary
16	shall, within 36 hours of the receipt of
17	the complaint, issue findings con-
18	cerning the alleged violation. If the
19	Secretary finds that a violation has
20	occurred, the Secretary shall imme-
21	diately suspend the application of this
22	clause with respect to that certifi-
23	cation for that date of need.
24	"(III) PLACEMENT OF UNITED
25	STATES WORKERS.—Prior to referring

1 a United States worker to an em-2 ployer during the period described in the matter preceding subclause (I), 3 the Secretary shall make all reason-5 able efforts to place the United States 6 worker in an open job acceptable to 7 the worker, if there are other job of-8 fers pending with the job service that 9 offer similar job opportunities in the 10 area of intended employment. 11 "(iv) Statutory construction.— 12 Nothing in this subparagraph shall be con-13 strued to prohibit an employer from using 14 such legitimate selection criteria relevant 15 to the type of job that are normal or cus-16 tomary to the type of job involved so long 17 as such criteria are not applied in a dis-18 criminatory manner. 19 "(c) Applications by Associations on Behalf 20 OF EMPLOYER MEMBERS.— 21 "(1) IN GENERAL.—An agricultural association 22 may file an application under subsection (a) on be-23 half of one or more of its employer members that

the association certifies in its application has or have

agreed in writing to comply with the requirements of this section and sections 218A through 218C.

"(2) Treatment of association filing an application under paragraph (1) is a joint or sole employer of the temporary or seasonal agricultural workers requested on the application, the certifications granted under subsection (e)(2)(B) to the association may be used for the certified job opportunities of any of its producer members named on the application, and such workers may be transferred among such producer members to perform the agricultural services of a temporary or seasonal nature for which the certifications were granted.

## "(d) WITHDRAWAL OF APPLICATIONS.—

"(1) In General.—An employer may withdraw an application under subsection (a), except that if the employer is an agricultural association, the association may withdraw an application under subsection (a) with respect to one or more of its members. To withdraw an application, the employer or association shall notify the Secretary in writing, and the Secretary shall acknowledge in writing the receipt of such withdrawal notice. An employer who withdraws an application under subsection (a), or on

- whose behalf an application is withdrawn, is relieved of the obligations undertaken in the application.
- "(2) LIMITATION.—An application may not be withdrawn while any alien provided status under section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) pursuant to such application is employed by the employer.
  - "(3) Obligations under other statutes.—
    Any obligation incurred by an employer under any other law or regulation as a result of the recruitment of United States workers or H–2A workers under an offer of terms and conditions of employment required as a result of making an application under subsection (a) is unaffected by withdrawal of such application.

# "(e) REVIEW AND APPROVAL OF APPLICATIONS.—

"(1) Responsibility of employers.—The employer shall make available for public examination, within 1 working day after the date on which an application under subsection (a) is filed, at the employer's principal place of business or work site, a copy of each such application (and such accompanying documents as are necessary).

### "(2) Responsibility of the secretary.—

24 "(A) COMPILATION OF LIST.—The Sec-25 retary shall compile, on a current basis, a list

1 (by employer and by occupational classification)
2 of the applications filed under this subsection.
3 Such list shall include the wage rate, number
4 of workers sought, period of intended employ5 ment, and date of need. The Secretary shall
6 make such list available for examination in the
7 District of Columbia.

"(B) Review of applications.—The Secretary shall review such an application only for completeness and obvious inaccuracies. Unless the Secretary finds that the application is incomplete or obviously inaccurate, the Secretary shall certify that the intending employer has filed with the Secretary an application as described in subsection (a). Such certification shall be provided within 7 days of the filing of the application.

18 "H-2A EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS

"Sec. 218A. (a) Preferential Treatment of Aliens Prohibited.—Employers seeking to hire United States workers shall offer the United States workers no less than the same benefits, wages, and working conditions that the employer is offering, intends to offer, or will provide to H–2A workers. Conversely, no job offer may impose on United States workers any restrictions or obliga-

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1	tions which will not be imposed on the employer's H–2A
2	workers.
3	"(b) Minimum Benefits, Wages, and Working
4	CONDITIONS.—Except in cases where higher benefits,
5	wages, or working conditions are required by the provi-
6	sions of subsection (a), in order to protect similarly em-
7	ployed United States workers from adverse effects with
8	respect to benefits, wages, and working conditions, every
9	job offer which must accompany an application under sec-
10	tion 218 shall include each of the following benefit, wage,
11	and working condition provisions:
12	"(1) Requirement to provide housing or a
13	HOUSING ALLOWANCE.—
14	"(A) IN GENERAL.—An employer applying
15	under section 218(a) for H–2A workers shall
16	offer to provide housing at no cost to all work-
17	ers in job opportunities for which the employer
18	has applied under that section and to all other
19	workers in the same occupation at the place of
20	employment, whose place of residence is beyond
21	normal commuting distance.
22	"(B) Type of housing.—In complying
23	with subparagraph (A), an employer may, at
24	the employer's election, provide housing that
25	meets applicable Federal standards for tem-

porary labor camps or secure housing that meets applicable local standards for rental or public accommodation housing or other substantially similar class of habitation, or in the absence of applicable local standards, State standards for rental or public accommodation housing or other substantially similar class of habitation. In the absence of applicable local or State standards, Federal temporary labor camp standards shall apply.

- "(C) Family Housing.—When it is the prevailing practice in the area and occupation of intended employment to provide family housing, family housing shall be provided to workers with families who request it.
- "(D) Workers engaged in the range Production of Livestock.—The Occupational Safety and Health Administration shall issue regulations that address the specific requirements for the provision of housing to workers engaged in the range production of livestock.
- "(E) LIMITATION.—Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to require an employer to provide or secure housing for persons who

were not entitled to such housing under the temporary labor certification regulations in effect on June 1, 1986.

### "(F) Charges for housing.—

"(i) Charges for public housing provided for migrant agricultural workers under the auspices of a local, county, or State government is secured by an employer, and use of the public housing unit normally requires charges from migrant workers, such charges shall be paid by the employer directly to the appropriate individual or entity affiliated with the housing's management.

"(ii) Deposit charges.—Charges in the form of deposits for bedding or other similar incidentals related to housing shall not be levied upon workers by employers who provide housing for their workers. However, an employer may require a worker found to have been responsible for damage to such housing which is not the result of normal wear and tear related to habi-

1	tation to reimburse the employer for the
2	reasonable cost of repair of such damage.
3	"(G) Housing allowance as alter-
4	NATIVE.—

NATIVE.—

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"(i) In general.—In lieu of offering housing pursuant to subparagraph (A), the employer may provide a reasonable housing allowance, but only if the requirement of clause (ii) is satisfied. Upon the request of a worker seeking assistance in locating housing, the employer shall make a good faith effort to assist the worker in identifying and locating housing in the area of intended employment. An employer who offers a housing allowance to a worker, or assists a worker in locating housing which the worker occupies, pursuant to this clause shall not be deemed a housing provider under section 203 of the Migrant and Seasonal Agricultural Worker Protection Act (29 U.S.C. 1823) solely by virtue of providing such housing allowance. However, no housing allowance may be used for housing which is owned or controlled by the employer.

"(ii) CERTIFICATION.—The requirement of this clause is satisfied if the Governor of the State certifies to the Secretary that there is adequate housing available in the area of intended employment for migrant farm workers, and H–2A workers, who are seeking temporary housing while employed at farm work. Such certification shall expire after 3 years unless renewed by the Governor of the State.

### "(iii) Amount of allowance.—

"(I) Nonmetropolitan counties.—If the place of employment of the workers provided an allowance under this subparagraph is a nonmetropolitan county, the amount of the housing allowance under this subparagraph shall be equal to the statewide average fair market rental for existing housing for nonmetropolitan counties for the State, as established by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development pursuant to section 8(c) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f(c)),

1	based on a 2-bedroom dwelling unit
2	and an assumption of 2 persons per
3	bedroom.
4	"(II) METROPOLITAN COUN-
5	TIES.—If the place of employment of
6	the workers provided an allowance
7	under this paragraph is in a metro-
8	politan county, the amount of the
9	housing allowance under this subpara-
10	graph shall be equal to the statewide
11	average fair market rental for existing
12	housing for metropolitan counties for
13	the State, as established by the Sec-
14	retary of Housing and Urban Devel-
15	opment pursuant to section 8(c) of
16	the United States Housing Act of
17	1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f(c)), based or
18	a 2-bedroom dwelling unit and an as-
19	sumption of 2 persons per bedroom.
20	"(2) Reimbursement of transportation.—
21	"(A) TO PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT.—A
22	worker who completes 50 percent of the period
23	of employment of the job opportunity for which
24	the worker was hired shall be reimbursed by the

employer for the cost of the worker's transpor-

tation and subsistence from the place from which the worker came to work for the employer (or place of last employment, if the worker traveled from such place) to the place of employment.

"(B) From place of employment.—A worker who completes the period of employment for the job opportunity involved shall be reimbursed by the employer for the cost of the worker's transportation and subsistence from the place of employment to the place from which the worker, disregarding intervening employment, came to work for the employer, or to the place of next employment, if the worker has contracted with a subsequent employer who has not agreed to provide or pay for the worker's transportation and subsistence to such subsequent employer's place of employment.

### "(C) LIMITATION.—

"(i) Amount of Reimbursement.— Except as provided in clause (ii), the amount of reimbursement provided under subparagraph (A) or (B) to a worker or alien shall not exceed the lesser of—

1	"(I) the actual cost to the worker
2	or alien of the transportation and sub-
3	sistence involved; or
4	"(II) the most economical and
5	reasonable common carrier transpor-
6	tation charges and subsistence costs
7	for the distance involved.
8	"(ii) DISTANCE TRAVELED.—No reim-
9	bursement under subparagraph (A) or (B)
10	shall be required if the distance traveled is
11	100 miles or less, or the worker is not re-
12	siding in employer-provided housing or
13	housing secured through an allowance as
14	provided in paragraph (1)(G).
15	"(D) EARLY TERMINATION.—If the worker
16	is laid off or employment is terminated for con-
17	tract impossibility (as described in paragraph
18	(4)(D)) before the anticipated ending date of
19	employment, the employer shall provide the
20	transportation and subsistence required by sub-
21	paragraph (B) and, notwithstanding whether
22	the worker has completed 50 percent of the pe-
23	riod of employment, shall provide the transpor-
24	tation reimbursement required by subparagraph
25	(A).

"(E) Transportation between Living Quarters and work site.—The employer shall provide transportation between the worker's living quarters (i.e., housing provided by the employer pursuant to paragraph (1), including housing provided through a housing allowance) and the employer's work site without cost to the worker, and such transportation will be in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

### "(3) Required wages.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—An employer applying for workers under section 218(a) shall offer to pay, and shall pay, all workers in the occupation for which the employer has applied for workers, not less (and is not required to pay more) than the greater of the prevailing wage in the occupation in the area of intended employment or the adverse effect wage rate. No worker shall be paid less than the greater of the hourly wage prescribed under section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 206(a)(1)) or the applicable State minimum wage.

1	"(B) Deductions.—The employer shall
2	make only those deductions from the worker's
3	paycheck which are authorized by law or are
4	reasonable and customary in the occupation and
5	area of employment. The job offer shall specify
6	all deductions not required by law which the
7	employer will make from the worker's paycheck.
8	"(C) Report on wage protections.—
9	Not later than January 1, 2004, the Resources,
10	Community and Economic Development Divi-
11	sion, and the Health, Education and Human
12	Services Division, of the General Accounting
13	Office shall jointly prepare and transmit to the
14	Secretary of Labor and to the Committee on
15	the Judiciary of the House of Representatives
16	and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Sen-
17	ate a report which shall address—
18	"(i) whether the adverse effect wage
19	rate is effective in preventing the wages of
20	United States farm workers from being de-
21	pressed in occupations in which H–2A
22	workers are employed;
23	"(ii) whether alternative wage protec-
24	tions, such as a prevailing wage standard,

1	are sufficient to prevent such wage depres-
2	sion;
3	"(iii) whether any changes are war-
4	ranted in the current methodologies for
5	calculating the adverse effect wage rate
6	and the prevailing wage; and
7	"(iv) recommendations for future
8	wage protections under the this section.
9	"(D) Commission on wage stand-
10	ARDS.—
11	"(i) Establishment.—There is es-
12	tablished the Commission on Agricultural
13	Wage Standards under the H–2A program
14	(in this subparagraph referred to as the
15	'Commission').
16	"(ii) Composition.—The Commission
17	shall consist of 10 members as follows:
18	"(I) 4 representatives of agricul-
19	tural employers and 1 representative
20	of the Department of Agriculture,
21	each appointed by the Secretary of
22	Agriculture.
23	"(II) 4 representatives of agricul-
24	tural workers and 1 representative of

1	the Department of Labor, each ap-
2	pointed by the Secretary of Labor.
3	"(iii) Functions.—The Commission
4	shall conduct a study that shall address—
5	"(I) whether the adverse effect
6	wage rate is effective in preventing
7	the wages of United States farm
8	workers from being depressed in occu-
9	pations in which H-2A workers are
10	employed;
11	"(II) whether alternative wage
12	protections, such as a prevailing wage
13	standard, are sufficient to prevent
14	such wage depression;
15	"(III) whether any changes are
16	warranted in the current methodolo-
17	gies for calculating the adverse effect
18	wage rate and the prevailing wage;
19	and
20	"(IV) recommendations to raise
21	farm workers earnings and to reduce
22	farm worker poverty while ensuring a
23	profitable, efficient, labor-intensive ag-
24	ricultural sector with a minimum of
25	governmental intervention.

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"(iv) Final Report.—Not later than January 1, 2004, the Commission shall submit a report to the Congress setting forth the findings of the study conducted under clause (iii).

"(v) TERMINATION DATE.—The Commission shall terminate upon submitting its final report.

### "(4) Guarantee of employment.—

"(A) Offer to Worker.—The employer shall guarantee to offer the worker employment for the hourly equivalent of at least threefourths of the work days of the total period of employment, beginning with the first work day after the arrival of the worker at the place of employment and ending on the expiration date specified in the job offer. For purposes of this subparagraph, the hourly equivalent means eight hours times the number of work days as stated in the job offer and shall exclude the worker's Sabbath and Federal holidays. If the employer affords the United States or H-2A worker less employment than that required under this paragraph, the employer shall pay such worker the amount which the worker

would have earned had the worker, in fact,worked for the guaranteed number of hours.

- "(B) Failure to work.—Any hours which the worker fails to work, up to a maximum of eight hours on a work day, when the worker has been offered an opportunity to do so, and all hours of work actually performed (including voluntary work in excess of eight hours on a work day, on the worker's Sabbath, or on Federal holidays) may be counted by the employer in calculating whether the period of guaranteed employment has been met.
- "(C) Abandonment of employment, Termination for cause.—If the worker voluntarily abandons employment before the end of the contract period, or is terminated for cause, the worker is not entitled to the 'threefourths guarantee' described in subparagraph (A).
- "(D) CONTRACT IMPOSSIBILITY.—If, before the expiration of the period of employment specified in the job offer, the services of the worker are no longer required for reasons beyond the control of the employer due to any form of natural disaster, including but not lim-

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1 ited to a flood, hurricane, freeze, earthquake, 2 fire, drought, plant or animal disease or pest in-3 festation, or regulatory drought, before the 4 guarantee in subparagraph (A) is fulfilled, the 5 employer may terminate the worker's employ-6 ment. In the event of such termination, the em-7 ployer shall fulfill the employment guarantee in 8 subparagraph (A) for the work days that have 9 elapsed from the first work day after the arrival 10 of the worker to the termination of employ-11 ment. In such cases, the employer will make ef-12 forts to transfer the United States worker to 13 other comparable employment acceptable to the 14 worker. If such transfer is not effected, the em-15 ployer shall provide the return transportation 16 required in paragraph (2)(D).

"(c) Compliance With Labor Laws.—An em18 ployer shall assure that, except as otherwise provided in
19 this section the employer will comply with all applicable
20 Federal, State, and local labor laws, including laws affect21 ing migrant and seasonal agricultural workers, with re22 spect to all United States workers and alien workers em23 ployed by the employer, except that a violation of this sub24 section shall not constitute a violation of the Migrant and

- 1 Seasonal Agricultural Worker Protection Act (29 U.S.C.
- 2 1801 et seq.).
- 3 "(d) Disclosure of Terms and Conditions of
- 4 EMPLOYMENT.—With respect to H-2A aliens recruited
- 5 from outside the United States, the disclosure required
- 6 under section 201(c) of the Migrant and Seasonal Agricul-
- 7 tural Worker Protection Act (29 U.S.C. 1821(c)) may be
- 8 made at any time prior to the time the alien is issued a
- 9 visa permitting entry into the United States, except that
- 10 if a fee is paid by the alien to a person who has been
- 11 authorized by the employer or an association of employers
- 12 to recruit aliens on behalf of the employer for employment
- 13 as an H–2A worker, the disclosure shall be made not later
- 14 than the time such fee is paid to such person.
- 15 "PROCEDURE FOR ADMISSION AND EXTENSION OF STAY
- 16 OF H-2A WORKERS
- 17 "Sec. 218B. (a) Petitioning for Admission.—An
- 18 employer, or an association acting as an agent or joint
- 19 employer for its members, that seeks the admission into
- 20 the United States of an H-2A worker may file a petition
- 21 with the Attorney General. The petition shall be accom-
- 22 panied by an accepted and currently valid certification
- 23 provided by the Secretary under section 218(e)(2)(B) cov-
- 24 ering the petitioner.
- 25 "(b) Expedited Adjudication by the Attorney
- 26 General shall establish a proce-

1	dure for expedited adjudication of petitions filed under
2	subsection (a) and within 7 working days shall, by fax
3	cable, or other means assuring expedited delivery, trans-
4	mit a copy of notice of action on the petition to the peti-
5	tioner and, in the case of approved petitions, to the appro-
6	priate immigration officer at the port of entry or United
7	States consulate (as the case may be) where the petitioner
8	has indicated that the alien beneficiary (or beneficiaries)
9	will apply for a visa or admission to the United States.
10	"(c) Criteria for Admissibility.—
11	"(1) IN GENERAL.—An H–2A worker shall be
12	considered admissible to the United States if the
13	alien is otherwise admissible under this section, sec-
14	tion 218, and section 218A, and the alien is not in-
15	eligible under paragraph (2).
16	"(2) DISQUALIFICATION.—An alien shall be
17	considered inadmissible to the United States and in-
18	eligible for nonimmigrant status under section
19	101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) if the alien has, at any time
20	during the past 5 years—
21	"(A) violated a material provision of this
22	section, including the requirement to promptly
23	depart the United States when the alien's au-
24	thorized period of admission under this section
25	has expired; or

1	"(B) otherwise violated a term or condition
2	of admission into the United States as a non-
3	immigrant, including overstaying the period of
4	authorized admission as such a nonimmigrant.
5	"(3) Waiver of ineligibility for unlaw-
6	FUL PRESENCE.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—An alien who has not
8	previously been admitted into the United States
9	pursuant to this section, and who is otherwise
10	eligible for admission in accordance with para-
11	graphs (1) and (2), shall not be deemed inad-
12	missible by virtue of section 212(a)(9)(B). If an
13	alien described in the preceding sentence is
14	present in the United States, the alien may
15	apply from abroad for H–2A worker status, but
16	may not be granted that status by adjustment
17	in the United States.
18	"(B) Maintenance of Waiver.—An
19	alien provided an initial waiver of ineligibility
20	pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall remain eli-
21	gible for such waiver unless the alien violates
22	the terms of this section or again becomes ineli-
23	gible under section 212(a)(9)(B) by virtue of

unlawful presence in the United States after

1 the date of the initial waiver of ineligibility pur-2 suant to subparagraph (A). 3 "(d) Period of Admission.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—The alien shall be admitted 4 5 for the period of employment in the application, cer-6 bv the Secretary pursuant section 7 218(e)(2)(B), not to exceed 10 months, supple-8 mented by a period of up to 1 week before the begin-9 ning of the period of employment (to be granted for 10 the purpose of travel to the work site) and a period 11 of 14 days following the period of employment (to be 12 granted for the purpose of departure or extension 13 based on a subsequent offer of employment), except 14 that— "(A) the alien is not authorized to be em-15 16 ployed during such 14-day period except in the 17 employment for which the alien was previously 18 authorized; and 19 "(B) the total period of employment, in-20 cluding such 14-day period, may not exceed 10 21 months. 22 "(2) Construction.—Nothing in this sub-23 section shall limit the Attorney General's authority 24 to extend the stay of the alien under any other pro-25 vision of this Act.

- "(e) ABANDONMENT OF EMPLOYMENT.—
   "(1) IN GENERAL.—An alien admitted or pro-
- vided status under section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) who abandons the employment which was the basis for such admission or status shall be considered to have failed to maintain nonimmigrant status as an H-2A worker and shall depart the United States or be subject to removal under section 237(a)(1)(C)(i).
  - "(2) Report by employer.—The employer (or association acting as agent for the employer) shall notify the Attorney General within 7 days of an H-2A worker's having prematurely abandoned employment.
  - "(3) Removal by the attorney general.—
    The Attorney General shall promptly remove from the United States any H–2A worker who violates any term or condition of the worker's nonimmigrant status.
  - "(4) Voluntary termination.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), an alien may voluntarily terminate his or her employment if the alien promptly departs the United States upon termination of such employment.
- 24 "(f) Replacement of Alien.—

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1	"(1) In general.—Upon presentation of the
2	notice to the Attorney General required by sub-
3	section (e)(2), the Secretary of State shall promptly
4	issue a visa to, and the Attorney General shall admit
5	into the United States, an eligible alien designated
6	by the employer to replace an H–2A worker—
7	"(A) who abandons or prematurely termi-
8	nates employment; or
9	"(B) whose employment is terminated
10	after a United States worker is employed pur-
11	suant to section 218(b)(2)(H)(iii), if the United
12	States worker voluntarily departs before the
13	end of the period of intended employment or if
14	the employment termination is for a lawful job-
15	related reason.
16	"(2) Construction.—Nothing in this sub-
17	section is intended to limit any preference required
18	to be accorded United States workers under any
19	other provision of this Act.
20	"(g) Identification Document.—
21	"(1) In general.—Each alien authorized to be
22	admitted under section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) shall,

upon receipt of a visa, be given an identification and

employment eligibility document to verify eligibility

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1	for employment in the United States and verify such
2	person's proper identity.
3	"(2) Requirements.—No identification and
4	employment eligibility document may be issued
5	which does not meet the following requirements:
6	"(A) The document shall be capable of re-
7	liably determining whether—
8	"(i) the individual with the identifica-
9	tion and employment eligibility document
10	whose eligibility is being verified is in fact
11	eligible for employment;
12	"(ii) the individual whose eligibility is
13	being verified is claiming the identity of
14	another person; and
15	"(iii) the individual whose eligibility is
16	being verified is authorized to be admitted
17	into, and employed in, the United States
18	as an H–2A worker.
19	"(B) The document shall be in a form that
20	is resistant to counterfeiting and to tampering.
21	"(C) The document shall—
22	"(i) be compatible with other data-
23	bases of the Attorney General for the pur-
24	pose of excluding aliens from benefits for
25	which they are not eligible and determining

1	whether the alien is unlawfully present in
2	the United States; and
3	"(ii) be compatible with law enforce-
4	ment databases to determine if the alien
5	has been convicted of criminal offenses.
6	"(h) Extension of Stay of H–2A Aliens in the
7	United States.—
8	"(1) Extension of stay.—If an employer
9	seeks approval to employ an H–2A alien who is law-
10	fully present in the United States, the petition filed
11	by the employer or an association pursuant to sub-
12	section (a), shall request an extension of the alien's
13	stay and a change in the alien's employment.
14	"(2) Limitation on filing a petition for
15	EXTENSION OF STAY.—A petition may not be filed
16	for an extension of an alien's stay—
17	"(A) for a period of more than 10 months;
18	or
19	"(B) to a date that is more than 3 years
20	after the date of the alien's last admission to
21	the United States under this section.
22	"(3) Work authorization upon filing a
23	PETITION FOR EXTENSION OF STAY.—In the case of
24	an alien who is lawfully present in the United
25	States, the alien is authorized to commence the em-

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ployment described in a petition under paragraph (1) on the date on which the petition is filed. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term 'file' means sending the petition by certified mail via the United States Postal Service, return receipt requested, or delivered by guaranteed commercial delivery which will provide the employer with a documented acknowledgment of the date of sending the receipt of the petition. The employer shall provide a copy of the employer's petition to the alien, who shall keep the petition with the alien's identification and employment eligibility document as evidence that the petition has been filed and that the alien is authorized to work in the United States. Upon approval of a petition for an extension of stay or change in the alien's authorized employment, the Attorney General shall provide a new or updated employment eligibility document to the alien indicating the new validity date, after which the alien is not required to retain a copy of the petition.

"(4) LIMITATION ON EMPLOYMENT AUTHORIZA-TION OF ALIENS WITHOUT VALID IDENTIFICATION AND EMPLOYMENT ELIGIBILITY DOCUMENT.—An expired identification and employment eligibility document, together with a copy of an petition for exten-

1	sion of stay or change in the alien's authorized em-
2	ployment that complies with the requirements of
3	paragraph (1), shall constitute a valid work author-
4	ization document for a period of not more than 60
5	days beginning on the date on which such petition
6	is filed, after which time only a currently valid iden-
7	tification and employment eligibility document shall
8	be acceptable.
9	"(5) Limitation on an individual's stay in
10	STATUS.—
11	"(A) MAXIMUM PERIOD.—The maximum
12	continuous period of authorized status as an
13	H-2A worker (including any extensions) is 3
14	years.
15	"(B) Requirement to remain outside
16	UNITED STATES.—
17	"(i) In general.—Subject to clause
18	(ii), in the case of an alien outside the
19	United States whose period of authorized
20	status as an H-2A worker (including any
21	extensions) has expired, the alien may not
22	again apply for admission to the United
23	States as an H–2A worker unless the alien
24	has remained outside the United States for

a continuous period equal to at least  $^{1\!/_{\!5}}$ 

1	the duration of the alien's previous period
2	of authorized status as an H-2A worker
3	(including any extensions).
4	"(ii) Exception.—Clause (i) shall
5	not apply in the case of an alien if the
6	alien's period of authorized status as an
7	H-2A worker (including any extensions)
8	was for a period of not more than 10
9	months and such alien has been outside
10	the United States for at least 2 months
11	during the 12 months preceding the date
12	the alien again is applying for admission to
13	the United States as an H–2A worker.
14	"(i) Special Rules for Aliens Employed as
15	Sheepherders.—Notwithstanding any other provision
16	of this section, aliens admitted under section
17	101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) for employment as sheepherders—
18	"(1) may be admitted for a period of 12
19	months;
20	"(2) may be extended for a continuous period
21	of up to 3 years; and
22	"(3) shall not be subject to the requirements of
23	subsection (h)(5) relating to periods of absence from
24	the United States.

1	"WORKER PROTECTIONS AND LABOR STANDARDS
2	ENFORCEMENT
3	"Sec. 218C. (a) Enforcement Authority.—
4	"(1) Investigation of complaints.—
5	"(A) AGGRIEVED PERSON OR THIRD-PARTY
6	COMPLAINTS.—The Secretary shall establish a
7	process for the receipt, investigation, and dis-
8	position of complaints respecting a petitioner's
9	failure to meet a condition specified in section
10	218(b), or an employer's misrepresentation of
11	material facts in an application under section
12	218(a). Complaints may be filed by any ag-
13	grieved person or organization (including bar-
14	gaining representatives). No investigation or
15	hearing shall be conducted on a complaint con-
16	cerning such a failure or misrepresentation un-
17	less the complaint was filed not later than 12
18	months after the date of the failure, or mis-
19	representation, respectively. The Secretary shall
20	conduct an investigation under this subpara-
21	graph if there is reasonable cause to believe
22	that such a failure or misrepresentation has oc-
23	curred.
24	"(B) DETERMINATION ON COMPLAINT.—
25	Under such process, the Secretary shall provide,

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within 30 days after the date such a complaint is filed, for a determination as to whether or not a reasonable basis exists to make a finding described in subparagraph (C), (D), (E), or (F). If the Secretary determines that such a reasonable basis exists, the Secretary shall provide for notice of such determination to the interested parties and an opportunity for a hearing on the complaint, in accordance with section 556 of title 5, United States Code, within 60 days after the date of the determination. If such a hearing is requested, the Secretary shall make a finding concerning the matter not later than 60 days after the date of the hearing. In the case of similar complaints respecting the same applicant, the Secretary may consolidate the hearings under this subparagraph on such complaints.

"(C) Failures to meet conditions.—If the Secretary finds, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, a failure to meet a condition of paragraph (1)(A), (1)(B), (1)(D), (1)(F), (2)(A), (2)(B), or (2)(G) of section 218(b), a substantial failure to meet a condition of paragraph (1)(C) or (E), or paragraph

1	(2)(C), (2)(D), (2)(E), or (2)(H) of section
2	218(b), or a material misrepresentation of fact
3	in an application under section 218(a)—
4	"(i) the Secretary shall notify the At-
5	torney General of such finding and may, in
6	addition, impose such other administrative
7	remedies (including civil money penalties in
8	an amount not to exceed \$1,000 per viola-
9	tion) as the Secretary determines to be ap-
10	propriate; and
11	"(ii) the Attorney General may dis-
12	qualify the employer from the employment
13	of aliens described in section
14	101(A)(15)(H)(ii)(a) for a period of 1
15	year.
16	"(D) WILLFUL FAILURES AND WILLFUL
17	MISREPRESENTATIONS.—If the Secretary finds,
18	after notice and opportunity for hearing, a will-
19	ful failure to meet a condition of section 218(b),
20	a willful misrepresentation of a material fact in
21	an application under section 218(a), or a viola-
22	tion of subsection (b)—
23	"(i) the Secretary shall notify the At-
24	torney General of such finding and may, in
25	addition, impose such other administrative

1	remedies (including civil money penalties in
2	an amount not to exceed \$5,000 per viola-
3	tion) as the Secretary determines to be ap-
4	propriate; and
5	"(ii) the Attorney General may dis-
6	qualify the employer from the employment
7	of H–2A workers for a period of 2 years.
8	"(E) DISPLACEMENT OF UNITED STATES
9	WORKERS.—If the Secretary finds, after notice
10	and opportunity for hearing, a willful failure to
11	meet a condition of section 218(b) or a willful
12	misrepresentation of a material fact in an appli-
13	cation under section 218(a), in the course of
14	which failure or misrepresentation the employer
15	displaced a United States worker employed by
16	the employer during the period of employment
17	on the employer's application under section
18	218(a) or during the period of 30 days pre-
19	ceding such period of employment—
20	"(i) the Secretary shall notify the At-
21	torney General of such finding and may, in
22	addition, impose such other administrative
23	remedies (including civil money penalties in
24	an amount not to exceed \$15,000 per vio-

1	lation) as the Secretary determines to be
2	appropriate; and
3	"(ii) the Attorney General may dis-

- "(ii) the Attorney General may disqualify the employer from the employment of H-2A workers for a period of 3 years.
- "(F) LIMITATIONS ON CIVIL MONEY PEN-ALTIES.—The Secretary shall not impose total civil money penalties with respect to an application under section 218(a) in excess of \$90,000.
- "(G) Failures to pay wages or re-QUIRED BENEFITS.—If the Secretary finds, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, that the employer has failed to pay the wages, or provide the housing allowance, transportation, subsistence reimbursement, or guarantee of employment, required under section 218A(b), the Secretary shall assess payment of back wages, or other required benefits, due any United States worker or H-2A worker employed by the employer in the specific employment in question. The back wages or other required benefits under section 218A(b) shall be equal to the difference between the amount that should have been paid and the amount that actually was paid to such worker.

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- 1 "(2) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in 2 this section shall be construed as limiting the au-3 thority of the Secretary to conduct any compliance 4 investigation under any other labor law, including 5 any law affecting migrant and seasonal agricultural 6 workers, or, in the absence of a complaint under this 7 section, under section 218 or 218A.
- 8 "(b) Discrimination Prohibited.—It is a violation of this subsection for an employer who has filed an appli-10 cation under section 218(a), to intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, discharge, or in any other manner 11 12 discriminate against an employee (which term, for pur-13 poses of this subsection, includes a former employee and an applicant for employment) because the employee has 14 15 disclosed information to the employer, or to any other person, that the employee reasonably believes evidences a vio-16 lation of section 218 or 218A or any rule or regulation pertaining to section 218 or 218A, or because the em-18 19 ployee cooperates or seeks to cooperate in an investigation or other proceeding concerning the employer's compliance 21 with the requirements of section 218 or 218A or any rule 22 or regulation pertaining to either of such sections.
- 23 "(c) AUTHORIZATION TO SEEK OTHER APPRO-24 PRIATE EMPLOYMENT.—The Secretary and the Attorney 25 General shall establish a process under which an H–2A

- 1 worker who files a complaint regarding a violation of sub-
- 2 section (b) and is otherwise eligible to remain and work
- 3 in the United States may be allowed to seek other appro-
- 4 priate employment in the United States for a period not
- 5 to exceed the maximum period of stay authorized for such
- 6 nonimmigrant classification.
- 7 "(d) Role of Associations.—
- "(1) VIOLATION BY A MEMBER OF AN ASSOCIA-8 9 TION.—An employer on whose behalf an application 10 is filed by an association acting as its agent is fully 11 responsible for such application, and for complying 12 with the terms and conditions of sections 218 and 13 218A, as though the employer had filed the applica-14 tion itself. If such an employer is determined, under 15 this section, to have committed a violation, the pen-16 alty for such violation shall apply only to that mem-17 ber of the association unless the Secretary deter-18 mines that the association or other member partici-19 pated in, had knowledge, or reason to know, of the 20 violation, in which case the penalty shall be invoked 21 against the association or other association member 22 as well.
  - "(2) VIOLATIONS BY AN ASSOCIATION ACTING AS AN EMPLOYER.—If an association filing an application as a sole or joint employer is determined to

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have committed a violation under this section, the penalty for such violation shall apply only to the association unless the Secretary determines that an association member or members participated in or had knowledge, or reason to know, of the violation, in which case the penalty shall be invoked against the association member or members as well.

8 "DEFINITIONS

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9 "Sec. 218D. For purposes of sections 218 through 10 218C:

"(1) ADVERSE AFFECT WAGE RATE.—The term 'adverse effect wage rate' means the annual weighted average hourly wage rate of earnings for field and livestock workers (combined) for the State (or region that includes the State) as published annually by the Department of Agriculture based on the Department's quarterly wage survey.

"(2) AGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT.—The term 'agricultural employment' means any service or activity that is considered to be agricultural under section 3(f) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203(f)) or agricultural labor under section 3121(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 3121(g)). For purposes of this paragraph, agricultural employment includes employment under section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a).

- "(3) Bona fide union.—The term 'bona fide union' means any organization in which employees participate and which exists for the purpose of deal-ing with employers concerning grievances, labor dis-putes, wages, rates of pay, hours of employment, or other terms and conditions of work for agricultural employees. Such term does not include an organiza-tion formed, created, administered, supported, domi-nated, financed, or controlled by an employer or em-ployer association or its agents or representatives.
  - "(4) DISPLACE.—In the case of an application with respect to one or more H–2A workers by an employer, the employer is considered to 'displace' a United States worker from a job if the employer lays off the worker from a job for which the H–2A worker or workers is or are sought.
  - "(5) ELIGIBLE.—The term 'eligible', when used with respect to an individual, means an individual who is not an unauthorized alien (as defined in section 274A(h)(3)).
  - "(6) EMPLOYER.—The term 'employer' means any person or entity, including any farm labor contractor and any agricultural association, that employs workers in agricultural employment.

1	"(7) H–2A EMPLOYER.—The term 'H–2A em-
2	ployer' means an employer who seeks to hire one or
3	more nonimmigrant aliens described in section
4	101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a).
5	"(8) H–2A WORKER.—The term 'H–2A worker'
6	means a nonimmigrant described in section
7	101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a).
8	"(9) Job opportunity.—The term 'job oppor-
9	tunity' means a job opening for temporary full-time
10	employment at a place in the United States to which
11	United States workers can be referred.
12	"(10) Lays off.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'lays off',
14	with respect to a worker—
15	"(i) means to cause the worker's loss
16	of employment, other than through a dis-
17	charge for inadequate performance, viola-
18	tion of workplace rules, cause, voluntary
19	departure, voluntary retirement, contract
20	impossibility (as described in section
21	218A(b)(4)(D)), or temporary layoffs due
22	to weather, markets, or other temporary
23	conditions; but
24	"(ii) does not include any situation in
25	which the worker is offered as an alter-

1 native to such loss of employment, a simi-2 lar employment opportunity with the same 3 employer (or, in the case of a placement of a worker with another employer under section 218(b)(2)(E), with either employer de-6 scribed in such section) at equivalent or 7 higher compensation and benefits than the 8 position from which the employee was dis-9 charged, regardless of whether or not the 10 employee accepts the offer.

- "(B) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this paragraph is intended to limit an employee's rights under a collective bargaining agreement or other employment contract.
- "(11) Prevailing wage.—The term 'prevailing wage' means, with respect to an agricultural occupation in an area of intended employment, the rate of wages that includes the 51st percentile of employees in that agricultural activity in the area of intended employment, expressed in terms of the prevailing method of pay for the agricultural activity in the area of intended employment.
- "(12) REGULATORY DROUGHT.—The term 'regulatory drought' means a decision subsequent to the filing of the application under section 218 by an en-

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1	tity not under the control of the employer making
2	such filing which restricts the employer's access to
3	water for irrigation purposes and reduces or limits
4	the employer's ability to product an agricultural
5	commodity, thereby reducing the need for labor.
6	"(13) Seasonal.—Labor is performed on a
7	'seasonal' basis if—
8	(A) ordinarily, it pertains to or is of the
9	kind exclusively performed at certain seasons or
10	periods of the year; and
l 1	(B) from its nature, it may not be contin-
12	uous or carried on throughout the year.
13	"(14) Secretary.—The term 'Secretary'
14	means the Secretary of Labor.
15	"(15) Temporary.—A worker is employed on a
16	'temporary' basis where the employment is intended
17	not to exceed 10 months.
18	"(16) United States Worker.—The term
19	'United States worker' means any worker, whether
20	a United States citizen or national, a lawfully admit-
21	ted permanent resident alien, or any other alien,
22	who is authorized to work in the job opportunity
23	within the United States, except an alien admitted
24	or otherwise provided status under section

101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a).".

1	(b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents of
2	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et
3	seq.) is amended by striking the item relating to section
4	218 and inserting the following:
	"Sec. 218. H–2A employer applications.  "Sec. 218A. H–2A employment requirements.  "Sec. 218B. Procedure for admission and extension of stay of H–2A workers.  "Sec. 218C. Worker protections and labor standards enforcement.  "Sec. 218D. Definitions.".
5	TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS
6	PROVISIONS
7	SEC. 301. COVERAGE OF H-2A AGRICULTURAL WORKERS
8	UNDER THE MIGRANT AND SEASONAL AGRI-
9	CULTURAL WORKER PROTECTION ACT.
10	(a) Definitions.—Section 3 of the Migrant and
11	Seasonal Agricultural Worker Protection Act (29 U.S.C.
12	1802) is amended—
13	(1) in paragraph (8)(B)—
14	(A) by striking "does not" and all that fol-
15	lows through "(i) any" and inserting "does not
16	include any";
17	(B) by striking "; or" and inserting a pe-
18	riod; and
19	(C) by striking clause (ii); and
20	(2) in paragraph (10)(B)—
21	(A) by striking "; or" at the end of clause
22	(ii) and inserting a period; and
23	(B) by striking clause (iii).

- 1 (b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 2 subsection (a) shall apply to the employment, recruitment,
- 3 referral, or utilization of the services of an individual oc-
- 4 curring on or after the date that is 1 year after the date
- 5 of the enactment of this Act.

## 6 SEC. 302. RIGHT TO ORGANIZE.

- 7 (a) In General.—Title IV of the Migrant and Sea-
- 8 sonal Agricultural Worker Protection Act (29 U.S.C. 1841
- 9 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following
- 10 new section:

## 11 "SEC. 405. RIGHT TO ORGANIZE.

- 12 "(a) In General.—Migrant and seasonal agricul-
- 13 tural workers shall have the right to self-organization, to
- 14 form, join, or assist labor organizations, to bargain collec-
- 15 tively through representatives of their own choosing, and
- 16 to engage in other concerted activities for the purpose of
- 17 collective bargaining or other mutual aid or protection.
- 18 "(b) Prohibition.—No person shall interfere with,
- 19 restrain, or coerce any migrant or seasonal agricultural
- 20 worker in the exercise of the rights guaranteed in sub-
- 21 section (a).".
- (b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
- 23 subsection (a) shall become effective on the date that is
- 24 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

1	SEC. 303. TAX EQUITY AND WORKFORCE IMPROVEMENT
2	FUND.
3	(a) Establishment of Account.—There is estab-
4	lished in the general fund of the Treasury a separate ac-
5	count, which shall be known as the "Agricultural Worker
6	Account" for the purpose of improving labor management
7	practices in agriculture. Notwithstanding any other provi-
8	sion of law, there shall be deposited as offsetting receipts
9	into the account all fees collected under subsection (b)(1).
10	(b) Payments Into Account.—
11	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
12	graph (2), the Secretary shall collect a fee from an
13	employer of an H–2A worker in an amount equiva-
14	lent to 13.85 percent of total wages paid to the H–
15	2A worker during the period of employment. Fees
16	collected under this paragraph shall be deposited in
17	the Treasury in accordance with subsection (a).
18	(2) Exception.—Paragraph (1) does not apply
19	to an employer in a case where the job opportunity
20	is covered by a union contract that was negotiated
21	at arm's-length between a bona fide union and the
22	employer.
23	(c) DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.—The amounts paid
24	into the Agricultural Worker Account shall be used as fol-
25	lows:

1	(1) Labor management committees.—40
2	percent of the amounts deposited into the Agricul-
3	tural Worker Account shall remain available to the
4	Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service until ex-
5	pended for assistance to labor management commit-
6	tees described in subsection (d).
7	(2) Demonstration programs and
8	PROJECTS.—40 percent of the amounts deposited in
9	the Agricultural Worker Account shall remain avail-
10	able to the Secretary of Labor until expended for
11	demonstration programs and projects described in
12	subsection (e).
13	(3) Administrative expenses.—20 percent
14	of the amounts deposited into the Agricultural
15	Worker Account shall remain available to the Attor-
16	ney General, the Secretary of Labor, and the Sec-
17	retary of State until expended in amounts equivalent
18	to the expenses incurred by such officials in the ad-
19	ministration of the H-2A program.
20	(d) Assistance to Labor Management Commit-
21	TEES.—
22	(1) Establishment of farm, area, or in-
23	DUSTRYWIDE COMMITTEES.—
24	(A) The Federal Mediation and Concilia-
25	tion Service shall provide assistance in the es-

1	tablishment and operation of farm, area, and
2	industrywide labor management committees
3	that—
4	(i) have been organized jointly by em-
5	ployers and labor organizations rep-
6	resenting employees in that farm, area, or
7	industry; and
8	(ii) are established for the purpose of
9	improving labor management relationships
10	job security, organizational effectiveness
11	enhancing economic development and pro-
12	ductivity, or involving workers in decisions
13	affecting their jobs, including improving
14	communication with respect to subjects of
15	mutual concern.
16	(B) The Federal Mediation and Concilia-
17	tion Service shall enter into contracts and make
18	grants, where necessary or appropriate, to fulfill
19	its responsibilities under this section.
20	(2) Restrictions on grants, contracts, or
21	OTHER ASSISTANCE.—
22	(A) Representation by Labor organi-
23	ZATIONS; COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREE-
24	MENTS.—No grant may be made, no contract
25	may be entered into, and no other assistance

may be provided under the provisions of this section to a farm or ranch labor management committee unless the employees at that farm or ranch are represented by a labor organization and there is in effect at that farm or ranch a collective bargaining agreement.

- (B) Participation in labor manage—
  Ment committees.—No grant may be made,
  no contract may be entered into, and no other
  assistance may be provided under the provisions
  of this section to an area or industrywide labor
  management committee unless its participants
  include any labor organizations certified or recognized as the representative of the employees
  of an employer participating in such committee.
  Nothing shall prohibit participation in an area
  or industywide committee by an employer not
  represented by a labor organization.
- (C) RIGHT TO ORGANIZE AND COLLECTIVE BARGAINING.—No grant may be made under the provisions of this section to any labor management committee which the Secretary finds to have as one of its purposes the discouragement of the exercise of the right to organize or the

1	interference with collective bargaining at any
2	ranch or farm.
3	(e) Demonstration Programs and Projects.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Labor shall
5	use funds available under section 303(c)(2) to estab-
6	lish demonstration projects to improve labor man-
7	agement practices in agriculture and use the existing
8	farm labor force more efficiently. These projects may
9	include, but are not limited to—
10	(A) projects to enhance the recruitment of
11	workers and demonstrate the feasibility of es-
12	tablishing migrant itineraries through the provi-
13	sion of worker transportation and support serv-
14	ices;
15	(B) local job referral and labor-sharing
16	networks;
17	(C) workplace literacy programs for mi-
18	grant and seasonal farmworkers, including
19	workers who reside part of the year in Mexico;
20	(D) bilingual workers' rights hotlines;
21	(E) occupational safety and health pro-
22	grams;
23	(F) development and implementation of
24	labor-saving and other workplace technologies;

1	(G) establishment of agricultural sector-
2	based cross-training and development consor-
3	tiums;
4	(H) customized training for individual em-
5	ployers; and
6	(I) agricultural career-laddering training,
7	and development.
8	(2) Grants.—
9	(A) Eligibility.—To carry out the pro-
10	grams and projects described in paragraph
11	(1)(A), the Secretary of Labor shall award
12	grants to farmworker unions and other farm-
13	worker community-based organizations, and
14	higher education institutions.
15	(B) Collaborative efforts.—Consider-
16	ation in the awarding of grants should be given
17	to any proposal demonstrating collaboration be-
18	tween a union or other farmworker organization
19	and an employer or employer organization.
20	(C) Allocation of grants.—In making
21	grants under this paragraph, the Secretary
22	shall make every effort to fairly distribute the
23	grants across different geographic areas of the

country but give priority to those areas of the

- 1 country employing substantial numbers of H-
- 2 2A workers.
- 3 (3) Requirements for grant applica-
- 4 TION.—Applications for grants shall include an
- 5 agreement that the program or project shall be sub-
- 6 ject to evaluation by the Secretary of Labor to meas-
- 7 ure its effectiveness.

## 8 SEC. 304. REGULATIONS.

- 9 (a) REGULATIONS OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.—
- 10 The Attorney General shall consult with the Secretary of
- 11 Labor and the Secretary of Agriculture on all regulations
- 12 to implement the duties of the Attorney General under
- 13 this Act.
- 14 (b) Regulations of the Secretary of State.—
- 15 The Secretary of State shall consult with the Attorney
- 16 General, the Secretary of Labor, and the Secretary of Ag-
- 17 riculture on all regulations to implement the duties of the
- 18 Secretary of State under this Act.
- 19 (c) Regulations of the Secretary of Labor.—
- 20 The Secretary of Labor shall consult with the Secretary
- 21 of Agriculture and the Attorney General on all regulations
- 22 to implement the duties of the Secretary of Labor under
- 23 this Act.
- 24 (d) Deadline for Issuance of Regulations.—
- 25 All regulations to implement the duties of the Attorney

- 1 General, the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of
- 2 Labor under this title and the amendments made by sec-
- 3 tions 201 and 301 shall take effect on the effective date
- 4 of such title and amendments and shall be issued not later
- 5 than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

## 6 SEC. 305. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- 7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided, this
- 8 title and the amendments made by sections 201 and 301
- 9 shall take effect on the date that is 1 year after the date
- 10 of the enactment of this Act.
- 11 (b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
- 12 of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall prepare
- 13 and submit to the appropriate committees of the Congress
- 14 a report that describes the measures being taken and the
- 15 progress made in implementing this Act.

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