# Union Calendar No. 272

110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 3915

[Report No. 110-441]

To amend the Truth in Lending Act to reform consumer mortgage practices and provide accountability for such practices, to establish licensing and registration requirements for residential mortgage originators, to provide certain minimum standards for consumer mortgage loans, and for other purposes.

# IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

October 22, 2007

Mr. Miller of North Carolina (for himself, Mr. Watt, Mr. Frank of Massachusetts, Ms. Waters, Mrs. Maloney of New York, Mr. Gutierrez, Ms. Carson, Mr. Meeks of New York, Mr. Capuano, Mr. Clay, Mr. Al Green of Texas, Mr. Cleaver, Ms. Bean, Ms. Moore of Wisconsin, Mr. Hodes, Mr. Ellison, and Mr. Murphy of Connecticut) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

## November 9, 2007

Additional sponsors: Ms. Kaptur, Ms. Sutton, Mr. Wynn, Mrs. Jones of Ohio, Mr. Cohen, Mr. LaTourette, Ms. Giffords, Mr. Baca, Mr. Cummings, Mr. Scott of Georgia, and Ms. Clarke

#### NOVEMBER 9, 2007

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed [Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic] [For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on October 22, 2007]

# A BILL

- To amend the Truth in Lending Act to reform consumer mortgage practices and provide accountability for such practices, to establish licensing and registration requirements for residential mortgage originators, to provide certain minimum standards for consumer mortgage loans, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
  - 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
  - 5 "Mortgage Reform and Anti-Predatory Lending Act of
  - 6 2007".
  - 7 (b) Table of Contents for
  - 8 this Act is as follows:
    - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

## TITLE I—RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOAN ORIGINATION

Subtitle A—Licensing System for Residential Mortgage Loan Originators

- Sec. 101. Purposes and methods for establishing a mortgage licensing system and registry.
- Sec. 102. Definitions.
- Sec. 103. License or registration required.
- Sec. 104. State license and registration application and issuance.
- Sec. 105. Standards for State license renewal.
- Sec. 106. System of registration administration by Federal banking agencies.
- Sec. 107. Secretary of Housing and Urban Development backup authority to establish a loan originator licensing system.
- Sec. 108. Backup authority to establish a nationwide mortgage licensing and registry system.
- Sec. 109. Fees.

- Sec. 110. Background checks of loan originators.
- Sec. 111. Confidentiality of information.
- Sec. 112. Liability provisions.
- Sec. 113. Enforcement under HUD backup licensing system.

#### Subtitle B—Residential Mortgage Loan Origination Standards

- Sec. 121. Definitions.
- Sec. 122. Residential mortgage loan origination.
- Sec. 123. Anti-steering.
- Sec. 124. Liability.
- Sec. 125. Regulations.

#### TITLE II—MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR MORTGAGES

- Sec. 201. Ability to repay.
- Sec. 202. Net tangible benefit for refinancing of residential mortgage loans.
- Sec. 203. Safe harbor and rebuttable presumption.
- Sec. 204. Liability.
- Sec. 205. Defense to foreclosure.
- Sec. 206. Additional standards and requirements.
- Sec. 207. Rule of construction.
- Sec. 208. Effect on State laws.
- Sec. 209. Regulations.
- Sec. 210. Amendments to civil liability provisions.
- Sec. 211. Required disclosures.
- Sec. 212. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 213. Effective date.

#### TITLE III—HIGH-COST MORTGAGES

- Sec. 301. Definitions relating to high-cost mortgages.
- Sec. 302. Amendments to existing requirements for certain mortgages.
- Sec. 303. Additional requirements for certain mortgages.
- Sec. 304. Amendment to provision governing correction of errors.
- Sec. 305. Regulations.
- Sec. 306. Effective date.

#### TITLE IV—OFFICE OF HOUSING COUNSELING

- Sec. 401. Short title.
- Sec. 402. Establishment of Office of Housing Counseling.
- Sec. 403. Counseling procedures.
- Sec. 404. Grants for housing counseling assistance.
- Sec. 405. Requirements to use HUD-certified counselors under HUD programs.
- Sec. 406. Study of defaults and foreclosures.
- Sec. 407. Definitions for counseling-related programs.
- Sec. 408. Updating and simplification of mortgage information booklet.

# TITLE V—MORTGAGE DISCLOSURES UNDER REAL ESTATE SETTLEMENT PROCEDURES ACT OF 1974

Sec. 501. Universal mortgage disclosure in good faith estimate of settlement services costs.

1	TITLE I—RESIDENTIAL
2	MORTGAGE LOAN ORIGINATION
3	Subtitle A—Licensing System for
4	Residential Mortgage Loan
5	Originators
6	SEC. 101. PURPOSES AND METHODS FOR ESTABLISHING A
7	MORTGAGE LICENSING SYSTEM AND REG-
8	ISTRY.
9	In order to increase uniformity, reduce regulatory bur-
10	den, enhance consumer protection, and reduce fraud, the
11	States, through the Conference of State Bank Supervisors
12	and the American Association of Residential Mortgage Reg-
13	ulators, are hereby encouraged to establish a Nationwide
14	Mortgage Licensing System and Registry for the residential
15	mortgage industry that accomplishes all of the following ob-
16	jectives:
17	(1) Provides uniform license applications and re-
18	porting requirements for State-licensed loan origina-
19	tors.
20	(2) Provides a comprehensive licensing and su-
21	pervisory database.
22	(3) Aggregates and improves the flow of informa-
23	tion to and between regulators.
24	(4) Provides increased accountability and track-
25	ing of loan originators.

1	(5) Streamlines the licensing process and reduces
2	the regulatory burden.
3	(6) Enhances consumer protections and supports
4	anti-fraud measures.
5	(7) Provides consumers with easily accessible in-
6	formation regarding the employment history of, and
7	publicly adjudicated disciplinary and enforcement ac-
8	tions against, loan originators.
9	SEC. 102. DEFINITIONS.
10	For purposes of this subtitle, the following definitions
11	shall apply:
12	(1) FEDERAL BANKING AGENCIES.—The term
13	"Federal banking agencies" means the Board of Gov-
14	ernors of the Federal Reserve System, the Comptroller
15	of the Currency, the Director of the Office of Thrift
16	Supervision, the National Credit Union Administra-
17	tion, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
18	(2) Depository institution.—The term "de-
19	pository institution" has the same meaning as in sec-
20	tion 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act and in-
21	cludes any credit union.
22	(3) Loan originator.—
23	(A) In general.—The term "loan origi-
24	nator"—
25	(i) means an individual who—

1	(I) takes a residential mortgage
2	loan application;
3	(II) assists a consumer in obtain-
4	ing or applying to obtain a residential
5	mortgage loan; or
6	(III) offers or negotiates terms of
7	a residential mortgage loan, for direct
8	or indirect compensation or gain, or in
9	the expectation of direct or indirect
10	compensation or gain;
11	(ii) includes any individual who rep-
12	resents to the public, through advertising or
13	other means of communicating or providing
14	information (including the use of business
15	cards, stationery, brochures, signs, rate lists,
16	or other promotional items), that such indi-
17	vidual can or will provide or perform any
18	of the activities described in clause (i);
19	(iii) does not include any individual
20	who performs purely administrative or cler-
21	ical tasks and is not otherwise described in
22	this subparagraph; and
23	(iv) does not include a person or entity
24	that only performs real estate brokerage ac-
25	tivities and is licensed or registered in ac-

- cordance with applicable State law, unless
  the person or entity is compensated by a
  lender, a mortgage broker, or other loan
  originator or by any agent of such lender,
  mortgage broker, or other loan originator.
  - (B) OTHER DEFINITIONS RELATING TO LOAN ORIGINATOR.—For purposes of this subsection, an individual "assists a consumer in obtaining or applying to obtain a residential mortgage loan" by, among other things, advising on loan terms (including rates, fees, other costs), preparing loan packages, or collecting information on behalf of the consumer with regard to a residential mortgage loan.
  - (C) ADMINISTRATIVE OR CLERICAL TASKS.—The term "administrative or clerical tasks" means the receipt, collection, and distribution of information common for the processing or underwriting of a loan in the mortgage industry and communication with a consumer to obtain information necessary for the processing or underwriting of a residential mortgage loan.
  - (D) REAL ESTATE BROKERAGE ACTIVITY

    DEFINED.—The term "real estate brokerage activity" means any activity that involves offering

1	or providing real estate brokerage services to the
2	public, including—
3	(i) acting as a real estate agent or real
4	estate broker for a buyer, seller, lessor, or
5	lessee of real property;
6	(ii) listing or advertising real property
7	for sale, purchase, lease, rental, or exchange;
8	(iii) providing advice in connection
9	with sale, purchase, lease, rental, or ex-
10	change of real property;
11	(iv) bringing together parties interested
12	in the sale, purchase, lease, rental, or ex-
13	change of real property;
14	(v) negotiating, on behalf of any party,
15	any portion of a contract relating to the
16	sale, purchase, lease, rental, or exchange of
17	real property (other than in connection
18	with providing financing with respect to
19	any such transaction);
20	(vi) engaging in any activity for which
21	a person engaged in the activity is required
22	to be registered or licensed as a real estate
23	agent or real estate broker under any appli-
24	cable law; and

1	(vii) offering to engage in any activity,
2	or act in any capacity, described in clause
3	(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi).
4	(4) Loan processor or underwriter.—
5	(A) In general.—The term "loan processor
6	or underwriter" means an individual who per-
7	forms clerical or support duties at the direction
8	of and subject to the supervision and instruction
9	of—
10	(i) a State-licensed loan originator; or
11	(ii) a registered loan originator.
12	(B) CLERICAL OR SUPPORT DUTIES.—For
13	purposes of subparagraph (A), the term "clerical
14	or support duties" may include—
15	(i) the receipt, collection, distribution,
16	and analysis of information common for the
17	processing or underwriting of a residential
18	mortgage loan; and
19	(ii) communicating with a consumer to
20	obtain the information necessary for the
21	processing or underwriting of a loan, to the
22	extent that such communication does not in-
23	clude offering or negotiating loan rates or
24	terms, or counseling consumers about resi-
25	dential mortgage loan rates or terms.

- (5) Nationwide mortgage licensing system AND REGISTRY.—The term "Nationwide Mortgage Li-censing System and Registry" means a mortgage li-censing system developed and maintained by the Con-ference of State Bank Supervisors and the American Association of Residential Mortgage Regulators for the State licensing and registration of State-licensed loan originators and the registration of registered loan originators or any system established by the Secretary under section 108.
  - (6) Registered loan originator" means any individual who—
    - (A) meets the definition of loan originator and is an employee of a depository institution or a subsidiary of a depository institution; and
    - (B) is registered with, and maintains a unique identifier through, the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.
  - (7) RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOAN.—The term "residential mortgage loan" means any loan primarily for personal, family, or household use that is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, or other equivalent consensual security interest on a dwelling (as defined in section 103(v) of the Truth in Lending Act)

1	or residential real estate upon which is constructed or
2	intended to be constructed a dwelling (as so defined).
3	(8) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
4	the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.
5	(9) State-licensed loan originator.—The
6	term "State-licensed loan originator" means any in-
7	dividual who—
8	(A) is a loan originator;
9	(B) is not an employee of a depository in-
10	stitution or any subsidiary of a depository insti-
11	tution; and
12	(C) is licensed by a State or by the Sec-
13	retary under section 107 and registered as a loan
14	originator with, and maintains a unique identi-
15	fier through, the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing
16	System and Registry.
17	(10) Unique identifier.—The term "unique
18	identifier" means a number or other identifier that—
19	(A) permanently identifies a loan origi-
20	nator; and
21	(B) is assigned by protocols established by
22	the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and
23	Registry and the Federal banking agencies to fa-
24	cilitate electronic tracking of loan originators
25	and uniform identification of, and public access

1	to, the employment history of and the publicly
2	adjudicated disciplinary and enforcement actions
3	against loan originators.
4	SEC. 103. LICENSE OR REGISTRATION REQUIRED.
5	(a) In General.—An individual may not engage in
6	the business of a loan originator without first—
7	(1) obtaining and maintaining—
8	(A) a registration as a registered loan origi-
9	nator; or
10	(B) a license and registration as a State-li-
11	censed loan originator; and
12	(2) obtaining a unique identifier.
13	(b) Loan Processors and Underwriters.—
14	(1) Supervised loan processors and under-
15	WRITERS.—A loan processor or underwriter who does
16	not represent to the public, through advertising or
17	other means of communicating or providing informa-
18	tion (including the use of business cards, stationery,
19	brochures, signs, rate lists, or other promotional
20	items), that such individual can or will perform any
21	of the activities of a loan originator shall not be re-
22	quired to be a State-licensed loan originator or a reg-
23	istered loan originator.
24	(2) Independent contractors.—A loan proc-
25	essor or underwriter may not work as an independent

1	contractor unless such processor or underwriter is a
2	State-licensed loan originator or a registered loan
3	originator.
4	SEC. 104. STATE LICENSE AND REGISTRATION APPLICA-
5	TION AND ISSUANCE.
6	(a) Background Checks.—In connection with an
7	application to any State for licensing and registration as
8	a State-licensed loan originator, the applicant shall, at a
9	minimum, furnish to the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing
10	System and Registry information concerning the appli-
11	cant's identity, including—
12	(1) fingerprints for submission to the Federal
13	Bureau of Investigation, and any governmental agen-
14	cy or entity authorized to receive such information for
15	a State and national criminal history background
16	check; and
17	(2) personal history and experience, including
18	authorization for the System to obtain—
19	(A) an independent credit report obtained
20	from a consumer reporting agency described in
21	section 603(p) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act;
22	and
23	(B) information related to any administra-
24	tive, civil or criminal findings by any govern-
25	mental jurisdiction.

1	(b) Issuance of License.—The minimum standards
2	for licensing and registration as a State-licensed loan origi-
3	nator shall include the following:
4	(1) The applicant has not had a loan originator
5	or similar license revoked in any governmental juris-
6	diction during the 5-year period immediately pre-
7	ceding the filing of the present application.
8	(2) The applicant has not been convicted, pled
9	guilty or nolo contendere in a domestic, foreign, or
10	military court of a felony during the 7-year period
11	immediately preceding the filing of the present appli-
12	cation.
13	(3) The applicant has demonstrated financial re-
14	sponsibility, character, and general fitness such as to
15	command the confidence of the community and to
16	warrant a determination that the loan originator will
17	operate honestly, fairly, and efficiently within the
18	purposes of this subtitle.
19	(4) The applicant has completed the pre-licens-
20	ing education requirement described in subsection (c).
21	(5) The applicant has passed a written test that
22	meets the test requirement described in subsection (d).
23	(c) Pre-Licensing Education of Loan Origina-

*TORS.*—

1	(1) Minimum educational requirements.—In
2	order to meet the pre-licensing education requirement
3	referred to in subsection (b)(4), a person shall com-
4	plete at least 20 hours of education approved in ac
5	cordance with paragraph (2), which shall include a
6	least 3 hours of Federal law and regulations and 3
7	hours of ethics.
8	(2) Approved educational courses.—For
9	purposes of paragraph (1), pre-licensing education
10	courses shall be reviewed, approved and published by
11	the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Reg-
12	istry.
13	(d) Testing of Loan Originators.—
14	(1) In general.—In order to meet the written
15	test requirement referred to in subsection (b)(5), ar
16	individual shall pass, in accordance with the stand
17	ards established under this subsection, a qualified
18	written test developed and administered by the Na
19	tionwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.

- (2) QUALIFIED TEST.—A written test shall not be treated as a qualified written test for purposes of paragraph (1) unless—
- 23 (A) the test consists of a minimum of 100 24 questions; and

21

I	(B) the test adequately measures the appli-
2	cant's knowledge and comprehension in appro-
3	priate subject areas, including—
4	(i) ethics;
5	(ii) Federal law and regulation per-
6	taining to mortgage origination; and
7	(iii) State law and regulation per-
8	taining to mortgage origination.
9	(3) Minimum competence.—
10	(A) Passing score.—An individual shall
11	not be considered to have passed a qualified
12	written test unless the individual achieves a test
13	score of not less than 75 percent correct answers
14	to questions.
15	(B) Initial retests.—An individual may
16	retake a test 3 consecutive times with each con-
17	secutive taking occurring in less than 14 days
18	after the preceding test.
19	(C) Subsequent retests.—After 3 con-
20	secutive tests, an individual shall wait at least
21	14 days before taking the test again.
22	(D) Retest after lapse of license.—A
23	State-licensed loan originator who fails to main-
24	tain a valid license for a period of 5 years or
25	longer shall retake the test, not taking into ac-

1	count any time during which such individual is
2	a registered loan originator.
3	SEC. 105. STANDARDS FOR STATE LICENSE RENEWAL.
4	(a) In General.—The minimum standards for license
5	renewal for State-licensed loan originators shall include the
6	following:
7	(1) The loan originator continues to meet the
8	minimum standards for license issuance.
9	(2) The loan originator has satisfied the annual
10	continuing education requirements described in sub-
11	section (b).
12	(b) Continuing Education for State-Licensed
13	Loan Originators.—
14	(1) In General.—In order to meet the annual
15	continuing education requirements referred to in sub-
16	$section \ (a)(2), \ a \ State-licensed \ loan \ originator \ shall$
17	complete at least 8 hours of education approved in ac-
18	cordance with paragraph (2), which shall include at
19	least 3 hours of Federal law and regulations and 2
20	hours of ethics.
21	(2) Approved educational courses.—For
22	purposes of paragraph (1), continuing education
23	courses shall be reviewed, approved, and published by
24	the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Reg-
25	istry.

1	(3) Calculation of continuing education
2	CREDITS.—A State-licensed loan originator—
3	(A) may only receive credit for a continuing
4	education course in the year in which the course
5	is taken; and
6	(B) may not take the same approved course
7	in the same or successive years to meet the an-
8	nual requirements for continuing education.
9	(4) Instructor credit.—A State-licensed loan
10	originator who is approved as an instructor of an ap-
11	proved continuing education course may receive credit
12	for the originator's own annual continuing education
13	requirement at the rate of 2 hours credit for every 1
14	hour taught.
15	
13	SEC. 106. SYSTEM OF REGISTRATION ADMINISTRATION BY
16	SEC. 106. SYSTEM OF REGISTRATION ADMINISTRATION BY FEDERAL BANKING AGENCIES.
16	FEDERAL BANKING AGENCIES.
16 17	FEDERAL BANKING AGENCIES.  (a) DEVELOPMENT.—
16 17 18	FEDERAL BANKING AGENCIES.  (a) Development.—  (1) In general.—The Federal banking agencies
16 17 18 19	FEDERAL BANKING AGENCIES.  (a) DEVELOPMENT.—  (1) IN GENERAL.—The Federal banking agencies shall jointly develop and maintain a system for reg-
16 17 18 19 20	FEDERAL BANKING AGENCIES.  (a) DEVELOPMENT.—  (1) IN GENERAL.—The Federal banking agencies shall jointly develop and maintain a system for registering employees of depository institutions or sub-
16 17 18 19 20 21	FEDERAL BANKING AGENCIES.  (a) DEVELOPMENT.—  (1) IN GENERAL.—The Federal banking agencies shall jointly develop and maintain a system for registering employees of depository institutions or subsidiaries of depository institutions as registered loan
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	FEDERAL BANKING AGENCIES.  (a) DEVELOPMENT.—  (1) IN GENERAL.—The Federal banking agencies shall jointly develop and maintain a system for registering employees of depository institutions or subsidiaries of depository institutions as registered loan originators with the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing

1	(2) REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS.—In connec-
2	tion with the registration of any loan originator who
3	is an employee of a depository institution or a sub-
4	sidiary of a depository institution with the Nation-
5	wide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry, the
6	appropriate Federal banking agency shall, at a min-
7	imum, furnish or cause to be furnished to the Nation-
8	wide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry infor-
9	mation concerning the employees's identity, includ-
10	ing—
11	(A) fingerprints for submission to the Fed-
12	eral Bureau of Investigation, and any govern-
13	mental agency or entity authorized to receive
14	such information for a State and national crimi-
15	nal history background check; and
16	(B) personal history and experience, includ-
17	ing—
18	(i) an independent credit report ob-
19	tained from a consumer reporting agency
20	described in section 603(p) of the Fair
21	Credit Reporting Act; and
22	(ii) information related to any admin-
23	istrative, civil or criminal findings by any
24	$governmental\ jurisdiction.$

1	(b) Unique Identifier.—The Federal banking agen-
2	cies, through the Financial Institutions Examination
3	Council, shall coordinate with the Nationwide Mortgage Li-
4	censing System and Registry to establish protocols for as-
5	signing a unique identifier to each registered loan origi-
6	nator that will facilitate electronic tracking and uniform
7	identification of, and public access to, the employment his-
8	tory of and publicly adjudicated disciplinary and enforce-
9	ment actions against loan originators.
10	(c) Consideration of Factors and Procedures.—
11	In establishing the registration procedures under subsection
12	(a) and the protocols for assigning a unique identifier to
13	a registered loan originator, the Federal banking agencies
14	shall make such de minimis exceptions as may be appro-
15	priate to paragraphs (1)(A) and (2) of section 103(a), shall
16	make reasonable efforts to utilize existing information to
17	minimize the burden of registering loan originators, and
18	shall consider methods for automating the process to the
19	greatest extent practicable consistent with the purposes of
20	$this\ subtitle.$
21	SEC. 107. SECRETARY OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOP-
22	MENT BACKUP AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH A
23	LOAN ORIGINATOR LICENSING SYSTEM.
24	(a) Back up Licensing System.—If, by the end of

25 the 1-year period, or the 2-year period in the case of a State

- 1 whose legislature meets only biennially, beginning on the
- 2 date of the enactment of this Act or at any time thereafter,
- 3 the Secretary determines that a State does not have in place
- 4 by law or regulation a system for licensing and registering
- 5 loan originators that meets the requirements of sections 104
- 6 and 105 and subsection (d) or does not participate in the
- 7 Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry, the
- 8 Secretary shall provide for the establishment and mainte-
- 9 nance of a system for the licensing and registration by the
- 10 Secretary of loan originators operating in such State as
- 11 State-licensed loan originators.
- 12 (b) Licensing and Registration Requirements.—
- 13 The system established by the Secretary under subsection
- 14 (a) for any State shall meet the requirements of sections
- 15 104 and 105 for State-licensed loan originators.
- 16 (c) Unique Identifier.—The Secretary shall coordi-
- 17 nate with the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and
- 18 Registry to establish protocols for assigning a unique iden-
- 19 tifier to each loan originator licensed by the Secretary as
- 20 a State-licensed loan originator that will facilitate elec-
- 21 tronic tracking and uniform identification of, and public
- 22 access to, the employment history of and the publicly adju-
- 23 dicated disciplinary and enforcement actions against loan
- 24 originators.

- 1 (d) State Licensing Law Requirements.—For
- 2 purposes of this section, the law in effect in a State meets
- 3 the requirements of this subsection if the Secretary deter-
- 4 mines the law satisfies the following minimum require-
- 5 ments:
- 6 (1) A State loan originator supervisory author-
- 7 ity is maintained to provide effective supervision and
- 8 enforcement of such law, including the suspension,
- 9 termination, or nonrenewal of a license for a viola-
- 10 tion of State or Federal law.
- 11 (2) The State loan originator supervisory au-
- 12 thority ensures that all State-licensed loan originators
- operating in the State are registered with Nationwide
- 14 Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.
- 15 (3) The State loan originator supervisory au-
- 16 thority is required to regularly report violations of
- such law, as well as enforcement actions and other
- 18 relevant information, to the Nationwide Mortgage Li-
- 19 censing System and Registry.
- 20 (e) Temporary Extension of Period.—The Sec-
- 21 retary may extend, by not more than 6 months, the 1-year
- 22 or 2-year period, as the case may be, referred to in sub-
- 23 section (a) for the licensing of loan originators in any State
- 24 under a State licensing law that meets the requirements of
- 25 sections 104 and 105 and subsection (d) if the Secretary

- 1 determines that such State is making a good faith effort
- 2 to establish a State licensing law that meets such require-
- 3 ments, license mortgage originators under such law, and
- 4 register such originators with the Nationwide Mortgage Li-
- 5 censing System and Registry.
- 6 (f) Limitation on HUD-Licensed Loan Origina-
- 7 TORS.—Any loan originator who is licensed by the Sec-
- 8 retary under a system established under this section for any
- 9 State may not use such license to originate loans in any
- 10 other State.
- 11 SEC. 108. BACKUP AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH A NATION-
- 12 WIDE MORTGAGE LICENSING AND REGISTRY
- 13 **SYSTEM.**
- 14 If at any time the Secretary determines that the Na-
- 15 tionwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry is fail-
- 16 ing to meet the requirements and purposes of this subtitle
- 17 for a comprehensive licensing, supervisory, and tracking
- 18 system for loan originators, the Secretary shall establish
- 19 and maintain such a system to carry out the purposes of
- 20 this subtitle and the effective registration and regulation of
- 21 loan originators.
- 22 SEC. 109. FEES.
- 23 The Federal banking agencies, the Secretary, and the
- 24 Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry may
- 25 charge reasonable fees to cover the costs of maintaining and

- 1 providing access to information from the Nationwide Mort-
- 2 gage Licensing System and Registry to the extent such fees
- 3 are not charged to consumers for access such system and
- 4 registry.

#### 5 SEC. 110. BACKGROUND CHECKS OF LOAN ORIGINATORS.

- 6 (a) Access to Records.—Notwithstanding any other
- 7 provision of law, in providing identification and processing
- 8 functions, the Attorney General shall provide access to all
- 9 criminal history information to the appropriate State offi-
- 10 cials responsible for regulating State-licensed loan origina-
- 11 tors to the extent criminal history background checks are
- 12 required under the laws of the State for the licensing of such
- 13 loan originators.
- 14 (b) AGENT.—For the purposes of this section and in
- 15 order to reduce the points of contact which the Federal Bu-
- 16 reau of Investigation may have to maintain for purposes
- 17 of subsection (a), the Conference of State Bank Supervisors
- 18 or a wholly owned subsidiary may be used as a channeling
- 19 agent of the States for requesting and distributing informa-
- 20 tion between the Department of Justice and the appropriate
- 21 State agencies.

## 22 SEC. 111. CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION.

- 23 (a) System Confidentiality.—Except as otherwise
- 24 provided in this section, any requirement under Federal or
- 25 State law regarding the privacy or confidentiality of any

- 1 information or material provided to the Nationwide Mort-
- 2 gage Licensing System and Registry or a system established
- 3 by the Secretary under section 108, and any privilege aris-
- 4 ing under Federal or State law (including the rules of any
- 5 Federal or State court) with respect to such information
- 6 or material, shall continue to apply to such information
- 7 or material after the information or material has been dis-
- 8 closed to the system. Such information and material may
- 9 be shared with all State and Federal regulatory officials
- 10 with mortgage industry oversight authority without the loss
- 11 of privilege or the loss of confidentiality protections pro-
- 12 vided by Federal and State laws.
- 13 (b) Nonapplicability of Certain Require-
- 14 MENTS.—Information or material that is subject to a privi-
- 15 lege or confidentiality under subsection (a) shall not be sub-
- 16 *ject to*—
- 17 (1) disclosure under any Federal or State law
- governing the disclosure to the public of information
- 19 held by an officer or an agency of the Federal Govern-
- 20 ment or the respective State; or
- 21 (2) subpoena or discovery, or admission into evi-
- dence, in any private civil action or administrative
- 23 process, unless with respect to any privilege held by
- 24 the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Reg-
- 25 istry or the Secretary with respect to such informa-

- 1 tion or material, the person to whom such informa-
- 2 tion or material pertains waives, in whole or in part,
- 3 in the discretion of such person, that privilege.
- 4 (c) Coordination With Other Law.—Any State
- 5 law, including any State open record law, relating to the
- 6 disclosure of confidential supervisory information or any
- 7 information or material described in subsection (a) that is
- 8 inconsistent with subsection (a) shall be superseded by the
- 9 requirements of such provision to the extent State law pro-
- 10 vides less confidentiality or a weaker privilege.
- 11 (d) Public Access to Information.—This section
- 12 shall not apply with respect to the information or material
- 13 relating to the employment history of, and publicly adju-
- 14 dicated disciplinary and enforcement actions against, loan
- 15 originators that is included in Nationwide Mortgage Li-
- 16 censing System and Registry for access by the public.

# 17 SEC. 112. LIABILITY PROVISIONS.

- 18 The Secretary, any State official or agency, any Fed-
- 19 eral banking agency, or any organization serving as the ad-
- 20 ministrator of the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System
- 21 and Registry or a system established by the Secretary under
- 22 section 108, or any officer or employee of any such entity,
- 23 shall not be subject to any civil action or proceeding for
- 24 monetary damages by reason of the good-faith action or
- 25 omission of any officer or employee of any such entity,

1	while acting within the scope of office or employment, relat-
2	ing to the collection, furnishing, or dissemination of infor-
3	mation concerning persons who are loan originators or are
4	applying for licensing or registration as loan originators.
5	SEC. 113. ENFORCEMENT UNDER HUD BACKUP LICENSING
6	SYSTEM.
7	(a) Summons Authority.—The Secretary may—
8	(1) examine any books, papers, records, or other
9	data of any loan originator operating in any State
10	which is subject to a licensing system established by
11	the Secretary under section 107; and
12	(2) summon any loan originator referred to in
13	paragraph (1) or any person having possession, cus-
14	tody, or care of the reports and records relating to
15	such loan originator, to appear before the Secretary
16	or any delegate of the Secretary at a time and place
17	named in the summons and to produce such books,
18	papers, records, or other data, and to give testimony,
19	under oath, as may be relevant or material to an in-
20	vestigation of such loan originator for compliance
21	with the requirements of this subtitle.
22	(b) Examination Authority.—
23	(1) In general.—If the Secretary establishes a
24	licensing system under section 107 for any State, the

- Secretary shall appoint examiners for the purposes of
   administering such section.
  - (2) Power to examine.—Any examiner appointed under paragraph (1) shall have power, on behalf of the Secretary, to make any examination of any loan originator operating in any State which is subject to a licensing system established by the Secretary under section 107 whenever the Secretary determines an examination of any loan originator is necessary to determine the compliance by the originator with this subtitle.
    - (3) REPORT OF EXAMINATION.—Each examiner appointed under paragraph (1) shall make a full and detailed report of examination of any loan originator examined to the Secretary.
    - (4) Administration of oaths and affirmations of loan originators operating in any State which is subject to a licensing system established by the Secretary under section 107, or with other types of investigations to determine compliance with applicable law and regulations, the Secretary and examiners appointed by the Secretary may administer oaths and affirmations and examine and take and preserve tes-

- timony under oath as to any matter in respect to the
   affairs of any such loan originator.
  - (5) Assessments.—The cost of conducting any examination of any loan originator operating in any State which is subject to a licensing system established by the Secretary under section 107 shall be assessed by the Secretary against the loan originator to meet the Secretary's expenses in carrying out such examination.

# (c) Cease and Desist Proceeding.—

(1) AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY.—If the Secretary finds, after notice and opportunity for hearing, that any person is violating, has violated, or is about to violate any provision of this subtitle, or any regulation thereunder, with respect to a State which is subject to a licensing system established by the Secretary under section 107, the Secretary may publish such findings and enter an order requiring such person, and any other person that is, was, or would be a cause of the violation, due to an act or omission the person knew or should have known would contribute to such violation, to cease and desist from committing or causing such violation and any future violation of the same provision, rule, or regulation. Such order may, in addition to requiring a person to cease and

- desist from committing or causing a violation, require such person to comply, or to take steps to effect compliance, with such provision or regulation, upon such terms and conditions and within such time as the Secretary may specify in such order. Any such order may, as the Secretary deems appropriate, require future compliance or steps to effect future compliance, either permanently or for such period of time as the Secretary may specify, with such provision or regulation with respect to any loan originator.
  - (2) HEARING.—The notice instituting proceedings pursuant to paragraph (1) shall fix a hearing date not earlier than 30 days nor later than 60 days after service of the notice unless an earlier or a later date is set by the Secretary with the consent of any respondent so served.
  - (3) Temporary order education or the Secretary determines that the alleged violation or threatened violation specified in the notice instituting proceedings pursuant to paragraph (1), or the continuation thereof, is likely to result in significant dissipation or conversion of assets, significant harm to consumers, or substantial harm to the public interest prior to the completion of the proceedings, the Secretary may enter a temporary order requiring the re-

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spondent to cease and desist from the violation or threatened violation and to take such action to prevent the violation or threatened violation and to prevent dissipation or conversion of assets, significant harm to consumers, or substantial harm to the public interest as the Secretary deems appropriate pending completion of such proceedings. Such an order shall be entered only after notice and opportunity for a hearing, unless the Secretary determines that notice and hearing prior to entry would be impracticable or contrary to the public interest. A temporary order shall become effective upon service upon the respondent and, unless set aside, limited, or suspended by the Secretary or a court of competent jurisdiction, shall remain effective and enforceable pending the completion of the proceedings.

# (4) Review of temporary orders.—

(A) Review by Secretary.—At any time after the respondent has been served with a temporary cease-and-desist order pursuant to paragraph (3), the respondent may apply to the Secretary to have the order set aside, limited, or suspended. If the respondent has been served with a temporary cease-and-desist order entered without a prior hearing before the Secretary, the respond-

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ent may, within 10 days after the date on which the order was served, request a hearing on such application and the Secretary shall hold a hearing and render a decision on such application at the earliest possible time.

# (B) Judicial review.—Within—

- (i) 10 days after the date the respondent was served with a temporary cease-anddesist order entered with a prior hearing before the Secretary; or
- (ii) 10 days after the Secretary renders a decision on an application and hearing under paragraph (1), with respect to any temporary cease-and-desist order entered without a prior hearing before the Secretary,

the respondent may apply to the United States district court for the district in which the respondent resides or has its principal place of business, or for the District of Columbia, for an order setting aside, limiting, or suspending the effectiveness or enforcement of the order, and the court shall have jurisdiction to enter such an order. A respondent served with a temporary cease-and-desist order entered without a prior

- hearing before the Secretary may not apply to
  the court except after hearing and decision by the
  Secretary on the respondent's application under
  subparagraph (A).
  - (C) NO AUTOMATIC STAY OF TEMPORARY ORDER.—The commencement of proceedings under subparagraph (B) shall not, unless specifically ordered by the court, operate as a stay of the Secretary's order.
  - (5) AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY TO PRO-HIBIT PERSONS FROM SERVING AS LOAN ORIGINA-TORS.—In any cease-and-desist proceeding under paragraph (1), the Secretary may issue an order to prohibit, conditionally or unconditionally, and permanently or for such period of time as the Secretary shall determine, any person who has violated this subtitle or regulations thereunder, from acting as a loan originator if the conduct of that person demonstrates unfitness to serve as a loan originator.
- 20 (d) Authority of the Secretary To Assess 21 Money Penalties.—
- 22 (1) In GENERAL.—The Secretary may impose a 23 civil penalty on a loan originator operating in any 24 State which is subject to licensing system established 25 by the Secretary under section 107 if the Secretary

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1	finds, on the record after notice and opportunity for
2	hearing, that such loan originator has violated or
3	failed to comply with any requirement of this subtitle
4	or any regulation prescribed by the Secretary under
5	this subtitle or order issued under subsection (c).
6	(2) Maximum amount of penalty.—The max-
7	imum amount of penalty for each act or omission de-
8	scribed in paragraph (1) shall be \$5,000 for each day
9	the violation continues.
10	Subtitle B—Residential Mortgage
11	Loan Origination Standards
12	SEC. 121. DEFINITIONS.
13	Section 103 of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C.
14	1602) is amended by adding at the end the following new
15	subsection:
16	"(cc) Definitions Relating to Mortgage Origina-
17	TION AND RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOANS.—
18	"(1) Commission.—Unless otherwise specified,
19	the term 'Commission' means the Federal Trade Com-
20	mission.
21	"(2) Federal banking agencies.—The term
22	'Federal banking agencies' means the Board of Gov-
23	ernors of the Federal Reserve System, the Comptroller
24	of the Currency, the Director of the Office of Thrift
25	Supervision, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corpora-

1	tion, and the National Credit Union Administration
2	Board.
3	"(3) Mortgage originator.—The term 'mort-
4	gage originator'—
5	"(A) means any person who—
6	"(i) takes a residential mortgage loan
7	application;
8	"(ii) assists a consumer in obtaining
9	or applying to obtain a residential mort-
10	gage loan; or
11	"(iii) offers or negotiates terms of a
12	residential mortgage loan, for direct or in-
13	direct compensation or gain, or in the ex-
14	pectation of direct or indirect compensation
15	or gain;
16	"(B) includes any person who represents to
17	the public, through advertising or other means of
18	communicating or providing information (in-
19	cluding the use of business cards, stationery, bro-
20	chures, signs, rate lists, or other promotional
21	items), that such person can or will provide any
22	of the services or perform any of the activities
23	described in subparagraph (A); and
24	"(C) does not include any person who is not
25	otherwise described in subparagraph (A) or (B)

- and who performs purely administrative or clerical tasks on behalf of a person who is described in any such subparagraph.
  - "(4) Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System

    AND REGISTRY.—The term 'Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry' has the same meaning

    as in section 102(5) of the Mortgage Reform and

    Anti-Predatory Lending Act of 2007.
    - "(5) OTHER DEFINITIONS RELATING TO MORT-GAGE ORIGINATOR.—For purposes of this subsection, a person 'assists a consumer in obtaining or applying to obtain a residential mortgage loan' by, among other things, advising on residential mortgage loan terms (including rates, fees, and other costs), preparing residential mortgage loan packages, or collecting information on behalf of the consumer with regard to a residential mortgage loan.
    - "(6) RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOAN.—The term 'residential mortgage loan' means any consumer credit transaction that is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, or other equivalent consensual security interest on a dwelling or on residential real property that includes a dwelling, other than a consumer credit transaction under an open end credit plan or a reverse mortgage.

- "(7) Secretary.—The term 'Secretary', when used in connection with any transaction or person involved with a residential mortgage loan, means the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.
  - "(8) Securitization vehicle' means a trust, corporation, partnership, limited liability entity, or special purpose entity that—
    - "(A) is the issuer, or is created by the issuer, of mortgage pass-through certificates, participation certificates, mortgage-backed securities, or other similar securities backed by a pool of assets that includes residential mortgage loans; and
      - "(B) holds such loans.
  - "(9) SECURITIZER.—The term 'securitizer' means the person that transfers, conveys, or assigns, or causes the transfer, conveyance, or assignment of, residential mortgage loans, including through a special purpose vehicle, to any securitization vehicle, excluding any trustee that holds such loans solely for the benefit of the securitization vehicle."

1	SEC. 122. RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOAN ORIGINATION.
2	(a) In General.—Chapter 2 of the Truth in Lending
3	Act (15 U.S.C. 1631 et seq.) is amended by inserting after
4	section 129 the following new section:
5	"§ 129A. Residential mortgage loan origination
6	"(a) Duty of Care.—
7	"(1) Standard.—Subject to regulations pre-
8	scribed under this subsection, each mortgage origi-
9	nator shall, in addition to the duties imposed by oth-
10	erwise applicable provisions of State or Federal
11	law—
12	"(A) be qualified, registered, and, when re-
13	quired, licensed as a mortgage originator in ac-
14	cordance with applicable State or Federal law
15	including subtitle A of title I of the Mortgage Re-
16	form and Anti-Predatory Lending Act of 2007;
17	"(B) with respect to each consumer seeking
18	or inquiring about a residential mortgage loan,
19	diligently work to present the consumer with a
20	range of residential mortgage loan products for
21	which the consumer likely qualifies and which
22	are appropriate to the consumer's existing cir-
23	cumstances, based on information known by, or
24	obtained in good faith by, the originator;
25	"(C) make full, complete, and timely disclo-
26	sure to each such consumer of—

1	"(i) the comparative costs and benefits
2	of each residential mortgage loan product
3	offered, discussed, or referred to by the origi-
4	nator;
5	"(ii) the nature of the originator's rela-
6	tionship to the consumer (including the cost
7	of the services to be provided by the origi-
8	nator and a statement that the mortgage
9	originator is or is not acting as an agent
10	for the consumer, as the case may be); and
11	"(iii) any relevant conflicts of interest;
12	"(D) certify to the creditor, with respect to
13	any transaction involving a residential mortgage
14	loan, that the mortgage originator has fulfilled
15	all requirements applicable to the originator
16	under this section with respect to the trans-
17	action; and
18	"(E) include the unique identifier of the
19	originator provided by the Nationwide Mortgage
20	Licensing System and Registry on all loan docu-
21	ments.
22	"(2) Clarification of extent of duty to
23	PRESENT RANGE OF PRODUCTS AND APPROPRIATE
24	PRODUCTS.—

1	"(A) No duty to offer products for
2	WHICH ORIGINATOR IS NOT AUTHORIZED TO
3	Take an application.—Paragraph (1)(B) shall
4	not be construed as requiring—
5	"(i) a mortgage originator to present
6	to any consumer any specific residential
7	mortgage loan product that is offered by a
8	creditor which does not accept consumer re-
9	ferrals from, or consumer applications sub-
10	mitted by or through, such originator; or
11	"(ii) a creditor to offer products that
12	the creditor does not offer to the general
13	public.
14	"(B) Appropriate loan product.—For
15	purposes of paragraph (1)(B), a residential
16	mortgage loan shall be presumed to be appro-
17	priate for a consumer if—
18	"(i) the mortgage originator deter-
19	mines in good faith, based on then existing
20	information and without undergoing a full
21	underwriting process, that the consumer has
22	a reasonable ability to repay and receives a
23	net tangible benefit (as determined in ac-
24	cordance with regulations prescribed under
25	section $129B(a)$ ); and

1	"(ii) the loan does not have predatory
2	characteristics or effects (such as equity
3	stripping and excessive fees and abusive
4	terms) as determined in accordance with
5	regulations prescribed under paragraph (4).
6	"(3) Rules of construction.—No provision of
7	this subsection shall be construed as—
8	"(A) creating an agency or fiduciary rela-
9	tionship between a mortgage originator and a
10	consumer if the originator does not hold himself
11	or herself out as such an agent or fiduciary; or
12	"(B) restricting a mortgage originator from
13	holding himself or herself out as an agent or fi-
14	duciary of a consumer subject to any additional
15	duty, requirement, or limitation applicable to
16	agents or fiduciaries under any Federal or State
17	law.
18	"(4) Regulations.—
19	"(A) In General.—The Federal banking
20	agencies, in consultation with the Secretary and
21	the Commission, shall jointly prescribe regula-
22	tions to—
23	"(i) further define the duty established
24	under paragraph (1);

1	"(ii) implement the requirements of
2	$this\ subsection;$
3	"(iii) establish the time period within
4	which any disclosure required under para-
5	graph (1) shall be made to the consumer;
6	and
7	"(iv) establish such other requirements
8	for any mortgage originator as such regu-
9	latory agencies may determine to be appro-
10	priate to meet the purposes of this sub-
11	section.
12	"(B) Complementary and nonduplica-
13	TIVE DISCLOSURES.—The agencies referred to in
14	subparagraph (A) shall endeavor to make the re-
15	quired disclosures to consumers under this sub-
16	section complementary and nonduplicative with
17	other disclosures for mortgage consumers to the
18	extent such efforts—
19	"(i) are practicable; and
20	"(ii) do not reduce the value of any
21	such disclosure to recipients of such disclo-
22	sures.
23	"(5) Compliance procedures required.—
24	The Federal banking agencies shall prescribe regula-
25	tions requiring depository institutions to establish

- 1 and maintain procedures reasonably designed to as-
- 2 sure and monitor the compliance of such depository
- 3 institutions, the subsidiaries of such institutions, and
- 4 the employees of such institutions or subsidiaries with
- 5 the requirements of this section and the registration
- 6 procedures established under section 106 of the Mort-
- 7 gage Reform and Anti-Predatory Lending Act of
- 8 2007.".
- 9 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for
- 10 chapter 2 of the Truth in Lending Act is amended by insert-
- 11 ing after the item relating to section 129 the following new
- 12 *item*:

"129A. Residential mortgage loan origination.".

#### 13 SEC. 123. ANTI-STEERING.

- 14 Section 129A of the Truth in Lending Act (as added
- 15 by section 122(a)) is amended by inserting after subsection
- 16 (a) the following new subsection:
- 17 "(b) Prohibition on Steering Incentives.—
- 18 "(1) In general.—No mortgage originator may
- 19 receive from any person, and no person may pay to
- any mortgage originator, directly or indirectly, any
- incentive compensation (including yield spread pre-
- 22 mium) that is based on, or varies with, the terms
- 23 (other than the amount of principal) of any loan that
- is not a qualified mortgage (as defined in section
- 25 129B(c)(3)).

1	"(2) Anti-steering regulations.—The Fed-
2	eral banking agencies, in consultation with the Sec-
3	retary and the Commission, shall jointly prescribe
4	regulations to prohibit—
5	"(A) mortgage originators from steering
6	any consumer to a residential mortgage loan
7	that—
8	"(i) the consumer lacks a reasonable
9	ability to repay;
10	"(ii) does not provide the consumer
11	with a net tangible benefit; or
12	"(iii) has predatory characteristics or
13	effects (such as equity stripping, excessive
14	fees, or abusive terms);
15	"(B) mortgage originators from steering
16	any consumer from a residential mortgage loan
17	for which the consumer is qualified that is a
18	qualified mortgage (as defined in section
19	129B(c)(3)) to a residential mortgage loan that
20	is not a qualified mortgage; and
21	"(C) abusive or unfair lending practices
22	that promote disparities among consumers of
23	equal credit worthiness but of different race, eth-
24	nicity, gender, or age.

1	"(3) Rules of construction.—No provision of
2	this subsection shall be construed as—
3	"(A) limiting or affecting the ability of a
4	mortgage originator to sell residential mortgage
5	loans to subsequent purchasers;
6	"(B) restricting a consumer's ability to fi-
7	nance origination fees to the extent that such fees
8	were fully disclosed to the consumer earlier in
9	the application process and do not vary based on
10	the terms of the loan or the consumer's decision
11	about whether to finance such fees; or
12	"(C) prohibiting incentive payments to a
13	mortgage originator based on the number of resi-
14	dential mortgage loans originated within a spec-
15	ified period of time.".
16	SEC. 124. LIABILITY.
17	Section 129A of the Truth in Lending Act is amended
18	by inserting after subsection (b) (as added by section 123)
19	the following new subsection:
20	"(c) Liability for Violations.—
21	"(1) In general.—For purposes of providing a
22	cause of action for any failure by a mortgage origi-
23	nator to comply with any requirement imposed under
24	this section and any regulation prescribed under this
25	section, subsections (a) and (b) of section 130 shall be

1	applied with respect to any such failure by sub-
2	stituting 'mortgage originator' for 'creditor' each
3	place such term appears in each such subsection
4	"(2) Maximum.—The maximum amount of any
5	liability of a mortgage originator under paragraph
6	(1) to a consumer for any violation of this section
7	shall not exceed an amount equal to 3 times the total
8	amount of direct and indirect compensation or gain
9	accruing to the mortgage originator in connection
10	with the residential mortgage loan involved in the
11	violation, plus the costs to the consumer of the action,
12	including a reasonable attorney's fee.".
13	SEC. 125. REGULATIONS.
14	The regulations required or authorized to be prescribed
15	under this title or the amendments made by this title—
16	(1) shall be prescribed in final form before the
17	end of the 12-month period beginning on the date of
18	the enactment of this Act; and
19	(2) shall take effect not later than 18 months
20	after the date of the enactment of this Act.
21	TITLE II—MINIMUM STANDARDS
22	FOR MORTGAGES
23	SEC. 201. ABILITY TO REPAY.
24	(a) In General.—Chapter 2 of the Truth in Lending
25	Act (15 U.S.C. 1631 et seq.) is amended by inserting after

 $1 \ \ section \ 129A \ (as \ added \ by \ section \ 122(a)) \ the \ following \ new$ 

2 section:

# 3 "§ 129B. Minimum standards for residential mortgage

#### 4 loans

# "(a) Ability To Repay.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with regulations prescribed jointly by the Federal banking agencies, in consultation with the Commission, no creditor may make a residential mortgage loan unless the creditor makes a reasonable and good faith determination based on verified and documented information that, at the time the loan is consummated, the consumer has a reasonable ability to repay the loan, according to its terms, and all applicable taxes, insurance, and assessments.

"(2) Multiple loans.—If the creditor knows, or has reason to know, that 1 or more residential mortgage loans secured by the same dwelling will be made to the same consumer, the creditor shall make a reasonable and good faith determination, based on verified and documented information, that the consumer has a reasonable ability to repay the combined payments of all loans on the same dwelling according to the terms of those loans and all applicable taxes, insurance, and assessments.

"(3) Basis for determination under this subsection of a consumer's ability to repay a residential mortgage loan shall be based on consideration of the consumer's credit history, current income, expected income the consumer is reasonably assured of receiving, current obligations, debt-to-income ratio, employment status, and other financial resources other than the consumer's equity in the dwelling or real property that secures repayment of the loan.

## "(4) Nonstandard Loans.—

"(A) Variable rate loans that defer repayment of any principal or interest.— For purposes of determining, under this subsection, a consumer's ability to repay a variable rate residential mortgage loan that allows or requires the consumer to defer the repayment of any principal or interest, the creditor shall take into consideration a fully amortizing repayment schedule.

"(B) Interest-only loans.—For purposes of determining, under this subsection, a consumer's ability to repay a residential mortgage loan that permits or requires the payment of interest only, the creditor shall take into consider-

1	ation the payment amount required to amortize
2	the loan by its final maturity.
3	"(C) CALCULATION FOR NEGATIVE AMORTI-
4	zation.—In making any determination under
5	this subsection, a creditor shall also take into
6	consideration any balance increase that may ac-
7	crue from any negative amortization provision.
8	"(D) Calculation process.—For pur-
9	poses of making any determination under this
10	subsection, a creditor shall calculate the monthly
11	payment amount for principal and interest on
12	any residential mortgage loan by assuming—
13	"(i) the loan proceeds are fully dis-
14	bursed on the date of the consummation of
15	$the\ loan;$
16	"(ii) the loan is to be repaid in sub-
17	stantially equal monthly amortizing pay-
18	ments for principal and interest over the
19	entire term of the loan with no balloon pay-
20	ment, unless the loan contract requires more
21	rapid repayment (including balloon pay-
22	ment), in which case the contract's repay-
23	ment schedule shall be used in this calcula-
24	$tion; \ and$

1	"(iii) the interest rate over the entire
2	term of the loan is a fixed rate equal to the
3	fully indexed rate at the time of the loan
4	closing, without considering the introduc-
5	tory rate.
6	"(5) Fully-indexed rate defined.—For pur-
7	poses of this subsection, the term 'fully indexed rate'
8	means the index rate prevailing on a residential
9	mortgage loan at the time the loan is made plus the
10	margin that will apply after the expiration of any in-
11	troductory interest rates.".
12	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for
13	chapter 2 of the Truth in Lending Act is amended by insert-
14	ing after the item relating to section 129A (as added by
15	section 122(b)) the following new item:
	"129B. Minimum standards for residential mortgage loans.".
16	SEC. 202. NET TANGIBLE BENEFIT FOR REFINANCING OF
17	RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOANS.
18	Section 129B of the Truth in Lending Act (as added
19	by section 201(a)) is amended by inserting after subsection
20	(a) the following new subsection:
21	"(b) Net Tangible Benefit for Refinancing of
22	Residential Mortgage Loans.—
23	"(1) In General.—In accordance with regula-
24	tions prescribed under paragraph (3), no creditor
25	may extend credit in connection with any residential

mortgage loan that involves a refinancing of a prior
existing residential mortgage loan unless the creditor
reasonably and in good faith determines, at the time
the loan is consummated and on the basis of information known by or obtained in good faith by the creditor, that the refinanced loan will provide a net tangible benefit to the consumer.

- "(2) CERTAIN LOANS PROVIDING NO NET TAN-GIBLE BENEFIT.—A residential mortgage loan that involves a refinancing of a prior existing residential mortgage loan shall not be considered to provide a net tangible benefit to the consumer if the costs of the refinanced loan, including points, fees and other charges, exceed the amount of any newly advanced principal without any corresponding changes in the terms of the refinanced loan that are advantageous to the consumer.
- "(3) Net tangible benefit.—The Federal banking agencies shall jointly prescribe regulations defining the term 'net tangible benefit' for purposes of this subsection."
- 22 SEC. 203. SAFE HARBOR AND REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION.
- 23 Section 129B of the Truth in Lending Act is amended
- 24 by inserting after subsection (b) (as added by section 202)
- 25 the following new subsection:

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1	"(c) Presumption of Ability To Repay and Net
2	Tangible Benefit.—
3	"(1) In general.—Any creditor with respect to
4	any residential mortgage loan, and any assignee or
5	securitizer of such loan, may presume that the loan
6	has met the requirements of subsections (a) and (b),
7	if the loan is a qualified mortgage or a qualified safe
8	$harbor\ mortgage.$
9	"(2) Rebuttable presumption.—Any pre-
10	sumption established under paragraph (1) with re-
11	spect to any residential mortgage loan shall be rebut-
12	table only—
13	"(A) against the creditor of such loan; and
14	"(B) if such loan is a qualified safe harbor
15	mort gage.
16	"(3) Definitions.—For purposes of this section
17	the following definitions shall apply:
18	"(A) Most recent conventional mort-
19	GAGE RATE.—The term 'most recent conventional
20	mortgage rate' means the contract interest rate
21	on commitments for fixed-rate first mortgages
22	most recently published in the Federal Reserve
23	Statistical Release on selected interest rates
24	(daily or weekly), and commonly referred to as
25	the H.15 release (or any successor publication),

1	in the week preceding a date of determination for
2	purposes of applying this subsection.
3	"(B) Qualified mortgage.—The term
4	'qualified mortgage' means—
5	"(i) any residential mortgage loan that
6	constitutes a first lien on the dwelling or
7	real property securing the loan and either—
8	"(I) has an annual percentage
9	rate that does not equal or exceed the
10	yield on securities issued by the Sec-
11	retary of the Treasury under chapter
12	31 of title 31, United States Code, that
13	bear comparable periods of maturity
14	by more than 3 percentage points; or
15	"(II) has an annual percentage
16	rate that does not equal or exceed the
17	most recent conventional mortgage
18	rate, or such other annual percentage
19	rate as may be established by regula-
20	tion under paragraph (6), by more
21	than 175 basis points;
22	"(ii) any residential mortgage loan
23	that is not the first lien on the dwelling or
24	real property securing the loan and either—

1	"(I) has an annual percentage
2	rate that does not equal or exceed the
3	yield on securities issued by the Sec-
4	retary of the Treasury under chapter
5	31 of title 31, United States Code, that
6	bear comparable periods of maturity
7	by more than 5 percentage points; or
8	"(II) has an annual percentage
9	rate that does not equal or exceed the
10	most recent conventional mortgage
11	rate, or such other annual percentage
12	rate as may be established by regula-
13	tion under paragraph (6), by more
14	than 375 basis points; and
15	"(iii) a loan made or guaranteed by
16	the Secretary of Veterans Affairs.
17	"(C) Qualified safe harbor mort-
18	GAGE.—The term 'qualified safe harbor mort-
19	gage' means any residential mortgage loan—
20	"(i) for which the income and finan-
21	cial resources of the consumer are verified
22	and documented;
23	"(ii) for which the residential mortgage
24	loan underwriting process is based on the
25	fully-indexed rate, and takes into account

1	all applicable taxes, insurance, and assess-
2	ments;
3	"(iii) which does not provide for a re-
4	payment schedule that results in negative
5	amortization at any time;
6	"(iv) meets such other requirements as
7	may be established by regulation; and
8	"(v) for which any of the following fac-
9	tors apply with respect to such loan:
10	"(I) The periodic payment
11	amount for principal and interest are
12	fixed for a minimum of 5 years under
13	the terms of the loan.
14	"(II) In the case of a variable rate
15	loan, the annual percentage rate varies
16	based on a margin that is less than 3
17	percent over a single generally accepted
18	interest rate index that is the basis for
19	determining the rate of interest for the
20	mort gage.
21	"(III) The loan does not cause the
22	consumer's total monthly debts, includ-
23	ing amounts under the loan, to exceed
24	a percentage established by regulation
25	of his or her monthly gross income or

1	such other maximum percentage of
2	such income as may be prescribed by
3	regulation under paragraph (6).
4	"(4) Determination of comparison to
5	TREASURY SECURITIES.—
6	"(A) In General.—Without regard to
7	whether a residential mortgage loan is subject to
8	or reportable under the Home Mortgage Disclo-
9	sure Act of 1975 and subject to subparagraph
10	(B), the difference between the annual percentage
11	rate of such loan and the yield on securities
12	issued by the Secretary of the Treasury under
13	chapter 31 of title 31, United States Code, hav-
14	ing comparable periods of maturity shall be de-
15	termined using the same procedures and methods
16	of calculation applicable to loans that are subject
17	to the reporting requirements under the Home
18	Mortgage Disclosure Act of 1975.
19	"(B) Date of determination of
20	YIELD.—The yield on the securities referred to in
21	subparagraph (A) shall be determined, for pur-
22	poses of such subparagraph and paragraph (3)
23	with respect to any residential mortgage loan, as

of the 15th day of the month preceding the

1 month in which a completed application is sub-2 mitted for such loan.

"(5) APR IN CASE OF INTRODUCTORY OFFER.—
For purposes of making a determination of whether a residential mortgage loan that provides for a fixed interest rate for an introductory period and then resets or adjusts to a variable rate is a qualified mortgage, the determination of the annual percentage rate, as determined in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Board under section 107, shall be based on the greater of the introductory rate and the fully indexed rate of interest.

## "(6) Regulations.—

- "(A) In General.—The Federal banking agencies shall jointly prescribe regulations to carry out the purposes of this subsection.
- "(B) REVISION OF SAFE HARBOR CRITERIA.—The Federal banking agencies may jointly prescribe regulations that revise, add to, or subtract from the criteria that define a qualified mortgage and a qualified safe harbor mortgage to the extent necessary and appropriate to effectuate the purposes of this subsection, to prevent circumvention or evasion of this subsection, or to facilitate compliance with this subsection.

1 "(7) Rule of construction.—No provision of 2 this subsection may be construed as implying that a 3 residential mortgage loan may be presumed to violate 4 subsection (a) or (b) if such loan is not a qualified 5 mortgage or a qualified safe harbor mortgage.". 6 SEC. 204. LIABILITY. 7 Section 129B of the Truth in Lending Act is amended 8 by inserting after subsection (c) (as added by section 203) 9 the following new subsection: 10 "(d) Liability for Violations.— 11 "(1) In General.— "(A) Rescission.—In addition to any 12 13 other liability under this title for a violation by a creditor of subsection (a) or (b) (for example 14 15 under section 130) and subject to the statute of 16 limitations in paragraph (7), a civil action may 17 be maintained against a creditor for a violation 18 of subsection (a) or (b) with respect to a residen-19 tial mortgage loan for the rescission of the loan, 20 and such additional costs as the obligor may

> "(B) Cure.—A creditor shall not be liable for rescission under subparagraph (A) with re-

loan, including a reasonable attorney's fee.

have incurred as a result of the violation and in

connection with obtaining a rescission of the

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1	spect to a residential mortgage loan if, no later
2	than 90 days after the receipt of notification
3	from the consumer that the loan violates sub-
4	section (a) or (b), the creditor provides a cure.
5	"(2) Limited assignee and securitizer li-
6	ABILITY.—Notwithstanding sections 125(e) and 131
7	and except as provided in paragraph (3), a civil ac-
8	tion which may be maintained against a creditor
9	with respect to a residential mortgage loan for a vio-
10	lation of subsection (a) or (b) may be maintained
11	against any assignee or securitizer of such residential
12	mortgage loan, who has acted in good faith, for the
13	following liabilities only:
14	"(A) Rescission of the loan.
15	"(B) Such additional costs as the obligor
16	may have incurred as a result of the violation
17	and in connection with obtaining a rescission of
18	the loan, including a reasonable attorney's fee.
19	"(3) Assignee and securitizer exemption.—
20	No assignee or securitizer of a residential mortgage
21	loan shall be liable under paragraph (2) with respect
22	to such loan if—
23	"(A) no later than 90 days after the receipt
24	of notification from the consumer that the loan
25	violates subsection (a) or (b), the assignee or

1	securitizer provides a cure so that the loan satis-
2	fies the requirements of subsections (a) and (b);
3	or
4	"(B) each of the following conditions are
5	met:
6	"(i) The assignee or securitizer—
7	"(I) has a policy against buying
8	residential mortgage loans other than
9	qualified mortgages or qualified safe
10	harbor mortgages (as defined in sub-
11	section (c));
12	"(II) the policy is intended to
13	verify seller or assignor compliance
14	with the representations and warran-
15	ties required under clause (ii); and
16	"(III) in accordance with regula-
17	tions which the Federal banking agen-
18	cies and the Securities and Exchange
19	Commission shall jointly prescribe, ex-
20	ercises reasonable due diligence to ad-
21	here to such policy in purchasing resi-
22	dential mortgage loans, including
23	through adequate, thorough, and con-
24	sistently applied sampling procedures.

1	"(ii) The contract under which such
2	assignee or securitizer acquired the residen-
3	tial mortgage loan from a seller or assignor
4	of the loan contains representations and
5	warranties that the seller or assignor—
6	"(I) is not selling or assigning
7	any residential mortgage loan which is
8	not a qualified mortgage or a qualified
9	safe harbor mortgage; or
10	"(II) is a beneficiary of a rep-
11	resentation and warranty from a pre-
12	vious seller or assignor to that effect,
13	and the assignee or securitizer in good faith
14	takes reasonable steps to obtain the benefit
15	of such representation or warranty.
16	"(4) Cure defined.—For purposes of this sub-
17	section, the term 'cure' means, with respect to a resi-
18	dential mortgage loan that violates subsection (a) or
19	(b), the modification or refinancing, at no cost to the
20	consumer, of the loan to provide terms that would
21	have satisfied the requirements of subsection (a) and
22	(b) if the loan had contained such terms as of the
23	origination of the loan.
24	"(5) Disagreement over cure.—If any cred-
25	itor assignee or securitizer and a consumer fail to

1	reach agreement on a cure with respect to a residen-
2	tial mortgage loan that violates subsection (a) or (b),
3	or the consumer fails to accept a cure proffered by a
4	creditor, assignee, or securitizer—
5	"(A) the creditor, assignee, or securitizer
6	may provide the cure; and
7	"(B) the consumer may challenge the ade-
8	quacy of the cure during the 6-month period be-
9	ginning when the cure is provided.
10	If the consumer's challenge, under this paragraph, of
11	a cure is successful, the creditor, assignee, or
12	securitizer shall be liable to the consumer for rescis-
13	sion of the loan and such additional costs under
14	paragraph (2).
15	"(6) Inability to provide rescission.—If a
16	creditor, assignee, or securitizer cannot provide rescis-
17	sion under paragraph (1) or (2), the liability of such
18	creditor, assignee, or securitizer shall be met by pro-
19	viding the financial equivalent of a rescission, to-
20	gether with such additional costs as the obligor may
21	have incurred as a result of the violation and in con-
22	nection with obtaining a rescission of the loan, in-
23	cluding a reasonable attorney's fee.
24	"(7) No class actions against assignee or
25	SECURITIZER UNDER PARAGRAPH (2).—Only indi-

1	vidual actions may be brought against an assignee or
2	securitizer of a residential mortgage loan for a viola-
3	tion of subsection (a) or (b).
4	"(8) Statute of limitations.—The liability of
5	a creditor, assignee, or securitizer under this sub-
6	section shall apply in any original action against a
7	creditor under paragraph (1) or an assignee or
8	securitizer under paragraph (2) which is brought be-
9	fore—
10	"(A) in the case of any residential mortgage
11	loan other than a loan to which subparagraph
12	(B) applies, the end of the 3-year period begin-
13	ning on the date the loan is consummated; or
14	"(B) in the case of a residential mortgage
15	loan that provides for a fixed interest rate for an
16	introductory period and then resets or adjusts to
17	a variable rate or that provides for a nonamor-
18	tizing payment schedule and then converts to an
19	amortizing payment schedule, the earlier of—
20	"(i) the end of the 1-year period begin-
21	ning on the date of such reset, adjustment,
22	or conversion; or
23	"(ii) the end of the 6-year period be-
24	ginning on the date the loan is con-
25	summated.

1 "(9) Pools and investors in pools ex-2 CLUDED.—In the case of residential mortgage loans 3 acquired or aggregated for the purpose of including such loans in a pool of assets held for the purpose of issuing or selling instruments representing interests 5 6 in such pools including through a securitization vehi-7 cle, the terms 'assignee' and 'securitizer', as used in 8 this section, do not include the securitization vehicle, the pools of such loans or any original or subsequent 9 10 purchaser of any interest in the securitization vehicle 11 or any instrument representing a direct or indirect 12 interest in such pool.". 13 SEC. 205. DEFENSE TO FORECLOSURE. 14 Section 129B of the Truth in Lending Act is amended 15 by inserting after subsection (d) (as added by section 204) the following new subsection: 16 17 "(e) Defense to Foreclosure.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law— 18 "(1) when the holder of a residential mortgage 19 20 loan or anyone acting for such holder initiates a judi-21 cial or nonjudicial foreclosure— 22 "(A) a consumer who has the right to re-23 scind under this section with respect to such loan 24 against the creditor or any assignee 25 securitizer may assert such right as a defense to

1	foreclosure or counterclaim to such foreclosure
2	against the holder, or
3	"(B) if the foreclosure proceeding begins
4	after the end of the period during which a con-
5	sumer may bring an action for rescission under
6	subsection (d), the consumer may seek actual
7	damages incurred by reason of the violation
8	which gave rise to the right of rescission, together
9	with costs of the action, including a reasonable
10	attorney's fee against the creditor or any as-
11	signee or securitizer; and
12	"(2) such holder or anyone acting for such holder
13	or any other applicable third party may sell, transfer,
14	convey, or assign a residential mortgage loan to a
15	creditor, any assignee, or any securitizer, or their des-
16	ignees, to effect a rescission or cure.".
17	SEC. 206. ADDITIONAL STANDARDS AND REQUIREMENTS.
18	(a) In General.—Section 129B of the Truth in Lend-
19	ing Act is amended by inserting after subsection (e) (as
20	added by section 205) the following new subsections:
21	"(f) Prohibition on Certain Prepayment Pen-
22	ALTIES.—
23	"(1) Prohibited on Certain Loans.—A resi-
24	dential mortgage loan that is not a qualified mort-
25	gage (as defined in subsection (c)) may not contain

- terms under which a consumer must pay a prepay ment penalty for paying all or part of the principal
   after the loan is consummated.
- 4 "(2) Prohibited after initial period on 5 LOANS WITH A RESET.—A qualified mortgage with a 6 fixed interest rate for an introductory period that ad-7 justs or resets after such period may not contain 8 terms under which a consumer must pay a prepay-9 ment penalty for paying all or part of the principal 10 after the beginning of the 3-month period ending on 11 the date of the adjustment or reset.
- "(g) Single Premium Credit Insurance Prohib-12 ITED.—No creditor may finance, directly or indirectly, in 14 connection with any residential mortgage loan or with any 15 extension of credit under an open end consumer credit plan secured by the principal dwelling of the consumer (other 16 17 than a reverse mortgage), any credit life, credit disability, 18 credit unemployment or credit property insurance, or any 19 other accident, loss-of-income, life or health insurance, or any payments directly or indirectly for any debt cancella-20 21 tion or suspension agreement or contract, except that insurance premiums or debt cancellation or suspension fees cal-23 culated and paid in full on a monthly basis shall not be considered financed by the creditor.
- 25 *"(h) Arbitration.*—

- "(1) In General.—No residential mortgage loan and no extension of credit under an open end consumer credit plan secured by the principal dwelling of the consumer, other than a reverse mortgage, may include terms which require arbitration or any other nonjudicial procedure as the method for resolving any controversy or settling any claims arising out of the transaction.
  - "(2) Post-controversy agreements.—Subject to paragraph (3), paragraph (1) shall not be construed as limiting the right of the consumer and the creditor, any assignee, or any securitizer to agree to arbitration or any other nonjudicial procedure as the method for resolving any controversy at any time after a dispute or claim under the transaction arises.
  - "(3) No waiver of statutory cause of action.—No provision of any residential mortgage loan or of any extension of credit under an open end consumer credit plan secured by the principal dwelling of the consumer (other than a reverse mortgage), and no other agreement between the consumer and the creditor relating to the residential mortgage loan or extension of credit referred to in paragraph (1), shall be applied or interpreted so as to bar a consumer from bringing an action in an appropriate district

1	court of the United States, or any other court of com-
2	petent jurisdiction, pursuant to section 130 or any
3	other provision of law, for damages or other relief in
4	connection with any alleged violation of this section,
5	any other provision of this title, or any other Federal
6	law.
7	"(i) Duty of Securitizer To Retain Access to
8	Loans.—Any securitizer shall reserve the right and pre-
9	serve an ability, in any document or contract establishing
10	any pool of assets that includes any residential mortgage
11	loan—
12	"(1) to identify and obtain access to any such
13	loan in the pool; and
14	"(2) to provide for and obtain a remedy under
15	this title for the obligor under any such loan.
16	"(j) Effect of Foreclosure on Preexisting
17	Lease.—
18	"(1) In general.—In the case of any foreclosure
19	on any dwelling or residential real property securing
20	an extension of credit made under a contract entered
21	into after the date of the enactment of the Mortgage
22	Reform and Anti-Predatory Lending Act of 2007, any
23	successor in interest in such property pursuant to the

 $foreclosure\ shall\ assume\ such\ interest\ subject\ to-$ 

1	"(A) any bona fide lease made to a bona
2	fide tenant entered into before the notice of fore-
3	closure; and
4	"(B) the rights of any bona fide tenant
5	without a lease or with a lease terminable at will
6	under State law and the provision, by the suc-
7	cessor in interest, of a notice to vacate to the ten-
8	ant at least 90 days before the effective date of
9	the notice.
10	"(2) Bona fide lease or tenancy.—For pur-
11	poses of this section, a lease or tenancy shall be con-
12	sidered bona fide only if—
13	"(A) the lease or tenancy was the result of
14	an arms-length transaction; or
15	"(B) the lease or tenancy requires the ten-
16	ant to pay rent that is not substantially less
17	than fair market rent for the property.
18	"(k) Mortgages With Negative Amortization.—
19	No creditor may extend credit to a first-time borrower in
20	connection with a consumer credit transaction under an
21	open or closed end consumer credit plan secured by a dwell-
22	ing or residential real property that includes a dwelling,
23	other than a reverse mortgage, that provides or permits a
24	payment plan that may, at any time over the term of the

1	extension of credit, result in negative amortization unless,
2	before such transaction is consummated—
3	"(1) the creditor provides the consumer with a
4	statement that—
5	"(A) the pending transaction will or may,
6	as the case may be, result in negative amortiza-
7	tion;
8	"(B) describes negative amortization in
9	such manner as the Federal banking agencies
10	shall prescribe;
11	"(C) negative amortization increases the
12	outstanding principal balance of the account;
13	and
14	"(D) negative amortization reduces the con-
15	sumer's equity in the dwelling or real property;
16	and
17	"(2) the consumer provides the creditor with suf-
18	ficient documentation to demonstrate that the con-
19	sumer received homeownership counseling from orga-
20	nizations or counselors certified by the Secretary of
21	Housing and Urban Development as competent to
22	provide such counseling.
23	"(l) Annual Contact Information.—At least once
24	annually and whenever there is a change in ownership of
25	a residential mortgage loan, the servicer with respect to a

- 1 residential mortgage loan shall provide a written notice to
- 2 the consumer identifying the name of the creditor or any
- 3 assignee or securitizer who should be contacted by the con-
- 4 sumer for any reason concerning the consumer's rights with
- 5 respect to the loan.".
- 6 (b) Conforming Amendment Relating to En-
- 7 Forcement.—Section 108(a) of the Truth in Lending Act
- 8 (15 U.S.C. 1607(a)) is amended by inserting after para-
- 9 graph (6) the following new paragraph:
- 10 "(7) sections 21B and 21C of the Securities Ex-
- 11 change Act of 1934, in the case of a broker or dealer,
- 12 other than a depository institution, by the Securities
- and Exchange Commission.".
- 14 SEC. 207. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 15 Except as otherwise expressly provided in section 129A
- 16 or 129B of the Truth in Lending Act (as added by this
- 17 Act), no provision of such section 129A or 129B shall be
- 18 construed as superseding, repealing, or affecting any duty,
- 19 right, obligation, privilege, or remedy of any person under
- 20 any other provision of the Truth in Lending Act or any
- 21 other provision of Federal or State law.
- 22 SEC. 208. EFFECT ON STATE LAWS.
- 23 (a) In General.—Section 129B(d) of the Truth in
- 24 Lending Act (as added by section 204) shall supersede any
- 25 State law that provides additional remedies against any

- 1 assignee, securitizer, or securitization vehicle, and the rem-
- 2 edies described in such section shall constitute the sole rem-
- 3 edies against any assignee, securitizer, or securitization ve-
- 4 hicle, for a violation of subsection (a) or (b) of section 129B
- 5 of such Act (relating to ability to repay or net tangible ben-
- 6 efit) or any other State law arising out of or relating to
- 7 the specific subject matter of subsection (a) or (b) of such
- 8 section 129B.
- 9 (b) Rule of Construction.—No provision of this
- 10 section shall be construed as limiting the application of any
- 11 State law against a creditor. Nor shall any provision of
- 12 this section be construed as limiting the application of any
- 13 State law against any assignee, securitizer, or
- 14 securitization vehicle that does not arise out of or relate
- 15 to, or provide additional remedies in connection with, the
- 16 specific subject matter of subsection (a) or (b) of section
- 17 129B of the Truth in Lending Act.
- 18 SEC. 209. REGULATIONS.
- 19 Regulations required or authorized to be prescribed
- 20 under this title or the amendments made by this title—
- 21 (1) shall be prescribed in final form before the
- end of the 12-month period beginning on the date of
- 23 the enactment of this Act; and
- 24 (2) shall take effect not later than 18 months
- 25 after the date of the enactment of this Act.

### 1 SEC. 210. AMENDMENTS TO CIVIL LIABILITY PROVISIONS.

2 (a) Increase in Amount of Civil Money Pen-ALTIES FOR CERTAIN VIOLATIONS.—Section 130(a)(2) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1640(a)(2)) is amend-4 5 ed— 6 (1) by striking "\$100" and inserting "\$200"; 7 (2) by striking "\$1,000" and inserting "\$2,000"; (3) by striking "\$200" and inserting "\$400"; 8 (4) by striking "\$2,000" and inserting "\$4,000": 9 10 and 11 by striking "\$500,000" and inserting (5)12 "\$1,000,000". 13 (b) Statute of Limitations Extended for Sec-TION 129 VIOLATIONS.—Section 130(e) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1640(e)) is amended— 15 16 (1) in the first sentence, by striking "Any ac-17 tion" and inserting "Except as provided in the subse-18 quent sentence, any action"; and 19 (2) by inserting after the first sentence the fol-20 lowing new sentence: "Any action under this section 21 with respect to any violation of section 129 may be 22 brought in any United States district court, or in any 23 other court of competent jurisdiction, before the end of 24 the 3-year period beginning on the date of the occur-25 rence of the violation.".

## 1 SEC. 211. REQUIRED DISCLOSURES.

2	(a) Additional Information.—Section 128(a) of
3	Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1638(a)) is amended by
4	adding at the end the following new paragraphs:
5	"(16) In the case of an extension of credit that
6	is secured by the dwelling of a consumer, under which
7	the annual rate of interest is variable, or with respect
8	to which the regular payments may otherwise be vari-
9	able, in addition to the other disclosures required
10	under this subsection, the disclosures provided under
11	this subsection shall state the maximum amount of
12	the regular required payments on the loan, based on
13	the maximum interest rate allowed, introduced with
14	the following language in conspicuous type size and
15	format: Your payment can go as high as \$', the
16	blank to be filled in with the maximum possible pay-
17	ment amount.
18	"(17) In the case of a residential mortgage loan
19	for which an escrow or impound account will be es-
20	tablished for the payment of all applicable taxes, in-
21	surance, and assessments, the following statement:
22	Your payments will be increased to cover taxes and
23	insurance. In the first year, you will pay an addi-
24	tional \$ [insert the amount of the monthly pay-
25	ment to the account] every month to cover the costs
26	of taxes and insurance.'.

- "(18) In the case of a variable rate residential mortgage loan for which an escrow or impound account will be established for the payment of all applicable taxes, insurance, and assessments—
  - "(A) the amount of initial monthly payment due under the loan for the payment of principal and interest, and the amount of such initial monthly payment including the monthly payment deposited in the account for the payment of all applicable taxes, insurance, and assessments; and
  - "(B) the amount of the fully indexed monthly payment due under the loan for the payment of principal and interest, and the amount of such fully indexed monthly payment including the monthly payment deposited in the account for the payment of all applicable taxes, insurance, and assessments.
- "(19) In the case of a residential mortgage loan, the aggregate amount of settlement charges for all settlement services provided in connection with the loan, the amount of charges that are included in the loan and the amount of such charges the borrower must pay at closing, the approximate amount of the wholesale rate of funds in connection with the loan, and the

1	aggregate amount of other fees or required payments
2	in connection with the loan.
3	"(20) In the case of a residential mortgage loan,
4	the aggregate amount of fees paid to the mortgage
5	originator in connection with the loan, the amount of
6	such fees paid directly by the consumer, and any ad-
7	ditional amount received by the originator from the
8	creditor based on the interest rate of the loan.".
9	(b) TIMING.—Section 128(b) of the Truth in Lending
10	Act (15 U.S.C. 1638(b)) is amended by adding at the end
11	the following new paragraph:
12	"(4) Residential mortgage loan disclo-
13	SURES.—In the case of a residential mortgage loan,
14	the information required to be disclosed under sub-
15	section (a) with respect to such loan shall be disclosed
16	before the earlier of—
17	"(A) the time required under the first sen-
18	tence of paragraph (1); or
19	"(B) the end of the 3-day period beginning
20	on the date the application for the loan from a
21	consumer is received by the creditor.".
22	(c) Enhanced Mortgage Loan Disclosures.—Sec-
23	tion 128(b)(2) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C.
24	1638(b)(2)) is amended—

1	(1) by striking "(2) In the" and inserting the
2	following:
3	"(2) Mortgage disclosures.—
4	"(A) In General.—In the";
5	(2) by striking "a residential mortgage trans-
6	action, as defined in section 103(w)" and inserting
7	"any extension of credit that is secured by the dwell-
8	ing of a consumer'';
9	(3) by striking "shall be made in accordance"
10	and all that follows through "extended, or";
11	(4) by striking "If the" and all that follows
12	through the end of the paragraph and inserting the
13	following new subparagraphs:
14	"(B) Statement and timing of disclo-
15	SURES.—In the case of an extension of credit
16	that is secured by the dwelling of a consumer, in
17	addition to the other disclosures required by sub-
18	section (a), the disclosures provided under this
19	paragraph shall state in conspicuous type size
20	and format, the following: You are not required
21	to complete this agreement merely because you
22	have received these disclosures or signed a loan
23	application.'.
24	"(i) state in conspicuous type size and
25	format, the following: 'You are not required

1	to complete this agreement merely because
2	you have received these disclosures or signed
3	a loan application.'; and
4	"(ii) be furnished to the borrower not
5	later than 7 business days before the date of
6	consummation of the transaction, subject to
7	$subparagraph\ (D).$
8	"(C) Variable rates or payment sched-
9	ULES.—In the case of an extension of credit that
10	is secured by the dwelling of a consumer, under
11	which the annual rate of interest is variable, or
12	with respect to which the regular payments may
13	otherwise be variable, in addition to the other
14	disclosures required by subsection (a), the disclo-
15	sures provided under this paragraph shall label
16	the payment schedule as follows: 'Payment
17	Schedule: Payments Will Vary Based on Interest
18	Rate Changes.'.
19	"(D) UPDATING APR.—In any case in
20	which the disclosure statement provided 7 busi-
21	ness days before the date of consummation of the
22	transaction contains an annual percentage rate
23	of interest that is no longer accurate, as deter-
24	mined under section 107(c), the creditor shall

furnish an additional, corrected statement to the

1	borrower, not later than 3 business days before
2	the date of consummation of the transaction.".
3	SEC. 212. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
4	For fiscal years 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, and 2012,
5	there are authorized to be appropriated to the Attorney Gen-
6	eral a total of—
7	(1) \$31,250,000 to support the employment of 30
8	additional agents of the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
9	tion and 2 additional dedicated prosecutors at the De-
10	partment of Justice to coordinate prosecution of mort-
11	gage fraud efforts with the offices of the United States
12	Attorneys; and
13	(2) \$750,000 to support the operations of inter-
14	agency task forces of the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
15	tion in the areas with the 15 highest concentrations
16	of mortgage fraud.
17	SEC. 213. EFFECTIVE DATE.
18	The amendments made by this title shall apply to
19	transactions consummated on or after the effective date of
20	the regulations specified in Section 209.

1	TITLE III—HIGH-COST
2	<b>MORTGAGES</b>
3	SEC. 301. DEFINITIONS RELATING TO HIGH-COST MORT-
4	GAGES.
5	(a) High-Cost Mortgage Defined.—Section
6	103(aa) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1602(aa))
7	is amended by striking all that precedes paragraph (2) and
8	inserting the following:
9	"(aa) High-Cost Mortgage.—
10	"(1) Definition.—
11	"(A) In GENERAL.—The term high-cost
12	mortgage', and a mortgage referred to in this
13	subsection, means a consumer credit transaction
14	that is secured by the consumer's principal
15	dwelling, other than a reverse mortgage trans-
16	action, if—
17	"(i) in the case of a credit transaction
18	secured—
19	"(I) by a first mortgage on the
20	consumer's principal dwelling, the an-
21	nual percentage rate at consummation
22	of the transaction will exceed by more
23	than 8 percentage points the yield on
24	Treasury securities having comparable
25	periods of maturity on the 15th day of

1	the month immediately preceding the
2	month in which the application for the
3	extension of credit is received by the
4	creditor; or
5	"(II) by a subordinate or junior
6	mortgage on the consumer's principal
7	dwelling, the annual percentage rate at
8	consummation of the transaction will
9	exceed by more than 10 percentage
10	points the yield on Treasury securities
11	having comparable periods of maturity
12	on the 15th day of the month imme-
13	diately preceding the month in which
14	the application for the extension of
15	credit is received by the creditor;
16	"(ii) the total points and fees payable
17	in connection with the transaction exceed—
18	"(I) in the case of a transaction
19	for \$20,000 or more, 5 percent (8 per-
20	cent if the dwelling is personal prop-
21	erty) of the total transaction amount;
22	or
23	"(II) in the case of a transaction
24	for less than \$20,000, the lesser of 8

1	percent of the total transaction amount
2	or \$1,000; or
3	"(iii) the credit transaction documents
4	permit the creditor to charge or collect pre-
5	payment fees or penalties more than 36
6	months after the transaction closing or such
7	fees or penalties exceed, in the aggregate,
8	more than 2 percent of the amount prepaid.
9	"(B) Introductory rates taken into
10	ACCOUNT.—For purposes of subparagraph $(A)(i)$ ,
11	the annual percentage rate of interest shall be de-
12	termined based on the following interest rate:
13	"(i) In the case of a fixed-rate trans-
14	action in which the annual percentage rate
15	will not vary during the term of the loan,
16	the interest rate in effect on the date of con-
17	summation of the transaction.
18	"(ii) In the case of a transaction in
19	which the rate of interest varies solely in
20	accordance with an index, the interest rate
21	determined by adding the index rate in ef-
22	fect on the date of consummation of the
23	transaction to the maximum margin per-
24	mitted at any time during the transaction
25	agreement.

1	"(iii) In the case of any other trans-
2	action in which the rate may vary at any
3	time during the term of the loan for any
4	reason, the interest charged on the trans-
5	action at the maximum rate that may be
6	charged during the term of the trans-
7	action.".
8	(b) Adjustment of Percentage Points.—Section
9	103(aa)(2) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C.
10	1602(aa)(2)) is amended by striking subparagraph (B) and
11	inserting the following new subparagraph:
12	"(B) An increase or decrease under sub-
13	paragraph (A)—
14	"(i) may not result in the number of
15	percentage points referred to in paragraph
16	(1)(A)(i)(I) being less than 6 percentage
17	points or greater than 10 percentage points;
18	and
19	"(ii) may not result in the number of
20	percentage points referred to in paragraph
21	(1)(A)(i)(II) being less than 8 percentage
22	points or greater than 12 percentage
23	points.".
24	(c) Points and Fees Defined.—

1	(1) In General.—Section 103(aa)(4) of the
2	Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1602(aa)(4)) is
3	amended—
4	(A) by striking subparagraph (B) and in-
5	serting the following:
6	"(B) all compensation paid directly or in-
7	directly by a consumer or creditor to a mortgage
8	broker from any source, including a mortgage
9	originator that originates a loan in the name of
10	the originator in a table-funded transaction;";
11	(B) in subparagraph (C)(ii), by inserting
12	"except where applied to the charges set forth in
13	section $106(e)(1)$ where a creditor may receive
14	indirect compensation solely as a result of ob-
15	taining distributions of profits from an affiliated
16	entity based on its ownership interest in compli-
17	ance with section $8(c)(4)$ of the Real Estate Set-
18	tlement Procedures Act of 1974" before the semi-
19	colon at the end;
20	(C) in subparagraph (C)(iii), by striking ";
21	and" and inserting ", except as provided for in
22	clause (ii);";
23	(D) by redesignating subparagraph (D) as
24	subparagraph (G); and

1	(E) by inserting after subparagraph (C) the
2	following new subparagraphs:
3	"(D) premiums or other charges payable as
4	or before closing for any credit life, credit dis-
5	ability, credit unemployment, or credit property
6	insurance, or any other accident, loss-of-income,
7	life or health insurance, or any payments di-
8	rectly or indirectly for any debt cancellation or
9	suspension agreement or contract, except that in-
10	surance premiums or debt cancellation or sus-
11	pension fees calculated and paid in full on a
12	monthly basis shall not be considered financed
13	by the creditor;
14	"(E) except as provided in subsection (cc),
15	the maximum prepayment fees and penalties
16	which may be charged or collected under the
17	terms of the credit transaction;
18	"(F) all prepayment fees or penalties than
19	are incurred by the consumer if the loan refi-
20	nances a previous loan made or currently held
21	by the same creditor or an affiliate of the cred-
22	itor; and".
23	(2) CALCULATION OF POINTS AND FEES FOR
24	OPEN-END CONSUMER CREDIT PLANS.—Section

1	103(aa) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C.
2	1602(aa)) is amended—
3	(A) by redesignating paragraph (5) as
4	paragraph (6); and
5	(B) by inserting after paragraph (4) the fol-
6	lowing new paragraph:
7	"(5) Calculation of points and fees for
8	OPEN-END CONSUMER CREDIT PLANS.—In the case of
9	open-end consumer credit plans, points and fees shall
10	be calculated, for purposes of this section and section
11	129, by adding the total points and fees known at or
12	before closing, including the maximum prepayment
13	penalties which may be charged or collected under the
14	terms of the credit transaction, plus the minimum ad-
15	ditional fees the consumer would be required to pay
16	to draw down an amount equal to the total credit
17	line.".
18	(d) High Cost Mortgage Lender.—Section 103(f)
19	of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1602(f)) is amended
20	by striking the last sentence and inserting the following new
21	sentence: "Any person who originates or brokers 2 or more
22	mortgages referred to in subsection (aa) in any 12-month
23	period, any person who originates 1 or more such mortgages
24	through a mortgage broker in any 12 month period, or, in
25	connection with a table funding transaction of such a mort-

- gage, any person to whom the obligation is initially as signed at or after settlement shall be considered to be a cred itor for purposes of this title.".
   (e) Bona Fide Discount Loan Discount Points
   And Prepayment Penalties.—Section 103 of the Truth
- 6 in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1602) is amended by inserting 7 after subsection (cc) (as added by section 121) the following
- 8 new subsection:
- "(dd) Bona Fide Discount Points and Prepay-9 MENT PENALTIES.—For the purposes of determining the 10 amount of points and fees for purposes of subsection (aa), 12 either the amounts described in paragraphs (1) or (4) of the following paragraphs, but not both, may be excluded: 13 14 "(1) Exclusion of bona fide discount 15 POINTS.—The discount points described in 1 of the 16 following subparagraphs shall be excluded from deter-17 mining the amounts of points and fees with respect 18 to a high-cost mortgage for purposes of subsection
- 20 "(A) Up to and including 2 bona fide dis-21 count points payable by the consumer in connec-22 tion with the mortgage, but only if the interest 23 rate from which the mortgage's interest rate will 24 be discounted does not exceed by more than 1 25 percentage point the required net yield for a 90-

(aa):

day standard mandatory delivery commitment for a reasonably comparable loan from either the Federal National Mortgage Association or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, whichever is greater.

"(B) Unless 2 bona fide discount points have been excluded under subparagraph (A), up to and including 1 bona fide discount point payable by the consumer in connection with the mortgage, but only if the interest rate from which the mortgage's interest rate will be discounted does not exceed by more than 2 percentage points the required net yield for a 90-day standard mandatory delivery commitment for a reasonably comparable loan from either the Federal National Mortgage Association or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, whichever is greater.

"(2) DEFINITION.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term bona fide discount points' means loan discount points which are knowingly paid by the consumer for the purpose of reducing, and which in fact result in a bona fide reduction of, the interest rate or time-price differential applicable to the mortgage.

1	"(3) Exception for interest rate reduc-
2	tions inconsistent with industry norms.—Para-
3	graph (1) shall not apply to discount points used to
4	purchase an interest rate reduction unless the amount
5	of the interest rate reduction purchased is reasonably
6	consistent with established industry norms and prac-
7	tices for secondary mortgage market transactions.
8	"(4) Allowance of conventional prepay-
9	MENT PENALTY.—Subsection $(aa)(1)(4)(E)$ shall not
10	apply so as to include a prepayment penalty or fee
11	that is authorized by law other than this title and
12	may be imposed pursuant to the terms of a high-cost
13	mortgage (or other consumer credit transaction se-
14	cured by the consumer's principal dwelling) if—
15	"(A) the annual percentage rate applicable
16	with respect to such mortgage or transaction (as
17	determined for purposes of subsection
18	(aa)(1)(A)(i))—
19	"(i) in the case of a first mortgage on
20	the consumer's principal dwelling, does not
21	exceed by more than 2 percentage points the
22	yield on Treasury securities having com-
23	parable periods of maturity on the 15th day
24	of the month immediately preceding the
25	month in which the application for the ex-

1	tension of credit is received by the creditor;
2	or
3	"(ii) in the case of a subordinate or
4	junior mortgage on the consumer's prin-
5	cipal dwelling, does not exceed by more than
6	4 percentage points the yield on such Treas-
7	ury securities; and
8	"(B) the total amount of any prepayment
9	fees or penalties permitted under the terms of the
10	high-cost mortgage or transaction does not exceed
11	2 percent of the amount prepaid.".
12	SEC. 302. AMENDMENTS TO EXISTING REQUIREMENTS FOR
13	CERTAIN MORTGAGES.
14	(a) Prepayment Penalty Provisions.—Section
15	129(c)(2) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C.
16	1639(c)(2)) is amended—
17	(1) by striking "and" after the semicolon at the
18	end of subparagraph (C);
19	(2) by redesignating subparagraph (D) as sub-
20	paragraph (E); and
21	(3) by inserting after subparagraph (C) the fol-
22	lowing new subparagraph:
23	"(D) the amount of the principal obligation
24	of the mortgage exceeds the maximum principal
25	obligation limitation (for the applicable size resi-

1	dence) under section 203(b)(2) of the National
2	Housing Act for the area in which the residence
3	subject to the mortgage is located; and".
4	(b) No Balloon Payments.—Section 129(e) of the
5	Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639(e)) is amended to
6	read as follows:
7	"(e) No Balloon Payments.—No high-cost mortgage
8	may contain a scheduled payment that is more than twice
9	as large as the average of earlier scheduled payments. This
10	subsection shall not apply when the payment schedule is
11	adjusted to the seasonal or irregular income of the con-
12	sumer.".
13	(c) No Lending Without Due Regard to Ability
14	To Repay.—Section 129(h) of the Truth in Lending Act
15	(15 U.S.C. 1639(h)) is amended—
16	(1) by striking "Payment Ability of Con-
17	SUMER.—A creditor shall not" and inserting "PAY-
18	MENT ABILITY OF CONSUMER.—
19	"(1) Pattern or practice.—
20	"(A) In general.—A creditor shall not";
21	(2) by inserting after subparagraph (A) (as so
22	designated by paragraph (1) of this subsection) the
23	following new subparagraph:
24	"(B) Presumption of violation.—There
25	shall be a presumption that a creditor has vio-

1	lated this subsection if the creditor engages in a
2	pattern or practice of making high-cost mort-
3	gages without verifying or documenting the re-
4	payment ability of consumers with respect to
5	such mortgages."; and
6	(3) by adding at the end the following new para-
7	graph:
8	"(2) Prohibition on extending credit with-
9	OUT REGARD TO PAYMENT ABILITY OF CONSUMER.—
10	"(A) In general.—A creditor may not ex-
11	tend credit to a consumer under a high-cost
12	mortgage unless a reasonable creditor would be-
13	lieve at the time the mortgage is closed that the
14	consumer or consumers that are residing or will
15	reside in the residence subject to the mortgage
16	will be able to make the scheduled payments as-
17	sociated with the mortgage, based upon a consid-
18	eration of current and expected income, current
19	obligations, employment status, and other finan-
20	cial resources, other than equity in the residence.
21	"(B) Presumption of ability.—For pur-
22	poses of this subsection, there shall be a rebut-
23	table presumption that a consumer is able to
24	make the scheduled payments to repay the obli-

gation if, at the time the high-cost mortgage is

1	consummated, the consumer's total monthly
2	debts, including amounts under the mortgage, do
3	not exceed 50 percent of his or her monthly gross
4	income as verified by tax returns, payroll re-
5	ceipts, or other third-party income verification.".
6	SEC. 303. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN
7	MORTGAGES.
8	(a) Additional Requirements for Certain Mort-
9	GAGES.—Section 129 of the Truth in Lending Act (15
10	U.S.C. 1639) is amended—
11	(1) by redesignating subsections (j), (k) and (l)
12	as subsections (n), (o) and (p) respectively; and
13	(2) by inserting after subsection (i) the following
14	new subsections:
15	"(j) Recommended Default.—No creditor shall rec-
16	ommend or encourage default on an existing loan or other
17	debt prior to and in connection with the closing or planned
18	closing of a high-cost mortgage that refinances all or any
19	portion of such existing loan or debt.
20	"(k) Late Fees.—
21	"(1) In general.—No creditor may impose a
22	late payment charge or fee in connection with a high-
23	cost mortgage—
24	"(A) in an amount in excess of 4 percent of
25	the amount of the payment past due;

1	"(B) unless the loan documents specifically
2	authorize the charge or fee;
3	"(C) before the end of the 15-day period be-
4	ginning on the date the payment is due, or in
5	the case of a loan on which interest on each in-
6	stallment is paid in advance, before the end of
7	the 30-day period beginning on the date the pay-
8	ment is due; or
9	"(D) more than once with respect to a sin-
10	gle late payment.
11	"(2) Coordination with subsequent late
12	FEES.—If a payment is otherwise a full payment for
13	the applicable period and is paid on its due date or
14	within an applicable grace period, and the only de-
15	linquency or insufficiency of payment is attributable
16	to any late fee or delinquency charge assessed on any
17	earlier payment, no late fee or delinquency charge
18	may be imposed on such payment.
19	"(3) Failure to make installment pay-
20	MENT.—If, in the case of a loan agreement the terms
21	of which provide that any payment shall first be ap-
22	plied to any past due principal balance, the consumer

fails to make an installment payment and the con-

sumer subsequently resumes making installment pay-

ments but has not paid all past due installments, the

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- 1 creditor may impose a separate late payment charge
- 2 or fee for any principal due (without deduction due
- 3 to late fees or related fees) until the default is cured.
- 4 "(l) Acceleration of Debt.—No high-cost mortgage
- 5 may contain a provision which permits the creditor, in its
- 6 sole discretion, to accelerate the indebtedness. This provision
- 7 shall not apply when repayment of the loan has been accel-
- 8 erated by default, pursuant to a due-on-sale provision, or
- 9 pursuant to a material violation of some other provision
- 10 of the loan documents unrelated to the payment schedule.
- 11 "(m) Restriction on Financing Points and
- 12 FEES.—No creditor may directly or indirectly finance, in
- 13 connection with any high-cost mortgage, any of the fol-
- 14 lowing:
- 15 "(1) Any prepayment fee or penalty payable by
- 16 the consumer in a refinancing transaction if the cred-
- itor or an affiliate of the creditor is the noteholder of
- the note being refinanced.
- "(2) Any points or fees.".
- 20 (b) Prohibitions on Evasions.—Section 129 of the
- 21 Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639) is amended by in-
- 22 serting after subsection (p) (as so redesignated by subsection
- (a)(1)) the following new subsection:
- 24 "(q) Prohibitions on Evasions, Structuring of
- 25 Transactions, and Reciprocal Arrangements.—A

- 1 creditor may not take any action in connection with a high-
- 2 cost mortgage—
- 3 "(1) to structure a loan transaction as an open-
- 4 end credit plan or another form of loan for the pur-
- 5 pose and with the intent of evading the provisions of
- 6 this title; or
- 7 "(2) to divide any loan transaction into separate
- 8 parts for the purpose and with the intent of evading
- 9 provisions of this title.".
- 10 (c) Modification or Deferral Fees.—Section 129
- 11 of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639) is amended
- 12 by inserting after subsection (q) (as added by subsection (b)
- 13 of this section) the following new subsection:
- 14 "(r) Modification and Deferral Fees Prohib-
- 15 ITED.—A creditor may not charge a consumer any fee to
- 16 modify, renew, extend, or amend a high-cost mortgage, or
- 17 to defer any payment due under the terms of such mortgage,
- 18 unless the modification, renewal, extension or amendment
- 19 results in a lower annual percentage rate on the mortgage
- 20 for the consumer and then only if the amount of the fee
- 21 is comparable to fees imposed for similar transactions in
- 22 connection with consumer credit transactions that are se-
- 23 cured by a consumer's principal dwelling and are not high-
- 24 cost mortgages.".

1	(d) Payoff Statement.—Section 129 of the Truth in
2	Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639) is amended by inserting after
3	subsection (r) (as added by subsection (c) of this section)
4	the following new subsection:
5	"(s) Payoff Statement.—
6	"(1) FEES.—
7	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
8	subparagraph (B), no creditor or servicer may
9	charge a fee for informing or transmitting to
10	any person the balance due to pay off the out-
11	standing balance on a high-cost mortgage.
12	"(B) Transaction fee.—When payoff in-
13	formation referred to in subparagraph (A) is
14	provided by facsimile transmission or by a cou-
15	rier service, a creditor or servicer may charge a
16	processing fee to cover the cost of such trans-
17	mission or service in an amount not to exceed an
18	amount that is comparable to fees imposed for
19	similar services provided in connection with con-
20	sumer credit transactions that are secured by the
21	consumer's principal dwelling and are not high-
22	cost mortgages.
23	"(C) Fee disclosure.—Prior to charging
24	a transaction fee as provided in subparagraph
25	(B), a creditor or servicer shall disclose that pay-

off balances are available for free pursuant to subparagraph (A).

- "(D) MULTIPLE REQUESTS.—If a creditor or servicer has provided payoff information referred to in subparagraph (A) without charge, other than the transaction fee allowed by subparagraph (B), on 4 occasions during a calendar year, the creditor or servicer may thereafter charge a reasonable fee for providing such information during the remainder of the calendar year.
- "(2) PROMPT DELIVERY.—Payoff balances shall
  be provided within 5 business days after receiving a
  request by a consumer or a person authorized by the
  consumer to obtain such information.".
- 16 (e) PRE-LOAN COUNSELING REQUIRED.—Section 129
  17 of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639) is amended
  18 by inserting after subsection (s) (as added by subsection (d)
  19 of this section) the following new subsection:
- 20 "(t) Pre-Loan Counseling.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—A creditor may not extend credit to a consumer under a high-cost mortgage without first receiving certification from a counselor that is approved by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, or at the discretion of the Secretary, a

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- state housing finance authority, that the consumer
  has received counseling on the advisability of the
  mortgage. Such counselor shall not be employed by the
  creditor or an affiliate of the creditor or be affiliated
  with the creditor.
- 6 "(2) Disclosures required prior to coun-7 SELING.—No counselor may certify that a consumer 8 has received counseling on the advisability of the 9 high-cost mortgage unless the counselor can verify 10 that the consumer has received each statement re-11 quired (in connection with such loan) by this section 12 or the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 13 with respect to the transaction.
- "(3) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development may prescribe such regulations as the Secretary determines to be appropriate to carry out the requirements of paragraph (1).".
- 18 (f) FLIPPING PROHIBITED.—Section 129 of the Truth 19 in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639) is amended by inserting 20 after subsection (t) (as added by subsection (e)) the fol-21 lowing new subsection:
- 22 "(*u*) FLIPPING.—
- 23 "(1) In General.—No creditor may knowingly 24 or intentionally engage in the unfair act or practice 25 of flipping in connection with a high-cost mortgage.

1	"(2) FLIPPING DEFINED.—For purposes of this
2	subsection, the term 'flipping' means the making of a
3	loan or extension of credit in the form a high-cost
4	mortgage to a consumer which refinances an existing
5	mortgage when the new loan or extension of credit
6	does not have reasonable, tangible net benefit to the
7	consumer considering all of the circumstances, includ-
8	ing the terms of both the new and the refinanced
9	loans or credit, the cost of the new loan or credit, and
10	the consumer's circumstances.
11	"(3) Tangible net benefit.—The Board may
12	prescribe regulations, in the discretion of the Board,
13	defining the term 'tangible net benefit' for purposes of
14	this subsection.".
15	SEC. 304. AMENDMENT TO PROVISION GOVERNING COR-
16	RECTION OF ERRORS.
17	Section 130(b) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C.
18	1640(b)) is amended to read as follows:
19	"(b) Correction of Errors.—A creditor has no li-
20	ability under this section or section 108 or 112 for any fail-
21	ure to comply with any requirement imposed under this
22	chapter or chapter 5, if—
23	"(1) within 30 days of the loan closing and prior
24	to the institution of any action, the consumer is noti-
25	fied of or discovers the violation, appropriate restitu-

1	tion is made, and whatever adjustments are necessary
2	are made to the loan to either, at the choice of the
3	consumer—
4	"(A) make the loan satisfy the requirements
5	of this chapter; or
6	"(B) in the case of a high-cost mortgage,
7	change the terms of the loan in a manner bene-
8	ficial to the consumer so that the loan will no
9	longer be a high-cost mortgage; or
10	"(2) within 60 days of the creditor's discovery or
11	receipt of notification of an unintentional violation
12	or bona fide error as described in subsection (c) and
13	prior to the institution of any action, the consumer
14	is notified of the compliance failure, appropriate res-
15	titution is made, and whatever adjustments are nec-
16	essary are made to the loan to either, at the choice
17	of the consumer—
18	"(A) make the loan satisfy the requirements
19	of this chapter; or
20	"(B) in the case of a high-cost mortgage,
21	change the terms of the loan in a manner bene-
22	ficial so that the loan will no longer be a high-
23	cost mortgage.".

#### SEC. 305. REGULATIONS.

- 2 (a) In General.—The Board of Governors of the Fed-
- 3 eral Reserve System shall publish regulations implementing
- 4 this title and the amendments made by this title in final
- 5 form before the end of the 6-month period beginning on the
- 6 date of the enactment of this Act.
- 7 (b) Consumer Mortgage Education.—
- 8 (1) REGULATIONS.—The Board of Governors of 9 the Federal Reserve System may prescribe regulations 10 requiring or encouraging creditors to provide con-11 sumer mortgage education to prospective customers or 12 direct such customers to qualified consumer mortgage 13 education or counseling programs in the vicinity of 14 the residence of the consumer.
- 15 (2) Coordination with state law.—No re-16 quirement established by the Board of Governors of 17 the Federal Reserve System pursuant to paragraph 18 (1) shall be construed as affecting or superseding any 19 requirement under the law of any State with respect 20 to consumer mortgage counseling or education.
- 21 SEC. 306. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- The amendments made by this title shall take effect
- 23 on the date of the enactment of this Act and shall apply
- 24 to mortgages referred to in section 103(aa) of the Truth in
- 25 Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1602(aa) consummated on or after
- 26 that date.

# 1 TITLE IV—OFFICE OF HOUSING 2 COUNSELING

_	COCHSELLIVO
3	SEC. 401. SHORT TITLE.
4	This title may be cited as the "Expand and Preserve
5	Home Ownership Through Counseling Act".
6	SEC. 402. ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE OF HOUSING COUN-
7	SELING.
8	Section 4 of the Department of Housing and Urban
9	Development Act (42 U.S.C. 3533) is amended by adding
10	at the end the following new subsection:
11	"(g) Office of Housing Counseling.—
12	"(1) Establishment.—There is established, in
13	the Office of the Secretary, the Office of Housing
14	Counseling.
15	"(2) Director.—There is established the posi-
16	tion of Director of Housing Counseling. The Director
17	shall be the head of the Office of Housing Counseling
18	and shall be appointed by the Secretary. Such posi-
19	tion shall be a career-reserved position in the Senior
20	Executive Service.
21	"(3) Functions.—
22	"(A) In General.—The Director shall have
23	ultimate responsibility within the Department,
24	except for the Secretary, for all activities and

1	matters relating to homeownership counseling
2	and rental housing counseling, including—
3	"(i) research, grant administration,
4	public outreach, and policy development re-
5	lating to such counseling; and
6	"(ii) establishment, coordination, and
7	administration of all regulations, require-
8	ments, standards, and performance meas-
9	ures under programs and laws administered
10	by the Department that relate to housing
11	counseling, homeownership counseling (in-
12	cluding maintenance of homes), mortgage-
13	related counseling (including home equity
14	conversion mortgages and credit protection
15	options to avoid foreclosure), and rental
16	housing counseling, including the require-
17	ments, standards, and performance meas-
18	ures relating to housing counseling.
19	"(B) Specific functions.—The Director
20	shall carry out the functions assigned to the Di-
21	rector and the Office under this section and any
22	other provisions of law. Such functions shall in-
23	clude establishing rules necessary for—
24	"(i) the counseling procedures under
25	section $106(q)(1)$ of the Housing and Urban

1	Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C.
2	1701x(h)(1));
3	"(ii) carrying out all other functions of
4	the Secretary under section 106(g) of the
5	Housing and Urban Development Act of
6	1968, including the establishment, oper-
7	ation, and publication of the availability of
8	the toll-free telephone number under para-
9	graph (2) of such section;
10	"(iii) carrying out section 5 of the
11	Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of
12	1974 (12 U.S.C. 2604) for home buying in-
13	formation booklets prepared pursuant to
14	such section;
15	"(iv) carrying out the certification
16	program under section 106(e) of the Hous-
17	ing and Urban Development Act of 1968
18	$(12\ U.S.C.\ 1701x(e));$
19	"(v) carrying out the assistance pro-
20	gram under section 106(a)(4) of the Hous-
21	ing and Urban Development Act of 1968,
22	including criteria for selection of applica-
23	tions to receive assistance;
24	"(vi) carrying out any functions re-
25	aardina abusive decentive or unscrupulous

1	lending practices relating to residential
2	mortgage loans that the Secretary considers
3	appropriate, which shall include conducting
4	the study under section 6 of the Expand
5	and Preserve Home Ownership Through
6	$Counseling\ Act;$
7	"(vii) providing for operation of the
8	advisory committee established under para-
9	graph (4) of this subsection;
10	"(viii) collaborating with community-
11	based organizations with expertise in the
12	field of housing counseling; and
13	"(ix) providing for the building of ca-
14	pacity to provide housing counseling serv-
15	ices in areas that lack sufficient services.
16	"(4) Advisory committee.—
17	"(A) In general.—The Secretary shall ap-
18	point an advisory committee to provide advice
19	regarding the carrying out of the functions of the
20	Director.
21	"(B) Members.—Such advisory committee
22	shall consist of not more than 12 individuals,
23	and the membership of the committee shall equal-
24	ly represent all aspects of the mortgage and real
25	estate industry, including consumers.

1	"(C) Terms.—Except as provided in sub-
2	paragraph (D), each member of the advisory
3	committee shall be appointed for a term of 3
4	years. Members may be reappointed at the dis-
5	cretion of the Secretary.
6	"(D) TERMS OF INITIAL APPOINTEES.—As
7	designated by the Secretary at the time of ap-
8	pointment, of the members first appointed to the
9	advisory committee, 4 shall be appointed for a
10	term of 1 year and 4 shall be appointed for a
11	term of 2 years.
12	"(E) Prohibition of Pay; travel ex-
13	PENSES.—Members of the advisory committee
14	shall serve without pay, but shall receive travel
15	expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsist-
16	ence, in accordance with applicable provisions
17	under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5,
18	United States Code.
19	"(F) Advisory Role only.—The advisory
20	committee shall have no role in reviewing or
21	awarding housing counseling grants.
22	"(5) Scope of Homeownership coun-
23	SELING.—In carrying out the responsibilities of the
24	Director, the Director shall ensure that homeowner-

ship counseling provided by, in connection with, or

pursuant to any function, activity, or program of the
Department addresses the entire process of homeownership, including the decision to purchase a home,
the selection and purchase of a home, issues arising
during or affecting the period of ownership of a home
(including refinancing, default and foreclosure, and
other financial decisions), and the sale or other disposition of a home.".

### 9 SEC. 403. COUNSELING PROCEDURES.

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 106 of the Housing and
11 Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701x) is
12 amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

13 "(g) Procedures and Activities.—

## "(1) Counseling procedures.—

"(A) In General.—The Secretary shall establish, coordinate, and monitor the administration by the Department of Housing and Urban Development of the counseling procedures for homeownership counseling and rental housing counseling provided in connection with any program of the Department, including all requirements, standards, and performance measures that relate to homeownership and rental housing counseling.

1	"(B) Homeownership counseling.—For
2	purposes of this subsection and as used in the
3	provisions referred to in this subparagraph, the
4	term 'homeownership counseling' means coun-
5	seling related to homeownership and residential
6	mortgage loans. Such term includes counseling
7	related to homeownership and residential mort-
8	gage loans that is provided pursuant to—
9	"(i) section $105(a)(20)$ of the Housing
10	and Community Development Act of 1974
11	$(42\ U.S.C.\ 5305(a)(20));$
12	"(ii) in the United States Housing Act
13	of 1937—
14	"(I) section $9(e)$ (42 U.S.C.
15	1437g(e));
16	"(II) section $8(y)(1)(D)$ (42)
17	$U.S.C.\ 1437f(y)(1)(D));$
18	"(III) section $18(a)(4)(D)$ (42)
19	$U.S.C.\ 1437p(a)(4)(D));$
20	"(IV) section $23(c)(4)$ (42 U.S.C.
21	1437u(c)(4));
22	"(V) section 32(e)(4) (42 U.S.C.
23	1437z - 4(e)(4));
24	"(VI) section $33(d)(2)(B)$ (42)
25	$U.S.C.\ 1437z-5(d)(2)(B));$

1	"(VII) sections 302(b)(6) and
2	303(b)(7) (42 U.S.C. 1437aaa-1(b)(6),
3	1437aaa–2(b)(7)); and
4	"(VIII) section $304(c)(4)$ (42)
5	$U.S.C.\ 1437aaa-3(c)(4));$
6	"(iii) section 302(a)(4) of the Amer-
7	ican Homeownership and Economic Oppor-
8	tunity Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 1437f note);
9	"(iv) sections 233(b)(2) and 258(b) of
10	the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable
11	Housing $Act$ (42 U.S.C. 12773(b)(2),
12	12808(b));
13	"(v) this section and section 101(e) of
14	the Housing and Urban Development Act of
15	1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701x, 1701w(e));
16	"(vi) section $220(d)(2)(G)$ of the Low-
17	Income Housing Preservation and Resident
18	Homeownership Act of 1990 (12 U.S.C.
19	4110(d)(2)(G));
20	"(vii) sections $422(b)(6)$ , $423(b)(7)$ ,
21	424(c)(4), $442(b)(6)$ , and $443(b)(6)$ of the
22	Cranston-Gonzalez  National  Affordable
23	Housing $Act$ (42 U.S.C. 12872(b)(6),
24	12873(b)(7), $12874(c)(4)$ , $12892(b)(6)$ , and
25	12893(b)(6));

1	"(viii) section $491(b)(1)(F)(iii)$ of the
2	McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act
3	$(42\ U.S.C.\ 11408(b)(1)(F)(iii));$
4	"(ix) sections 202(3) and 810(b)(2)(A)
5	of the Native American Housing and Self-
6	Determination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C.
7	4132(3), 4229(b)(2)(A));
8	"(x) in the National Housing Act—
9	"(I) in section 203 (12 U.S.C.
10	1709), the penultimate undesignated
11	paragraph of paragraph (2) of sub-
12	section (b), subsection $(c)(2)(A)$ , and
13	subsection (r)(4);
14	"(II) subsections (a) and (c)(3) of
15	section 237 (12 U.S.C. 1715z-2); and
16	"(III) subsections $(d)(2)(B)$ and
17	(m)(1) of section 255 (12 U.S.C.
18	1715z–20);
19	"(xi) section $502(h)(4)(B)$ of the Hous-
20	ing Act of 1949 (42 U.S.C. 1472(h)(4)(B));
21	and
22	"(xii) section 508 of the Housing and
23	Urban Development Act of 1970 (12 U.S.C.
24	1701z-7).

1	"(C) Rental Housing counseling.—For
2	purposes of this subsection, the term 'rental hous-
3	ing counseling' means counseling related to rent-
4	al of residential property, which may include
5	counseling regarding future homeownership op-
6	portunities and providing referrals for renters
7	and prospective renters to entities providing
8	counseling and shall include counseling related
9	to such topics that is provided pursuant to—
10	"(i) section $105(a)(20)$ of the Housing
11	and Community Development Act of 1974
12	(42 U.S.C. 5305(a)(20));
13	"(ii) in the United States Housing Act
14	of 1937—
15	"(I) section $9(e)$ (42 U.S.C.
16	1437g(e));
17	"(II) section $18(a)(4)(D)$ (42)
18	$U.S.C.\ 1437p(a)(4)(D));$
19	"(III) section 23(c)(4) (42 U.S.C.
20	1437u(c)(4));
21	"(IV) section $32(e)(4)$ (42 U.S.C.
22	1437z - 4(e)(4));
23	"(V) section $33(d)(2)(B)$ (42)
24	$U.S.C.\ 1437z - 5(d)(2)(B));\ and$

1	"(VI) section 302(b)(6) (42 U.S.C.
2	1437aaa–1(b)(6));
3	"(iii) section 233(b)(2) of the Cran-
4	ston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing
5	Act (42 U.S.C. 12773(b)(2));
6	"(iv) section 106 of the Housing and
7	Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C.
8	1701x);
9	"(v) section 422(b)(6) of the Cranston-
10	Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act
11	(42 U.S.C. 12872(b)(6));
12	"(vi) section $491(b)(1)(F)(iii)$ of the
13	McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act
14	$(42\ U.S.C.\ 11408(b)(1)(F)(iii));$
15	"(vii) sections 202(3) and 810(b)(2)(A)
16	of the Native American Housing and Self-
17	Determination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C.
18	$4132(3),\ 4229(b)(2)(A));\ and$
19	"(viii) the rental assistance program
20	under section 8 of the United States Hous-
21	ing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f).
22	"(2) Standards for materials.—The Sec-
23	retary, in conjunction with the advisory committee es-
24	tablished under subsection $(g)(4)$ of the Department of
25	Housing and Urban Development Act. shall establish

1	standards for materials and forms to be used, as ap-
2	propriate, by organizations providing homeownership
3	counseling services, including any recipients of assist-
4	ance pursuant to subsection $(a)(4)$ .
5	"(3) Mortgage software systems.—
6	"(A) CERTIFICATION.—The Secretary shall
7	provide for the certification of various computer
8	software programs for consumers to use in evalu-
9	ating different residential mortgage loan pro-
10	posals. The Secretary shall require, for such cer-
11	tification, that the mortgage software systems
12	take into account—
13	"(i) the consumer's financial situation
14	and the cost of maintaining a home, includ-
15	ing insurance, taxes, and utilities;
16	"(ii) the amount of time the consumer
17	expects to remain in the home or expected
18	time to maturity of the loan;
19	"(iii) such other factors as the Sec-
20	retary considers appropriate to assist the
21	consumer in evaluating whether to pay
22	points, to lock in an interest rate, to select
23	an adjustable or fixed rate loan, to select a
24	conventional or government-insured or

guaranteed loan and to make other choices
 during the loan application process.

If the Secretary determines that available existing software is inadequate to assist consumers during the residential mortgage loan application process, the Secretary shall arrange for the development by private sector software companies of new mortgage software systems that meet the Secretary's specifications.

- "(B) USE AND INITIAL AVAILABILITY.—
  Such certified computer software programs shall
  be used to supplement, not replace, housing counseling. The Secretary shall provide that such programs are initially used only in connection with
  the assistance of housing counselors certified pursuant to subsection (e).
- "(C) AVAILABILITY.—After a period of initial availability under subparagraph (B) as the Secretary considers appropriate, the Secretary shall take reasonable steps to make mortgage software systems certified pursuant to this paragraph widely available through the Internet and at public locations, including public libraries, senior-citizen centers, public housing sites, offices of public housing agencies that administer rental

1	housing assistance vouchers, and housing coun-
2	seling centers.
3	"(4) National public service multimedia
4	CAMPAIGNS TO PROMOTE HOUSING COUNSELING.—
5	"(A) In General.—The Director of Hous-
6	ing Counseling shall develop, implement, and
7	conduct national public service multimedia cam-
8	paigns designed to make persons facing mortgage
9	foreclosure, persons considering a subprime
10	mortgage loan to purchase a home, elderly per-
11	sons, persons who face language barriers, low-in-
12	come persons, and other potentially vulnerable
13	consumers aware that it is advisable, before seek-
14	ing or maintaining a residential mortgage loan,
15	to obtain homeownership counseling from an un-
16	biased and reliable sources and that such home-
17	ownership counseling is available, including
18	through programs sponsored by the Secretary of
19	Housing and Urban Development.
20	"(B) Contact information.—Each seg-
21	ment of the multimedia campaign under sub-
22	paragraph (A) shall publicize the toll-free tele-
23	phone number and web site of the Department of
24	Housing and Urban Development through which

persons seeking housing counseling can locate a

housing counseling agency in their State that is certified by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development and can provide advice on buying a home, renting, defaults, foreclosures, credit issues, and reverse mortgages.

"(C) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary, not to exceed \$3,000,000 for fiscal years 2008, 2009, and 2010, for the develop, implement, and conduct of national public service multimedia campaigns under this paragraph.

"(5) Education programs.—The Secretary shall provide advice and technical assistance to States, units of general local government, and non-profit organizations regarding the establishment and operation of, including assistance with the development of content and materials for, educational programs to inform and educate consumers, particularly those most vulnerable with respect to residential mortgage loans (such as elderly persons, persons facing language barriers, low-income persons, and other potentially vulnerable consumers), regarding home mortgages, mortgage refinancing, home equity loans, and home repair loans."

1	(b) Conforming Amendments to Grant Program
2	FOR HOMEOWNERSHIP COUNSELING ORGANIZATIONS.—
3	Section 106(c)(5)(A)(ii) of the Housing and Urban Devel-
4	opment Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701x(c)(5)(A)(ii)) is
5	amended—
6	(1) in subclause (III), by striking "and" at the
7	end;
8	(2) in subclause (IV) by striking the period at
9	the end and inserting "; and"; and
10	(3) by inserting after subclause (IV) the fol-
11	lowing new subclause:
12	"(V) notify the housing or mort-
13	gage applicant of the availability of
14	mortgage software systems provided
15	pursuant to subsection $(g)(3)$ .".
16	SEC. 404. GRANTS FOR HOUSING COUNSELING ASSISTANCE.
17	Section 106(a) of the Housing and Urban Development
18	Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701x(a)(3)) is amended by adding
19	at the end the following new paragraph:
20	"(4) Homeownership and Rental Counseling As-
21	SISTANCE.—
22	"(A) In general.—The Secretary shall make fi-
23	nancial assistance available under this paragraph to
24	States, units of general local governments, and non-
25	profit organizations providing homeownership or

1	rental counseling (as such terms are defined in sub-
2	section $(g)(1)$ .
3	"(B) QUALIFIED ENTITIES.—The Secretary shall
4	establish standards and guidelines for eligibility of or-
5	ganizations (including governmental and nonprofit
6	organizations) to receive assistance under this para-
7	graph.
8	"(C) Distribution.—Assistance made available
9	under this paragraph shall be distributed in a man-
10	ner that encourages efficient and successful counseling
11	programs.
12	"(D) Authorization of Appropriations.—
13	There are authorized to be appropriated \$45,000,000
14	for each of fiscal years 2008 through 2011 for—
15	"(i) the operations of the Office of Housing
16	Counseling of the Department of Housing and
17	$Urban\ Development;$
18	"(ii) the responsibilities of the Secretary
19	under paragraphs (2) through (5) of subsection
20	(g); and
21	"(iii) assistance pursuant to this paragraph
22	for entities providing homeownership and rental
23	counseling.".

1	SEC. 405. REQUIREMENTS TO USE HUD-CERTIFIED COUN-
2	SELORS UNDER HUD PROGRAMS.
3	Section 106(e) of the Housing and Urban Development
4	Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701x(e)) is amended—
5	(1) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the
6	following new paragraph:
7	"(1) Requirement for assistance.—An orga-
8	nization may not receive assistance for counseling ac-
9	$tivities\ under\ subsection\ (a)(1)(iii),\ (a)(2),\ (a)(4),\ (c),$
10	or (d) of this section, or under section 101(e), unless
11	the organization, or the individuals through which the
12	organization provides such counseling, has been cer-
13	tified by the Secretary under this subsection as com-
14	petent to provide such counseling.";
15	(2) in paragraph (2)—
16	(A) by inserting "and for certifying organi-
17	zations" before the period at the end of the first
18	sentence; and
19	(B) in the second sentence by striking "for
20	certification" and inserting ", for certification of
21	an organization, that each individual through
22	which the organization provides counseling shall
23	demonstrate, and, for certification of an indi-
24	vidual,";
25	(3) in paragraph (3), by inserting "organiza-
26	tions and" before "individuals":

- 1 (4) by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-2 graph (5); and
  - (5) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraphs:
- 5 "(3) Requirement under hud programs.— 6 Any homeownership counseling or rental housing 7 counseling (as such terms are defined in subsection 8 (g)(1)) required under, or provided in connection with, any program administered by the Department 9 10 of Housing and Urban Development shall be provided 11 only by organizations or counselors certified by the 12 Secretary under this subsection as competent to pro-13 vide such counseling.
  - "(4) Outreach.—The Secretary shall take such actions as the Secretary considers appropriate to ensure that individuals and organizations providing homeownership or rental housing counseling are aware of the certification requirements and standards of this subsection and of the training and certification programs under subsection (f)."

## 21 SEC. 406. STUDY OF DEFAULTS AND FORECLOSURES.

The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall conduct an extensive study of the root causes of default and foreclosure of home loans, using as much empirical data as are available. The study shall also examine the role

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1	of escrow accounts in helping prime and nonprime bor-
2	rowers to avoid defaults and foreclosures. Not later than 12
3	months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec
4	retary shall submit to the Congress a preliminary report
5	regarding the study. Not later than 24 months after such
6	date of enactment, the Secretary shall submit a final report
7	regarding the results of the study, which shall include any
8	recommended legislation relating to the study, and rec
9	ommendations for best practices and for a process to iden
10	tify populations that need counseling the most.
11	SEC. 407. DEFINITIONS FOR COUNSELING-RELATED PRO
12	GRAMS.
13	Section 106 of the Housing and Urban Development
14	Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701x), as amended by the preceding
	Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701x), as amended by the preceding provisions of this title, is further amended by adding a
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15	provisions of this title, is further amended by adding a
15 16	provisions of this title, is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
15 16 17	provisions of this title, is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:  "(h) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:
15 16 17 18	provisions of this title, is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:  "(h) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:  "(1) NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.—The term
15 16 17 18 19	provisions of this title, is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:  "(h) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:  "(1) Nonprofit organization' has the meaning given such
15 16 17 18 19 20	provisions of this title, is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:  "(h) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:  "(1) NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.—The term 'nonprofit organization' has the meaning given such term in section 104(5) of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Control of the Cranston-Gonzale

"(2) State.—The term 'State' means each of the several States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the

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1	District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of the North-
2	ern Mariana Islands, Guam, the Virgin Islands,
3	American Samoa, the Trust Territories of the Pacific,
4	or any other possession of the United States.
5	"(3) Unit of general local government.—
6	The term 'unit of general local government' means
7	any city, county, parish, town, township, borough,
8	village, or other general purpose political subdivision
9	of a State.".
10	SEC. 408. UPDATING AND SIMPLIFICATION OF MORTGAGE
11	INFORMATION BOOKLET.
12	Section 5 of the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act
13	of 1974 (12 U.S.C. 2604) is amended—
14	(1) in the section heading, by striking "SPECIAL"
15	and inserting "HOME BUYING";
16	(2) by striking subsections (a) and (b) and in-
17	serting the following new subsections:
18	"(a) Preparation and Distribution.—The Sec-
19	retary shall prepare, at least once every 5 years, a booklet
20	to help consumers applying for federally related mortgage
21	loans to understand the nature and costs of real estate settle-
22	ment services. The Secretary shall prepare the booklet in
23	various languages and cultural styles, as the Secretary de-
24	termines to be appropriate, so that the booklet is under-
25	standable and accessible to homebuyers of different ethnic

1	and cultural backgrounds. The Secretary shall distribute
2	such booklets to all lenders that make federally related mort-
3	gage loans. The Secretary shall also distribute to such lend-
4	ers lists, organized by location, of homeownership counselors
5	certified under section 106(e) of the Housing and Urban
6	Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701x(e)) for use in
7	complying with the requirement under subsection (c) of this
8	section.
9	"(b) Contents.—Each booklet shall be in such form
10	and detail as the Secretary shall prescribe and, in addition
11	to such other information as the Secretary may provide,
12	shall include in plain and understandable language the fol-
13	lowing information:
14	"(1) A description and explanation of the nature
15	and purpose of the costs incident to a real estate set-
16	tlement or a federally related mortgage loan. The de-
17	scription and explanation shall provide general infor-
18	mation about the mortgage process as well as specific
19	information concerning, at a minimum—
20	"(A) balloon payments;
21	"(B) prepayment penalties; and
22	"(C) the trade-off between closing costs and
23	the interest rate over the life of the loan.
24	"(2) An explanation and sample of the uniform
25	settlement statement required by section 4.

- "(3) A list and explanation of lending practices,
  including those prohibited by the Truth in Lending
  Act or other applicable Federal law, and of other unfair practices and unreasonable or unnecessary
  charges to be avoided by the prospective buyer with
  respect to a real estate settlement.
  - "(4) A list and explanation of questions a consumer obtaining a federally related mortgage loan should ask regarding the loan, including whether the consumer will have the ability to repay the loan, whether the consumer sufficiently shopped for the loan, whether the loan terms include prepayment penalties or balloon payments, and whether the loan will benefit the borrower.
  - "(5) An explanation of the right of rescission as to certain transactions provided by sections 125 and 129 of the Truth in Lending Act.
  - "(6) A brief explanation of the nature of a variable rate mortgage and a reference to the booklet entitled 'Consumer Handbook on Adjustable Rate Mortgages', published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System pursuant to section 226.19(b)(1) of title 12, Code of Federal Regulations, or to any suitable substitute of such booklet that such

- Board of Governors may subsequently adopt pursuant
   to such section.
- "(7) A brief explanation of the nature of a home equity line of credit and a reference to the pamphlet required to be provided under section 127A of the Truth in Lending Act.
  - "(8) Information about homeownership counseling services made available pursuant to section 106(a)(4) of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701x(a)(4)), a recommendation that the consumer use such services, and notification that a list of certified providers of homeownership counseling in the area, and their contact information, is available.
    - "(9) An explanation of the nature and purpose of escrow accounts when used in connection with loans secured by residential real estate and the requirements under section 10 of this Act regarding such accounts.
    - "(10) An explanation of the choices available to buyers of residential real estate in selecting persons to provide necessary services incidental to a real estate settlement.

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1	"(11) An explanation of a consumer's respon-
2	sibilities, liabilities, and obligations in a mortgage
3	transaction.
4	"(12) An explanation of the nature and purpose
5	of real estate appraisals, including the difference be-
6	tween an appraisal and a home inspection.
7	"(13) Notice that the Office of Housing of the
8	Department of Housing and Urban Development has
9	made publicly available a brochure regarding loan
10	fraud and a World Wide Web address and toll-free
11	telephone number for obtaining the brochure.
12	The booklet prepared pursuant to this section shall take into
13	consideration differences in real estate settlement procedures
14	that may exist among the several States and territories of
15	the United States and among separate political subdivi-
16	sions within the same State and territory.";
17	(3) in subsection (c), by inserting at the end the
18	following new sentence: "Each lender shall also in-
19	clude with the booklet a reasonably complete or up-
20	dated list of homeownership counselors who are cer-
21	tified pursuant to section 106(e) of the Housing and
22	Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701x(e))
23	and located in the area of the lender."; and
24	(4) in subsection (d), by inserting after the pe-
25	riod at the end of the first sentence the following:

1	"The lender shall provide the HUD-issued booklet in
2	the version that is most appropriate for the person re-
3	ceiving it.".
4	TITLE V—MORTGAGE DISCLO-
5	SURES UNDER REAL ESTATE
6	SETTLEMENT PROCEDURES
7	ACT OF 1974
8	SEC. 501. UNIVERSAL MORTGAGE DISCLOSURE IN GOOD
9	FAITH ESTIMATE OF SETTLEMENT SERVICES
10	COSTS.
11	(a) In General.—Section 5 of the Real Estate Settle-
12	ment Procedures Act of 1974 (12 U.S.C. 2604) is amend-
13	ed—
14	(1) in subsection (c), by adding after the period
15	at the end the following: "Each such good faith esti-
16	mate shall include the disclosure required under sub-
17	section (f) in the form prescribed by the Secretary
18	pursuant to such subsection, except that if the Sec-
19	retary at any time issues any regulations requiring
20	the use of a standard or uniform form or statement
21	in providing the good faith estimate required under
22	this subsection and prescribing such standard or uni-
23	form form or statement, such disclosure shall not be
24	required after the effective date of such regulations.";
25	and

1	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
2	section:
3	"(f) Universal Mortgage Disclosure Require-
4	MENT FOR GOOD FAITH ESTIMATES.—
5	"(1) Disclosure.—The disclosure required
6	under this subsection is a written statement regarding
7	the federally related mortgage loan for which the good
8	faith estimate under subsection (c) is made, that con-
9	sists of the following statements, appropriately and in
10	good faith completed by the lender in accordance with
11	the terms of the federally related mortgage loan in-
12	volved in the settlement:
13	"(A) 'Your Loan Amount will be' and
14	'\$', each statement appearing in a sep-
15	arate column of the disclosure.
16	"(B) 'Your Loan is', 'A Fixed Rate Loan',
17	and 'An Adjustable Rate Loan', each statement
18	appearing in a separate column and each of the
19	last two such statements preceded by a checkbox.
20	"(C) Your Loan Term is', ' years',
21	and ' years', each statement appearing in
22	a separate column, and the second such state-
23	ment shall appear in the same column as the
24	statement required by subparagraph (B) regard-
25	ing fixed rate loans and the third such statement

1	shall appear in the same column as the state-
2	ment required by subparagraph (B) regarding
3	adjustable rate loans;
4	"(D) Your Estimated Interest Rate (APR)
5	is', '%', and '% initially, then it
6	will adjust. In months, Your rate may
7	adjust to a maximum of%', each state-
8	ment appearing in a separate column, the second
9	such statement shall appear in the same column
10	as the statement required by subparagraph (B)
11	regarding fixed rate loans and the third such
12	statement shall appear in the same column as
13	the statement required by subparagraph (B) re-
14	garding adjustable rate loans, and the blanks re-
15	lating to estimated interest rate shall be com-
16	pleted by the lender using an annual percentage
17	rate determined in accordance with the Truth in
18	$Lending\ Act.$
19	"(E) Your Total Estimated Monthly Pay-
20	ment (Including loan Principal and Interest,
21	and property Taxes (based on current rates) and
22	Insurance (PITI)) is', '\$ which rep-
23	resents% of Your estimated monthly in-
24	come', and '\$ which represents
25	% of Your estimated monthly income.

1	When Your interest rate initially adjusts, Your
2	maximum monthly payment may be as high as
3	\$ which represents% of Your
4	estimated monthly income', each statement ap-
5	pearing in a separate column, and the second
6	such statement shall appear in the same column
7	as the statement required by subparagraph (B)
8	regarding fixed rate loans and the third such
9	statement shall appear in the same column as
10	the statement required by subparagraph (B) re-
11	garding adjustable rate loans.
12	"(F) 'Your Rate Lock Period is' and
13	' days. After You lock into Your interest
14	rate, You must go to settlement within this num-
15	ber of days to be guaranteed this interest rate.',
16	each statement appearing in a separate column.
17	"(G) Does Your loan have a prepayment
18	penalty?', 'YES, Your maximum prepayment
19	penalty is \$', and 'NO', the first such
20	statement and the last two such statements ap-
21	pearing in a separate column, and each of the
22	last two such statements preceded by a checkbox.
23	"(H) 'Does Your loan have a balloon pay-
24	ment?', 'YES, Your balloon payment of
25	\$ is due in months', and 'NO',

1	the first such statement and the last two such
2	statements appearing in a separate column, and
3	each of the last two such statements preceded by
4	a checkbox.
5	"(I) 'Your Total Estimated Settlement
6	Charges Will be \$ (a)' and 'Your Total
7	Estimated Down Payment will be \$
8	(b)', each statement appearing in a separate col-
9	umn.
10	"(J) Your Total Estimated Cash Needed at
11	Closing Will Be' and '\$ (a+b)', each
12	statement appearing in a separate column.
13	"(K) 'This represents a simple summary of
14	Your Good Faith Estimate (GFE). To under-
15	stand the terms of Your loan, You must see dis-
16	closure forms and the Truth in Lending Act.',
17	such statement appearing directly below the en-
18	tirety of the remainder of the disclosure.
19	"(2) Standard form.—
20	"(A) Development and use.—The Sec-
21	retary, in consultation with the Secretary of Vet-
22	erans Affairs, the Federal Deposit Insurance
23	Corporation, and the Director of the Office of
24	Thrift Supervision, shall develop and prescribe a
25	standard form for the disclosure required under

1	this subsection, which shall be used without vari-
2	ation in all transactions in the United States
3	that involve federally related mortgage loans.
4	"(B) APPEARANCE.—The standard form de-
5	veloped pursuant to this paragraph shall—
6	"(i) set forth each statement required
7	under a separate subparagraph under para-
8	graph (1) on a separate row of the disclo-
9	sure;
10	"(ii) be set forth in 8-point type;
11	"(iii) be not more than 6 inches in
12	width or 3.5 inches in height;
13	"(iv) include such boldface type and
14	shading as the Secretary considers appro-
15	priate;
16	"(v) include such parenthetical state-
17	ments directing the borrower to the terms of
18	the loan (such as 'see terms') as the Sec-
19	retary considers appropriate, in such places
20	as the Secretary considers appropriate; and
21	"(vi) be located in the upper one-third
22	of the first page of the good faith estimate
23	required under subsection (c) in a manner
24	that allows the identity, address, phone
25	number, and other relevant information of

1	the lender, the identity, address, phone
2	number, and other relevant information of
3	the borrower, and the address of the prop-
4	erty for which the federally related mortgage
5	loan is to be made, to be located above the
6	standard form.".

7 (b) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of Housing and 8 Urban Development shall issue regulations prescribing the 9 standard form and the use of such form, as required by the 10 amendment made by subsection (a), not later than the expi11 ration of the 180-day period beginning upon the date of 12 the enactment of this Act, and such regulations shall take 13 effect upon issuance.

## Union Calendar No. 272

110TH CONGRESS H. R. 3915

[Report No. 110-441]

## A BILL

To amend the Truth in Lending Act to reform consumer mortgage practices and provide accountability for such practices, to establish licensing and registration requirements for residential mortgage originators, to provide certain minimum standards for consumer mortgage loans, and for other purposes.

## November 9, 2007

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed