certifications must be included in and with the application).

Subpart J—Internal Revenue Tax on Flavoring Extracts and Medicinal or Toilet Preparations (Including Perfumery) Manufactured From Domestic Tax-Paid Alcohol

§ 191.101 Drawback allowance.

- (a) Drawback. Section 313(d) of the Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1313(d)), provides for drawback of internal revenue tax upon the exportation of flavoring extracts and medicinal or toilet preparations (including perfumery) manufactured or produced in the United States in part from the domestic taxpaid alcohol.
- (b) Shipment to Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, and American Samoa. Drawback of internal revenue tax on articles manufactured or produced under this subpart and shipped to Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, or American Samoa shall be allowed in accordance with §7653(c) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 7653(c)). However, there is no authority of law for the allowance of drawback of internalrevenue tax on flavoring extracts or medicinal or toilet preparations (including perfumery) manufactured or produced in the United States and shipped to Wake Island, Midway Islands, Kingman Reef, Canton Island, Enderbury Island, Johnston Island, or Palmyra Island.

§191.102 Procedure.

- (a) General. Other provisions of this part relating to direct identification drawback (see subpart B of this part) shall apply to claims for drawback filed under this subpart insofar as applicable to and not inconsistent with the provisions of this subpart.
- (b) Manufacturing record. The manufacturer of flavoring extracts or medicinal or toilet preparations on which drawback is claimed shall record the products manufactured, the quantity of waste, if any, and a full description of the alcohol. These records shall be available at all times for inspection by Customs officers.

- (c) Additional information required on the manufacturer's application for a specific manufacturing drawback ruling. The manufacturer's application for a specific manufacturing drawback ruling, under §191.8 of this part, shall state the quantity of domestic tax-paid alcohol contained in each product on which drawback is claimed.
- (d) Variance in alcohol content—(1) Variance of more than 5 percent. If the percentage of alcohol contained in a medicinal preparation, flavoring extract or toilet preparation varies by more than 5 percent from the percentage of alcohol in the total volume of the exported product as stated in a previously approved application for a specific manufacturing drawback ruling, the manufacturer shall apply for a new specific manufacturing drawback ruling pursuant to §191.8 of this part. If the variation differs from a previously filed schedule, the manufacturer shall file a new schedule incorporating the change.
- (2) Variance of 5 percent or less. Variances of 5 percent or less of the volume of the product shall be reported to the appropriate drawback office where the drawback entries are liquidated. In such cases, the drawback office may allow drawback without specific authorization from Customs Headquarters.
- (e) Time period for completing claims. The 3-year period for the completion of drawback claims prescribed in 19 U.S.C. 1313(r)(1) shall be applicable to claims for drawback under this subpart.
- (f) Filing of drawback entries on duty-paid imported merchandise and tax-paid alcohol. When the drawback claim covers duty-paid imported merchandise in addition to tax-paid alcohol, the claimant shall file one set of entries for drawback of Customs duty and another set for drawback of internal revenue tax.
- (g) Description of the alcohol. The description of the alcohol stated in the drawback entry may be obtained from the description on the package containing the tax-paid alcohol.

§ 191.103

§ 191.103 Additional requirements.

- (a) Manufacturer claims domestic drawback. In the case of medicinal preparations and flavoring extracts, the claimant shall file with the drawback entry, a declaration of the manufacturer showing whether a claim has been or will be filed by the manufacturer with the regional regulatory administrator of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms for domestic drawback on alcohol under §§5131, 5132, 5133 and 5134, Internal Revenue Code, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5131, 5132, 5133 and 5134).
- (b) Manufacturer does not claim domestic drawback—(1) Submission of statement. If no claim has been or will be filed with the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms for domestic drawback on medicinal preparations or flavoring extracts, the manufacturer shall submit a statement, in duplicate, setting forth that fact to the appropriate regional regulatory administrator of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms for the region in which the manufacturer's factory is located.
- (2) Contents of the statement. The statement shall show the:
- (i) Quantity and description of the exported products;
- (ii) Identity of the alcohol used by serial number of package or tank car;
- (iii) Name and registry number of the warehouse from which the alcohol was withdrawn;
 - (iv) Date of withdrawal;
- (v) Serial number of the tax-paid stamp or certificate, if any; and
- (vi) Drawback office where the claim will be filed.
- (3) Verification of the statement. The regional regulatory administrator, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, shall verify receipt of this statement, forward the original of the document to the drawback office designated, and retain the copy.

§ 191.104 Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms certificates.

(a) Request. The drawback claimant or manufacturer shall file a written request with the regional regulatory administrator, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, in whose region the alcohol used in the manufacture was withdrawn requesting him to provide the Customs drawback office

where the drawback claim will be processed, a tax-paid certificate on Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Form 5100.4 (Certificate of Tax-Paid Alcohol).

- (b) Contents. The request shall state the:
- (1) Quantity of alcohol in taxable gallons:
 - (2) Serial number of each package;
- (3) Serial number of the stamp, if any;
- (4) Amount of tax paid on the alcohol:
- (5) Name, registry number, and location of the warehouse;
 - (6) Date of withdrawal:
- (7) Name of the manufacturer using the alcohol in producing the exported articles:
- (8) Address of the manufacturer and his manufacturing plant; and
- (9) Customs drawback office where the drawback claim will be processed.
- (c) Extracts of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms certificates. If a certification of any portion of the alcohol described in the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Form 5100.4 is required for liquidation of drawback entries processed in another drawback office, the drawback office, on written application of the person who requested its issuance, shall transmit a copy of the extract from the certificate for use at that drawback office. The drawback office shall note that the copy of the extract was prepared and transmitted.

§ 191.105 Liquidation.

The drawback office shall ascertain the final amount of drawback due by reference to the certificate of manufacture and delivery and the specific manufacturing drawback ruling under which the drawback claimed is allow-

§ 191.106 Amount of drawback.

(a) Claim filed with Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms. If the declaration required by §191.103 of this subpart shows that a claim has been or will be filed with the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms for domestic drawback, drawback under §313(d) of the Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1313(d)), shall be limited to the difference between the amount of tax paid and the amount of domestic drawback claimed.

- (b) Claim not filed with Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms. If the declaration and verified statement required by §191.103 show that no claim has been or will be filed by the manufacturer with the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms for domestic drawback, the drawback shall be the full amount of the tax on the alcohol used.
- (c) No deduction of 1 percent. No deduction of 1 percent shall be made in drawback claims under §313(d) of the Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1313(d)).
- (d) Payment. The drawback due shall be paid in accordance with §191.81(f) of this part.

Subpart K—Supplies for Certain Vessels and Aircraft

§191.111 Drawback allowance.

Section 309 of the Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1309), provides for drawback on articles laden as supplies on certain vessels or aircraft of the United States or as supplies including equipment upon, or used in the maintenance or repair of, certain foreign vessels or aircraft.

§191.112 Procedure.

- (a) *General*. The provisions of this subpart shall override other conflicting provisions of this part.
- (b) Customs forms. The drawback claimant shall file with the drawback office the drawback entry on Customs Form 7551 annotated for 19 U.S.C. 1309, and attach thereto a notice of lading on Customs Form 7514, in quadruplicate, unless the export summary procedure, provided for in §191.73, is used. If the export summary procedure is used, the requirements in §191.73 shall be complied with, as applicable, and the requirements in paragraphs (d)(1) and (f)(1) of this section shall also be complied with.
- (c) Time of filing notice of lading. In the case of drawback in connection with 19 U.S.C. 1309(b), the drawback notice of lading on Customs Form 7514 may be filed either before or after the lading of the articles. If filed after lading, the notice shall be filed within 3 years after exportation of the articles.
- (d) Contents of notice. The notice of lading shall show:

- (1) The name of the vessel or identity of the aircraft on which articles were or are to be laden:
- (2) The number and kind of packages and their marks and numbers;
- (3) A description of the articles and their weight (net), gauge, measure, or number; and
 - (4) The name of the exporter.
- (e) Assignment of numbers and return of one copy. The drawback office shall assign a number to each notice of lading and return one copy to the exporter for delivery to the master or authorized officer of the vessel or aircraft.
- (f) Declaration—(1) Requirement. The master or an authorized representative of the vessel or aircraft having knowledge of the facts shall complete the section of the notice entitled "Declaration of Master or Other Officer".
- (2) Procedure if notice filed before lading. If the notice is filed before lading of the articles, the declaration must be completed on the copy of the numbered drawback notice that was filed with the drawback office and returned to the exporter for this purpose.
- (3) Procedure if notice filed after lading. If the drawback notice is filed after lading of the articles, the drawback claimant may file a separate document containing the declaration required on the Drawback Notice, Customs Form 7514.
- (4) Filing. The drawback claimant shall file with the drawback office both the drawback entry and the drawback notice or separate document containing the declaration of the master or other officer or representative.
- (g) Information concerning class or trade. Information about the class of business or trade of a vessel or aircraft is required to be furnished in support of the drawback entry if the vessel or aircraft is American.
- (h) Vessel or aircraft not required to clear or obtain a permit to proceed. If the vessel or aircraft is not required to clear or obtain a permit to proceed to another port, the drawback office shall return to the exporter or the person designated by the exporter two copies of the notice, noting the absence of a requirement for clearance or permit to proceed, for subsequent filing with the drawback claim. The claimant shall file with the claim an itinerary of the