not present at the time of the prior decision or apart of the evidentiary record in support of the higher-level review during the informal conference in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section. Any expenses incurred by the claimant in connection with the informal conference are the responsibility of the claimant.

(i) De novo review. The higher-level adjudicator will consider only those decisions and claims for which the claimant has requested higher-level review, and will conduct a de novo review giving no deference to the prior decision, except as provided in §3.104(c).

(j) Difference of opinion. The higherlevel adjudicator may grant a benefit sought in the claim under review based on a difference of opinion (see §3.105(b)). However, any finding favorable to the claimant is binding except as provided in §3.104(c) of this part. In addition, the higher-level adjudicator will not revise the outcome in a manner that is less advantageous to the claimant based solely on a difference of opinion. The higher-level adjudicator may reverse or revise (even if disadvantageous to the claimant) prior decisions by VA (including the decision being reviewed or any prior decision) on the grounds of clear and unmistakable error under \$3.105(a)(1) or (a)(2), as applicable, depending on whether the prior decision is finally adjudicated.

(k) Notice requirements. Notice of a decision made under this section will include all of the elements described in §3.103(f), a general statement indicating whether evidence submitted while the record was closed was not considered, and notice of the options available to have such evidence considered.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 5109A and 7105(d))

[84 FR 173, Jan. 18, 2019]

PART 4—SCHEDULE FOR RATING DISABILITIES

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AUTHORITY: 38 U.S.C. 1155, unless otherwise noted.

SOURCE: 29 FR 6718, May 22, 1964, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General Policy in Rating

§4.1 Essentials of evaluative rating.

This rating schedule is primarily a guide in the evaluation of disability resulting from all types of diseases and injuries encountered as a result of or incident to military service. The percentage ratings represent as far as can practicably be determined the average impairment in earning capacity resulting from such diseases and injuries and

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bled data, a reasonable doubt arises regarding the degree of disability such doubt will be resolved in favor of the claimant. See §3.102 of this chapter.

[40 FR 42535, Sept. 15, 1975]

§4.6 Evaluation of evidence.

The element of the weight to be accorded the character of the veteran's service is but one factor entering into the considerations of the rating boards in arriving at determinations of the evaluation of disability. Every element in any way affecting the probative value to be assigned to the evidence in each individual claim must be thoroughly and conscientiously studied by each member of the rating board in the light of the established policies of the Department of Veterans Affairs to the end that decisions will be equitable and just as contemplated by the requirements of the law.

§4.7 Higher of two evaluations.

Where there is a question as to which of two evaluations shall be applied, the higher evaluation will be assigned if the disability picture more nearly approximates the criteria required for that rating. Otherwise, the lower rating will be assigned.

§4.9 Congenital or developmental defects.

Mere congenital or developmental defects, absent, displaced or supernumerary parts, refractive error of the eye, personality disorder and mental deficiency are not diseases or injuries in the meaning of applicable legislation for disability compensation purposes.

[41 FR 11292, Mar. 18, 1976]

§4.10 Functional impairment.

The basis of disability evaluations is the ability of the body as a whole, or of the psyche, or of a system or organ of the body to function under the ordinary conditions of daily life including employment. Whether the upper or lower extremities, the back or abdominal wall, the eyes or ears, or the cardiovascular, digestive, or other system, or psyche are affected, evaluations are based upon lack of usefulness, of these

their residual conditions in civil occupations. Generally, the degrees of disability specified are considered adequate to compensate for considerable loss of working time from exacerbations or illnesses proportionate to the severity of the several grades of disability. For the application of this schedule, accurate and fully descriptive medical examinations are required, with emphasis upon the limitation of activity imposed by the disabling condition. Over a period of many years, a veteran's disability claim may require reratings in accordance with changes in laws, medical knowledge and his or her physical or mental condition. It is thus essential, both in the examination and in the evaluation of disability, that each disability be viewed in relation to its history.

[41 FR 11292, Mar. 18, 1976]

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§4.2 Interpretation of examination reports.

Different examiners, at different times, will not describe the same disability in the same language. Features of the disability which must have persisted unchanged may be overlooked or a change for the better or worse may not be accurately appreciated or described. It is the responsibility of the rating specialist to interpret reports of examination in the light of the whole recorded history, reconciling the various reports into a consistent picture so that the current rating may accurately reflect the elements of disability present. Each disability must be considered from the point of view of the veteran working or seeking work. If a diagnosis is not supported by the findings on the examination report or if the report does not contain sufficient detail, it is incumbent upon the rating board to return the report as inadequate for evaluation purposes.

[41 FR 11292, Mar. 18, 1976]

§4.3 Resolution of reasonable doubt.

It is the defined and consistently applied policy of the Department of Veterans Affairs to administer the law under a broad interpretation, consistent, however, with the facts shown in every case. When after careful consideration of all procurable and assem-

parts or systems, especially in self-support. This imposes upon the medical examiner the responsibility of furnishing, in addition to the etiological, anatomical, pathological, laboratory and prognostic data required for ordinary medical classification, full description of the effects of disability upon the person's ordinary activity. In this connection, it will be remembered that a person may be too disabled to engage in employment although he or she is up and about and fairly comfortable at home or upon limited activity.

[41 FR 11292, Mar. 18, 1976]

§4.13 Effect of change of diagnosis.

The repercussion upon a current rating of service connection when change is made of a previously assigned diagnosis or etiology must be kept in mind. The aim should be the reconciliation and continuance of the diagnosis or etiology upon which service connection for the disability had been granted. The relevant principle enunciated in §4.125, entitled "Diagnosis of mental disorders," should have careful attention in this connection. When any change in evaluation is to be made, the rating agency should assure itself that there has been an actual change in the conditions, for better or worse, and not merely a difference in thoroughness of the examination or in use of descriptive terms. This will not. of course. preclude the correction of erroneous ratings, nor will it preclude assignment of a rating in conformity with §4.7.

 $[29\ {\rm FR}\ 6718,\ {\rm May}\ 22,\ 1964,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 61\ {\rm FR}\ 52700,\ {\rm Oct.}\ 8,\ 1996]$

§4.14 Avoidance of pyramiding.

The evaluation of the same disability under various diagnoses is to be avoided. Disability from injuries to the muscles, nerves, and joints of an extremity may overlap to a great extent, so that special rules are included in the appropriate bodily system for their evaluation. Dyspnea, tachycardia, nervousness, fatigability, etc., may result from many causes; some may be service connected, others, not. Both the use of manifestations not resulting from service-connected disease or injury in establishing the service-connected evaluation, and the evaluation of the same manifestation under different diagnoses are to be avoided.

§4.15 Total disability ratings.

The ability to overcome the handicap of disability varies widely among individuals. The rating, however, is based primarily upon the average impairment in earning capacity, that is, upon the economic or industrial handicap which must be overcome and not from individual success in overcoming it. However, full consideration must be given to unusual physical or mental effects in individual cases, to peculiar effects of occupational activities, to defects in physical or mental endowment preventing the usual amount of success in overcoming the handicap of disability and to the effect of combinations of disability. Total disability will be considered to exist when there is present any impairment of mind or body which is sufficient to render it impossible for the average person to follow a substantially gainful occupation; Provided, That permanent total disability shall be taken to exist when the impairment is reasonably certain to continue throughout the life of the disabled person. The following will be considered to be permanent total disability: the permanent loss of the use of both hands, or of both feet, or of one hand and one foot, or of the sight of both eyes, or becoming permanently helpless or permanently bedridden. Other total disability ratings are scheduled in the various bodily systems of this schedule.

§4.16 Total disability ratings for compensation based on unemployability of the individual.

(a) Total disability ratings for compensation may be assigned, where the schedular rating is less than total, when the disabled person is, in the judgment of the rating agency, unable to secure or follow a substantially gainful occupation as a result of service-connected disabilities: *Provided* That, if there is only one such disability, this disability shall be ratable at 60 percent or more, and that, if there are two or more disabilities, there shall be at least one disability ratable at 40

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percent or more, and sufficient additional disability to bring the combined rating to 70 percent or more. For the above purpose of one 60 percent disability, or one 40 percent disability in combination, the following will be considered as one disability: (1) Disabilities of one or both upper extremities, or of one or both lower extremities, including the bilateral factor, if applicable, (2) disabilities resulting from common etiology or a single accident, (3) disabilities affecting a single body system, e.g. orthopedic, digestive, respiratory, cardiovascular-renal, neuropsychiatric, (4) multiple injuries incurred in action, or (5) multiple disabilities incurred as a prisoner of war. It is provided further that the existence or degree of nonservice-connected disabilities previous \mathbf{or} unemployability status will be disregarded where the percentages referred to in this paragraph for the service-connected disability or disabilities are met and in the judgment of the rating agency such service-connected disabilities render the veteran unemployable. Marginal employment shall not be considered substantially gainful employment. For purposes of this section, marginal employment generally shall be deemed to exist when a veteran's earned annual income does not exceed the amount established by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, as the poverty threshold for one person. Marginal employment may also be held to exist. on a facts found basis (includes but is not limited to employment in a protected environment such as a family business or sheltered workshop), when earned annual income exceeds the poverty threshold. Consideration shall be given in all claims to the nature of the employment and the reason for termination.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 501)

(b) It is the established policy of the Department of Veterans Affairs that all veterans who are unable to secure and follow a substantially gainful occupation by reason of service-connected disabilities shall be rated totally disabled. Therefore, rating boards should submit to the Director, Compensation Service, for extra-schedular consideration all cases of veterans who are un-

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employable by reason of service-connected disabilities, but who fail to meet the percentage standards set forth in paragraph (a) of this section. The rating board will include a full statement as to the veteran's serviceconnected disabilities, employment history, educational and vocational attainment and all other factors having a bearing on the issue.

[40 FR 42535, Sept. 15, 1975, as amended at 54 FR 4281, Jan. 30, 1989; 55 FR 31580, Aug. 3, 1990; 58 FR 39664, July 26, 1993; 61 FR 52700, Oct. 8, 1996; 79 FR 2100, Jan. 13, 2014]

§4.17 Total disability ratings for pension based on unemployability and age of the individual.

All veterans who are basically eligible and who are unable to secure and follow a substantially gainful occupation by reason of disabilities which are likely to be permanent shall be rated as permanently and totally disabled. For the purpose of pension, the permanence of the percentage requirements of §4.16 is a requisite. When the percentage requirements are met, and the disabilities involved are of a permanent nature, a rating of permanent and total disability will be assigned if the veteran is found to be unable to secure and follow substantially gainful employment by reason of such disability. Prior employment or unemployment status is immaterial if in the judgment of the rating board the veteran's disabilities render him or her unemployable. In making such determinations, the following guidelines will be used:

(a) Marginal employment, for example, as a self-employed farmer or other person, while employed in his or her own business, or at odd jobs or while employed at less than half the usual remuneration will not be considered incompatible with a determination of unemployability, if the restriction, as to securing or retaining better employment, is due to disability.

(b) Claims of all veterans who fail to meet the percentage standards but who meet the basic entitlement criteria and are unemployable, will be referred by the rating board to the Veterans Service Center Manager or the Pension

Management Center Manager under §3.321(b)(2) of this chapter.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155; 38 U.S.C. 3102)

[43 FR 45348, Oct. 2, 1978, as amended at 56 FR 57985, Nov. 15, 1991; 71 FR 28586, May 17, 2006; 74 FR 26959, June 5, 2009]

§4.17a Misconduct etiology.

A permanent and total disability rating under the provisions of §§4.15, 4.16 and 4.17 will not be precluded by reason of the coexistence of misconduct disability when:

(a) A veteran, regardless of employment status, also has innocently acquired 100 percent disability, or

(b) Where unemployable, the veteran has other disabilities innocently acquired which meet the percentage requirements of §§ 4.16 and 4.17 and would render, in the judgment of the rating agency, the average person unable to secure or follow a substantially gainful occupation.

[40 FR 42536, Sept. 15, 1975, as amended at 43 FR 45349, Oct. 2, 1978]

§4.18 Unemployability.

A veteran may be considered as unemployable upon termination of employment which was provided on account of disability, or in which special consideration was given on account of the same, when it is satisfactorily shown that he or she is unable to secure further employment. With amputations, sequelae of fractures and other residuals of traumatism shown to be of static character, a showing of continuous unemployability from date of incurrence, or the date the condition reached the stabilized level, is a general requirement in order to establish the fact that present unemployability is the result of the disability. However, consideration is to be given to the circumstances of employment in individual claims, and, if the employment was only occasional, intermittent, tryout or unsuccessful, or eventually terminated on account of the disability, present unemployability may be attributed to the static disability. Where unemployability for pension previously has been established on the basis of combined service-connected and nonservice-connected disabilities and the service-connected disability or disabilities have increased in severity, \$4.16 is for consideration.

[40 FR 42536, Sept. 15, 1975, as amended at 43 FR 45349, Oct. 2, 1978]

§4.19 Age in service-connected claims.

Age may not be considered as a factor in evaluating service-connected disability; and unemployability, in service-connected claims, associated with advancing age or intercurrent disability, may not be used as a basis for a total disability rating. Age, as such, is a factor only in evaluations of disability not resulting from service, *i.e.*, for the purposes of pension.

[29 FR 6718, May 22, 1964, as amended at 43 FR 45349, Oct. 2, 1978]

§4.20 Analogous ratings.

When an unlisted condition is encountered it will be permissible to rate under a closely related disease or injury in which not only the functions affected, but the anatomical localization and symptomatology are closely analogous. Conjectural analogies will be avoided, as will the use of analogous ratings for conditions of doubtful diagnosis, or for those not fully supported by clinical and laboratory findings. Nor will ratings assigned to organic diseases and injuries be assigned by analogy to conditions of functional origin.

§4.21 Application of rating schedule.

In view of the number of atypical instances it is not expected, especially with the more fully described grades of disabilities, that all cases will show all the findings specified. Findings sufficiently characteristic to identify the disease and the disability therefrom, and above all, coordination of rating with impairment of function will, however, be expected in all instances.

[41 FR 11293, Mar. 18, 1976]

§4.22 Rating of disabilities aggravated by active service.

In cases involving aggravation by active service, the rating will reflect only the degree of disability over and above the degree existing at the time of entrance into the active service, whether the particular condition was noted at the time of entrance into the active service, or it is determined upon the

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evidence of record to have existed at that time. It is necessary therefore, in all cases of this character to deduct from the present degree of disability the degree, if ascertainable, of the disability existing at the time of entrance into active service, in terms of the rating schedule, except that if the disability is total (100 percent) no deduction will be made. The resulting difference will be recorded on the rating sheet. If the degree of disability at the time of entrance into the service is not ascertainable in terms of the schedule, no deduction will be made.

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§4.23 Attitude of rating officers.

It is to be remembered that the majority of applicants are disabled persons who are seeking benefits of law to which they believe themselves entitled. In the exercise of his or her functions. rating officers must not allow their personal feelings to intrude: an antagonistic, critical, or even abusive attitude on the part of a claimant should not in any instance influence the officers in the handling of the case. Fairness and courtesy must at all times be shown to applicants by all employees whose duties bring them in contact. directly or indirectly, with the Department's claimants.

[41 FR 11292, Mar. 18, 1976]

§4.24 Correspondence.

All correspondence relative to the interpretation of the schedule for rating disabilities, requests for advisory opinions, questions regarding lack of clarity or application to individual cases involving unusual difficulties, will be addressed to the Director, Compensation Service. A clear statement will be made of the point or points upon which information is desired, and the complete case file will be simultaneously forwarded to Central Office. Rating agencies will assure themselves that the recent report of physical examination presents an adequate picture of the claimant's condition. Claims in regard to which the schedule evaluations are considered inadequate or excessive, and errors in the schedule will be similarly brought to attention.

[41 FR 11292, Mar. 18, 1976, as amended at 79 FR 2100, Jan. 13, 2014]

§4.25 Combined ratings table.

Table I, Combined Ratings Table, results from the consideration of the efficiency of the individual as affected first by the most disabling condition, then by the less disabling condition, then by other less disabling conditions, if any, in the order of severity. Thus, a person having a 60 percent disability is considered 40 percent efficient. Proceeding from this 40 percent efficiency, the effect of a further 30 percent disability is to leave only 70 percent of the efficiency remaining after consideration of the first disability, or 28 percent efficiency altogether. The individual is thus 72 percent disabled, as shown in table I opposite 60 percent and under 30 percent.

(a) To use table I. the disabilities will first be arranged in the exact order of their severity, beginning with the greatest disability and then combined with use of table I as hereinafter indicated. For example, if there are two disabilities, the degree of one disability will be read in the left column and the degree of the other in the top row. whichever is appropriate. The figures appearing in the space where the column and row intersect will represent the combined value of the two. This combined value will then be converted to the nearest number divisible by 10. and combined values ending in 5 will be adjusted upward. Thus, with a 50 percent disability and a 30 percent disability, the combined value will be found to be 65 percent, but the 65 percent must be converted to 70 percent to represent the final degree of disability. Similarly, with a disability of 40 percent, and another disability of 20 percent, the combined value is found to be 52 percent, but the 52 percent must be converted to the nearest degree divisible by 10, which is 50 percent. If there are more than two disabilities, the disabilities will also be arranged in the exact order of their severity and the combined value for the first two will be found as previously described for two disabilities. The combined value, exactly as found in table I, will be combined with the degree of the third disability (in order of severity). The combined value for the three disabilities will be found in the space where the column and row intersect, and if there

are only three disabilities will be converted to the nearest degree divisible by 10, adjusting final 5's upward. Thus, if there are three disabilities ratable at 60 percent, 40 percent, and 20 percent, respectively, the combined value for the first two will be found opposite 60 and under 40 and is 76 percent. This 76 will be combined with 20 and the combined value for the three is 81 percent. This combined value will be converted to the nearest degree divisible by 10 which is 80 percent. The same procedure will be employed when there are four or more disabilities. (See table I). (b) Except as otherwise provided in this schedule, the disabilities arising from a single disease entity, e.g., arthritis, multiple sclerosis, cerebrovascular accident, etc., are to be rated separately as are all other disabiling conditions, if any. All disabilities are then to be combined as described in paragraph (a) of this section. The conversion to the nearest degree divisible by 10 will be done only once per rating decision, will follow the combining of all disabilities, and will be the last procedure in determining the combined degree of disability.

TABLE I-COMBINED RATINGS TABLE

	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90
19	27	35	43	51	60	68	76	84	92
20	28	36	44	52	60	68	76	84	92
21	29	37	45	53	61	68	76	84	92
22	30	38	45	53	61	69	77	84	92
23	31	38	46	54	62	69	77	85	92
24	32	39	47	54	62	70	77	85	92
25	33	40	48	55	63	70	78	85	93
26	33	41	48	56	63	70	78	85	93
27	34	42	49	56	64	71	78	85	93
28	35	42	50	57	64	71	78	86	93
29	36	43	50	57	65	72	79	86	93
30	37	44	51	58	65	72	79	86	93
31	38	45	52	59	66	72	79	86	93
32	39	46	52	59	66	73	80	86	93
33	40	46	53	60	67	73	80	87	93
34	41	47	54	60	67	74	80	87	93
35	42	48	55	61	68	74	81	87	94
36	42	49	55	62	68	74	81	87	94
37	43	50	56	62	69	75	81	87	94
38	44	50	57	63	69	75	81	88	94
39	45	51	57	63	70	76	82	88	94
40	45	52	58	64	70	76	82	88	94
40	40	53	59	65	70	76	82	88	94
	48	54	59	65	71	70	83	88	94
42	40	54	60	66	72	77	83	89	94
43		-							-
44	50 51	55	61	66	72	78	83	89 89	94 95
45	51	56 57	62	67	73	78	84		95
46	52	-	62	68	73	78	84	89	
47		58	63	68	74	79	84	89	95
48	53	58	64	69	74	79	84	90	95
49	54	59	64	69	75	80	85	90	95
50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90	95
51	56	61	66	71	76	80	85	90	95
52	57	62	66	71	76	81	86	90	95
53	58	62	67	72	77	81	86	91	95
54	59	63	68	72	77	82	86	91	95
55	60	64	69	73	78	82	87	91	96
56	60	65	69	74	78	82	87	91	96
57	61	66	70	74	79	83	87	91	96
58	62	66	71	75	79	83	87	92	96
59	63	67	71	75	80	84	88	92	96
60	64	68	72	76	80	84	88	92	96
61	65	69	73	77	81	84	88	92	96
62	66	70	73	77	81	85	89	92	96
63	67	70	74	78	82	85	89	93	96
64	68	71	75	78	82	86	89	93	96
65	69	72	76	79	83	86	90	93	97
66	69	73	76	80	83	86	90	93	97
67	70	74	77	80	84	87	90	93	97
68	71	74	78	81	84	87	90	94	97
69	72	75	78	81	85	88	91	94	97

[10 combined with 10 is 19]

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TABLE I—COMBINED RATINGS TABLE—Continued [10 combined with 10 is 19]

	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90
70	73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	97
71	74	77	80	83	86	88	91	94	97
72	75	78	80	83	86	89	92	94	97
73	76	78	81	84	87	89	92	95	97
74	77	79	82	84	87	90	92	95	97
75	78	80	83	85	88	90	93	95	98
76	78	81	83	86	88	90	93	95	98
77	79	82	84	86	89	91	93	95	98
78	80	82	85	87	89	91	93	96	98
79	81	83	85	87	90	92	94	96	98
80	82	84	86	88	90	92	94	96	98
81	83	85	87	89	91	92	94	96	98
82	84	86	87	89	91	93	95	96	98
83	85	86	88	90	92	93	95	97	98
84	86	87	89	90	92	94	95	97	98
85	87	88	90	91	93	94	96	97	99
86	87	89	90	92	93	94	96	97	99
87	88	90	91	92	94	95	96	97	99
88	89	90	92	93	94	95	96	98	99
89	90	91	92	93	95	96	97	98	99
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
91	92	93	94	95	96	96	97	98	99
92	93	94	94	95	96	97	98	98	99
93	94	94	95	96	97	97	98	99	99
94	95	95	96	96	97	98	98	99	99

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[41 FR 11293, Mar. 18, 1976, as amended at 54 FR 27161, June 28, 1989; 54 FR 36029, Aug. 31, 1989; 83 FR 17756, Apr. 24, 2018]

§4.26 Bilateral factor.

When a partial disability results from disease or injury of both arms, or of both legs, or of paired skeletal muscles, the ratings for the disabilities of the right and left sides will be combined as usual, and 10 percent of this value will be added (*i.e.*, not combined) before proceeding with further combinations, or converting to degree of disability. The bilateral factor will be applied to such bilateral disabilities before other combinations are carried out and the rating for such disabilities including the bilateral factor in this section will be treated as 1 disability for the purpose of arranging in order of severity and for all further combinations. For example, with disabilities evaluated at 60 percent, 20 percent, 10 percent and 10 percent (the two 10's representing bilateral disabilities), the order of severity would be 60, 21 and 20. The 60 and 21 combine to 68 percent and the 68 and 20 to 74 percent, converted to 70 percent as the final degree of disability.

(a) The use of the terms "arms" and "legs" is not intended to distinguish between the arm, forearm and hand, or the thigh, leg, and foot, but relates to the upper extremities and lower extremities as a whole. Thus with a compensable disability of the right thigh, for example, amputation, and one of the left foot, for example, pes planus, the bilateral factor applies, and similarly whenever there are compensable disabilities affecting use of paired extremities regardless of location or specified type of impairment.

(b) The correct procedure when applying the bilateral factor to disabilities affecting both upper extremities and both lower extremities is to combine the ratings of the disabilities affecting the 4 extremities in the order of their individual severity and apply the bilateral factor by adding, not combining, 10 percent of the combined value thus attained.

(c) The bilateral factor is not applicable unless there is partial disability of compensable degree in each of 2 paired extremities, or paired skeletal muscles.

§4.27 Use of diagnostic code numbers.

The diagnostic code numbers appearing opposite the listed ratable disabilities are arbitrary numbers for the purpose of showing the basis of the evaluation assigned and for statistical analysis in the Department of Veterans Affairs, and as will be observed, extend from 5000 to a possible 9999. Great care will be exercised in the selection of the applicable code number and in its citation on the rating sheet. No other numbers than these listed or hereafter furnished are to be employed for rating purposes, with an exception as described in this section, as to unlisted conditions. When an unlisted disease, injury, or residual condition is encountered, requiring rating by analogy, the diagnostic code number will be "builtup" as follows: The first 2 digits will be selected from that part of the schedule most closely identifying the part, or system, of the body involved; the last 2 digits will be "99" for all unlisted conditions. This procedure will facilitate a close check of new and unlisted conditions, rated by analogy. In the selection of code numbers, injuries will generally be represented by the number assigned to the residual condition on the basis of which the rating is determined. With diseases, preference is to be given to the number assigned to the disease itself; if the rating is determined on the basis of residual conditions, the number appropriate to the residual condition will be added, preceded by a hyphen. Thus, rheumatoid (atrophic) arthritis rated as ankylosis of the lumbar spine should be coded "5002-5240." In this way, the exact source of each rating can be easily identified. In the citation of disabilities on rating sheets, the diagnostic terminology will be that of the medical examiner, with no attempt to translate the terms into schedule nomenclature. Residuals of diseases or therapeutic procedures will not be cited without reference to the basic disease.

[41 FR 11293, Mar. 18, 1976, as amended at 70 FR 75399, Dec. 20, 2005]

§4.28 Prestabilization rating from date of discharge from service.

The following ratings may be assigned, in lieu of ratings prescribed elsewhere, under the conditions stated for disability from any disease or injury. The prestabilization rating is not to be assigned in any case in which a total rating is immediately assignable under the regular provisions of the schedule or on the basis of individual unemployability. The prestabilization 50-percent rating is not to be used in any case in which a rating of 50 percent or more is immediately assignable under the regular provisions.

	Rating
Unstabilized condition with severe disability— Substantially gainful employment is not fea- sible or advisable Unhealed or incompletely healed wounds or in- juries—	100
Material impairment of employability likely	50

NOTE (1): Department of Veterans Affairs examination is not required prior to assignment of prestabilization ratings; however, the fact that examination was accomplished will not preclude assignment of these benefits. Prestabilization ratings are for assignment in the immediate postdischarge period. They will continue for a 12-month period following discharge from service. However, prestabilization ratings may be changed to a regular schedular total rating or one authorizing a greater benefit at any time. In each prestabilization rating an examination will be requested to be accomplished not earlier than 6 months nor more than 12 months following discharge. In those prestabilization ratings in which following examination reduction in evaluation is found to be warranted, the higher evaluation will be continued to the end of the 12th month following discharge or to the end of the period provided under §3.105(e) of this chapter, whichever is later. Special monthly compensation should be assigned concurrently in these cases whenever records are adequate to establish entitlement.

NOTE (2): Diagnosis of disease, injury, or residuals will be cited, with diagnostic code number assigned from this rating schedule for conditions listed therein.

[35 FR 11906, July 24, 1970]

§4.29 Ratings for service-connected disabilities requiring hospital treatment or observation.

A total disability rating (100 percent) will be assigned without regard to other provisions of the rating schedule when it is established that a serviceconnected disability has required hospital treatment in a Department of Veterans Affairs or an approved hospital for a period in excess of 21 days or *hospital observation at Department of Veterans Affairs expense* for a serviceconnected disability for a period in excess of 21 days.

(a) Subject to the provisions of paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) of this section this increased rating will be effective the first day of continuous hospitalization and will be terminated effective the last day of the month of hospital discharge (regular discharge or release to non-bed care) or effective the last day of the month of termination of treatment or observation for the service-connected disability. A temporary release which is approved by an attending Department of Veterans Affairs physician as part of the treatment plan will not be considered an absence.

(1) An authorized absence in excess of 4 days which begins during the first 21 days of hospitalization will be regarded as the equivalent of hospital discharge effective the first day of such authorized absence. An authorized absence of 4 days or less which results in a total of more than 8 days of authorized absence during the first 21 days of hospitalization will be regarded as the equivalent of hospital discharge effective the ninth day of authorized absence.

(2) Following a period of hospitalization in excess of 21 days, an authorized absence in excess of 14 days or a third consecutive authorized absence of 14 days will be regarded as the equivalent of hospital discharge and will interrupt hospitalization effective on the last day of the month in which either the authorized absence in excess of 14 days or the third 14 day period begins, except where there is a finding that convalescence is required as provided by paragraph (e) or (f) of this section. The termination of these total ratings will not be subject to §3.105(e) of this chapter.

(b) Notwithstanding that hospital admission was for disability not connected with service, if during such hospitalization, hospital treatment for a service-connected disability is instituted and continued for a period in excess of 21 days, the increase to a total rating will be granted from the first day of such treatment. If service connection for the disability under treat38 CFR Ch. I (7–1–20 Edition)

ment is granted after hospital admission, the rating will be from the first day of hospitalization if otherwise in order.

(c) The assignment of a total disability rating on the basis of hospital treatment or observation will not preclude the assignment of a total disability rating otherwise in order under other provisions of the rating schedule. and consideration will be given to the propriety of such a rating in all instances and to the propriety of its continuance after discharge. Particular attention, with a view to proper rating under the rating schedule, is to be given to the claims of veterans discharged from hospital, regardless of length of hospitalization, with indications on the final summary of expected confinement to bed or house, or to inability to work with requirement of frequent care of physician or nurse at home.

(d) On these total ratings Department of Veterans Affairs regulations governing effective dates for increased benefits will control.

(e) The total hospital rating if convalescence is required may be continued for periods of 1, 2, or 3 months in addition to the period provided in paragraph (a) of this section.

(f) Extension of periods of 1, 2 or 3 months beyond the initial 3 months may be made upon approval of the Veterans Service Center Manager.

(g) Meritorious claims of veterans who are discharged from the hospital with less than the required number of days but need post-hospital care and a prolonged period of convalescence will be referred to the Director, Compensation Service, under §3.321(b)(1) of this chapter.

[29 FR 6718, May 22, 1964, as amended at 41
FR 11294, Mar. 18, 1976; 41 FR 34256, Aug. 13, 1976; 54 FR 4281, Jan. 30, 1989; 54 FR 34981, Aug. 23, 1989; 71 FR 28586, May 17, 2006; 79 FR 2100, Jan. 13, 2014]

§4.30 Convalescent ratings.

A total disability rating (100 percent) will be assigned without regard to other provisions of the rating schedule when it is established by report at hospital discharge (regular discharge or release to non-bed care) or outpatient release that entitlement is warranted

under paragraph (a) (1), (2) or (3) of this section effective the date of hospital admission or outpatient treatment and continuing for a period of 1, 2, or 3 months from the first day of the month following such hospital discharge or outpatient release. The termination of these total ratings will not be subject to §3.105(e) of this chapter. Such total rating will be followed by appropriate schedular evaluations. When the evidence is inadequate to assign a schedular evaluation, a physical examination will be scheduled and considered prior to the termination of a total rating under this section.

(a) Total ratings will be assigned under this section if treatment of a service-connected disability resulted in:

(1) Surgery necessitating at least one month of convalescence (Effective as to outpatient surgery March 1, 1989.)

(2) Surgery with severe postoperative residuals such as incompletely healed surgical wounds, stumps of recent amputations, therapeutic immobilization of one major joint or more, application of a body cast, or the necessity for house confinement, or the necessity for continued use of a wheelchair or crutches (regular weight-bearing prohibited). (Effective as to outpatient surgery March 1, 1989.)

(3) Immobilization by cast, without surgery, of one major joint or more. (Effective as to outpatient treatment March 10, 1976.)

A reduction in the total rating will not be subject to §3.105(e) of this chapter. The total rating will be followed by an open rating reflecting the appropriate schedular evaluation; where the evidence is inadequate to assign the schedular evaluation, a physcial examination will be scheduled prior to the end of the total rating period.

(b) A total rating under this section will require full justification on the rating sheet and may be extended as follows:

(1) Extensions of 1, 2 or 3 months beyond the initial 3 months may be made under paragraph (a) (1), (2) or (3) of this section.

(2) Extensions of 1 or more months up to 6 months beyond the initial 6 months period may be made under paragraph (a) (2) or (3) of this section upon approval of the Veterans Service Center Manager.

[41 FR 34256, Aug. 13, 1976, as amended at 54
 FR 4281, Jan. 30, 1989; 71 FR 28586, May 17, 2006]

§4.31 Zero percent evaluations.

In every instance where the schedule does not provide a zero percent evaluation for a diagnostic code, a zero percent evaluation shall be assigned when the requirements for a compensable evaluation are not met.

[58 FR 52018, Oct. 6, 1993]

Subpart B—Disability Ratings

THE MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

§4.40 Functional loss.

Disability of the musculoskeletal system is primarily the inability, due to damage or infection in parts of the system, to perform the normal working movements of the body with normal excursion, strength, speed, coordination and endurance. It is essential that the examination on which ratings are based adequately portray the anatomical damage, and the functional loss, with respect to all these elements. The functional loss may be due to absence of part, or all, of the necessary bones, joints and muscles, or associated structures, or to deformity, adhesions, defective innervation, or other pathology, or it may be due to pain, supported by adequate pathology and evidenced by the visible behavior of the claimant undertaking the motion. Weakness is as important as limitation of motion, and a part which becomes painful on use must be regarded as seriously disabled. A little used part of the musculoskeletal system may be expected to show evidence of disuse. either through atrophy, the condition of the skin, absence of normal callosity or the like.

§4.41 History of injury.

In considering the residuals of injury, it is essential to trace the medical-industrial history of the disabled person from the original injury, considering

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the nature of the injury and the attendant circumstances, and the requirements for, and the effect of, treatment over past periods, and the course of the recovery to date. The duration of the initial, and any subsequent, period of total incapacity, especially periods reflecting delayed union, inflammation, swelling, drainage, or operative intervention, should be given close attention. This consideration, or the absence of clear cut evidence of injury, may result in classifying the disability as not of traumatic origin. either reflecting congenital or developmental etiology, or the effects of healed disease.

§4.42 Complete medical examination of injury cases.

The importance of complete medical examination of injury cases at the time of first medical examination by the Department of Veterans Affairs cannot be overemphasized. When possible, this should include complete neurological and psychiatric examination, and other special examinations indicated by the physical condition, in addition to the required general and orthopedic or surgical examinations. When complete examinations are not conducted covering all systems of the body affected by disease or injury, it is impossible to visualize the nature and extent of the service connected disability. Incomplete examination is a common cause of incorrect diagnosis, especially in the neurological and psychiatric fields, and frequently leaves the Department of Veterans Affairs in doubt as to the presence or absence of disabling conditions at the time of the examination.

§4.43 Osteomyelitis.

Chronic, or recurring, suppurative osteomyelitis, once clinically identified, including chronic inflammation of bone marrow, cortex, or periosteum, should be considered as a continuously disabling process, whether or not an actively discharging sinus or other obvious evidence of infection is manifest from time to time, and unless the focus is entirely removed by amputation will entitle to a permanent rating to be combined with other ratings for residual conditions, however, not exceeding amputation ratings at the site of election.

§4.44 The bones.

The osseous abnormalities incident to trauma or disease, such as malunion with deformity throwing abnormal stress upon, and causing malalignment of joint surfaces, should be depicted from study and observation of all available data, beginning with inception of injury or disease, its nature, degree of prostration, treatment and duration of convalescence, and progress of recovery with development of permanent residuals. With shortening of a long bone, some degree of angulation is to be expected; the extent and direction should be brought out by X-ray and observation. The direction of angulation and extent of deformity should be carefully related to strain on the neighboring joints, especially those connected with weight-bearing.

§4.45 The joints.

As regards the joints the factors of disability reside in reductions of their normal excursion of movements in different planes. Inquiry will be directed to these considerations:

(a) Less movement than normal (due to ankylosis, limitation or blocking, adhesions, tendon-tie-up, contracted scars, etc.).

(b) More movement than normal (from flail joint, resections, nonunion of fracture, relaxation of ligaments, etc.).

(c) Weakened movement (due to muscle injury, disease or injury of peripheral nerves, divided or lengthened tendons, etc.).

(d) Excess fatigability.

(e) Incoordination, impaired ability to execute skilled movements smoothly.

(f) Pain on movement, swelling, deformity or atrophy of disuse. Instability of station, disturbance of locomotion, interference with sitting, standing and weight-bearing are related considerations. For the purpose of rating disability from arthritis, the shoulder, elbow, wrist, hip, knee, and ankle are considered major joints; multiple involvements of the interphalangeal, metacarpal and carpal joints of

§4.42

the upper extremities, the interphalangeal, metatarsal and tarsal joints of the lower extremities, the cervical vertebrae, the dorsal vertebrae, and the lumbar vertebrae. are considered groups of minor joints, ratable on a parity with major joints. The lumbosacral articulation and both sacroiliac joints are considered to be a group of minor joints, ratable on disturbance of lumbar spine functions.

§4.46 Accurate measurement.

Accurate measurement of the length of stumps, excursion of joints, dimensions and location of scars with respect to landmarks, should be insisted on. The use of a goniometer in the measurement of limitation of motion is indispensable in examinations conducted within the Department of Veterans Affairs. Muscle atrophy must also be accurately measured and reported.

[41 FR 11294, Mar. 18, 1976]

§§4.47-4.54 [Reserved]

§4.55 Principles of combined ratings for muscle injuries.

(a) A muscle injury rating will not be combined with a peripheral nerve paralysis rating of the same body part, unless the injuries affect entirely different functions.

(b) For rating purposes, the skeletal muscles of the body are divided into 23 muscle groups in 5 anatomical regions: 6 muscle groups for the shoulder girdle and arm (diagnostic codes 5301 through 5306); 3 muscle groups for the forearm and hand (diagnostic codes 5307 through 5309); 3 muscle groups for the foot and leg (diagnostic codes 5310 through 5312); 6 muscle groups for the pelvic girdle and thigh (diagnostic codes 5313 through 5318); and 5 muscle groups for the torso and neck (diagnostic codes 5319 through 5323).

(c) There will be no rating assigned for muscle groups which act upon an ankylosed joint, with the following exceptions:

(1) In the case of an ankylosed knee, if muscle group XIII is disabled, it will be rated, but at the next lower level than that which would otherwise be assigned.

(2) In the case of an ankylosed shoulder, if muscle groups I and II are se-

verely disabled, the evaluation of the shoulder joint under diagnostic code 5200 will be elevated to the level for unfavorable ankylosis, if not already assigned, but the muscle groups themselves will not be rated.

(d) The combined evaluation of muscle groups acting upon a single unankylosed joint must be lower than the evaluation for unfavorable ankylosis of that joint, except in the case of muscle groups I and II acting upon the shoulder.

(e) For compensable muscle group injuries which are in the same anatomical region but do not act on the same joint, the evaluation for the most severely injured muscle group will be increased by one level and used as the combined evaluation for the affected muscle groups.

(f) For muscle group injuries in different anatomical regions which do not act upon ankylosed joints, each muscle group injury shall be separately rated and the ratings combined under the provisions of §4.25.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[62 FR 30237, June 3, 1997]

§4.56 Evaluation of muscle disabilities.

(a) An open comminuted fracture with muscle or tendon damage will be rated as a severe injury of the muscle group involved unless, for locations such as in the wrist or over the tibia, evidence establishes that the muscle damage is minimal.

(b) A through-and-through injury with muscle damage shall be evaluated as no less than a moderate injury for each group of muscles damaged.

(c) For VA rating purposes, the cardinal signs and symptoms of muscle disability are loss of power, weakness, lowered threshold of fatigue, fatiguepain, impairment of coordination and uncertainty of movement.

(d) Under diagnostic codes 5301 through 5323, disabilities resulting from muscle injuries shall be classified as slight, moderate, moderately severe or severe as follows:

(1) Slight disability of muscles—(i) Type of injury. Simple wound of muscle without debridement or infection.

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(ii) *History and complaint*. Service department record of superficial wound with brief treatment and return to duty. Healing with good functional results. No cardinal signs or symptoms of muscle disability as defined in paragraph (c) of this section.

(iii) *Objective findings*. Minimal scar. No evidence of fascial defect, atrophy, or impaired tonus. No impairment of function or metallic fragments retained in muscle tissue.

(2) Moderate disability of muscles—(i) Type of injury. Through and through or deep penetrating wound of short track from a single bullet, small shell or shrapnel fragment, without explosive effect of high velocity missile, residuals of debridement, or prolonged infection.

(ii) *History and complaint*. Service department record or other evidence of in-service treatment for the wound. Record of consistent complaint of one or more of the cardinal signs and symptoms of muscle disability as defined in paragraph (c) of this section, particularly lowered threshold of fatigue after average use, affecting the particular functions controlled by the injured muscles.

(iii) Objective findings. Entrance and (if present) exit scars, small or linear, indicating short track of missile through muscle tissue. Some loss of deep fascia or muscle substance or impairment of muscle tonus and loss of power or lowered threshold of fatigue when compared to the sound side.

(3) Moderately severe disability of muscles—(i) Type of injury. Through and through or deep penetrating wound by small high velocity missile or large low-velocity missile, with debridement, prolonged infection, or sloughing of soft parts, and intermuscular scarring.

(ii) History and complaint. Service department record or other evidence showing hospitalization for a prolonged period for treatment of wound. Record of consistent complaint of cardinal signs and symptoms of muscle disability as defined in paragraph (c) of this section and, if present, evidence of inability to keep up with work requirements.

(iii) *Objective findings*. Entrance and (if present) exit scars indicating track of missile through one or more muscle

groups. Indications on palpation of loss of deep fascia, muscle substance, or normal firm resistance of muscles compared with sound side. Tests of strength and endurance compared with sound side demonstrate positive evidence of impairment.

(4) Severe disability of muscles—(i) Type of injury. Through and through or deep penetrating wound due to high-velocity missile, or large or multiple low velocity missiles, or with shattering bone fracture or open comminuted fracture with extensive debridement, prolonged infection, or sloughing of soft parts, intermuscular binding and scarring.

(ii) History and complaint. Service department record or other evidence showing hospitalization for a prolonged period for treatment of wound. Record of consistent complaint of cardinal signs and symptoms of muscle disability as defined in paragraph (c) of this section, worse than those shown for moderately severe muscle injuries, and, if present, evidence of inability to keep up with work requirements.

(iii) Objective findings. Ragged, depressed and adherent scars indicating wide damage to muscle groups in missile track. Palpation shows loss of deep fascia or muscle substance, or soft flabby muscles in wound area. Muscles swell and harden abnormally in contraction. Tests of strength, endurance, or coordinated movements compared with the corresponding muscles of the uninjured side indicate severe impairment of function. If present, the following are also signs of severe muscle disability:

(A) X-ray evidence of minute multiple scattered foreign bodies indicating intermuscular trauma and explosive effect of the missile.

(B) Adhesion of scar to one of the long bones, scapula, pelvic bones, sacrum or vertebrae, with epithelial sealing over the bone rather than true skin covering in an area where bone is normally protected by muscle.

(C) Diminished muscle excitability to pulsed electrical current in electrodiagnostic tests.

(D) Visible or measurable atrophy.

(E) Adaptive contraction of an opposing group of muscles.

(F) Atrophy of muscle groups not in the track of the missile, particularly of

the trapezius and serratus in wounds of the shoulder girdle.

(G) Inducation or atrophy of an entire muscle following simple piercing by a projectile.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155

[62 FR 30238, June 3, 1997]

§4.57 Static foot deformities.

It is essential to make an initial distinction between bilateral flatfoot as a congenital or as an acquired condition. The congenital condition, with depression of the arch, but no evidence of abnormal callosities, areas of pressure, strain or demonstrable tenderness, is a congenital abnormality which is not compensable or pensionable. In the acquired condition, it is to be remembered that depression of the longitudinal arch, or the degree of depression, is not the essential feature. The attention should be given to anatomical changes, as compared to normal, in the relationship of the foot and leg. particularly to the inward rotation of the superior portion of the os calcis, medial deviation of the insertion of the Achilles tendon, the medial tilting of the upper border of the astragalus. This is an unfavorable mechanical relationship of the parts. A plumb line dropped from the middle of the patella falls inside of the normal point. The forepart of the foot is abducted, and the foot everted. The plantar surface of the foot is painful and shows demonstrable tenderness, and manipulation of the foot produces spasm of the Achilles tendon, peroneal spasm due to adhesion about the peroneal sheaths, and other evidence of pain and limited motion. The symptoms should be apparent without regard to exercise. In severe cases there is gaping of bones on the inner border of the foot, and rigid valgus position with loss of the power of inversion and adduction. Exercise with undeveloped or unbalanced musculature, producing chronic irritation. can be an aggravating factor. In the absence of trauma or other definite evidence of aggravation, service connection is not in order for pes cavus which is a typically congenital or juvenile disease.

§4.58 Arthritis due to strain.

With service incurred lower extremity amputation or shortening, a disabling arthritis, developing in the same extremity, or in both lower extremities, with indications of earlier, or more severe, arthritis in the injured extremity, including also arthritis of the lumbosacral joints and lumbar spine, if associated with the leg amputation or shortening, will be considered as service incurred, provided, however, that arthritis affecting joints not directly subject to strain as a result of the service incurred amputation will not be granted service connection. This will generally require separate evaluation of the arthritis in the joints directly subject to strain. Amputation, or injury to an upper extremity, is not considered as a causative factor with subsequently developing arthritis, except in joints subject to direct strain or actually injured.

§4.59 Painful motion.

With any form of arthritis, painful motion is an important factor of disability, the facial expression, wincing, etc., on pressure or manipulation, should be carefully noted and definitely related to affected joints. Muscle spasm will greatly assist the identification. Sciatic neuritis is not uncommonly caused by arthritis of the spine. The intent of the schedule is to recognize painful motion with joint or periarticular pathology as productive of disability. It is the intention to recognize actually painful, unstable, or malaligned joints, due to healed injury, as entitled to at least the minimum compensable rating for the joint. Crepitation either in the soft tissues such as the tendons or ligaments, or crepitation within the joint structures should be noted carefully as points of contact which are diseased. Flexion elicits such manifestations. The joints involved should be tested for pain on both active and passive motion, in weight-bearing and nonweight-bearing and, if possible, with the range of the opposite undamaged joint.

§4.60

§4.60 [Reserved]

§4.61 Examination.

With any form of arthritis (except traumatic arthritis) it is essential that the examination for rating purposes cover all major joints, with especial reference to Heberden's or Haygarth's nodes.

§4.62 Circulatory disturbances.

The circulatory disturbances, especially of the lower extremity following injury in the popliteal space, must not be overlooked, and require rating generally as phlebitis.

§4.63 Loss of use of hand or foot.

Loss of use of a hand or a foot, for the purpose of special monthly compensation, will be held to exist when no effective function remains other than that which would be equally well served by an amputation stump at the site of election below elbow or knee with use of a suitable prosthetic appliance. The determination will be made on the basis of the actual remaining function of the hand or foot, whether the acts of grasping, manipulation, etc., in the case of the hand, or of balance and propulsion, etc., in the case of the foot, could be accomplished equally well by an amputation stump with prosthesis.

(a) Extremely unfavorable complete ankylosis of the knee, or complete ankylosis of 2 major joints of an extremity, or shortening of the lower extremity of $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches (8.9 cms.) or more, will be taken as loss of use of the hand or foot involved.

(b) Complete paralysis of the external popliteal nerve (common peroneal) and consequent, footdrop, accompanied by characteristic organic changes including trophic and circulatory disturbances and other concomitants confirmatory of complete paralysis of this nerve, will be taken as loss of use of the foot.

[29 FR 6718, May 22, 1964, as amended at 43 FR 45349, Oct. 2, 1978]

§4.64 Loss of use of both buttocks.

Loss of use of both buttocks shall be deemed to exist when there is severe damage to muscle Group XVII, bilat-

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eral (diagnostic code number 5317) and additional disability rendering it impossible for the disabled person, without assistance, to rise from a seated position and from a stooped position (fingers to toes position) and to maintain postural stability (the pelvis upon head of femur). The assistance may be rendered by the person's own hands or arms, and, in the matter of postural stability, by a special appliance.

§4.65 [Reserved]

§4.66 Sacroiliac joint.

The common cause of disability in this region is arthritis, to be identified in the usual manner. The lumbosacral and sacroiliac joints should be considered as one anatomical segment for rating purposes. X-ray changes from arthritis in this location are decrease or obliteration of the joint space, with the appearance of increased bone density of the sacrum and ilium and sharpening of the margins of the joint. Disability is manifest from erector spinae spasm (not accounted for by other pathology), tenderness on deep palpation and percussion over these joints, loss of normal quickness of motion and resiliency, and postural defects often accompanied by limitation of flexion and extension of the hip. Traumatism is a rare cause of disability in this connection, except when superimposed upon congenital defect or upon an existent arthritis; to permit assumption of pure traumatic origin, objective evidence of damage to the joint, and history of trauma sufficiently severe to injure this extremely strong and practically immovable joint is required. There should be careful consideration of lumbosacral sprain, and the various symptoms of pain and paralysis attributable to disease affecting the lumbar vertebrae and the intervertebral disc.

§4.67 Pelvic bones.

The variability of residuals following these fractures necessitates rating on specific residuals, faulty posture, limitation of motion, muscle injury, painful motion of the lumbar spine, manifest by muscle spasm, mild to moderate sciatic neuritis, peripheral nerve injury, or limitation of hip motion.

§4.68 Amputation rule.

The combined rating for disabilities of an extremity shall not exceed the rating for the amputation at the elective level, were amputation to be performed. For example, the combined evaluations for disabilities below the knee shall not exceed the 40 percent evaluation, diagnostic code 5165. This 40 percent rating may be further combined with evaluation for disabilities above the knee but not to exceed the above the knee amputation elective level. Painful neuroma of a stump after amputation shall be assigned the evaluation for the elective site of reamputation.

§4.69 Dominant hand.

Handedness for the purpose of a dominant rating will be determined by the evidence of record, or by testing on VA examination. Only one hand shall be considered dominant. The injured hand, or the most severely injured hand, of an ambidextrous individual will be considered the dominant hand for rating purposes.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

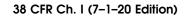
[62 FR 30239, June 3, 1997]

§4.70 Inadequate examinations.

If the report of examination is inadequate as a basis for the required consideration of service connection and evaluation, the rating agency may request a supplementary report from the examiner giving further details as to the limitations of the disabled person's ordinary activity imposed by the disease, injury, or residual condition, the prognosis for return to, or continuance of, useful work. When the best interests of the service will be advanced by personal conference with the examiner, such conference may be arranged through channels.

§4.71 Measurement of ankylosis and joint motion.

Plates I and II provide a standardized description of ankylosis and joint motion measurement. The anatomical position is considered as 0° , with two major exceptions: (a) Shoulder rotation-arm abducted to 90°, elbow flexed to 90° with the position of the forearm reflecting the midpoint 0° between internal and external rotation of the shoulder; and (b) supination and pronation—the arm next to the body. elbow flexed to 90°, and the forearm in midposition 0° between supination and pronation. Motion of the thumb and fingers should be described by appropriate reference to the joints (See Plate III) whose movement is limited, with a statement as to how near, in centimeters, the tip of the thumb can approximate the fingers, or how near the tips of the fingers can approximate the proximal transverse crease of palm.



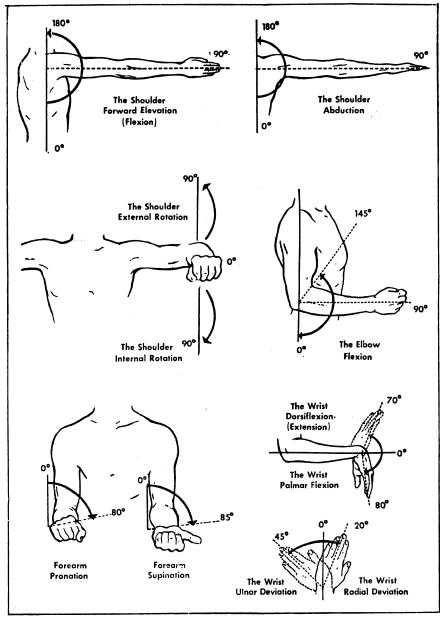


PLATE I

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Rat-

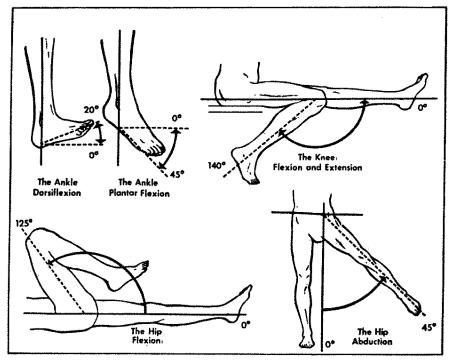


PLATE II

[29 FR 6718, May 22, 1964, as amended at 43 FR 45349, Oct. 2, 1978; 67 FR 48785, July 26, 2002]

§4.71a Schedule of ratings—musculoskeletal system.

ACUTE, SUBACUTE, OR CHRONIC DISEASES

	Rat- ing
5000 Osteomyelitis, acute, subacute, or chronic: Of the pelvis, vertebrae, or extending into major joints, or with multiple localization or with long history of intractability and debility, anemia, amyloid liver changes, or other continuous	
constitutional symptoms	100
Frequent episodes, with constitutional symptoms	60
With definite involucrum or sequestrum, with or without discharging sinus With discharging sinus or other evidence of ac-	30
tive infection within the past 5 years	20
Inactive, following repeated episodes, without evidence of active infection in past 5 years	10

ACUTE, SUBACUTE, OR CHRONIC DISEASES— Continued

	ing
NOTE (1): A rating of 10 percent, as an exception to the amputation rule, is to be assigned in any case of active osteomyelitis where the amputation rating for the affected part is no percent. This 10 percent rating and the other partial ratings of 30 percent or less are to be combined with ratings for ankylosis, limited motion, nonunion or malunion, shortening, etc., subject, of course, to the amputation rule. The 60 percent rating, as it is based on con- stitutional symptoms, is not subject to the am- putation rule. A rating for osteomyelitis will not be applied following cure by removal or radical resection of the affected bone.	

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ACUTE, SUBACUTE, OR CHRONIC DISEASES—Continued

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ACUTE, SUBACUTE, OR CHRONIC DISEASES—Continued

ACUTE, SUBACUTE, OR CHRONIC DISEASES— PROSTHETIC IMPLANTS—Continued

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		Det		Rat	ing
		Rat- ing		Major	Mino
NOTE: Widespread pain means pain in I	ooth the		Markedly severe residual weak-		
left and right sides of the body, that			ness, pain or limitation of motion		
above and below the waist, and that			following implantation of pros-		
both the axial skeleton (<i>i.e.</i> , cervical sp			thesis		
terior chest, thoracic spine, or low ba			Moderately severe residuals of		
the extremities.	iony ana		weakness, pain or limitation of		
			motion		5
			Minimum rating		
PROSTHETIC IMPLANTS			5055 Knee replacement (prosthesis).		
			Prosthetic replacement of knee joint:		
	Rat	ing	For 1 year following implantation of		
					1
	Major	Minor	prosthesis		
			With chronic residuals consisting of		
5051 Shoulder replacement (prosthesis).			severe painful motion or weak-		
Prosthetic replacement of the shoulder			ness in the affected extremity		6
joint:			With intermediate degrees of resid-		
For 1 year following implantation of	100	100	ual weakness, pain or limitation		
prosthesis	100	100	of motion rate by analogy to di-		
With chronic residuals consisting of			agnostic codes 5256, 5261, or		
severe, painful motion or weak-		50	5262.		
ness in the affected extremity	60	50	Minimum rating		:
With intermediate degrees of resid-			5056 Ankle replacement (prosthesis).		
ual weakness, pain or limitation			Prosthetic replacement of ankle joint:		
of motion, rate by analogy to di-			For 1 year following implantation of		
agnostic codes 5200 and 5203.	00		prosthesis		1
Minimum rating	30	20	With chronic residuals consisting of		· ·
5052 Elbow replacement (prosthesis).			severe painful motion or weak-		
Prosthetic replacement of the elbow			ness		
joint:			With intermediate degrees of resid-		
For 1 year following implantation of	100	100			
prosthesis	100	100	ual weakness, pain or limitation		
With chronic residuals consisting of			of motion rate by analogy to		
severe painful motion or weak- ness in the affected extremity	50	40	5270 or 5271.		
With intermediate degrees of resid-	50	40	Minimum rating		:
ual weakness, pain or limitation			NOTE (1): The 100 pct rating for 1 year		
of motion rate by analogy to di-			following implantation of prosthesis		
agnostic codes 5205 through			will commence after initial grant of the		
5208.			1-month total rating assigned under		
Minimum evaluation	30	20	§4.30 following hospital discharge.		
5053 Wrist replacement (prosthesis).	00	20	NOTE (2): Special monthly compensa-		
Prosthetic replacement of wrist joint:			tion is assignable during the 100 pct		
For 1 year following implantation of			rating period the earliest date perma-		
prosthesis	100	100	nent use of crutches is established.		
With chronic residuals consisting of					
severe, painful motion or weak-			COMBINATIONS OF DISABILITIES		
ness in the affected extremity	40	30			
With intermediate degrees of resid-			5104 Anatomical loss of one hand and loss		
ual weakness, pain or limitation			of use of one foot		11
of motion, rate by analogy to di-			5105 Anatomical loss of one foot and loss		
agnostic code 5214.			of use of one hand		11
Minimum rating	20	20	5106 Anatomical loss of both hands		11
NOTE: The 100 pct rating for 1 year fol-			5107 Anatomical loss of both feet		11
lowing implantation of prosthesis will			5108 Anatomical loss of one hand and one		
commence after initial grant of the 1-			foot		11
month total rating assigned under			5109 Loss of use of both hands		11
§4.30 following hospital discharge.			5110 Loss of use of both feet		11
5054 Hip replacement (prosthesis).					
Prosthetic replacement of the head of			5111 Loss of use of one hand and one		
the femur or of the acetabulum:			foot		11
For 1 year following implantation of			NOTE: The term "prosthetic replacement	" in dia	anno
prosthesis		100	codes 5051 through 5056 means a total ren	lacemen	t of t
Following implantation of prosthesis			codes 5051 through 5056 means a total rep named joint. However, in DC 5054, "prosthe	tic replac	ceme
with painful motion or weakness			means a total replacement of the head of the	femur c	or of t
such as to require the use of			acetabulum.		
	1	1 90	¹ Also entitled to special monthly compensate		

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TABLE II—RATINGS FOR MULTIPLE LOSSES OF EXTREMITIES WITH DICTATOR'S RATING CODE AND 38
CFR CITATION

			Impairment of o	other extremity		
Impairment of one extremity	Anatomical loss or loss of use below elbow	Anatomical loss or loss of use below knee	Anatomical loss or loss of use above elbow (preventing use of prosthesis)	Anatomical loss or loss of use above knee (preventing use of prosthesis)	Anatomical loss near shoulder (preventing use of prosthesis)	Anatomical loss near hip (pre- venting use of prosthesis)
Anatomical loss or loss of use below elbow. Anatomical loss or loss of use below knee.	M Codes M-1 a, b, or c, 38 CFR 3.350 (c)(1)(i).	L Codes L-1 d, e, f, or g, 38 CFR 3.350(b). L Codes L-1 a, b, or c, 38 CFR 3.350(b).	M ¹ / ₂ Code M–5, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(x). L ¹ / ₂ Code L–2 b, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(iii).	L ¹ / ₂ Code L−2 c, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(vi). L ¹ / ₂ Code L−2 a, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(i).	N Code N-3, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(xi). M Code M-3 b, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(iv).	M Code M-3 c, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(viii) M Code M-3 a, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(ii)
Anatomical loss or loss of use above elbow (preventing use of prosthesis).			N Code N–1, 38 CFR 3.350 (d)(1).	M Code M-2 a, 38 CFR 3.350 (c)(1)(iii).	N ¹ / ₂ Code N-4, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(ix).	M ¹ /2 Code M-4 c, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(xi)
Anatomical loss or loss of use above knee (preventing use of prosthesis).				M Code M–2 a, 38 CFR 3.350 (c)(1)(ii).	M ¹ / ₂ Code M–4 b, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(vii).	M ¹ / ₂ Code M–4 a, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(v)
Anatomical loss near shoulder (preventing use					O Code O–1, 38 CFR 3.350 (e)(1)(i).	N Code N–2 b, 38 CFR 3.350 (d)(3)
of prosthesis). Anatomical loss near hip (pre- venting use of prosthesis).						N Code N–2 a, 38 CFR 3.350 (d)(2)

NOTE.—Need for aid attendance or permanently bedridden qualifies for subpar. L. Code L–1 h, i (38 CFR 3.350(b)). Paraplegia with loss of use of both lower extremities and loss of anal and bladder sphincter control qualifies for subpar. O. Code O–2 (38 CFR 3.350(e)(2)). Where there are additional disabilities rated 50% or 100%, or anatomical or loss of use of a third extremity see 38 CFR 3.350(f) (3), (4) or (5).

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1115)

AMPUTATIONS: UPPER EXTREMITY—Continued

AMPUTATIONS: UPPER EXTREMITY

		Rat	ing
		Major	Minor
A	rm, amputation of:		
5120	Disarticulation	1 90	1 90
5121	Above insertion of deltoid	1 90	180
5122	Below insertion of deltoid	¹ 80	170
F	prearm, amputation of:		
5123	Above insertion of pronator teres	¹ 80	¹ 70
5124		¹ 70	¹ 60
5125	Hand, loss of use of	170	¹ 60
	MULTIPLE FINGER AMPUTATIONS		
of	Five digits of one hand, amputation	¹ 70	¹ 60
	our digits of one hand, amputation of:		
5127		170	¹ 60
	Thumb, index, long and little	¹ 70	¹ 60
5129	Thumb, index, ring and little	170	¹ 60
5130	Thumb, long, ring and little	¹ 70	¹ 60
5131	Index, long, ring and little nree digits of one hand, amputation of:	60	50
5132	Thumb, index and long	60	50
5132	Thumb, index and ring	60 60	50
5133	Thumb, index and little	60	50
5134	Thumb, long and ring	60	50
5136	Thumb, long and little	60	50

		Rat	ing
		Major	Minor
5137	Thumb, ring and little	60	50
5138	Index, long and ring	50	40
5139	Index, long and little	50	40
5140	Index, ring and little	50	40
5141	Long, ring and little	40	30
T	wo digits of one hand, amputation of:		
5142	Thumb and index	50	40
5143	Thumb and long	50	40
5144	Thumb and ring	50	40
5145	Thumb and little	50	40
5146	Index and long	40	30
5147	Index and ring	40	30
5148	Index and little	40	30
5149	Long and ring	30	20
5150	Long and little	30	20
5151	Ring and little	30	20
,	 a) The ratings for multiple finger amputations apply to amputations at the proximal interphalangeal joints or through proximal phalanges. b) Amputation through middle phalanges will be rated as prescribed for unfavorable ankylosis of the fingers. 		

AMPUTATIONS: UPPER EXTREMITY—Continued

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AMPUTATIONS: UPPER EXTREMITY—Continued

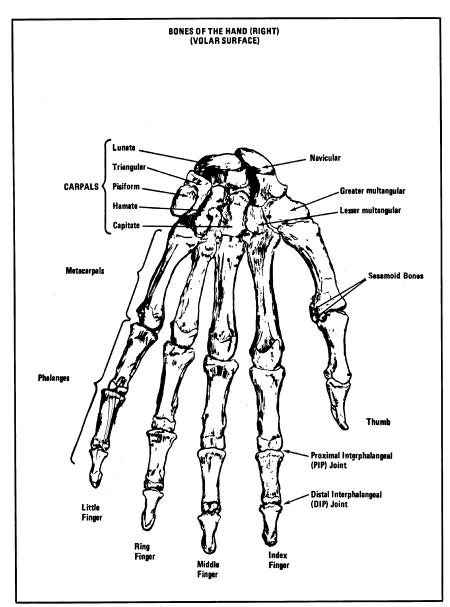
	Rat	ing		Rati	ing
	Major	Minor		Major	Mino
(c) Amputations at distal joints, or through distal phalanges, other than			With metacarpal resection At metacarpophalangeal joint or through	40	:
negligible losses, will be rated as pre-			proximal phalanx	30	
scribed for favorable ankylosis of the fingers			At distal joint or through distal phalanx 5153 Index finger, amputation of	20	
(d) Amputation or resection of meta- carpal bones (more than one-half the bone lost) in multiple fingers injuries			With metacarpal resection (more than one-half the bone lost)	30	
will require a rating of 10 percent added to (not combined with) the rat-			thereto	20	
ings, multiple finger amputations, sub- ject to the amputation rule applied to			Through middle phalanx or at distal joint 5154 Long finger, amputation of:	10	
the forearm.(e) Combinations of finger amputations at various levels, or finger amputa-			With metacarpal resection (more than one-half the bone lost) Without metacarpal resection, at proxi-	20	
tions with ankylosis or limitation of motion of the fingers will be rated on the basis of the grade of disability;			mal interphalangeal joint or proximal thereto	10	
<i>i.e.</i> , amputation, unfavorable anky- losis, most representative of the lev- els or combinations. With an even			With metacarpal resection (more than one-half the bone lost) Without metacarpal resection, at proxi-	20	
number of fingers involved, and adja- cent grades of disability, select the higher of the two grades.			mal interphalangeal joint or proximal thereto	10	
(f) Loss of use of the hand will be held to exist when no effective function re- mains other than that which would be			With metacarpal resection (more than one-half the bone lost) Without metacarpal resection, at proxi-	20	
mains other than that which would be equally well served by an amputation stump with a suitable prosthetic appli- ance.			mal interphalangeal joint or proximal thereto NOTE: The single finger amputation rat- ings are the only applicable ratings	10	
SINGLE FINGER AMPUTATIONS			for amputations of whole or part of single fingers.		

5152 Thumb, amputation of:

¹ Entitled to special monthly compensation.

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SINGLE FINGER AMPUTATIONS

PLATE III

AMPUTATIONS: LOWER EXTREMITY

	Rat- ing
Thigh, amputation of:	
5160 Disarticulation, with loss of extrinsic pelvic gir-	
dle muscles	² 90
5161 Upper third, one-third of the distance from	
perineum to knee joint measured from perineum	² 80
5162 Middle or lower thirds	² 60
Leg, amputation of:	
5163 With defective stump, thigh amputation rec-	
ommended	² 60
5164 Amputation not improvable by prosthesis con-	
trolled by natural knee action	² 60
5165 At a lower level, permitting prosthesis	² 40
5166 Forefoot, amputation proximal to metatarsal	
bones (more than one-half of metatarsal loss)	² 40
5167 Foot, loss of use of	² 40

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AMPUTATIONS: LOWER EXTREMITY—Continued

	Rat- ing
5170 Toes, all, amputation of, without metatarsal	
loss	30
5171 Toe, great, amputation of:	
With removal of metatarsal head	30
Without metatarsal involvement	10
5172 Toes, other than great, amputation of, with re- moval of metatarsal head:	
One or two	20
Without metatarsal involvement	0
5173 Toes, three or four, amputation of, without metatarsal involvement:	
Including great toe	20
Not including great toe	10

² Also entitled to special monthly compensation.

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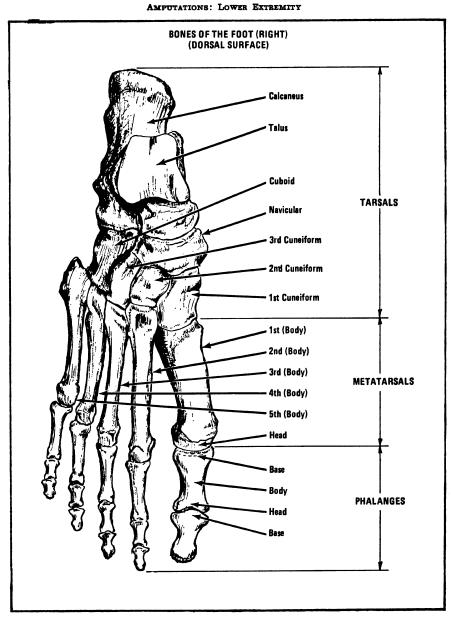


PLATE IV

THE SHOULDER AND ARM

	Rating	
	Major	Minor
5200 Scapulohumeral articulation, anky- losis of:		
NOTE: The scapula and humerus move as one piece.		
Unfavorable, abduction limited to 25° from side	50	40
Intermediate between favorable and un- favorable	40	30
Favorable, abduction to 60°, can reach mouth and head	30	20
To 25° from side Midway between side and shoulder	40	30
level	30	20
At shoulder level	20	20
5202 Humerus, other impairment of:		
Loss of head of (flail shoulder)	80	70
Nonunion of (false flail joint)	60	50
Fibrous union of	50	40
Recurrent dislocation of at		
scapulohumeral joint.		
With frequent episodes and guard-		
ing of all arm movements	30	20
With infrequent episodes, and guarding of movement only at		
shoulder level	20	20
Malunion of:	20	20
Marked deformity	30	20
Moderate deformity	20	20
5203 Clavicle or scapula, impairment of:	20	20
Dislocation of	20	20
Nonunion of:		
With loose movement	20	20
Without loose movement	10	10
Malunion of	10	10
Or rate on impairment of function of contiguous joint.		

THE ELBOW AND FOREARM

	Rati	ing
	Major	Minor
5205 Elbow, ankylosis of:		
Unfavorable, at an angle of less than		
50° or with complete loss of		
supination or pronation	60	50
Intermediate, at an angle of more than		
90°, or between 70° and 50°	50	40
Favorable, at an angle between 90° and		
70°	40	30
5206 Forearm, limitation of flexion of:		
Flexion limited to 45°	50	40
Flexion limited to 55°	40	30
Flexion limited to 70°	30	20
Flexion limited to 90°	20	20
Flexion limited to 100°	10	10
Flexion limited to 110°	0	(
5207 Forearm, limitation of extension of:		
Extension limited to 110°	50	40
Extension limited to 100°	40	30
Extension limited to 90°	30	20
Extension limited to 75°	20	20
Extension limited to 60°	10	10
Extension limited to 45°	10	10
5208 Forearm, flexion limited to 100° and		
extension to 45°	20	20
5209 Elbow, other impairment of Flail joint	60	50

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THE ELBOW AND FOREARM—Continued

	Rating	
	Major	Minor
Joint fracture, with marked cubitus varus or cubitus valgus deformity or with ununited fracture of head of ra- dius	20	20
5210 Radius and ulna, nonunion of, with		
flail false joint 5211 Ulna, impairment of: Nonunion in upper half, with false movement: With loss of bone substance (1 inch	50	40
(2.5 cms.) or more) and marked deformity Without loss of bone substance or	40	30
deformity	30	20
Nonunion in lower half	20	20
Malunion of, with bad alignment 5212 Radius, impairment of: Nonunion in lower half, with false move- ment:	10	10
With loss of bone substance (1 inch (2.5 cms.) or more) and marked deformity	40	30
Without loss of bone substance or	20	20
deformity Nonunion in upper half Malunion of, with bad alignment 5213 Supination and pronation, impairment of:	30 20 10	20 20 10
Loss of (bone fusion):		
The hand fixed in supination or		
hyperpronation	40	30
The hand fixed in full pronation	30	20
The hand fixed near the middle of the arc or moderate pronation	20	20
Limitation of pronation:		
Motion lost beyond middle of arc Motion lost beyond last quarter of arc, the hand does not approach	30	20
full pronation	20	20
NOTE: In all the forearm and wrist inju- ries, codes 5205 through 5213, mul- tiple impaired finger movements due to tendon tie-up, muscle or nerve in- jury, are to be separately rated and combined not to exceed rating for loss of use of hand.	10	10

THE WRIST

	Rating	
	Major	Minor
 5214 Wrist, ankylosis of: Unfavorable, in any degree of palmar flexion, or with ulnar or radial devi- ation or with ulnar or radial devi- Any other position, except favorable Favorable in 20° to 30° dorsiflexion NOTE: Extremely unfavorable ankylosis will be rated as loss of use of hands under diagnostic code 5125. 5215 Wrist, limitation of motion of: 	50 40 30	40 30 20
Dorsiflexion less than 15°	10	10
Palmar flexion limited in line with fore- arm	10	10

§4.71a

EVALUATION OF ANKYLOSIS OR LIMITATION OF MOTION OF SINGLE OR MULTIPLE DIGITS OF THE HAND

38 CFR Ch. I (7-1-20 Edition)

EVALUATION OF ANKYLOSIS OR LIMITATION OF MOTION OF SINGLE OR MULTIPLE DIGITS OF THE HAND—Continued

	Rat	ing		Rat	ing
	Major	Minor		Major	Minor
(1) For the index, long, ring, and little fingers (digits II, III, IV, and V), zero degrees of flexion represents the fingers fully ex- tended, making a straight line with the rest of the hand. The position of function of the hand is with the wrist dorsiflexed 20 to 30 degrees, the metacarpophalangeal and proximal interphalangeal joints flexed to 30 degrees, and the thumb (digit I) ab- ducted and rotated so that the thumb pad			 (iv) If only the metacarpophalangeal or proximal interphalangeal joint is ankylosed, and there is a gap of two inches (5.1 cm.) or less between the fingertip(s) and the proximal transverse crease of the palm, with the finger(s) flexed to the extent possible, evaluate as favorable ankylosis (4) Evaluation of ankylosis of the thumb: (i) If both the carpometacarpal and 		
faces the finger pads. Only joints in these positions are considered to be in favorable position. For digits II through V, the metacarpophalangeal joint has a range of zero to 90 degrees of flexion, the proximal interphalangeal joint has a range of zero to 100 degrees of flexion, and the distal (terminal) interphalangeal joint has a range of zero to 70 or 80 degrees of flex-			 (i) in both the carpointerator and interphalangeal joints are ankylosed, and either is in exten- sion or full flexion, or there is ro- tation or angulation of a bone, evaluate as amputation at metacarpophalangeal joint or through proximal phalanx (ii) If both the carpometacarpal and interphalangeal joints are 		
ion			ankylosed, evaluate as unfavor- able ankylosis, even if each joint is individually fixed in a favorable position		
tion that is not otherwise specified in the rating schedule, the evaluation level as- signed will be that which best represents the overall disability (<i>i.e.</i> , amputation, un- favorable or favorable ankylosis, or limita- tion of motion), assigning the higher level of evaluation when the level of disability is equally balanced between one level and			(iii) If only the carpometacarpal or interphalangeal joint is ankylosed, and there is a gap of more than two inches (5.1 cm.) between the thumb pad and the fingers, with the thumb attempt- ing to oppose the fingers, evalu- ate as unfavorable ankylosis		
 (3) Evaluation of ankylosis of the index, long, ring, and little fingers: (i) If both the metacarpophalangeal and proximal interphalangeal joints of a digit are ankylosed, and either is in extension or full flexion, or there is rotation or an- gulation of a bone, evaluate as 			 (iv) If only the carpometacarpal or interphalangeal joint is ankylosed, and there is a gap of two inches (5.1 cm.) or less be- tween the thumb pad and the fin- gers, with the thumb attempting to oppose the fingers, evaluate as favorable ankylosis		
amputation without metacarpal resection, at proximal inter- phalangeal joint or proximal			more digits, evaluate each digit separately and combine the evaluations		
thereto (ii) If both the metacarpophalangeal			I. Multiple Digits: Unfavorable And	ylosis	
and proximal interphalangeal joints of a digit are ankylosed, evaluate as unfavorable anky- losis, even if each joint is individ- ually fixed in a favorable position. (iii) If only the metacarpophalangeal			 5216 Five digits of one hand, unfavorable ankylosis of Note: Also consider whether evaluation as amputation is warranted. 5217 Four digits of one hand, unfavorable ankylosis of: 	60	5
or proximal interphalangeal joint is ankylosed, and there is a gap of more than two inches (5.1 cm.) between the fingertip(s) and the proximal transverse crease of the palm, with the finger(s) flexed			Thumb and any three fingers	60 50	5
to the extent possible, evaluate as unfavorable ankylosis			Thumb and any two fingers Index, long, and ring; index, long, and little; or index, ring, and little	50	4
			fingers Long, ring, and little fingers Note: Also consider whether evaluation as amputation is warranted. 5219 Two digits of one hand, unfavorable	40 30	31 21
			ankylosis of: Thumb and any finger	40	31

EVALUATION OF ANKYLOSIS OR LIMITATION OF MOTION OF SINGLE OR MULTIPLE DIGITS OF THE HAND—Continued

Rating Major Minor Index and long; index and ring; or index and little fingers 30 20 Long and ring; long and little; or ring and little fingers 20 20 Note: Also consider whether evaluation as amputation is warranted. II. Multiple Digits: Favorable Ankylosis 5220 Five digits of one hand, favorable an-40 50 kylosis of . 5221 Four digits of one hand, favorable ankylosis of: Thumb and any three fingers 50 40 Index, long, ring, and little fingers 40 30 5222 Three digits of one hand, favorable ankylosis of: Thumb and any two fingers ... 40 30 Index, long, and ring; index, long, and little; or index, ring, and little fingers 30 20 Long, ring and little fingers ... 20 20 5223 Two digits of one hand, favorable ankylosis of: Thumb and any finger 30 20 Index and long; index and ring; or index and little fingers . 20 20 Long and ring; long and little; or ring and little fingers .. 10 10 III. Ankylosis of Individual Digits 5224 Thumb, ankylosis of: Unfavorable 20 20 Favorable 10 10 Note: Also consider whether evaluation as amputation is warranted and whether an additional evaluation is warranted for resulting limitation of motion of other digits or interference with overall function of the hand. 5225 Index finger, ankylosis of: Unfavorable or favorable . 10 10 Note: Also consider whether evaluation as amputation is warranted and whether an additional evaluation is warranted for re-sulting limitation of motion of other digits or interference with overall function of the

hand

hand.

5226 Long finger, ankylosis of: Unfavorable or favorable

Note: Also consider whether evaluation as amputation is warranted and whether an additional evaluation is warranted for resulting limitation of motion of other digits or interference with overall function of the

5227 Ring or little finger, ankylosis of:

Unfavorable or favorable

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EVALUATION OF ANKYLOSIS OR LIMITATION OF MOTION OF SINGLE OR MULTIPLE DIGITS OF THE HAND—Continued

		Rating	
		Major	Minor
amp addi sultir	Also consider whether evaluation as utation is warranted and whether an tional evaluation is warranted for re- ng limitation of motion of other digits terference with overall function of the d.		
	IV. Limitation of Motion of Individua	al Digits	
5228	Thumb, limitation of motion: With a gap of more than two inches (5.1 cm.) between the thumb pad and the fingers, with the thumb attempting to oppose the fingers With a gap of one to two inches (2.5 to 5.1 cm.) between the thumb pad and the fingers, with	20	20
5229	the thumb attempting to oppose the fingers	10 0	10 0
tion:	 With a gap of one inch (2.5 cm.) or more between the fingertip and the proximal transverse crease of the palm, with the finger flexed to the extent possible, or; with extension limited by more than 30 degrees With a gap of less than one inch (2.5 cm.) between the fingertip and the proximal transverse crease of the palm, with the finger flexed to the extent possible, and; extension is limited by no more than 30 degrees 	10	10
5230 tion:	Ring or little finger, limitation of mo-		
	Any limitation of motion	0	0

THE SPINE

	Rat- ing
General Rating Formula for Diseases and Injuries of the Spine	
(For diagnostic codes 5235 to 5243 unless 5243 is evaluated under the Formula for Rating Intervertebral Disc Syndrome Based on Incapaci- tating Episodes):	
With or without symptoms such as pain (whther or not it radiates), stiffness, or aching in the area of the spine affected by	
residuals of injury or disease	
Unfavorable ankylosis of the entire spine	100
Unfavorable ankylosis of the entire	
thoracolumbar spine	50

10

0

§4.71a

THE SPINE—Continued

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THE SPINE—Continued

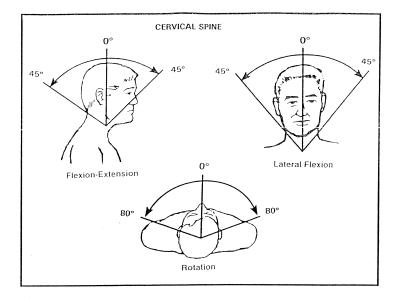
		THE SPINE—Continued	
	Rat- ing		Rat- ing
 Unfavorable ankylosis of the entire cervical spine; or, forward flexion of the thoracolumbar spine 30 degrees or less; or, favorable ankylosis of the entire thoracolumbar spine ervical spine flexion of the cervical spine 15 degrees or less; or, favorable ankylosis of the entire cervical spine greater than 30 degrees; or, forward flexion of the thoracolumbar spine greater than 15 degrees; or, forward flexion of the cervical spine greater than 30 degrees; or, the combined range of motion of the thoracolumbar spine not greater than 120 degrees; or, the combined range of motion of the thoracolumbar spine not greater than 120 degrees; or, muscle spasm or guarding severe enough to result in an abnormal gait or abnormal spinal contour such as scoliosis, reversed lordosis, or abnormal kyphosis		 Note (2): (See also Plate V.) For VA compensation purposes, normal forward flexion of the cervical spine is zero to 45 degrees, extension is zero to 45 degrees, left and right lateral rotation are zero to 80 degrees. Normal forward flexion of the thoracolumbar spine is zero to 90 degrees, extension is zero to 30 degrees, left and right lateral flexion are zero to 30 degrees, left and right lateral flexion are zero to 30 degrees, left and right lateral flexion, are zero to 30 degrees, left and right lateral flexion, are zero to 30 degrees, left and right lateral flexion, and left and right rotation. The normal combined range of motion of the cervical spine is 340 degrees and of the thoracolumbar spine is 240 degrees. The normal ranges of motion for each component of spinal motion provided in this note are the maximum that can be used for calculation of the combined range of motion. Note (3): In exceptional cases, an examiner may state that because of age, body habitus, neurologic disease, or other factors not the result of disease or injury of the spine, the range of motion stated in Note (2). Provided that the examiner supplies an explanation, the examiner's assessment that the range of motion is normal for that individual will be accepted. Note (4): Round each range of motion measurement to the nearest five degrees. Note (5): For VA compensation purposes, unfavorable ankylosis results in one or more of the following: difficulty walking because of a limited line of vision; restricted opening of the mouth and chewing; breathing limited to diaphragmatic respiration; gastrointestinal symptoms due to pressure of the costal margin on the abdomen; dyspnea or dysphagia; atlantoaxial or cervical subluxation or dislocation; or neurologic symptoms due to pressure of the costal margin on the abdomen; dyspnea or dysphagia; atlantoaxial or cervical subluxation or dislocation; or neurologic symptoms due to pressure of the costal margin on the abdomen; dyspnea or dysphagia;	

THE SPINE—Continued

THE SPINE—Continued

	Rat- ing		Rat- ing
Formula for Rating Intervertebral Disc Syndrome Based on Incapacitating Episodes With incapacitating episodes having a total duration of at least 6 weeks during the past 12 months With incapacitating episodes having a total duration of at least 4 weeks but less than 6 weeks during the past 12 months With incapacitating episodes having a total duration of at least 2 weeks but less than 4 weeks during the past 12 months	60 40 20	 Note (1): For purposes of evaluations under diagnostic code 5243, an incapacitating episode is a period of acute signs and symptoms due to intervertebral disc syndrome that requires bed rest prescribed by a physician and treatment by a physician. Note (2): If intervertebral disc syndrome is present in more than one spinal segment, provided that the effects in each spinal segment are clearly distinct, evaluate each segment on the basis of incapacitation. 	
With incapacitating episodes having a total duration of at least one week but less than 2 weeks during the past 12 months	10	tating episodes or under the General Rating For- mula for Diseases and Injuries of the Spine, which- ever method results in a higher evaluation for that segment.	

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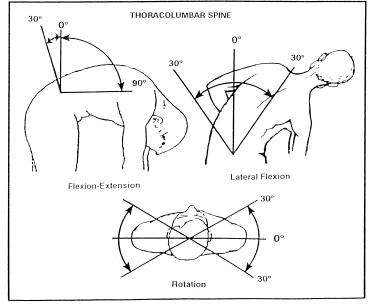


PLATE V RANGE OF MOTION OF CERVICAL AND THORACOLUMBAR SPINE

THE HIP AND THIGH

	Rat- ing
5250 Hip, ankylosis of: Unfavorable, extremely unfavorable ankylosis,	
the foot not reaching ground, crutches neces-	
sitated	390
Intermediate	70
Favorable, in flexion at an angle between 20°	
and 40°, and slight adduction or abduction	60
5251 Thigh, limitation of extension of:	
Extension limited to 5°	10
5252 Thigh, limitation of flexion of:	
Flexion limited to 10°	40
Flexion limited to 20°	30
Flexion limited to 30°	20
Flexion limited to 45°	10
5253 Thigh, impairment of:	
Limitation of abduction of, motion lost beyond	
10°	20
Limitation of adduction of, cannot cross legs	10
Limitation of rotation of, cannot toe-out more	
than 15°, affected leg	10
5254 Hip, flail joint	80
5255 Femur, impairment of:	
Fracture of shaft or anatomical neck of:	
With nonunion, with loose motion (spiral or	
oblique fracture)	80
With nonunion, without loose motion,	
weightbearing preserved with aid of brace	60
Fracture of surgical neck of, with false joint	60
Malunion of:	
With marked knee or hip disability	30
With moderate knee or hip disability	20
With slight knee or hip disability	10

THE KNEE AND LEG-Continued

	Rat- ing
With moderate knee or ankle disability	20
With slight knee or ankle disability	10
5263 Genu recurvatum (acquired, traumatic, with weakness and insecurity in weight-bearing objec-	
tively demonstrated)	10

THE ANKLE

	Rat- ing
5270 Ankle, ankylosis of:	
In plantar flexion at more than 40°, or in	
dorsiflexion at more than 10° or with abduc-	
tion, adduction, inversion or eversion deformity	40
In plantar flexion, between 30° and 40°, or in	
dorsiflexion, between 0° and 10°	30
In plantar flexion, less than 30°	20
5271 Ankle, limited motion of:	
Marked	20
Moderate	10
5272 Subastragalar or tarsal joint, ankylosis of:	
In poor weight-bearing position	20
In good weight-bearing position	10
5273 Os calcis or astragalus, malunion of:	
Marked deformity	20
Moderate deformity	10
5274 Astragalectomy	20

³Entitled to special monthly compensation.

THE KNEE AND LEG

	Rat- ing
5256 Knee, ankylosis of:	
Extremely unfavorable, in flexion at an angle of	
45° or more	60
In flexion between 20° and 45°	50
In flexion between 10° and 20°	40
Favorable angle in full extension, or in slight	
flexion between 0° and 10°	30
5257 Knee, other impairment of:	
Recurrent subluxation or lateral instability:	
Severe	30
Moderate	20
Slight	10
5258 Cartilage, semilunar, dislocated, with frequent	
episodes of "locking," pain, and effusion into the	
joint	20
5259 Cartilage, semilunar, removal of, symptomatic 5260 Leg, limitation of flexion of:	10
Flexion limited to 15°	30
Flexion limited to 30°	20
Flexion limited to 45°	10
Flexion limited to 60°	0
5261 Leg, limitation of extension of:	0
Extension limited to 45°	50
Extension limited to 30°	40
Extension limited to 20°	30
Extension limited to 15°	20
Extension limited to 10°	10
Extension limited to 5°	0
5262 Tibia and fibula, impairment of:	
Nonunion of, with loose motion, requiring brace	40
Malunion of:	
With marked knee or ankle disability	30

SHORTENING OF THE LOWER EXTREMITY

	Rat- ing
 5275 Bones, of the lower extremity, shortening of:	³ 60
Over 4 inches (10.2 cms.) 3½ to 4 inches (8.9 cms. to 10.2 cms.) 3 to 3½ inches (7.6 cms. to 8.9 cms.) 2½ to 3 inches (6.4 cms. to 7.6 cms.) 2½ to 2 inches (5.1 cms. to 6.4 cms.) 1¼ to 2 inches (3.2 cms. to 5.1 cms.) NOTE: Measure both lower extremities from ante-	³ 50
rior superior spine of the ilium to the internal	40
malleolus of the tibia. Not to be combined with	30
other ratings for fracture or faulty union in the	20
same extremity.	10

³Also entitled to special monthly compensation.

THE FOOT

	Rat- ing
 5276 Flatfoot, acquired: Pronounced; marked pronation, extreme tenderness of plantar surfaces of the feet, marked inward displacement and severe spasm of the tendo achillis on manipulation, not improved by orthopedic shoes or appliances. Bilateral Unilateral Severe; objective evidence of marked deformity (pronation, abduction, etc.), pain on manipulation and use accentuated, indication of swelling on use, characteristic callosities: 	50 30
Bilateral Unilateral	30 20

§4.71a

§4.72

THE FOOT—Continued

	Rat- ing
Moderate; weight-bearing line over or medial to great toe, inward bowing of the tendo achillis, pain on manipulation and use of the feet, bilat- eral or unilateral	10 0
and weakness: Rate the underlying condition, minimum rat- ing	10
Marked contraction of plantar fascia with dropped forefoot, all toes hammer toes, very painful callosities, marked varus deformity: Bilateral Unilateral All toes tending to dorsiflexion, limitation of dorsiflexion at ankle to right angle, shortened plantar fascia, and marked tenderness under metatarsal heads:	50 30
Bilateral Unilateral Great toe dorsiflexed, some limitation of dorsiflexion at ankle, definite tenderness under metatarsal heads:	30 20
Bilateral	10 10 0
5279 Metatarsalgia, anterior (Morton's disease), unilateral, or bilateral	10
 5280 Hallux valgus, unilateral: Operated with resection of metatarsal head Severe, if equivalent to amputation of great toe 5281 Hallux rigidus, unilateral, severe: Rate as hallux valgus, severe. Note: Not to be combined with claw foot ratings. 	10 10
5282 Hammer toe: All toes, unilateral without claw foot Single toes	10 0
nonunion of: Severe	30 20 10
5284 Foot injuries, other: Severe	30 20 10

THE SKULL

	Rat- ing			
5296 Skull, loss of part of, both inner and outer t	a-			
bles:				
With brain hernia				
Without brain hernia:				
Area larger than size of a 50-cent piece	or			
1.140 in ² (7.355 cm ²)				
Area intermediate				
Area smaller than the size of a 25-ce				
piece or 0.716 in 2 (4.619 cm 2)				

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THE SKULL—Continued

	Rat- ing
NOTE: Rate separately for intracranial com- plications.	

THE RIBS

	Rat- ing
5297 Ribs, removal of:	
More than six	50
Five or six	40
Three or four	30
Two	20
One or resection of two or more ribs without re-	
generation	10
NOTE (1): The rating for rib resection or removal is not to be applied with ratings for purrulent pleurisy, lobectomy, pneumonectomy or inju- ries of pleural cavity.	
NOTE (2): However, rib resection will be consid- ered as rib removal in thoracoplasty performed for collapse therapy or to accomplish oblitera- tion of space and will be combined with the rating for lung collapse, or with the rating for lobectomy, pneumonectomy or the graduated ratings for pulmonary tuberculosis.	

THE COCCYX

	Rat- ing
5298 Coccyx, removal of:	
Partial or complete, with painful residuals	10
Without painful residuals	0

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[29 FR 6718, May 22, 1964, as amended at 34 FR 5062, Mar. 11, 1969; 40 FR 42536, Sept. 15, 1975; 41 FR 11294, Mar. 18, 1976; 43 FR 45350, Oct. 2, 1978; 51 FR 6411, Feb. 24, 1986; 61 FR 20439, May 7, 1996; 67 FR 48785, July 26, 2002; 67 FR 54349, Aug. 22, 2002; 68 FR 51456, Aug. 27, 2003; 69 FR 32450, June 10, 2004; 80 FR 42041, July 16, 2015]

§4.72 [Reserved]

§4.73 Schedule of ratings—muscle injuries.

NOTE: When evaluating any claim involving muscle injuries resulting in loss of use of any extremity or loss of use of both buttocks (diagnostic code 5317, Muscle Group XVII), refer to §3.350 of this chapter to determine whether the veteran may be entitled to special monthly compensation.

THE SHOULDER GIRDLE AND ARM

THE FOREARM AND HAND

	Rati	ing		Ratir	
	Domi- nant	Non- domi- nant		Domi- nant	Non- domi nant
 5301 Group I. Function: Upward rotation of scapula; elevation of arm above shoulder level. Extrinsic muscles of shoulder girdle: (1) Trapezius; (2) levator scapulae; (3) seratus magnus. Severe Moderately Severe Moderate Slight 5302 Group II. Function: Depression of arm from vertical overhead to hanging at side (1, 2); downward rotation of scapula (3, 4); 1 and 2 act with Group III in forward and backward swing of arm. Extrinsic muscles of shoulder girdle: (1) Pectoralis major II (costosternal); (2) 	40 30 10 0	30 20 10 0	 5307 Group VII. Function: Flexion of wrist and fingers. Muscles arising from internal condyle of humerus: Flexors of the carpus and long flexors of fingers and thumb; pronator. Severe Moderately Severe Moderately Severe Silght 5308 Group VIII. Function: Extension of wrist, fingers, and thumb; abduction of thumb. Muscles arising mainly from exter- nal condyle of humerus: Extensors of car- pus, fingers, and thumb; supinator. Severe Moderately Severe Moderately Severe 	40 30 10 0 30 20	3 2 1 2 2 2
latissimus dorsi and teres major (teres major, although technically an intrinsic muscle, is included with latissimus dorsi); (3) pectoralis minor; (4) rhomboid. Severe	40 30 20 0	30 20 20 0 30	Moderate Slight	10 0	1
Moderate Slight	20 0	20 0	ries of bones, joints, tendons, etc. Rate on limitation of motion, minimum 10 percent. THE FOOT AND LEG		Rat- ing
and teres minor; (3) subscapularis; (4) coracobrachialis. Severe	30 20 10 0 40 30 10 0	20 20 10 0 30 20 10 0	5310 Group X. Function: Movements of the and toes; propulsion thrust in walking. In muscles of the foot: Plantar: (1) Flexor di brevis; (2) adductor hallucis; (3) abductor minimi; (4) quadratus plantae; (5) lumbrica flexor hallucis brevis; (7) adductor hallucis; (3) or digiti minimi brevis; (9) dorsal and interossei. Other important plantar structures tar aponeurosis, long plantar calcaneonavicular ligament, tendons of p tibial, peroneus longus, and long flexors c and little toes. Severe	Intrinsic gitorum or digiti les; (6) (8) flex- plantar s: Plan- and osterior of great 	3 2 1
shoulder joint). Extensor muscles of the elbow: (1) Triceps; (2) anconeus Severe Moderately Severe Moderate Slight	40 30 10 0	30 20 10 0	digitorum previs. Other important dorsa stru- cruciate, crural, deltoid, and other ligamen dons of long extensors of toes and perone cles. Severe Moderately Severe Moderate Slight	ts; ten- ei mus-	2 1 1

§4.73

THE FOOT AND LEG—Continued

	Rat- ing
 NOTE: Minimum rating for through-and-through wounds of the foot—10. 5311 Group XI. <i>Function:</i> Propulsion, plantar flexion of foot (1); stabilization of arch (2, 3); flexion of toes (4, 5); Flexion of knee (6). <i>Posterior and lateral crural muscles, and muscles of the calf:</i> (1) Triceps surae (gastrocnemius and soleus); (2) tibialis posterior; (3) peroneus longus; (4) peroneus brevis; (5) flexor hallucis longus; (6) flexor digitorum longus; (7) popliteus; (8) plantaris. Severe	30 20 10 0
Severe	30 20
Moderately Severe Moderate	20
Slight	0

THE PELVIC GIRDLE AND THIGH

	Rat- ing
5313 Group XIII. Function: Extension of hip and flexion of knee; outward and inward rotation of flexed knee; acting with rectus femoris and sarto- rius (see XIV, 1, 2) synchronizing simultaneous flexion of hip and knee and extension of hip and knee by belt-over-pulley action at knee joint. Pos- terior thigh group. Hamstring complex of 2-joint muscles: (1) Biceps femoris; (2) semimembranosus; (3) semitendinosus. Severe Moderately Severe Moderate	40 30 10
Slight	0
Severe	40 30 10 0
Severe	30 20 10 0
Severe	40 30 10 0

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THE PELVIC GIRDLE AND THIGH—Continued

	Rat- ing
5317 Group XVII. Function: Extension of hip (1); abduction of thigh; elevation of opposite side of pelvis (2, 3); tension of fascia lata and iliotibial (Maissiat's) band, acting with XIV (6) in postural support of body steadying pelvis upon head of femur and condyles of femur on tibia (1). Pelvic girdle group 2: (1) Gluteus maximus; (2) gluteus medius; (3) gluteus minimus. Severe Moderately Severe Moderate Slight	*50 40 20 0
5318 Group XVIII. Function: Outward rotation of thigh and stabilization of hip joint. <i>Pelvic girdle</i> group 3: (1) Pyriformis; (2) gemellus (superior or inferior); (3) obturator (external or internal); (4) quadratus femoris.	
Moderately Severe	30 20 10 0

*If bilateral, see §3.350(a)(3) of this chapter to determine whether the veteran may be entitled to special monthly compensation.

THE TORSO AND NECK

Rat-

	ing
5319 Group XIX. Function: Support and compres- sion of abdominal wall and lower thorax; flexion and lateral motions of spine; synergists in strong downward movements of arm (1). Muscles of the abdominal wall: (1) Rectus abdominis; (2) external oblique; (3) internal oblique; (4) transversalis; (5) quadratus lumborum. Severe Moderately Severe	50 30
Moderate	10
Slight	C
5320 Group XX. Function: Postural support of body;	
extension and lateral movements of spine. Spinal muscles: Sacrospinalis (erector spinae and its pro-	
longations in thoracic and cervical regions).	
Cervical and thoracic region:.	
Severe	40
Moderately Severe	20
Moderate	10
Slight	
Lumbar region:.	
Severe	60
Moderately Severe	40
Moderate	20
Slight	(
5321 Group XXI. Function: Respiration. Muscles of	
respiration: Thoracic muscle group.	
Severe or Moderately Severe Moderate	20
Slight	
5322 Group XXII. Function: Rotary and forward	
movements of the head; respiration; deglutition.	
Muscles of the front of the neck: (Lateral, supra-,	
and infrahyoid group.) (1) Trapezius I (clavicular in-	
sertion); (2) sternocleidomastoid; (3) the "hyoid"	
muscles; (4) sternothyroid; (5) digastric.	
Severe	3
Moderately Severe	2
Moderate	10
Slight	(

THE TORSO AND NECK-Continued

	Rat- ing
5323 Group XXIII. Function: Movements of the head; fixation of shoulder movements. Muscles of the side and back of the neck: Suboccipital; lateral vertebral and anterior vertebral muscles. Severe Moderately Severe Moderate Slight	30 20 10 0

MISCELLANEOUS

Rating

5324 Diaphragm, rupture of, with herniation. Rate under diagnostic code 7346.

- 5325 Muscle injury, facial muscles. Evaluate functional impairment as seventh (facial) cranial nerve neuropathy (diagnostic code 8207), disfiguring scar (diagnostic code 7800), etc. Minimum, if interfering to any extent with mastication—10.
- 5326 Muscle hernia, extensive. Without other injury to the muscle—10.
- 5327 Muscle, neoplasm of, malignant (excluding soft tissue sarcoma)—100.
- NOTE: A rating of 100 percent shall continue beyond the cessation of any surgery, radiation treatment, antineoplastic chemotherapy or other therapeutic procedures. Six months after discontinuance of such treatment, the appropriate disability rating shall be determined by mandatory VA examination. Any change in evaluation based upon that or any subsequent examination shall be subject to the provisions of §3.105(e) of this chapter. If there has been no local recurrence or metastasis, rate on residual impairment of function.
- 5328 Muscle, neoplasm of, benign, postoperative. Rate on impairment of function, *i.e.*, limitation of motion, or scars, diagnostic code 7805, etc.
- 5329 Sarcoma, soft tissue (of muscle, fat, or fibrous connective tissue)—100.
- NOTE: A rating of 100 percent shall continue beyond the cessation of any surgery, radiation treatment, antineoplastic chemotherapy or other therapeutic procedures. Six months after discontinuance of such treatment, the appropriate disability rating shall be determined by mandatory VA examination. Any change in evaluation based upon that or any subsequent examination shall be subject to the provisions of §3.105(e) of this chapter. If there has been no local recurrence or metastasis, rate on residual impairment of function.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[62 FR 30239, June 3, 1997]

THE ORGANS OF SPECIAL SENSE

§4.75 General considerations for evaluating visual impairment.

(a) Visual impairment. The evaluation of visual impairment is based on impairment of visual acuity (excluding developmental errors of refraction), visual field, and muscle function. §4.75

(b) Examination for visual impairment. The examination must be conducted by a licensed optometrist or by a licensed ophthalmologist. The examiner must identify the disease, injury, or other pathologic process responsible for any visual impairment found. Examinations of visual fields or muscle function will be conducted only when there is a medical indication of disease or injury that may be associated with visual field defect or impaired muscle function. Unless medically contraindicated, the fundus must be examined with the claimant's pupils dilated.

(c) Service-connected visual impairment of only one eye. Subject to the provisions of 38 CFR 3.383(a), if visual impairment of only one eye is serviceconnected, the visual acuity of the other eye will be considered to be 20/40 for purposes of evaluating the serviceconnected visual impairment.

(d) Maximum evaluation for visual impairment of one eye. The evaluation for visual impairment of one eye must not exceed 30 percent unless there is anatomical loss of the eye. Combine the evaluation for visual impairment of one eye with evaluations for other disabilities of the same eye that are not based on visual impairment (e.g., disfigurement under diagnostic code 7800).

(e) Anatomical loss of one eye with inability to wear a prosthesis. When the claimant has anatomical loss of one eye and is unable to wear a prosthesis, increase the evaluation for visual acuity under diagnostic code 6063 by 10 percent, but the maximum evaluation for visual impairment of both eyes must not exceed 100 percent. A 10-percent increase under this paragraph precludes an evaluation under diagnostic code 7800 based on gross distortion or asymmetry of the eye but not an evaluation under diagnostic code 7800 based on other characteristics of disfigurement.

(f) Special monthly compensation. When evaluating visual impairment, refer to 38 CFR 3.350 to determine whether the claimant may be entitled to special monthly compensation. Footnotes in the schedule indicate levels of visual impairment that potentially establish entitlement to special monthly compensation; however, other levels of visual impairment combined with disabilities of other body systems may also establish entitlement.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1114 and 1155)

[73 FR 66549, Nov. 10, 2008]

§4.76 Visual acuity.

(a) Examination of visual acuity. Examination of visual acuity must include the central uncorrected and corrected visual acuity for distance and near vision using Snellen's test type or its equivalent.

(b) Evaluation of visual acuity. (1) Evaluate central visual acuity on the basis of corrected distance vision with central fixation, even if a central scotoma is present. However, when the lens required to correct distance vision in the poorer eye differs by more than three diopters from the lens required to correct distance vision in the better eye (and the difference is not due to congenital or developmental refractive error), and either the poorer eye or both eyes are service connected, evaluate the visual acuity of the poorer eye using either its uncorrected or corrected visual acuity, whichever results in better combined visual acuity.

(2) Provided that he or she customarily wears contact lenses, evaluate the visual acuity of any individual affected by a corneal disorder that results in severe irregular astigmatism that can be improved more by contact lenses than by eyeglass lenses, as corrected by contact lenses.

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(3) In any case where the examiner reports that there is a difference equal to two or more scheduled steps between near and distance corrected vision, with the near vision being worse, the examination report must include at least two recordings of near and distance corrected vision and an explanation of the reason for the difference. In these cases, evaluate based on corrected distance vision adjusted to one step poorer than measured.

(4) To evaluate the impairment of visual acuity where a claimant has a reported visual acuity that is between two sequentially listed visual acuities, use the visual acuity which permits the higher evaluation.

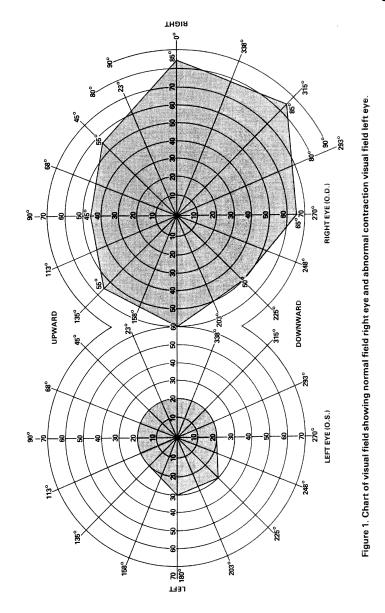
(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[73 FR 66549, Nov. 10, 2008]

§4.76a Computation of average concentric contraction of visual fields.

TABLE III—NORMAL VISUAL FIELD EXTENT AT 8
PRINCIPAL MERIDIANS

Meridian	Normal de- grees
Temporally	85
Down temporally	85
Down	65
Down nasally	50
Nasally	60
Up nasally	55
Up	45
Up temporally	55
Total	500



§4.76a

TS-19

52a

Example of computation of concentric contraction under the schedule with abnormal findings taken from Figure 1.

Loss	Degrees
Temporally	55
Down temporally	55
Down	45

Loss	Degrees
Down nasally	30
Nasally	40
Up nasally	35
Up	25
Up temporally	35
Total loss	320

Remaining field 500° minus 320° = 180°. 180° + 8 = 221/2° average concentric contraction.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[43 FR 45352, Oct. 2, 1978, as amended at 73 FR 66549, Nov. 10, 2008]

§4.77 Visual fields.

(a) Examination of visual fields. Examiners must use either Goldmann kinetic perimetry or automated perimetry using Humphrey Model 750. Octopus Model 101, or later versions of these perimetric devices with simulated kinetic Goldmann testing capability. For phakic (normal) individuals, as well as for pseudophakic or aphakic individuals who are well adapted to intraocular lens implant or contact lens correction, visual field examinations must be conducted using a standard target size and luminance, Goldmann's equivalent which is III/4e. For aphakic individuals not well adapted to correction contact lens or pseudophakic individuals not well adapted to intraocular lens implant. visual field examinations must be conducted using Goldmann's equivalent

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IV/4e. The examiner must document the results for at least 16 meridians 221/2 degrees apart for each eye and indicate the Goldmann equivalent used. See Table III for the normal extent (in degrees) of the visual fields at the 8 principal meridians (45 degrees apart). When the examiner indicates that additional testing is necessary to evaluate visual fields, the additional testing must be conducted using either a tangent screen or a 30-degree threshold visual field with the Goldmann III stimulus size. The examination report must document the results of either the tangent screen or of the 30-degree threshold visual field with the Goldmann III stimulus size.

(b) Evaluation of visual fields. Determine the average concentric contraction of the visual field of each eye by measuring the remaining visual field (in degrees) at each of eight principal meridians 45 degrees apart, adding them, and dividing the sum by eight.

(c) Combination of visual field defect and decreased visual acuity. To determine the evaluation for visual impairment when both decreased visual acuity and visual field defect are present in one or both eyes and are service connected, separately evaluate the visual acuity and visual field defect (expressed as a level of visual acuity), and combine them under the provisions of §4.25.

§4.78

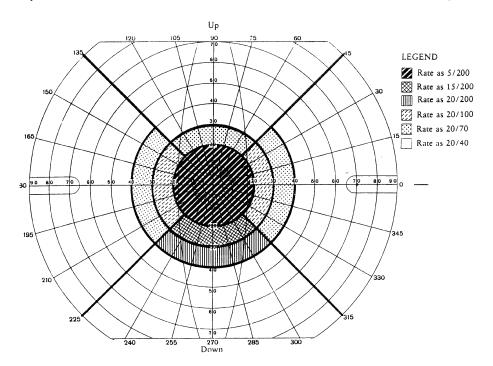


Figure 2. Goldmann Perimeter Chart

52c

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[53 FR 30262, Aug. 11, 1988, as amended at 73 FR 66549, Nov. 10, 2008; 74 FR 7648, Feb. 19, 2009; 83 FR 15320, Apr. 10, 2018]

§4.78 Muscle function.

(a) Examination of muscle function. The examiner must use a Goldmann perimeter chart or the Tangent Screen method that identifies the four major quadrants (upward, downward, left, and right lateral) and the central field (20 degrees or less) (see Figure 2). The examiner must document the results of muscle function testing by identifying the quadrant(s) and range(s) of degrees in which diplopia exists.

(b) Evaluation of muscle function. (1) An evaluation for diplopia will be assigned to only one eye. When a claimant has both diplopia and decreased visual acuity or visual field defect, assign a level of corrected visual acuity for the poorer eye (or the affected eye, if disability of only one eye is serviceconnected) that is: one step poorer than it would otherwise warrant if the evaluation for diplopia under diagnostic code 6090 is 20/70 or 20/100; two steps poorer if the evaluation under diagnostic code 6090 is 20/200 or 15/200; or three steps poorer if the evaluation under diagnostic code 6090 is 5/200. This adjusted level of corrected visual acuity, however, must not exceed a level of 5/200. Use the adjusted visual acuity for the poorer eye (or the affected eye, if

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disability of only one eye is serviceconnected), and the corrected visual acuity for the better eye (or visual acuity of 20/40 for the other eye, if only one eye is service-connected) to determine the percentage evaluation for visual impairment under diagnostic codes 6065 through 6066.

(2) When diplopia extends beyond more than one quadrant or range of degrees, evaluate diplopia based on the quadrant and degree range that provides the highest evaluation. (3) When diplopia exists in two separate areas of the same eye, increase the equivalent visual acuity under diagnostic code 6090 to the next poorer level of visual acuity, not to exceed 5/ 200.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[73 FR 66550, Nov. 10, 2008, as amended at 83 FR 15321, Apr. 10, 2018]

§4.79 Schedule of ratings—eye.

DISEASES OF THE EYE

		Rating
Gener	al Rating Formula for Diseases of the Eye: Evaluate on the basis of either visual impairment due to the particular condition or on incapacitating epi- sodes, whichever results in a higher evaluation With documented incapacitating episodes requiring 7 or more treatment visits for an eye condition during the past 12 months	6
	With documented incapacitating episodes requiring at least 5 but less than 7 treatment visits for an eye condition during the past 12 months	4
	With documented incapacitating episodes requiring at least 3 but less than 5 treatment visits for an eye condition during the past 12 months	2
	With documented incapacitating episodes requiring at least 1 but less than 3 treatment visits for an eye condition during the past 12 months	1
6000		
6001		
	Scleritis.	
	Retinopathy or maculopathy not otherwise specified	
6007		
	Detachment of retina.	
6009	Unhealed eye injury.	
6010	Note: This code includes orbital trauma, as well as penetrating or non-penetrating eye injury Tuberculosis of eye: Active	10
	Inactive: Evaluate under §4.88c or §4.89 of this part, whichever is appropriate.	10
6011		
	Localized scars, atrophy, or irregularities of the retina, unilateral or bilateral, that are centrally located and that result in an irregular, duplicated, enlarged, or diminished image	1
	Alternatively, evaluate based on the General Rating Formula for Diseases of the Eye, if this would result in a higher evaluation	
6012	Angle-closure glaucoma	
	Evaluate under the General Rating Formula for Diseases of the Eye. Minimum evaluation if continuous medication is required	1
6013	Open-angle glaucoma Evaluate under the General Rating Formula for Diseases of the Eye. Minimum evaluation if continuous	
6014	medication is required Malignant neoplasms of the eye, orbit, and adnexa (excluding skin):	1
	Malignant neoplasms of the eye, orbit, and adnexa (excluding skin) that require therapy that is comparable to those used for systemic malignancies, i.e., systemic chemotherapy, X-ray therapy more extensive than to the area of the eye, or surgery more extensive than enucleation	10
	Note: Continue the 100 percent rating beyond the cessation of any surgical, X-ray, antineoplastic chemo- therapy, or other therapeutic procedure. Six months after discontinuance of such treatment, the appro- priate disability rating will be determined by mandatory VA examination. Any change in evaluation based upon that or any subsequent examination will be subject to the provisions of §3.105(e) of this chapter. If there has been no local recurrence or metastasis, evaluate based on residuals Malignant neoplasms of the eye, orbit, and adnexa (excluding skin) that do not require therapy comparable to that for systemic malignancies:	
	Separately evaluate visual and nonvisual impairment, e.g., disfigurement (diagnostic code 7800), and com- bine the evaluations.	
6015	Benign neoplasms of the eye, orbit, and adnexa (excluding skin):	

Benign neoplasms of the eye, orbit, and adnexa (excluding skin):

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DISEASES OF THE EYE-Continued

		Rating
	Separately evaluate visual and nonvisual impairment, e.g., disfigurement (diagnostic code 7800), and com- bine the evaluations	
6016	Nystagmus, central	1
6017	Trachomatous conjunctivitis:	
6018	Active: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula for Diseases of the Eye, minimum rating	:
	Active: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula for Diseases of the Eye, minimum rating Inactive: Evaluate based on residuals, such as visual impairment and disfigurement (diagnostic code 7800)	
019	Ptosis, unilateral or bilateral: Evaluate based on visual impairment or, in the absence of visual impairment, on disfigurement (diagnostic code 7800).	
6020	Ectropion: Bilateral	:
6021	Unilateral	
0021	Entropion: Bilateral	
	Unilateral	
022	Lagophthalmos:	
	Bilateral Unilateral	1
6023		
6024	Loss of eyelashes, complete, unilateral or bilateral	
6025		
	Bilateral	:
6026	Optic neuropathy	
6027	Cataract:	
	Preoperative: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula for Diseases of the Eye Postoperative: If a replacement lens is present (pseudophakia), evaluate under the General Rating Formula for Diseases of the Eye. If there is no replacement lens, evaluate based on aphakia (diagnostic code 6029)	
5029	Aphakia or dislocation of crystalline lens: Evaluate based on visual impairment, and elevate the resulting level of visual impairment one step. Minimum (unilateral or bilateral)	
6030	Paralysis of accommodation (due to neuropathy of the Oculomotor Nerve (cranial nerve III)).	
6032	Loss of eyelids, partial or complete: Separately evaluate both visual impairment due to eyelid loss and nonvisual impairment, e.g., disfigurement (diagnostic code 7800), and combine the evaluations.	
6034	Pterygium: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula for Diseases of the Eye, disfigurement (diagnostic code 7800), conjunctivitis (diagnostic code 6018), etc., depending on the particular findings, and combine in accord- ance with §4.25	
6035 6036	Status post corneal transplant: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula for Diseases of the Eye. Minimum, if there is pain,	
6037	photophobia, and glare sensitivity Pinguecula: Evaluate based on disfigurement (diagnostic code 7800).	
6040	Diabetic retinopathy	
6042		
gen 6046	eration, rod and/or cone dystrophy) Post-chiasmal disorders	
	Impairment of Central Visual Acuity	
061 062	Anatomical loss of both eyes 1 No more than light perception in both eyes 1	1
6063	Anatomical loss of one eye: 1	
	In the other eye 5/200 (1.5/60)	1
	In the other eye 10/200 (3/60)	
	In the other eye 15/200 (4.5/60) In the other eye 20/200 (6/60)	
	In the other eye 20/200 (6/80)	
	In the other eye 20/70 (6/21)	
	In the other eye 20/50 (6/15)	
	In the other eye 20/40 (6/12)	

 In the other eye 20/70 (6/21)
 60

 In the other eye 20/50 (6/15)
 50

 In the other eye 20/40 (6/12)
 40

 6064
 No more than light perception in one eye: 1
 100

 In the other eye 5/200 (1.5/60)
 90
 90

 In the other eye 15/200 (4.5/60)
 80

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	Rating
In the other eye 20/200 (6/60)	7
In the other eye 20/100 (6/30)	6
In the other eye 20/70 (6/21)	Ę
In the other eye 20/50 (6/15)	2
In the other eye 20/40 (6/12)	3
5065 Vision in one eve 5/200 (1.5/60):	
In the other eve 5/200 (1.5/60)	110
In the other eye 10/200 (3/60)	g
In the other eye 15/200 (4.5/60)	Ē
In the other eye 20/200 (6/60)	7
In the other eye 20/100 (6/30)	é
In the other eye 20/70 (6/21)	5
In the other eye 20/50 (6/15)	2
	3
In the other eye 20/40 (6/12)	c
5066 Visual acuity in one eye 10/200 (3/60) or better:	
Vision in one eye 10/200 (3/60):	
In the other eye 10/200 (3/60)	9
In the other eye 15/200 (4.5/60)	8
In the other eye 20/200 (6/60)	7
In the other eye 20/100 (6/30)	(
In the other eye 20/70 (6/21)	ę
In the other eye 20/50 (6/15)	4
In the other eye 20/40 (6/12)	:
Vision in one eye 15/200 (4.5/60):	
In the other eye 15/200 (4.5/60)	8
In the other eye 20/200 (6/60)	-
In the other eye 20/100 (6/30)	6
In the other eye 20/70 (6/21)	2
In the other eye 20/50 (6/15)	:
In the other eye 20/40 (6/12)	
Vision in one eve 20/200 (6/60):	
In the other eye 20/200 (6/60)	
	é
In the other eye 20/100 (6/30)	
In the other eye 20/70 (6/21)	4
In the other eye 20/50 (6/15)	
In the other eye 20/40 (6/12)	:
Vision in one eye 20/100 (6/30):	
In the other eye 20/100 (6/30)	
In the other eye 20/70 (6/21)	
In the other eye 20/50 (6/15)	
In the other eye 20/40 (6/12)	
Vision in one eve 20/70 (6/21):	
In the other eye 20/70 (6/21)	:
In the other eye 20/50 (6/15)	2
In the other eye 20/40 (6/12)	
Vision in one eye 20/50 (6/15):	
In the other eye 20/50 (6/15)	
In the other eye 20/30 (0/13)	
	1
Vision in one eye 20/40 (6/12):	
In the other eye 20/40 (6/12)	

¹ Review for entitlement to special monthly compensation under 38 CFR 3.350.

RATINGS FOR IMPAIRMENT OF VISUAL FIELDS

	Rating
6080 Visual field defects: Homonymous hemianopsia	30
Loss of temporal half of visual field:	
Bilateral	30
Unilateral	10
Or evaluate each affected eye as 20/70 (6/21).	
Loss of nasal half of visual field:	
Bilateral	10
Unilateral	10
Or evaluate each affected eye as 20/50 (6/15).	
Loss of inferior half of visual field:	
Bilateral	30
Unilateral	10
Or evaluate each affected eye as 20/70 (6/21).	
Loss of superior half of visual field:	I

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RATINGS FOR IMPAIRMENT OF VISUAL FIELDS-Continued

	Rating
Bilateral	10
Unilateral	10
Or evaluate each affected eye as 20/50 (6/15).	
Concentric contraction of visual field:	
With remaining field of 5 degrees: 1	
Bilateral	100
Unilateral	30
Or evaluate each affected eye as 5/200 (1.5/60).	
With remaining field of 6 to 15 degrees:	
Bilateral	70
Unilateral	20
Or evaluate each affected eye as 20/200 (6/60).	
With remaining field of 16 to 30 degrees:	
Bilateral	50
Unilateral	10
Or evaluate each affected eye as 20/100 (6/30).	
With remaining field of 31 to 45 degrees:	
Bilateral	30
Unilateral	10
Or evaluate each affected eye as 20/70 (6/21).	
With remaining field of 46 to 60 degrees:	
Bilateral	10
Unilateral	10
Or evaluate each affected eye as 20/50 (6/15).	
6081 Scotoma, unilateral:	
Minimum, with scotoma affecting at least one-quarter of the visual field (quadrantanopsia) or with centrally	
located scotoma of any size	10
Alternatively, evaluate based on visual impairment due to scotoma, if that would result in a higher evalua- tion.	

¹ Review for entitlement to special monthly compensation under 38 CFR 3.350.

RATINGS FOR IMPAIRMENT OF MUSCLE FUNCTION

Degree of diplopia	Equivalent visual acuity
6090 Diplopia (double vision):	
(a) Central 20 degrees	5/200 (1.5/60)
(b) 21 degrees to 30 degrees	
(1) Down	15/200 (4.5/60)
(2) Lateral	20/100 (6/30)
(3) Up	20/70 (6/21)
(c) 31 degrees to 40 degrees	
(1) Down	20/200 (6/60)
(2) Lateral	20/70 (6/21)
(3) Up	20/40 (6/12)
Note: In accordance with 38 CFR 4.31, diplopia that is occasional or that is correctable with spectacles is	
evaluated at 0 percent.	
6091 Symblepharon:	
Evaluate under the General Rating Formula for Diseases of the Eye, lagophthalmos (diagnostic code 6022), disfigurement (diagnostic code 7800), etc., depending on the particular findings, and	
combine in accordance with § 4.25	

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[73 FR 66550, Nov. 10, 2008, as amended at 83 FR 15321, Apr. 10, 2018]

§§ 4.80-4.84 [Reserved]

IMPAIRMENT OF AUDITORY ACUITY

§4.85 Evaluation of hearing impairment.

(a) An examination for hearing impairment for VA purposes must be conducted by a state-licensed audiologist and must include a controlled speech discrimination test (Maryland CNC) and a puretone audiometry test. Examinations will be conducted without the use of hearing aids.

(b) Table VI, "Numeric Designation of Hearing Impairment Based on Puretone Threshold Average and

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Speech Discrimination," is used to determine a Roman numeral designation (I through XI) for hearing impairment based on a combination of the percent of speech discrimination (horizontal rows) and the puretone threshold average (vertical columns). The Roman numeral designation is located at the point where the percentage of speech discrimination and puretone threshold average intersect.

(c) Table VIa, "Numeric Designation of Hearing Impairment Based Only on Puretone Threshold Average," is used to determine a Roman numeral designation (I through XI) for hearing impairment based only on the puretone threshold average. Table VIa will be used when the examiner certifies that use of the speech discrimination test is not appropriate because of language difficulties, inconsistent speech discrimination scores, etc., or when indicated under the provisions of §4.86.

(d) "Puretone threshold average," as used in Tables VI and VIa, is the sum of the puretone thresholds at 1000, 2000, 3000 and 4000 Hertz, divided by four. This average is used in all cases (including those in §4.86) to determine the Roman numeral designation for hearing impairment from Table VI or VIa.

(e) Table VII, "Percentage Evaluations for Hearing Impairment," is used to determine the percentage evaluation by combining the Roman numeral designations for hearing impairment of each ear. The horizontal rows represent the ear having the better hearing and the vertical columns the ear having the poorer hearing. The percentage evaluation is located at the point where the row and column intersect.

(f) If impaired hearing is service-connected in only one ear, in order to determine the percentage evaluation from Table VII, the non-service-connected ear will be assigned a Roman Numeral designation for hearing impairment of I, subject to the provisions of §3.383 of this chapter.

(g) When evaluating any claim for impaired hearing, refer to §3.350 of this chapter to determine whether the veteran may be entitled to special monthly compensation due either to deafness, or to deafness in combination with other specified disabilities.

(h) Numeric tables VI, VIA*, and VII.

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NUMERIC DESIGNATION OF HEARING IMPAIRMENT BASED ON PURETONE THRESHOLD AVERAGE AND SPEECH DISCRIMINATION

TABLE VI

% of discrim- ination	0-41	42-49	50-57	58-65	66-73	74-81	82-89	90-97	98+
92-100	I	I	I	II	II	II	III	III	IV
84-90	II	II	II	III	III	III	IV	IV	IV
76-82	III	III	IV	IV	IV	V	V	V	V
68-74	IV	IV	V	V	VI	VI	VII	VII	VII
60-66	v	V	VI	VI	VII	VII	VIII	VIII	VIII
52-58	VI	VI	VII	VII	VIII	VIII	VIII	VIII	IX
44-50	VII	VII	VIII	VIII	VIII	IX	IX	IX	X
36-42	VIII	VIII	VIII	IX	IX	IX	X	X	X
0-34	IX	X	XI	XI	XI	XI	XI	XI	XI

Puretone Threshold Average

TABLE VIA*

NUMERIC DESIGNATION OF HEARING IMPAIRMENT BASED ONLY ON PURETONE THRESHOLD AVERAGE

Puretone Threshold Average

0-41	42-48	49-55	56-62	63-69	70-76	77-83	84-90	91-97	98-104	105+
Ι	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	Х	XI

* This table is for use only as specified in §§ 4.85 and 4.86.

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TABLE VII

PERCENTAGE EVALUATION FOR HEARING IMPAIRMENT (DIAGNOSTIC CODE 6100)

Poorer Ear

	XI	100*								I		
	X	90	80									
	IX	80	70	60								
	VIII	70	60	50	50							
r	VII	60	60	50	40	40						
Better Ear	VI	50	50	40	40	30	30					
ğ	V	40	40	40	30	30	20	20				
	IV	30	30	30	20	20	20	10	10	-		
	III	20	20	20	20	20	10	10	10	0		
	II	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	0 .	0	0	
	Ι	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0
		XI	X	IX	VIII	VII	VI	V	IV	III	II	Ι

* Review for entitlement to special monthly compensation under §3.350 of this chapter.

[64 FR 25206, May 11, 1999]

§4.86 Exceptional patterns of hearing impairment.

(a) When the puretone threshold at each of the four specified frequencies (1000, 2000, 3000, and 4000 Hertz) is 55 decibels or more, the rating specialist will determine the Roman numeral designation for hearing impairment from either Table VI or Table VIa, whichever results in the higher numeral. Each ear will be evaluated separately.

(b) When the puretone threshold is 30 decibels or less at 1000 Hertz, and 70 decibels or more at 2000 Hertz, the rating specialist will determine the Roman numeral designation for hearing impairment from either Table VI or Table VIa, whichever results in the higher numeral. That numeral will then be elevated to the next higher

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Roman numeral. Each ear will be evaluated separately.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[64 FR 25209, May 11, 1999]

§4.87 Schedule of ratings—ear.

DISEASES OF THE EAR

	Rat- ing
6200 Chronic suppurative otitis media, mastoiditis, or cholesteatoma (or any combination): During suppuration, or with aural polyps NOTE: Evaluate hearing impairment, and com- plications such as labyrinthitis, tinnitus, facial nerve paralysis, or bone loss of skull, sepa- rately.	10
6201 Chronic nonsuppurative otitis media with effu- sion (serous otitis media): Rate hearing impairment 6202 Otosclerosis: Rate hearing impairment	
6204 Peripheral vestibular disorders: Dizziness and occasional staggering Occasional dizziness NOTE: Objective findings supporting the diag- nosis of vestibular disequilibrium are required before a compensable evaluation can be as- signed under this code. Hearing impairment or suppuration shall be separately rated and combined.	30 10
6205 Meniere's syndrome (endolymphatic hydrops): Hearing impairment with attacks of vertigo and cerebellar gait occurring more than once weekly, with or without tinnitus Hearing impairment with attacks of vertigo and	100
cerebellar gait occurring from one to four times a month, with or without tinnitus	60
 Hearing impairment with vertigo less than once a month, with or without tinnitus NOTE: Evaluate Meniere's syndrome either under these criteria or by separately evaluating vertigo (as a peripheral vestibular disorder), hearing impairment, and tinnitus, whichever method results in a higher overall evaluation. But do not combine an evaluation for hearing impairment, tinnitus, or vertigo with an evaluation under diagnostic code 6205. 	30
6207 Loss of auricle:	
Complete loss of both Complete loss of one	50 30
Deformity of one, with loss of one-third or more	30
of the substance 6208 Malignant neoplasm of the ear (other than	10
skin only) NOTE: A rating of 100 percent shall continue be- yond the cessation of any surgical, radiation treatment, antineoplastic chemotherapy or other therapeutic procedure. Six months after discontinuance of such treatment, the appro- priate disability rating shall be determined by mandatory VA examination. Any change in evaluation based on that or any subsequent examination shall be subject to the provisions of § 3.105(e) of this chapter. If there has been no local recurrence or metastasis, rate on re- siduals.	100

6209 Benign neoplasms of the ear (other than skin only):

Rate on impairment of function.

6210 Chronic otitis externa:

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DISEASES OF THE EAR-Continued

	Rat- ing
Swelling, dry and scaly or serous discharge, and itching requiring frequent and prolonged treat- ment 6211 Tympanic membrane, perforation of 6260 Tinnitus, recurrent NOTE (1): A separate evaluation for tinnitus may be combined with an evaluation under diag- nostic codes 6100, 6200, 6204, or other diag- nostic code, except when tinnitus supports an evaluation under one of those diagnostic codes. NOTE (2): Assign only a single evaluation for re- current tinnitus, whether the sound is per- ceived in one ear, both ears, or in the head. NOTE (3): Do not evaluate objective tinnitus (in which the sound is audible to other people and has a definable cause that may or may not be pathologic) under this diagnostic code, but evaluate it as part of any underlying condi- tion causing it.	10 0 10

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

 $[64\ {\rm FR}\ 25210,\ {\rm May}\ 11,\ 1999,\ as\ amended\ at\ 68\ {\rm FR}\ 25823,\ {\rm May}\ 14,\ 2003]$

§4.87a Schedule of ratings—other sense organs.

	Rat- ing
6275 Sense of smell, complete loss 6276 Sense of taste, complete loss NOTE: Evaluation will be assigned under diag- nostic codes 6275 or 6276 only if there is an anatomical or pathological basis for the condi- tion.	10 10

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155) [64 FR 25210, May 11, 1999]

INFECTIOUS DISEASES, IMMUNE DIS-ORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFI-CIENCIES

§4.88 [Reserved]

§4.88a Chronic fatigue syndrome.

(a) For VA purposes, the diagnosis of chronic fatigue syndrome requires:

(1) new onset of debilitating fatigue severe enough to reduce daily activity to less than 50 percent of the usual level for at least six months; and

(2) the exclusion, by history, physical examination, and laboratory tests, of all other clinical conditions that may produce similar symptoms; and

(3) six or more of the following:

(i) acute onset of the condition,

(ii) low grade fever,

(iii) nonexudative pharyngitis,

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(iv) palpable or tender cervical or axillary lymph nodes,

(v) generalized muscle aches or weakness,

(vi) fatigue lasting 24 hours or longer after exercise,

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(vii) headaches (of a type, severity, or pattern that is different from headaches in the pre-morbid state),

(viii) migratory joint pains,(ix) neuropsychologic symptoms,

(x) sleep disturbance.

- (b) [Reserved]
- [59 FR 60902, Nov. 29, 1994]

§4.88b Schedule of ratings—infectious diseases, immune disorders and nutritional deficiencies.

NOTE: Rate any residual disability of infection within the appropriate body system as indicated by the notes in the evaluation criteria. As applicable, consider the long-term health effects potentially associated with infectious diseases as listed in §3.317(d) of this chapter, specifically Brucellosis, Campylobacter jejuni, Coxiella burnetii (Q fever), Malaria, Mycobacterium Tuberculosis, Nontyphoid Salmonella, Shigella, Visceral Leishmaniasis, and West Nile virus.

		Rating
Genei	ral Rating Formula for Infectious Diseases: For active disease After active disease has resolved, rate at 0 percent for infection. Rate any residual disability of infection within the appropriate body system.	10
6300	Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera): Evaluate under the General Rating Formula. <i>Note:</i> Rate residuals of cholera and non-cholera vibrio infections, such as renal failure, skin, and musculo- skeletal conditions, within the appropriate body system.	
6301	Visceral leishmaniasis: As active disease	10
	ability of infection, which includes, but is not limited to liver damage and bone marrow disease. <i>Note 2:</i> Confirm the recurrence of active infection by culture, histopathology, or other diagnostic laboratory testing.	
6302	Leprosy (Hansen's disease): As active disease	10
6304	Malaria: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula. <i>Note 1:</i> The diagnosis of malaria, both initially and during relapse, depends on the identification of the malar- ial parasites in blood smears or other specific diagnostic laboratory tests such as antigen detection, immunologic (immunochromatographic) tests, and molecular testing such as polymerase chain reaction tests. <i>Note 2:</i> Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection, which includes, but is not limited to, liver or splenic damage, and central nervous system conditions.	
6305	Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula. <i>Note:</i> Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection, which includes, but is not limited to, epididymitis, lymphangitis, lymphatic obstruction, or lymphedema affecting extremities, genitals, and/or breasts.	
6306	Bartonellosis: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula. <i>Note:</i> Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection, which includes, but is not limited to, endocarditis or skin lesions.	
6307	Plague: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula. <i>Note:</i> Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection.	
6308	Relapsing Fever: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula.	

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6309	Note: Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection, which includes, but is not limited to, liver or spleen damage, iritis, uveitis, or central nervous system involvement. Rheumatic fever:
	Evaluate under the General Rating Formula. Note: Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection, which includes, but is not limited to, heart damage.
6310	Syphilis, and other treponema infections: Note: Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection, which includes, but is not limited to, diseases of the nervous system, vascular system, eyes, or ears (see DC 7004, DC 8013, DC 8014, DC 8015, and DC 9301).
311	Tuberculosis, miliary: As active disease
	Inactive disease: See §§ 4.88c and 4.89. Note 1: Confirm the recurrence of active infection by culture, histopathology, or other diagnostic laboratory testing.
010	Note 2: Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection which includes, but is not limited to, skin conditions and conditions of the respiratory, central nervous, musculoskeletal, ocular, gastro-intestinal, and genitourinary systems and those residuals listed in §4.88c.
312	Nontuberculosis mycobacterium infection: As active disease Note 1: Continue the rating of 100 percent for the duration of treatment for active disease followed by a man- datory VA exam. If there is no relapse, rate on residuals. Any change in evaluation based upon that or any
	subsequent examination shall be subject to the provisions of §3.105(e) of this chapter. <i>Note 2</i> : Confirm the recurrence of active infection by culture, histopathology, or other diagnostic laboratory testing.
	Note 3: Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection which includes, but is not limited to, skin conditions and conditions of the respiratory, central nervous, musculoskeletal, ocular, gastro- intestinal, and genitourinary systems and those residuals listed in §4.88c.
5313	Avitaminosis: Marked mental changes, moist dermatitis, inability to retain adequate nourishment, exhaustion, and cachexia With all of the symptoms listed below, plus mental symptoms and impaired bodily vigor
	With stomatitis, diarrhea, and symmetrical dermatitis With stomatitis, or achlorhydria, or diarrhea Confirmed diagnosis with nonspecific symptoms such as: decreased appetite, weight loss, abdominal discom-
6314	fort, weakness, inability to concentrate and irritability Beriberi:
	As active disease: With congestive heart failure, anasarca, or Wernicke-Korsakoff syndrome With cardiomegaly, or; with peripheral neuropathy with footdrop or atrophy of thigh or calf muscles
	With peripheral neuropathy with absent knee or ankle jerks and loss of sensation, or; with symptoms such as weakness, fatigue, anorexia, dizziness, heaviness and stiffness of legs, headache or sleep disturbance Thereafter rate residuals under the appropriate body system.
6315	Pellagra: Marked mental changes, moist dermatitis, inability to retain adequate nourishment, exhaustion, and cachexia
	With all of the symptoms listed below, plus mental symptoms and impaired bodily vigor With stomatitis, diarrhea, and symmetrical dermatitis With stomatitis, or achlorhydria, or diarrhea
2016	Confirmed diagnosis with nonspecific symptoms such as: decreased appetite, weight loss, abdominal discom- fort, weakness, inability to concentrate and irritability
5510	Brucellosis: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula. Note 1: Culture, serologic testing, or both must confirm the initial diagnosis and recurrence of active infection. Note 2: Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection, which includes, but is not
6317	limited to, meningitis, liver, spleen and musculoskeletal conditions. Rickettsial, ehrlichia, and anaplasma infections: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula.
	Note 1: Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection, which includes, but is not limited to, bone marrow, spleen, central nervous system, and skin conditions. Note 2: This diagnostic code includes, but is not limited to, scrub typhus, Rickettsial pox, African tick-borne
318	fever, Rocky Mountain spotted fever, ehrlichiosis, or anaplasmosis. Melioidosis: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula.
	 Note 1: Confirm by culture or other specific diagnostic laboratory tests the initial diagnosis and any relapse or chronic activity of infection. Note 2: Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection, which includes, but is not
6319	limited to, arthritis, lung lesions, or meningitis. Lyme disease: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula.
6320	Note: Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection, which includes, but is not limited to, arthritis, Bell's palsy, radiculopathy, ocular, or cognitive dysfunction. Parasitic diseases otherwise not specified:
	Evaluate under the General Rating Formula. Note: Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection.

§4.88b

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	As active disease	
	As active disease Note: Continue the rating of 100 percent through active disease followed by a mandatory VA exam. If there is no relapse, rate on residual disability. Any change in evaluation based upon that or any subsequent exam- ination shall be subject to the provisions of §3.105(e) of this chapter.	
6326	Schistosomiasis: As acute or asymptomatic chronic disease	
	Note: Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection, which includes, but is not limited to, conditions of the liver, intestinal system, female genital tract, genitourinary tract, or central nerv- ous system.	
329	Hemorrhagic fevers, including dengue, yellow fever, and others: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula. <i>Note:</i> Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection, which includes, but is not	
330	limited to, conditions of the central nervous system, liver, or kidney. Campylobacter jejuni infection: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula.	
	Note: Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection, which includes, but is not limited to, Guillain-Barre syndrome, reactive arthritis, or uveitis.	
331	Coxiella burnetii infection (Q fever): Evaluate under the General Rating Formula. <i>Note:</i> Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection, which includes, but is not limited to, chronic hepatitis, endocarditis, osteomyelitis, post Q-fever chronic fatigue syndrome, or vascular infections.	
333	Nontyphoid salmonella infections: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula. <i>Note:</i> Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection, which includes, but is not limited to, reactive arthritis.	
334	Shigella infections: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula. <i>Note:</i> Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection, which includes, but is not limited to, hemolytic-uremic syndrome or reactive arthritis.	
335	West Nile virus infection: Evaluate under the General Rating Formula. Note: Rate under the appropriate body system any residual disability of infection, which includes, but is not limited to, variable physical, functional, or cognitive disabilities.	
350	Lupus erythematosus, systemic (disseminated): Not to be combined with ratings under DC 7809 Acute, with frequent exacerbations, producing severe impair- ment of health	
	Exacerbations lasting a week or more, 2 or 3 times per year Exacerbations once or twice a year or symptomatic during the past 2 years NOTE: Evaluate this condition either by combining the evaluations for residuals under the appropriate system,	
351	or by evaluating DC 6350, whichever method results in a higher evaluation. HIV-related illness:	
	AIDS with recurrent opportunistic infections (see Note 3) or with secondary diseases afflicting multiple body systems; HIV-related illness with debility and progressive weight loss. Refractory constitutional symptoms, diarrhea, and pathological weight loss; or minimum rating following devel-	
	opment of AIDS-related opportunistic infection or neoplasm. Recurrent constitutional symptoms, intermittent diarrhea, and use of approved medication(s); or minimum rat- ing with T4 cell count less than 200	
	Following development of HIV-related constitutional symptoms; T4 cell count between 200 and 500; use of approved medication(s); or with evidence of depression or memory loss with employment limitations	
	cell count	
	Note 3: The following list of opportunistic infections are considered AIDS-defining conditions, that is, a diag- nosis of AIDS follows if a person has HIV and one more of these infections, regardless of the CD4 count— candidiasis of the bronchi, trachea, esophagus, or lungs; invasive cervical cancer; cocidioidomycosis; cryptococcosis; cryptosporidiosis; cytomegalovirus (particularly CMV retinitis); HIV-related encephalopathy; herpes simplex-chronic ulcers for greater than one month, or bronchits, pneumonia, or esophagitis, histoplasmosis; isosporiasis (chronic intestinal); Kaposi's sarcoma; lymphoma; mycobacterium avium com-	
	plex; tuberculosis; pneumocystis jirovecii (carinii) pneumonia; pneumonia, recurrent; progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy; salmonella septicemia, recurrent; toxoplasmosis of the brain; and wasting syndrome due to HIV.	
354	Chronic fatigue syndrome (CFS): Debilitating fatigue, cognitive impairments (such as inability to concentrate, forgetfulness, or confusion), or a combination of other signs and symptoms:	
	Which are nearly constant and so severe as to restrict routine daily activities almost completely and which may occasionally preclude self-care	

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§4.89

	Rating
 Which are nearly constant and restrict routine daily activities from 50 to 75 percent of the pre-illness level; or which wax and wane, resulting in periods of incapacitation of at least four but less than six weeks total duration per year Which are nearly constant and restrict routine daily activities by less than 25 percent of the pre-illness level; or which wax and wane, resulting in periods of incapacitation of at least two but less than four weeks total duration per year Which wax and wane but result in periods of incapacitation of at least one but less than four weeks total duration per year Which wax and wane but result in periods of incapacitation of at least one but less than two weeks total duration per year; or symptoms controlled by continuous medication Note: For the purpose of evaluating this disability, incapacitation exists only when a licensed physician prescribes bed rest and treatment. 	40 20 10

[61 FR 39875, July 31, 1996, as amended at 84 FR 28230, June 18, 2019]

§4.88c Ratings for inactive nonpulmonary tuberculosis initially entitled after August 19, 1968.

rating cases in which the protective provisions of Pub. L. 90-493 apply, the former evaluations are retained in this section.

	Rat- ing	section.
For 1 year after date of inactivity, following active tu- berculosis	100	 For 2 years after date of in tuberculosis, which was cl service or subsequently Thereafter, for 4 years, or ir after date of inactivity Thereafter, for 5 years, or to inactivity Thereafter, in the absence c sable permanent residual. Following the total rating for date of inactivity, the sche siduals of nonpulmonary tlosis, surgical removal of a of 50 percent or 30 percent the appropriate diagnostic sidual preceded by the dia culosis of the body part aff berculosis of the body part aff berculosis of the body part aff berculosis of the body for now will not be combined witt monary tuberculosis unless and the rating for residual functional losses, e.g., grac culosis of the kidney and the sidual set.
[34 FR 5062, Mar. 11, 1969, Redesignated	at 59	of the spine. Where there

 $[34\ {\rm FR}\ 5062,\ {\rm Mar.}\ 11,\ 1969.\ {\rm Redesignated}\ at\ 59\ {\rm FR}\ 60902,\ {\rm Nov.}\ 29,\ 1994]$

§4.89 Ratings for inactive nonpulmonary tuberculosis in effect on August 19, 1968.

Public Law 90-493 repealed section 356 of title 38, United States Code which provided graduated ratings for inactive tuberculosis. The repealed section, however, still applies to the case of any veteran who on August 19, 1968, was receiving or entitled to receive compensation for tuberculosis. The use of the protective provisions of Pub. L. 90-493 should be mentioned in the discussion portion of all ratings in which these provisions are applied. For use in

	Rat- ing
For 2 years after date of inactivity, following active tuberculosis, which was clinically identified during service or subsequently	100
Thereafter, for 4 years, or in any event, to 6 years after date of inactivity	50
Thereafter, for 5 years, or to 11 years after date of inactivity	30
Thereafter, in the absence of a schedular compen- sable permanent residual	0
Following the total rating for the 2-year period after date of inactivity, the schedular evaluation for re- siduals of nonpulmonary tuberculosis, <i>i.e.</i> , anky- losis, surgical removal of a part, etc., if in excess of 50 percent or 30 percent will be assigned under the appropriate diagnostic code for the specific re- sidual preceded by the diagnostic code for tuber- culosis of the body part affected. For example, tu- berculosis of the hipjoint with residual ankylosis would be coded 5001–5250. The graduated ratings for nonpulmonary tuberculosis will not be combined with residuals of nonpul- monary tuberculosis unless the graduated rating and the rating for residual disability cover separate functional losses, e.g., graduated rating sfor tuber- culosis of the kidney and residuals of tuberculosis of the spine. Where there are existing pulmonary and nonpulmonary conditions, the graduated eval- uation for the pulmonary, or for the nonpulmonary, condition will be utilized, combined with evalua- tions for residuals of the condition not covered by the graduated evaluation utilized, so as to provide the higher evaluation over such period. The ending dates of all graduated ratings of nonpul- monary tuberculosis will be controlled by the date of attainment of inactivity.	
These ratings are applicable only to veterans with	

nonpulmonary tuberculosis active on or after October 10, 1949.

[29 FR 6718, May 22, 1964, as amended at 34 FR 5062, Mar. 11, 1969; 43 FR 45361, Oct. 2, 1978]

THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

§4.96 Special provisions regarding evaluation of respiratory conditions.

(a) Rating coexisting respiratory conditions. Ratings under diagnostic codes 6600 through 6817 and 6822 through 6847 will not be combined with each other. Where there is lung or pleural involvement, ratings under diagnostic codes 6819 and 6820 will not be combined with each other or with diagnostic codes 6600 through 6817 or 6822 through 6847. A single rating will be assigned under the diagnostic code which reflects the predominant disability with elevation to the next higher evaluation where the severity of the overall disability warrants such elevation. However, in cases protected by the provisions of Pub. L. 90-493, the graduated ratings of 50 and 30 percent for inactive tuberculosis will not be elevated.

(b) Rating "protected" tuberculosis cases. Public Law 90-493 repealed section 356 of title 38. United States Code which had provided graduated ratings for inactive tuberculosis. The repealed section, however, still applies to the case of any veteran who on August 19, 1968, was receiving or entitled to receive compensation for tuberculosis. The use of the protective provisions of Pub. L. 90-493 should be mentioned in the discussion portion of all ratings in which these provisions are applied. For application in rating cases in which the protective provisions of Pub. L. 90-493 apply the former evaluations pertaining to pulmonary tuberculosis are retained in §4.97.

(c) Special monthly compensation. When evaluating any claim involving complete organic aphonia, refer to §3.350 of this chapter to determine whether the veteran may be entitled to special monthly compensation. Footnotes in the schedule indicate conditions which potentially establish entitlement to special monthly compensation; however, there are other conditions in this section which under certain circumstances also establish entitlement to special monthly compensation.

(d) Special provisions for the application of evaluation criteria for diagnostic codes 6600, 6603, 6604, 6825–6833, and 6840– 6845. (1) Pulmonary function tests (PFT's) are required to evaluate these conditions except:

(i) When the results of a maximum exercise capacity test are of record and are 20 ml/kg/min or less. If a maximum exercise capacity test is not of record, evaluate based on alternative criteria.

(ii) When pulmonary hypertension (documented by an echocardiogram or cardiac catheterization), cor pulmonale, or right ventricular hypertrophy has been diagnosed.

(iii) When there have been one or more episodes of acute respiratory failure.

(iv) When outpatient oxygen therapy is required.

(2) If the DLCO (SB) (Diffusion Capacity of the Lung for Carbon Monoxide by the Single Breath Method) test is not of record, evaluate based on alternative criteria as long as the examiner states why the test would not be useful or valid in a particular case.

(3) When the PFT's are not consistent with clinical findings, evaluate based on the PFT's unless the examiner states why they are not a valid indication of respiratory functional impairment in a particular case.

(4) Post-bronchodilator studies are required when PFT's are done for disability evaluation purposes except when the results of pre-bronchodilator pulmonary function tests are normal or when the examiner determines that post-bronchodilator studies should not be done and states why.

(5) When evaluating based on PFT's, use post-bronchodilator results in applying the evaluation criteria in the rating schedule unless the post-bronchodilator results were poorer than the pre-bronchodilator results. In those cases, use the pre-bronchodilator values for rating purposes.

(6) When there is a disparity between the results of different PFT's (FEV-1 (Forced Expiratory Volume in one second), FVC (Forced Vital Capacity), etc.), so that the level of evaluation would differ depending on which test result is used, use the test result that the examiner states most accurately reflects the level of disability.

(7) If the FEV-1 and the FVC are both greater than 100 percent, do not assign

a compensable evaluation based on a decreased $\rm FEV{-}1/\rm FVC$ ratio.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[34 FR 5062, Mar. 11, 1969, as amended at 61 FR 46727, Sept. 5, 1996; 71 FR 52459, Sept. 6, 2006]

§4.97 Schedule of ratings—respiratory system.

		Rati
	DISEASES OF THE NOSE AND THROAT	
	Septum, nasal, deviation of: Traumatic only, With 50-percent obstruction of the nasal passage on both sides or complete obstruction on one side Nose, loss of part of, or scars: Exposing both nasal passages	
	Loss of part of one ala, or other obvious disfigurement	
6510 6511 6512 6513	Or evaluate as DC 7800, scars, disfiguring, head, face, or neck. Sinusitis, pansinusitis, chronic. Sinusitis, frontal, chronic. Sinusitis, frontal, chronic. Sinusitis, sphenoid, chronic. Sinusitis, sphenoid, chronic. General Rating Formula for Sinusitis (DC's 6510 through 6514): Following radical surgery with chronic osteomyelitis, or; near constant sinusitis characterized by headaches, pain and tenderness of affected sinus, and purulent discharge or crusting after re- peated surgeries Three or more incapacitating episodes per year of sinusitis requiring prolonged (lasting four to six weeks) antibiotic treatment, or; more than six non-incapacitating episodes per year of sinusitis characterized by headaches, pain, and purulent discharge or crusting One or two incapacitating episodes per year of sinusitis requiring prolonged (lasting four to six weeks) antibiotic treatment, or; three to six non-incapacitating episodes per year of sinusitis char- acterized by headaches, pain, and purulent discharge or crusting Detected by X-ray only	
	Note: An incapacitating episode of sinusitis means one that requires bed rest and treatment by a physician.	
	Laryngitis, tuberculous, active or inactive. Rate under §§ 4.88c or 4.89, whichever is appropriate. Laryngitis, chronic:	
	Hoarseness, with thickening or nodules of cords, polyps, submucous infiltration, or pre-malignant changes on biopsy	
	Laryngectomy, total	11
519	Aphonia, complete organic: Constant inability to communicate by speech Constant inability to speak above a whisper	11
520	Note: Evaluate incomplete aphonia as laryngitis, chronic (DC 6516). Larynx, stenosis of, including residuals of laryngeal trauma (unilateral or bilateral): Forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV-1) less than 40 percent of predicted value, with Flow-Volume Loop compatible with upper airway obstruction, or; permanent tracheostomy FEV-1 of 40- to 55-percent predicted, with Flow-Volume Loop compatible with upper airway obstruction FEV-1 of 56- to 70-percent predicted, with Flow-Volume Loop compatible with upper airway obstruction FEV-1 of 71- to 80-percent predicted, with Flow-Volume Loop compatible with upper airway obstruction FEV-1 of 71- to 80-percent predicted, with Flow-Volume Loop compatible with upper airway obstruction	1
	Note: Or evaluate as aphonia (DC 6519).	
521	Stricture or obstruction of pharynx or nasopharynx, or; absence of soft palate secondary to trauma, chemical burn, or granulomatous disease, or; paralysis of soft palate with swallowing difficulty (nasal regurgitation) and speech impairment	
522	Allergic or vasomotor rhinitis: With polyps Without polyps, but with greater than 50-percent obstruction of nasal passage on both sides or complete ob-	
523	struction on one side Bacterial rhinitis:	
	Rhinoscleroma	

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		Rating
	Wegener's granulomatosis, lethal midline granuloma Other types of granulomatous infection	10 2
	DISEASES OF THE TRACHEA AND BRONCHI	
6600	Bronchitis, chronic: FEV-1 less than 40 percent of predicted value, or; the ratio of Forced Expiratory Volume in one second to Forced Vital Capacity (FEV-1/FVC) less than 40 percent, or; Diffusion Capacity of the Lung for Carbon Monoxide by the Single Breath Method (DLCO (SB)) less than 40-percent predicted, or; maximum exercise capacity less than 15 ml/kg/min oxygen consumption (with cardiac or respiratory limitation), or; cor pulmonale (right heart failure), or; right ventricular hypertnspiny, or; pulmonary hypertension (shown by Echo or cardiac catheterization), or; episode(s) of acute respiratory failure, or; requires outpatient oxygen therapy FEV-1 of 40- to 55-percent predicted, or; FEV-1/FVC of 40 to 55 percent, or; DLCO (SB) of 40- to 55-percent perdicted, or; maximum oxygen consumption of 15 to 20 m/kg/min (with cardiorespiratory limit) FEV-1 of 56- to 70-percent predicted, or; FEV-1/FVC of 56 to 70 percent, or; DLCO (SB) 56- to 65-percent predicted	10 6 3
	predicted	1
601	With incapacitating episodes of infection of at least six weeks total duration per year, or; near constant findings of cough with purulent sputum associated with anorexia, weight loss, and frank hemoptysis and requiring antibiotic usage almost continuously	10 6 3 1
	Or rate according to pulmonary impairment as for chronic bronchitis (DC 6600).	
	Note: An incapacitating episode is one that requires bedrest and treatment by a physician.	
5002	 Asttma, bronchial: FEV-1 less than 40-percent predicted, or; FEV-1/FVC less than 40 percent, or; more than one attack per week with episodes of respiratory failure, or; requires daily use of systemic (oral or parenteral) high dose corticosteroids or immuno-suppressive medications FEV-1 of 40- to 55-percent predicted, or; FEV-1/FVC of 40 to 55 percent, or; at least monthly visits to a physician for required care of exacerbations, or; intermittent (at least three per year) courses of systemic (oral or parenteral) corticosteroids FEV-1 of 56- to 70-percent predicted, or; FEV-1/FVC of 56 to 70 percent, or; daily inhalational or oral bron-chodilator therapy, or; inhalational anti-inflammatory medication FEV-1 of 71- to 80-percent predicted, or; FEV-1/FVC of 71 to 80 percent, or; intermittent inhalational or oral bronchodilator therapy 	10 6 3
	Note: In the absence of clinical findings of asthma at time of examination, a verified history of asthmatic at-	
6603	tacks must be of record. Emphysema, pulmonary: FEV-1 less than 40 percent of predicted value, or; the ratio of Forced Expiratory Volume in one second to Forced Vital Capacity (FEV-1/FVC) less than 40 percent, or; Diffusion Capacity of the Lung for Carbon Monoxide by the Single Breath Method (DLCO (SB)) less than 40-percent predicted, or; maximum exercise capacity less than 15 ml/kg/min oxygen consumption (with cardiac or respiratory limitation), or; cor pulmonale (right heart failure), or; right ventricular hypertrophy, or; pulmonary hypertension (shown by Echo or cardiac catheterization), or; episode(s) of acute respiratory failure, or; requires outpatient oxygen therapy. FEV-1 of 40- to 55-percent predicted, or; FEV-1/FVC of 40 to 55 percent, or; DLCO (SB) of 40- to 55-percent predicted or; maximum oxygen consumption of 15 to 20 ml/kg/min (with cardiorespiratory limit) FEV-1 of 56- to 70-percent predicted, or; FEV-1/FVC of 56 to 70 percent, or; DLCO (SB) 56- to 65-percent predicted FEV-1 to 80-percent predicted, or; FEV-1/FVC of 71 to 80 percent, or; DLCO (SB) 66- to 80-percent predicted	10 6 3
6604	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease:	
	FEV-1 less than 40 percent of predicted value, or; the ratio of Forced Expiratory Volume in one second to Forced Vital Capacity (FEV-1/FVC) less than 40 percent, or; Diffusion Capacity of the Lung for Carbon Monoxide by the Single Breath Method (DLCO (SB)) less than 40-percent predicted, or; maximum exercise capacity less than 15 ml/kg/min oxygen consumption (with cardiac or respiratory limitation), or; cor pulmonale (right heart failure), or; right ventricular hypertrophy, or; pulmonary hypertension (shown by Echo or cardiac catheterization), or; episode(s) of acute respiratory failure, or; requires outpatient oxygen therapy. FEV-1 of 40- to 55-percent predicted, or; FEV-1/FVC of 40 to 55 percent, or; DLCO (SB) of 40- to 55-per- cent predicted, or; maximum oxygen consumption of 15 to 20 ml/kg/min (with cardiorespiratory limit) 	10 6 3
	predicted	
	DISEASES OF THE LUNGS AND PLEURA—TUBERCULOSIS	

6701 Tuberculosis, pulmonary, chronic, far advanced, active 100

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		Rating
6702 6703 6704 6721 6722 6723 6724	Tuberculosis, pulmonary, chronic, moderately advanced, active	100 100 100
0724	General Rating Formula for Inactive Pulvoncary Tuberculosis: For two years after date of inactivity, following active tuberculosis, which was clinically identified during service or subsequently	100 50 30 30 20
trea repo bero 1 to Vete Note inac thor	(1): The 100-percent rating under codes 6701 through 6724 is not subject to a requirement of precedent hospital timent. It will be reduced to 50 percent for failure to submit to examination or to follow prescribed treatment upon ort to that effect from the medical authorities. When a veteran is placed on the 100-percent rating for inactive tu-culosis, the medical authorities will be appropriately notified of the fact, and of the necessity, as given in footnote to 38 U.S.C. 1156 (and formerly in 38 U.S.C. 356, which has been repealed by Public Law 90–493), to notify the erans Service Center in the event of failure to submit to examination or to follow treatment. (2): The graduated 50-percent and 30-percent ratings and the permanent 30 percent and 20 percent ratings for the valuenonary tuberculosis are not to be combined with ratings for other respiratory disabilities. Following racoplasty the rating will be for removal of ribs combined with the rating for collapsed lung. Resection of the ribs dent to thoracoplasty will be rated as removal.	
	Ratings for Pulmonary Tuberculosis Initially Evaluated After August 19, 1968	
6730	 Tuberculosis, pulmonary, chronic, active	100
6731	 Tuberculosis, pulmonary, chronic, inactive: Depending on the specific findings, rate residuals as interstitial lung disease, restrictive lung disease, or, when obstructive lung disease is the major residual, as chronic bronchitis (DC 6600). Rate thoracoplasty as removal of ribs under DC 5297. Note: A mandatory examination will be requested immediately following notification that active tuberculosis evaluated under DC 6730 has become inactive. Any change in evaluation will be carried out under the provisions of §3.105(e). Pleurisy, tuberculous, active or inactive: 	
0702	Rate under §§ 4.88c or 4.89, whichever is appropriate.	
	NONTUBERCULOUS DISEASES	
6817	Pulmonary Vascular Disease: Primary pulmonary hypertension, or; chronic pulmonary thromboembolism with evidence of pulmonary hyper- tension, right ventricular hypertrophy, or cor pulmonale, or; pulmonary hypertension secondary to other ob- structive disease of pulmonary arteries or veins with evidence of right ventricular hypertrophy or cor	
	pulmonale	100 60 30 0
	Note: Evaluate other residuals following pulmonary embolism under the most appropriate diagnostic code, such as chronic bronchitis (DC 6600) or chronic pleural effusion or fibrosis (DC 6844), but do not combine that evaluation with any of the above evaluations.	
	6819 Neoplasms, malignant, any specified part of respiratory system exclusive of skin growths	100
6820	Neoplasms, benign, any specified part of respiratory system, Evaluate using an appropriate respiratory analogy,	

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6820 Neoplasms, benign, any specified part of respiratory system. Evaluate using an appropriate respiratory analogy.

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		Rating
	Bacterial Infections of the Lung	
	Nocardiósis. Chronic lung abscess.	
	General Rating Formula for Bacterial Infections of the Lung (diagnostic codes 6822 through 6824): Active infection with systemic symptoms such as fever, night sweats, weight loss, or hemoptysis Depending on the specific findings, rate residuals as interstitial lung disease, restrictive lung disease, or, when obstructive lung disease is the major residual, as chronic bronchitis (DC 6600).	10
	Interstitial Lung Disease	
6825	Diffuse interstitial fibrosis (interstitial pneumonitis, fibrosing alveolitis).	
6826		
6827 6828		
6829		
6830		
6831	Hypersensitivity pneumonitis (extrinsic allergic alveolitis).	
6832 6833	Pneumoconiosis (silicosis, anthracosis, etc.). Asbestosis.	
0000	General Rating Formula for Interstitial Lung Disease (diagnostic codes 6825 through 6833): Forced Vital Capacity (FVC) less than 50-percent predicted, or; Diffusion Capacity of the Lung for Carbon Monoxide by the Single Breath Method (DLCO (SB)) less than 40-percent predicted, or; maximum exercise capacity less than 15 ml/kg/min oxygen consumption with cardiorespiratory limi-	
	tation, or; cor pulmonale or pulmonary hypertension, or; requires outpatient oxygen therapy FVC of 50- to 64-percent predicted, or; DLCO (SB) of 40- to 55-percent predicted, or; maximum ex- ercise capacity of 15 to 20 ml/kg/min oxygen consumption with cardiorespiratory limitation	10
	FVC of 65- to 74-percent predicted, or; DLCO (SB) of 56- to 65-percent predicted FVC of 75- to 80-percent predicted, or; DLCO (SB) of 66- to 80-percent predicted	
	Mycotic Lung Disease	
6834 6835 6836 6837 6838	Blastomycosis. Cryptococcosis.	
6839	Mucormycosis. General Rating Formula for Mycotic Lung Disease (diagnostic codes 6834 through 6839): Chronic pulmonary mycosis with persistent fever, weight loss, night sweats, or massive hemoptysis Chronic pulmonary mycosis requiring suppressive therapy with no more than minimal symptoms such as occasional minor hemoptysis or productive cough Chronic pulmonary mycosis with minimal symptoms such as occasional minor hemoptysis or produc-	1
	tive cough Healed and inactive mycotic lesions, asymptomatic	:
	Note: Coccidioidomycosis has an incubation period up to 21 days, and the disseminated phase is ordinarily manifest within six months of the primary phase. However, there are instances of dissemination delayed up to many years after the initial infection which may have been unrecognized. Accordingly, when service con- nection is under consideration in the absence of record or other evidence of the disease in service, service in southwestern United States where the disease is endemic and absence of prolonged residence in this lo- cality before or after service will be the deciding factor.	
	Restrictive Lung Disease	
6840 6841 6842 6843 6844 6845	Spinal cord injurý with respiratory insufficiency. Kyphoscoliosis, pectus excavatum, pectus carinatum. Traumatic chest wall defect, pneumothorax, hernia, etc. Post-surgical residual (lobectomy, pneumonectomy, etc.). Chronic pleural effusion or fibrosis. General Rating Formula for Restrictive Lung Disease (diagnostic codes 6840 through 6845):	
	FEV-1 less than 40 percent of predicted value, or; the ratio of Forced Expiratory Volume in one second to Forced Vital Capacity (FEV-1/FVC) less than 40 percent, or; Diffusion Capacity of the Lung for Carbon Monoxide by the Single Breath Method (DLCO (SB)) less than 40-percent predicted, or; maximum exercise capacity less than 15 ml/kg/min oxygen consumption (with cardiac or respiratory limitation), or; cor pulmonale (right heart failure), or; right ventricular hypertrophy, or; pulmonary hypertension (shown by Echo or cardiac catheterization), or; episode(s) of acute respiratory failure, or; requires outpatient oxygen therapy	1
	FEV-1 of 40- to 55-percent predicted, or; FEV-1/FVC of 40 to 55 percent, or; DLCO (SB) of 40- to 55-percent predicted, or; maximum oxygen consumption of 15 to 20 ml/kg/min (with cardiorespira- tory limit)	
	FEV-1 of 56- to 70-percent predicted, or; FEV-1/FVC of 56 to 70 percent, or; DLCO (SB) 56- to 65-	

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		Rating
	FEV-1 of 71- to 80-percent predicted, or; FEV-1/FVC of 71 to 80 percent, or; DLCO (SB) 66- to 80- percent predicted	10
	Note (1): A 100-percent rating shall be assigned for pleurisy with empyema, with or without pleurocutaneous fistula, until resolved.	
	Note (2): Following episodes of total spontaneous pneumothorax, a rating of 100 percent shall be assigned as of the date of hospital admission and shall continue for three months from the first day of the month after hospital discharge.	
	Note (3): Gunshot wounds of the pleural cavity with bullet or missile retained in lung, pain or discomfort on exertion, or with scattered rales or some limitation of excursion of diaphragm or of lower chest expansion shall be rated at least 20-percent disabling. Disabling injuries of shoulder girdle muscles (Groups I to IV) shall be separately rated and combined with ratings for respiratory involvement. Involvement of Muscle Group XXI (DC 5321), however, will not be separately rated.	
6846	Sarcoidosis: Cor pulmonale, or; cardiac involvement with congestive heart failure, or; progressive pulmonary disease with fever, night sweats, and weight loss despite treatment Pulmonary involvement requiring systemic high dose (therapeutic) corticosteroids for control Pulmonary involvement with persistent symptoms requiring chronic low dose (maintenance) or intermittent corticosteroids	100 60 30
	Chronic hilar adenopathy or stable lung infiltrates without symptoms or physiologic impairment Or rate active disease or residuals as chronic bronchitis (DC 6600) and extra-pulmonary involvement under specific body system involved.	0
6847	Sleep Apnea Syndromes (Obstructive, Central, Mixed): Chronic respiratory failure with carbon dioxide retention or cor pulmonale, or; requires tracheostomy Requires use of breathing assistance device such as continuous airway pressure (CPAP) machine Persistent day-time hypersomnolence Asymptomatic but with documented sleep disorder breathing	100 50 30 0

¹ Review for entitlement to special monthly compensation under §3.350 of this chapter.

[61 FR 46728, Sept. 5, 1996, as amended at 71 FR 28586, May 17, 2006]

THE CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

§4.100 Application of the evaluation criteria for diagnostic codes 7000– 7007, 7011, and 7015–7020.

(a) Whether or not cardiac hypertrophy or dilatation (documented by electrocardiogram, echocardiogram, or X-ray) is present and whether or not there is a need for continuous medication must be ascertained in all cases.

(b) Even if the requirement for a 10% (based on the need for continuous medication) or 30% (based on the presence of cardiac hypertrophy or dilatation) evaluation is met, METs testing is required in all cases except:

(1) When there is a medical contraindication.

(2) When the left ventricular ejection fraction has been measured and is 50% or less.

(3) When chronic congestive heart failure is present or there has been more than one episode of congestive heart failure within the past year.

(4) When a 100% evaluation can be assigned on another basis.

(c) If left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) testing is not of record,

evaluate based on the alternative criteria unless the examiner states that the LVEF test is needed in a particular case because the available medical information does not sufficiently reflect the severity of the veteran's cardiovascular disability.

[71 FR 52460, Sept. 6, 2006]

§§4.101-4.103 [Reserved]

§4.104 Schedule of ratings—cardiovascular system.

DISEASES OF THE HEART

	Rat- ing
NoTE (1): Evaluate cor pulmonale, which is a form of secondary heart disease, as part of the pulmonary condition that causes it. NOTE (2): One MET (metabolic equivalent) is the energy cost of standing quietly at rest and represents an oxygen uptake of 3.5 milliliters per kilogram of body weight per minute. When the level of METs at which dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope develops is required for evaluation, and a laboratory determination of METs by exercise testing cannot be done for medical reasons, an estimation by a medical examiner of the level of activity (expressed in METs and subported by specific examples, such as slow stair climbing or shoveling snow) that results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope may be used.	

DISEASES OF THE HEART-Continued

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DISEASES OF THE HEART-Continued

	DISEASES OF THE HEART-Continued			DISEASES OF THE HEART-CONTINUED	1
		Rat- ing			F
7000	Valvular heart disease (including rheumatic			Thereafter, with documented pericarditis re-	
	rt disease):			sulting in:	
	During active infection with valvular heart			Chronic congestive heart failure, or; work-	
	damage and for three months following			load of 3 METs or less results in dyspnea,	
	cessation of therapy for the active infec- tion	100		fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ventricular dysfunction with an ejection	
	Thereafter, with valvular heart disease (doc-	100		fraction of less than 30 percent.	
	umented by findings on physical examina-			More than one episode of acute congestive	
	tion and either echocardiogram, Doppler			heart failure in the past year, or; workload	
	echocardiogram, or cardiac catheteriza-			of greater than 3 METs but not greater	
	tion) resulting in:			than 5 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ven-	
	Chronic congestive heart failure, or; work-			tricular dysfunction with an ejection frac-	
	load of 3 METs or less results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or;			tion of 30 to 50 percent	
	left ventricular dysfunction with an ejection			Workload of greater than 5 METs but not	
	fraction of less than 30 percent	100		greater than 7 METs results in dyspnea,	
	More than one episode of acute congestive			fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or;	
	heart failure in the past year, or; workload			evidence of cardiac hypertrophy or dilata-	
	of greater than 3 METs but not greater			tion on electro-cardiogram, echocardio-	
	than 5 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue,			gram, or X-ray Workload of greater than 7 METs but not	
	angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ven-			greater than 10 METs results in dyspnea,	
	tricular dysfunction with an ejection frac- tion of 30 to 50 percent	60		fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or;	
	Workload of greater than 5 METs but not	00		continuous medication required	
	greater than 7 METs results in dyspnea,		7003	Pericardial adhesions:	
	fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or;			Chronic congestive heart failure, or; work-	
	evidence of cardiac hypertrophy or dilata-			load of 3 METs or less results in dyspnea,	
	tion on electro-cardiogram, echocardio-			fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ventricular dysfunction with an ejection	
	gram, or X-ray	30		fraction of less than 30 percent	
	Workload of greater than 7 METs but not			More than one episode of acute congestive	
	greater than 10 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or;			heart failure in the past year, or; workload	
	continuous medication required	10		of greater than 3 METs but not greater	
7001	Endocarditis:			than 5 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue,	
	For three months following cessation of			angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ven- tricular dysfunction with an ejection frac-	
	therapy for active infection with cardiac in-			tion of 30 to 50 percent	
	volvement	100		Workload of greater than 5 METs but not	
	Thereafter, with endocarditis (documented			greater than 7 METs results in dyspnea,	
	by findings on physical examination and			fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or;	
	either echocardiogram, Doppler echo- cardiogram, or cardiac catheterization) re-			evidence of cardiac hypertrophy or dilata-	
	sulting in:			tion on electro-cardiogram, echocardio-	
	Chronic congestive heart failure, or; work-			gram, or X-ray Workload of greater than 7 METs but not	
	load of 3 METs or less results in dyspnea,			greater than 10 METs results in dyspnea,	
	fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or;			fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or;	
	left ventricular dysfunction with an ejection			continuous medication required	
	fraction of less than 30 percent	100	7004	51	
	More than one episode of acute congestive heart failure in the past year, or; workload			Chronic congestive heart failure, or; work-	
	of greater than 3 METs but not greater			load of 3 METs or less results in dyspnea,	
	than 5 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue,			fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ventricular dysfunction with an ejection	
	angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ven-			fraction of less than 30 percent	
	tricular dysfunction with an ejection frac-			More than one episode of acute congestive	
	tion of 30 to 50 percent	60		heart failure in the past year, or; workload	
	Workload of greater than 5 METs but not			of greater than 3 METs but not greater	
	greater than 7 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or;			than 5 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue,	
	evidence of cardiac hypertrophy or dilata-			angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ven-	
	tion on electrocardiogram, echocardio-			tricular dysfunction with an ejection frac- tion of 30 to 50 percent	
	gram, or X-ray	30		Workload of greater than 5 METs but not	
	Workload of greater than 7 METs but not			greater than 7 METs results in dyspnea,	
	greater than 10 METs results in dyspnea,			fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or;	
	fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or;			evidence of cardiac hypertrophy or dilata-	
7000	continuous medication required	10		tion on electrocardiogram, echocardio-	
7002	Pericarditis:			gram, or X-ray	
	For three months following cessation of			Workload of greater than 7 METs but not	
	therapy for active infection with cardiac in- volvement	100		greater than 10 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or;	

DISEASES OF THE HEART-Continued

DISEASES OF THE HEART-Continued

DISEASES OF THE REART-Continued		DISEASES OF THE REART-CONTINUED	I
	Rat- ing		Rat- ing
NOTE: Evaluate syphilitic aortic aneurysms under DC		More than one episode of acute congestive	
 7110 (aortic aneurysm). 7005 Arteriosclerotic heart disease (Coronary artery disease): With documented coronary artery disease 		heart failure in the past year, or; workload of greater than 3 METs but not greater than 5 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ven- tricular dysfunction with an ejection frac-	
resulting in: Chronic congestive heart failure, or; work- load of 3 METs or less results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ventricular dysfunction with an ejection		tion of 30 to 50 percent Workload of greater than 5 METs but not greater than 7 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or;	60
fraction of less than 30 percent More than one episode of acute congestive	100	evidence of cardiac hypertrophy or dilata- tion on electrocardiogram, echocardio- gram, or X-ray	30
heart failure in the past year, or; workload of greater than 3 METs but not greater than 5 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ven-		Workload of greater than 7 METs but not greater than 10 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or;	
tricular dysfunction with an ejection frac- tion of 30 to 50 percent Workload of greater than 5 METs but not greater than 7 METs results in dyspnea,	60	continuous medication required 7008 Hyperthyroid heart disease. Rate under the appropriate cardiovascular diag- nostic code, depending on particular findings.	10
fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; evidence of cardiac hypertrophy or dilata- tion on electrocardiogram, echocardio-	20	7010 Supraventricular arrhythmias: Paroxysmal atrial fibrillation or other supra- ventricular tachycardia, with more than	
gram, or X-ray Workload of greater than 7 METs but not greater than 10 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or;	30	four episodes per year documented by ECG or Holter monitor Permanent atrial fibrillation (lone atrial fibril- lation), or; one to four episodes per year	30
continuous medication required NOTE: If nonservice-connected arteriosclerotic heart disease is superimposed on service-connected val-	10	of paroxysmal atrial fibrillation or other su- praventricular tachycardia documented by ECG or Holter monitor	10
vular or other non-arteriosclerotic heart disease, request a medical opinion as to which condition is causing the current signs and symptoms.		7011 Ventricular arrhythmias (sustained): For indefinite period from date of hospital admission for initial evaluation and med- ical therapy for a sustained ventricular ar-	
7006 Myocardial infarction: During and for three months following myo- cardial infarction, documented by labora- tory tests	100	rhythmia, or; for indefinite period from date of hospital admission for ventricular aneurysmectomy, or; with an automatic	
Thereafter: With history of documented myocardial in- farction, resulting in:	100	implantable Cardioverter-Defibrillator (AICD) in place Chronic congestive heart failure, or; work- load of 3 METs or less results in dyspnea,	100
Chronic congestive heart failure, or; work- load of 3 METs or less results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ventricular dysfunction with an ejection		fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ventricular dysfunction with an ejection fraction of less than 30 percent More than one episode of acute congestive	100
fraction of less than 30 percent More than one episode of acute congestive heart failure in the past year, or; workload of greater than 3 METs but not greater	100	heart failure in the past year, or; workload of greater than 3 METs but not greater than 5 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ven-	
than 5 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ven- tricular dysfunction with an ejection frac- tion of 30 to 50 percent	60	tricular dysfunction with an ejection frac- tion of 30 to 50 percent	60
greater than 7 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; evidence of cardiac hypertrophy or dilata- tion on electrocardiogram, echocardio-		evidence of cardiac hypertrophy or dilata- tion on electrocardiogram, echocardio- gram, or X-ray	30
gram, or X-ray	30	fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; continuous medication required	10
 ratigue, angina, oizziness, or syncope, or; continuous medication required	10		
load of 3 METs or less results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ventricular dysfunction with an ejection			
fraction of less than 30 percent	100		

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DISEASES OF THE HEART-Continued

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DISEASES OF THE HEART-Continued

DISEASES OF THE HEART-CONTINUED	1	DISEASES OF THE REART-CONTINUED	
	Rat- ing		Rat ing
NOTE: A rating of 100 percent shall be assigned from the date of hospital admission for initial eval- uation and medical therapy for a sustained ven- tricular arrhythmia or for ventricular aneurysmectomy. Six months following discharge, the appropriate disability rating shall be deter- mined by mandatory VA examination. Any change in evaluation based upon that or any subsequent		NOTE: A rating of 100 percent shall be assigned as of the date of hospital admission for valve replace- ment. Six months following discharge, the appro- priate disability rating shall be determined by man- datory VA examination. Any change in evaluation based upon that or any subsequent examination shall be subject to the provisions of §3.105(e) of this chapter.	
examination shall be subject to the provisions of §3.105(e) of this chapter. 7015 Atrioventricular block:		7017 Coronary bypass surgery: For three months following hospital admis- sion for surgery	10
Chronic congestive heart failure, or; work- load of 3 METs or less results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ventricular dysfunction with an ejection		Thereafter: Chronic congestive heart failure, or; work- load of 3 METs or less results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ventricular dysfunction with an ejection	
fraction of less than 30 percent More than one episode of acute congestive heart failure in the past year, or; workload of greater than 3 METs but not greater	100	fraction of less than 30 percent	10
than 5 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ven- tricular dysfunction with an ejection frac- tion of 30 to 50 percent.	60	than 5 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ven- tricular dysfunction with an ejection frac- tion of 30 to 50 percent	
Workload of greater than 5 METs but not greater than 7 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; evidence of cardiac hypertrophy or dilata- tion on electrocardiogram, echocardio		Workload of greater than 5 METs but not greater than 7 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; evidence of cardiac hypertrophy or dilata- tion on electrocardiogram, echocardio	
gram, or X-ray Workload of greater than 7 METs but not greater than 10 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or;	30	gram, or X-ray Workload greater than 7 METs but not greater than 10 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or;	
continuous medication or a pacemaker re- quired NOTE: Unusual cases of arrhythmia such as atrio- ventricular block associated with a supraventricular	10	continuous medication required 7018 Implantable cardiac pacemakers: For two months following hospital admission for implantation or reimplantation	1
arrhythmia or pathological bradycardia should be submitted to the Director, Compensation Service. Simple delayed P-R conduction time, in the ab- sence of other evidence of cardiac disease, is not a disability.		Thereafter: Evaluate as supraventricular arrhythmias (DC 7010), ventricular arrhythmias (DC 7011), or atrioventricular block (DC 7015). Minimum	
7016 Heart valve replacement (prosthesis): For indefinite period following date of hos- pital admission for valve replacement	100	NOTE: Evaluate implantable Cardioverter-Defibrillators (AICD's) under DC 7011. 7019 Cardiac transplantation:	
Thereafter: Chronic congestive heart failure, or; work- load of 3 METs or less results in dyspnea,		For an indefinite period from date of hospital admission for cardiac transplantation Thereafter: Chronic congestive heart failure, or; work-	1
fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ventricular dysfunction with an ejection fraction of less than 30 percent More than one episode of acute congestive	100	load of 3 METs or less results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or, left ventricular dysfunction with an ejection fraction of less than 30 percent	1
heart failure in the past year, or; workload of greater than 3 METs but not greater than 5 METs results in dyspnea, fatgue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ven- tricular dysfunction with an ejection frac- tion of 20 to 50 operact	60	More than one episode of acute congestive heart failure in the past year, or; workload of greater than 3 METs but not greater than 5 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ven-	ļ
tion of 30 to 50 percent Workload of greater than 5 METs but not greater than 7 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; evidence of cardiac hypertrophy or dilata-	60	Vicular dysfunction with an ejection frac- tion of 30 to 50 percent Minimum NOTE: A rating of 100 percent shall be assigned as of	
tion on electrocardiogram, echocardio- gram, or X-ray Workload of greater than 7 METs but not greater than 10 METs results in dyspnea,	30	the date of hospital admission for cardiac trans- plantation. One year following discharge, the ap- propriate disability rating shall be determined by mandatory VA examination. Any change in evalua- tion based upon that or any subsequent examina-	
fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; continuous medication required	10	tion based upon that of any subsequent examina- tion shall be subject to the provisions of §3.105(e) of this chapter.	

DISEASES OF THE HEART-Continued

DISEASES OF THE HEART-Continued

DISEASES OF THE HEART—Continued		DISEASES OF THE HEART—Continued	
	Rat- ing		Rat- ing
 Cardiomyopathy: Chronic congestive heart failure, or; workload of 3 METs or less results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ventricular dysfunction with an ejection fraction of less than 30 percent. More than one episode of acute congestive heart failure in the past year, or; workload of greater than 3 METs but not greater than 5 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ventricular dysfunction with an ejection fraction of 30 to 50 percent. Workload of greater than 5 METs but not greater than 7 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; left ventricular dysfunction with an ejection fraction of 30 to 50 percent. Workload of greater than 5 METs but not greater than 7 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; evidence of cardiac hypertrophy or dilatation on electrocardiogram, echocardiogram, or X-ray Workload of greater than 7 METs but not greater than 10 METs results in dyspnea, fatigue, angina, dizziness, or syncope, or; continuous medication required Diseases of the Arteries and Veins Plup Petensive vascular disease (hypertension and isolated systolic hypertension): Diastolic pressure predominantly 130 or more. Diastolic pressure predominantly 110 or more, or; systolic pressure predominantly 100 or more hedo inmore by readings taken two or requires continuous medication for control NOTE (1): Hypertension or isolated systolic hypertension means that the diastolic bod pressure is predominantly 100 mm. or greater, and isolated systolic hypertension means that the systolic blood pressure is predominantly 160mm. 	100 60 30 10 60 40 20 10	 Evaluate residuals of surgical correction according to organ systems affected. NOTE: A rating of 100 percent shall be assigned as of the date of admission for surgical correction. Six months following discharge, the appropriate disability rating shall be determined by mandatory VA examination. Any change in evaluation based upon that or any subsequent examination shall be subject to the provisions of § 3.105(e) of this chapter. 7111 Aneurysm, any large artery: If symptomatic, or; for indefinite period from date of hospital admission for surgical correction Following surgery: Ischemic licrs or ankle/brachial index of 0.4 or less Claudication on walking less than 25 yards on a level grade at 2 miles per hour, and; persistent coldness of the extremity, one or more deep ischemic ulcers, or ankle/brachial index of 0.5 or less Claudication on walking between 25 and 100 yards on a level grade at 2 miles per hour, and; trophic changes (this skin, absence of hair, dystrophic nails) or ankle/ brachial index of 0.7 or less Claudication on walking more than 100 yards, and; diminished peripheral pulses or ankle/brachial index of 0.9 or less NoTE (1): The ankle/brachial index of 0.9 or less NoTE (2): These evaluations are for involvement of a single extremity. If more than one extremity is affected, evaluate each extremity separately and combine (under § 4.25), using the bilateral factor, if applicable. NOTE (2): A rating of 100 percent shall be assigned as of the date of hospital admission for surgical correction. Six months following discharge, the appropriate disability rating shall be determined by mandatory VA examination. Any change in evaluation based upon that or any subsequent examination shall be subject to the provisions of § 3.105(e) of this chapter. 	100 100 60 40
NOTE (2): Evaluate hypertension due to aortic insuffi- ciency or hyperthyroidism, which is usually the iso- lated systolic type, as part of the condition causing it rather than by a separate evaluation. NOTE (3): Evaluate hypertension separately from hy- pertensive heart disease and other types of heart		7112 Aneurysm, any small artery: Asymptomatic NOTE: If symptomatic, evaluate according to body system affected. Following surgery, evaluate re- siduals under the body system affected. 7113 Arteriovenous fistula, traumatic:	(
disease. 7110 Aortic aneurysm: If five centimeters or larger in diameter, or; if		With high output heart failure Without heart failure but with enlarged heart, wide pulse pressure, and tachycardia Without cardiac involvement but with	100 60
symptomatic, or; for indefinite period from date of hospital admission for surgical correction (including any type of graft in-	100	edema, stasis dermatitis, and either ulcer- ation or cellulitis: Lower extremity	50
sertion) Precluding exertion	100 60	Upper extremity With edema or stasis dermatitis: Lower extremity Upper extremity	40 30 20
		7114 Arteriosclerosis obliterans: Ischemic limb pain at rest, and; either deep ischemic ulcers or ankle/brachial index of 0.4 or less	100

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DISEASES OF THE HEART-Continued

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DISEASES OF THE HEART-Continued

DISEASES OF THE HEART-CONTINUED		DISEASES OF THE HEART-CONTINUED	
	Rat- ing		Rat- ing
Claudication on walking less than 25 yards on a level grade at 2 miles per hour, and; either persistent coldness of the extremity or ankle/brachial index of 0.5 or less Claudication on walking between 25 and 100 yards on a level grade at 2 miles per hour, and; trophic changes (thin skin, ab- sence of hair, dystrophic nails) or ankle/ brachial index of 0.7 or less Claudication on walking more than 100 yards, and; diminished peripheral pulses or ankle/brachial index of 0.9 or less Cloudication on walking more than 100 yards, and; diminished peripheral pulses or ankle/brachial index of 0.9 or less IOTE (1): The ankle/brachial index of 0.9 or less IOTE (2): Evaluate residuals of aortic and large arte- rial bypass surgery or arterial graft as arterio- sclerosis obliterans. IOTE (2): These evaluations are for involvement of a single extremity. If more than one extremity is af- fected, evaluate each extremity separately and combine (under §4.25), using the bilateral factor (§4.26), if applicable.	ing 60 40 20	 NOTE: For purposes of this section, characteristic attacks consist of sequential color changes of the digits of one or more extremities lasting minutes to hours, sometimes with pain and paresthesias, and precipitated by exposure to cold or by emotional upsets. These evaluations are for the disease as a whole, regardless of the number of extremities involved or whether the nose and ears are involved. 7118 Angioneurotic edema: Attacks without laryngeal involvement lasting one to seven days or longer and occurring more than eight times a year, or; attacks with laryngeal involvement of any duration occurring more than twice a year Attacks without laryngeal involvement lasting one to seven days and occurring five to eight times a year, or; attacks with laryngeal involvement lasting one to seven days and occurring five to eight times a year, or; attacks without laryngeal involvement lasting one to seven days and occurring two to four times a year. Attacks without laryngeal involvement lasting one to seven days and occurring two to four times a year. Attacks without laryngeal involvement lasting one to seven days and occurring two to four times a year. Attacks without laryngeal involvement lasting one to seven days and occurring two to four times a year T119 Erythromelalgia: Characteristic attacks that occur more than once a day, last an average of more than two hours each, respond poorly to treatment, and that restrict most routine daily activities 	4 2 1
ease): Ischemic limb pain at rest, and; either deep ischemic ulcers or ankle/brachial index of 0.4 or less	100	Characteristic attacks that occur more than once a day, last an average of more than two hours each, and respond poorly to treatment, but that do not restrict most routine daily activities	10
either persistent coldness of the extremity or ankle/brachial index of 0.5 or less Claudication on walking between 25 and 100 yards on a level grade at 2 miles per	60	Characteristic attacks that occur daily or more often but that respond to treatment Characteristic attacks that occur less than daily but at least three times a week and that respond to treatment	3
 hour, and; trophic changes (thin skin, absence of hair, dystrophic nails) or ankle/ brachial index of 0.7 or less	40 20	 NOTE: For purposes of this section, a characteristic attack of erythromelalgia consists of burning pain in the hands, feet, or both, usually bilateral and symmetrical, with increased skin temperature and redness, occurring at warm ambient temperatures. These evaluations are for the disease as a whole, regardless of the number of extremities involved. 7120 Varicose veins: With the following findings attributed to the effects of varicose veins: Massive board-like edema with constant pain at rest Persistent edema or subcutaneous induration, stasis pigmentation or eczema, and persistent ulceration. 	10
117 Raynaud's syndrome: With two or more digital ulcers plus autoamputation of one or more digits and history of characteristic attacks	100 60	ation Persistent edema, incompletely relieved by elevation of extremity, with or without be- ginning stasis pigmentation or eczema Intermittent edema of extremity or aching and fatigue in leg after prolonged standing	4
Characteristic attacks occurring at least daily Characteristic attacks occurring four to six	40	or walking, with symptoms relieved by elevation of extremity or compression ho- siery	1
times a week Characteristic attacks occurring one to three times a week	20 10	NOTE: These evaluations are for involvement of a single extremity. If more than one extremity is involved, evaluate each extremity separately and combine (under §4.25), using the bilateral factor (§4.26), if applicable.	

DISEASES OF THE HEART-Continued

7121 Post-phlebitic syndrome of any etiology: With the following findings attributed to nous disease: Massive board-like edema w constant pain at rest ... Persistent edema or subcutaned induration, stasis pigmentation eczema, and persistent ulce tion Persistent edema and stasis p mentation or eczema, with without intermittent ulceration Persistent edema, incompletely lieved by elevation of extremity, with or without beginning stasis pigmentation or eczema 20 Intermittent edema of extremity or aching and fatigue in leg after prolonged standing or walking, with symptoms relieved by elevation of extremity or compres-10 sion hosiery . Asymptomatic palpable or visible varicose veins ... NOTE: These evaluations are for involvement of a single extremity. If more than one extremity is involved, evaluate each extremity separately and combine (under §4.25), using the bilateral factor (§4.26), if applicable. 7122 Cold injury residuals: With the following in affected parts: Arthralgia or other pain, numbness, or cold sensitivity plus two or more of the following: tissue loss, nail abnormalities, color changes, locally impaired sensation, hyperhidrosis, X-ray abnormalities (osteoporosis, subarticular punched out lesions, or osteoarthritis) Arthralgia or other pain, numbness, or cold sensitivity plus tissue loss, nail abnormalities, color changes, locally impaired sensation, hyperhidrosis, or X-ray abnormalities (osteoporosis, subarticular punched out lesions, or osteoarthritis) ... 20 Arthralgia or other pain, numbness, or cold sensitivity .. 10 NOTE (1): Separately evaluate amputations of fingers or toes, and complications such as squamous cell carcinoma at the site of a cold injury scar or peripheral neuropathy, under other diagnostic codes. Separately evaluate other disabilities that have been diagnosed as the residual effects of cold injury, such as Raynaud's phenomenon, muscle atrophy, etc., unless they are used to support an evaluation under diagnostic code 7122. NOTE (2): Evaluate each affected part (e.g., hand, foot, ear, nose) separately and combine the ratings

7123 Soft tissue sarcoma (of vascular origin) 100

in accordance with §§4.25 and 4.26.

DISEASES OF THE HEART—Continued

luco		DISEASES OF THE HEART CONTINUED	
	Rat- ing		Rat- ing
ve- with eous n or era- pig-	100	NOTE: A rating of 100 percent shall continue beyond the cessation of any surgical, X-ray, antineoplastic chemotherapy or other therapeutic procedure. Six months after discontinuance of such treatment, the appropriate disability rating shall be determined by mandatory VA examination. Any change in evalua- tion based upon that or any subsequent examina- tion shall be subject to the provisions of §3.105(e) of this chapter. If there has been no local recur- rence or metastasis, rate on residuals.	
or re-	40	(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)	

[62 FR 65219, Dec. 11, 1997, as amended at 63 FR 37779, July 14, 1998; 71 FR 52460, Sept. 6, 2006; 79 FR 2100, Jan. 13, 2014; 82 FR 50804, Nov. 2, 2017]

THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM

§4.110 Ulcers.

Experience has shown that the term "peptic ulcer" is not sufficiently specific for rating purposes. Manifest differences in ulcers of the stomach or duodenum in comparison with those at an anastomotic stoma are sufficiently recognized as to warrant two separate graduated descriptions. In evaluating the ulcer, care should be taken that the findings adequately identify the particular location.

§4.111 Postgastrectomy syndromes.

There are various postgastrectomy symptoms which may occur following anastomotic operations of the stomach. When present, those occurring during or immediately after eating and known as the "dumping syndrome" are characterized by gastrointestinal complaints and generalized symptoms simulating hypoglycemia; those occurring from 1 to 3 hours after eating usually present definite manifestations of hypoglycemia.

§4.112 Weight loss.

For purposes of evaluating conditions in §4.114, the term "substantial weight loss" means a loss of greater than 20 percent of the individual's baseline weight, sustained for three months or longer; and the term "minor weight loss" means a weight loss of 10 to 20 percent of the individual's baseline weight, sustained for three months or longer. The term "inability to gain

§4.112

weight" means that there has been substantial weight loss with inability to regain it despite appropriate therapy. "Baseline weight" means the average weight for the two-year-period preceding onset of the disease.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[66 FR 29488, May 31, 2001]

§4.113 Coexisting abdominal conditions.

There are diseases of the digestive system, particularly within the abdomen, which, while differing in the site of pathology, produce a common disability picture characterized in the main by varying degrees of abdominal distress or pain, anemia and disturbances in nutrition. Consequently, certain coexisting diseases in this area, as indicated in the instruction under the title "Diseases of the Digestive Sys-tem," do not lend themselves to distinct and separate disability evaluations without violating the fundamental principle relating to pyramiding as outlined in §4.14.

§4.114 Schedule of ratings—digestive system.

Ratings under diagnostic codes 7301 to 7329, inclusive, 7331, 7342, and 7345 to 7348 inclusive will not be combined with each other. A single evaluation will be assigned under the diagnostic code which reflects the predominant disability picture, with elevation to the next higher evaluation where the severity of the overall disability warrants such elevation.

 7200 Mouth, injuries of. Rate as for disfigurement and impairment of function of mastication. 7201 Lips, injuries of. Rate as for disfigurement of face. 7202 Tongue, loss of whole or part: With inability to communicate by speech	Rat- ing	
Rate as for obstruction (stricture). 7301 Peritoneum, adhesions of:	100 60 30 80 50 30	Rate as for disfigurement and impairment of function of mastication. 7201 Lips, injuries of. Rate as for disfigurement of face. 7202 Tongue, loss of whole or part: With inability to communicate by speech One-half or more

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	Rat- ing
Severe; definite partial obstruction shown by X- ray, with frequent and prolonged episodes of severe colic distension, nausea or vomiting, following severe peritonitis, ruptured appendix, perforated ulcer, or operation with drainage Moderately severe; partial obstruction mani- fested by delayed motility of barium meal and	50
less frequent and less prolonged episodes of pain Moderate; pulling pain on attempting work or ag- gravated by movements of the body, or occa- sional episodes of colic pain, nausea, con- stipation (perhaps alternating with diarrhea) or	30
abdominal distension	10 0
Severe; pain only partially relieved by standard ulcer therapy, periodic vomiting, recurrent hematemesis or melena, with manifestations of anemia and weight loss productive of defi- nite impairment of health Moderately severe; less than severe but with im- pairment of health manifested by anemia and	60
weight loss; or recurrent incapacitating epi- sodes averaging 10 days or more in duration at least four or more times a year	40
days in duration; or with continuous moderate manifestations	20
Mild; with recurring symptoms once or twice yearly	10
Pronounced; periodic or continuous pain unrelieved by standard ulcer therapy with peri- odic vomiting, recurring melena or hematemesis, and weight loss. Totally inca- pacitating	100
nounced and less continuous symptoms with definite impairment of health Moderately severe; intercurrent episodes of ab- dominal pain at least once a month partially or	60
completely relieved by ulcer therapy, mild and transient episodes of vomiting or melena	40
Moderate; with episodes of recurring symptoms several times a year	20
Mild; with brief episodes of recurring symptoms once or twice yearly	10
gastroscope): Chronic; with severe hemorrhages, or large ul- cerated or eroded areas	60
Chronic; with multiple small eroded or ulcerated areas, and symptoms	30
Chronic; with small nodular lesions, and symp- toms	10
 Gastritis, atrophic. A complication of a number of diseases, including pernicious anemia. Rate the underlying condition. 7308 Postgastrectomy syndromes: Severe; associated with nausea, sweating, circulatory disturbance after meals, diarrhea, hypoglycemic symptoms, and weight loss with malnutrition and anemia 	60

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ing 40 20	Asymptomatic NoTE: Amebiasis with or without liver abscess is parallel in symptomatology with ulcerative coli- tis and should be rated on the scale provided for the latter. Similarly, lung abscess due to	ing (
	NOTE: Amebiasis with or without liver abscess is parallel in symptomatology with ulcerative coli- tis and should be rated on the scale provided for the latter. Similarly, lung abscess due to	-
	tis and should be rated on the scale provided for the latter. Similarly, lung abscess due to	
	for the latter. Similarly, lung abscess due to	
20		
20		
20	amebiasis will be rated under the respiratory	
	system schedule, diagnostic code 6809.	
	7322 Dysentery, bacillary.	
	Rate as for ulcerative colitis	
	7323 Colitis, ulcerative: Pronounced: resulting in marked malnutrition	
	Pronounced; resulting in marked malnutrition, anemia, and general debility, or with serious	
	complication as liver abscess	100
		100
		60
		30
		10
	7324 Distomiasis, intestinal or hepatic:	
	Severe symptoms	30
	Moderate symptoms	10
	Mild or no symptoms	C
100		
70		
50		
50		
	findings including material weight loss	60
30	With definite interference with absorption and	
00	nutrition, manifested by impairment of health	
10		
		40
		20
30		
		40
		20
	With slight symptoms	10
0	NOTE: Where residual adhesions constitute the	
	predominant disability, rate under diagnostic	
	code 7301.	
		100
		60
30		30
10		
0		100
	Complete loss of sphincter control	100
	Extensive leakage and fairly frequent involuntary	
	bowel movements	60
30		
	cessitating wearing of pad	30
10		10
ļ _		C
0		100
		100
		50
10		30
	100 70 50 30 10 30 10 0 30 10 0 30 10 0 30 10 0	Severe; with numerous attacks a year and mal- nutrition, the health only fair during remissions Moderately severe; with frequent exacerbations 7324 Distomiasis, intestinal or hepatic: Severe symptoms Moderate symptoms Mid or no symptoms 7325 Enteritis, chronic. Rate as for irritable colon syndrome. 7326 Enterocolitis, chronic. Rate as for irritable colon syndrome. 7327 Diverticulitis. Rate as for irritable colon syndrome, peritoneal adhesions, or colitis, ulcerative, depending upon the predominant disability picture. 70 Towerticulitis. Rate as for irritable colon syndrome. 70 upon the predominant disability picture. 71281 Intestine, small, resection of: With marked interference with absorption and nutrition, manifested by severe impairment of health objectively supported by examination findings including definite weight loss 30 With definite interference with absorption and nutrition, manifested by impairment of health objectively supported by examination findings including definite weight loss 31 rogan weight 32 Intestine, large, resection of: With severe symptoms, objectively supported by examination findings 33 weight symptoms 34 With severe symptoms, objectively supported by examination findings 35

and hepatitis C):

Rating 7334 Rectum, prolapse of: Severe (or complete), persistent 50 Moderate, persistent or frequently recurring 30 Mild with constant slight or occasional moderate leakage 7335 Ano, fistula in. 10 Rate as for impairment of sphincter control. 7336 Hemorrhoids, external or internal: With persistent bleeding and with secondary anemia, or with fissures 20 Large or thrombotic, irreducible, with excessive redundant tissue, evidencing frequent recurrences 10 Mild or moderate 0 7337 Pruritus ani. Rate for the underlying condition. 7338 Hernia, inguinal: Large, postoperative, recurrent, not well supported under ordinary conditions and not read-ily reducible, when considered inoperable 60 Small, postoperative recurrent, or unoperated irremediable, not well supported by truss, or not readily reducible ... 30 Postoperative recurrent, readily reducible and 10 well supported by truss or belt Not operated, but remediable 0 Small, reducible, or without true hernia protru-0 sion NOTE: Add 10 percent for bilateral involvement, provided the second hernia is compensable. This means that the more severely disabling hernia is to be evaluated, and 10 percent, only, added for the second hernia, if the latter is of compensable degree. 7339 Hernia, ventral, postoperative: Massive, persistent, severe diastasis of recti muscles or extensive diffuse destruction or weakening of muscular and fascial support of abdominal wall so as to be inoperable 100 Large, not well supported by belt under ordinary conditions 40 Small, not well supported by belt under ordinary conditions, or healed ventral hernia or post-operative wounds with weakening of abdominal wall and indication for a supporting belt 20 Wounds, postoperative, healed, no disability, belt not indicated 7340 Hernia, femoral. 0 Rate as for inguinal hernia. 7342 Visceroptosis, symptomatic, marked 7343 Malignant neoplasms of the digestive system, 10 exclusive of skin growths 100 NOTE: A rating of 100 percent shall continue be-yond the cessation of any surgical, X-ray, antineoplastic chemotherapy or other therapeutic procedure. Six months after discontinuance of such treatment, the appropriate disability rating shall be determined by mandatory VA examination. Any change in evaluation based upon that or any subsequent examination shall be subject to the provisions of $\S3.105(e)$ of this chapter. If there has been no local recurrence or metastasis, rate on residuals. 7344 Benign neoplasms, exclusive of skin growths: Evaluate under an appropriate diagnostic code, depending on the predominant disability or the specific residuals after treatment. 7345 Chronic liver disease without cirrhosis (including hepatitis B, chronic active hepatitis, auto-immune hepatitis, hemochromatosis, drug-induced hepatitis, etc., but excluding bile duct disorders

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	Rat- ing
Near-constant debilitating symptoms (such as fa- tigue, malaise, nausea, vomiting, anorexia, arthralgia, and right upper quadrant pain) Daily fatigue, malaise, and anorexia, with sub- stantial weight loss (or other indication of mal- nutrition), and hepatomegaly, or; incapacitating episodes (with symptoms such as fatigue, malaise, nausea, vomiting, anorexia, arthralgia, and right upper quadrant pain) hav- ing a total duration of at least six weeks during	100
the past 12-month period, but not occurring constantly Daily fatigue, malaise, and anorexia, with minor weight loss and hepatomegaly, or; incapaci- tating episodes (with symptoms such as fa- tigue, malaise, nausea, vomiting, anorexia, arthralgia, and right upper quadrant pain) hav- ing a total duration of at least four weeks, but	60
less than six weeks, during the past 12-month period	40
less than four weeks, during the past 12- month period Intermittent fatigue, malaise, and anorexia, or; incapacitating episodes (with symptoms such as fatigue, malaise, nausea, vomiting, ano- rexia, arthralgia, and right upper quadrant pain) having a total duration of at least one week, but less than two weeks, during the	20
 past 12-month period Nonsymptomatic NOTE (1): Evaluate sequelae, such as cirrhosis or malignancy of the liver, under an appropriate diagnostic code, but do not use the same signs and symptoms as the basis for evaluation under DC 7354 and under a diagnostic code for sequelae. (See § 4.14.). NOTE (2): For purposes of evaluating conditions under diagnostic code 7345, "incapacitating episode" means a period of acute signs and symptoms severe enough to require bed rest and treatment by a physician. NOTE (3): Hepatitis B infection must be confirmed by serologic testing in order to evaluate it under diagnostic code 7345. 7346 Hernia hiatal: 	10 0
Symptoms of pain, vomiting, material weight loss and hematemesis or melena with moderate anemia; or other symptom combinations pro- ductive of severe impairment of health Persistently recurrent epigastric distress with dysphagia, pyrosis, and regurgitation, accom- panied by substernal or arm or shoulder pain,	60
productive of considerable impairment of health	30
With two or more of the symptoms for the 30 percent evaluation of less severity	10
 7347 Pancreatitis: With frequently recurrent disabling attacks of ab- dominal pain with few pain free intermissions and with steatorrhea, malabsorption, diarrhea and severe malnutrition With frequent attacks of abdominal pain, loss of normal body weight and other findings show- ing continuing pancreatic insufficiency be- tween acute attacks 	100

Moderately severe; with at least 4–7 typical at- tacks of abdominal pain per year with good re- mission between attacks	
mission between attacks	
With at least one recurring attack of typical se-	30
vere abdominal pain in the past year	10
NOTE 1: Abdominal pain in this condition must be confirmed as resulting from pancreatitis by	
appropriate laboratory and clinical studies. NOTE 2: Following total or partial pancrea-	
tectomy, rate under above, symptoms, min-	
imum rating 30 percent. 7348 Vagotomy with pyloroplasty or gastro-	
enterostomy: Followed by demonstrably confirmative post-	
operative complications of stricture or con- tinuing gastric retention	40
With symptoms and confirmed diagnosis of alka-	
line gastritis, or of confirmed persisting diar- rhea	30
Recurrent ulcer with incomplete vagotomy NOTE: Rate recurrent ulcer following complete	20
vagotomy under diagnostic code 7305, min- imum rating 20 percent; and rate dumping	
syndrome under diagnostic code 7308.	
7351 Liver transplant: For an indefinite period from the date of hospital	
admission for transplant surgery	100
Minimum NOTE: A rating of 100 percent shall be assigned	30
as of the date of hospital admission for trans- plant surgery and shall continue. One year fol-	
lowing discharge, the appropriate disability rat-	
ing shall be determined by mandatory VA ex- amination. Any change in evaluation based	
upon that or any subsequent examination shall be subject to the provisions of §3.105(e) of	
this chapter. 7354 Hepatitis C (or non-A, non-B hepatitis):	
With serologic evidence of hepatitis C infection	
and the following signs and symptoms due to hepatitis C infection:	
Near-constant debilitating symptoms (such as fatigue, malaise, nausea, vomiting, anorexia,	
arthralgia, and right upper quadrant pain)	100
Daily fatigue, malaise, and anorexia, with sub- stantial weight loss (or other indication of mal-	
nutrition), and hepatomegaly, or; incapacitating episodes (with symptoms such as fatigue,	
malaise, nausea, vomiting, anorexia, arthralgia, and right upper quadrant pain) hav-	
ing a total duration of at least six weeks during	
the past 12-month period, but not occurring constantly	60
Daily fatigue, malaise, and anorexia, with minor weight loss and hepatomegaly, or; incapaci-	
tating episodes (with symptoms such as fa-	
tigue, malaise, nausea, vomiting, anorexia, arthralgia, and right upper quadrant pain) hav-	
ing a total duration of at least four weeks, but less than six weeks, during the past 12-month	
period Daily fatigue, malaise, and anorexia (without	40
weight loss or hepatomegaly), requiring dietary	
restriction or continuous medication, or; inca- pacitating episodes (with symptoms such as fatigue, malaise, nausea, vomiting, anorexia,	
fatigue, malaise, nausea, vomiting, anorexia, arthralgia, and right upper quadrant pain) hav-	
ing a total duration of at least two weeks, but less than four weeks, during the past 12-	
month period	20

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	Rat- ing
Intermittent fatigue, malaise, and anorexia, or; incapacitating episodes (with symptoms such as fatigue, malaise, nausea, vomiting, ano- rexia, arthralgia, and right upper quadrant pain) having a total duration of at least one week, but less than two weeks, during the past 12-month period	10 0

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[29 FR 6718, May 22, 1964, as amended at 34
FR 5063, Mar. 11, 1969; 40 FR 42540, Sept. 15, 1975; 41 FR 11301, Mar. 18, 1976; 66 FR 29488, May 31, 2001]

THE GENITOURINARY SYSTEM

§4.115 Nephritis.

Albuminuria alone is not nephritis, nor will the presence of transient albumin and casts following acute febrile illness be taken as nephritis. The glomerular type of nephritis is usually preceded by or associated with severe infectious disease; the onset is sudden, and the course marked by red blood cells, salt retention, and edema; it may clear up entirely or progress to a chronic condition. The nephrosclerotic type, originating in hypertension or arteriosclerosis, develops slowly, with minimum laboratory findings, and is associated with natural progress. Separate ratings are not to be assigned for disability from disease of the heart and any form of nephritis, on account of the close interrelationships of cardiovascular disabilities. If, however, absence of a kidney is the sole renal disability, even if removal was required because of nephritis, the absent kidney and any hypertension or heart disease will be separately rated. Also, in the event that chronic renal disease has progressed to the point where regular

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dialysis is required, any coexisting hypertension or heart disease will be separately rated.

[41 FR 34258, Aug. 13, 1976, as amended at 59 FR 2527, Jan. 18, 1994]

§4.115a Ratings of the genitourinary system—dysfunctions.

Diseases of the genitourinary system generally result in disabilities related to renal or voiding dysfunctions, infections, or a combination of these. The following section provides descriptions of various levels of disability in each of these symptom areas. Where diagnostic codes refer the decisionmaker to these specific areas dysfunction, only the predominant area of dysfunction shall be considered for rating purposes. Since the areas of dysfunction described below do not cover all symptoms resulting from genitourinary diseases, specific diagnoses may include a description of symptoms assigned to that diagnosis.

	Rat- ing
Renal dysfunction:	
Requiring regular dialysis, or precluding more than sedentary activity from one of the fol- lowing: persistent edema and albuminuria; or, BUN more than 80mg%; or, creatinine more than 8mg%; or, markedly decreased function of kidney or other organ systems, estpecially cardiovascular.	100
Persistent edema and albuminuria with BUN 40 to 80mg%; or, creatinine 4 to 8mg%; or, gen- eralized poor health characterized by lethargy, weakness, anorexia, weight loss, or limitation of exertion	80
Constant albuminuria with some edema; or, defi- nite decrease in kidney function; or, hyper- tension at least 40 percent disabling under di-	80
agnostic code 7101 Albumin constant or recurring with hyaline and granular casts or red blood cells; or, transient or slight edema or hypertension at least 10	60
percent disabling under diagnostic code 7101 Albumin and casts with history of acute nephritis; or, hypertension non-compensable under diag- nostic code 7101	30
Voiding dysfunction:	Ŭ
Rate particular condition as urine leakage, fre- quency, or obstructed voiding	
Continual Urine Leakage, Post Surgical Urinary Diversion, Urinary Incontinence, or Stress In- continence:	
Requiring the use of an appliance or the wearing of absorbent materials which must be changed	
more than 4 times per day	60
Requiring the wearing of absorbent materials which must be changed 2 to 4 times per day Requiring the wearing of absorbent materials	40
which must be changed less than 2 times per day	20

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	Rat- ing
Urinary frequency:	
Daytime voiding interval less than one hour, or; awakening to void five or more times per night Daytime voiding interval between one and two	40
hours, or; awakening to void three to four	
times per night	20
Daytime voiding interval between two and three hours, or; awakening to void two times per night	10
Obstructed voidina:	
Urinary retention requiring intermittent or contin- uous catheterization	30
Marked obstructive symptomatology (hesitancy,	
slow or weak stream, decreased force of stream) with any one or combination of the fol-	
lowing: 1. Post void residuals greater than 150 cc.	
 Post void residuals greater than 150 cc. Uroflowmetry; markedly diminished peak flow rate (less than 10 cc/sec). 	
 Recurrent urinary tract infections sec- ondary to obstruction. 	
4. Stricture disease requiring periodic dilata- tion every 2 to 3 months	10
Obstructive symptomatology with or without stric-	
ture disease requiring dilatation 1 to 2 times per year	0
Urninary tract infection:	
Poor renal function: Rate as renal dysfunction.	
Recurrent symptomatic infection requiring drain- age/frequent hospitalization (greater than two	
times/year), and/or requiring continuous inten- sive management	30
Long-term drug therapy, 1–2 hospitalizations per year and/or requiring intermittent intensive	10
management	10

 $[59\ {\rm FR}$ 2527, Jan. 18, 1994; 59 ${\rm FR}$ 10676, Mar. 7, 1994]

§4.115b Ratings of the genitourinary system—diagnoses.

		Rat- ing
	Note: When evaluating any claim in- volving loss or loss of use of one or more creative organs, refer to §3.350 of this chapter to determine whether the veteran may be entitled to special monthly compensation. Footnotes in the schedule indicate conditions which potentially establish entitlement to special monthly compensation; however, there are other conditions in this section which under certain cir- cumstances also establish entitlement to special monthly compensation.	
7500	Kidney, removal of one: Minimum evaluation Or rate as renal dysfunction if there is nephritis, infection, or pathology of the other.	30
7501	Kidney, abscess of: Rate as urinary tract infection	

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		Rat- ing		Rat- ing
7502	Nephritis, chronic:		7523 Testis, atrophy complete:.	
	Rate as renal dysfunction.		Both—201	
7504	Pyelonephritis, chronic:		One—0 ¹	
	Rate as renal dysfunction or urinary		7524 Testis, removal:.	
	tract infection, whichever is predomi-		Both-30 ¹	
7505	nant. Kidney, tuberculosis of:		One—0 ¹	
505	Rate in accordance with §§4.88b or		N N N N N N N N N N	
	4.89, whichever is appropriate.		Note: In cases of the removal of one	
7507			testis as the result of a service-in- curred injury or disease, other than	
	Rate according to predominant symp-		an undescended or congenitally un-	
	toms as renal dysfunction, hyper-		developed testis, with the absence or	
	tension or heart disease. If rated		nonfunctioning of the other testis un-	
	under the cardiovascular schedule, however, the percentage rating which		related to service, an evaluation of 30	
	would otherwise be assigned will be		percent will be assigned for the serv-	
	elevated to the next higher evalua-		ice-connected testicular loss. Testis,	
	tion.		underscended, or congenitally unde-	
7508	Nephrolithiasis:		veloped is not a ratable disability.	
	Rate as hydronephrosis, except for re-		7525 Epididymo-orchitis, chronic only:	
	current stone formation requiring one		Rate as urinary tract infection.	
	or more of the following:		For tubercular infections: Rate in ac-	
	1. diet therapy 2. drug therapy		cordance with §§4.88b or 4.89,	
	3. invasive or non-invasive proce-		whichever is appropriate.	
	dures more than two times/year	30	7527 Prostate gland injuries, infections, hyper-	
7509	Hydronephrosis:		trophy, postoperative residuals:	
	Severe; Rate as renal dysfunction.		Rate as voiding dysfunction or urinary	
	Frequent attacks of colic with infection		tract infection, whichever is predomi-	
	(pyonephrosis), kidney function impaired	30	nant. 7528 Malignant neoplasms of the genitourinary sys-	
	Frequent attacks of colic, requiring catheter drainage	20	tem	10
	Only an occasional attack of colic, not in-	20	Note—Following the cessation of sur-	
	fected and not requiring catheter drainage	10	gical, X-ray, antineoplastic chemo-	
7510	Ureterolithiasis:		therapy or other therapeutic proce-	
	Rate as hydronephrosis, except for re-		dure, the rating of 100 percent shall	
	current stone formation requiring one		continue with a mandatory VA exam-	
	or more of the following: 1. diet therapy		ination at the expiration of six	
	2. drug therapy		months. Any change in evaluation	
	3. invasive or non-invasive proce-		based upon that or any subsequent examination shall be subject to the	
	dures more than two times/year	30	provisions of § 3.105(e) of this chap-	
7511	Ureter, stricture of:		ter. If there has been no local reoc-	
	Rate as hydronephrosis, except for re-		currence or metastasis, rate on re-	
	current stone formation requiring one		siduals as voiding dysfunction or	
	or more of the following: 1. diet therapy		renal dysfunction, whichever is pre-	
	2. drug therapy		dominant.	
	3. invasive or non-invasive proce-		7529 Benign neoplasms of the genitourinary sys-	
	dures more than two times/year	30	tem: Rota an violating dusfunction or renal	
	Cystitis, chronic, includes interstitial and all		Rate as voiding dysfunction or renal dysfunction, whichever is predomi-	
etic	plogies, infectious and non-infectious:		nant.	
7515	Rate as voiding dysfunction. Bladder, calculus in, with symptoms inter-		7530 Chronic renal disease requiring regular dialy-	
	ng with function:		sis:	
	Rate as voiding dysfunction		Rate as renal dysfunction.	
7516	Bladder, fistula of:		7531 Kidney transplant:	
	Rate as voiding dysfunction or urinary		Following transplant surgery	10
	tract infection, whichever is predomi-		Thereafter: Rate on residuals as renal	
	nant. Postoperative, suprapubic cystotomy	100	dysfunction, minimum rating	3
7517	Postoperative, suprapubic cystotomy Bladder, injury of:	100		
	Rate as voiding dysfunction.			
7518	Urethra, stricture of:			
	Rate as voiding dysfunction.			
7519	Urethra, fistual of:			
	Rate as voiding dysfunction.	100		
7500	Multiple urethroperineal fistulae Penis, removal of half or more	100		
7520	Or rate as voiding dysfunction.	30		
7521		20		
	Or rate as voiding dysfunction.			
7522	Penis, deformity, with loss of erectile power-			
	1			

	ing	DISORDERS OF THE BREAST	
Note—The 100 percent evaluation shall be assigned as of the date of hospital admission for transplant surgery and shall continue with a mandatory VA examination one year following hos- pital discharge. Any change in eval-		§4.116 Schedule of ratings—gyn logical conditions and disorde the breast.	rs of
			Rating
pital discharge. Any change in eval- uation based upon that or any subse- quent examination shall be subject to the provisions of §3.105(e) of this chapter. 532 Renal tubular disorders (such as renal glycosurias, aminoacidurias, renal tubular acidosis, Fanconi's syndrome, Bartter's syndrome, related disorders of Henle's loop and proximal or distal nephron function, etc.): Minimum rating for symptomatic condi- tion	20	 Note 1: Natural menopause, primary amenorrhea, and pregnancy and childbirth are not disabilities for rating purposes. Chronic residuals of medical or surgical complications of pregnancy may be disabilities for rating purposes. Note 2: When evaluating any claim involving loss or loss of use of one or more creative organs or anatomical loss of one or both breasts, refer to \$3.350 of this chapter to determine whether the veteran may be entitled to special monthly compensation. Footnotes in the schedule indicate conditions which potentially establish entitlement to special monthly compensation; however, almost any condition in this section might, under certain circumstances, establish entitlement to special monthly compensation; however, almost any condition in this section might, under certain circumstances, establish entitlement to special monthly compensation. 7610 Vulva or clitoris, disease or injury of (including vulvovaginitis) 7611 Vagina tube, disease or injury of. 7613 Uterus, disease or injury of. 7614 Fallopian tube, disease, injury, or adhesions of (including pelvic inflammatory disease (PID)). 7615 Ovary, disease, injury, or adhesions of. 7614 Fallopian tube, disease, injury, or adhesions of semale Reproductive Organs (diagnostic codes 7610 through 7615): Symptoms not controlled by continuous treatment	30 10 0
Rate as renal dysfunction.		evaluation, a disease, injury, or adhe-	
542 Neurogenic bladder:		sions of the ovaries resulting in ovarian dysfunction affecting the menstrual	
Rate as voiding dysfunction.	isation	cycle, such as dysmenorrhea and sec- ondary amenorrhea, shall be rated under diagnostic code 7615	
nder § 3.350 of this chapter.		7617 Uterus and both ovaries, removal of, com- plete:	
59 FR 2527, Jan. 18, 1994; 59 FR 14567, Ma		For three months after removal	1100
994, as amended at 59 FR 46339, Sept. 8,	1994]	Thereafter 7618 Uterus, removal of, including corpus:	1 50
		For three months after removal	1100
		Thereafter	1 30
		7619 Ovary, removal of:	
		For three months after removal	¹ 100
		Thereafter:	
		Complete removal of both ovaries Removal of one with or without	130
		partial removal of the other	1 (
		Note: In cases of the removal of one ovary as the result of a service-connected in- jury or disease, with the absence or non-	

as the result of a service-connected in-jury or disease, with the absence or non-functioning of a second ovary unrelated to service, an evaluation of 30 percent will be assigned for the service-con-nected ovarian loss 7620 Ovaries, atrophy of both, complete ¹ 20

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pelvic organ prolapse include: uterine or vaginal vault prolapse, cystocele, urethrocele, rectocele, enterocele, or any combination thereof. Evaluate pelvic organ prolapse under DC 7621. Evaluate separately any genitourinary, digestive, or skin symptoms under the appropriate diagnostic code(s) and combine all eval- uations with the 10 percent evaluation under DC 7621 100 7624 Fistula, rectovaginal: Vaginal fecal leakage at least once a day requiring wearing of pad 100 Vaginal fecal leakage four or more times per week, but less than daily, requiring wearing of pad 60 Vaginal fecal leakage one to three times per week requiring wearing of pad 30 7625 Fistula, urethrovaginal fistulae 10 7626 Fistula, urethrovaginal fistulae 100 7626 Breauting the wearing of absorbent mate- rials which must be changed less than two times per day 40 7626 Breast, surgery of: Following modified radical mastectomy: Both 180 763 Following simple mastectomy or wide local excision with significant alteration of size or form: Both 150 764 Following wide local excision without sig- nificant alteration of size or form: Both 150 764 130 130		
prolapse due to injury, disease, or surgical complications of pregnancy 10 Note: Pelvic organ prolapse occurs when a pelvic organ small bowel, or rectum drops (prolapse) from its normal place in the abdomen. Conditions associated with pelvic organ prolapse include: uterine or vaginal vault prolapse, cystocele, urethrocele, rectocele, enterocele, or any combination thereof. Evaluate pelvic organ prolapse under DC 7621. 760 7624 Fistula, rectovaginal: 10 Vaginal fecal leakage at least once a day requiring wearing of pad 10 Vaginal fecal leakage four or more times per week, but less than daily, requiring wearing of pad 30 76 Vaginal fecal leakage one to three times per week requiring wearing of pad 30 76 7625 Fistula, urethrovaginal fistulae 10 10 7626 Breast, surgery of: Following radical mastectomy: Both	(4) Wide local excision (including	
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rials which must be changed two to four times per day	symptoms	5
times per day	Pelvic pain or heavy or irregular bleeding	0
Requiring the wearing of absorbent mate- rials which must be changed less than two times per day 20 7626 Breast, surgery of: Following radical mastectomy: One 76 Following modified radical mastectomy: Both 180 One 150 Following simple mastectomy or wide local excision with significant alteration of size or form: Both 160 Soth 140 Following wide local excision without sig- nificant alteration of size or form: Both or one 150 Note: For VA purposes: (1) 0 (1) Radical mastectomy means removal of the entire breast, un- derlying pectoral muscles, and 0	not controlled by treatment	3
rials which must be changed less than two times per day	Pelvic pain or heavy or irregular bleeding	0
two times per day 20 7626 Breast, surgery of: 76 Following radical mastectomy: 180 One 150 Following modified radical mastectomy: 150 Both 150 Following modified radical mastectomy: 160 One 140 Following simple mastectomy or wide local excision with significant alteration of size or form: 150 Both 150 One 130 Following wide local excision without sig- nificant alteration of size or form: Both or one 130 Following wide local excision without sig- nificant alteration of size or form: Both or one 0 Note: For VA purposes: (1) (1) Radical mastectomy means removal of the entire breast, un- derlying pectoral muscles, and 0	requiring continuous treatment for control	1
7626 Breast, surgery of: 76: Following radical mastectomy: 180 Both 150 Following modified radical mastectomy: 160 Both 160 Cone 140 Following simple mastectomy or wide local excision with significant alteration of size or form: 160 Both 150 Tollowing wide local excision without significant alteration of size or form: 130 Following wide local excision without significant alteration of size or form: 0 Note: For VA purposes: 0 (1) Radical mastectomy means removal of the entire breast, underlying pectoral muscles, and 0	Note: Diagnosis of endometriosis must be	
Following radical mastectomy: 76' Both 180 One 150 Following modified radical mastectomy: 150 Both 160 One 140 Following simple mastectomy or wide local excision with significant alteration of size or form: 160 Both 140 Following simple mastectomy or wide local excision with significant alteration of size or form: 150 Both 150 One 130 Following wide local excision without significant alteration of size or form: 130 Following wide local excision without significant alteration of size or form: 0 Note: For VA purposes: 0 (1) Radical mastectomy means removal of the entire breast, underlying pectoral muscles, and 0	substantiated by laparoscopy.	
Both 180 One 150 Following modified radical mastectomy: 150 Both 140 Following simple mastectomy or wide local 140 Following simple mastectomy or wide local 140 excision with significant alteration of size 150 or form: Both 130 Following wide local excision without significant alteration of size or form: 130 Following wide local excision without significant alteration of size or form: 0 Note: For VA purposes: 0 (1) Radical mastectomy means removal of the entire breast, underlying pectoral muscles, and 0	30 Malignant neoplasms of the breast	10
One 150 Following modified radical mastectomy: 160 Both 140 Following simple mastectomy or wide local excision with significant alteration of size or form: 150 Both 150 One 130 Following wide local excision without significant alteration of size or form: 130 Following wide local excision without significant alteration of size or form: 0 Note: For VA purposes: 0 (1) Radical mastectomy means removal of the entire breast, underlying pectoral muscles, and 0	Note: A rating of 100 percent shall con-	
Following modified radical mastectomy: 160 One 140 Following simple mastectomy or wide local excision with significant alteration of size or form: 150 Both 130 Following wide local excision without significant alteration of size or form: 150 Both 130 Following wide local excision without significant alteration of size or form: 0 Note: For VA purposes: (1) Radical mastectomy means removal of the entire breast, underlying pectoral muscles, and	tinue beyond the cessation of any sur-	
Both 160 One 140 Following simple mastectomy or wide local excision with significant alteration of size or form: 140 Both 150 One 130 Following wide local excision without sig- nificant alteration of size or form: Both or one 130 Note: For VA purposes: 0 (1) Radical mastectomy means removal of the entire breast, un- derlying pectoral muscles, and 0	gical, radiation, antineoplastic chemo-	
One 140 Following simple mastectomy or wide local excision with significant alteration of size or form: 150 Both 130 Following wide local excision without significant alteration of size or form: 130 Following wide local excision without significant alteration of size or form: 0 Both or one 0 Note: For VA purposes: 0 (1) Radical mastectomy means removal of the entire breast, underlying pectoral muscles, and 0	therapy or other therapeutic procedure.	
Following simple mastectomy or wide local excision with significant alteration of size or form: Both	Six months after discontinuance of such	
excision with significant alteration of size or form: Both	treatment, the appropriate disability rat-	
or form: Both	ing shall be determined by mandatory	
Both 150 One 130 Following wide local excision without significant alteration of size or form: 0 Both or one 0 Note: For VA purposes: 0 (1) Radical mastectomy means removal of the entire breast, underlying pectoral muscles, and 0	VA examination. Any change in evalua-	
One	tion based upon that or any subsequent	
Following wide local excision without sig- nificant alteration of size or form: Both or one	examination shall be subject to the provi-	
nificant alteration of size or form: Both or one0 Note: For VA purposes: (1) <i>Radical mastectomy</i> means removal of the entire breast, un- derlying pectoral muscles, and	sions of §3.105(e) of this chapter. Rate	
Both or one0 Note: For VA purposes: (1) Radical mastectomy means removal of the entire breast, un- derlying pectoral muscles, and	chronic residuals according to impair-	
Note: For VA purposes: (1) <i>Radical mastectomy</i> means removal of the entire breast, un- derlying pectoral muscles, and	ment of function due to scars,	
 Radical mastectomy means removal of the entire breast, un- derlying pectoral muscles, and 	lymphedema, or disfigurement (e.g., limi-	
removal of the entire breast, un- derlying pectoral muscles, and	tation of arm, shoulder, and wrist motion,	
derlying pectoral muscles, and	or loss of grip strength, or loss of sensa-	
	tion, or residuals from harvesting of mus-	
	cles for reconstructive purposes), and/or	
regional lymph nodes up to the		
coracoclavicular ligament	under diagnostic code 7626	
	31 Benign neoplasms of the breast and other nurses of the breast. Bate chronic residuals ac	
	njuries of the breast. Rate chronic residuals ac-	
breast and axinary lymph houes	cording to impairment of function due to scars,	
	ymphedema, or disfigurement (e.g., limitation of	
	arm, shoulder, and wrist motion, or loss of grip	
(3) Simple (or total) mastertomy	strength, or loss of sensation, or residuals from	
means removal of all of the	narvesting of muscles for reconstructive pur-	
breast tissue ninnle and a	poses), and/or under diagnostic code 7626	
small portion of the overlying	32 Female sexual arousal disorder (FSAD)	1
	Review for entitlement to special monthly comp	ensatic

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[60 FR 19855, Apr. 21, 1995, as amended at 67 FR 6874, Feb. 14, 2002; 67 FR 37695, May 30, 2002; 83 FR 15071, Apr. 9, 2018]

THE HEMATOLOGIC AND LYMPHATIC SYSTEMS

§4.117 Schedule of ratings—hemic and lymphatic systems.

	Poting	month period, or if requi
	Rating	biologic therapy or my
7702 Agranulocytosis, acquired:		agents, to include interfer
Requiring bone marrow transplant; or in-		platelets <200,000 or wh
fections recurring, on average, at least		(WBC) <12,000
once every six weeks per 12-month pe-		Requiring phlebotomy 3 or 1
riod	100	12-month period or if re
Requiring intermittent myeloid growth fac-		therapy or interferon on
tors (granulocyte colony-stimulating fac-		basis as needed to mail
tor (G–CSF) or granulocyte-macrophage		values at reference range
colony-stimulating factor (GM-CSF) or		Note (1): Rate complication
continuous immunosuppressive therapy		gout, stroke, or thrombotic
such as cyclosporine to maintain abso-		Note (2): If the condition un
lute neutrophil count (ANC) greater than		formation, evaluate as lea
500/microliter (µl) but less than 1000/µl;		code 7703
or infections recurring, on average, at		Note (3): A 100 percent evaluation
least once every three months per 12-	60	the date of hospital admission for
month period	60	marrow stem cell transplant; or du
Requiring intermittent myeloid growth fac- tors to maintain ANC greater than 1000/		ment with chemotherapy (includi
		Six months following hospital disc
μl; or infections recurring, on average, at least once per 12-month period but less		chemotherapy treatment, six mor
than once every three months per 12-		treatment, the appropriate disabili
month period	30	mined by mandatory VA examin
Requiring continuous medication (e.g.,	00	evaluation based upon that or an
antibiotics) for control; or requiring inter-		tion shall be subject to the provisi
mittent use of a myeloid growth factor to		chapter
maintain ANC greater than or equal to		7705 Immune thrombocytopenia:
1500/µl	10	Requiring chemotherapy for
ote: A 100 percent evaluation for bone marrow		tory thrombocytopenia;
transplant shall be assigned as of the date of		count 30,000 or below de
hospital admission and shall continue with a man-		Requiring immunosuppress
datory VA examination six months following hos-		for a platelet count high
pital discharge. Any change in evaluation based		but not higher than 50,00
upon that or any subsequent examination shall be		of hospitalization becau
subject to the provisions of §3.105(e) of this		bleeding requiring intrav
chapter.		globulin, high-dose
703 Leukemia (except for chronic myelogenous		corticosteroids, and platel
leukemia):		Platelet count higher than
When there is active disease or during a		higher than 50,000, with
treatment phase	100	thrombocytopenia or mild
Otherwise rate residuals under the appro-		brane bleeding which
priate diagnostic code(s).		corticosteroid therapy or i
Chronic lymphocytic leukemia or		mune globulin
monoclonal B-cell lymphocytosis (MBL),		Platelet count higher than
asymptomatic, Rai Stage 0	0	higher than 50,000, not
ote (1): A 100 percent evaluation shall continue	beyond	ment
the cessation of any surgical therapy, radiation the	therapy,	Platelet count above 50,00
antineoplastic chemotherapy, or other therapeutic		tomatic; or for immune the
dures. Six months after discontinuance of such tre		in remission
the appropriate disability rating shall be determined		Note (1): Separately evalu
mandatory VA examination. Any change in ev		diagnostic code 7706 and
based upon that or any subsequent examination s		uation under this diagnost
subject to the provisions of §3.105(e) of this cha	apter. If	Note (2): A 100 percent e
there has been no recurrence, rate on residuals		beyond the cessation
lote (2): Evaluate symptomatic chronic lymphocy		months after discontinua
kemia that is at Rai Stage I, II, III, or IV the same		the appropriate disability
other leukemia evaluated under this diagnostic code		mined by mandatory VA
lote (3): Evaluate residuals of leukemia or leukemia		tion in evaluation based i
	code(s).	quent examination shall
Myeloproliferative Disorders: (Diagnostic Codes	7704,	sions of §3.105(e) of this
7718, 7719)		7706 Splenectomy

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	Rating
7704 Polycythemia vera: Requiring peripheral blood or bone marrow stem-cell transplant or chemotherapy (in- cluding myelosuppressants) for the pur- pose of ameliorating the symptom bur- den	100
Requiring phlebotomy 6 or more times per 12-month period or molecularly targeted therapy for the purpose of controlling	
RBC count Requiring phlebotomy 4–5 times per 12- month period, or if requiring continuous biologic therapy or myelosuppressive agents, to include interferon, to maintain platelets <200,000 or white blood cells	60
(WBC) <12,000 Requiring phlebotomy 3 or fewer times per 12-month period or if requiring biologic therapy or interferon on an intermittent basis as needed to maintain all blood values at reference range levels	30
 Note (1): Rate complications such as hyper gout, stroke, or thrombotic disease separa Note (2): If the condition undergoes leukemi formation, evaluate as leukemia under dia code 7703 	tension, tely c trans-
Note (3): A 100 percent evaluation shall be assigned the date of hospital admission for peripheral blood marrow stem cell transplant; or during the period - ment with chemotherapy (including myelosuppre Six months following hospital discharge or, in the chemotherapy treatment, six months after compl treatment, the appropriate disability rating shall be mined by mandatory VA examination. Any redu evaluation based upon that or any subsequent e tion shall be subject to the provisions of §3.105(e) chapter	or bone of treat- ssants). case of etion of e deter- ction in xamina-
7705 Immune thrombocytopenia: Requiring chemotherapy for chronic refrac- tory thrombocytopenia; or a platelet count 30,000 or below despite treatment Requiring immunosuppressive therapy; or for a platelet count higher than 30,000 but not higher than 50,000, with history of hospitalization because of severe	100
bleeding requiring intravenous immune globulin, high-dose parenteral corticosteroids, and platelet transfusions Platelet count higher than 30,000 but not higher than 50,000, with either immune thrombocytopenia or mild mucous mem- brane bleeding which requires oral	70
corticosteroid therapy or intravenous im- mune globulin Platelet count higher than 30,000 but not	30
higher than 50,000, not requiring treat- ment Platelet count above 50,000 and asymp- tomatic; or for immune thrombocytopenia	10
in remission	
Note (2): A 100 percent evaluation shall of beyond the cessation of chemotheray months after discontinuance of such tre the appropriate disability rating shall be mined by mandatory VA examination. Any tion in evaluation based upon that or any quent examination shall be subject to th	by. Six eatment, e deter- / reduc- subse-
sions of §3.105(e) of this chapter 7706 Splenectomy	20

§4.117

		Rating		Rating
	Note: Separately rate complications such a temic infections with encapsulated bacteria		When there is active disease, during treat- ment phase, or with indolent and non-	
	Note: Separately rate complications such a	as sys-	contiguous phase of low grade NHL	100
	temic infections with encapsulated bacteria		Note: A 100 percent evaluation shall contin	nue be-
707	Spleen, injury of, healed.		yond the cessation of any surgical therap	
	Rate for any residuals.		ation therapy, antineoplastic chemother other therapeutic procedures. Two years a	
709	Hodgkin's lymphoma:		continuance of such treatment, the app	
	With active disease or during a treatment	100	disability rating shall be determined by ma	
	phase	100	VA examination. Any reduction in ev	
	Note: A 100 percent evaluation shall con- tinue beyond the cessation of any sur-		based upon that or any subsequent exar shall be subject to the provisions of §3.1	
	gical therapy, radiation therapy,		this chapter. If there has been no recurren	
	antineoplastic chemotherapy, or other		on residuals under the appropriate dia	agnostic
	therapeutic procedures. Six months after discontinuance of such treatment, the		code(s)	
	appropriate disability rating shall be de-		7716 Aplastic anemia:	
	termined by mandatory VA examination.		Requiring peripheral blood or bone marrow	
	Any reduction in evaluation based upon		stem cell transplant; or requiring trans- fusion of platelets or red cells, on aver-	
	that or any subsequent examination shall be subject to the provisions of §3.105(e)		age, at least once every six weeks per	
	of this chapter. If there has been no		12-month period; or infections recurring,	
	local recurrence or metastasis, rate on		on average, at least once every six	100
	residuals under the appropriate diag-		weeks per 12-month period Requiring transfusion of platelets or red	100
10	nostic code(s).		cells, on average, at least once every	
10	Adenitis, tuberculous, active or inactive: Rate under §4.88c or 4.89 of this part,		three months per 12-month period; or in-	
	whichever is appropriate.		fections recurring, on average, at least	
'12	Multiple myeloma:		once every three months per 12-month period; or using continuous therapy with	
	Symptomatic multiple myeloma	100	immunosuppressive agent or newer	
	Asymptomatic, smoldering, or monoclonal		platelet stimulating factors	60
	gammopathy of undetermined signifi- cance (MGUS)	0	Requiring transfusion of platelets or red	
	Note (1): Current validated biomarkers of s		cells, on average, at least once per 12- month period; or infections recurring, on	
	matic multiple myeloma and asymptomat		average, at least once per 12-month pe-	
	tiple myeloma, smoldering, or mon		riod	30
	gammopathy of undetermined signi (MGUS) are acceptable for the diagnosis	of mul-	Note (1): A 100 percent evaluation for pe	ripheral
	tiple myeloma as defined by the America		blood or bone marrow stem cell transpla	
	ety of Hematology (ASH) and Interr	national	be assigned as of the date of hospital ad and shall continue with a mandatory VA e	
	Myeloma Working Group (IMWG) Note (2): The 100 percent evaluation shall c	ontinuo	tion six months following hospital dischar	
	for five years after the diagnosis of symp		change in evaluation based upon that or a	iny sub-
	multiple myeloma, at which time the app		sequent examination shall be subject to th	e provi-
	disability evaluation shall be determined b		sions of §3.105(e) of this chapter Note (2): The term "newer platelet stimulat	ing foo
	datory VA examination. Any reduction in tion based upon that or any subsequent ex		tors" includes medication, factors, or other	
	tion shall be subject to the provision		approved by the United States Food an	
	§3.105(e) and §3.344 (a) and (b) of this cl		Administration	
14	Sickle cell anemia:		7717 AL amyloidosis (primary amyloidosis)	100
	With at least 4 or more painful episodes per 12-month period, occurring in skin,		7718 Essential thrombocythemia and primary myelofibrosis:	
	joints, bones, or any major organs,		Requiring either continuous	
	caused by hemolysis and sickling of red		myelosuppressive therapy or, for six	
	blood cells, with anemia, thrombosis,		months following hospital admission, pe-	
	and infarction, with residual symptoms precluding even light manual labor	100	ripheral blood or bone marrow stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy, or	
	With 3 painful episodes per 12-month pe-	100	interferon treatment	100
	riod or with symptoms precluding other		Requiring continuous or intermittent	
	than light manual labor	60	myelosuppressive therapy, or chemo-	
	With 1 or 2 painful episodes per 12-month	30	therapy, or interferon treatment to main- tain platelet count $<500 \times 10^{9}/L$	70
	period Asymptomatic, established case in remis-	30	Requiring continuous or intermittent	
	sion, but with identifiable organ impair-		myelosuppressive therapy, or chemo-	
	ment	10	therapy, or interferon treatment to main-	
	Note: Sickle cell trait alone, without a histor		tain platelet count of 200,000-400,000,	
	rectly attributable pathological findings, is ratable disability. Cases of symptomatic sig		or white blood cell (WBC) count of 4,000–10,000	30
	trait will be forwarded to the Director, Corr		Asymptomatic	
	tion Service, for consideration under §3.32 of this chapter	21(D)(1)	Note (1): If the condition undergoes leukemi	c trans-

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Rating

10

100

60

30

10 0

100

100

 Note (2): A 100 percent evaluation shall signed as of the date of hospital admiss peripheral blood or bone marrow stem ce plant; or during the period of treatme chemotherapy (including myelosuppressar months following hospital discharge or, case of chemotherapy treatment, six mont completion of treatment, the appropriate or rating shall be determined by mandatory amination. Any reduction in evaluation upon that or any subsequent examination - subject to the provisions of § 3.105(e) chapter 7719 Chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML) 	sion for Il trans- nt with hts). Six in the hs after lisability VA ex- based shall be		Requiring continuous treatment with Vita- min B_{12} injections, Vitamin B_{12} sublin- gual or high-dose oral tablets, or Vitamin B_{12} nasal spray or gel	signed quiring enteral ndatory tal dis- nerapy. that or ject to There-
(chronic myeloid leukemia or chronic granulocytic leukemia):			after, evaluate at 10 percent and sep- evaluate any residual effects of pernicious	
Requiring peripheral blood or bone marrow			mia, such as neurologic involvement causi	
stem cell transplant, or continuous			ripheral neuropathy, myelopathy, dementia,	
myelosuppressive or immunosuppressive			lated gastrointestinal residuals, under the	
therapy treatment	100		appropriate diagnostic code	
Requiring intermittent myelosuppressive		7723	Acquired hemolytic anemia:	
therapy, or molecularly targeted therapy			Requiring a bone marrow transplant or	
with tyrosine kinase inhibitors, or			continuous intravenous or immuno-	
interferon treatment when not in appar-	<u></u>		suppressive therapy (e.g., prednisone,	100
ent remission In apparent remission on continuous mo-	60		Cytoxan, azathioprine, or rituximab)	100
lecularly targeted therapy with tyrosine			Requiring immunosuppressive medication 4 or more times per 12-month period	60
kinase inhibitors	30		Requiring at least 2 but less than 4	00
Note (1): If the condition undergoes leukemi	c trans-		courses of immunosuppressive therapy	
formation, evaluate as leukemia under dia			per 12-month period	30
code 7703			Requiring one course of immuno-	
Note (2): A 100 percent evaluation shall			suppressive therapy per 12-month period	10
signed as of the date of hospital admiss			Asymptomatic	C
peripheral blood or bone marrow stem ce plant; or during the period of treatme			Note (1): A 100 percent evaluation for bone n	
chemotherapy (including myelosuppressar			transplant shall be assigned as of the d hospital admission and shall continue f	
months following hospital discharge or,			months after hospital discharge with a man	
case of chemotherapy treatment, six mont			VA examination six months following hospit	
completion of treatment, the appropriate d			charge. Any reduction in evaluation based	
rating shall be determined by mandatory amination. Any reduction in evaluation			that or any subsequent examination shall b	
upon that or any subsequent examination			ject to the provisions of § 3.105(e) of this ch	
subject to the provisions of § 3.105 of this			Note (2): Separately evaluate splenectomy diagnostic code 7706 and combine with ar	
7720 Iron deficiency anemia:			uation under diagnostic code 7723	i evai-
Requiring intravenous iron infusions 4 or		7724	Solitary plasmacytoma:	
more times per 12-month period	30		Solitary plasmacytoma, when there is ac-	
Requiring intravenous iron infusions at			tive disease or during a treatment phase	100
least 1 time but less than 4 times per			Note (1): A 100 percent evaluation shall co	
12-month period, or requiring continuous treatment with oral supplementation	10		beyond the cessation of any surgical thera	
Asymptomatic or requiring treatment only	10		diation therapy, antineoplastic chemothera other therapeutic procedures (inc	apy, or cluding
by dietary modification	0		autologous stem cell transplantation). Six n	
Note: Do not evaluate iron deficiency aner	nia due		after discontinuance of such treatment, the	
to blood loss under this diagnostic code. E			priate disability rating shall be determin	
iron deficiency anemia due to blood loss			mandatory VA examination. Any change ir	
the criteria for the condition causing the	e blood		uation based upon that or any subsequent	
	1		ination shall be subject to the provision	
7721 Folic acid deficiency:			§3.105(e) of this chapter. If there has been currence, rate residuals under the appropri	
Requiring continuous treatment with high- dose oral supplementation	10		agnostic codes	late ul-
Asymptomatic or requiring treatment only	10		Note (2): Rate a solitary plasmacytoma that h	nas de-
by dietary modification	0		veloped into multiple myeloma as sympt	
7722 Pernicious anemia and Vitamin B ₁₂ defi-			multiple myeloma	
ciency anemia:			Note (3): Rate residuals of plasma cell dys	
For initial diagnosis requiring transfusion			(e.g., thrombosis) and adverse effects of n	nedical
due to severe anemia, or if there are			treatment (e.g., neuropathy) under the	appro-
signs or symptoms related to central			priate diagnostic codes	
nervous system impairment, such as		7725	5 · · · 5 · [· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
encephalopathy, myelopathy, or severe			Requiring peripheral blood or bone marrow stem cell transplant; or requiring chemo-	
peripheral neuropathy, requiring paren- teral B ₁₂ therapy	100		therapy	100
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· • • •	

Rating

476

§4.118

	Rating	
Requiring 4 or more blood or platelet trans- fusions per 12-month period; or infec- tions requiring hospitalization 3 or more		With visible or palpable tissue loss and ei- ther gross distortion or asymmetry of two
times per 12-month period Requiring at least 1 but no more than 3	60	features or paired sets of features (nose, chin, forehead, eyes (including eyelids),
blood or platelet transfusions per 12- month period; infections requiring hos-		ears (auricles), cheeks, lips), or; with four or five characteristics of disfigurement
pitalization at least 1 but no more than 2		With visible or palpable tissue loss and ei-
times per 12-month period; or requiring biologic therapy on an ongoing basis or		ther gross distortion or asymmetry of one feature or paired set of features (nose,
erythropoiesis stimulating agent (ESA) for 12 weeks or less per 12-month pe-		chin, forehead, eyes (including eyelids), ears (auricles), cheeks, lips), or; with two
riod	30 kamia	or three characteristics of disfigurement With one characteristic of disfigurement
Note (1): If the condition progresses to leu evaluate as leukemia under diagnostic code		Note (1): The 8 characteristics of disfigure-
Note (2): A 100 percent evaluation shall a signed as of the date of hospital admission		ment, for purposes of evaluation under § 4.118, are:
peripheral blood or bone marrow stem cell plant, or during the period of treatmen	trans-	Scar 5 or more inches (13 or more cm.) in length.
chemotherapy, and shall continue with a n	nanda-	Scar at least one-quarter inch (0.6 cm.)
tory VA examination six months following h discharge or, in the case of chemotherapy		wide at widest part. Surface contour of scar elevated or de-
ment, six months after completion of trea Any reduction in evaluation based upon t		pressed on palpation.
any subsequent examination shall be sub	ject to	Scar adherent to underlying tissue. Skin hypo-or hyper-pigmented in an area
the provisions of §3.105(e) of this chap there has been no recurrence, residuals	will be	exceeding six square inches (39 sq. cm.). Skin texture abnormal (irregular, atrophic,
rated under the appropriate diagnostic code	es	shiny, scaly, etc.) in an area exceeding
0 FR 49227, Sept. 22, 1995, as amended	at 77	six square inches (39 sq. cm.). Underlying soft tissue missing in an area ex-
R 6467, Feb. 8, 2012; 79 FR 2100, Jan. 13	, 2014;	ceeding six square inches (39 sq. cm.). Skin indurated and inflexible in an area ex-
3 FR 54254, Oct. 29, 2018; 83 FR 54881, N)18]	lov. 1,	ceeding six square inches (39 sq. cm.).
-		Note (2): Rate tissue loss of the auricle under DC 6207 (loss of auricle) and ana-
THE SKIN		tomical loss of the eye under DC 6061 (anatomical loss of both eyes) or DC
4.118 Schedule of ratings—skin.		6063 (anatomical loss of one eye), as appropriate.
(a) For the purposes of this sec	tion,	Note (3): Take into consideration
ystemic therapy is treatment th dministered through any route (unretouched color photographs when evaluating under these criteria.
y, injection, suppository, intranas		Note (4): Separately evaluate disabling ef- fects other than disfigurement that are as-
ther than the skin, and topical	ther-	sociated with individual scar(s) of the head, face, or neck, such as pain, insta-
py is treatment that is administ prough the skin.	tered	bility, and residuals of associated muscle
(b) Two or more skin conditions	may	or nerve injury, under the appropriate di- agnostic code(s) and apply § 4.25 to com-
e combined in accordance with	-	bine the evaluation(s) with the evaluation assigned under this diagnostic code.
nly if separate areas of skin ar olved. If two or more skin condi		Note (5): The characteristic(s) of disfigure-
volve the same area of skin,		ment may be caused by one scar or by multiple scars; the characteristic(s) re-
nly the highest evaluation sha	ll be	quired to assign a particular evaluation need not be caused by a single scar in
sed.		order to assign that evaluation. 7801 Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes,
	Rat- ing	not of the head, face, or neck, that are associated with underlying soft tissue damage:
00 Burn scar(s) of the head, face, or neck;		Area or areas of 144 square inches (929 sq.
scar(s) of the head, face, or neck due to other		cm.) or greater Area or areas of at least 72 square inches
causes; or other disfigurement of the head, face, or neck:		(465 sq. cm.) but less than 144 square inches (929 sq. cm.)
With visible or palpable tissue loss and ei- ther gross distortion or asymmetry of		Area or areas of at least 12 square inches
three or more features or paired sets of features (nose, chin, forehead, eves (in-		(77 sq. cm.) but less than 72 square inches (465 sq. cm.)
cluding eyelids), ears (auricles), cheeks,		Area or areas of at least 6 square inches (39 sq. cm.) but less than 12 square
lips), or; with six or more characteristics of disfigurement	80	inches (77 sq. cm.)
	- 4'	77

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	Rat- ing		Rat- ing
Note (1): For the purposes of DCs 7801 and		Constant or poor constant sustains the	"'Y
7802, the six (6) zones of the body are		Constant or near-constant systemic therapy including, but not limited to,	
defined as each extremity, anterior trunk,		corticosteroids, phototherapy, retinoids,	
and posterior trunk. The midaxillary line		biologics, photochemotherapy, psoralen	
divides the anterior trunk from the pos-		with long-wave ultraviolet-A light (PUVA),	
terior trunk.		or other immunosuppressive drugs re-	
Note (2): A separate evaluation may be as-		quired over the past 12-month period	60
signed for each affected zone of the body		At least one of the following	30
under this diagnostic code if there are		Characteristic lesions involving 20 to 40 percent of	
multiple scars, or a single scar, affecting		the entire body or 20 to 40 percent of exposed	
multiple zones of the body. Combine the		areas affected; or Systemic therapy including, but	
separate evaluations under §4.25. Alter-		not limited to, corticosteroids, phototherapy,	
natively, if a higher evaluation would re-		retinoids, biologics, photochemotherapy, PUVA, or	
sult from adding the areas affected from		other immunosuppressive drugs required for a total duration of 6 weeks or more, but not constantly,	
multiple zones of the body, a single eval-		over the past 12-month period.	
uation may also be assigned under this		At least one of the following	10
diagnostic code.		Characteristic lesions involving at least 5	
7802 Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not		percent, but less than 20 percent, of the	
of the head, face, or neck, that are not associated		entire body affected; or	
with underlying soft tissue damage:		At least 5 percent, but less than 20 percent,	
Area or areas of 144 square inches (929 sq.	10	of exposed areas affected; or	
cm.) or greater	10	Intermittent systemic therapy including, but	
Note (1): For the purposes of DCs 7801 and		not limited to, corticosteroids,	
7802, the six (6) zones of the body are defined as each extremity, anterior trunk,		phototherapy, retinoids, biologics,	
and posterior trunk. The midaxillary line		photochemotherapy, PUVA, or other im-	
divides the anterior trunk from the pos-		munosuppressive drugs required for a	
terior trunk.		total duration of less than 6 weeks over	
Note (2): A separate evaluation may be as-		the past 12-month period.	
signed for each affected zone of the body		No more than topical therapy required over	
under this diagnostic code if there are		the past 12-month period and at least one of the following	0
multiple scars, or a single scar, affecting		Characteristic lesions involving less than 5	
multiple zones of the body. Combine the		percent of the entire body affected; or	
separate evaluations under §4.25. Alter-		Characteristic lesions involving less than 5	
natively, if a higher evaluation would re-		percent of exposed areas affected.	
sult from adding the areas affected from		Or rate as disfigurement of the head, face,	
multiple zones of the body, a single eval-		or neck (DC 7800) or scars (DCs 7801,	
uation may also be assigned under this		7802, 7804, or 7805), depending upon the	
diagnostic code.		predominant disability. This rating instruc-	
7804 Scar(s), unstable or painful:		tion does not apply to DC 7824.	
Five or more scars that are unstable or		7806 Dermatitis or eczema.	
painful	30	Evaluate under the General Rating Formula	
Three or four scars that are unstable or	20	for the Skin. 7807 American (New World) leishmaniasis	
painful	20	(mucocutaneous, espundia):	
One or two scars that are unstable or pain- ful	10	Rate as disfigurement of the head, face, or	
Note (1): An unstable scar is one where, for	10	neck (DC 7800), scars (DC's 7801, 7802,	
any reason, there is frequent loss of cov-		7803, 7804, or 7805), or dermatitis (DC	
ering of skin over the scar.		7806), depending upon the predominant	
Note (2): If one or more scars are both un-		disability.	
stable and painful, add 10 percent to the		Note: Evaluate non-cutaneous (visceral)	
evaluation that is based on the total num-		leishmaniasis under DC 6301 (visceral	
ber of unstable or painful scars		leishmaniasis).	
Note (3): Scars evaluated under diagnostic		7808 Old World leishmaniasis (cutaneous, Oriental	
codes 7800, 7801, 7802, or 7805 may		sore):	
also receive an evaluation under this di-		Rate as disfigurement of the head, face, or	
agnostic code, when applicable		neck (DC 7800), scars (DC's, 7801, 7802, 7803, 7804, or 7805), or dermatitis (DC	
7805 Scars, other; and other effects of scars evalu-		7806), depending upon the predominant	
ated under diagnostic codes 7800, 7801, 7802, or		disabililty.	
7804:		Note: Evaluate non-cutaneous (visceral)	
Evaluate any disabling effect(s) not consid-		leishmaniasis under DC 6301 (visceral	
ered in a rating provided under diagnostic		leishmaniasis).	
codes 7800-04 under an appropriate di-		7809 Discoid lupus erythematosus.	
agnostic code.		Evaluate under the General Rating Formula	
General Rating Formula For The Skin For DCs 7806,		for the Skin.	
7809, 7813–7816, 7820–7822, and 7824:		Note: Do not combine with ratings under DC	
At least one of the following	60	6350.	
Characteristic lesions involving more than		7811 Tuberculosis luposa (lupus vulgaris), active or	
40 percent of the entire body or more		inactive: Pate under §§4,886 or 4,80 whichever is	
than 40 percent of exposed areas af- fected; or		Rate under §§ 4.88c or 4.89, whichever is appropriate.	

§4.118

	Rat- ing		Rat- ing
7813 Dermatophytosis (ringworm: Of body, tinea		Any extent of involvement of the skin, and	-
corporis; of head, tinea capitis; of feet, tinea pedis;		no more than topical therapy required	
of beard area, tinea barbae; of nails, tinea		over the past 12-month period	0
unguium (onychomycosis); of inguinal area (jock		Note: Treatment failure is defined as either	
itch), tinea cruris; tinea versicolor).		disease progression, or less than a 25	
Evaluate under the General Rating Formula for the Skin.		percent reduction in the extent and sever-	
7815 Bullous disorders (including pemphigus		ity of disease after four weeks of pre- scribed therapy, as documented by med-	
vulgaris, pemphigus foliaceous, bullous		ical records.	
pemphigoid, dermatitis herpetiformis, epidermolysis		7818 Malignant skin neoplasms (other than malig-	
bullosa acquisita, benign chronic familial		nant melanoma):	
pemphigus (Hailey-Hailey), and porphyria cutanea		Rate as disfigurement of the head, face, or	
tarda).		neck (DC 7800), scars (DC's 7801, 7802,	
Evaluate under the General Rating Formula for the Skin.		7803, 7804, or 7805), or impairment of function.	
Note: Rate complications and residuals of		Note: If a skin malignancy requires therapy	
mucosal involvement (ocular, oral, gastro- intestinal, respiratory, or genitourinary)		that is comparable to that used for sys-	
separately under the appropriate diag-		temic malignancies, <i>i.e.</i> , systemic chemo- therapy, X-ray therapy more extensive	
nostic code.		than to the skin, or surgery more extensive	
7816 Psoriasis.		sive than wide local excision, a 100-per-	
Evaluate under the General Rating Formula		cent evaluation will be assigned from the	
for the Skin.		date of onset of treatment, and will con-	
Note: Rate complications such as psoriatic		tinue, with a mandatory VA examination	
arthritis and other clinical manifestations		six months following the completion of	
(<i>e.g.</i> , oral mucosa, nails) separately under		such antineoplastic treatment, and any change in evaluation based upon that or	
the appropriate diagnostic code. 7817 Erythroderma:		any subsequent examination will be sub-	
Generalized involvement of the skin with		ject to the provisions of §3.105(e) of this	
systemic manifestations (such as fever,		chapter. If there has been no local recur-	
weight loss, or hypoproteinemia) AND one		rence or metastasis, evaluation will then	
of the following	100	be made on residuals. If treatment is con-	
Constant or near-constant systemic therapy		fined to the skin, the provisions for a 100-	
such as therapeutic doses of		percent evaluation do not apply.	
corticosteroids, other immunosuppressive drugs, retinoids, PUVA (psoralen with		7819 Benign skin neoplasms:	
long-wave ultraviolet-A light), UVB (ultra-		Rate as disfigurement of the head, face, or neck (DC 7800), scars (DC's 7801, 7802,	
violet-B light) treatments, biologics, or		7803, 7804, or 7805), or impairment of	
electron beam therapy required over the		function.	
past 12 month period; or		7820 Infections of the skin not listed elsewhere (in-	
No current treatment due to a documented		cluding bacterial, fungal, viral, treponemal, and	
history of treatment failure with 2 or more		parasitic diseases).	
treatment regimens	100	Evaluate under the General Rating Formula	
Generalized involvement of the skin without systemic manifestations and one of the		for the Skin.	
following.		7821 Cutaneous manifestations of collagen-vas-	
Constant or near-constant systemic therapy		cular diseases not listed elsewhere (including scleroderma, calcinosis cutis, subacute cutaneous	
such as therapeutic doses of		lupus erythematosus, and dermatomyositis).	
corticosteroids, other immunosuppressive		Evaluate under the General Rating Formula	
drugs, retinoids, PUVA, UVB treatments,		for the Skin.	
biologics, or electron beam therapy re-		7822 Papulosquamous disorders not listed else-	
quired over the past 12-month period; or No current treatment due to a documented		where (including lichen planus, large or small	
history of treatment failure with 1 treat-		plaque parapsoriasis, pityriasis lichenoides et	
ment regimen	60	varioliformis acuta (PLEVA), lymphomatoid	
Any extent of involvement of the skin, and		papulosus, mycosis fungoides, and pityriasis rubra pilaris (PRP)).	
any of the following therapies required for		Evaluate under the General Rating Formula	
a total duration of 6 weeks or more, but		for the Skin.	
not constantly, over the past 12-month		7823 Vitiligo:	
period: systemic therapy such as thera- peutic doses of corticosteroids, other im-		With exposed areas affected	10
munosuppressive drugs, retinoids, PUVA,		With no exposed areas affected	C
UVB treatments, biologics, or electron		7824 Diseases of keratinization (including	
beam therapy	30	icthyoses, Darier's disease, and palmoplantar	
Any extent of involvement of the skin, and		keratoderma).	
any of the following therapies required for		Evaluate under the General Rating Formula	
a total duration of less than 6 weeks over		for the Skin.	
the past 12-month period: systemic ther-		7825 Chronic urticaria:	
apy such as therapeutic doses of		For the purposes of this diagnostic code, chronic urticaria is defined as continuous	
corticosteroids, other immunosuppressive drugs, retinoids, PUVA, UVB treatments,		urticaria at least twice per week, off treat-	

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	Rat- ing		Rat- ing
Chronic refractory urticaria that requires third line treatment for control (e.g., plas- mapheresis, immunotherapy,		Deep acne (deep inflamed nodules and pus- filled cysts) affecting less than 40 percent of the face and neck, or deep acne other the east face are tracked and the set of the set	
immunosuppressives) due to ineffective- ness with first and second line treatments	60	than on the face and neck Superficial acne (comedones, papules, pustules) of	1
Chronic urticaria that requires second line	00	any extent	
treatment (e.g., corticosteroids,		Or rate as disfigurement of the head, face,	
sympathomimetics, leukotriene inhibitors, neutrophil inhibitors, thyroid hormone) for control	30	or neck (DC 7800) or scars (DCs 7801, 7802, 7804, or 7805), depending upon the predominant disability.	
Chronic urticaria that requires first line treat-		7829 Chloracne:	
ment (antihistamines) for control	10	Deep acne (deep inflamed nodules and pus-	
26 Vasculitis, primary cutaneous: Persistent documented vasculitis episodes		filled cysts) affecting 40 percent or more	
refractory to continuous immuno-		of the face and neck	3
suppressive therapy	60	Deep acne (deep inflamed nodules and pus-	
All of the following	30	filled cysts) affecting the intertriginous	
Recurrent documented vasculitic episodes		areas (the axilla of the arm, the	
occurring four or more times over the past		anogenital region, skin folds of the	~
12-month period; and		breasts, or between digits)	2
Requiring intermittent systemic immuno-		Deep acne (deep inflamed nodules and pus-	
suppressive therapy for control	30	filled cysts) affecting less than 40 percent	
At least one of the following	10	of the face and neck; or deep acne affect- ing non-intertriginous areas of the body	
Recurrent documented vasculitic episodes		(other than the face and neck)	1
occurring one to three times over the past 12-month period, and requiring intermit-		Superficial acne (comedones, papules,	
tent systemic immunosuppressive therapy		pustules) of any extent	
for control; or		Or rate as disfigurement of the head, face,	
Without recurrent documented vasculitic epi-		or neck (DC 7800) or scars (DCs 7801,	
sodes but requiring continuous systemic		7802, 7804, or 7805), depending upon the	
medication for control.		predominant disability.	
Or rate as disfigurement of the head, face,		7830 Scarring alopecia:	
or neck (DC 7800) or scars (DCs 7801,		Affecting more than 40 percent of the scalp	2
7802, 7804, or 7805), depending upon the		Affecting 20 to 40 percent of the scalp	1
predominant disability.		Affecting less than 20 percent of the scalp	
27 Erythema multiforme; Toxic epidermal necrolysis:		7831 Alopecia areata:	
Recurrent mucosal, palmar, or plantar in-		With loss of all body hair	1
volvement impairing mastication, use of		With loss of hair limited to scalp and face	
hands, or ambulation occurring four or		7832 Hyperhidrosis:	
more times over the past 12-month period despite ongoing immunosuppressive ther-		Unable to handle paper or tools because of	
apy	60	moisture, and unresponsive to therapy	3
All of the following	30	Able to handle paper or tools after therapy	
Recurrent mucosal, palmar, or plantar in-		7833 Malignant melanoma:	
volvement not impairing mastication, use		Rate as scars (DC's 7801, 7802, 7803, 7804, or 7805), disfigurement of the head,	
of hands, or ambulation, occurring four or		face, or neck (DC 7800), or impairment of	
more times over the past 12-month pe-		function (under the appropriate body sys-	
riod; andrequiring intermittent systemic		tem).	
therapy.	10	Note: If a skin malignancy requires therapy	
At least one of the following One to three episodes of mucosal, palmar,	10	that is comparable to that used for sys-	
or plantar involvement not impairing mas-		temic malignancies, <i>i.e.</i> , systemic chemo-	
tication, use of hands, or ambulation, oc-		therapy, X-ray therapy more extensive	
curring over the past 12-month period		than to the skin, or surgery more exten-	
AND requiring intermittent systemic ther-		sive than wide local excision, a 100-per-	
apy; or		cent evaluation will be assigned from the	
Without recurrent episodes, but requiring		date of onset of treatment, and will con- tinue, with a mandatory VA examination	
continuous systemic medication for con-		six months following the completion of	
trol.		such antineoplastic treatment, and any	
Or rate as disfigurement of the head, face, or neck (DC 7800) or scars (DCs 7801,		change in evaluation based upon that or	
7802, 7804, or 7805), depending upon the		any subsequent examination will be sub-	
predominant disability.		ject to the provisions of §3.105(e). If there	
<i>Note:</i> For the purposes of this DC only, sys-		has been no local recurrence or metas-	
temic therapy may consist of one or more		tasis, evaluation will then be made on re-	
of the following treatment agents:		siduals. If treatment is confined to the	
immunosuppressives, antihistamines, or		skin, the provisions for a 100-percent evaluation do not apply.	
sympathomimetics.		evaluation do not apply.	
28 Acne:			
Deep acne (deep inflamed nodules and pus- filled cysts) affecting 40 percent or more			

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

 [67 FR 49596, July 31, 2002; 67 FR 58448, 58449,
 Sept. 16, 2002; 73 FR 54710, Oct. 23, 2008; 77 FR 2910, Jan. 20, 2012; 83 FR 32597, July 13, 2018; 83 FR 38663, Aug. 7, 2018]

§4.119 Schedule of ratings—endocrine system.

THE ENDOCRINE SYSTEM §4.119 Schedule of ratings—endoc system.	diplopia, is also present due to thyroid disease, also separately evaluate under the appropriate	
	Rat- ing — Eye (such as diplopia (DC 6090) or im- pairment of central visual acuity (DCs 6061–	
 7900 Hyperthyroidism, including, but not limited to, Graves' disease: For six months after initial diagnosis Thereafter, rate residuals of disease or complications of medical treatment within the appropriate diagnostic code(s) within the appropriate body system. Note (1): If hyperthyroid cardiovascular or cardiac disease is present, separately evaluate under DC 7008 (hyperthyroid heart disease). Note (2): Separately evaluate eye involvement occurring as a manifestation of Graves' Disease as diplopia (DC 6090); impairment of central visual acuity (DCs 6061–6066); or under the most appropriate DCs in §4.79. 7901 Thyroid enlargement, toxic: Note (1): Evaluate symptoms of hyperthyroidism under DC 7300, hyperthyroidism, including, but not limited to, Graves' disease. Note (2): If disfigurement of the neck is present due to thyroid disease or enlargement, separately evaluate under DC 7800 (burn scar(s) of the head, face, or neck; scar(s) of the head, 	 pairment of central visual acuity (DCs 6061–6066)). 7904 Hyperparathyroidism: 30 For six months from date of discharge following surgery. Note (1): After six months, rate on residuals under the appropriate diagnostic code(s) within the appropriate body system(s) based on a VA examination. Hypercalcemia (indicated by at least one of the following: Total Ca greater than 12 mg/dL (3–3.5 mmol/L), lonized Ca greater than 5.6 mg/dL (2–2.5 mmol/L), creatinine clearance less than 60 mL/min, bone mineral density T-score less than 2.5 SD (below mean) at any site or previous fragility fracture) Note (2): Where surgical intervention is indicated, this evaluation shall continue until the day of surgery, at which time the provisions pertaining to a 100-percent evaluation shall continue for six months after pharmacologic treatment begins. After or exceeding the paracologic treatment begins. 	60
 face, or neck due to other causes; or other disfigurement of the head, face, or neck). 7902 Thyroid enlargement, nontoxic: Note (1): Evaluate symptoms due to pressure on adjacent organs (such as the trachea, larynx, or esophagus) under the appropriate bigysystem. Note (2): If disfigurement of the neck is present due to thyroid disease or enlargement, separately evaluate under DC 7800 (burn scar(s) of the head, face, or neck; scar(s) of the head, face, or neck due to other causes; or other disfigurement of the head, face, or neck due to other causes; or other disfigurement of the head, face, or neck). 7903 Hypothyroidism: 	priate body system(s) based on a VA examina- tion. Symptoms such as fatigue, anorexia, nausea, or constipation that occur despite surgery; or in in- dividuals who are not candidates for surgery but require continuous medication for control Asymptomatic Note (4): Following surgery or other treatment, evaluate chronic residuals, such as nephrolithiasis (kidney stones), decreased renal function, fractures, vision problems, and cardio- vascular complications, under the appropriate diagnostic codes.	10 0
intolerance, muscular weakness, cardiovascular involvement (including, but not limited to hypo- tension, bradycardia, and pericardial effusion), and mental disturbance (including, but not lim- ited to dementia, slowing of thought and de-	Thereafter, evaluate chronic residuals, such as nephrolithiasis (kidney stones), cataracts, de- creased renal function, and congestive heart failure under the appropriate diagnostic codes.	100
pression)) Note (1): This evaluation shall continue for six months beyond the date that an examining phy- sician has determined crisis stabilization. There- after, the residual effects of hypothyroidism shall be rated under the appropriate diagnostic code(s) within the appropriate body system(s) (<i>e.g.</i> , eye, digestive, and mental disorders). Hypothyroidism without myxedema	 With normal thyroid function (euthyroid) Note: Manifesting as hyperthyroidism, evaluate as hyperthyroidism, including, but not limited to, Graves' disease (DC 7900); manifesting as hypothyroidism, evaluate as hypothyroidism (DC 7903). 7907 Cushing's syndrome: 	0

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Note (2): This evaluation shall continue for six months after initial diagnosis. Thereafter, rate the most appropriate diagnostic treatment under the most appropriate diagnostic code(s) under the appropriate body system (*e.g.*, eye, digesRat-ing

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	Rat- ing		Rat- ing
 Proximal upper or lower extremity muscle wasting that results in inability to rise from squatting position, climb stairs, rise from a deep chair without assistance, or raise arms With striae, obesity, moon face, glucose intolerance, and vascular fragility Note: The evaluations specifically indicated under this diagnostic code shall continue for six months, rate on residuals under the appropriate body system(s). 7908 Acromegaly: Evidence of increased intracranial pressure (such as visual field defect), arthropathy, glucose intolerance, and either hypertension or cardiomegaly megaly guess and either hypertension or cardiomegaly Arthropathy, glucose intolerance, and hypertension Enlargement of acral parts or overgrowth of long bones Tor three months after initial diagnosis Note: Thereafter, if diabetes insipidus has subsided, rate residuals under the appropriate body system. With persistent polyuria or requiring continuous hormonal therapy Tour or more crises during the past year, or; two to four episodes during the past year, or; two to four episodes during the past year, or; two to four episodes during the past year, or; two to four episodes during the past year, or; two to four episodes during the past year, or; two to to the or set of peripheral vascular collapse (with acute hypotension and shock), with findings that may include: anorexia; nausea; vomiting; dehydration; profound weakness; pain in abdomen, legs, and back; fever; apathy, and depressed mentation with possible progression to coma, renal shutdown, and death. Note (2): An Addisonian "episode," for VA purposes, is a less acute and less severe event than an Addisonian crisis and may consist of anorexia, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, dehydration, weakness, malaise, orthostatic hypotension, or hypoglycemia, but no peripheral vascular collapse (with acute according to major manifestations to include, but not limited to, Type I diabe	60 30 100 60 30 30 10 60 40 20	 Requiring more than one daily injection of insulin, restricted diet, and regulation of activities (avoidance of strenuous occupational and recreational activities) with episodes of ketoacidosis or hypoglycemic reactions requiring at least three hospitalizations per year or weekly visits to a diabetic care provider, plus either progressive loss of weight and strength or complications that would be compensable if separately evaluated	100 60 40 20 10

[61 FR 20446, May 7, 1996, as amended at 82 FR 50804, Nov. 2, 2017]

NEUROLOGICAL CONDITIONS AND CONVULSIVE DISORDERS

§4.120 Evaluations by comparison.

Disability in this field is ordinarily to be rated in proportion to the impairment of motor, sensory or mental function. Consider especially psychotic manifestations, complete or partial loss of use of one or more extremities. speech disturbances, impairment of vision, disturbances of gait, tremors, visceral manifestations, injury to the skull, etc. In rating disability from the conditions in the preceding sentence refer to the appropriate schedule. In rating peripheral nerve injuries and their residuals, attention should be given to the site and character of the injury, the relative impairment in motor function, trophic changes, or sensory disturbances.

§4.121 Identification of epilepsy.

When there is doubt as to the true nature of epileptiform attacks, neurological observation in a hospital adequate to make such a study is necessary. To warrant a rating for epilepsy, the seizures must be witnessed or verified at some time by a physician. As to frequency, competent, consistent lay testimony emphasizing convulsive and immediate post-convulsive characteristics may be accepted. The frequency of seizures should be ascertained under the ordinary conditions of life (while not hospitalized).

§4.122 Psychomotor epilepsy.

The term psychomotor epilepsy refers to a condition that is characterized by seizures and not uncommonly by a chronic psychiatric disturbance as well.

(a) Psychomotor seizures consist of episodic alterations in conscious control that may be associated with automatic states, generalized convulsions, random motor movements (chewing, lip smacking, fumbling), hallucinatory phenomena (involving taste, smell, sound, vision), perceptual illusions (deja vu, feelings of loneliness, strangeness, macropsia, micropsia, dreamy states), alterations in thinking (not open to reason), alterations in memory, abnormalities of mood or affect (fear, alarm, terror, anger, dread, well§4.123

being), and autonomic disturbances (sweating, pallor, flushing of the face, visceral phenomena such as nausea, vomiting, defecation, a rising feeling of warmth in the abdomen). Automatic states or automatisms are characterized by episodes of irrational, irrelevant, disjointed, unconventional, asocial, purposeless though seemingly coordinated and purposeful, confused or inappropriate activity of one to several minutes (or, infrequently, hours) duration with subsequent amnesia for the seizure. Examples: A person of high social standing remained seated, muttered angrily, and rubbed the arms of his chair while the National Anthem was being played; an apparently normal person suddenly disrobed in public; a man traded an expensive automobile for an antiquated automobile in poor mechanical condition and after regaining conscious control, discovered that he had signed an agreement to pay an additional sum of money in the trade. The seizure manifestations of psychomotor epilepsy vary from patient to patient and in the same patient from seizure to seizure.

(b) A chronic mental disorder is not uncommon as an interseizure manifestation of psychomotor epilepsy and may include psychiatric disturbances extending from minimal anxiety to severe personality disorder (as distinguished from developmental) or almost complete personality disintegration (psychosis). The manifestations of a chronic mental disorder associated with psychomotor epilepsy, like those of the seizures, are protean in character.

§4.123 Neuritis, cranial or peripheral.

Neuritis, cranial or peripheral, characterized by loss of reflexes, muscle atrophy, sensory disturbances, and constant pain, at times excruciating, is to be rated on the scale provided for injury of the nerve involved, with a maximum equal to severe, incomplete, paralysis. See nerve involved for diagnostic code number and rating. The maximum rating which may be assigned for neuritis not characterized by organic changes referred to in this section will be that for moderate, or with sciatic nerve involvement, for moderately severe, incomplete paralysis.

§4.124 Neuralgia, cranial or peripheral.

Neuralgia, cranial or peripheral, characterized usually by a dull and intermittent pain, of typical distribution so as to identify the nerve, is to be rated on the same scale, with a maximum equal to moderate incomplete paralysis. See nerve involved for diagnostic code number and rating. Tic douloureux, or trifacial neuralgia, may be rated up to complete paralysis of the affected nerve.

§4.124a Schedule of ratings—neurological conditions and convulsive disorders.

[With the exceptions noted, disability from the following diseases and their residuals may be rated from 10 percent to 100 percent in proportion to the impairment of motor, sensory, or mental function. Consider especially psychotic manifestations, complete or partial loss of use of one or more extremities, speech disturbances, impairment of vision, disturbances of gait, tremors, visceral manifestations, etc., referring to the appropriate bodily system of the schedule. With partial loss of use of one or more extremities from neurological lesions, rate by comparison with the mild, moderate, severe, or complete paralysis of peripheral nerves]

ORGANIC DISEASES OF THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

	Rat- ing
8000 Encephalitis, epidemic, chronic:	
As active febrile disease	100
Rate residuals, minimum	10
Brain, new growth of:	
8002 Malignant	100
NOTE: The rating in code 8002 will be continued	
for 2 years following cessation of surgical,	
chemotherapeutic or other treatment modality.	
At this point, if the residuals have stabilized,	
the rating will be made on neurological residu-	
als according to symptomatology.	
Minimum rating	30
8003 Benign, minimum	60
Rate residuals, minimum	10
8004 Paralysis agitans:	
Minimum rating	30
8005 Bulbar palsy	100
8007 Brain, vessels, embolism of.	
8008 Brain, vessels, thrombosis of.	
8009 Brain, vessels, hemorrhage from:	
Rate the vascular conditions under Codes 8007	
through 8009, for 6 months	100
Rate residuals, thereafter, minimum	10
8010 Myelitis:	
Minimum rating	10
8011 Poliomyelitis, anterior:	
As active febrile disease	100
Rate residuals, minimum	10

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ORGANIC DISEASES OF THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM—Continued

	Rat- ing
8012 Hematomyelia:	
For 6 months	100
Rate residuals, minimum	10
8013 Syphilis, cerebrospinal.	
8014 Syphilis, meningovascular.	
8015 Tabes dorsalis.	
NOTE: Rate upon the severity of convulsions, pa- ralysis, visual impairment or psychotic involve- ment, etc.	
8017 Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis	100
NOTE: Consider the need for special monthly compensation.	
8018 Multiple sclerosis:	
Minimum rating	30
8019 Meningitis, cerebrospinal, epidemic:	
As active febrile disease	100
Rate residuals, minimum	10
8020 Brain, abscess of:	
As active disease	100
Rate residuals, minimum Spinal cord, new growths of:.	10
8021 Malignant	100
NOTE: The rating in code 8021 will be continued	100
for 2 years following cessation of surgical,	
chemotherapeutic or other treatment modality.	
At this point, if the residuals have stabilized,	
the rating will be made on neurological residu-	
als according to symptomatology. Minimum rating	30
8022 Benign, minimum rating	60
Rate residuals, minimum	10
8023 Progressive muscular atrophy:	
Minimum rating	30
8024 Syringomyelia:	
Minimum rating	30
8025 Myasthenia gravis:	
Minimum rating	30
NOTE: It is required for the minimum ratings for residuals under diagnostic codes 8000–8025,	
that there be ascertainable residuals. Deter-	
minations as to the presence of residuals not	
capable of objective verification, i.e., head-	
aches, dizziness, fatigability, must be ap- proached on the basis of the diagnosis re-	
proached on the basis of the diagnosis re-	
corded; subjective residuals will be accepted when consistent with the disease and not	
more likely attributable to other disease or no	
disease. It is of exceptional importance that	
when ratings in excess of the prescribed min-	
imum ratings are assigned, the diagnostic	
codes utilized as bases of evaluation be cited, in addition to the codes identifying the diag-	
noses.	
8045 Residuals of traumatic brain injury (TBI):	
There are three main areas of dysfunction	
that may result from TBI and have pro-	
found effects on functioning: cognitive	
(which is common in varying degrees after TBI), emotional/behavioral, and	
after TBI), emotional/behavioral, and physical. Each of these areas of dysfunc-	
tion may require evaluation	

ORGANIC DISEASES OF THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM—Continued

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ORGANIC DISEASES OF THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM—Continued

	Rat- ing	R
Cognitive impairment is defined as de-	The preceding list of types of physical dys-	
creased memory, concentration, attention,	function does not encompass all possible	
and executive functions of the brain. Ex-	residuals of TBI. For residuals not listed	
ecutive functions are goal setting, speed	here that are reported on an examination.	
of information processing, planning, orga-	evaluate under the most appropriate diag-	
nizing, prioritizing, self-monitoring, prob-	nostic code. Evaluate each condition sep-	
lem solving, judgment, decision making,	arately, as long as the same signs and	
spontaneity, and flexibility in changing ac-	symptoms are not used to support more	
tions when they are not productive. Not all	than one evaluation, and combine under	
of these brain functions may be affected	§4.25 the evaluations for each separately	
in a given individual with cognitive impair-	rated condition. The evaluation assigned	
ment, and some functions may be af-	based on the "Evaluation of Cognitive Im-	
fected more severely than others. In a	pairment and Other Residuals of TBI Not	
given individual, symptoms may fluctuate	Otherwise Classified" table will be consid-	
in severity from day to day. Evaluate cog-	ered the evaluation for a single condition	
nitive impairment under the table titled	for purposes of combining with other dis-	
"Evaluation of Cognitive Impairment and	ability evaluations.	
Other Residuals of TBI Not Otherwise	-	
	Consider the need for special monthly com-	
Classified.".	pensation for such problems as loss of	
Subjective symptoms may be the only resid-	use of an extremity, certain sensory im-	
ual of TBI or may be associated with cog-	pairments, erectile dysfunction, the need	
nitive impairment or other areas of dys-	for aid and attendance (including for pro-	
function. Evaluate subjective symptoms	tection from hazards or dangers incident	
that are residuals of TBI, whether or not	to the daily environment due to cognitive	
they are part of cognitive impairment,	impairment), being housebound, etc.	
under the subjective symptoms facet in the table titled "Evaluation of Cognitive	Evaluation of Cognitive Impairment and	
Impairment and Other Residuals of TBI	Subjective Symptoms	
Not Otherwise Classified." However, sep-	The table titled "Evolution of Cognitive Impoirment	
arately evaluate any residual with a dis-	The table titled "Evaluation of Cognitive Impairment	
tinct diagnosis that may be evaluated	and Other Residuals of TBI Not Otherwise Classi-	
under another diagnostic code, such as	fied" contains 10 important facets of TBI related to	
migraine headache or Meniere's disease,	cognitive impairment and subjective symptoms. It	
even if that diagnosis is based on subjec-	provides criteria for levels of impairment for each	
tive symptoms, rather than under the	facet, as appropriate, ranging from 0 to 3, and a	
"Evaluation of Cognitive Impairment and	5th level, the highest level of impairment, labeled	
Other Residuals of TBI Not Otherwise	"total." However, not every facet has every level of	
Classified" table.	severity. The Consciousness facet, for example,	
Evaluate emotional/behavioral dysfunction	does not provide for an impairment level other than	
under §4.130 (Schedule of ratings-men-	"total," since any level of impaired consciousness	
	would be totally disabling. Assign a 100-percent	
tal disorders) when there is a diagnosis of		
a mental disorder. When there is no diag-	evaluation if "total" is the level of evaluation for	
nosis of a mental disorder, evaluate emo-	one or more facets. If no facet is evaluated as	
tional/behavioral symptoms under the cri-	"total," assign the overall percentage evaluation	
teria in the table titled "Evaluation of Cog-	based on the level of the highest facet as follows:	
nitive Impairment and Other Residuals of	0 = 0 percent; 1 = 10 percent; 2 = 40 percent; and	
TBI Not Otherwise Classified.".	3 = 70 percent. For example, assign a 70 percent	
Evaluate physical (including neurological)	evaluation if 3 is the highest level of evaluation for	
dysfunction based on the following list,	any facet	
under an appropriate diagnostic code:	Note (1): There may be an overlap of mani-	
Motor and sensory dysfunction, including	festations of conditions evaluated under	
pain, of the extremities and face; visual	the table titled "Evaluation Of Cognitive	
impairment; hearing loss and tinnitus; loss	Impairment And Other Residuals Of TBI	
of sense of smell and taste; seizures; gait,	Not Otherwise Classified" with manifesta-	
coordination, and balance problems;	tions of a comorbid mental or neurologic	
speech and other communication difficul-	or other physical disorder that can be	
ties, including aphasia and related dis-	separately evaluated under another diag-	
orders, and dysarthria; neurogenic blad-	nostic code. In such cases, do not assign	
der; neurogenic bowel; cranial nerve dys-	more than one evaluation based on the	
functions; autonomic nerve dysfunctions;	same manifestations. If the manifestations	
and endocrine dysfunctions.	of two or more conditions cannot be clear-	
and endocrine dysidificitoris		
	ly separated, assign a single evaluation	
	under whichever set of diagnostic criteria	
	allows the better assessment of overall	
	impaired functioning due to both condi-	
	tions. However, if the manifestations are	
	clearly separable, assign a separate eval-	

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ORGANIC DISEASES OF THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM—Continued

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ORGANIC DISEASES OF THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM—Continued

GTOTEM GOTAINGEG		OTOTE		landou	
	Rat- ing				Rat- ing
 Note (2): Symptoms listed as example: certain evaluation levels in the table only examples and are not symptoms must be present in order to assign a ticular evaluation Note (3): "Instrumental activities of daily ing" refers to activities other than a care that are needed for independent ing, such as meal preparation, d housework and other chores, shopp traveling, doing laundry, being respons for one's own medications, and usin telephone. These activities are ditable. 	are that par- liv- self- liv- bing ing, ible g a	Purely neurological of plegia, cranial ner cerebral arterioscle the diagnostic code disabilities, with cita nostic code (e.g., 8 Purely subjective com dizziness, tinnitus, recognized as symp nosed cerebral art 10 percent and n code 9305. This 10 combined with any	ve paraly erosis wil s dealing ation of a 046–8207 nplaints s insomni ptomatic eriosclerc no more 0 percent	ysis, etc., due to I be rated under hyphenated diag-). uch as headache, a and irritability, of a properly diag- under diagnostic rating will not be	
guished from "Activities of daily livi which refers to basic self-care and cludes bathing or showering, dress eating, getting in or out of bed or a cl and using the toilet. Note (4): The terms "mild," "modera	in- ing, nair,	due to cerebral or g Ratings in excess arteriosclerosis und are not assignable nosis of multi-infar arteriosclerosis.	of 10 pe der diagr in the a	ercent for cerebral nostic code 9305 bsence of a diag-	
and "severe" TBI, which may appea medical records, refer to a classificatio TBI made at, or close to, the time of in rather than to the current level of fit tioning. This classification does not at the rating assigned under diagnostic c	r in n of jury unc- fect	NOTE: The ratings ur when the diagnosis is substantiated by and not solely on sclerosis.	of cereb	ral arteriosclerosis ire clinical picture	
8045 Note (5): A veteran whose residuals of are rated under a version of §4.124a agnostic code 8045, in effect before O ber 23, 2008 may request review ur diagnostic code 8045, irrespective	TBI , di- cto- nder	EVALUATION OF CO OTHER RESIDUALS CLASSIFIED			
whether his or her disability has worse since the last review. VA will review veteran's disability rating to detern whether the veteran may be entitled	ned that nine to a	Facets of cognitive impairment and other residuals of TBI not otherwise classified	Level of im- pair- ment	Criteria	
higher disability rating under diagno code 8045. A request for review pursi to this note will be treated as a claim an increased rating for purposes of de mining the effective date of an increa rating awarded as a result of such rev however, in no case will the award be fective before October 23, 2008. For purposes of determining the effective of an increased rating awarded as a re of such review, VA will apply 38 (uant for eter- sed iew; ef- the date esult	Memory, attention, con- centration, executive functions.	0	No complaints of i ment of memory tention, concent or executive fun A complaint of mil of memory (suc having difficulty lowing a conver recalling recent versations, rem bering names o	/, at- ration, ictions. d loss h as fol- sation, con- em-
3.114, if applicable 3046 Cerebral arteriosclerosis:				acquaintances, ing words, or of misplacing items tention, concent or executive fun but without obje evidence on tes	or find- ten s), at- tration, ctions, ctive
			2	Objective evidenci testing of mild in ment of memory tention, concent or executive fun resulting in mild tional impairment	e on mpair- /, at- rration, ictions func-
			3	Objective evidence testing of model pairment of mer attention, conce tion, or executiv tions resulting ir erate functional ment.	e on rate im nory, ntra- re func- n mod-

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EVALUATION OF COGNITIVE IMPAIRMENT AND OTHER RESIDUALS OF TBI NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED—Continued EVALUATION OF COGNITIVE IMPAIRMENT AND OTHER RESIDUALS OF TBI NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED—Continued

Facets of cognitive impairment and other residuals of TBI not otherwise classified	Level of im- pair- ment	Criteria	Facets of cognitive impairment and other residuals of TBI not otherwise classified	Level of im- pair- ment	Criteria
	Total	Objective evidence on testing of severe im- pairment of memory, attention, concentra-		2 3	Social interaction is fre- quently inappropriate Social interaction is ina propriate most or all
		tion, or executive func- tions resulting in se- vere functional impair- ment.	Orientation	0	the time. Always oriented to per- son, time, place, and situation.
udgment	0 1	Normal. Mildly impaired judg- ment. For complex or unfamiliar decisions, occasionally unable to		1	Occasionally disoriente to one of the four as- pects (person, time, place, situation) of or entation.
	2	identify, understand, and weigh the alter- natives, understand the consequences of choices, and make a reasonable decision. Moderately impaired		2	Occasionally disoriente to two of the four as- pects (person, time, place, situation) of or entation or often dis- oriented to one aspe of orientation.
		judgment. For complex or unfamiliar decisions, usually unable to iden- tify, understand, and weigh the alternatives,		3	Often disoriented to tw or more of the four a pects (person, time, place, situation) of o entation.
		understand the con- sequences of choices, and make a reason- able decision, although has little difficulty with		Total	Consistently disoriente to two or more of the four aspects (persor time, place, situation of orientation.
	3	simple decisions. Moderately severely im- paired judgment. For	Motor activity (with intact motor and sensory sys- tem).	0	Motor activity normal.
		even routine and famil- iar decisions, occa- sionally unable to iden- tify, understand, and weigh the alternatives, understand the con- sequences of choices, and make a reason-		1	Motor activity normal most of the time, bu mildly slowed at time due to apraxia (inab ity to perform pre- viously learned motor activities, despite no mal motor function).
	Total	able decision. Severely impaired judg- ment. For even routine and familiar decisions, usually unable to iden-		2	Motor activity mildly de creased or with moc erate slowing due to apraxia.
		tify, understand, and weigh the alternatives, understand the con-		3	Motor activity moderat decreased due to apraxia.
		sequences of choices, and make a reason- able decision. For ex-		Total	Motor activity severely decreased due to apraxia.
		ample, unable to de- termine appropriate clothing for current weather conditions or judge when to avoid dangerous situations or activities.	Visual spatial orientation	0	Normal. Mildly impaired. Occa- sionally gets lost in familiar surrounding has difficulty reading maps or following di rections. Is able to u
ocial interaction	0 1	Social interaction is rou- tinely appropriate. Social interaction is oc-			assistive devices su as GPS (global posi tioning system).

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EVALUATION OF COGNITIVE IMPAIRMENT AND OTHER RESIDUALS OF TBI NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED—Continued

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EVALUATION OF COGNITIVE IMPAIRMENT AND OTHER RESIDUALS OF TBI NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED—Continued

Facets of cognitive impairment and other residuals of TBI not otherwise classified	Level of im- pair- ment	Criteria	Facets of cognitive impairment and other residuals of TBI not otherwise classified	Level of im- pair- ment	Criteria
Subjective symptoms	2 3 Total 0	Moderately impaired. Usually gets lost in un- familiar surroundings, has difficulty reading maps, following direc- tions, and judging dis- tance. Has difficulty using assistive devices such as GPS (global positioning system). Moderately severely im- paired. Gets lost even in familiar sur- roundings, unable to use assistive devices such as GPS (global positioning system). Severely impaired. May be unable to touch or name own body parts when asked by the ex- aminer, identify the rel- ative position in space of two different ob- jects, or find the way from one room to an- other in a familiar envi- ronment. Subjective symptoms that do not interfere with work; instrumental activities of daily living; or work, family, or other close relation- ships. Examples are: mild or occasional headaches, mild anx- iety. Three or more subjective symptoms that mildy interfere with work; in- strumental activities of daily living; or work, family, or other close relationships. Exam- ples of findings that might be seen at this level of impairment are: intermittent dizzi- ness, daily mild to moderate headaches, tinnitus, frequent in- somnia, hyper- sensitivity to sound, hypersensitivity to light.	Neurobehavioral effects	2 0	Three or more subjective symptoms that mod- erately interfere with work; instrumental ac- tivities of daily living; or work, family, or other close relation- ships. Examples of findings that might be seen at this level of impairment are: marked fatigability, blurred or double vi- sion, headaches re- quiring rest periods during most days. One or more neurobehavioral ef- fects that do not inter- fere with workplace interaction. Examples of neurobehavioral ef- fects are: Irritability, impulsivity, unpredict- ability, lack of motiva- tion, verbal aggres- sion, beligerence, ap- athy, lack of empathy, moodiness, lack of co- operation, inflexibility, and impaired aware- ness of disability. Any of these effects may range from slight to severe, although verbal and physical aggression are likely to have a more serious impact on workplace interaction and social interaction and social interaction more neurobehavioral ef- fects that occasionally interfere with work- place interaction, so- cial interaction, so- scial interact

EVALUATION OF COGNITIVE IMPAIRMENT AND OTHER RESIDUALS OF TBI NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED—Continued

EVALUATION OF COGNITIVE IMPAIRMENT AND OTHER RESIDUALS OF TBI NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED—Continued

Facets of cognitive impairment and other residuals of TBI not otherwise classified	Level of im- pair- ment	Criteria	Facets of cognitive impairment and other residuals of TBI not otherwise classified	Level of im- pair- ment	Criteria	
	3	One or more neurobehavioral ef- fects that interfere with or preclude workplace interaction, social inter- action, or both on most	Consciousness	Total	Persistently altered of consciousness such as vegetat state, minimally sponsive state,	is, ive re-
		days or that occasion- ally require supervision for safety of self or	MISCELLA	NEOUS	DISEASES	
Communication	0	others. Able to communicate by spoken and written language (expressive communication), and to comprehend spoken and written language. Comprehension or ex- pression, or both, of either spoken lan- guage or written lan- guage or written lan- guage or written complex ideas. Inability to communicate either by spoken lan- guage, written lan- guage, or both, more than occasionally but less than half of the time, or to com- prehend spoken lan- guage, written lan- guage, written lan- guage, or both, more than occasionally but less than half of the time. Can generally communicate complex ideas. Inability to communicate either by spoken lan- guage, written lan- guage, wr	 8100 Migraine: With very frequent of prolonged attacks in nomic inadaptability With characteristic proon an average once months. With characteristic proon an average once months. With characteristic proon in 2 months owe With less frequent atta 8103 Tic, convulsive: Severe. Moderate Midd. NOTE: Depending upo cle groups involved. 8104 Paramyoclonus m myoclonic type): Rate as tic; convulsive 8105 Chorea, Sydenham Pronounced, progress Severe. Moderately severe	productiv ostrating a a month ostrating er last se acks n frequer ultiplex s; severe 's: ive grave 's: chorea. its onset ratable c	e of severe eco- attacks occurring h over last several attacks averaging veral months ncy, severity, mus- (convulsive state, cases	Rat- ing 50 30 100 0 60 80 55 300 100 80 51 50 300 100
		language, or both, at least half of the time but not all of the time. May rely on gestures or other alternative	Bate as for epilepsy, p		ANIAL NERVES	Rat-
	Total	modes of communica- tion. Able to communica- tion. Able to commu- nicate basic needs. Complete inability to communicate either by spoken language, writ- ten language, or both, or to comprehend spo- ken language, written language, or both. Un- able to communicate	Disability from lesions first, second, third, nerves will be rated cial Sense. The rat are for unitateral in combine but without Fifth (trigeminal) crani 8205 Paralysis of: Complete	fourth, under th ings for volvement the bilat al nerve	sixth, and eighth ne Organs of Spe- the cranial nerves nt; when bilateral, ieral factor.	Hal- ing

communicate either by spoken language, writ-ten language, or both, or to comprehend spo-ken language, written language, or both. Un-able to communicate basic prode basic needs.

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30 10

489

Incomplete, severe Incomplete, moderate

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DISEASES OF THE CRANIAL NERVES-Continued

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DISEASES OF THE PERIPHERAL NERVES

	Rat- ing	Schedule of ratings		ing
	9	concerno or rearrigo	Major	Minor
NOTE: Dependent upon relative degree of sensory manifestation or motor loss. 305 Neuritis. 405 Neuralgia. NOTE: Tic douloureux may be rated in accordance with severity, up to complete paralysis. Seventh (facial) cranial nerve 207 Paralysis of: Complete Incomplete, severe Incomplete, moderate NOTE: Dependent upon relative loss of innervation of facial muscles.	30 20 10	The term "incomplete paralysis," with this and other peripheral nerve injuries, indi- cates a degree of lost or impaired func- tion substantially less than the type pic- ture for complete paralysis given with each nerve, whether due to varied level of the nerve lesion or to partial regenera- tion. When the involvement is wholly sensory, the rating should be for the mild, or at most, the moderate degree. The ratings for the peripheral nerves are for unilateral involvement; when bilateral, combine with application of the bilateral factor.		
407 Neuralgia.		Upper radicular group (fifth and sixth		
Ninth (glossopharyngeal) cranial nerve.		cervicals)		
209 Paralysis of: Complete Incomplete, severe Incomplete, moderate NOTE: Dependent upon relative loss of ordinary	30 20 10	8510 Paralysis of: Complete; all shoulder and elbow movements lost or severely affected, hand and wrist movements not af- fected	70	60
sensation in mucous membrane of the phar-		Incomplete:		
ynx, fauces, and tonsils.		Severe	50	40
309 Neuritis. 409 Neuralgia.		Moderate	40	30
Tenth (pneumogastric, vagus) cranial nerve.		Mild 8610 Neuritis.	20	20
210 Paralysis of:		8710 Neuralgia.		
Complete	50	e e		1
Incomplete, severe	30	Middle radicular group		
Incomplete, moderate	10	8511 Paralysis of:		
NOTE : Dependent upon extent of sensory and motor loss to organs of voice, respiration, pharynx, stomach and heart.		Complete; adduction, abduction and rotation of arm, flexion of elbow, and extension of wrist lost or severely af-		
310 Neuritis.		fected	70	60
410 Neuralgia.		Incomplete:		
Eleventh (spinal accessory, external branch) cra-		Severe	50	40
nial nerve.		Moderate	40	30
211 Paralysis of:		Mild	20	20
Complete	30	8611 Neuritis.		
Incomplete, severe	20	8711 Neuralgia.		
Incomplete, moderate NOTE: Dependent upon loss of motor function of	10	Lower radicular group		
sternomastoid and trapezius muscles.		8512 Paralysis of:		
311 Neuritis.		Complete; all intrinsic muscles of		
411 Neuralgia.		hand, and some or all of flexors of		
Twelfth (hypoglossal) cranial nerve.		wrist and fingers, paralyzed (sub- stantial loss of use of hand)	70	60
212 Paralysis of:		Incomplete:	70	
Complete	50	Severe	50	40
Incomplete, severe	30	Moderate	40	30
Incomplete, moderate	10	Mild	20	20
NOTE: Dependent upon loss of motor function of		8612 Neuritis.	-	
tongue. 312 Neuritis.		8712 Neuralgia.		
412 Neuralgia.		All radicular groups		
	<u> </u>	• •		
		8513 Paralysis of:	00	
		Complete	90	80
		Incomplete:	70	60
		Severe Moderate	70 40	60 30
		Miderate	40	30

Mild

DISEASES OF THE PERIPHERAL NERVES— Continued

	Rating		
Schedule of ratings	Major	Minor	
8613 Neuritis. 8713 Neuralgia.			
8713 Neuralgia. The musculospiral nerve (radial nerve)			
8514 Paralysis of:			
Complete; drop of hand and fingers,			
wrist and fingers perpetually flexed, the thumb adducted falling within the			
line of the outer border of the index finger; can not extend hand at wrist,			
extend proximal phalanges of fin-			
gers, extend thumb, or make lateral movement of wrist; supination of			
hand, extension and flexion of elbow			
weakened, the loss of synergic mo- tion of extensors impairs the hand			
grip seriously; total paralysis of the			
triceps occurs only as the greatest	70	60	
rarity Incomplete:	70	60	
Severe	50 30	40 20	
Moderate Mild	20	20	
8614 Neuritis. 8714 Neuralgia.			
NOTE: Lesions involving only "dissocia	tion of e	xtensor	
communis digitorum" and "paralysis l sor communis digitorum," will not e	holow tho	ovton	
sor communis digitorum," will not e erate rating under code 8514.	xceed the	e mod-	
The median nerve			
8515 Paralysis of:			
Complete; the hand inclined to the ulnar side, the index and middle fin-			
gers more extended than normally,			
considerable atrophy of the muscles of the thenar eminence, the thumb			
in the plane of the hand (ape hand);			
pronation incomplete and defective, absence of flexion of index finger			
and feeble flexion of middle finger,			
cannot make a fist, index and mid- dle fingers remain extended; cannot			
flex distal phalanx of thumb, defec-			
tive opposition and abduction of the			
thumb, at right angles to palm; flex- ion of wrist weakened; pain with			
trophic disturbances Incomplete:	70	60	
Severe	50	40	
Moderate Mild	30 10	20 10	
8615 Neuritis.			
8715 Neuralgia.			
The ulnar nerve 8516 Paralysis of:			
Complete; the "griffin claw" deformity,			
due to flexor contraction of ring and little fingers, atrophy very marked in			
dorsal interspace and thenar and hypothenar eminences; loss of ex-			
hypothenar eminences; loss of ex- tension of ring and little fingers can-			
not spread the fingers (or reverse),			
cannot adduct the thumb; flexion of	60	E0	
wrist weakened Incomplete:	60	50	
Severe	40	30	
Moderate	30	20	

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DISEASES OF THE PERIPHERAL NERVES— Continued

8616 Neuritis. 8716 Neuralgia. Musculocutaneous nerve 8517 Paralysis of: Complete; weakness but not loss of flexion of elbow and supination of forearm Incomplete: Severe	r 1 10 30 20 10 0	Vinor 10 20 20 10
8616 Neuritis. 8716 Neuralgia. Musculocutaneous nerve 8517 Paralysis of: Complete; weakness but not loss of flexion of elbow and supination of forearm Incomplete: Severe Moderate Mild	30 20 10	20
8517 Paralysis of: Complete; weakness but not loss of flexion of elbow and supination of forearm	20	20
Complete; weakness but not loss of flexion of elbow and supination of forearm	20	20
flexion of elbow and supination of forearm Incomplete: Severe	20	20
Incomplete: Severe	10	
Moderate	10	
Mild		10
8617 Neuritis.		0
		0
8717 Neuralgia.		
Circumflex nerve		
8518 Paralysis of:		
Complete; abduction of arm is impos- sible, outward rotation is weakened;		
muscles supplied are deltoid and		
teres minor	50	40
	30	20
	10	10
Mild	0	0
8618 Neuritis. 8718 Neuralgia.		
•		
Long thoracic nerve 8519 Paralysis of:		
Complete; inability to raise arm above shoulder level, winged scapula de-		
	30	20
Incomplete: Severe	20	20
	0	10 0
NOTE: Not to be combined with lost motion ab	•	
der level. 8619 Neuritis.		nou-
8719 Neuralgia.		
NOTE: Combined nerve injuries should be rat erence to the major involvement, or if suffic tent, consider radicular group ratings.	ed by ient i	/ ref- n ex-
	R	ating
Sciatic nerve		
8520 Paralysis of:		
Complete; the foot dangles and drops,		
no active movement possible of		
muscles below the knee, flexion of knee weakened or (very rarely) lost		80
Incomplete:		00
Severe, with marked muscular at-		
rophy		60
Moderately severe		40
Moderate Mild		20 10
IVIIIG	1	10

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0000 NL 11	
8620 Neuritis. 8720 Neuralgia.	
External popliteal nerve (common peroneal)	
8521 Paralysis of: Complete; foot drop and slight droop of first phalanges of all toes, cannot dorsiflex the foot, extension (dorsal flexion) of proximal phalanges of toes lost; abduction of foot lost, adduction weakened; anesthesia covers entire dorsum of foot and	
toes Incomplete:	40
Severe Moderate Mild 8621 Neuritis. 8721 Neuralgia.	30 20 10
Musculocutaneous nerve (superficial peroneal)	
8522 Paralysis of: Complete; eversion of foot weakened Incomplete:	30
Moderate Moderate Mild	20 10 0
Anterior tibial nerve (deep peroneal)	
8523 Paralysis of: Complete; dorsal flexion of foot lost Incomplete: Severe Moderate Mild	30 20 10 0
8623 Neuritis. 8723 Neuralgia.	
Internal popliteal nerve (tibial)	
8524 Paralysis of: Complete; plantar flexion lost, frank adduction of foot impossible, flexion and separation of toes abolished; no muscle in sole can move; in lesions of the nerve high in popliteal fossa, plantar flexion of foot is lost	40
Incomplete:	
Severe Moderate Mild 8624 Neuritis. 8724 Neuralgia.	30 20 10
Posterior tibial nerve	
8525 Paralysis of: Complete; paralysis of all muscles of sole of foot, frequently with painful paralysis of a causalgic nature; toes cannot be flexed; adduction is weak- ened; plantar flexion is impaired	30

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	Rating
Incomplete: Severe Moderate Mild	20 10 10
8625 Neuritis. 8725 Neuralgia.	
Anterior crural nerve (femoral)	
8526 Paralysis of: Complete; paralysis of quadriceps ex- tensor muscles	40
Incomplete: Severe Moderate Mild	30 20 10
8726 Neuralgia.	
Internal saphenous nerve 8527 Paralysis of: Severe to complete Mild to moderate	10 0
8627 Neuritis. 8727 Neuralgia.	
Obturator nerve	
 8528 Paralysis of: Severe to complete Mild or moderate 8628 Neuritis. 8728 Neuralgia. 	10 0
External cutaneous nerve of thigh	
8529 Paralysis of: Severe to complete Mild or moderate 8629 Neuritis. 8729 Neuralgia.	10 0
Ilio-inguinal nerve	
8530 Paralysis of: Severe to complete Mild or moderate	10 0
8730 Neuralgia. 8540 Soft-tissue sarcoma (of neurogenic origin)	100
NOTE: The 100 percent rating will be co for 6 months following the cessation gical, X-ray, antineoplastic chemothe other therapeutic procedure. At this there has been no local recurrence o tases, the rating will be made on resid	of sur- erapy or point, if r metas-

THE EPILEPSIES

	Rat- ing
 A thorough study of all material in §§ 4.121 and 4.122 of the preface and under the ratings for epilepsy is necessary prior to any rating action. 8910 Epilepsy, grand mal. Rate under the general rating formula for major seizures. 8911 Epilepsy, petit mal. 	

THE EPILEPSIES—Continued

	Rat- ing
Rate under the general rating formula for minor seizures.	
NOTE (1): A major seizure is characterized by the generalized tonic-clonic convulsion with	
unconsciousness.	
NOTE (2): A minor seizure consists of a brief interruption in consciousness or conscious control associated with staring or rhythmic blinking of the eyes or nodding of the head ("pure" petit mal), or sudden jerking move- ments of the arms, trunk, or head (myoclonic type) or sudden loss of postural control (akinetic type).	
General Rating Formula for Major and Minor Ep- ileptic Seizures:	
Averaging at least 1 major seizure per month over the last year Averaging at least 1 major seizure in 3	100
months over the last year; or more than 10 minor seizures weekly	80
Averaging at least 1 major seizure in 4 months over the last year; or 9-10 minor	
seizures per week At least 1 major seizure in the last 6 months or 2 in the last year; or averaging at least	60
5 to 8 minor seizures weekly At least 1 major seizure in the last 2 years; or at least 2 minor seizures in the last 6	40
months A confirmed diagnosis of epilepsy with a	20
history of seizures NOTE (1): When continuous medication is shown necessary for the control of epilepsy, the min- imum evaluation will be 10 percent. This rating will not be combined with any other rating for epilepsy.	1(
NOTE (2): In the presence of major and minor seizures, rate the predominating type. NOTE (3): There will be no distinction between diurnal and nocturnal major seizures.	
8912 Epilepsy, Jacksonian and focal motor or sen- sory.	
3913 Epilepsy, diencephalic. Rate as minor seizures, except in the presence of major and minor seizures, rate the predomi-	
nating type. 3914 Epilepsy, psychomotor. Major seizures:	
Psychomotor seizures will be rated as major seizures under the general rating formula when characterized by automatic states and/or generalized convulsions with un- consciousness.	
Minor seizures: Psychomotor seizures will be rated as minor seizures under the general rating formula	
seizures under the general rating formula when characterized by brief transient epi- sodes of random motor movements, hallu- cinations, perceptual illusions, abnormali- ties of thinking, memory or mood, or auto- porce distributoreco	
nomic disturbances. Mental Disorders in Epilepsies: A nonpsychotic brain syndrome will be rated separately under the app diagnostic code (e.g., 9304 or 9326). In the absence agnosis of non-psychotic organic psychiatric disturbanc	of a di

agnosis of non-psychotic organic psychiatric disturbance (psy-chotic, psychoneurotic or personality disorder) if diagnosed and shown to be secondary to or directly associated with epi-lepsy will be rated separately. The psychotic or psychroneurotic disorder will be rated under the appropriate diagnostic code. The personality disorder will be rated as a dementia (e.g., diagnostic code 9304 or 9326).

Epilepsy and Unemployability: (1) Rating specialists must bear in mind that the epileptic, although his or her seizures are controlled, may find employment and rehabilitation difficult of attainment due to employer reluctance to the hiring of the epileptic

epieptic. (2) Where a case is encountered with a definite history of unemployment, full and complete development should be un-dertaken to ascertain whether the epilepsy is the determining factor in his or her inability to obtain employment. (3) The assent of the claimant should first be obtained for

(a) The assent of the clantarit should have be obtained for permission to conduct this economic and social survey. The purpose of this survey is to secure all the relevant facts and data necessary to permit of a true judgment as to the reason for his or her unemployment and should include information or to: as to:

(a) Education;
(b) Occupations prior and subsequent to service;
(c) Places of employment and reasons for termination;
(d) Wages received;
(e) Number of seizures.
(4) Upon completion of this survey and current examination, the case should have rating board consideration. Where in the judgment of the rating board the veteran's unemployability is due to epilepsy and jurisdiction is not vested in that body by reason of schedular evaluations, the case should be submitted to the Compensation Service or the Director, Pension and Fiduciary Service.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[29 FR 6718, May 22, 1964, as amended at 40 FR 42540, Sept. 15, 1975; 41 FR 11302, Mar. 18, 1976; 43 FR 45362, Oct. 2, 1978; 54 FR 4282, Jan. 30, 1989; 54 FR 49755, Dec. 1, 1989; 55 FR 154, Jan. 3, 1990; 56 FR 51653, Oct. 15, 1991; 57 FR 24364, June 9, 1992; 70 FR 75399, Dec. 20, 2005; 73 FR 54705, Sept. 23, 2008; 73 FR 69554, Nov. 19, 2008; 76 FR 78824, Dec. 20, 2011; 79 FR 2100, Jan. 13, 2014]

MENTAL DISORDERS

§4.125 Diagnosis of mental disorders.

(a) If the diagnosis of a mental disorder does not conform to DSM-5 or is not supported by the findings on the examination report, the rating agency shall return the report to the examiner to substantiate the diagnosis. Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition (DSM-5), American Psychiatric Association (2013), is incorporated by reference into this section with the approval of the Director of the Federal Register under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. To enforce any edition other than that specified in this section, the Department of Veterans Affairs must publish notice of change in the FEDERAL REGISTER and the material must be available to the public. All approved material is available from the American Psychiatric Association, 1000 Wilson Boulevard, Suite 1825, Arlington, VA 22209-3901, 703-907-7300, http://www.dsm5.org. It is also available for inspection at the Office of Regulation Policy and Management, Department of Veterans Affairs, 810 Vermont Avenue NW., Room 1068,

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Washington, DC 20420. It is also available for inspection at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this information at NARA, call 202-741-6030 or go to http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/code_of_federal_regulations/

ibr publications.html.

(b) If the diagnosis of a mental disorder is changed, the rating agency shall determine whether the new diagnosis represents progression of the prior diagnosis, correction of an error in the prior diagnosis, or development of a new and separate condition. If it is not clear from the available records what the change of diagnosis represents, the rating agency shall return the report to the examiner for a determination.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

 $[61\ {\rm FR}\ 52700,\ {\rm Oct.}\ 8,\ 1996,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 79\ {\rm FR}\ 45099,\ {\rm Aug.}\ 4,\ 2014]$

§4.126 Evaluation of disability from mental disorders.

(a) When evaluating a mental disorder, the rating agency shall consider the frequency, severity, and duration of psychiatric symptoms, the length of remissions, and the veteran's capacity for adjustment during periods of remission. The rating agency shall assign an evaluation based on all the evidence of record that bears on occupational and social impairment rather than solely on the examiner's assessment of the level of disability at the moment of the examination.

(b) When evaluating the level of disability from a mental disorder, the rating agency will consider the extent of social impairment, but shall not assign an evaluation solely on the basis of social impairment.

(c) Neurocognitive disorders shall be evaluated under the general rating formula for mental disorders; neurologic deficits or other impairments stemming from the same etiology (e.g., a head injury) shall be evaluated separately and combined with the evaluation for neurocognitive disorders (see §4.25).

(d) When a single disability has been diagnosed both as a physical condition and as a mental disorder, the rating agency shall evaluate it using a diag38 CFR Ch. I (7–1–20 Edition)

nostic code which represents the dominant (more disabling) aspect of the condition (see §4.14).

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

 $[61\ {\rm FR}\ 52700,\ {\rm Oct.}\ 8,\ 1996,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 79\ {\rm FR}\ 45099,\ {\rm Aug.}\ 4,\ 2014]$

§4.127 Intellectual disability (intellectual developmental disorder) and personality disorders.

Intellectual disability (intellectual developmental disorder) and personality disorders are not diseases or injuries for compensation purposes, and, except as provided in §3.310(a) of this chapter, disability resulting from them may not be service-connected. However, disability resulting from a mental disorder that is superimposed upon intellectual disability (intellectual developmental disorder) or a personality disorder may be service-connected.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[79 FR 45100, Aug. 4, 2014]

§4.128 Convalescence ratings following extended hospitalization.

If a mental disorder has been assigned a total evaluation due to a continuous period of hospitalization lasting six months or more, the rating agency shall continue the total evaluation indefinitely and schedule a mandatory examination six months after the veteran is discharged or released to nonbed care. A change in evaluation based on that or any subsequent examination shall be subject to the provisions of §3.105(e) of this chapter.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[61 FR 52700, Oct. 8, 1996]

§4.129 Mental disorders due to traumatic stress.

When a mental disorder that develops in service as a result of a highly stressful event is severe enough to bring about the veteran's release from active military service, the rating agency shall assign an evaluation of not less than 50 percent and schedule an examination within the six month period

following the veteran's discharge to determine whether a change in evaluation is warranted.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[61 FR 52700, Oct. 8, 1996]

§4.130 Schedule of ratings—Mental disorders.

The nomenclature employed in this portion of the rating schedule is based upon the American Psychiatric Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition (DSM-5) (see §4.125 for availability information). Rating agencies must be thoroughly familiar with this manual to properly implement the directives in §4.125 through §4.129 and to apply the general rating formula for mental disorders in §4.130. The schedule for rating for mental disorders is set forth as follows:

- 9201 Schizophrenia
- 9202 [Removed]
- 9203 [Removed]
- 9204 [Removed]
- 9205 [Removed]
- 9208 Delusional disorder
- 9210 Other specified and unspecified schizophrenia spectrum and other psychotic disorders
- 9211 Schizoaffective disorder
- 9300 Delirium
- 9301 Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to HIV or other infections

- 9304 Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to traumatic brain injury
- 9305 Major or mild vascular neurocognitive disorder
- 9310 Unspecified neurocognitive disorder
- 9312 Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to Alzheimer's disease
- 9326 Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to another medical condition or substance/medication-induced major or mild neurocognitive disorder
- 9327 [Removed]
- 9400 Generalized anxiety disorder
- 9403 Specific phobia; social anxiety disorder (social phobia)
- 9404 Obsessive compulsive disorder
- 9410 Other specified anxiety disorder
- 9411 Posttraumatic stress disorder
- 9412 Panic disorder and/or agoraphobia
- 9413 Unspecified anxiety disorder
- 9416 Dissociative amnesia; dissociative identity disorder
- 9417 Depersonalization/Derealization disorder
- 9421 Somatic symptom disorder
- 9422 Other specified somatic symptom and related disorder
- 9423 Unspecified somatic symptom and related disorder
- 9424 Conversion disorder (functional neurological symptom disorder)
- 9425 Illness anxiety disorder
- 9431 Cyclothymic disorder
- 9432 Bipolar disorder
- 9433 Persistent depressive disorder (dysthymia)
- 9434 Major depressive disorder
- 9435 Unspecified depressive disorder
- 9440 Chronic adjustment disorder

GENERAL RATING FORMULA FOR MENTAL DISORDERS

	Rating
Total occupational and social impairment, due to such symptoms as: gross impairment in thought processes or com- munication; persistent delusions or hallucinations; grossly inappropriate behavior; persistent danger of hurting self or others; intermittent inability to perform activities of daily living (including maintenance of minimal personal hy- giene); disorientation to time or place; memory loss for names of close relatives, own occupation, or own name.	100
Occupational and social impairment, with deficiencies in most areas, such as work, school, family relations, judg- ment, thinking, or mood, due to such symptoms as: suicidal ideation; obsessional rituals which interfere with rou- tine activities; speech intermittently illogical, obscure, or irrelevant; near-continuous panic or depression affecting the ability to function independently, appropriately and effectively; impaired impulse control (such as unprovoked irritability with periods of violence); spatial disorientation; neglect of personal appearance and hygiene; difficulty in adapting to stressful circumstances (including work or a worklike setting); inability to establish and maintain effec-	
tive relationships.	70
Occupational and social impairment with reduced reliability and productivity due to such symptoms as: flattened af- fect; circumstantial, circumlocutory, or stereotyped speech; panic attacks more than once a week; difficulty in un- derstanding complex commands; impairment of short- and long-term memory (e.g., retention of only highly learned material, forgetting to complete tasks); impaired judgment; impaired abstract thinking; disturbances of mo- tivation and mood; difficulty in establishing and maintaining effective work and social relationships.	50
Occupational and social impairment with occasional decrease in work efficiency and intermittent periods of inability to perform occupational tasks (although generally functioning satisfactorily, with routine behavior, self-care, and conversation normal), due to such symptoms as: depressed mood, anxiety, suspiciousness, panic attacks (weekly	
or less often), chronic sleep impairment, mild memory loss (such as forgetting names, directions, recent events). Occupational and social impairment due to mild or transient symptoms which decrease work efficiency and ability to perform occupational tasks only during periods of significant stress, or symptoms controlled by continuous medi- cation.	30
A mental condition has been formally diagnosed, but symptoms are not severe enough either to interfere with occu-	10
pational and social functioning or to require continuous medication.	0

§4.130

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9520 Anorexia nervosa 9521 Bulimia nervosa

RATING FORMULA FOR EATING DISORDERS

	Rating
Self-induced weight loss to less than 80 percent of expected minimum weight, with incapacitating episodes of at least six weeks total duration per year, and requiring hospitalization more than twice a year for parenteral nutrition	
or tube feeding.	100
Self-induced weight loss to less than 85 percent of expected minimum weight with incapacitating episodes of six or	
more weeks total duration per year.	60
Self-induced weight loss to less than 85 percent of expected minimum weight with incapacitating episodes of more than two but less than six weeks total duration per year.	30
Binge eating followed by self-induced vomiting or other measures to prevent weight gain, or resistance to weight gain even when below expected minimum weight, with diagnosis of an eating disorder and incapacitating epi-	10
sodes of up to two weeks total duration per year. Binge eating followed by self-induced vomiting or other measures to prevent weight gain, or resistance to weight	10
gain even when below expected minimum weight, with diagnosis of an eating disorder but without incapacitating	
episodes.	0

Note 1: An incapacitating episode is a period during which bed rest and treatment by a physician are required. Note 2: Ratings under diagnostic codes 9201 to 9440 will be evaluated using the General Rating Formula for Mental Disorders. Ratings under diagnostic codes 9520 and 9521 will be evaluated using the General Rating Formula for Eating Disorders.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[79 FR 45100, Aug. 4, 2014]

DENTAL AND ORAL CONDITIONS

§4.149 [Reserved]

§4.150 Schedule of ratings—dental and oral conditions.

	Rat- ing
Note (1): For VA compensation purposes, diagnostic imaging studies include, but are not limited to, con- ventional radiography (X-ray), computed tomog- raphy (CT), magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), positron emission tomography (PET), radionuclide bone scanning, or ultrasonography	
Note (2): Separately evaluate loss of vocal articula- tion, loss of smell, loss of taste, neurological im- pairment, respiratory dysfunction, and other impair- ments under the appropriate diagnostic code and combine under §4.25 for each separately rated condition	
9900 Maxilla or mandible, chronic osteomyelitis, osteonecrosis or osteoradionecrosis of	
Rate as osteomyelitis, chronic under diag- nostic code 5000	
9901 Mandible, loss of, complete, between angles 9902 Mandible, loss of, including ramus, unilaterally or bilaterally:	100
Loss of one-half or more,.	
Involving temporomandibular articu- lation.	
Not replaceable by prosthesis	70
Replaceable by prosthesis Not involving temporomandibular articulation.	50
Not replaceable by prosthesis	40
Replaceable by prosthesis Loss of less than one-half, Involving temporomandibular articu-	30
lation.	70
Not replaceable by prosthesis Replaceable by prosthesis	70 50

	Rat- ing
Not involving temporoma	ndibular
articulation.	
Not replaceable by prosthesis	
Replaceable by prosthesis	
9903 Mandible, nonunion of, confirmed b	y diag-
nostic imaging studies:	
Severe, with false motion	
Moderate, without false motion	1
9904 Mandible, malunion of:	
Displacement, causing severe ant	
posterior open bite	
Displacement, causing moderate an	
posterior open bite	
Displacement, not causing anterior	
terior open bite	
9905 Temporomandibular disorder (TMD):	
Interincisal range:	
0 to 10 millimeters (mm)	
imum unassisted vertica	l open-
ing.	
With dietary restric	
all mechanically	
foods	
Without dietary res	
to mechanically foods	
11 to 20 mm of maximur	
sisted vertical opening.	i unas-
With dietary restric	tions to
all mechanically	altered
foods	
Without dietary res	
to mechanically	
foods	
21 to 29 mm of maximur	n unas-
sisted vertical opening.	
With dietary restrict	tions to
full liquid and	
foods	
With dietary restric	
soft and se	
foods	3
Without dietary res	
to mechanically	
foods	2

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	Rat- ing		Rat- ing
30 to 34 mm of maximum unas- sisted vertical opening. With dietary restrictions to full liquid and pureed foode	20	Where the loss of masticatory surface can be restored by suitable prosthesis NOTE—These ratings apply only to bone loss through trauma or disease such as	0
foods With dietary restrictions to soft and semi-solid foods	30 20	osteomyelitis, and not to the loss of the alveolar process as a result of periodontal disease, since such loss is not considered disabling.	
Without dietary restrictions to mechanically altered	20	9914 Maxilla, loss of more than half: Not replaceable by prosthesis	100
foods	10	Replaceable by prosthesis	50
0 to 4 mm Note (1): Ratings for limited interincisal movement shall not be combined with ratings for limited lat-	10	Loss of 25 to 50 percent: Not replaceable by prosthesis Replaceable by prosthesis	40 30
eral excursion. Note (2): For VA compensation purposes, the normal maximum unassisted range of vertical jaw opening		Loss of less than 25 percent: Not replaceable by prosthesis	20
Note (3): For VA compensation purposes, mechani- cally altered foods are defined as altered by blend-		Peptaceatie by prostnesis Replaceable by prostnesis 9916 Maxilla, malunion or nonunion of: Nonunion.	0
ing, chopping, grinding or mashing so that they are easy to chew and swallow. There are four levels of		With false motion Without false motion	30 10
mechanically altered foods: full liquid, puree, soft, and semisolid foods. To warrant elevation based		Malunion,	10
on mechanically altered foods, the use of texture- modified diets must be recorded or verified by a		With displacement, causing severe anterior or posterior open bite With displacement, causing mod-	30
physician. 9908 Condyloid process, loss of, one or both sides 9909 Coronoid process, loss of:	30	erate anterior or posterior open bite	10
Bilateral Unilateral	20 10	With displacement, causing mild anterior or posterior open bite	0
9911 Hard palate, loss of: Loss of half or more, not replaceable by	30	Note: For VA compensation purposes, the severity of maxillary nonunion is dependent upon the degree of abnormal mobility of maxilla fragments following	
prosthesis Loss of less than half, not replaceable by prosthesis	20	treatment (<i>i.e.</i> , presence or absence of false mo- tion), and maxillary nonunion must be confirmed by	
Loss of half or more, replaceable by pros- thesis	10	diagnostic imaging studies. 9917 Neoplasm, hard and soft tissue, benign:	
Loss of less than half, replaceable by pros- thesis	0	Rate as loss of supporting structures (bone or teeth) and/or functional impairment due	
9913 Teeth, loss of, due to loss of substance of body of maxilla or mandible without loss of con- tinuity:		to scarring. 9918 Neoplasm, hard and soft tissue, malignant Note: A rating of 100 percent shall continue beyond	100
Where the lost masticatory surface cannot be restored by suitable prosthesis: Loss of all teeth Loss of all upper teeth	40 30	the cessation of any surgical, radiation, antineoplastic chemotherapy or other therapeutic procedure. Six months after discontinuance of	
Loss of all upper teeth Loss of all lower teeth All upper and lower posterior teeth missing	30 30 20	such treatment, the appropriate disability rating shall be determined by mandatory VA examination. Any change in evaluation based upon that or any	
All upper and lower anterior teeth missing	20	subsequent examination shall be subject to the provisions of §3.105(e) of this chapter. If there has been no local recurrence or metastasis, rate on re-	
All upper anterior teeth missing All lower anterior teeth missing All upper and lower teeth on one	10 10	siduals such as loss of supporting structures (bone or teeth) and/or functional impairment due to scar- ring.	
side missing	10	·····9·	

 $[59\;{\rm FR}\;2530,\,{\rm Jan.}\;18,\,1994,\,{\rm as}\;{\rm amended}\;{\rm at}\;82\;{\rm FR}\;36083,\,{\rm Aug.}\;3,\,2017]$

Appendix A to Part 4—Table of Amendments and Effective Dates Since 1946

Sec.	Diagnostic code No.	
4.71a	5002 5003 5012	Evaluation February 1, 1962. Evaluation March 11, 1969. Evaluation March 1, 1963. Added July 6, 1950. Criterion March 10, 1976. Criterion March 10, 1963.

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Sec.	Diagnostic code No.	
	5025	Added May 7, 1996.
	5051	Added September 22, 1978. Note July 16, 2015.
	5052	Added September 22, 1978. Note July 16, 2015.
	5053 5054	Added September 22, 1978. Note July 16, 2015. Added September 22, 1978. Note July 16, 2015.
	5054	Added September 22, 1978. Note July 16, 2015.
	5056	Added September 22, 1978. Note July 16, 2015.
	5100-5103	Removed March 10, 1976.
	5104	Criterion March 10, 1976.
	5105	Criterion March 10, 1976.
	5164	Evaluation June 9, 1952.
	5166 5172	Criterion September 22, 1978. Added July 6, 1950.
	5172	Added June 9, 1952.
	5174	Added September 9, 1975; removed September 22, 1978.
	5211	Criterion September 22, 1978.
	5212	Criterion September 22, 1978.
	5214	Criterion September 22, 1978.
	5216	Preceding paragraph criterion September 22, 1978.
	5217 5218	Criterion August 26, 2002. Criterion August 26, 2002.
	5210	Criterion September 22, 1978; criterion August 26, 2002.
	5220	Preceding paragraph criterion September 22, 1978; criterion August 26, 2002.
	5223	Criterion August 26, 2002.
	5224	Criterion August 26, 2002.
	5225	Criterion August 26, 2002.
	5226	Criterion August 26, 2002.
	5227 5228	Criterion September 22, 1978; criterion August 26, 2002. Added August 26, 2002.
	5228	Added August 26, 2002.
	5230	Added August 26, 2002.
	5235-5243	Replaces 5285-5295 September 26, 2003.
	5243	Criterion September 26, 2003.
	5255	Criterion July 6, 1950.
	5257	Evaluation July 6, 1950.
	5264 5275	Added September 9, 1975; removed September 22, 1978.
	5285-5292	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion September 22, 1978. Revised to 5235–5243 September 26, 2003.
	5293	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion September 23, 2002; revised and moved to
		5235-5243 September 26, 2003.
	5294	Evaluation March 10, 1976; revised and moved to 5235–5243 September 26, 2003.
	5295	Evaluation March 10, 1976; revised and moved to 5235-5243 September 26,
		2003.
	5296	Criterion March 10, 1976.
	5297	Criterion August 23, 1948; criterion February 1, 1962.
73	5298	Added August 23, 1948. Introduction NOTE criterion July 3, 1997.
/0	5317	Criterion September 22, 1978.
	5324	Added February 1, 1962.
	5325	Criterion July 3, 1997.
	5327	Added March 10, 1976; criterion October 15, 1991; criterion July 3, 1997.
	5328	Added NOTE March 10, 1976.
77	5329	Added NOTE July 3, 1997. Revised May 13, 2018.
78		Revised May 13, 2018. Revised May 13, 2018.
79		Introduction criterion May 13, 2018; Revised General Rating Formula for Dis-
		eases of the Eye NOTE revised May 13, 2018.
	6000	Criterion May 13, 2018.
	6001	Criterion May 13, 2018.
	6002	Criterion May 13, 2018.
	6006 6007	Title May 13, 2018. Criterion May 13, 2018.
	6007 6008	Criterion May 13, 2018. Criterion May 13, 2018.
	6009	Criterion May 13, 2018.
	6011	Evaluation May 13, 2018.
	6012	Evaluation May 13, 2018.
	6013	Evaluation May 13, 2018.
		The Man 40,0040
	6014	Title May 13, 2018.
	6015	Title May 13, 2018.

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Sec.	Diagnostic code No.	
	6026	Evaluation May 13, 2018.
	6027	Evaluation May 13, 2018.
	6034	Evaluation May 13, 2018.
	6035	Evaluation May 13, 2018.
	6036	Evaluation May 13, 2018.
	6040	Added May 13, 2018.
	6042 6046	Added May 13, 2018. Added May 13, 2018.
	6091	Evaluation May 13, 2018.
84a		Table V criterion July 1, 1994.
	6010	Criterion March 11, 1969.
	6019	Criterion September 22, 1978.
	6029	NOTE August 23, 1948; criterion September 22, 1978.
	6035	Added September 9, 1975.
	6050-6062	Removed March 10, 1976.
	6061	Added March 10, 1976.
	6062	Added March 10, 1976.
	6063–6079 6064	Criterion September 22, 1978. Criterion March 10, 1976.
	6071	Criterion March 10, 1976.
	6076	Evaluation August 23, 1948.
	6080	Criterion September 22, 1978.
	6081	Criterion March 10, 1976.
	6090	Criterion September 22, 1978; criterion September 12, 1988.
34b	6260	Added October 1, 1961; criterion October 1, 1961; evaluation March 10, 19
		removed December 18, 1987; re-designated §4.87a December 18, 1987.
87		Tables VI and VII replaced by new Tables VI, VIA, and VII December 18, 198
-		6200-6260 revised and re-designated § 4.87 June 10, 1999.
37a	6200-6260	Moved to § 4.87 June 10, 1999.
	6275-6276	Moved from §4.87b June 10, 1999.
	6277–6297	March 23, 1956 removed, December 17, 1987; Table II revised Table V Mar
		10, 1976; Table II revised to Table VII September 22, 1978; text from §4.8
	6286	Schedule of ratings-ear re-designated from §4.87 December 17, 1987. Removed December 17, 1987.
	6291	Criterion March 10, 1976; removed December 17, 1987.
	6297	Criterion March 10, 1976; removed December 17, 1987.
87b		Removed June 10, 1999.
38a		March 11, 1969; re-designated §4.88b November 29, 1994; §4.88a added
		read "Chronic fatigue syndrome"; criterion November 29, 1994.
88b		Added March 11, 1969; re-designated §4.88c November 29, 1994; §4.88a
		designated to §4.88b November 29, 1994; General Rating Formula for Infe
		tious Diseases added August 11, 2019.
	6300	Criterion August 30, 1996; title, criterion, and note August 11, 2019.
	6301	Criterion, note August 11, 2019.
	6302	Criterion September 22, 1978; criterion August 30, 1996; criterion, note Aug
	6004	11, 2019.
	6304 6305	Evaluation August 30, 1996; criterion, note August 11, 2019. Criterion March 1, 1989; evaluation August 30, 1996; title, criterion, note Aug
	0000	11, 2019.
	6306	Evaluation August 30, 1996; criterion, note August 11, 2019.
	6307	Criterion May 13, 2018; criterion, note August 11, 2019.
	6308	Criterion August 30, 1996; criterion, note August 11, 2019.
	6309	Added March 1, 1963; criterion March 1, 1989; criterion August 30, 1996;
		terion, note August 11, 2019.
	6310	Criterion, note August 11, 2019.
	6311	Criterion, note August 11, 2019.
	6312	Added August 11, 2019.
	6314	Evaluation March 1, 1989; evaluation August 30, 1996.
	6315	Criterion August 30, 1996.
	6316	Evaluation March 1, 1989; evaluation August 30, 1996; criterion, note August 2019.
	6317	Criterion August 30, 1996; title, criterion, note August 11, 2019.
	6318	Added March 1, 1989; criterion August 30, 1996; criterion, note August 11, 2019
	6319 6320	Added August 30, 1996; criterion, note August 11, 2019.
	6320	Added August 30, 1996; criterion, note August 11, 2019.
	6325	Added August 11, 2019.
	6326 6329	Added August 11, 2019. Added August 11, 2019.
	6330	Added August 11, 2019.
	6331	Added August 11, 2019.
	6333	Added August 11, 2019.
	6334	Added August 11, 2019.

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Sec.	Diagnostic code No.	
	6350	Evaluation March 1, 1963; evaluation March 10, 1976; evaluation August 30
	6351	1996. Added March 1, 1989; evaluation March 24, 1992; criterion August 30, 1996; criterion, note August 11, 2019.
	6352	Added March 1, 1989; removed March 24, 1992.
	6353	Added March 1, 1989; removed March 24, 1992.
	6354	Added November 29, 1994; criterion August 30, 1996; title, criterion, note Augus 11, 2019.
.88c		Re-designated from §4.88b November 29, 1994.
.89		Ratings for nonpulmonary TB December 1, 1949; criterion March 11, 1969.
.97	6502	Criterion October 7, 1996.
	6504 6510–6514	Criterion October 7, 1996. Criterion October 7, 1996.
	6515	Criterion March 11, 1969.
	6516	Criterion October 7, 1996.
	6517 6518	Removed October 7, 1996. Criterion October 7, 1996.
	6519	Criterion October 7, 1996.
	6520	Criterion October 7, 1996.
	6521 6522	Added October 7, 1996. Added October 7, 1996.
	6523	Added October 7, 1996.
	6524	Added October 7, 1996.
	6600	Evaluation September 9, 1975; criterion October 7, 1996.
	6601 6602	Criterion October 7, 1996. Criterion September 9, 1975; criterion October 7, 1996.
	6603	Added September 9, 1975; criterion October 7, 1996.
	6604	Added October 7, 1996.
	6701	Evaluation October 7, 1996.
	6702 6703	Evaluation October 7, 1996. Evaluation October 7, 1996.
	6704	Subparagraph (1) following December 1, 1949; criterion March 11, 1969; criterio
		September 22, 1978.
	6705 6707–6710	Removed March 11, 1969. Added March 11, 1969; removed September 22, 1978.
	6721	Criterion July 6, 1950; criterion September 22, 1978.
	6724	Second note following December 1, 1949; criterion March 11, 1969; evaluatio
	0705 0700	October 7, 1996.
	6725–6728 6730	Added March 11, 1969; removed September 22, 1978. Added September 22, 1978; criterion October 7, 1996.
	6731	Evaluation September 22, 1978; criterion October 7, 1996.
	6732	Criterion March 11, 1969.
	6800 6801	Criterion September 9, 1975; removed October 7, 1996. Removed October 7, 1996.
	6802	Criterion September 9, 1975; removed October 7, 1996.
	6810-6813	Removed October 7, 1996.
	6814	Criterion March 10, 1976; removed October 7, 1996.
	6815 6816	Removed October 7, 1996. Removed October 7, 1996.
	6817	Evaluation October 7, 1996.
	6818	Removed October 7, 1996.
	6819 6821	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion October 7, 1996. Evaluation August 23, 1948.
	6822-6847	Added October 7, 1996.
.104	7000	Evaluation July 6, 1950; evaluation September 22, 1978; evaluation January 12 1998.
	7001	Evaluation January 12, 1998.
	7002	Evaluation January 12, 1998.
	7003 7004	Evaluation January 12, 1998. Criterion September 22, 1978; evaluation January 12, 1998.
	7005	Evaluation September 9, 1975; evaluation September 22, 1978; evaluation Janu
		ary 12, 1998.
	7006	Evaluation January 12, 1998. Evaluation September 22, 1978; evaluation January 12, 1998.
	7007 7008	Evaluation September 22, 1978; evaluation January 12, 1998. Evaluation January 12, 1998; criterion December 10, 2017.
	7010	Evaluation January 12, 1998.
	7011	Evaluation January 12, 1998.
	7013 7014	Removed January 12, 1998.
	/014	Removed January 12, 1998.
		Evaluation September 9, 1975; criterion January 12, 1998.
	7015 7016	Evaluation September 9, 1975; criterion January 12, 1998. Added September 9, 1975; evaluation January 12, 1998. Added September 22, 1978; evaluation January 12, 1998.

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Sec.	Diagnostic code No.	
	7019	Added January 12, 1998.
	7020	Added January 12, 1998.
	7100	Evaluation July 6, 1950.
	7101	Criterion September 1, 1960; criterion September 9, 1975; criterion January 12 1998.
	7110	Evaluation September 9, 1975; evaluation January 12, 1998.
	7111	Criterion September 9, 1975; evaluation January 12, 1998.
	7112	
	7113 7114	Evaluation January 12, 1998. Added June 9, 1952; evaluation January 12, 1998.
	7115	Added June 9, 1952; evaluation January 12, 1998.
	7116	Added June 9, 1952; evaluation March 10, 1976; removed January 12, 1998.
	7117	Added June 9, 1952; evaluation January 12, 1998.
	7118	Criterion January 12, 1998.
	7119	Evaluation January 12, 1998.
	7120	Note following July 6, 1950; evaluation January 12, 1998.
	7121 7122	Criterion July 6, 1950; evaluation March 10, 1976; evaluation January 12, 1998. Last sentence of Note following July 6, 1950; evaluation January 12, 1998; cri-
111	7123	terion August 13, 1998. Added October 15, 1991; criterion January 12, 1998.
114	7004	Introduction paragraph revised March 10, 1976.
	7304 7305	Evaluation November 1, 1962. Evaluation November 1, 1962.
	7308	Evaluation April 8, 1959.
	7311	Criterion July 2, 2001.
	7312	
	7313	Evaluation March 10, 1976; removed July 2, 2001.
	7319	Evaluation November 1, 1962.
	7321	Evaluation July 6, 1950; criterion March 10, 1976.
	7328	Evaluation November 1, 1962.
	7329	Evaluation November 1, 1962.
	7330 7331	Evaluation November 1, 1962. Criterion March 11, 1969.
	7332	
	7334	Evaluation July 6, 1950; evaluation November 1, 1962.
	7339	Criterion March 10, 1976.
	7341	Removed March 10, 1976.
	7343	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion July 2, 2001.
	7344	Criterion July 2, 2001.
	7345	Evaluation August 23, 1948; evaluation February 17, 1955; evaluation July 2 2001.
	7346	Evaluation February 1, 1962.
	7347 7348	Added September 9, 1975. Added March 10, 1976.
	7351	Added July 2, 2001.
	7354	Added July 2, 2001.
115a		Re-designated and revised as §4.115b; new §4.115a "Ratings of the genito- urinary system-dysfunctions" added February 17, 1994.
115b	7500	Note July 6, 1950; evaluation February 17, 1994, criterion September 8, 1994.
	7501	Evaluation February 17, 1994.
	7502	Evaluation February 17, 1994.
	7503	Removed February 17, 1994.
	7504	Criterion February 17, 1994. Criterion March 11, 1969; evaluation February 17, 1994.
	7505 7507	Criterion February 17, 1994.
	7508	Evaluation February 17, 1994.
	7509	Criterion February 17, 1994.
	7510	
	7511	Evaluation February 17, 1994.
	7512	
	7513	
	7514 7515	Criterion March 11, 1969; removed February 17, 1994. Criterion February 17, 1994.
	7515	Criterion February 17, 1994.
	7517	Criterion February 17, 1994.
	7518	Evaluation February 17, 1994.
	7519	Evaluation March 10, 1976; evaluation February 17, 1994.
	7520	Criterion February 17, 1994.
	7521	Criterion February 17, 1994.
	7522	Criterion September 8, 1994.
	7523 7524	Criterion September 8, 1994.
		Note July 6, 1950; evaluation February 17, 1994; evaluation September 8, 1994. Criterion March 11, 1969; evaluation February 17, 1994.

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Sec.	Diagnostic code No.	
	7526	Removed February 17, 1994.
	7527	Criterion February 17, 1994.
	7528	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 17, 1994.
	7529	Criterion February 17, 1994.
	7530 7531	Added September 9, 1975; evaluation February 17, 1994. Added September 9, 1975; criterion February 17, 1994.
	7532-7542	Added February 17, 1994.
.116		§4.116 removed and §4.116a re-designated §4.116 "Schedule of ratings-gyne
		cological conditions and disorders of the breasts" May 22, 1995.
	7610	Criterion May 22, 1995; title May 13, 2018.
	7611	Criterion May 22, 1995.
	7612 7613	Criterion May 22, 1995. Criterion May 22, 1995.
	7614	Criterion May 22, 1995.
	7615	Criterion May 22, 1995; note May 13, 2018.
	7617	Criterion May 22, 1995.
	7618	Criterion May 22, 1995.
	7619 7620	Criterion May 22, 1995; note May 13, 2018. Criterion May 22, 1995.
	7620	Criterion May 22, 1995; evaluation May 13, 2018.
	7622	Removed May 13, 2018.
	7623	Removed May 13, 2018.
	7624	Criterion August 9, 1976; evaluation May 22, 1995.
	7625	Criterion August 9, 1976; evaluation May 22, 1995.
	7626 7627	Criterion May 22, 1995; criterion March 18, 2002. Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion May 22, 1995; title, note May 13, 2018.
	7628	Added May 22, 1995; title, criterion May 13, 2018.
	7629	Added May 22, 1995.
	7630	Added May 13, 2018.
	7631	Added May 13, 2018.
	7632	Added May 13, 2018.
.117	7700	Removed December 9, 2018.
	7701 7702	Removed October 23, 1995. Evaluation October 23, 1995; title December 9, 2018; evaluation December
	1102	2018.
	7703	Evaluation August 23, 1948; criterion October 23, 1995; evaluation December
		2018; criterion December 9, 2018.
	7704	Evaluation October 23, 1995; evaluation December 9, 2018.
	7705	Evaluation October 23, 1995; title December 9, 2018; evaluation December
	7706	2018; criterion December 9, 2018. Evaluation October 23, 1995; note December 9, 2018; criterion October 2
	7700	Evaluation October 23, 1995; note December 9, 2018; criterion October 2: 1995.
	7707	Criterion October 23, 1995.
	7709	Evaluation March 10, 1976; criterion October 23, 1995; title December 9, 201
		criterion December 9, 2018.
	7710	Criterion October 23, 1995; criterion December 9, 2018.
	7711 7712	Criterion October 23, 1995.
	7712	Added December 9, 2018. Removed October 23, 1995.
	7714	Added September 9, 1975; criterion October 23, 1995; criterion December
		2018.
	7715	Added October 26, 1990; criterion December 9, 2018.
	7716	Added October 23, 1995; evaluation December 9, 2018; criterion December 9
	7717	2018. Added March 0, 2012
	7717 7718	Added March 9, 2012. Added December 9, 2018.
	7719	Added December 9, 2018.
	7720	Added December 9, 2018.
	7721	Added December 9, 2018.
	7722	Added December 9, 2018.
	7723	Added December 9, 2018.
	7724 7725	Added December 9, 2018. Added December 9, 2018.
.118	7725	Evaluation August 30, 2002; criterion October 23, 2008.
	7801	Criterion July 6, 1950; criterion August 30, 2002; criterion October 23, 2008; titl
		note 1, note 2 August 13, 2018.
	7802	Criterion September 22, 1978; criterion August 30, 2002; criterion October 2
		2008; title, note 1, note 2 August 13, 2018.
	7803	Criterion August 30, 2002; removed October 23, 2008.
	7804	Criterion July 6, 1950; criterion September 22, 1978; criterion and evaluation Oc
	7805	tober 23, 2008. Criterion October 23, 2008: title August 13, 2018.
	7000	
		General Rating Formula for DCs 7806, 7809, 7813–7816, 7820–7822, and 782

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Sec.	Diagnostic code No.	
	7806	Criterion September 9, 1975; evaluation August 30, 2002; criterion August 13,
	7007	2018. Criterian August 20, 2000
	7807 7808	Criterion August 30, 2002. Criterion August 30, 2002.
	7809	Criterion August 30, 2002; title, criterion August 13, 2018.
	7810	Removed August 30, 2002.
	7811	Criterion March 11, 1969; evaluation August 30, 2002.
	7812	Removed August 30, 2002.
	7813	Criterion August 30, 2002; title, criterion August 13, 2018.
	7814 7815	Removed August 30, 2002. Evaluation August 30, 2002; criterion, note August 13, 2018.
	7816	Evaluation August 30, 2002; criterion, note August 13, 2018.
	7817	Evaluation August 30, 2002; title, criterion, note August 13, 2018.
	7818	Criterion August 30, 2002.
	7819	Criterion August 30, 2002.
	7820	Added August 30, 2002; criterion August 13, 2018.
	7821 7822	Added August 30, 2002; title, criterion August 13, 2018. Added August 30, 2002; title, criterion August 13, 2018.
	7823	Added August 30, 2002; criterion August 13, 2018.
	7824	Added August 30, 2002; criterion August 13, 2018.
	7825	Added August 30, 2002; title, criterion August 13, 2018.
	7826	Added August 30, 2002; criterion August 13, 2018.
	7827 7828	Added August 30, 2002; criterion August 13, 2018. Added August 30, 2002; criterion August 13, 2018.
	7829	Added August 30, 2002; criterion August 13, 2018.
	7830	Added August 30, 2002; criterion August 13, 2018.
	7831	Added August 30, 2002; criterion August 13, 2018.
	7832	Added August 30, 2002; criterion August 13, 2018.
110	7833	Added August 30, 2002; criterion August 13, 2018.
119	7900	Criterion August 13, 1981; evaluation June 9, 1996; title December 10, 2017 evaluation December 10, 2017; criterion December 10, 2017; note December
		10, 2017.
	7901	Criterion August 13, 1981; evaluation June 9, 1996; title December 10, 2017
		evaluation December 10, 2017; criterion December 10, 2017; note December
		10, 2017.
	7902	Evaluation August 13, 1981; criterion June 9, 1996; title December 10, 2017 evaluation December 10, 2017; criterion December 10, 2017; note December
		10, 2017.
	7903	Criterion August 13, 1981; evaluation June 9, 1996; evaluation December 10
		2017; criterion December 10, 2017; note December 10, 2017.
	7904	Criterion August 13, 1981; evaluation June 9, 1996; evaluation December 10
	7905	2017; criterion December 10, 2017; note <i>December 10, 2017</i> . Evaluation; August 13, 1981; evaluation June 9, 1996; evaluation December 10
	7905	2017; criterion December 10, 2017.
	7906	Added December 10, 2017.
	7907	Evaluation; August 13, 1981; evaluation June 9, 1996; criterion December 10
		2017; note December 10, 2017.
	7908	Criterion August 13, 1981; criterion June 9, 1996; criterion December 10, 2017.
	7909	Evaluation August 13, 1981; criterion June 9, 1996; evaluation June 9, 1996; cr terion December 10, 2017; evaluation December 10, 2017; note December 10
		2017.
	7910	Removed June 9, 1996.
	7911	Evaluation March 11, 1969; evaluation August 13, 1981; criterion June 9, 1996
		title December 10, 2017; note December 10, 2017.
	7912 7913	Title December 10, 2017; criterion <i>December 10, 2017.</i> Criterion September 9, 1975; criterion August 13, 1981; criterion June 6, 1996
	7913	evaluation June 9, 1996; criterion December 10, 2017; note December 10
		2017.
	7914	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion August 13, 1981; criterion June 9, 1996.
	7915	Criterion June 9, 1996; criterion December 10, 2017.
	7916	Added June 9, 1996; note December 10, 2017.
	7917 7918	Added June 9, 1996; note <i>December 10, 2017.</i> Added June 9, 1996; note <i>December 10, 2017.</i>
	7919	Added June 9, 1996; evaluation June 9, 1996; criterion December 10, 2017; not
	.510	December 10, 2017.
.124a	8002	Criterion September 22, 1978.
	8021	Criterion September 22, 1978; criterion October 1, 1961; criterion March 10
	00.4F	1976; criterion March 1, 1989.
	8045 8046	Criterion and evaluation October 23, 2008. Added October 1, 1961; criterion March 10, 1976; criterion March 1, 1989.
	8100	Evaluation June 9, 1953.
	0100	

- 8100
 Evaluation June 9, 1953.

 8540
 Added October 15, 1991.

 8910
 Added October 1, 1961.

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Sec.	Diagnostic code No.	
	8911	Added October 1, 1961; evaluation September 9, 1975.
	8912	Added October 1, 1961.
	8913	Added October 1, 1961.
	8914	Added October 1, 1961; criterion September 9, 1975; criterion March 10, 1976.
25—4.132	8910-8914	Evaluations September 9, 1975. All Diagnostic Codes under Mental Disorders October 1, 1961; except as to eval
125-4.152		uation for Diagnostic Codes 9500 through 9511 September 9, 1975.
30		Re-designated from §4.132 November 7, 1996.
	9200	Removed February 3, 1988.
	9201	Criterion February 3, 1988; Title August 4, 2014.
	9202	Criterion February 3, 1988; removed August 4, 2014.
	9203 9204	Criterion February 3, 1988; removed August 4, 2014. Criterion February 3, 1988; removed August 4, 2014.
	9205	Criterion February 3, 1988; criterion November 7, 1996; Removed August 4
	0200	2014.
	9206	Criterion February 3, 1988; removed November 7, 1996.
	9207	Criterion February 3, 1988; removed November 7, 1996.
	9208	Criterion February 3, 1988; removed November 7, 1996.
	9209	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; removed November 7
	9210	1996. Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; criterion November 7, 1996
	0210	Title August 4, 2014.
	9211	Added November 7, 1996.
	9300	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; criterion November 7, 1996
	9301	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; criterion November 7, 1996
	9302	Title August 4, 2014. Criterion March 10, 1976: criterion February 3, 1988: removed Nevember 7
	9302	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; removed November 7 1996.
	9303	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; removed November 7
		1996.
	9304	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; criterion November 7, 1996
		Title August 4, 2014.
	9305	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; criterion November 7, 1996
	9306	Title August 4, 2014. Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; removed November 7
	0000	1996.
	9307	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; removed November 7
		1996.
	9308	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; removed November 7
	9309	1996. Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; removed November 7
	5505	1996.
	9310	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; criterion November 7, 1996
		Title August 4, 2014.
	9311	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; removed November 7
	0210	1996. Added March 10, 1076; criterian February 2, 1089; criterian Nevember 7, 1006
	9312	Added March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; criterion November 7, 1996 Title August 4, 2014.
	9313	Added March 10, 1976; removed February 3, 1988.
	9314	Added March 10, 1976; removed February 3, 1988.
	9315	Added March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; removed November 7, 1996.
	9316-9321	Added March 10, 1976; removed February 3, 1988.
	9322	Added March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; removed November 7, 1996.
	9323 9324	Added March 10, 1976; removed February 3, 1988. Added March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; removed November 7, 1996.
	9325	Added March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1966; removed November 7, 1996. Added March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; removed November 7, 1996.
	9326	Added March 10, 1976; removed February 3, 1988; added November 7, 1996
		Title August 4, 2014.
	9327	Added November 7, 1996; removed August 4, 2014.
	9400–9411 9400	Evaluations February 3, 1988.
	9400	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988. Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; removed November 7
	3-01	1996.
	9402	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; removed November 7
		1996.
	9403	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; criterion November 7, 1996
	0.110	Title August 4, 2014.
	9410 9411	Added March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988; Title August 4, 2014. Added February 3, 1988.
	9411	Added November 7, 1996.
	9413	Added November 7, 1996; Title August 4, 2014.
	9416	Added November 7, 1996; Title August 4, 2014.
	0.447	Added November 7, 1996; Title August 4, 2014.

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Sec.	Diagnostic code No.	
	9421	Added November 7, 1996; Title August 4, 2014.
	9422	Added November 7, 1996; Title August 4, 2014.
	9423	Added November 7, 1996; Title August 4, 2014.
	9424	Added November 7, 1996; Title August 4, 2014.
	9425	Added November 7, 1996; Title August 4, 2014.
	9431	Added November 7, 1996.
	9432	Added November 7, 1996.
	9433	Added November 7, 1996; Title August 4, 2014.
	9434	Added November 7, 1996.
	9435	Added November 7, 1996; Title August 4, 2014.
	9440	Added November 7, 1996.
	9500	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988.
	9501	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988.
	9502	Criterion March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988.
	9503	Removed March 10, 1976.
	9504	Criterion September 9, 1975; removed March 10, 1976.
	9505	Added March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988.
	9506	Added March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988.
	9507	Added March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988.
	9508	Added March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988.
	9509	Added March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988.
	9510	Added March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988.
	9511	Added March 10, 1976; criterion February 3, 1988.
	9520	Added November 7, 1996.
1 100	9521	Added November 7, 1996.
4.132		Re-designated as §4.130 November 7, 1996.
4.150	9900	Criterion September 22, 1978; criterion February 17, 1994; title September 10, 2017.
	9901	Criterion February 17, 1994.
	9902	Criterion February 17, 1994; evaluation September 10, 2017; title September 10, 2017.
	9903	Criterion February 17, 1994; evaluation September 10, 2017; title September 10, 2017.
	9904	Criterion September 10, 2017.
	9905	Criterion September 22, 1978; evaluation February 17, 1994; evaluation September 10, 2017; title September 10, 2017.
	9906	Removed September 10, 2017.
	9907	Removed September 10, 2017.
	9910	Removed February 17, 1994.
	9911	Criterion and title September 10, 2017.
	9912	Removed September 10, 2017.
	9913	Criterion February 17, 1994.
	9914	Added February 17, 1994.
	9915	Added February 17, 1994.
	9916	Added February 17, 1994; criterion September 10, 2017.
	9917	Added September 10, 2017.

[72 FR 12983, Mar. 20, 2007; 72 FR 16728, Apr. 5, 2007, as amended at 73 FR 54708, 54711, Sept. 23, 2008; 73 FR 69554, Nov. 19, 2008; 77 FR 6467, Feb. 8, 2012; 79 FR 45101, Aug. 4, 2014; 80 FR 42042, July 16, 2015; 82 FR 36084, Aug. 3, 2017; 82 FR 50806, Nov. 2, 2017; 83 FR 15072, Apr. 9, 2018; 83 FR 15323, Apr. 10, 2018; 83 FR 32600, July 13, 2018; 83 FR 54257, Oct. 29, 2018; 84 FR 28233, June 18, 2019]

APPENDIX B TO PART 4-NUMERICAL INDEX OF DISABILITIES

Diagnostic Code No.		
	THE MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM Acute, Subacute, or Chronic Diseases	
5000 5001 5002 5003 5004 5005 5006 5007	Osteomyelitis, acute, subacute, or chronic. Bones and Joints, tuberculosis. Arthritis, rheumatoid (atrophic). Arthritis, generative (hypertrophic or osteoarthritis). Arthritis, gonorrheal. Arthritis, pneumococcic. Arthritis, typhoid. Arthritis, typhiltic.	
5008 5009 5010	Arthritis, streptococcic. Arthritis, other types (specify). Arthritis, due to trauma.	

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Diagnostic Code No.	
·	
5011	Bones, caisson disease.
5012	Bones, new growths, malignant.
5013	Osteoporosis, with joint manifestations.
5014	Osteomalacia.
5015	Bones, new growths, benign.
5016	Osteitis deformans.
5017	Gout
5018	Hydrarthrosis, intermittent.
5019	Bursitis.
5020	Synovitis.
5021	Myositis.
5022	Periostitis.
5023	Myositis ossificans.
5024	Tenosynovitis.
5025	Fibromyalgia.
	Prosthetic Implants
5051	Shoulder replacement (practheoia)
	Shoulder replacement (prosthesis).
5052 5053	Elbow replacement (prosthesis). Wrist replacement (prosthesis).
5053	Hip replacement (prosthesis).
5055	Knee replacement (prosthesis).
5055	Ankle replacement (prosthesis).
	Combination of Disabilities
5104	Anatomical loss of one hand and loss of use of one foot.
5105	Anatomical loss of one foot and loss of use of one hand.
5106	Anatomical loss of both hands.
5107	Anatomical loss of both feet.
5108	Anatomical loss of one hand and one foot.
5109	Loss of use of both hands.
5110	Loss of use of both feet.
5111	Loss of use of one hand and one foot.
	Amputations: Upper Extremity
Arm amputation of:	
5120	Disarticulation.
5120 5121	Above insertion of deltoid.
5120	
5120	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of deltoid.
5120	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of deltoid.
5120	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of deltoid. Above insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres.
5120	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of deltoid.
5120	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of deltoid. Above insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres.
5120	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of deltoid. Above insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of.
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of deltoid. Above insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations
5120	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of deltoid. Above insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand.
5120 5121 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 Four digits of one hand: 5127	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand.
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 Four digits of one hand: 5127 5128	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand.
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 Four digits of one hand: 5127 5128	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, ring and little.
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 Four digits of one hand: 5127 5128 5129 5120	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, long, ring and little.
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 Four digits of one hand: 5127 5128 5129 5130 5131	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, ring and little.
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 5126 5127 5128 5129 5129 5129 5130 5131 Three digits of one hand:	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Index, long, ring and little.
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 5127 5128 5127 5128 5129 5130 5131 Three digits of one hand: 5132	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, ong, ring and little. Thumb, long, ring and little. Index, long, ring and little.
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 5127 5128 5129 5130 5131 Three digits of one hand: 5132	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, index, and ping. Thumb, index and long. Thumb, index and long. Thumb, index and ring.
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 5127 5128 5127 5128 5129 5128 5129 5130 5131 Three digits of one hand: 5132 5133 5134	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, iong and little. Thumb, index, iong and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Index, long, ring and little. Index, long, ring and little. Thumb, index and little.
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 5127 5128 5127 5128 5129 5130 5131 Three digits of one hand: 5132 5133 5134 5135	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, long and little. Index, long, ring and little. Index, long, ring and little. Thumb, index and long. Thumb, index and ring. Thumb, index and ring. Thumb, long, ring and little. Index, long, ring and little. Thumb, long and ring. Thumb, long and ring. Thumb, long and ring. Thumb, long and ring.
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 5126 5126 5127 5128 5129 5120 5121 5122 5123 5124 5125 5126 5127 5128 5129 5130 5131 5132 5133 5134 5135 5136	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, index and little.
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 5127 5128 5129 5129 5129 5130 5131 Three digits of one hand: 5132 5133 5134 5135 5136 5137	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, index, nong and little. Thumb, index and ring. Thumb, index and little. Thumb, index and ring. Thumb, index and little. Thumb, index and little.
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 5126 5126 5127 5128 5127 5128 5129 5130 5131 Three digits of one hand: 5132 5133 5134 5135 5136 5137 5138 5137 5138	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, long and little. Index, long, ring and little. Index, long, ring and little. Index, long, ring and little. Thumb, index and long. Thumb, index and ring. Thumb, index and little. Thumb, index and little. Thumb, index and little. Thumb, index and little. Thumb, long and little. Thumb, index and little. Thumb, long and little. Thumb, ring and little. Thumb, l
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 5127 5128 5129 5120 5121 5122 5123 5124 5125 5126 5127 5128 5129 5130 5129 5130 5131 5132 5133 5134 5135 5136 5137 5138 5139	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, ong, ring and little. Thumb, index and long. Thumb, index and long. Thumb, long and ring. Thumb, long and ring. Thumb, long and little. Thumb, index and long. Thumb, long and ring. Index, long and ring. Index, long and ring.
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 5127 5128 5129 5129 5129 5130 5131 Three digits of one hand: 5132 5133 5134 5135 5136 5137 5138 5139 5140	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, index and little. Thumb, index and long. Thumb, index and little. Thumb, index and ring. Thumb, ing and little. Index, long and ring. Index, long and ring. Index, long and little. Index, ing and little. Index, ring and little. <
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 5127 5128 5129 5120 5121 5122 5123 5124 5125 5126 5127 5128 5129 5130 5129 5130 5131 5132 5133 5134 5135 5136 5137 5138 5139	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, ong, ring and little. Thumb, index and long. Thumb, index and long. Thumb, long and ring. Thumb, long and ring. Thumb, long and little. Thumb, index and long. Thumb, long and little. Thumb, long and ring. Thumb, long and ring. Thumb, long and ring. Thumb, long and little. Thumb, long and ring. Index, long and ring. Index, long and ring. Index, long and ring. Index, long and ring.
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 5127 5128 5129 5120 5121 5122 5123 5124 5125 5126 5127 5128 5129 5130 5131 5132 5133 5134 5135 5136 5137 5138 5139 5140 5141	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, index, ring and little. Thumb, index and little. Thumb, index and long. Thumb, index and little. Thumb, index and ring. Thumb, ing and little. Index, long and ring. Index, long and ring. Index, long and little. Index, ing and little. Index, ring and little. <
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 5126 5126 5127 5128 5129 5130 5131 5132 5133 5134 5135 5136 5137 5138 5139 5140 5141 Two digits of one hand:	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, and little. Thumb, index and long. Thumb, index and ring. Thumb, ing and little. Thumb, ing and ring. Thumb, ing and ring. Thumb, ing and ring. Thumb, ing and little. Index, long and ring. Index, long and little. Index, long and little. Lindex, ing and little.
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 5126 5126 5127 5128 5127 5128 5129 5130 5131 Three digits of one hand: 5132 5133 5134 5135 5136 5137 5138 5140 5141 Two digits of one hand: 5142	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, long and little. Index, long, ring and little. Index, long, ring and little. Thumb, index and ring. Thumb, index and ring. Thumb, index and ring. Thumb, index and ring. Thumb, index and little. Index, long and little. Thumb, long and ring. Thumb, long and little. Thumb, long and little. Thumb, ring and little. Thumb, long and ring. Thumb, ring and little. Index, long and ring. Index, ring and little. Index, ring and lit
5120 5121 5122 Forearm amputation of: 5123 5124 5125 5126 5126 5126 5126 5127 5128 5129 5130 5131 5132 5133 5134 5135 5136 5137 5138 5139 5140 5141 Two digits of one hand:	Above insertion of deltoid. Below insertion of pronator teres. Below insertion of pronator teres. Hand, loss of use of. Multiple Finger Amputations Five digits of one hand. Thumb, index, long and ring. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, long and little. Thumb, index, and little. Thumb, index and long. Thumb, index and ring. Thumb, ing and little. Thumb, ing and ring. Thumb, ing and ring. Thumb, ing and ring. Thumb, ing and little. Index, long and ring. Index, long and little. Index, long and little. Lindex, ing and little.

Pt. 4, App. B

		п. ч, дрр. в
Diagnostic Code No.		
5145	Thumb and little.	
5146	Index and long.	
5147	Index and ring.	
148	Index and little.	
149	Long and ring.	
5150	Long and little.	
151	Ring and little.	
Single finger:		
5152	Thumb.	
153	Index finger.	
5154	Long finger.	
155 156	Ring finger. Little finger.	
	Amputations: Lower Extremity	
high amputation of:		
5160	Disarticulation.	
5161	Upper third.	
162	Middle or lower thirds.	
.eg amputation of:		
5163	With defective stump.	
164	Not improvable by prosthesis controlled by natural knee action.	
165	At a lower level, permitting prosthesis.	
166	Forefoot, proximal to metatarsal bones.	
167	Foot, loss of use of.	
170 171	Toes, all, without metatarsal loss. Toe, great.	
5171	Toes, other than great, with removal of metatarsal head.	
5173	Toes, three or more, without metatarsal involvement.	
	Shoulder and Arm	
5200	Scapulohumeral articulation, ankylosis.	
5201	Arm, limitation of motion.	
5202	Humerus, other impairment.	
5203	Clavicle or scapula, impairment.	
	Elbow and Forearm	
5205	Elbow, ankylosis.	
5206	Forearm, limitation of flexion.	
5207	Forearm, limitation of extension.	
5208	Forearm, flexion limited.	
5209	Elbow, other impairment.	
5210	Radius and ulna, nonunion.	
5211	Ulna, impairment.	
5212	Radius, impairment.	
5213	Supination and pronation, impairment.	
	Wrist	
5214	Wrist, ankylosis.	
5215	Wrist, limitation of motion.	
	Limitation of Motion	
Multiple Digits: Unfavorable Anky	losis:	
5216		
5217		
218	Three digits of one hand.	
219	Two digits of one hand.	
Aultiple Digits: Favorable Anky- losis:		
5220	Five digits of one hand.	
5221	Four digits of one hand.	
5222	Three digits of one hand.	
5223	Two digits of one hand.	
Vertex designed the all statistics (IDV) 19		
Ankylosis of Individual Digits: 5224	Thumb.	

Diagnostic Code No.		
5226	Long finger	
5227	Long finger. Ring or little finger.	
Limitation of Motion of Individual		
5228 5229	Thumb. Index or long finger.	
5230	Ring or little finger.	
	Spine	
5235	Vertebral fracture or dislocation.	
5236	Sacroiliac injury and weakness.	
5237	Lumbosacral or cervical strain.	
238		
5240	Ankylosing spondylitis.	
5241	Spinal fusion.	
5242	Degenerative arthritis.	
5243	Intervertebral disc syndrome.	
	Hip and Thigh	
5250	Hip, ankylosis.	
5251 5252	Thigh, limitation of extension. Thigh, limitation of flexion.	
5253	Thigh, impairment.	
5254	Hip, flail joint.	
5255	Femur, impairment.	
	Knee and Leg	
5256	Knee, ankylosis.	
5257	Knee, other impairment.	
5258 5259	Cartilage, semilunar, dislocated. Cartilage, semilunar, removal.	
5260	Leg, limitation of flexion.	
5261	Leg, limitation of extension.	
5262	Tibia and fibula, impairment.	
5263	Genu recurvatum.	
	Ankle	
5270	Ankle, ankylosis.	
5271	Ankle, limited motion.	
5272 5273	Subastragalar or tarsal joint, ankylosis. Os calcis or astragalus, malunion.	
5274	Astragalectomy.	
Shortening of the Lower Extremity		
5275	Bones, of the lower extremity	
	The Foot	
5276	Flatfoot, acquired.	
5276	Weak foot, bilateral.	
5278	Claw foot (pes cavus), acquired.	
5279	Metatarsalgia, anterior (Morton's disease).	
5280 5281	Hallux valgus. Hallux rigidus.	
5281	Hailux rigidus. Hammer toe.	
5283	Tarsal or metatarsal bones.	
5284	Foot injuries, other.	
	The Skull	
5296	Loss of part of.	
	The Ribs	
5297	Removal of.	
	Тhе Соссух	
5298	Removal of.	

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Diagnostic Code No.	
	MUSCLE INJURIES Shoulder Girdle and Arm
5301	Group I Function: Upward rotation of scapula.
5302	Group II Function: Depression of arm.
5303	Group III Function: Elevation and abduction of arm.
5304 5305	Group IV Function: Stabilization of shoulder. Group V Function: Elbow supination.
5306	Group VI Function: Extension of elbow.
	Forearm and Hand
5307	Group VII Function: Flexion of wrist and fingers.
5308	Group VIII Function: Extension of wrist, fingers, thumb.
5309	Group IX Function: Forearm muscles.
	Foot and Leg
5310	Group X Function: Movement of forefoot and toes.
5311 5312	Group XI Function: Propulsion of foot. Group XII Function: Dorsiflexion.
3312	Group All Function. Dorsinexion.
	Pelvic Girdle and Thigh
5313	Group XIII Function: Extension of hip and flexion of knee.
5314 5315	Group XIV Function: Extension of knee.
5316	Group XV Function: Adduction of hip. Group XVI Function: Flexion of hip.
5317	Group XVII Function: Extension of hip.
5318	Group XVIII Function: Outward rotation of thigh.
	Torso and Neck
5319	Group XIX Function: Abdominal wall and lower thorax.
5320	Group XX Function: Postural support of body.
5321	Group XXI Function: Respiration.
5322 5323	Group XXII Function: Rotary and forward movements, head. Group XXIII Function: Movements of head.
	Miscellaneous
5324 5325	Diaphragm, rupture. Muscle injury, facial muscles.
5326	Muscle hernia.
5327	Muscle, neoplasm of, malignant.
5328	Muscle, neoplasm of, benign.
5329	Sarcoma, soft tissue.
	THE EYE Diseases of the Eye
6000	Choroidopathy, including uveitis, iritis, cyclitis, or choroiditis.
6001	Keratopathy.
6002	Scleritis.
6003	Iritis.
6004 6005	Cyclitis. Choroiditis.
6006	Retinopathy or maculopathy not otherwise specified.
6007	Intraocular hemorrhade.
6008	Detachment of retina.
6009	Unhealed eye injury.
6010	Tuberculosis of eye.
6011	Retinal scars, atrophy, or irregularities.
6012 6013	Angle-closure glaucoma. Open-angle glaucoma.
6014	Malignant neoplasms of the eye, orbit, and adnexa (excluding skin).
6015	Benign neoplasms of the eye, orbit, and adnexa (excluding skin).
6016	Nystagmus, central.
6017	Conjunctivitis, trachomatous, chronic.
6018	Conjunctivitis, other, chronic.
6019	Ptosis unilateral or bilateral.
6020	Ectropion.
6021 6022	Entropion. Lagophthalmos.
6022	
	- Lyonomo, 1000.

	Diagnostic Code No.		
6024		Eyelashes, loss.	
6025		Disorders of the lacrimal apparatus (epiphora, dacrocystitis, etc.).	
6026		Optic neuropathy.	
		Cataract.	
6028		Cataract, senile, and others.	
		Aphakia.	
		Accommodation, paralysis.	
		Dacryocystitis.	
		Eyelids, loss of portion.	
		Lens, crystalline, dislocation.	
		Pterygium.	
		Keratoconus.	
		Status post corneal transplant.	
		Diabetic retinopathy.	
5042		Retinal dystrophy (including retinitis pigmentosa, wet or dry macular degeneration, early-onse	
5046		macular degeneration, rod and/or cone dystrophy). Post-chiasmal disorders.	
	Impairment of Central Visual Acuity		
3061		Anatomical loss both eyes.	
		Blindness, both eyes, only light perception.	
Anato	omical loss of 1 eye:		
		Other eye 5/200 (1.5/60).	
		Other eye 10/200 (3/60).	
5064		Other eye 15/200 (4.5/60).	
6064		Other eye 20/200 (6/60).	
6065		Other eye 20/100 (6/30).	
6065		Other eye 20/70 (6/21).	
6065		Other eye 20/50 (6/15).	
6066		Other eye 20/40 (6/12).	
Blind	ness in 1 eye, only light per	ception:	
6067		Other eye 5/200 (1.5/60).	
6068		Other eye 10/200 (3/60).	
		Other eye 15/200 (4.5/60).	
		Other eye 20/200 (6/60).	
		Other eye 20/100 (6/30).	
		Other eye 20/70 (6/21).	
		Other eye 20/50 (6/15).	
6070		Other eye 20/40 (6/12).	
	n in 1 eye 5/200 (1.5/60):		
		Other eye 5/200 (1.5/60).	
		Other eye 10/200 (3/60).	
		Other eye 15/200 (4.5/60).	
		Other eye 20/200 (6/60).	
		Other eye 20/100 (6/30).	
		Other eye 20/70 (6/21).	
		Other eye 20/50 (6/15).	
5074		Other eye 20/40 (6/12).	
	n in 1 eye 10/200 (3/60):	Other ave 10/200 (2/60)	
		Other eye 10/200 (3/60).	
		Other eye 15/200 (4.5/60).	
		Other eye 20/200 (6/60).	
		Other eye 20/100 (6/30).	
		Other eye 20/70 (6/21). Other eye 20/50 (6/15).	
		Other eye 20/50 (6/15).	
	n in 1 eye 15/200 (4.5/60):	Other ave 15/000 (4 5/00)	
		Other eye 15/200 (4.5/60).	
		Other eye 20/200 (6/60).	
		Other eye 20/100 (6/30).	
		Other eye 20/70 (6/21).	
		Other eye 20/50 (6/15). Other eye 20/40 (6/12).	
		Guior by 20/40 (0/12).	
Visio	n in 1 eye 20/200 (6/60):	Other ave 20/200 (6/60)	
6075		Other eye 20/200 (6/60).	
6075 6076		Other eye 20/100 (6/30).	
6075 6076 6076			

Diagnostic Code No.	
	Others and 00/40 (0/40)
6077	Other eye 20/40 (6/12).
Vision in 1 eye 20/100 (6/30):	
6078	Other eye 20/100 (6/30).
6078	Other eye 20/70 (6/21).
6078	Other eye 20/50 (6/15).
6079	Other eye 20/40 (6/12).
Vision in 1 eye 20/70 (6/21):	Other ave 20/70 (6/01)
6078 6078	Other eye 20/70 (6/21).
6079	Other eye 20/50 (6/15). Other eye 20/40 (6/12).
8079	
Vision in 1 eye 20/50 (6/15):	
6078	Other eye 20/50 (6/15).
6079	Other eye 20/40 (6/12).
Impairment of Field Vision: 6080	Field vision, impairment.
6081	Scotoma.
0081	Scoloma.
Impairment of Muscle Function:	
6090	Diplopia.
6091	Symblepharon.
6092	Diplopia, limited muscle function.
	THE EAR
6200	Chronic suppurative otitis media.
6201	Chronic nonsuppurative otitis media.
6202	Otosclerosis.
6204	Peripheral vestibular disorders.
6205	Meniere's syndrome.
6207	Loss of auricle.
6208	Malignant neoplasm.
6209	Benign neoplasm.
0040	Chronic otitis externa.
6210	
6210 6211	Tympanic membrane.
6211	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent.
6211 6260	Tympanic membrane.
6211 6260 6275	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss.
6211 6260 6275	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS
6211 6260	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss.
6211 6260 6275 6276 INFECTIOU	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES
6211 6260 6275 6276 INFECTIOU 6300	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera).
6211 6260	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis.
6211 6260	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease).
6211 6260	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria.
6211 6260	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis.
6211	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis.
6211 6260	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis. Plague.
6211 6260	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis.
6211	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis. Plague. Relapsing fever.
6211	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis. Plague. Relapsing fever. Rheumatic fever.
6211	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis. Plague. Relapsing fever. Rheumatic fever. Syphilis.
6211	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis. Plague. Relapsing fever. Rheumatic fever. Syphilis. Tuberculosis, miliary.
6211	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis. Plague. Relapsing fever. Rheumatic fever. Syphilis. Tuberculosis, miliary. Nontuberculosis mycobacterium infection. Avitaminosis.
6211	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis. Plague. Relapsing fever. Rheumatic fever. Syphilis. Tuberculosis, miliary. Nontuberculosis mycobacterium infection. Avitaminosis. Beriberi. Pellagra.
6211	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis. Plague. Relapsing fever. Rheumatic fever. Syphilis. Tuberculosis, miliary. Nontuberculosis mycobacterium infection. Avitaminosis.
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6211	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis. Plague. Relapsing fever. Rheumatic fever. Syphilis. Tuberculosis, miliary. Nontuberculosis, miliary. Nontuberculosis, miliary. Nontuberculosis. Beriberi. Pellagra. Brucellosis. Rickettsial, ehrlichia, and anaplasma infections. Melioidosis. Lyme disease.
6211	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis. Plague. Relapsing fever. Rheumatic fever. Syphilis. Tuberculosis, miliary. Nontuberculosis mycobacterium infection. Avitaminosis. Beriberi. Pellagra. Brucellosis. Rickettsial, ehrlichia, and anaplasma infections. Melioidosis. Lyme disease. Parasitic diseases.
6211	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis. Plague. Relapsing fever. Rheumatic fever. Syphilis. Tuberculosis, miliary. Nontuberculosis mycobacterium infection. Avitaminosis. Beriberi. Pellagra. Brucellosis. Rickettisial, ehrlichia, and anaplasma infections. Melioidosis. Lyme disease. Parasitic diseases. Hyperinfection syndrome or disseminated strongyloidiasis.
6211	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis. Plague. Relapsing fever. Rheumatic fever. Syphilis. Tuberculosis mycobacterium infection. Avitaminosis. Beriberi. Pellagra. Brucellosis. Rickettsial, ehrlichia, and anaplasma infections. Melioidosis. Lyme disease. Parasitic diseases. Hyperinfection syndrome or disseminated strongyloidiasis. Schistosomiasis.
6211	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis. Plague. Relapsing fever. Rheumatic fever. Syphilis. Tuberculosis, miliary. Nontuberculosis mycobacterium infection. Avitaminosis. Beriberi. Pellagra. Brucellosis. Rickettsial, ehrlichia, and anaplasma infections. Melioidosis. Lyme diseases. Hyperinfection syndrome or disseminated strongyloidiasis. Schistosomiasis.
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6211	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis. Plague. Relapsing fever. Rheumatic fever. Syphilis. Tuberculosis mycobacterium infection. Avitaminosis. Beriberi. Pellagra. Brucellosis. Rickettsial, ehrlichia, and anaplasma infections. Melioidosis. Lyme disease. Parasitic diseases. Hyperinfection syndrome or disseminated strongyloidiasis. Schistosomiasis. Hemorrhagic fevers, including dengue, yellow fever, and others. Campylobacter jejuni infection.
6211 6260 6275 6276 INFECTIOU 6300 6301 6302 6304 6305 6306 6307 6308 6309 6310 6311 6312 6313 6314 6315 6316 6317 6318 6320 6326 6326 6326 6326 6326 6326 6326 6331	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis. Plague. Relapsing fever. Rheumatic fever. Syphilis. Tuberculosis mycobacterium infection. Avitaminosis. Beriberi. Pellagra. Brucellosis. Rickettsial, ehrlichia, and anaplasma infections. Melioidosis. Lyme diseases. Hyperinfection syndrome or disseminated strongyloidiasis. Schistosomiasis. Hemorthagic fevers, including dengue, yellow fever, and others. Campylobacter jejuni infection. Coxiella burnetii infection. (Q Fever). Nontyphoid salmonella infections.
6211	Tympanic membrane. Tinnitus, recurrent. OTHER SENSE ORGANS Smell, complete loss. Taste, complete loss. S DISEASES, IMMUNE DISORDERS AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera). Visceral Leishmaniasis. Leprosy (Hansen's Disease). Malaria. Lymphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis. Bartonellosis. Plague. Relapsing fever. Rheumatic fever. Syphilis. Tuberculosis mycobacterium infection. Avitaminosis. Beriberi. Pellagra. Brucellosis. Rickettsial, ehrlichia, and anaplasma infections. Melioidosis. Lyme disease. Parasitic diseases. Hyperinfection syndrome or disseminated strongyloidiasis. Schistosomiasis. Hemorrhagic fevers, including dengue, yellow fever, and others. Campylobacter jejuni infection.

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Diagnostic Code No.			
6350	Lupus erythematosus.		
6351 6354	HIV-Related Illness. Chronic Fatigue Syndrome (CFS).		
0004			
	THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM Nose and Throat		
6502	Septum, nasal, deviation.		
6504	Nose, loss of part of, or scars.		
6510	Sinusitis, pansinusitis, chronic.		
	511 Sinusitis, ethmoid, chronic.		
512513			
6514	Sinusitis, sphenoid, chronic.		
6515	Laryngitis, tuberculous.		
6516	Laryngitis, chronic.		
6518	Laryngectomy, total.		
6519 6520	Aphonia, complete organic.		
6520	Larynx, stenosis of. Pharynx, injuries to.		
6522	Allergic or vasomotor rhinitis.		
6523	Bacterial rhinitis.		
6524	Granulomatous rhinitis.		
	Trachea and Bronchi		
6600	Bronchitis, chronic.		
6601	Bronchiectasis.		
6602	Asthma, bronchial.		
6603	Emphysema, pulmonary.		
6604	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.		
	Lungs and Pleura Tuberculosis		
Ratings for Pulmonary Tubercule	osis (Chronic) Entitled on August 19, 1968:		
6701			
6702	Active, moderately advanced.		
6703	Active, minimal.		
6704 6721	Active, advancement unspecified. Inactive, far advanced.		
6722	Inactive, nal advanced.		
6723	Inactive, minimal.		
6724	Inactive, advancement unspecified.		
Batings for Pulmonary Tubercule	bsis Initially Evaluated After August 19, 1968:		
6730			
6731	Chronic, inactive.		
6732	Pleurisy, active or inactive.		
	Nontuberculous Diseases		
6817	Pulmonary Vascular Disease.		
6819	Neoplasms, malignant.		
6820	Neoplasms, benign.		
Bacterial Infections of the Lung			
6822	Actinomycosis.		
6823	Nocardiosis.		
6824	Chronic lung abscess.		
	Interstitial Lung Disease		
6825	Fibrosis of lung, diffuse interstitial.		
6826	Desguamative interstitial pneumonitis.		
6827	Pulmonary alveolar proteinosis.		
6828	Eosinophilic granuloma.		
6829	Drug-induced, pneumonitis & fibrosis.		
6830	Radiation-induced, pneumonitis & fibrosis.		
6831	Hypersensitivity pneumonitis.		
6832 6833	Pneumoconiosis. Asbestosis.		
Mycotic Lung Disease			
· · ·			

6834 Histoplasmosis.

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Diagnostic Code No.		
835	Coccidioidomycosis.	
5836		
837		
6838		
839		
	Restrictive Lung Disease	
840		
841		
842		
843		
844		
845		
846		
847	Sleep Apnea Syndromes.	
	THE CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM Diseases of the Heart	
7001		
002		
003		
7005		
7006		
7007		
7008		
7010		
7011		
015		
7016		
/017		
7018		
7019		
020	Cardiomyopathy.	
	Diseases of the Arteries and Veins	
101	Hypertensive vascular disease.	
7110		
/111		
'112		
'113	Arteriovenous fistula, traumatic.	
'114	Arteriosclerosis obliterans.	
'115		
117		
118	Angioneurotic edema.	
119	Erythromelalgia.	
120	Varicose veins.	
121	Post-phlebitic syndrome.	
122		
123	Soft tissue sarcoma.	
	THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM	
7200	Mouth, injuries.	
7201		
7202		
7203		
7204		
/205		

7205	Esophagus, diverticulum.
7301	Peritoneum, adhesions.
7304	Ulcer, gastric.
7305	Ulcer, duodenal.
7306	Ulcer, marginal.
7307	Gastritis, hypertrophic.
7308	Postgastrectomy syndromes.
7309	Stomach, stenosis.
7310	Stomach, injury of, residuals.
7311	Liver, injury of, residuals.
7312	Liver, cirrhosis.
7314	Cholecystitis, chronic.
7315	Cholelithiasis, chronic.

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Diagnostic Code No.	
7316	Cholangitis, chronic.
7317	Gall bladder, injury.
7318	Gall bladder, removal.
7319	Colon, irritable syndrome.
7321	Amebiasis.
7322	Dysentery, bacillary.
7323	Colitis, ulcerative.
7324	Distomiasis, intestinal or hepatic.
7325	Enteritis, chronic.
7326	Enterocolitis, chronic.
7327	Diverticulitis.
7328	Intestine, small, resection.
7329	Intestine, large, resection.
7330	Intestine, fistula.
7331	Peritonitis.
7332	Rectum & anus, impairment.
7333	Rectum & anus, stricture.
7334	Rectum, prolapse.
7335	Ano, fistula in.
7336	Hemorrhoids.
7337	Pruritus ani.
7338	Hernia, inguinal.
7339	Hernia, ventral, postoperative.
7340	Hernia, femoral.
7342	Visceroptosis.
7343	
7344	
7345	Liver disease, chronic, without cirrhosis.
7346	
7347	
7348	Vagotomy.
7351	
7354	

THE GENITOURINARY SYSTEM

7500	Kidney, removal.	
7501	Kidney, abscess.	
7502	Nephritis, chronic.	
7504	Pyelonephritis, chronic.	
7505	Kidney, tuberculosis.	
7507	Nephrosclerosis, arteriolar.	
7508	Nephrolithiasis.	
7509	Hydronephrosis.	
7510	Ureterolithiasis.	
7511	Ureter, stricture.	
7512	Cystitis, chronic.	
7515	Bladder, calculus.	
7516	Bladder, fistula.	
7517	Bladder, injury.	
7518	Urethra, stricture.	
7519	Urethra, fistula.	
7520	Penis, removal of half or more.	
7521	Penis, removal of glans.	
7522	Penis, deformity, with loss of erectile power.	
7523	Testis, atrophy, complete.	
7524	Testis, removal.	
7525	Epididymo-orchitis, chronic only.	
7527	Prostate gland.	
7528	Malignant neoplasms.	
7529	Benign neoplasms.	
7530	Renal disease, chronic.	
7531	Kidney transplant.	
7532	Renal tubular disorders.	
7533	Kidneys, cystic diseases.	
7534	Atherosclerotic renal disease.	
7535	Toxic nephropathy.	
7536	Glomerulonephritis.	
7537	Interstitial nephritis.	
7538	Papillary necrosis.	
7539	Renal amyloid disease.	
7540	Disseminated intravascular coagulation.	
7541	Renal involvement in systemic diseases.	
7542	Neurogenic bladder.	
	1	

	Diagnostic Code No.	
GYNECOLOGICAL CONDITIONS AND DISORDERS OF THE BREAST		
		Vulva or clitoris, disease or injury of (including vulvovaginitis).
		Vagina, disease or injury.
		Cervix, disease or injury. Uterus, disease or injury.
		Fallopian tube, disease or injury.
		Ovary, disease or injury.
		Uterus and both ovaries, removal.
		Uterus, removal.
		Ovary, removal.
620		Ovaries, atrophy of both.
621		Complete or incomplete pelvic organ prolapse due to injury or disease or surgical complica tions of pregnancy.
		Fistula, rectovaginal.
		Fistula, urethrovaginal.
		Breast, surgery.
		Malignant neoplasms of gynecological system.
		Benign neoplasms of gynecological system.
		Endometriosis.
		Malignant neoplasms of the breast.
		Benign neoplasms of the breast and other injuries of the breast.
632		Female sexual arousal disorder (FSAD).
		The Hematologic and Lymphatic Systems
700		[Removed]
		Agranulocytosis, acquired.
		Leukemia.
704		Polycythemia vera.
		Immune thrombocytopenia.
		Splenectomy.
		Spleen, injury of, healed.
		Hodgkin's lymphoma.
		Adenitis, tuberculous.
		Multiple myeloma
		Sickle cell anemia.
		Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma.
		Aplastic anemia.
		AL amyloidosis (primary amyloidosis).
		Essential thrombocythemia and primary myelofibrosis.
		Chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML) (chronic myeloid leukemia or chronic granulocytic leu kemia). Iron deficiency anemia.
		Folic acid deficiency.
		Pernicious anemia and Vitamin B ₁₂ deficiency anemia.
		Acquired hemolytic anemia.
		Solitary plasmacytoma.
		Myelodysplastic syndromes.
125		wyelodysplastic syndromes.
		THE SKIN
800		Burn scar(s) of the head, face, or neck; scar(s) of the head, face, or neck due to other causes or other disfigurement of the head, face, or neck.
		Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are associated
		with underlying soft tissue damage.
802		with underlying soft tissue damage. Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are not associ ated with underlying soft tissue damage.
802 804		with underlying soft tissue damage. Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are not associ ated with underlying soft tissue damage. Scar(s), unstable or painful.
802 804 805		with underlying soft tissue damage. Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are not associ ated with underlying soft tissue damage. Scar(s), unstable or painful. Scars, other; and other effects of scars evaluated under diagnostic codes 7800, 7801, 7802 or 7804.
302 304 305 306		with underlying soft tissue damage. Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are not associated with underlying soft tissue damage. Scar(s), unstable or painful. Scars, other; and other effects of scars evaluated under diagnostic codes 7800, 7801, 7802 or 7804. Dermatitis or eczema.
802 804 805 806 806		with underlying soft tissue damage. Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are not associated with underlying soft tissue damage. Scar(s), unstable or painful. Scars, other; and other effects of scars evaluated under diagnostic codes 7800, 7801, 7802 or 7804. Dermatitis or eczema. Leishmaniasis, American (New World).
802 804 805 806 807 808		with underlying soft tissue damage. Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are not associated with underlying soft tissue damage. Scar(s), unstable or painful. Scars, other; and other effects of scars evaluated under diagnostic codes 7800, 7801, 7802 or 7804. Dermatitis or eczema. Leishmaniasis, American (New World). Leishmaniasis, Old World.
802 804 805 806 807 808 809		with underlying soft tissue damage. Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are not associ ated with underlying soft tissue damage. Scar(s), unstable or painful. Scars, other; and other effects of scars evaluated under diagnostic codes 7800, 7801, 7802 or 7804. Dermatitis or eczema. Leishmaniasis, American (New World). Leishmaniasis, Old World. Discoid lupus erythematosus.
802 804 805 806 807 808 809 811		with underlying soft tissue damage. Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are not associ ated with underlying soft tissue damage. Scar(s), unstable or painful. Scars, other; and other effects of scars evaluated under diagnostic codes 7800, 7801, 7802 or 7804. Dermatitis or eczema. Leishmaniasis, American (New World). Leishmaniasis, Old World. Discoid lupus erythematosus. Tuberculosis luposa (lupus vulgaris).
802 804 805 806 807 808 809 811 813		with underlying soft tissue damage. Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are not associated with underlying soft tissue damage. Scar(s), unstable or painful. Scars, other; and other effects of scars evaluated under diagnostic codes 7800, 7801, 7802 or 7804. Dermatitis or eczema. Leishmaniasis, American (New World). Leishmaniasis, Old World. Discoid lupus erythematosus. Tuberculosis luposa (lupus vulgaris). Dermatophytosis.
802 804 805 806 807 808 809 811 813 813		with underlying soft tissue damage. Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are not associ ated with underlying soft tissue damage. Scar(s), unstable or painful. Scars, other; and other effects of scars evaluated under diagnostic codes 7800, 7801, 7802 or 7804. Dermatitis or eczema. Leishmaniasis, Old World. Leishmaniasis, Old World. Discoid lupus erythematosus. Tuberculosis luposa (lupus vulgaris). Dermatophytosis. Bullous disorders.
802 804 805 806 807 808 809 811 813 815 815		with underlying soft tissue damage. Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are not associ ated with underlying soft tissue damage. Scar(s), unstable or painful. Scars, other; and other effects of scars evaluated under diagnostic codes 7800, 7801, 7802 or 7804. Dermatitis or eczema. Leishmaniasis, American (New World). Leishmaniasis, Old World. Discoid lupus erythematosus. Tuberculosis luposa (lupus vulgaris). Dermatophytosis. Bullous disorders. Psoriasis.
802 804 805 806 807 808 809 811 813 815 816 817		with underlying soft tissue damage. Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are not associ ated with underlying soft tissue damage. Scar(s), unstable or painful. Scars, other; and other effects of scars evaluated under diagnostic codes 7800, 7801, 7802 or 7804. Dermatitis or eczema. Leishmaniasis, American (New World). Leishmaniasis, Old World. Discoid lupus erythematosus. Tuberculosis luposa (lupus vulgaris). Dermatophytosis. Bullous disorders. Psoriasis. Erythroderma.
802 804 805 806 807 808 809 811 813 815 816 817 818		with underlying soft tissue damage. Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are not associ ated with underlying soft tissue damage. Scar(s), unstable or painful. Scars, other; and other effects of scars evaluated under diagnostic codes 7800, 7801, 7802 or 7804. Dermatitis or eczema. Leishmaniasis, Old World. Leishmaniasis, Old World. Discoid lupus erythematosus. Tuberculosis luposa (lupus vulgaris). Dermatophytosis. Bullous disorders. Psoriasis. Erythroderma. Malignant skin neoplasms.
802 804 805 806 807 808 809 811 813 815 816 817 818 819		with underlying soft tissue damage. Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are not associ ated with underlying soft tissue damage. Scar(s), unstable or painful. Scars, other; and other effects of scars evaluated under diagnostic codes 7800, 7801, 7802 or 7804. Dermatitis or eczema. Leishmaniasis, American (New World). Leishmaniasis, Old World. Discoid lupus erythematosus. Tuberculosis luposa (lupus vulgaris). Dermatophytosis. Bullous disorders. Psoriasis. Erythroderma. Malignant skin neoplasms. Benign skin neoplasms.
802 804 805 806 807 808 809 811 813 815 816 817 818 819 820		with underlying soft tissue damage. Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are not associ ated with underlying soft tissue damage. Scar(s), unstable or painful. Scars, other; and other effects of scars evaluated under diagnostic codes 7800, 7801, 7802 or 7804. Dermatitis or eczema. Leishmaniasis, Old World. Leishmaniasis, Old World. Discoid lupus erythematosus. Tuberculosis luposa (lupus vulgaris). Dermatophytosis. Bullous disorders. Psoriasis. Erythroderma. Malignant skin neoplasms.

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Diagnostic Code No.		
7822	Papulosquamous disorders not listed elsewhere.	
7823		
824	Keratinization, diseases.	
825	Chronic urticaria.	
826	Vasculitis, primary cutaneous.	
827		
828		
829	Chloracne.	
830	Scarring alopecia.	
831	Alopecia areata.	
832	Hyperhidrosis.	
7833	Malignant melanoma.	
	THE ENDOCRINE SYSTEM	
7900	Hyperthyroidism, including, but not limited to, Graves' disease.	
7901		
901 7902		
902 7903		
903		
904 '905		
906		
900		
'907 '908		
'908 '909		
'909 '911		
7912		
912 7913		
/913		
914 915		
'915 '916		
/917		
917 7918		
/918		
NEUROLOGICAL CONDITIONS AND CONVULSIVE DISORDERS Organic Diseases of the Central Nervous System		
3000	Encephalitis, epidemic, chronic.	
	Brain, New Growth of	
3002		
3003	Benign.	
3004	Paralysis agitans.	
3005	Bulbar palsy.	
3007		
3008	Brain, vessels, thrombosis.	
	Brain, vessels, hemorrhage.	
3010	Myelitis.	

8009	Brain, vessels, hemorrhage.
8010	Myelitis.
8011	Poliomyelitis, anterior.
8012	Hematomyelia.
8013	Syphilis, cerebrospinal.
8014	Syphilis, meningovascular.
8015	Tabes dorsalis.
8017	Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis.
8018	Multiple sclerosis.
8019	Meningitis, cerebrospinal, epidemic.
8020	Brain, abscess.

Spinal Cord, New Growths

8021 Ma 8022 Be 8023 Pr 8024 Sy 8025 My 8025 My 8045 Re 8046 Ce	nīgn. ogressive muscular atrophy. rringomyelia. vasthenia gravis. ssiduals of traumatic brain injury (TBI).
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Miscellaneous Diseases

8100	Migraine
8103	Tic, convulsive.
8104	Paramyoclonus multiplex.

Diagnostic Code No.	
3105	Chorea, Sydenham's.
3106 3107	Chorea, Huntington's. Athetosis, acquired.
3108	Narcolepsy.
	The Cranial Nerves
	1
3205	Fifth (trigeminal), paralysis.
3207 3209	Seventh (facial), paralysis. Ninth (glossopharyngeal), paralysis.
3210	
3211	
3212	Twelfth (hypoglossal), paralysis.
3305	Neuritis, fifth cranial nerve.
3307 3309	Neuritis, seventh cranial nerve. Neuritis, ninth cranial nerve.
3310	Neuritis, tenth cranial nerve.
3311	
3312	Neuritis, twelfth cranial nerve.
3405	Neuralgia, fifth cranial nerve.
3407	
3409 3410	Neuralgia, ninth cranial nerve. Neuralgia, tenth cranial nerve.
3411	Neuralgia, eleventh cranial nerve.
3412	Neuralgia, twelfth cranial nerve.
	Peripheral Nerves
3510	Upper radicular group, paralysis.
3511	Middle radicular group, paralysis.
3512	
3513	All radicular groups, paralysis.
3514 3515	Musculospiral nerve (radial), paralysis. Median nerve, paralysis.
3516	Ulnar nerve, paralysis.
3517	Musculocutaneous nerve, paralysis.
3518	
3519	Long thoracic nerve, paralysis.
3520 3521	
3522	External popliteal nerve (common peroneal), paralysis. Musculocutaneous nerve (superficial peroneal), paralysis.
3523	Anterior tibial nerve (deep peroneal), paralysis.
3524	Internal popliteal nerve (tibial), paralysis.
3525	
3526	Anterior crural nerve (femoral), paralysis.
3527 3528	Internal saphenous nerve, paralysis. Obturator nerve, paralysis.
3529	External cutaneous nerve of thigh, paralysis.
3530	
3540	
3610	Neuritis, upper radicular group.
3611 3612	Neuritis, middle radicular group. Neuritis, lower radicular group.
3613	Neuritis, all radicular group.
3614	
3615	Neuritis, median nerve.
3616	Neuritis, ulnar nerve.
3617	Neuritis, musculocutaneous nerve. Neuritis, circumflex nerve.
3618 3619	Neuritis, long thoracic nerve.
3620	Neuritis, sciatic nerve.
3621	Neuritis, external popliteal (common peroneal) nerve.
3622	Neuritis, musculocutaneous (superficial peroneal) nerve.
3623	
3624 3625	Neuritis, internal popliteal (tibial) nerve. Neuritis, posterior tibial nerve.
3626	
3627	Neuritis, internal saphenous nerve.
3628	Neuritis, obturator nerve.
3629	Neuritis, external cutaneous nerve of thigh.
3630	Neuritis, ilio-inguinal nerve.
3710	Neuralgia, upper radicular group.
3711	Neuralgia, middle radicular group.

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	Diagnostic Code No.	
8715	3	Neuralgia, all radicular groups.
	۰	Neuralgia, musculospiral nerve (radial).
	5	Neuralgia, median nerve.
8716	5	Neuralgia, ulnar nerve.
8717	7	Neuralgia, musculocutaneous nerve.
8718	3	Neuralgia, circumflex nerve.
)	Neuralgia, long thoracic nerve.
)	Neuralgia, sciatic nerve.
	l	Neuralgia, external popliteal nerve (common peroneal).
	2	Neuralgia, musculocutaneous nerve (superficial peroneal).
	3	Neuralgia, anterior tibial nerve (deep peroneal).
	l	Neuralgia, internal popliteal nerve (tibial).
	5	Neuralgia, posterior tibial nerve.
	§	Neuralgia, anterior crural nerve (femoral).
	7	Neuralgia, internal saphenous nerve. Neuralgia, obturator nerve.
))	Neuralgia, obtirator nerve. Neuralgia, external cutaneous nerve of thigh.
)	Neuralgia, external cutatieus nerve of triigh. Neuralgia, ilio-inguinal nerve.
0730	,	
		The Epilepsies
)	Grand mal.
		Petit mal.
	2	Jacksonian and focal motor or sensory.
	3	Diencephalic.
8914	ł	Psychomotor.
		Mental Disorders
9201		Schizophrenia.
9208	3	Delusional disorder.
9210)	Other specified and unspecified schizophrenia spectrum and other psychotic disorders.
9211	I	Schizoaffective Disorder.
)	Delirium.
		Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to HIV or other infections.
	•	Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to traumatic brain injury.
	5	Major or mild vascular neurocognitive disorder.
)	Unspecified neurocognitive disorder.
	2	Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to Alzheimer's disease.
9326	3	Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to another medical condition or substance/medica
0400)	tion-induced major or mild neurocognitive disorder. Generalized anxiety disorder.
	3	Specific phobia; social anxiety disorder (social phobia).
	۰	Obsessive compulsive disorder.
	,	Other specified anxiety disorder.
	·	Posttraumatic stress disorder.
	2	Panic disorder and/or agoraphobia.
	3	Unspecified anxiety disorder.
	5	Dissociative amnesia; dissociative identity disorder.
9417	7	Depersonalization/derealization disorder.
	I	Somatic symptom disorder.
	2	Other specified somatic symptom and related disorder.
	3	Unspecified somatic symptom and related disorder.
9424	1	Conversion disorder (functional neurological symptom disorder).
		Illness anxiety disorder.
9425	5	
9425 9431	I	Cyclothymic disorder.
9425 9431 9432	2	Cyclothymic disorder. Bipolar disorder.
9425 9431 9432 9433	l 2 3	Cyclothymic disorder. Bipolar disorder. Persistent depressive disorder (dysthymia).
9425 9431 9432 9433 9434	l 2 3 4	Cyclothymic disorder. Bipolar disorder. Persistent depressive disorder (dysthymia). Major depressive disorder.
9425 9431 9432 9433 9433 9434 9435	 2 3 4 5	Cyclothymic disorder. Bipolar disorder. Persistent depressive disorder (dysthymia). Major depressive disorder. Unspecified depressive disorder.
9425 9431 9432 9433 9434 9435 9440	2 3 4 5	Cyclothymic disorder. Bipolar disorder. Persistent depressive disorder (dysthymia). Major depressive disorder. Unspecified depressive disorder. Chronic adjustment disorder.
9425 9431 9432 9433 9434 9435 9440 9520	 2 3 4 5	Cyclothymic disorder. Bipolar disorder. Persistent depressive disorder (dysthymia). Major depressive disorder. Unspecified depressive disorder.

DENTAL AND ORAL CONDITIONS

9900	Maxilla or mandible, chronic osteomyelitis, osteonecrosis, or osteoradionecrosis of.
9901	
9902	Mandible loss of, including ramus, unilaterally or bilaterally.
9903	Mandible, nonunion of, confirmed by diagnostic imaging studies.
9904	Mandible, malunion.
9905	Temporomandibular disorder (TMD).
9908	Condyloid process.
9909	Coronoid process.

Pt. 4, App. C

Diagnostic Code No.	
9917	Teeth, loss of. Maxilla, loss of more than half.

[72 FR 12990, Mar. 20, 2007, as amended at 73 FR 54708, 54711, Sept. 23, 2008; 74 FR 18467, Apr. 23, 2009; 77 FR 6467, Feb. 8, 2012; 79 FR 45102, Aug. 4, 2014; 82 FR 36085, Aug. 3, 2017; 82 FR 50807, Nov. 2, 2017; 83 FR 15073, Apr. 9, 2018; 83 FR 15323, Apr. 10, 2018; 83 FR 32600, July 13, 2018; 83 FR 54258, Oct. 29, 2018; 84 FR 28234, June 18, 2019]

	Diagnostic code No.
Abscess:	
Brain	802
Kidney	750
Lung	682
Long	782
Acromegaly	790
Actinomycosis	682
Addison's disease	791
	731
Agranulocytosis, acquired	770
AL amyloidosis	
Alopecia areata	783
Amebiasis	732
Amputation:	
Arm:	
Disarticulation	512
Above insertion of deltoid	512
Below insertion of deltoid	512
Digits, five of one hand	512
Digits, four of one hand:	
Thumb, index, long and ring	512
Thumb, index, long and little	512
Thumb, index, ring and little	512
Thumb, long, ring and little	513
Index, long, ring and little	513
Digits, three of one hand:	510
Thumb, index and long	513
Thumb, index and ring	513
Thumb, index and little	513
Thumb, long and ring	513
Thumb, long and little	513
Thumb, ring and little	513
Index, long and ring	513
Index, long and little	513
Index, ring and little	514
Long, ring and little	514
Digits, two of one hand:	
Thumb and index	514
Thumb and long	514
Thumb and ring	514
Thumb and little	514
Index and long	514
Index and ring	514
Index and little	514
Long and ring	514
Long and little	515
Ring and little	515
	510
Single finger:	515
Thumb	
Index finger	515
Long finger	515
Ringer	51
Little finger	515
Forearm:	
Above insertion of pronator teres	512
Below insertion of pronator teres	512

APPENDIX C TO PART 4—ALPHABETICAL INDEX OF DISABILITIES

		Diagnost code No
.eg:		
	Nith defective stump	5
	Not improvable by prosthesis controlled by natural knee action	5
	At a lower level, permitting prosthesis	5
	Forefoot, proximal to metatarsal bones	5
	Foes, all, without metatarsal loss	5
	Гое, great	5
1	Foes, other than great, with removal of metatarsal head	5
	Foes, three or more, without metatarsal involvement	5
Гhigh:		
[Disarticulation	5
	Jpper third	5
	Middle or lower thirds	5
Amyotrop	hic lateral sclerosis	8
	al loss of:	
E	Both eyes	6
One eye,	with visual acuity of other eye:	
	5/200 (1.5/60)	6
	10/200 (3/60); 15/200 (4.5/60); 20/200 (6/60)	6
	20/100 (6/30); 20/70 (6/21); 20/50 (6/15)	6
	20/40 (6/12)	6
E	Both feet	5
	Both hands	5
	One hand and one foot	5
	One foot and loss of use of one hand	5
	One hand and loss of use of one foot	5
Anemia:		0
	Acquired hemolytic anemia	7
	Folic acid deficiency	7
	ron deficiency anemia	. 7
	Pernicious anemia and Vitamin B ₁₂ deficiency anemia	. 7
Aneurysm		,
,	Aortic	7
	arge artery	7
	Small artery	7
	rotic edema	7
Ankylosis		,
	Ankle	5
ر Digits, inc		5
Digits, inc		5
	Thumb	
	Index finger	5
	Long finger	5
	Ring or little finger	5
	Elbow	5
	Hand	
avorable		_
	ive digits of one hand	5
	our digits of one hand	5
	Three digits of one hand	5
	Two digits of one hand	5
Jnfavoral		
F	Five digits of one hand	5
	Four digits of one hand	5
1	Three digits of one hand	5
1	Two digits of one hand	5
Hip	-	5
Knee		5
	umeral articulation	5
•	galar or tarsal joint	5
		5
	g spondylitis	5
	9 - F - · · ·) - · ·	6
	organic	6
	inemia	7
		,
Arrhythmi	a. Supraventricular	7
. 8	Ventricular	7
5		7
۱ Arterioscl	erosis obliterans	
Arterioscl Arterioscl	erotic heart disease	7
Arterioscl Arterioscl Arterioscl Arteriover		
Arterioscl Arterioscl Arterioscl Arteriover Arthritis:	erotic heart disease	7

	Diagnos code N
Gonorrheal	
Other types	
Pneumococcic	
Rheumatoid (atrophic)	
Streptococcic	
Syphilitic	
Typhoid	
sbestosis	
spergillosis	
sthma, bronchial	
stragalectomy therosclerotic renal disease	
thetosis	
trioventricular block vitaminosis	
artonellosis	
eriberi	
ladder:	
Calculus in	
Fistula in Injury of	
Neurogenic	
lastomycosis	
lindness: see also Vision and Anatomical Loss	
Both eyes, only light perception	
One eye, only light perception and other eye:	
5/200 (1.5/60)	
10/200 (3/60); 15/200 (4.5/60); 20/200 (6/60)	
20/100 (6/30); 20/70 (6/21); 20/50 (6/15)	
20/40 (6/12)	
kones:	
Caisson disease	
New growths, benign	
New growths, malignant	
Shortening of the lower extremity	
irain:	
Abscess	
reast surgery	
Ironchiectasis	
Ironchitis	
arucellosis	
uerger's disease	
ulbar palsy	
ullous disorders	
lursitis	
Campylobacter jejuni infection	
Cardiac:	
Pacemakers, implantable	
Transplantation	

	Diagnos code N
Conjunctivitis:	
Trachomatous	(
Other	
Coronary bypass surgery	
Coxiella burnetii infection (Q Fever)	
Cryptococcosis	
Cushing's syndrome Cutaneous manifestations of collagen-vascular diseases not listed elsewhere	-
Volareous mannestations of conagen-vascular diseases not insted elsewhere	
Cystitis, chronic	
Jacryocystitis	
Dermatitis or eczema	
Dermatophytosis	
Desquamative interstitial pneumonitis Diabetes:	
Insipidus	
Mellitus	
Diaphragm:	
Paralysis or paresis	
Rupture	
Diplopia Diplopia limited muscle function eve	
Diplopia, limited muscle function, eyeDisease:	,
Addison's	-
Buerger's	-
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	
Hodgkin's	
Leprosy (Hansen's)	
Lyme	
Morton's	
Parasitic	e
Disfigurement of, head, face or neck Dislocated:	-
Cartilage, semilunar	
Lens, crystalline	
Disseminated intravascular coagulation	
Distomiasis, intestinal or hepatic	
Diverticulitis	
Dysentery, bacillary	
Ectropion	
mbolism, brain	
mphysema, pulmonary	
ncephalitis, epidemic, chronic	-
ndocardins	
Interitis, chronic	
Interocolitis, chronic	
Entropion	
Eosinophilic granuloma of lung	
pididymo-orchitis	
pilepsies:	
Diencephalic	1
Grand mal	1
Jacksonian and focal motor or sensory	
Petit mal	
Psychomotor	
piphora	
rythema multiforme	
rythroderma	
rythromelalgia	
sophagus:	
Diverticulum	
Spasm	
Stricture	
allopian tube	
emale sexual arousal disorder (FSAD)	
ever: Relapsing	
	(
Rheumatic	
ibrosis of lung, diffuse interstitial	

	Diagnostic code No.
Rectovaginal	7624
Urethrovaginal	762
Flatfoot, acquired	5276
Gastritis, hypertrophic	730
Genu recurvatum	5263
Glaucoma:	
Congestive or inflammatory	6012
Simple, primary, noncongestive	6013
Glomerulonephritis	7530
Gout	501
Graves' disease	7900
Hallux:	500
Rigidus	528
Valgus	5280
Hammer toe	5282
Heart valve replacement	7016
Hematologic:	7710
Essential thrombocythemia and primary myelofibrosis	7718
Immune thrombocytopenia	7705
Multiple myeloma	7712
Myelodysplastic syndromes	7725
Solitary plasmacytoma	7724
Hematomyelia	8012
Hemorrhage:	8009
Brain	
Intra-ocular	6007
Hemorrhagic fevers, including dengue, yellow fever, and others	6329
Hemorrhoids	7336
Hepatitis C Hernia:	7354
	7940
Femoral Hiatal	7340
	7346 7338
Inguinal	
Muscle Ventral	5326
	7339
Hip: Degenerative arthritis	5242
Flail joint	5254
Histoplasmosis	6834
HIV-Related Illness	635
Hodgkin's disease	7709
Hodgkin's lymphoma	7709
Hydrarthrosis, intermittent	5018
Hydronephrosis	7509
Hyperaldosteronism	7917
Hyperhidrosis	7832
Hyperinfection syndrome or disseminated strongyloidiasis	6325
Hyperparathyroidism	7904
Hyperpituitarism	7916
	683
Hypersensitivity Hypertensive:	000
Heart disease	700
Vascular disease	7007
Hyperthyroid heart disease	7008
Hyperthyroid near alsease	7900
Hypoparathyroidism	790
Hypothyroidism	7903
Impairment of:	7500
Humerus	5202
Clavicle or scapula	5202
Elbow	520
Thigh	5253
Femur	5255
Knee, other	525
Field vision	6080
Field vision Tibia and fibula	5262
Rectum & anus	733
Ulna Implantable cardiac pacemakers	521
	7018
Infections of the skin	7820
Injury:	754-
Bladder	751
Breast	76

	Diagnost code No
Eye, unhealed	6
Foot	5
Gall bladder	7
Lips	7
Liver, residuals	7
Mouth	7
Facial	5
Group I Function: Upward rotation of scapula	5
Group II Function: Depression of arm	5
Group III Function: Elevation and abduction of arm	5
Group IV Function: Stabilization of shoulder	5
Group V Function: Elbow supination	5
Group VI Function: Extension of elbow	5
Group VII Function: Flexion of wrist and fingers	5
Group VIII Function: Extension of wrist, fingers, thumb Group IX Function: Forearm muscles	5 5
Group X Function: Movement of forefoot and toes	5
Group XI Function: Propulsion of foot	5
Group XII Function: Dorsiflexion	5
Group XIII Function: Extension of hip and flexion of knee	5
Group XIV Function: Extension of knee	5
Group XV Function: Adduction of hip	5
Group XVI Function: Flexion of hip	5
Group XVII Function: Extension of hip	5
Group XVIII Function: Outward rotation of thigh	5
Group XIX Function: Abdominal wall and lower thorax	5
Group XX Function: Postural support of body	5
Group XXI Function: Respiration	5
Group XXII Function: Rotary and forward movements, head Group XXIII Function: Movements of head	5
arynx	6
croiliac	5
Spinal cord	6
Stomach, residuals of	7
S	6
erstitial nephritis	7
ervertebral disc syndrome	5
estine, fistula of	7
table colon syndrome	7
ratinization, diseases of	7
rations	6
Iney:	0
Abscess	7
Cystic diseases	7
Removal	7
Transplant	7
Transplant	7
Tuberculosis	6
Tuberculosis phoscoliosis, pectus excavatum / carinatum	6
Tuberculosis phoscoliosis, pectus excavatum / carinatum gophthalmos	
Tuberculosis	6
Tuberculosis	
Tuberculosis	6
Tuberculosis	6
Tuberculosis	6
Tuberculosis	6 6 6
Tuberculosis	6 6 6 7 7
Tuberculosis	6 6 6 7 7 7
Tuberculosis	6 6 6 7 7 7
Tuberculosis	6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
Tuberculosis	6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
Tuberculosis	6 6 6 7 7 7 6 7 7 7 7 7
Tuberculosis	6 6 6 7 7 7 6 7 7 5
Tuberculosis	6 6 6
Tuberculosis	6 6 6 7 7 7 6 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Tuberculosis phoscoliosis, pectus excavatum / carinatum phoscoliosis, pectus excavatum / carinatum yrngectomy yrngitis: Tuberculous Chronic yrnx, stenosis of shmaniasis: American (New World) Old World Old World Old World Ukemia: Chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML) (chronic myeloid leukemia or chronic granulocytic leukemia) Leukemia Leukemia Forearm	6 6 6 7 7 7 6 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Tuberculosis phoscoliosis, pectus excavatum / carinatum ophthalmos ryngectomy ryngitis: Tuberculous Chronic chronic ishmaniasis: American (New World) Old World prosy (Hansen's Disease) ukemia: Chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML) (chronic myeloid leukemia or chronic granulocytic leukemia) Leukemia nitation of extension: Forearm Leg Radius Supination and pronation	6 6 7 7 6 7 7 5 5 5
Tuberculosis	

	Diagnostic code No.
Leg	52
Thigh	52
imitation of motion:	
Ankle	52
Arm	52
Index or long finger	52 52
Ring or little finger Temporomandibular	99
Thumb	52
Wrist, limitation of motion	52
iver:	
Disease, chronic, without cirrhosis	73
Transplant	73
Cirrhosis	73
oss of:	ĺ
Auricle	62
Condyloid process	99
Coronoid process	99
Eyebrows	60
Eyelashes	60
Eyelids Balata hard	60 99
Palate, hardandible:	9
Including ramus, unilaterally or bilaterally	9
axilla:	
More than half	9
Less than half	9
ose, part of, or scars	6
sull, part of	5
nell, sense of	6
ste, sense of	6
eth, loss of	9
ngue, loss of whole or part	7
oss of use of:	ĺ
Both feet	5
Both hands	5
Foot	5
Hand	5
One hand and one foot	5
mbosacral strain	5
ipus:	
Erythematosus	6
Erythematosus, discoid	7
me disease	6
mphatic filariasis, to include elephantiasis	6
alaria	6
alignant melanomaalunion:	· · · ·
Mandible	g
Os calcis or astragalus	5
axilla, malunion or nonunion	g
axilla or mandible, chronic osteomyelitis, osteonecrosis, or osteoradionecrosis of	g
slioidosis	6
eniere's syndrome	6
eningitis, cerebrospinal, epidemic	8
ental disorders:	
Anorexia nervosa	g
Bipolar disorder	g
Bulimia nervosa	g
Chronic adjustment disorder	9
Conversion disorder (functional neurological symptom disorder).	9
Cyclothymic disorder	9
Delirium	9
Delusional disorder	9
Depersonalization/derealization disorder	9
Dissociative amnesia; dissociative identity disorder	9
Generalized anxiety disorder	9
Illness anxiety disorder	9
Major depressive disorder	9
Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to Alzheimer's disease	9
Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to another medical condition or substance/medication-in-	Í.
duced major or mild neurocognitive disorder	9
Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to HIV or other infections	9

		Diagnostic code No.
	nild neurocognitive disorder due to traumatic brain injury	930
	nild vascular neurocognitive disorder	930
	cified and unspecified schizophrenia spectrum and other psychotic disorders	940 921
	cified anxiety disorder	941
	cified somatic symptom and related disorder	942
Panic disc	order and/or agoraphobia	941
	depressive disorder (dysthymia)	943
	atic stress disorder	941
	ective disorder	921 920
	enia ymptom disorder	920
	hobia; social anxiety disorder (social phobia)	942
	ad somatic symptom and related disorder	942
	ed anxiety disorder	941
Unspecifie	ed depressive disorder	943
	ed neurocognitive disorder	931
0		527
		810
		527
		683 801
		801
		801
	on	700
		502
Vyositis		502
Varcolepsy		810
leoplasms:		
Benign:		
	Breast	763
	igestive systemar	734 620
	Endocrine	791
	Genitourinary	752
	Synecological	762
	lard and soft tissue	991
N	fuscle	532
	Respiratory	682
	Skin	781
Malignant		700
	Breast	763 734
	igestive systemar	620
	Endocrine	791
	Senitourinary	752
	Aynecological	762
	lard and soft tissue	991
N	/uscle	532
	Respiratory	681
	kin	78
		750 750
	teriolar	750
leuralgia:		750
	erves	
Cranial Ne		840
Cranial Ne	ifth (trigeminal)	040
Cranial Ne F S	Seventh (facial)	840
Cranial Ne F S	eventh (facial) linth (glossopharyngeal)	840 840
Cranial Ne F S N T	Seventh (facial) linth (glossopharyngeal) enth (pneumogastric, vagus)	84) 84) 84
Cranial Ne F S N T E	eventh (facial) linth (glossopharyngeal) enth (pneumogastric, vagus) leventh (spinal accessory, external branch)	84 84 84 84
Cranial Ne F S N T E T	eventh (facial) linth (glossopharyngeal) ienth (pneumogastric, vagus) lieventh (spinal accessory, external branch) welfth (hypoglossal)	84) 84)
Cranial Ne F S N T E Peripheral	Seventh (facial) linth (glossopharyngeal) enth (pneumogastric, vagus) Eleventh (spinal accessory, external branch) welfth (hypoglossal) Nerves	844 844 84 84 84
Cranial Ne F S N T E Peripheral	ieventh (facial) linth (glossopharyngeal) enth (pneumogastric, vagus) leventh (spinal accessory, external branch) welfth (hypoglossal) Nerves pper radicular group	844 844 84 84 84 84
Cranial Ne F S T E Peripheral V M	ieventh (facial) linth (glossopharyngeal) enth (pneumogastric, vagus) lieventh (spinal accessory, external branch) welfth (hypoglossal) Nerves Jeper radicular group fiddle radicular group	84 84 84 84 84 87 87
Cranial Ne F S N T T Peripheral L L L	ieventh (facial) linth (glossopharyngeal) enth (pneumogastric, vagus) leventh (spinal accessory, external branch) welfth (hypoglossal) Nerves pper radicular group	84 84 84 84 84 87 87 87 87
Cranial Ne S N T Peripheral U L A A M	ieventh (facial) iinth (glossopharyngeal) ienth (pneumogastric, vagus) ieventh (spinal accessory, external branch) welfth (hypoglossal) Nerves /pper radicular group /iddle radicular group ower radicular group ul radicular groups /lusculospiral (radial)	84 84 84 84 84 84
Cranial Ne F S N T E T Peripheral U L A A M	ieventh (facial) linth (glossopharyngeal) enth (pneumogastric, vagus) leventh (spinal accessory, external branch) welfth (hypoglossal) Nerves lpper radicular group liddle radicular group ower radicular group li radicular group li radicular group	84 84 84 84 87 87 87 87 87
Cranial Ne F S N T Peripheral U L A M N L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L	ieventh (facial) linth (glossopharyngeal) enth (pneumogastric, vagus) leventh (spinal accessory, external branch) weifth (hypoglossal) Nerves Ipper radicular group ower radicular group ul radicular group lu radicular groups lu sculospiral (radial) Median Inar	84 84 84 84 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87
Cranial Ne S N T Peripheral W N L N N N N N N	ieventh (facial) iinth (glossopharyngeal) enth (pneumogastric, vagus) ieventh (spinal accessory, external branch) welfth (hypoglossal) Nerves Jeper radicular group iiddle radicular group ower radicular group ower radicular group ower radicular group Median Aedian	84 84 84 84 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87

		Diagnos code N
	Sciatic	
	External popliteal (common peroneal)	
	Musculocutaneous (superficial peroneal)	
	Anterior tibial (deep peroneal)	
	Internal popliteal (tibial)	
	Posterior tibial	
	Anterior crural (femoral)	
	Internal saphenous	
	Obturator	
	External cutaneous nerve of thigh	
	llio-inguinal	
leuritis:		
Cranial I		
	Fifth (trigeminal)	
	Seventh (facial)	
	Ninth (glossopharyngeal)	
	Tenth (pneumogastric, vagus)	
	Eleventh (spinal accessory, external branch)	
	Twelfth (hypoglossal)	
Peripher	ral Nerves	
	Upper radicular group	
	Middle radicular group	
	Lower radicular group	
	All radicular groups	
	Musculospiral (radial)	
	Median	
	Ulnar	
	Musculocutaneous	
	Circumflex	
	Long thoracic	
	Sciatic	
	External popliteal (common peroneal)	
	Musculocutaneous (superficial peroneal)	
	Anterior tibial (deep peroneal)	
	Internal popliteal (tibial)	
	Posterior tibial	
	Anterior crural (femoral)	
	Internal saphenous	
	Obturator	
	External cutaneous nerve of thigh	
	Ilio-inguinal	
Veurogenic blado	der	
New growths:		
Benign		
	Bones	
	Brain	
	Brain Eve. orbit, and adnexa	
	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
Maligna	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
Maligna	Eye, orbit, and adnexa Spinal cordnt	
Maligna	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
Maligna	Eye, orbit, and adnexa Spinal cord nt Bones Brain	
Maligna	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
-	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
Nocardiosis	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
Nocardiosis Non-Hodgkin's ly	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
Vocardiosis Von-Hodgkin's ly Vontuberculosis i	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
Nocardiosis Non-Hodgkin's ly Nontuberculosis i Nontyphoid salmo	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
Vocardiosis Non-Hodgkin's ly Nontuberculosis I Nontyphoid salme Nonunion:	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
Nocardiosis Non-Hodgkin's ly Nontuberculosis I Nontyphoid salm Nonunion: Mandible	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
Vocardiosis Von-Hodgkin's ly Vontuberculosis i Vontyphoid salmu Vonunion: Mandiblu Radius a	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
Nocardiosis Non-Hodgkin's IV Nontuberculosis i Nontyphoid salmi Nonunion: Mandibli Radius a Nystagmus, centi	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
Nocardiosis Non-Hodgkin's ly Nontuberculosis i Nontyphoid salm Nonunion: Mandible Radius a Vstagmus, centi Dsteilits deformar	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
Nocardiosis Non-Hodgkin's ly Nontuberculosis i Nontyphoid salmo Nonunion: Mandible Radius a Nystagmus, cent Dsteitis deformar Dsteomalacia	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
Nocardiosis Von-Hodgkin's ly Vontuberculosis i Nontyphoid salmu Nonunion: Mandiblu Radius a Nystagmus, centi Dsteitis deformar Dsteomyalacia Dsteomyelitis	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
Nocardiosis Non-Hodgkin's ly Nontuberculosis i Nontyphoid salm Nonunion: Mandible Radius a Vystagmus, centi Osteitis deformar Osteomalacia Osteoprosis, wil	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
Nocardiosis Non-Hodgkin's ly Nontuberculosis i Nontyphoid salmo Nonunion: Mandible Radius a Vystagmus, cent Dateitis deformar Dateomalacia Dateomyelitis Dateoprosis, wit Ditis media:	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
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Nocardiosis Non-Hodgkin's ly Nontuberculosis i Nontyphoid salm Nonunion: Mandible Radiusa Systagmus, cent Osteitis deformar Dsteomalacia Dsteomporosis, wit Dittis media: Externa Nonsupp	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	
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Nocardiosis Non-Hodgkin's ly Nontuberculosis i Nontyphoid salmo Nonunion: Mandible Radius a Nystagmus, cent Osteitis deformar Osteomyelitis Osteomyelitis Osteoporosis, will Dittis media: Externa Nonsupp Suppura Otosclerosis	Eye, orbit, and adnexa	

	Diagnost code No
Disease or injury	7
Removal	7
alsy, bulbar	8
ancreatitis	7
apillary necrosis	7
apulosquamous disorders	7
'aralysis:	
Accommodation	6
Agitans	8
aralysis, nerve: Cranial nerves	
Fifth (trigeminal)	8
Seventh (facial)	6
Ninth (glossopharyngeal)	6
Tenth (pneumogastric, vagus)	6
Eleventh (spinal accessory, external branch)	6
Twelfth (hypoglossal)	6
Peripheral Nerves:	
Upper radicular group	ε
Middle radicular group	Ē
Lower radicular group	Ê
All radicular groups	8
Musculospiral (radial)	ε
Median	6
Ulnar	8
Musculocutaneous	8
Circumflex	ε
Long thoracic	ε
Sciatic	6
External popliteal (common peroneal)	6
Musculocutaneous (superficial peroneal)	8
Anterior tibial nerve (deep peroneal)	8
Internal popliteal (tibial)	8
Posterior tibial nerve	8
Anterior crural nerve (femoral)	ε
Internal saphenous	ε
Obturator	8
External cutaneous nerve of thigh	8
llio-inguinal	8
aramyoclonus multiplex	8
	6
ellagra	
arasitic disease ellagra Penis	
ellagra enis Deformity, with loss of erectile power	7
ellagra enis Deformity, with loss of erectile power Removal of glans	77
ellagra enis Deformity, with loss of erectile power Removal of glans Removal of half or more	77777
ellagra enis Deformity, with loss of erectile power Removal of glans Removal of half or more ericardial adhesions	7 7 7 7
ellagra enis Deformity, with loss of erectile power Removal of glans Removal of half or more ericardial adhesions ericarditis	7 7 7 7 7
ellagra enis Deformity, with loss of erectile power	7 7 7 7 7 8
ellagra enis Deformity, with loss of erectile power Removal of glans Removal of half or more ericardital adhesions ericarditis eriostitis eripheral vestibular disorders	7 7 7 7 8 6
ellagra enis Deformity, with loss of erectile power Removal of glans Removal of half or more ericardial adhesions ericarditis ericarditis eripheral vestibular disorders eritoneum, adhesions	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
ellagra	
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eilagra enis Deformity, with loss of erectile power Removal of glans Removal of half or more ericardial adhesions ericarditis ericarditis eriotitis eriotitis eriotneum, adhesions eritoneum, adhesions es cavus (Claw foot) acquired heochromocytoma	77777 7756 77557
ellagraenis Deformity, with loss of erectile power	777777 7775 60775 776
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eilagra enis Deformity, with loss of erectile power Removal of glans Removal of half or more ericardial adhesions ericarditis eriostritis eristis eristis eristis eristis eristis eristis eritoneum, adhesions eritonitis es cavus (Claw foot) acquired heochromocytoma lague leural effusion or fibrosis	
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ellagra	77777 775 6677 66
eilagraenis Deformity, with loss of erectile power	
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ellagraenis Deformity, with loss of erectile power	7777756775766776

	Diagnostic code No.
Hip replacement	505
Knee replacement	505
Shoulder replacement	505
Wrist replacement	505
soriasis	78
terygium	600
tosis Julmonary:	601
Alveolar proteinosis	682
Vascular disease	68
Pruritus ani	73
yelonephritis, chronic	75
laynaud's syndrome	71
lectum:	
Rectum & anus, stricture	73
Prolapse	73
Removal:	
Cartilage, semilunar	52
Coccyx	52
Gall bladder	73
Kidney	75
Penis glans	75
Penis half or more	75
Ribs	52
Testis	75
Ovary	76
Uterus	76
Uterus and both ovaries	76
lenal:	
Amyloid disease	75
Disease, chronic	75
Involvement in systemic diseases	75
Tubular disorders	75
tesection of intestine:	
Large	73
Small	73
Retina detachment of	60
Retinal dystrophy (including retinitis pigmentosa, wet or dry macular degeneration, early-onset macular degen-	
eration, rod and/or cone dystrophy)	60
Retinopathy, diabetic	60
tetinopathy or maculopathy not otherwise specified	60
thinitis:	
Allergic or vasomotor	65
Bacterial	65
Granulomatous	65
lickettsial, ehrlichia, and anaplasma Infections	63
arcoidosis	68
carring alopecia	78
icars:	
Burn scar(s) of the head, face, or neck; scar(s) of the head, face, or neck due to other causes; or	_
other disfigurement of the head, face, or neck	7
Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are associated with un-	-
derlying soft tissue damage	78
Burn scar(s) or scar(s) due to other causes, not of the head, face, or neck that are not associated with	-
underlying soft tissue damage	7
Retina	6
Scars, other; and other effects of scars evaluated under diagnostic codes 7800, 7801, 7802, or 7804	7
Unstable or painful	7
chistosomiasis	6
higella infections	6
inusitis:	
Ethmoid	6
Frontal	6
Maxillary	6
Pansinusitis	6
Sphenoid	6
leep Apnea Syndrome	6
oft tissue sarcoma:	-
	50
Muscle, fat, or fibrous connected	8
Muscle, fat, or fibrous connected Neurogenic origin	
Muscle, fat, or fibrous connected Neurogenic origin Vascular origin	7
Muscle, fat, or fibrous connected Neurogenic origin	

	Diagnostic code No.
Spleen, injury of, healed	77(
Splenectomy	770
Spondylolisthesis or segmental instability, spine	523
Stomach, stenosis of	730
Symblepharon	609
Syndromes:	
Chronic Fatigue Syndrome (CFS)	635
Cushing's	790
Meniere's	620
Raynaud's	71
Sleep Apnea	68-
Synovitis	50
Syphilis	63
Syphilis:	00
Cerebrospinal	80
Meningovascular	80
Syphilitic heart disease	70
	80
Syringomyelia	
abes dorsalis	80
Farsal or metatarsal bones	52
Fenosynovitis	50
Festis:	
Atrophy, complete	75
Removal	75
Thrombocytopenia	77
hrombosis, brain	80
Thyroid gland:.	
Nontoxic thyroid enlargement	79
Toxic thyroid enlargement	79
hyroiditis	79
ic, convulsive	8
innitus, recurrent	62
	7
oxic nephropathy	
Traumatic brain injury residuals	80
raumatic chest wall defect	68
Fuberculosis:	
Adenitis	77
Bones and joints	50
Eye	60
Kidney	75
Luposa (lupus vulgaris)	78
Miliary	63
Pleurisy, active or inactive	6
Pulmonary:	
Active, far advanced	67
Active, moderately advanced	6
Active, minimal	6
Active, advancement unspecified	6
Active, chronic	6
Inactive, chronic	6
Inactive, far advanced	6
Inactive, moderately advanced	6
Inactive, minimal	6
Inactive, advancement unspecified	6
uberculosis luposa (lupus vulgaris)	7
ympanic membrane	6
Jlcer:	
Duodenal	73
Gastric	73
Marginal	73
Jreter, stricture of	7
Jreterolithiasis	75
Jrethra.	/、
	75
Fistula	
Stricture	7
Urticaria, chronic.	7
Iterus:	
	7
And both ovaries, removal	7
And both ovaries, removal Disease or injury	7
Disease or injury	/ (
Disease or injury Prolapse	70

Pt. 6

Vulva or clitoris, disease or injury of 7610 Weak foot 5277		Diagnostic code No.
Vaïvular heart disease 7000 Varicose veins 7120 Varicose veins 7226 Vertebral fracture or dislocation 7286 Vibroisi (Cholera, Non-cholera) 6300 Visceral Leishmaniasis 6301 Visceroptosis 7342 Visceroptosis 7342 Sizon (1.5/60) 6071 10/200 (3/60): 15/200 (4.5/60); 20/200 (6/60) 6072 20/100 (6/30): 20/70 (6/21); 20/50 (6/15) 6074 One eye 5/200 (1.5/60), with visual acuity of other eye: 6074 10/200 (3/60), its/200 (4.5/60); 20/200 (6/60) 6072 20/100 (6/30); 20/70 (6/21); 20/50 (6/15) 6076 20/40 (6/12) 60/60) 6077 One eye 15/200 (4.5/60), with visual acuity of other eye: 6077 10/200 (3/60) r 20/200 (6/60) 6075 20/100 (6/30); 20/70 (6/21); 20/50 (6/15) 6076 20/40 (6/12) 6077 One eye 20/200 (6/60) with visual acuity of other eye: 6077 20/ea (6/21) 20/70 (6/21); 20/50 (6/15) 6076 20/40 (6/12) 6076 6077 O	Vagotomy	7348
Varicose veins 7120 Vascuilitis, primary cutaneous 7826 Vastuilits, primary cutaneous 7826 Viscral Leishmaniasis 6301 Visceral Leishmaniasis 6301 Visceral Leishmaniasis 6301 Visceral Leishmaniasis 6401 Visceral Leishmaniasis 6671 Steeroptosis 5/200 (1.5/60) Vision: see also Bindness and Loss of 6071 10/200 (3/60); 15/200 (4.5/60); 20/200 (6/60) 6073 20/100 (6/30); 20/70 (6/21); 20/50 (6/15) 6073 20/400 (6/12) 6060) 6075 20/400 (6/12) 20/200 (6/60) 6075 20/400 (6/12) 20/200 (6/60) 6075 20/400 (6/12) 20/200 (6/60) 6075 20/400 (6/12) 20/40 (6/12) 6076 20/400 (6/12) 20/40 (6/12) 6076 20/400 (6/60), with visual acuity of other eye: 6077 20/400 (6/60), with visual acuity of other eye: 6077 20/400 (6/60), with visual acuity of other eye: 6075 20/100 (6/30); 20/70 (6/21); 20/50 (6/15) 6075 20/200 (6/60), with visual acuity of other eye:		7000
Vascullis, primary cutaneous 7826 Vertebral fracture or dislocation 5235 Vibroisis (Cholera, Non-cholera) 6301 Visceraptosis 7342 Visceraptosis 7342 Visceraptosis 6301 Visceraptosis 6400 Visceraptosis 6400 Visceraptosis 6400 Visceraptosis 6400 Visceraptosis 6400 Visceraptosis 6400 Visceraptosis 6401 Vistosis 6401 Vistosis 6401 Vistosis 6401 Vistosis 6401 Vistosis 6401 Vistosis 6401		
Vertebral fracture or dislocation 5235 Vibriosis (Cholera, Non-cholera) 6300 Visceral Leishmaniasis 7342 Visceral Leishmaniasis 7342 Visceral Leishmaniasis 6301 Visceral Leishmaniasis 7342 Visceral Leishmaniasis 6301 Visceral Leishmaniasis 6301 One eye 5/200 (1.5/60), with visual acuity of other eye: 6071 10/200 (3/60), 15/200 (4.5/60); 20/200 (6/60) 6072 20/100 (6/30); 20/70 (6/21); 20/50 (6/15) 6073 20/40 (6/12) 6074 One eye 10/200 (3/60), with visual acuity of other eye: 6077 10/200 (3/60), it5/200 (4.5/60) / 20/200 (6/60) 6075 20/100 (6/30); 20/70 (6/21); 20/50 (6/15) 6076 20/40 (6/12) 6077 One eye 15/200 (4.5/60) or 20/200 (6/60) 6076 20/100 (6/30); 20/70 (6/21); 20/50 (6/15) 6076 20/40 (6/12) 6077 One eye 20/200 (6/60), with visual acuity of other eye: 6077 20/200 (6/60), with visual acuity of other eye: 6077 20/40 (6/12) 6076 20/100 (6/30		
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	West Nile virus infection	6335

[72 FR 13003, Mar. 20, 2007, as amended at 73 FR 54708, 54712, Sept. 23, 2008; 73 FR 69554, Nov.
19, 2008; 74 FR 18467, Apr. 23, 2009; 77 FR 6467, Feb. 8, 2012; 79 FR 45103, Aug. 4, 2014; 82 FR 36085, Aug. 3, 2017; 82 FR 50807, Nov. 2, 2017; 83 FR 15073, Apr. 9, 2018; 83 FR 15323, Apr. 10, 2018; 83 FR 32601, July 13, 2018; 83 FR 54259, Oct. 29, 2018; 84 FR 28234, June 18, 2019]

PART 5 [RESERVED]

PART 6—UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LIFE INSURANCE

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- Sec.
- 6.1 Misstatement of age.

PREMIUMS

6.2 Premium rate.

POLICIES

6.3 Incontestability of United States Government life insurance. BENEFICIARY OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LIFE INSURANCE

- 6.4 Proof of age, relationship and marriage.
- 6.5 Conditional designation of beneficiary.
- 6.6 Change of beneficiary.
- 6.7 Claims of creditors, taxation.

OPTIONAL SETTLEMENT

- 6.8 Selection, revocation and election.
- 6.9 Election of optional settlement by beneficiary.

6.10 Options.

DIVIDENDS

- 6.11 How dividends are paid.
- 6.12 Special dividends.
 - LOANS

6.13 Policy loans.