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No. 16

## Senate

The Senate was not in session today. Its next meeting will be held on Tuesday, January 30, 2024, at 3 p.m.

## House of Representatives

MONDAY, JANUARY 29, 2024

The House met at noon and was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. BENTZ).

### DESIGNATION OF SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Speaker:

WASHINGTON, DC,  
January 29, 2024.

I hereby appoint the Honorable CLIFF BENTZ to act as Speaker pro tempore on this day.

MIKE JOHNSON,  
*Speaker of the House of Representatives.*

### MORNING-HOUR DEBATE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the order of the House of January 9, 2024, the Chair will now recognize Members from lists submitted by the majority and minority leaders for morning-hour debate.

The Chair will alternate recognition between the parties, with time equally allocated between the parties and each Member other than the majority and minority leaders and the minority whip limited to 5 minutes, but in no event shall debate continue beyond 1:50 p.m.

### MAYORKAS IMPEACHMENT/ BORDER

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from North Carolina (Ms. FOXX) for 5 minutes.

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, this week, the House Committee on Homeland Security is marking up Articles of Impeachment against Homeland Security Secretary Alejandro Mayorkas for his stark dereliction of duty at our Nation's southern border.

I believe that Secretary Mayorkas deserves to be impeached for his failures, and my intention is to vote in favor of his impeachment.

That said, it is because of House Republicans' commitment to restoring regular order that we have now reached this critical juncture. Regular order has allowed the Homeland Security Committee to conclude its investigation into Secretary Mayorkas and move at an expedited pace in its consideration of these Articles of Impeachment.

It is well known that I voted to refer the impeachment process to this committee. Regular order can and should be followed, especially on such an important issue as this.

What has come to light now is that the vote to refer these articles to the Homeland Security Committee expedited the process by giving that committee sole jurisdiction over the articles. That vote gave us the quickest possible timeline to move these Articles of Impeachment to the Senate where a conviction can and should be affirmed.

We must also acknowledge that regular order has also preserved precious taxpayer dollars that would have otherwise been wasted if the Committee's investigation had been immediately cut short.

Mr. Speaker, while we are on the topic of the southern border, let me address the Senate's secret border deal.

The President has claimed that he needs Congress to pass legislation to empower him to secure the southern border. That is patently false. Congress has no such obligation to do so.

President Biden has always had the authority to enact measures at the southern border to deter illegal aliens from entering our country: ending catch and release; ceasing exploitation of parole authority; reinstating the remain in Mexico program; expanding the use of expedited removal authority; renewing construction of the border wall.

Let's not forget about what authority is granted to the President under the Immigration and Nationality Act as well: "Whenever the President finds that the entry of any aliens or of any class of aliens into the United States would be detrimental to the interests of the United States, he may by proclamation, and for such period as he shall deem necessary, suspend the entry of all aliens or any class of aliens as immigrants or nonimmigrants, or impose on the entry of aliens any restrictions he may deem to be appropriate."

Again, the President already has the authority to secure the southern border. Even in precedent set by the Supreme Court in *Trump v. Hawaii*, the President can make "decisions whether and when to suspend entry, whose entry to suspend, for how long, and on what conditions."

Mr. Speaker, President Biden is acting as if Congress has tied his hands

□ This symbol represents the time of day during the House proceedings, e.g., □ 1407 is 2:07 p.m.

Matter set in this typeface indicates words inserted or appended, rather than spoken, by a Member of the House on the floor.



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H255

and the only way he can secure the border is with more congressional approval.

The truth is that President Biden has been sitting on his own hands for months on end. Perhaps he should take a long, hard look in the mirror.

#### R&D CHANGES TO FEDERAL TAX CODE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Connecticut (Mr. COURTNEY) for 5 minutes.

Mr. COURTNEY. Mr. Speaker, I want to take a minute this morning to again look at the 118th Congress, which just completed its first year of operation last December, and it was sadly the least productive Congress in memory.

Thirty-one bills were enacted during that first year of the 118th Congress. Again, that is a fraction of the number of bills that have been introduced in this Congress. That now surpasses 7,000 bills which were introduced in the House and a comparable number in the Senate.

Obviously, much of the year was consumed with a lot of interparty fighting with the majority party, but now with really a year left, it is our duty to try and find bipartisan measures that are actually going to help this country and address real problems for Americans.

The good news is, a week ago Friday, the Ways and Means Committee reported out H.R. 7024, which is a bill aimed at making corrections and improvements to the Tax Code that are long overdue.

There are three basic pieces to it.

Number one, it reinstated the child tax credit, which had been wiped out after ARPA expired. This will basically take roughly half a million children out of poverty. Low-income families don't qualify for the full value of the child tax credit. Thankfully, the two sides came together to come up with a meaningful fix. We really have more work to do, because the initial version that was part of ARPA actually cut child poverty in this country in half.

The second thing it did is it expanded the low-income housing tax credit. We have a desperate need for more housing supply in this country, and this will stimulate more investment by developers to build more housing.

I want to be clear. Those units that will benefit from this will be mixed income and will benefit working families and folks who are desperate to find affordable places to live.

Mr. Speaker, what I really want to talk about is the research and development tax deduction, which, in 2017, when the tax law was passed, which I opposed at the time, it basically took the research and development expensing mechanism that had been on the books since 1954, which allowed businesses to write down the investments that they did in new products, processes, workforce innovation, and basically forced them to have to spread it

out over 5 years, causing a huge hardship for small businesses, particularly small manufacturers.

I have a poster next to me from the Westminster Tool company in Plainfield, Connecticut. I visited it a few days ago. This is a firm with 35 workers. Again, a family-owned business. They do great work in terms of medical device manufacturing. They also make aerospace parts that go into our F-35 program that is so critical to the Air Force and the Navy.

When this new expensing mechanism went into effect, it is almost hard to believe this, but their tax bill went up 355 percent. Again, for companies like this, who don't have cash reserves to continue innovating in terms of new products and processes, which Westminster Tool does, this is basically a wipeout in terms of their ability to invest.

This is showing up across the country. It was a terrible decision back in 2017. This bill will resume having the annual expensing mechanism, which will allow this company—and this is a picture with Ray Coombs, who is to my immediate right there, the owner, and his two daughters and his son, Colby, who are running the business. Behind him is the president of the Eastern Manufacturing Alliance, which has been desperately asking Congress to go back and fix this ridiculous change which took place in the 2017 tax bill.

So, again, this is a pro-growth measure, which is going to allow companies like this to get back on track in terms of innovation, which is so important for us in keeping ahead of our global competitors and creating jobs—good jobs, skilled jobs. Westminster Tool has been just an absolute shining example of why we need to make this change.

Hopefully, we are going to get this across the finish line and make sure that, again, the problem is fixed. We could do more; there is no question about it. But the fact of the matter is, in this Congress, we have to take us where we can and victories where we can to address real problems for companies like Westminster Tool.

#### ENFORCEMENT OF BORDER SECURITY LAWS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York (Mr. LALOTA) for 5 minutes.

Mr. LALOTA. Mr. Speaker, Congress writes the laws, and the executive branch enforces them.

Let me say that again, Mr. Speaker. Congress writes the laws, and the executive branch enforces them.

At least that is what we teach our kids, and that has been the norm throughout our Nation's history. Yet President Biden and Secretary Mayorkas have refused to enforce our Nation's border security laws.

Now, as House Republicans are poised to impeach Secretary Mayorkas for his willful and systematic refusal to en-

force our Nation's border security laws, President Biden feigns that Congress must pass even more border security laws before he can act.

It is a sad attempt to shift blame, Mr. Speaker. If the President truly wanted to secure our border, by a stroke of a pen, he could reinstate remain in Mexico. President Biden could cancel the mass parole of unvetted migrants into the United States. He could cease repositioning border agents away from the border, and he could resume border wall construction.

But, Mr. Speaker, we know the President is not going to do that. The President should do that, and he should start today by enforcing our border security laws, but, sadly, he won't, and he should not be able to shift blame to anybody else.

#### RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until 2 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 12 o'clock and 12 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1400

#### AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mrs. MILLER of Illinois) at 2 p.m.

#### PRAYER

The Chaplain, the Reverend Margaret Grun Kibben, offered the following prayer:

Gracious and merciful God, receive our prayers and our purpose for this day. We begin with the best of intentions, renewed by the rest of the weekend, asking Your blessing as we tackle the challenges laid before us in the week ahead.

Hear our prayer that we remain committed to doing the right thing, and bless our desire to bring careful thought to do what is pleasing to You, taking pains to remain true to honest things, true not only in Your eyes, but in the eyes of the people we serve.

In this may we prove faithful to loving You with our whole heart, with all our soul, with all our strength, and with our whole mind.

And may the work of our hands and the intentions of our truest self serve as worthy proof that our love for our neighbor is no less than that for our own selves.

Lead us, O Lord, in the living of this day, we pray in Your most holy name. Amen.

#### THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day's proceedings and announces to the House the approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1 of rule I, the Journal stands approved.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Will the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. WILSON) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

AMERICANS MURDERED BY IRANIAN PUPPETS

(Mr. WILSON of South Carolina asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Madam Speaker, Americans are saddened by the deaths and injuries of U.S. servicemembers yesterday in the Middle East. My thoughts and prayers are with the families. Americans are sitting ducks for primary attacks that are occurring abroad and at home because of policies of appeasement.

A key priority is to provide the necessary tools and support for our military who so bravely protect American families. The Biden appeasement toward Iran and its terrorist puppets has resulted in inexcusable failure.

A circumstance that I particularly appreciate, I am the father of four sons who have served in Iraq, Egypt, and Afghanistan, and my recognition of this tragedy is enhanced.

Biden and Harris should resign to reverse the policies of appeasement which have exposed all American military worldwide to attacks.

In conclusion, God bless our troops who successfully protected America for 20 years as the global war on terrorism continues moving from the Afghanistan safe haven to America with Biden open borders for terrorists. It is sadly clear that there will be more 9/11 attacks across America imminent in our country as warned by the FBI.

NATIONAL POVERTY IN AMERICA AWARENESS MONTH

(Ms. PLASKETT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. PLASKETT. Madam Speaker, this month of January has been National Poverty in America Awareness Month. The grim reality is that over 40 million Americans, including nearly 20 percent of individuals in my home of the Virgin Islands and 30 percent of children there, live in poverty. This issue is not an inevitability, but a crisis that we have the power to resolve.

Poverty manifests not only through hunger, but also limited education, social discrimination, desperation, which leads to crime, and diminished demo-

cratic participation. Tragically, communities of color and people living in territories face even greater disadvantages.

It is disheartening to see a lack of concerted effort and poverty alleviation in this House. Many of my Republican colleagues, fixated on political stunts and threatening critical funding cuts, have diverted attention from this pressing issue.

We must prioritize bipartisan collaboration, whether it is the border or hunger in our own land, over political posturing. We must unite in our commitment to eradicate poverty, uplift every citizen, and guarantee a prosperous future for people across our land.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK,  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,  
Washington, DC, January 25, 2024.

Hon. MIKE JOHNSON,  
*The Speaker, House of Representatives,*  
Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 2(h) of Rule II of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, the Clerk received the following message from the Secretary of the Senate on January 25, 2024, at 3:52 p.m.

That the Senate agreed to S. Con. Res. 26.

That the Senate passed S. 2853.

That the Senate passed S. 3646.

Appointment:  
Health Information Technology Advisory Committee.

Board of Trustees of the John C. Stennis Center for Public Service Training and Development.

Washington's Farewell Address.

With best wishes, I am,

Sincerely,

KEVIN F. MCCUMBER,  
*Acting Clerk.*

COMMUNICATION FROM THE SERGEANT AT ARMS

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Sergeant at Arms of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE SERGEANT AT ARMS,  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,  
Washington, DC, January 29, 2024.

Hon. MIKE JOHNSON,  
*Speaker, House of Representatives,*  
Washington, DC.

DEAR MISTER SPEAKER: This is to notify you formally, pursuant to Rule VIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, that the Office of the Sergeant at Arms for the House of Representatives has been served with a grand jury subpoena for documents issued by the U.S. Department of Justice.

After consulting with the Office of General Counsel, I have determined that compliance with the subpoena is consistent with the rights and privileges of the House.

Sincerely,

WILLIAM P. MCFARLAND,  
*Sergeant at Arms of the House of Representatives.*

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

Accordingly (at 2 o'clock and 7 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1600

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Ms. DE LA CRUZ) at 4 p.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will postpone further proceedings today on motions to suspend the rules on which a recorded vote or the yeas and nays are ordered, or votes objected to under clause 6 of rule XX.

The House will resume proceedings on postponed questions at a later time.

SAFE AND SMART FEDERAL PURCHASING ACT

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 5528) to evaluate the impact of the lowest price technically acceptable source selection process on national security, and for other purposes, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 5528

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Safe and Smart Federal Purchasing Act".

SEC. 2. REVIEW TO DETERMINE THE IMPACT OF THE LOWEST PRICE TECHNICALLY ACCEPTABLE SOURCE SELECTION PROCESS ON NATIONAL SECURITY.

(a) REVIEW.—The Director shall review the procurement management practices of Defense and Civilian agencies to determine whether the provisions of section 15.101-2 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation have created any national security risk.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the enactment of this Act, the Director shall submit a report on the results of the review under subsection (a) to—

(1) the Committee on Oversight and Accountability of the House of Representatives; and

(2) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) DEFENSE AND CIVILIAN AGENCY.—The term "Defense and Civilian agency" has the meaning given the term "agency" in section 133 of title 41, United States Code.

(2) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) and the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. RASKIN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Florida.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Madam Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 5528, the Safe and Smart Federal Purchasing Act.

Lowest Price Technically Acceptable is a source selection method outlined in the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

Simply put, this Federal Acquisition Regulation standard prioritizes price above all else.

Prioritizing price over any other technical or operational factors in Federal procurement can result in agencies cutting corners, sacrificing long-term value, and potentially jeopardizing national security.

The House Oversight Committee, in previous Congresses, placed appropriate constraints on agency use of the LPTA source selection process to mitigate such concerns.

Those constraints recognized that the LPTA standard is not always appropriate when agencies seek to purchase technically innovative services or technology.

Therefore, my bill requires the Director of the Office of Management and Budget to conduct a governmentwide evaluation of the LPTA source selection process to determine if it is being used in the way that creates any national security risks.

This is a useful step forward understanding how agencies are using LPTA in their source selection decisions, and will determine whether agencies are relying on LPTA when it is not appropriate.

This review is a commonsense step to ensuring America's national security, while also reducing supply chain risks to Federal agencies.

Madam Speaker, I thank my colleague from Virginia, Mr. GERRY CONNOLLY, and my colleague from Colorado, Ms. LAUREN BOEBERT, for their support in drafting this legislation.

Madam Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support this simple and necessary bill, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Madam Speaker, the gentleman's legislation, H.R. 5528, the Safe and Smart Federal Purchasing Act, would require the Director of OMB to review the procurement management practices of Federal agencies to determine whether the use of acquisition procedures focused exclusively on costs known as Lowest Price Technically Acceptable,

or LPTA, poses any national security risks.

Since our committee reported this bill last September, I appreciate that Mr. DONALDS and the majority sought and incorporated feedback from the administration, and also earned bipartisan support with the cosponsorship of Mr. CONNOLLY, a longtime expert in Federal operations. With these updates, I am happy to lend my full support to this legislation.

When Federal agencies purchase goods or services, they strive to achieve the best value for the American people. In the words of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, best value means that the acquisition should provide "the greatest overall benefit in response to the requirement."

Under LPTA procedures, price is the controlling factor in awarding a contract with no consideration given to any other factors. This contrasts with the more frequently used tradeoff approach which looks at the bigger picture and considers additional factors beyond just cost, perhaps assessing elements like quality and performance, or a bidder's technical or managerial expertise.

This bill, and the tradeoff approach to Federal contracting, take into consideration that focusing on contract price alone can actually increase the overall cost to the Federal Government and the people.

For example, cutting costs in the short term can lead to expensive project delays, or might result in taxpayer dollars flowing to adversarial nations that threaten our national security.

If no consideration is given to the strength and integrity of a bidder's supply chain, cutting costs in the short term could lead to inferior products or disastrous supply shortages at key moments.

Madam Speaker, I am happy to give my support to this legislation, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I have no further speakers on this bill, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Madam Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, the Safe and Smart Federal Purchasing Act is a measured and targeted legislation that can inform future congressional work on Federal procurement, a policy area we know is ripe for reform and taxpayer savings.

Madam Speaker, I encourage my colleagues in the House to support this commonsense bipartisan bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 5528, as amended.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

OVERTIME PAY FOR PROTECTIVE SERVICES ACT OF 2023

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (S. 3427) to extend the authority to provide employees of the United States Secret Service with overtime pay beyond other statutory limitations, and for other purposes.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

S. 3427

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Overtime Pay for Protective Services Act of 2023".

SEC. 2. EXTENSION OF OVERTIME PAY EXCEPTION THROUGH 2028 FOR PROTECTIVE SERVICES.

(a) AMENDMENTS.—Section 2 of the Overtime Pay for Protective Services Act of 2016 (5 U.S.C. 5547 note) is amended—

(1) in the section heading, by striking "~~2023~~" and inserting "~~2028~~";

(2) in subsection (a)—

(A) in the subsection heading, by striking "DEFINITION" and inserting "DEFINITIONS";

(B) by striking "In this section, the term" and inserting the following: "In this section—

"(1) the term"; and

(C) by striking "2023." and inserting the following: "2028; and

"(2) the term 'protective services' does not include routine administrative or technical work that supports the daily operations of the United States Secret Service."; and

(3) in subsection (b)(1), by striking "during each of calendar years 2016 through 2023" and inserting "for protective services during each of calendar years 2016 through 2028".

(b) RETROACTIVE EFFECTIVE DATE.—If this Act is enacted after December 31, 2023, the amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect as if enacted on December 31, 2023.

(c) REPORTS.—

(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

(A) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—

(i) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;

(ii) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate;

(iii) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate;

(iv) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives;

(v) the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives;

(vi) the Committee on Oversight and Accountability of the House of Representatives; and

(vii) the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives.

(B) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of the United States Secret Service.

(2) REPORT ON PLANS TO REDUCE OVERTIME USAGE.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the

Director shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report describing the steps that the United States Secret Service is taking to address the increased protective service demands placed upon United States Secret Service personnel.

(B) ELEMENTS.—The report required under subparagraph (A) shall include the following:

(i) An analysis of the current (as of the date on which the report is submitted) operational demands and staffing levels with respect to the United States Secret Service.

(ii) Recommended strategies for reducing overtime requirements for United States Secret Service personnel, including—

(I) the appointment of additional personnel;

(II) solutions such that sufficient resources are available throughout each year without the need for exceptions to, or waivers of, premium pay limitations;

(III) the redistribution of workload among United States Secret Service personnel; and

(IV) other improvements in operational efficiency with respect to the United States Secret Service.

(3) ANNUAL PROJECTIONS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—

(i) REQUIREMENT.—In accordance with the schedule described in clause (ii), the Director shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that contains projections for the information described in paragraphs (1) through (7) of section 2(c) of the Secret Service Recruitment and Retention Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-160; 132 Stat. 1246), which shall be divided by calendar quarter.

(ii) SCHEDULE DESCRIBED.—The schedule described in this clause is as follows:

(I) Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, a report with respect to calendar year 2024.

(II) Not later than December 31 of each of calendar years 2024 through 2027, a report with respect to the calendar year following the calendar year in which the report is submitted.

(B) QUARTERLY UPDATES.—With respect to each annual report required under subparagraph (A), the Director shall, on the last day of each calendar quarter of the calendar year that is covered by the report, submit to the appropriate committees of Congress an updated version of that report that contains projections for the information described in that subparagraph for the remainder of that calendar year, which shall be divided by calendar quarter.

(C) DETERMINING OF PERIOD.—Solely for the purposes of a report required under this paragraph, a reference in any of paragraphs (1) through (7) of section 2(c) of the Secret Service Recruitment and Retention Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-160; 132 Stat. 1246) to a numerical value for a previous calendar year shall be deemed to be a projection of that numerical value for an upcoming calendar year or for the remainder of a calendar year, as applicable.

(4) EFFECT OF AMENDMENTS.—Not later than January 30 of each of calendar years 2025 through 2029, the Director shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the effects of the amendments made by subsection (a), which shall include, with respect to the calendar year preceding the calendar year in which the report is submitted, the following:

(A) The information described in paragraphs (1) through (7) of section 2(c) of the Secret Service Recruitment and Retention Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-160; 132 Stat. 1246).

(B) A comparison between the final data reported under subparagraph (A) and the annual projections reported for that calendar year under paragraph (3)(A), including an ex-

planation for any substantial variance between that final data and those annual projections.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) and the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. RASKIN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Florida.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous materials on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Madam Speaker, I rise in support of S. 3427, the Overtime Pay for Protective Services Act of 2023.

As we all know, the members of the Secret Service are tasked with protecting Presidents, other high-ranking government officials, and their families from harm.

They staff public events, providing a visible police presence, securing vital property in our Nation's Capital and nationwide.

They are trained and prepared to act at the first sign of danger.

While this career can be extremely rewarding, the job itself is challenging and stressful, with agents and officers often working long hours around the clock, including on holidays and weekends.

Through these sacrifices, Secret Service agents and officers commit their lives to public service and deserve to be fairly compensated for their work, which is why in 2016, Congress authorized allowing Secret Service officers and agents to earn overtime pay above their GS pay scale level.

Unfortunately, on December 31 of last year, the Secret Service's authority to pay special agents and uniformed division officers adequate overtime expired, compromising the ability to pay many commensurate with their duties.

With the upcoming elections and other high-profile events of global significance this year and beyond, the Secret Service will be called upon to help protect events and people serving in positions vital to national security.

That is why I am pleased that the Overtime Pay for Protective Services Act, which would renew the authority needed to provide Secret Service members with the respect, gratitude, and compensation that they deserve, is before us today.

This bill has been endorsed by the Federal Law Enforcement Officers Association.

Madam Speaker, I thank my House colleagues, Homeland Security Committee Chairman GREEN, and Ranking Member BENNIE THOMPSON, for leading the bipartisan companion in the House.

I also thank House Oversight Committee Chairman JAMES COMER and Ranking Member JAMIE RASKIN for their work addressing this important U.S. Secret Service workforce issue, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Madam Speaker, I rise to support S. 3427, the Overtime Pay for Protective Services Act. The legislation would see to it that Secret Service agents who work overtime get paid for the time they have worked.

The bill authorizes an extension of the Secret Service's current pay cap level of level II of the Executive Schedule through 2028 so that agents are permitted to receive compensation for the hours of overtime they work. Without this legislation, the pay of Secret Service agents would be capped at GS-15 level.

The Presidential campaign years place great challenges and strain on Secret Service personnel. According to the most recent data available, in 2022, nearly 1,600 agents worked so many hours that they maxed out their annual overtime in salary.

The amount of overtime worked resulted, on average, in more than \$11,000 per agent.

This bill also includes extensive reporting requirements, including both quarterly and annual reporting on the number of individuals receiving overtime and estimates for future years.

This will help keep the agency focused on its personnel management problem, and keep Congress informed on the issue and funding needs of the agency.

This elevated pay cap for Secret Service agents has been in place since 2016. While the agency has made some progress in recruiting, this is, in essence, a management problem. The Secret Service must be able to pay its people in order to attract and retain the best talent that is available. The Secret Service needs to hire more people to reduce its heavy overtime expenses.

Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I am prepared to close, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Madam Speaker, I have no further speakers, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I encourage my House colleagues on both sides of the aisle to unite behind the brave men and women of the Secret Service and support this commonsense bipartisan bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, S. 3427.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

□ 1615

LANCE CORPORAL DAVID LEE ESPINOZA, LANCE CORPORAL JUAN RODRIGO RODRIGUEZ & SERGEANT ROBERTO ARIZOLA JR. POST OFFICE BUILDING

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 2754) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 2395 East Del Mar Boulevard in Laredo, Texas, as the “Lance Corporal David Lee Espinoza, Lance Corporal Juan Rodrigo Rodriguez & Sergeant Roberto Arizola Jr. Post Office Building”.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 2754

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

**SECTION 1. LANCE CORPORAL DAVID LEE ESPINOZA, LANCE CORPORAL JUAN RODRIGO RODRIGUEZ & SERGEANT ROBERTO ARIZOLA JR. POST OFFICE BUILDING.**

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 2395 East Del Mar Boulevard in Laredo, Texas, shall be known and designated as the “Lance Corporal David Lee Espinoza, Lance Corporal Juan Rodrigo Rodriguez & Sergeant Roberto Arizola Jr. Post Office Building”.

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the “Lance Corporal David Lee Espinoza, Lance Corporal Juan Rodrigo Rodriguez & Sergeant Roberto Arizola Jr. Post Office Building”.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) and the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. RASKIN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Florida.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Madam Speaker, I rise in support of this bill, which would name the post office in Laredo, Texas, after David Lee Espinoza, Lance Corporal Juan Rodrigo Rodriguez, and Sergeant Roberto Arizola, Jr.

Lance Corporal Espinoza joined the Marine Corps after graduating high

school in 2019. He was one of the 13 servicemembers killed in a suicide bombing during the United States withdrawal from Afghanistan in 2021. He was just 20 years old.

Lance Corporal Rodriguez served in the Marine Forces Reserve after graduating from high school in the year 2000. In 2005, at the age of 23, he died conducting combat operations in Anbar Province, Iraq.

Sergeant Roberto Arizola, Jr., served in the U.S. Army and was deployed to Iraq in May of 2004. In June of that year, one day before he was set to return home, he was killed in an explosion in Baghdad. Sergeant Arizola also served as a Border Patrol agent in Laredo, Texas, before being deployed to Iraq.

Lance Corporal David Lee Espinoza, Lance Corporal Juan Rodrigo Rodriguez, and Sergeant Roberto Arizola, Jr., all died while serving our great Nation.

I support this legislation that names a post office in the memory of these American heroes, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Madam Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 2754, introduced by my distinguished colleague from Texas, Representative CUELLAR, which would designate the facility of the U.S. Postal Service located at 2395 East Del Mar Boulevard in Laredo, Texas, as the Lance Corporal David Lee Espinoza, Lance Corporal Juan Rodrigo Rodriguez & Sergeant Roberto Arizola Jr. Post Office Building.

These three brave individuals made the ultimate sacrifice by giving their lives for our country.

Madam Speaker, I yield such time as he may consume to the gentleman from Texas (Mr. CUELLAR).

Mr. CUELLAR. Madam Speaker, I thank the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. RASKIN) for yielding. In addition, I thank both Mr. RASKIN and Mr. DONALDS for speaking about these three heroes from Laredo.

Madam Speaker, this bill honors the lives of Lance Corporal David Lee Espinoza, Lance Corporal Juan Rodrigo Rodriguez, and Sergeant Roberto Arizola, Jr., who gave their lives for our Nation. This bill will rename the Del Mar Post Office in Laredo, Texas, which will honor these heroes' sacrifices.

Although words and actions cannot replace these brave individuals, dedicating this post office honors their legacies.

Lance Corporal David Lee Espinoza was born on July 10, 2001, in Laredo, Texas, but lived in nearby Rio Bravo, Texas, all his life. He graduated from Lyndon B. Johnson High School in 2019. Shortly after graduating, he joined the United States Marine Corps.

On August 26, 2021, during the withdrawal from Afghanistan, Lance Corporal Espinoza was one of the 13 servicemembers killed in Kabul, Afghanistan. He was only 20 years old.

Lance Corporal Juan Rodrigo Rodriguez lived in El Cenizo, a town near Laredo, where he attended United South High School and was involved in Junior ROTC. He led his group to a Junior ROTC national championship in 1998.

After graduating from high school in 2000, he joined the United States Marine Forces Reserve. He was assigned to the 1st Battalion, 23rd Marine Regiment, 4th Division, Corpus Christi, Texas. On January 13, 2005, Lance Corporal Rodriguez died in action while conducting combat operations in the Anbar Province in Iraq. He was only 23 years of age.

Sergeant Roberto Arizola was born December 11, 1973, in Laredo, Texas. He graduated from high school in 1992 and enlisted in the United States Army in 1996. He was assigned to the 297th Military Intelligence Battalion, 513th Military Intelligence Brigade, Fort Gordon, Georgia.

Sergeant Arizola had been a Border Patrol agent taking care of our borders in Laredo, Texas, before he was deployed to Iraq in May of 2004. On June 8, 2005, a day before he was scheduled to return from Iraq, Sergeant Arizola was killed in an explosion near his vehicle in Baghdad, Iraq. He was only 31 years of age.

Through this dedication, we ensure that their heroic legacy remains engraved in the hearts of our community, a lasting tribute to their selfless service and courage.

Madam Speaker, I thank not only these brave soldiers but all the veterans who have paid the ultimate sacrifice for our Nation. We would not be here without them.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I have no further speakers, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Madam Speaker, I yield myself the balance of my time to close.

I would just say that Lance Corporal Espinoza, Lance Corporal Rodriguez, and Sergeant Arizola admirably served our country, and we thank them and their families for their extraordinary service.

Madam Speaker, I urge passage of H.R. 2754, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support this bipartisan bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 2754.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I object to the vote on the ground that a quorum is not present and make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this question will be postponed.

The point of no quorum is considered withdrawn.

LIEUTENANT WILLIAM D. LEBO  
POST OFFICE BUILDING

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 3865) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 101 South 8th Street in Lebanon, Pennsylvania, as the "Lieutenant William D. Lebo Post Office Building".

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 3865

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

SECTION 1. LIEUTENANT WILLIAM D. LEBO POST OFFICE BUILDING.

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 101 South 8th Street in Lebanon, Pennsylvania, shall be known and designated as the "Lieutenant William D. Lebo Post Office Building".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Lieutenant William D. Lebo Post Office Building".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) and the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. RASKIN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Florida.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Madam Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 3865, which names a Lebanon, Pennsylvania, post office for Lieutenant William D. Lebo. Lieutenant Lebo was born in Vicenza, Italy, to American parents.

At the end of his father's service in the U.S. Army, the Lebo family moved to Lebanon County, Pennsylvania. Lieutenant Lebo lived in Lebanon County for the rest of his life and grew up to join the Lebanon City Police Department, where he served for 40 years.

In March of 2022, 30 days before he was set to retire, Lieutenant Lebo was shot and killed in the line of duty. Lieutenant Lebo died protecting the community he grew up in, and I support this bill that honors his legacy in Lebanon County.

Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I rise in support of H.R. 3865 to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 101 South 8th Street in Lebanon, Pennsylvania, as the Lieutenant William D. Lebo Post Office Building.

I join Mr. DONALDS in praising the work of Lieutenant Lebo. He had a remarkable 40-year career with the Lebanon City Police Department, but in March 2022, just 1 month before he was set to retire, Lieutenant Lebo was killed while on duty.

I encourage my colleagues to join us in honoring the life of Lieutenant Lebo by naming a post office in Lebanon, Pennsylvania, after him.

Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I yield 5 minutes to the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. MEUSER).

Mr. MEUSER. Madam Speaker, I thank the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS), my good friend, for yielding on this important issue. I also thank my colleague from Maryland for his support.

Madam Speaker, it is truly my honor today to rise in support of this community bill, H.R. 3865, which would rename the post office at 101 South 8th Street in Lebanon, Pennsylvania, as the Lieutenant William D. Lebo Post Office Building.

Madam Speaker, Lieutenant Lebo, of the Lebanon City Police Department, tragically lost his life in the line of duty on March 31, 2022, while responding to a domestic-related burglary incident.

During his memorial, my very good friend, Lebanon County District Attorney Pier Hess Graf, said that Lieutenant Lebo's last words to his men before entering the House that fateful day were, "I'm going to go in first, and I'm going to keep you safe."

This is the kind of police officer Lieutenant Lebo was, a man who was willing to give his life to protect his fellow officers. He served the Lebanon Police Department and his community faithfully for 40 years and was just 30 days from retirement at the time of his passing.

Madam Speaker, as the son of a police officer, the risk of our finest, to protect and serve, needs never be forgotten and should always be respected and certainly not taken for granted.

Lieutenant Lebo's fellow officers say there is not a day that goes by without members of the department sharing fond stories of Lieutenant Lebo. I am told a story often shared is that Lieutenant Lebo would drive around in his patrol car with the windows down to better interact with the community he served but also to more easily hear if someone needed help. He was an incredibly community-oriented police officer who really served as a model for law enforcement.

Lieutenant Lebo is survived by his loving wife, Lora; his daughter, Corinne; and his mother, Rina. I am honored to have them joining us here

today in the House Chamber, along with the mayor of Lebanon city, Sherry Capello, and Lebanon City Police Chief Bret Fisher. We are honored to have them with us.

Lieutenant Lebo was known as a mentor to younger officers, whom he loved training to be the best police officers that they could be.

As Chief Fisher has said: Somebody that has spent 40 years at the police department as Lieutenant Lebo did, they are still with you in so many ways. There isn't much you can touch or do that Lieutenant Lebo didn't have his hand in somewhere along his career on the Lebanon City Police Force.

To honor her husband's remarkable life, Lora Lebo established the Lieutenant William D. Lebo Memorial Foundation, which is dedicated to supporting the growth of Lebanon with positive intent, providing educational scholarship to Lebanon County first responders and their children, and providing comprehensive leadership development training to the law enforcement community.

While Lora and the community have already done such great work keeping Lieutenant Lebo's memory alive, it is my hope that the renaming of this post office in his honor will further serve as a lasting recognition of his life and legacy, during which he always put service above self.

I do know that memorializing Lieutenant Lebo in this manner will be so meaningful to the Lebanon community. While I attended Lieutenant Lebo's funeral, it was overwhelmingly clear just how much he meant to Lebanon and, in fact, to all of Pennsylvania. The procession, Madam Speaker, was miles long, and people lined the streets to pay their final respects.

Lieutenant Lebo was a dedicated public servant who is remembered by his colleagues and those he served as a calm, kind, and ethical police officer who was completely devoted to protecting the Lebanon community.

I ask my colleagues to join me today in supporting H.R. 3865 to rename the post office in Lebanon, Pennsylvania, for a very deserving local hero, Lieutenant William D. Lebo.

□ 1630

Mr. RASKIN. Madam Speaker, I have no further speakers, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support this measure, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 3865.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

**PAMELA JANE ROCK POST OFFICE BUILDING**

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 3947) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 859 North State Road 21 in Melrose, Florida, as the “Pamela Jane Rock Post Office Building”.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.  
The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 3947

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

**SECTION 1. PAMELA JANE ROCK POST OFFICE BUILDING.**

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 859 North State Road 21 in Melrose, Florida, shall be known and designated as the “Pamela Jane Rock Post Office Building”.

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the “Pamela Jane Rock Post Office Building”.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) and the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. RASKIN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Florida.

**GENERAL LEAVE**

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Madam Speaker, I rise today in support of this bill which names a Melrose, Florida, post office for Pamela Jane Rock.

Pamela Jane, a native Floridian, attended the University of Florida where she studied nutrition and dietetics and was a proud member of the Gator Marching Band.

Pam remained a Florida Gator fan for the rest of her life and loved going to Florida football games with her family.

In January of 2022, Pam became a letter carrier for the United States Postal Service in Gainesville, Florida. In August of 2022, Pam was attacked by dogs while delivering mail. She later died because of injuries she sustained in the attack.

Madam Speaker, I encourage my colleagues to support this bill honoring a dedicated postal employee whose life was tragically cut short while serving our Nation, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I rise in support of H.R. 3947, a bill designating the facility of the U.S.

Postal Service located at 859 North State Road 21 in Melrose, Florida, as the Pamela Jane Rock Post Office Building.

After graduating from the University of Florida, Pam started a long career with the WIC program and dietary education.

She worked with women and families from across the United States—from Florida, Yellowstone, North Carolina, to Georgia—and even with the Peace Corps in Guatemala to advance critical nutritional goals for infants and children.

Following her long-term service with the WIC program, she transitioned into a new role of public service with the U.S. Postal Service in January 2022 as a letter carrier.

On August 22, 2022, she was unexpectedly and severely injured while delivering the mail and sadly passed away in Florida as a consequence of her injuries.

I encourage my colleagues to join me in honoring the life and the hard work of Ms. Rock by naming a post office in Melrose after her.

Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I yield 5 minutes to the gentleman from Florida (Mr. BEAN).

Mr. BEAN of Florida. Madam Speaker, I rise today in support of my bill, H.R. 3947, to designate the post office in Melrose, Florida, in memory of my constituent, Pamela Jane Rock.

I thank my co-lead introducer of the bill, Representative CAMMACK, as well as the entire Florida delegation for their support in cosponsoring this bill.

Pamela Jane Rock was born on August 6, 1961, to John and Jane Rock of Plantation, Florida. She was the 14th and youngest child of an amazing family.

Growing up, she attended St. Gregory Catholic School in Plantation and St. Thomas Aquinas High School in Fort Lauderdale, Florida.

After high school, she attended the University of Florida and graduated in 1984 with a bachelor of science in nutrition and dietetics.

During her time at UF, she was a proud member of the University of Florida Fighting Gator Marching Band for 4 years.

She was one of a kind in all that she did. After college, she worked for the State of Florida WIC program in Alachua County.

Her passion for service continued when she spent 3 years with the Peace Corps in Guatemala, educating women on proper nutrition for families.

Upon her return to the U.S., she ventured out West to Yellowstone and spent time on an Indian reservation, also educating women on infants' nutritional needs.

Pam then returned to Gainesville, Florida, in January 2022 where she joined the U.S. Postal Service and pursued a career as a letter carrier.

With a desire to give back, she is remembered for placing an apple along

with the mail for the residents along her route.

This is the smile you saw. If she was delivering mail on your route, you saw this. We will turn this and let everybody see it, as well. This is the smile of Pam, and she literally lit up her route with that smile.

She was a devoted Gator fan, and like many of her siblings, going to a Gator football game was a big deal, and she did it whenever she could.

She gardened and loved having relationships with new people, especially in her church group. She loved animals. It comes as no surprise she was a volunteer at St. Francis Pet Care in Gainesville.

Tragically, Madam Speaker, Pam was attacked by dogs during her mail route in Interlachen, Florida, and succumbed to her injuries on August 22, 2022. It is still a sad day.

Pamela's friends and family described her as sweet, supportive, always there to cheer you up, and someone with a true servant's heart.

She is survived by 11 of her siblings and countless nieces and nephews whom she adored. Several are in the gallery today for this big occasion as we take a step, hopefully, Madam Speaker, to honor her service.

I thank them for being here today, and I can think of no better way to honor Pam's service to the United States Postal Service than by designating the Melrose, Florida, post office as the Pamela Jane Rock Post Office.

Madam Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support the bill.

Mr. RASKIN. Madam Speaker, I have no further speakers, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support this bipartisan bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 3947.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

**CAROLINE CHANG POST OFFICE**

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 3728) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 25 Dorchester Avenue, Room 1, in Boston, Massachusetts, as the “Caroline Chang Post Office”.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 3728

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

**SECTION 1. CAROLINE CHANG POST OFFICE.**

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 25



Dorchester Avenue, Room 1, in Boston, Massachusetts, shall be known and designated as the "Caroline Chang Post Office".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Caroline Chang Post Office".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) and the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. RASKIN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Florida.

#### GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Madam Speaker, I rise in support of this bill, which would name a Boston, Massachusetts, post office for Caroline Chang.

Caroline was born and raised in Boston's Chinatown and started her career serving as an interpreter for community members seeking medical care.

In 1970, Caroline Chang was appointed by the mayor of Boston as the manager of Chinatown's Little City Hall, where she continued her work advocating for the community.

She went on to achieve a law degree from Suffolk Law School and to work for the United States Department of Health and Human Services for more than 30 years.

Caroline Chang also helped establish the South Cove Community Health Center, the Chinese Historical Society of New England, and the Asian American Civic Association.

I encourage my colleagues to support this legislation honoring this dedicated civil servant, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I rise in strong support of H.R. 3728 to designate the facility of the U.S. Postal Service located at 25 Dorchester Avenue, Room 1, in Boston, Massachusetts, as the Caroline Chang Post Office.

This legislation, introduced by my distinguished colleague, Representative PRESSLEY, recognizes the contributions of Caroline Chang, who was born and raised in Boston's Chinatown.

I didn't know her, but I have learned from my colleague that she was a trailblazer, a passionate advocate for her community, and a very devoted public servant.

Madam Speaker, I yield such time as she may consume to the gentlewoman from Massachusetts (Ms. PRESSLEY).

Ms. PRESSLEY. Madam Speaker, I thank Chair COMER and Representative

RASKIN for advancing this legislation. I also thank my Massachusetts colleagues and our delegation for the unanimous support of this effort.

I rise today to recognize Caroline Chang, a community builder and trailblazer who was a tireless advocate for the Massachusetts Seventh.

Caroline remains one of the greatest public servants that Boston and our Commonwealth has ever seen. She dedicated her life to serving the local Chinatown community and effecting lasting and positive change.

At a young age, Caroline lost her father and began serving as a translator for her mother, while also looking after her two younger brothers and sister.

Her willingness to care for her family extended to all of Boston's Chinatown where community members would often rely on Caroline's assistance when seeking medical care.

At the time, culturally congruent care was not an option for most Asian Americans in Boston. Whenever a neighbor needed to visit the doctor, Caroline would be at their side as a translator, as an advocate, and as a friend.

Her early sense of purpose and community manifested into a love of organizing and movement building that remained with her as she went on to fight in all levels of government against discrimination faced by Asian Americans.

From managing Chinatown's Little City Hall to her history-making tenure in the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights, she always made sure her home community had a seat at the table.

The Massachusetts Seventh, which I am proud to represent, is a vibrant and diverse district, and I am especially proud to represent this district as a member of the Congressional Asian Pacific American Caucus. It is home to nearly 100,000 Asian American and Pacific Islanders.

In a testament to her ability to bring people together, Caroline routinely gathered Chinese, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese, Laotian, Cambodian, and other nationalities from the Boston area for dinners and events under the theme of Asian American unity.

She bridged gaps within and across marginalized groups, working in solidarity to form several community-based organizations that continue to serve Chinatown and greater Boston today—the Asian Community Development Corporation, the Asian American Civic Association, and the Greater Boston Chinese Golden Age Center, to name only a few.

Inspired in part by her early work as a translator, Caroline also helped found the South Cove Community Health Center, the first community health center to provide culturally congruent care to Asian Americans in the city of Boston. Today, it is the largest Asian primary care provider in the entire Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

My bill, H.R. 3728, would designate the post office at 25 Dorchester Ave-

nue, which is walking distance from South Cove, as the Caroline Chang Post Office.

In the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, there are currently 617 postal facilities. Of those renamed, only one has been named for a woman and only five for people of color. To date, not one has been named for an AAPI individual.

Dating back to my time on the Boston City Council, I have underscored the need for us to have institutional representation in our public spaces because who we honor matters.

At a time when the contributions of Black, Brown, AAPI, and other marginalized communities are facing increased threats and erasure, recognizing their contributions by securing their representation is a small but a meaningful step forward.

Caroline often said: There is always more work to do, and I wholeheartedly agree. Today, with this legislation, we recognize the work that she has done and honor her legacy, a legacy that will endure for generations to come.

I urge my colleagues to support this bill. I take this moment to also thank a dedicated member of my A team, Bayley Connors, on my legislative staff, who worked tirelessly to bring this to fruition today.

□ 1645

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I have no further speakers, I am prepared to close, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Madam Speaker, I have no further speakers, and I am prepared to close, as well.

I encourage my colleagues to join me in honoring the life of Ms. Chang by naming the post office in Boston, Massachusetts after her, and we will all be proud to see it happen, pursuant to the remarks of Ms. PRESSLEY.

Madam Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support this bipartisan bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 3728.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I object to the vote on the ground that a quorum is not present and make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this question will be postponed.

The point of no quorum is considered withdrawn.

DOSAN AHN CHANG HO POST  
OFFICE

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 599) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 3500 West 6th Street, Suite 103 in Los Angeles, California, as the "Dosan Ahn Chang Ho Post Office", as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.  
The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 599

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

**SECTION 1. DOSAN AHN CHANG HO POST OFFICE  
REDESIGNATION.**

(a) REDESIGNATION.—Section 1 of Public Law 108-239 is amended by striking "3751 West 6th Street in Los Angeles, California" and inserting "3500 West 6th Street, Suite 103 in Los Angeles, California".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in section 1 of Public Law 108-239 as amended by subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Dosan Ahn Chang Ho Post Office".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) and the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. RASKIN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Florida.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Madam Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 599.

In 2004, Congress unanimously voted to designate a post office in Los Angeles as the Dosan Ahn Chang Ho Post Office.

Ahn Chang Ho and his wife immigrated to the United States as the first married couple from Korea, founding early Korean-American community groups and becoming a pivotal leader in the Korean-American community.

In 2022, the lease on the post office named for Ahn Chang Ho expired, and the Postal Service moved the post office to a new location.

This bill updates the current law passed in 2004 by transferring the Dosan Ahn Chang Ho name to the new post office building.

Madam Speaker, I encourage my colleagues to support this bill honoring this historical figure, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I rise in strong support of H.R. 599 to designate the facility of the U.S. Post-

al Service located at 3500 West 6th Street, Suite 103 in Los Angeles, California, as the Dosan Ahn Chang Ho Post Office.

This legislation introduced by my colleague, the distinguished Representative JIMMY GOMEZ of California, would designate a post office after the Korean-American leader, Dosan Ahn Chang Ho. A Korean independence activist who immigrated to the United States, he became an early leader in the Korean-American immigrant community. He opposed the Japanese occupation of Korea and later served as a founding member of the Korean Provisional Government.

Madam Speaker, I yield such time as he may consume to the distinguished gentleman from California (Mr. GOMEZ).

Mr. GOMEZ. Madam Speaker, I thank the ranking member for yielding, and I thank both the chairman and the ranking member for their support in finding a path to get this bill to the floor.

I am honored to represent L.A.'s Koreatown, home of the largest Korean-American community in any congressional district in our country.

This legislation not only honors one of the first Korean-American immigrants in the United States and a key figure in the Korean independence movement, Dosan Ahn Chang Ho, it celebrates every Korean American who makes our country what it is today.

Ahn Chang Ho, also known by his pen name, Dosan, was a pivotal early leader in the Korean-American community, immigrating to the United States with his wife as the first married couple from Korea to do so; founding early Korean-American community groups; and laying the groundwork for the last 121 years of Korean-American contributions.

Dosan was also a celebrated Korean independence activist, who helped author the South Korean national anthem, advocated for social reform, served as a leader of the provisional government, and played a key role in the opposition of the Japanese occupation of Korea.

He was the father of trailblazing Korean-American actors: Philip Ahn, Philson Ahn, and Ralph Ahn; and his daughter, Susan Ahn Cuddy, was the first Asian-American woman to join the U.S. Navy, and she was an important leader in the post-World War II national security community.

Dosan was a pioneer in American history, and his story deserves to be told.

The post office in the heart of Koreatown where he rose to become one of first leaders of the Korean-American community and where he founded the first Korean organization in the continental United States will ensure this important piece of history is shared with generations to come.

The Korean-American story is the American story, and we must ensure this community receives the recognition and support they deserve.

I am proud this measure to name our post office after Dosan Ahn Chang Ho is on the floor of the House today, and I look forward to the day when this resignation is officially signed into law by the President.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I have no further speakers, I am prepared to close, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Madam Speaker, in closing, I would encourage all of my colleagues to join us in honoring the life of Mr. Ho by naming a post office in Los Angeles after him.

Madam Speaker, I urge passage of H.R. 599, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support this bipartisan bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 599, as amended.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I object to the vote on the ground that a quorum is not present and make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this question will be postponed.

The point of no quorum is considered withdrawn.

DR. MARGARET B. HILL POST  
OFFICE BUILDING

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1060) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 1663 East Date Place in San Bernardino, California, as the "Dr. Margaret B. Hill Post Office Building".

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 1060

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

**SECTION 1. DR. MARGARET B. HILL POST OFFICE  
BUILDING.**

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 1663 East Date Place in San Bernardino, California, shall be known and designated as the "Dr. Margaret B. Hill Post Office Building".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Dr. Margaret B. Hill Post Office Building".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) and the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. RASKIN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Florida.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I rise today in support of H.R. 1060, which names a post office in San Bernardino, California, for Dr. Margaret B. Hill.

Dr. Hill attended California State University, San Bernardino, and spent much of her life as an educational leader in the San Bernardino community.

She served as the principal of San Andreas High School for 16 years, and later as the assistant superintendent of administrative services for the San Bernardino school system.

In 2001, she was elected to the San Bernardino City Unified Board of Education, a position she remained in for 10 years.

Madam Speaker, I encourage my colleagues to support this legislation honoring a dedicated, local civil servant, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I rise in support of H.R. 1060 to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 1660 East Date Place in San Bernardino, California, as the Dr. Margaret B. Hill Post Office Building.

The legislation introduced by my friend and colleague, Mr. AGUILAR, would rename the Del Rosa Post Office to honor Dr. Hill, a beloved educator and longtime advocate for the people of San Bernardino.

I yield such time as he may consume to the gentleman from California (Mr. AGUILAR).

Mr. AGUILAR. Madam Speaker, I thank the ranking member and the majority for working with us on this bill.

I rise today in strong support of H.R. 1060, which would rename the Del Rosa Post Office in San Bernardino after Dr. Margaret B. Hill.

Dr. Hill was truly the heartbeat of San Bernardino. Her life was marked by an unparalleled commitment to both community in the classroom and beyond. Through her compassion, her dedication, and her generosity, she changed countless lives for the better.

As an educator and advocate, she ushered in positive change and steered students in the right direction for a brighter future. She was called the North Star for the San Bernardino County community when it came to issues of poverty, homelessness, race, and foster youth.

After decades in the classroom as a teacher, vice principal, and principal, she retired but still found time to serve as an educator before she became ele-

vated to serve as an elected school board member.

For Dr. Hill, there was simply no task that was beneath her when it came to helping students. Her tutelage has shaped our community in profound ways leaving an enduring legacy that transcends time.

I am so proud to lead this bill to enshrine her legacy in San Bernardino. I hope it will remind all of us in the years to come that we must continue to carry forward that legacy. I was honored to know her and work with her, and this will ensure that future generations will recognize and appreciate the impact that Dr. Hill had on our community.

Madam Speaker, I urge adoption of this bill.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I have no further speakers, I am prepared to close, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Madam Speaker, I have no further speakers, but I encourage all of my colleagues to join us in honoring the life of Dr. Hill by naming the post office in San Bernardino after her.

Madam Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support this bipartisan bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 1060.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. DONALDS. Madam Speaker, I object to the vote on the ground that a quorum is not present and make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this question will be postponed.

The point of no quorum is considered withdrawn.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 4 o'clock and 58 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1830

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. OBERNOLTE) at 6 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Proceedings will resume on questions pre-

viously postponed. Votes will be taken in the following order:

Motions to suspend the rules and pass:

H.R. 5528; and  
S. 3427.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, the remaining electronic vote will be conducted as a 5-minute vote.

SAFE AND SMART FEDERAL PURCHASING ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 5528) to evaluate the impact of the lowest price technically acceptable source selection process on national security, and for other purposes, as amended, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 397, nays 0, not voting 34, as follows:

[Roll No. 20]  
YEAS—397

Adams	Carey	Dingell
Aderholt	Carl	Doggett
Aguilar	Carson	Donalds
Alford	Carter (GA)	Duarte
Allen	Carter (LA)	Duncan
Allred	Carter (TX)	Dunn (FL)
Amo	Cartwright	Edwards
Amodei	Casar	Elzey
Armstrong	Case	Emmer
Arrington	Casten	Escobar
Auchincloss	Castor (FL)	Eshoo
Babin	Castro (TX)	Espallat
Bacon	Chavez-DeRemer	Estes
Baird	Cherfilus-	Evans
Balderson	McCormick	Ezell
Balint	Chu	Fallon
Banks	Clark (MA)	Feenstra
Barr	Clarke (NY)	Ferguson
Barragan	Cleaver	Finstad
Bean (FL)	Cline	Fischbach
Beatty	Cloud	Fitzgerald
Bentz	Clyburn	Fitzpatrick
Bera	Clyde	Fleischmann
Bergman	Cohen	Fletcher
Beyer	Cole	Flood
Bice	Collins	Foster
Biggs	Comer	Foushee
Billirakis	Connolly	Fox
Bishop (GA)	Correa	Frankel, Lois
Bishop (NC)	Costa	Franklin, Scott
Blumenauer	Courtney	Frost
Blunt Rochester	Craig	Fry
Boebert	Crane	Fulcher
Bonamici	Crawford	Gaetz
Bost	Crockett	Gallagher
Bowman	Crow	Gallego
Boyle (PA)	Cuellar	Garamendi
Brecheen	D'Esposito	Garbarino
Brown	Davids (KS)	García (IL)
Brownley	Davidson	García (TX)
Bucshon	Davis (IL)	García, Mike
Budzinski	Davis (NC)	García, Robert
Burchett	De La Cruz	Gimenez
Burgess	Dean (PA)	Golden (ME)
Burlison	DeGette	Goldman (NY)
Bush	DeLauro	Gomez
Calvert	DelBene	Gonzales, Tony
Cammack	Deluzio	Gonzalez,
Caraveo	DeSaulnier	Vicente
Carbajal	DesJarlais	Good (VA)
Cárdenas	Diaz-Balart	Gooden (TX)

Gosar  
 Gottheimer  
 Granger  
 Graves (LA)  
 Green (TN)  
 Green, Al (TX)  
 Greene (GA)  
 Grothman  
 Guest  
 Guthrie  
 Hageman  
 Harder (CA)  
 Harris  
 Harshbarger  
 Hayes  
 Hern  
 Higgins (LA)  
 Higgins (NY)  
 Hill  
 Himes  
 Hinson  
 Horsford  
 Houchin  
 Houlihan  
 Hoyle (OR)  
 Hudson  
 Huffman  
 Huizenga  
 Issa  
 Ivey  
 Jackson (IL)  
 Jackson (NC)  
 Jackson (TX)  
 Jackson Lee  
 Jacobs  
 James  
 Jayapal  
 Jeffries  
 Johnson (GA)  
 Johnson (SD)  
 Jordan  
 Joyce (OH)  
 Joyce (PA)  
 Kaptur  
 Kean (NJ)  
 Keating  
 Kelly (IL)  
 Kelly (PA)  
 Khanna  
 Kiggans (VA)  
 Kildee  
 Kiley  
 Kilmer  
 Kim (CA)  
 Kim (NJ)  
 Krishnamoorthi  
 Kuster  
 Kustoff  
 LaHood  
 LaLota  
 Landsman  
 Langworthy  
 Larsen (WA)  
 Larson (CT)  
 Latta  
 LaTurner  
 Lawler  
 Lee (CA)  
 Lee (FL)  
 Lee (NV)  
 Lee (PA)  
 Leger Fernandez  
 Lesko  
 Letlow  
 Levin  
 Lieu  
 Lofgren  
 Loudermilk  
 Lucas  
 Luetkemeyer  
 Luna  
 Luttrell  
 Lynch

NOT VOTING—34

Buchanan  
 Buck  
 Ciscomani  
 Crenshaw  
 Curtis  
 Graves (MO)  
 Griffith  
 Grijalva  
 Hoyer  
 Hunt  
 Kamlager-Dove  
 Kelly (MS)

LaMalfa  
 Lamborn  
 Maloy  
 McClain  
 Meng  
 Mfume  
 Miller (OH)  
 Moore (UT)  
 Moulton  
 Nehls  
 Norcross  
 Ogles

Scanlon  
 Schakowsky  
 Schneider  
 Scholten  
 Schrier  
 Schweikert  
 Scott (VA)  
 Scott, Austin  
 Scott, David  
 Self  
 Sessions  
 Sewell  
 Sherman  
 Sherrill  
 Slotkin  
 Smith (MO)  
 Smith (NE)  
 Smith (NJ)  
 Smith (WA)  
 Smucker  
 Sorensen  
 Soto  
 Spanberger  
 Spartz  
 Stansbury  
 Stanton  
 Stauber  
 Steel  
 Stefanik  
 Steil  
 Steube  
 Stevens  
 Strickland  
 Strong  
 Sykes  
 Takano  
 Tenney  
 Thanedar  
 Thompson (MS)  
 Thompson (PA)  
 Tiffany  
 Timmons  
 Titus  
 Tlaib  
 Tokuda  
 Tonko  
 Torres (CA)  
 Trahan  
 Trone  
 Turner  
 Underwood  
 Valadao  
 Van Drew  
 Van Deyne  
 Van Orden  
 Vargas  
 Vasquez  
 Veasey  
 Aderholt  
 Aguilar  
 Alford  
 Allen  
 Allred  
 Amo  
 Amodei  
 Armstrong  
 Arrington  
 Auchincloss  
 Babbin  
 Bacon  
 Baird  
 Balderson  
 Balint  
 Banks  
 Barr  
 Barragán  
 Bean (FL)  
 Beatty  
 Bentz  
 Bera  
 Bergman  
 Beyer  
 Bice  
 Bilirakis  
 Bishop (GA)  
 Blumenauer  
 Blunt Rochester  
 Boebert  
 Bonamici  
 Bost  
 Bowman  
 Boyle (PA)  
 Brown  
 Brownley  
 Bucshon  
 Budzinski  
 Burgess

□ 1854

Messrs. BLUMENAUER and GALLEGO changed their vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The title of the bill was amended so as to read: “A bill to require the Director of the Office of Management and Budget conduct a review to determine the impact of the lowest price technically acceptable source selection process on national security, and for other purposes.”

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

OVERTIME PAY FOR PROTECTIVE SERVICES ACT OF 2023

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (S. 3427) to extend the authority to provide employees of the United States Secret Service with overtime pay beyond other statutory limitations, and for other purposes, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. DONALDS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 379, nays 20, not voting 32, as follows:

[Roll No. 21]  
YEAS—379

Adams  
 Aderholt  
 Aguilar  
 Alford  
 Allen  
 Allred  
 Amo  
 Amodei  
 Armstrong  
 Arrington  
 Auchincloss  
 Babbin  
 Bacon  
 Baird  
 Balderson  
 Balint  
 Banks  
 Barr  
 Barragán  
 Bean (FL)  
 Beatty  
 Bentz  
 Bera  
 Bergman  
 Beyer  
 Bice  
 Bilirakis  
 Bishop (GA)  
 Blumenauer  
 Blunt Rochester  
 Boebert  
 Bonamici  
 Bost  
 Bowman  
 Boyle (PA)  
 Brown  
 Brownley  
 Bucshon  
 Budzinski  
 Burgess

Foushee  
 Foxx  
 Frankel, Lois  
 Franklin, Scott  
 Frost  
 Fry  
 Fulcher  
 Gaetz  
 Gallagher  
 Gallego  
 Garamendi  
 Garbarino  
 Garcia (IL)  
 Garcia (TX)  
 Garcia, Mike  
 Garcia, Robert  
 Gimenez  
 Golden (ME)  
 Goldman (NY)  
 Gomez  
 Gonzales, Tony  
 Gonzalez, Vicente  
 Gooden (TX)  
 Gottheimer  
 Granger  
 Graves (LA)  
 Green (TN)  
 Green, Al (TX)  
 Greene (GA)  
 Grothman  
 Guest  
 Guthrie  
 Hageman  
 Harder (CA)  
 Hayes  
 Hern  
 Higgins (LA)  
 Higgins (NY)  
 Hill  
 Himes  
 Hinson  
 Horsford  
 Houchin  
 Houlihan  
 Hoyer  
 Hoyle (OR)  
 Hudson  
 Huffman  
 Huizenga  
 Issa  
 Ivey  
 Jackson (IL)  
 Jackson (NC)  
 Jackson (TX)  
 Jackson Lee  
 Jacobs  
 James  
 Jayapal  
 Jeffries  
 Johnson (GA)  
 Johnson (SD)  
 Jordan  
 Joyce (OH)  
 Joyce (PA)  
 Kamlager-Dove  
 Kaptur  
 Kean (NJ)  
 Keating  
 Kelly (IL)  
 Kelly (PA)  
 Khanna  
 Kiggans (VA)  
 Kildee  
 Kiley  
 Kilmer  
 Kim (CA)  
 Kim (NJ)  
 Krishnamoorthi  
 Kuster  
 Kustoff  
 LaHood  
 LaLota  
 LaMalfa  
 Landsman  
 Langworthy  
 Larsen (WA)  
 Larson (CT)

Latta  
 LaTurner  
 Lawler  
 Lee (CA)  
 Lee (FL)  
 Lee (NV)  
 Lee (PA)  
 Leger Fernandez  
 Lesko  
 Letlow  
 Levin  
 Lieu  
 Lofgren  
 Loudermilk  
 Lucas  
 Luetkemeyer  
 Luttrell  
 Lynch  
 Mace  
 Magaziner  
 Malliotakis  
 Mann  
 Manning  
 Mast  
 Matsui  
 McBath  
 McCaul  
 McClain  
 McClellan  
 McClintock  
 McCollum  
 McCormick  
 McGarvey  
 McGovern  
 Meeks  
 Menendez  
 Meuser  
 Miller (IL)  
 Miller (WV)  
 Miller-Meeks  
 Mills  
 Molinaro  
 Moolenaar  
 Mooney  
 Moore (AL)  
 Moore (WI)  
 Moran  
 Morelle  
 Moskowitz  
 Mrvan  
 Mullin  
 Murphy  
 Nadler  
 Napoliitano  
 Neal  
 Neguse  
 Newhouse  
 Nickel  
 Nunn (IA)  
 Obernolte  
 Ocasio-Cortez  
 Omar  
 Owens  
 Pallone  
 Palmer  
 Panetta  
 Pappas  
 Payne  
 Pelosi  
 Peltola  
 Pence  
 Perez  
 Peters  
 Pettersen  
 Pluger  
 Pingree  
 Pocan  
 Porter  
 Posey  
 Pressley  
 Quigley  
 Ramirez  
 Raskin  
 Reschenthaler  
 Rogers (AL)  
 Rose  
 Rouzer

NAYS—20

Biggs  
 Bishop (NC)  
 Brecheen  
 Burchett  
 Burlison  
 Clyde  
 Crane

Good (VA)  
 Gosar  
 Harris  
 Harshbarger  
 Luna  
 Massie  
 Norman

Ruiz  
 Ruppersberger  
 Rutherford  
 Ryan  
 Salazar  
 Salinas  
 Sánchez  
 Sarbanes  
 Scanlon  
 Schakowsky  
 Schneider  
 Scholten  
 Schrier  
 Scott (VA)  
 Scott, Austin  
 Scott, David  
 Sessions  
 Sewell  
 Sherman  
 Sherrill  
 Slotkin  
 Smith (MO)  
 Smith (NE)  
 Smith (NJ)  
 Smith (WA)  
 Smucker  
 Sorensen  
 Soto  
 Spanberger  
 Stansbury  
 Stanton  
 Stauber  
 Steel  
 Stefanik  
 Steil  
 Steube  
 Stevens  
 Strickland  
 Strong  
 Sykes  
 Takano  
 Tenney  
 Thanedar  
 Thompson (MS)  
 Thompson (PA)  
 Tiffany  
 Timmons  
 Titus  
 Tlaib  
 Tokuda  
 Tonko  
 Torres (CA)  
 Trahan  
 Trone  
 Turner  
 Underwood  
 Valadao  
 Van Drew  
 Van Deyne  
 Van Orden  
 Vargas  
 Vasquez  
 Veasey  
 Velázquez  
 Wagner  
 Walberg  
 Waltz  
 Wasserman  
 Schultz  
 Waters  
 Watson Coleman  
 Weber (TX)  
 Webster (FL)  
 Wenstrup  
 Westerman  
 Wexton  
 Wild  
 Williams (GA)  
 Williams (NY)  
 Williams (TX)  
 Wilson (FL)  
 Wilson (SC)  
 Wittman  
 Womack  
 Yakym  
 Zinke

NOT VOTING—32

Buchanan	Lamborn	Pascarell
Buck	Maloy	Phillips
Carter (GA)	McHenry	Rodgers (WA)
Ciscomani	Meng	Rogers (KY)
Curtis	Mfume	Scalise
Davis (IL)	Miller (OH)	Schiff
Graves (MO)	Moore (UT)	Simpson
Griffith	Moulton	Swalwell
Grijalva	Nehls	Thompson (CA)
Hunt	Norcross	Torres (NY)
Kelly (MS)	Ogles	

□ 1902

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. CARTER of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 21.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. SCHIFF. Mr. Speaker, due to flight disruptions, I was unfortunately unable to cast my vote for legislation considered on the House floor today. Had I been able to be present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 20, H.R. 5528, as amended, and "yea" on rollcall No. 21, S. 3427.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. GRAVES of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, today I missed a series of Roll Call votes. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 20 and "yea" on rollcall No. 21.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. TORRES of New York. Mr. Speaker, today I was not present in the House Chamber. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 20 and "yea" on rollcall No. 21.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. MOORE of Utah. Mr. Speaker, due to plane mechanical issues delaying my flight, I was unable to vote today. Had I been present, I would have voted: "yea" on rollcall No. 20 and "yea" on rollcall No. 21.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mrs. RODGERS of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I missed votes this evening. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 20 and "yea" on rollcall No. 21.

PERMISSION FOR MEMBER TO BE CONSIDERED AS FIRST SPONSOR OF H.R. 1633

Mrs. SYKES. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that I may hereafter be considered as the first sponsor of H.R. 1633, a bill originally introduced by Representative JOHNSON of Ohio, for the purposes of adding cosponsors and requesting reprintings pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Ohio?

There was no objection.

HONORING TENNESSEE STATE SENATOR ART SWANN

(Mr. BURCHETT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BURCHETT. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor my dear friend, State Senator Art Swann, who served in the Tennessee State Senate since 2017.

Senator Swann is a seventh-generation Tennessean who was born and raised in Blount County, where he now represents. He graduated from Maryville High School, pronounced Maryville if you are from there, and got his bachelor's degree at the University of Tennessee at Martin in 1975.

Senator Swann was serving the Tennessee General Assembly on the house side when State Senator Doug Overbey, another good friend of mine, was appointed by President Donald Trump to be the U.S. attorney for east Tennessee. The Blount County Commission appointed Art to fill the vacancy, appropriately, and he has been in the role ever since. He recently announced, though, that he won't run for reelection.

Senator Swann is an outstanding public servant who has served the folks in Blount and Sevier Counties very well. He has proudly stood for the conservative principles that make east Tennessee so wonderful and that make our country the best in the world.

It is not in my notes, but I would be remiss without saying that the State of Tennessee has zero debt, Mr. Speaker—zero debt.

I wish him and his wife, Janet, the very best in his retirement.

SUPPORTING LEADER HAKEEM JEFFRIES

(Mr. PAYNE asked and was given permission to address the House for one minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PAYNE. Mr. Speaker, today I rise to support Democratic Leader HAKEEM JEFFRIES and declare this Congress a Republican do-nothing Congress of epic proportions.

House Republicans continue to focus on chaos, dysfunction, and extremism. They continue to put politics and personal profit over the needs of the American people.

Democrats help Americans. Thanks to President Biden's leadership, wages and the stock market are up; inflation and gas prices are down.

Also, in the last 4 years, the Biden administration has created 14 million new jobs and supported a record-setting number of American businesses.

House Democrats want to work with Republicans to solve issues, such as protecting our border and Social Security. We are ready to get to work with our colleagues across the aisle. Hopefully we can build something together.

GREATER DUBOIS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE BUSINESS BASH

(Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for one minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, the Greater DuBois

Chamber of Commerce held its annual Business Bash Saturday evening, where outstanding organizations and individuals were recognized.

The 2023 Small Business of the Year Award was presented to Penn Central Door, the premier provider of exceptional garage door solutions in the DuBois, Pennsylvania, area and beyond.

The 2023 Community Cup Award was presented to the DuBois Central Catholic School, DuBois Central Catholic, since DCC has emerged as a leader in academic excellence and character formation.

The 2023 DuBois Area Jaycees Distinguished Service Award was presented to Libby Gray. Known for more than 50 years of service to the DuBois area, Mrs. Gray has served on the board and as president of many groups, including the DuBois Regional Medical Center, YMCA, United Way, Public Broadcasting, the American Red Cross, the Catholic Social Services, and the Catholic Charities of the diocese of Erie.

Mr. Speaker, I am honored to offer my congratulations and thanks to all of those recognized for their impactful contribution to the DuBois area community.

DEFEND DEMOCRACY AGENDA

(Mr. DELUZIO asked and was given permission to address the House for one minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. DELUZIO. Mr. Speaker, I love this country, as so many here do. I remain as committed to it today as I was when I entered the Naval Academy as a 17-year-old. Through my voting rights, election security, and cybersecurity security work at Pitt Cyber and the Brennan Center, I know, like others, that the threats to this beautiful and fragile democracy of ours are serious.

In this very Chamber on January 6, insurrectionists attacked the people's government, spurred on by lies and conspiracy. Every patriotic American understands that government of, by, and for the people is a lot stronger than the guns and threats of extremists.

With antidemocratic forces on the rise, Congress needs an all-hands-on-deck approach to protecting our Constitution.

That is why, today, I launched my defend democracy agenda, a three-part policy roadmap to strengthen American democracy. Public trust is central, so my agenda starts with a critical slate of policies to try and earn back that trust.

I hope all with a love of country will join me in supporting these anticorruption, transparency, and reform measures for Congress and for political campaigns.

BRING THEM ALL HOME

(Mr. GUEST asked and was given permission to address the House for one

minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. GUEST. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to share the story of Eitan Levy. Eitan Levy was a cab driver from Bat Yam. On October 7, 2023, Eitan called his son to let him know that he would be dropping off a passenger, and 15 minutes later, he called back again to tell his son about the Hamas attack.

Eitan's son heard him shouting and was told that a drone had landed on his father's car. His son stayed on the phone with his father until terrorists kidnapped him. Eitan was not heard from again.

In December, his family was notified that Eitan had been murdered by Hamas. His body is still being held by Hamas in Gaza to this day.

I stand here today to demand that Hamas release the body of Eitan, that it be released immediately to his family, as well as to release all remaining hostages. We must stand with Israel as it works to destroy Hamas and free its citizens wrongly held by the terrorist group.

It is time to bring Eitan's body home. It is time to bring them all home.

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#### HONORING BRIGADIER GENERAL DAN GABRIELLI

(Ms. OMAR asked and was given permission to address the House for one minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. OMAR. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Brigadier General Dan Gabrielli, who retires after 35 years with the Minnesota National Guard and the United States Air Force.

Under his leadership, the Minnesota Guard addressed complex challenges, including overseeing 59,000 COVID vaccines and massive domestic airlifts during Operation Capitol Response in 2021.

I first met General Gabrielli as the 133rd Airlift Wing commander, where his impact on shaping airmen to serve with dignity was unmistakable. His leadership led to frequent and high recognition for the 133rd.

In 2022, I witnessed his exemplary command at Task Force Holloman during Operation Allies Welcome, successfully resettling over 7,000 Afghans.

His commitment extends beyond his official office as he continues to advocate for Afghan refugees in his personal capacity.

Mr. Speaker, Brigadier General Gabrielli epitomizes selfless service and excellence. It is my greatest privilege to honor and thank Brigadier General Dan Gabrielli for his distinguished career and celebrate his well-deserved retirement.

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#### RECOGNIZING HARVEY "JACK" MURPHY

(Mr. CARTER of Georgia asked and was given permission to address the

House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. CARTER of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize Dr. Jack Murphy who passed away at the age of 74.

While attending Mercer University, Jack was introduced to Mrs. Peggy Jewel Womack, and they married in 1959. The couple remained in the area to allow Jack to begin his surgical residency at Macon Hospital.

After starting a family of three children, Dr. Murphy worked as a surgeon at Hunter Army Airfield in Savannah. He also worked as the first team physician for local K-12 schools in Savannah, hoping to encourage kids to remain in sports and away from drugs and violence.

Dr. Murphy also served as the chairman of the St. Joseph's/Candler Central Credentials Committee and the Health System's Board of Directors. Nurses who noted Dr. Murphy's energetic and personable character gave him the nickname "Happy Jack." In 2006, the Georgia Medical Society honored Dr. Murphy's contributions with a "Healthcare Heroes" award.

Dr. Murphy will be remembered for his commitment to his family, his friends, and his community. His legacy of serving others will live on forever.

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#### THE PROGRAM INC.

(Ms. KAPTUR asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Speaker, I rise to recognize and congratulate The Program Inc., a mentorship program in our Ninth District of Ohio that exists to provide an opportunity for young boys to develop their social and life skills.

The program leads them to learn and deal effectively with the demands of everyday life. The organization's Tie Event paints a vivid picture of young boys finding guidance and inspiration in the absence of father figures.

Tramain Rayford, the CEO and co-founder, is committed to being that crucial figure for other young men. The Tie Event started with the simple act of teaching young boys how to tie a tie.

As Mr. Rayford reflects on what young men need, he emphasizes attributes of respect. Each boy receives a tie and learns to tie it. The young men are guided by 18-year-old Mr. Kyree King, whose 5-year journey with the organization transformed not just his skills but his self-respect and confidence.

In essence, The Program Inc.'s commitment to mentorship transcends the practicality of tying a tie. It becomes a narrative of personal growth and self-confidence and achieves the profound impact of positive mentorship on young lives.

#### HONORING AND REMEMBERING OFFICER DANIEL P. DIDATO

(Mr. LAWLER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. LAWLER. Mr. Speaker, today I rise to honor and remember Officer Daniel P. DiDato, a dedicated servant to the town of East Fishkill for 19 years.

Tragically taken from us on December 18, Officer DiDato's legacy is one of unwavering commitment, camaraderie, and a passion for life that touched all who knew him.

Starting his career at the New York City Department of Environmental Protection in 2001 and joining the East Fishkill Police Department in 2005, Dan was a beacon of joy and strength in the East Fishkill community and amongst his fellow officers. Known for his quick wit, love of Marvel Comics, and an aficionado of pizza and other Italian cuisine, Dan connected with colleagues and friends through his humor, vast knowledge, and generous spirit.

Colleagues recall his spot-on impression, music recommendations, and heartfelt conversations. His presence brightened even the toughest days, leaving a lasting impression on everyone from seasoned officers to newcomers.

By honoring Officer DiDato here on the House floor, we celebrate a life of service, laughter, and profound impact. Dan was more than an officer, he was a beloved friend, a cherished community member, a beloved brother, and a true hero.

Thank you, Officer Daniel P. DiDato, for your service, your friendship, and the many lives you have touched. You will never be forgotten, and may God bless your family.

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#### MOURNING THE LOSS OF MATTHEW PETER

(Mr. TONKO asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. TONKO. Mr. Speaker, I rise to mourn the heavy loss of Matt Peter, a friend to all and a rising star in our community whose light was cut short far too soon.

As a former chief of staff to the mayor of Albany, an Albany County legislator, and executive director of the Albany Parking Authority, Matt was a public servant in the truest sense of the word. His passion and love for his community shone through in everything he did, and he had a determination and the know-how to get things done to improve people's lives.

He accomplished so much during his years as a legislator, from helping modernize the parking authority to championing policies that provide mental health and substance use treatment. While his impact will continue

to resonate with all across Albany city and Albany County, Matt will be best remembered for his kindness, his intelligence, and immense spirit of service.

My prayers and deepest condolences go out to his fiancée, Corinne, his parents, Bill and Nancy; his siblings, Brian and Sara; and all of his many family and loved ones.

Rest in peace, my dear friend.

#### PRESIDENT BIDEN'S LNG DECISION

(Ms. FOXX asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, President Biden's decision to completely stall LNG exports is a gut punch to the American economy, and it serves as a serious detriment to both energy security and national security.

Has he forgotten that just last year our country led the entire world in LNG exports?

Think about the American jobs that have been sacrificed because of this decision as well. While President Biden decides to trudge down this irresponsible path, our Nation's adversaries are salivating.

This administration is so determined to attack and undercut American energy that it is willing to sacrifice our geopolitical footing to do so.

Instead of caving to the demands of the far left, President Biden would do well to put American energy first.

#### APPRECIATING EMPLOYEES AT THE NATIONAL PERSONNEL RECORD CENTER

(Mr. RASKIN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. RASKIN. Mr. Speaker, we are pretty good at attacking Federal workers around here, but we are not very good at praising them.

So I rise today to offer my profound appreciation for the hardworking employees at the National Personnel Records Center, who last week completed a huge achievement: They eliminated a large pandemic-related backlog of veteran records requests.

This is important to me, so I have been monitoring the situation closely. Veterans and their families rely on these records in order to access all the benefits that they have earned, as well as critical services, including housing and healthcare.

Due to restrictions in place to protect worker health and safety during the height of the COVID-19 pandemic, the National Personnel Record Center amassed a gigantic backlog of tens of thousands of unfilled veteran record requests.

Last Congress, as a consequence of bipartisan oversight and urging by leaders in the House, employees at the National Archives came to implement several critical new steps in order to

address this backlog, including enhanced and reorganized staffing levels, technology updates, and digitizing millions of paper records.

We owe great thanks to the employees of the National Personnel Record Center for a job well done and for their great commitment, their passionate hard work, and their unswerving devotion to eliminate this backlog for America's veterans. It was a true success story of Federal workers.

#### ADVOCATING FOR OUR MILITARY MEN AND WOMEN

(Mrs. KIGGANS of Virginia asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. KIGGANS of Virginia. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to advocate for our military men and women and their families and the work that needs to be done to improve their quality of life.

As a former Navy helicopter pilot, Navy spouse, and now-Navy mom, taking care of our military members is one of my top priorities. We can do better for our military, and there is much work to do.

Two weeks ago, I attended the funeral of Navy Commander Doug Morea. A Naval Academy graduate, Doug was an F-18 pilot who led a squadron during a recent 9½-month deployment on the USS Truman.

He died by suicide, and his death was one of seven naval aviator suicides since July of last year. As I stood in the parking lot talking to base leadership after his funeral, I asked: Why? Why do we continue to see so many military suicides and the number rise?

The base commanding officer spoke about the pressure even senior officers feel to care for their people, including the most junior sailor. Our country continues to ask our military, and specifically our Navy, to do missions around the world to keep the peace and defend the freedoms we hold dear.

In order for our military men and women to complete this mission, we must provide resources they need to do their job. That begins with ensuring they have the quality of life they deserve.

#### WILDFIRE RECOVERY

(Mr. LAMALFA asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. LAMALFA. Mr. Speaker, as you know, the issue of wildfire in the West has been very devastating for several years now—many, many years—but there have been incredibly large fires in the last 5 and 7 to 10 years or so. So we have needed more and more help from FEMA post-fire.

So what we are working on is bipartisan legislation that is going to be called H.R. 7070 that will direct FEMA to update its regulations for the fire management assistance grant, public assistance, and mitigation programs.

This will help to respond to unique challenges of wildfires and improve wildfire mitigation after a fire, like debris removal, emergency protective measures, and impacts to drinking water sources. So it will help improve FEMA's cost-benefit analysis for wildfire projects to help them be more competitive for Federal funding.

I find this is extremely important in communities that are devastated after a fire, and it is still fairly new territory for FEMA when we are talking about the size and scope of fires we have had in recent years jumping from four- and five-digit size fires to six digits, hundreds of thousands, even 1 million acres like the Dixie fire in my district a couple years ago.

So this legislation will give FEMA more flexibility and better serve the people.

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#### IMMIGRATION AND THE CONSTITUTION

(Ms. JACKSON LEE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Mr. Speaker, I give much respect to this book called the Constitution, which, if we read some of the opening comments made, it is said that the Declaration of Independence was the promise and the Constitution was the fulfillment.

It is a good roadmap and a good truth, so it disturbs me that the Governor of the State of Texas is standing up against the supremacy of the United States and the Constitution. Amendment 10 says: The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States, respectively.

It is the responsibility of the United States Government to deal with immigration issues and, therefore, the Texas National Guard should not be militarized to stand up against the Border Patrol agents. Federal agents in the service of their Nation should be allowed to do their job and that is to secure the border, and they have been doing that.

Pass legislation is what this Congress must do to give further authority to the President of the United States, and those Border Patrol agents will follow the law. We need to ensure that the law is followed by the States and the Governors, and the law that the President upholds is a law that is supreme.

Mr. Speaker, follow the United States of America and that law.

#### ADJOURNMENT

Mr. LAMALFA. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 7 o'clock and 32 minutes p.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until tomorrow, Tuesday, January 30, 2024, at 10 a.m. for morning-hour debate.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS,  
ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

EC-2955. A letter from the Congressional Review Coordinator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Department of Agriculture, transmitting the Department's final rule — Importation of Fresh Beef From Paraguay [Docket No.: APHIS-2018-0007] (RIN: 0579-AE73) received January 22, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Agriculture.

EC-2956. A letter from the Administrator, Specialty Crops Program, Agricultural Marketing Service, Department of Agriculture, transmitting the Department's affirmation of interim final rule as final rule — Raisins Produced From Grapes Grown in California; Temporary Suspension of Continuance Referendum [Doc. No.: AMS-SC-23-0007] received January 26, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Agriculture.

EC-2957. A letter from the Director, Public Affairs and Congressional Relations, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, transmitting the Office's 2023 Annual Report, pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 14; Feb. 18, 1875, ch. 80, Sec. 1 (as amended by Public Law 106-569, Sec. 1103(c)); (114 Stat. 3031); to the Committee on Financial Services.

EC-2958. A letter from the Assistant General Counsel for Legislation, Regulation and Energy Efficiency, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Department of Energy, transmitting the Department's Major Direct final rule — Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Refrigerators, Refrigerator-Freezers, and Freezers [EERE-2017-BT-STD-0003] (RIN: 1904-AF56) received January 22, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

EC-2959. A letter from the Director, Office of Congressional Affairs, Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, transmitting the Commission's issuance of regulatory guide — Qualification of Safety-Related Actuators in Production and Utilization Facilities, Regulatory Guide 1.73, Revision 2, received January 26, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

EC-2960. A letter from the General Counsel, Office of General Counsel, Federal Housing Finance Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Prudential Management and Operations Standards (RIN: 2590-AB10) received January 22, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Financial Services.

EC-2961. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Secretariat Division, Acquisition Policy Division, General Services Administration, transmitting the Administration's final rule — General Services Administration Acquisition Regulation; Standardizing Federal Supply Schedule Clause and Provision Prescriptions [GSAR Case 2022-G514; Docket No.: GSA-GSAR-2023-0009; Sequence No. 1] (RIN: 3090-AK58) received January 22, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

EC-2962. A letter from the Chair, National Transportation Safety Board, transmitting the Board's report on competitive sourcing efforts for FY 2023, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 501 note; Public Law 108-199, Sec. 647(b); (118 Stat. 361); to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

EC-2963. A letter from the Deputy Assistant Secretary, Land and Minerals Management, Department of the Interior, transmitting a report titled "Comprehensive Inventory of U.S. Outer Continental Shelf Oil and Natural Gas Resources — 2023 Update", pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 15912(b); Public Law 109-58, Sec. 357(b); (119 Stat. 720); to the Committee on Natural Resources.

EC-2964. A letter from the General Counsel, Office of General Counsel, Federal Housing Finance Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Rules of Practice and Procedure; Civil Money Penalty Inflation Adjustment (RIN: 2590-AB31) received January 22, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

EC-2965. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Secretariat Division, Office of the General Counsel, General Services Administration, transmitting the Administration's final rule — Civil Monetary Penalties Inflation Adjustment [FPMR Case 2024-01; Docket No.: GSA-FPMR-2023-0027; Sequence No. 1] (RIN: 3090-AK77) received January 22, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

EC-2966. A letter from the Assistant General Counsel for Regulatory Affairs, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, transmitting the Corporation's final rule — Adjustment of Civil Penalties for Inflation (RIN: 1212-AB45) received January 22, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

EC-2967. A letter from the Chief, Publications and Regulations, Internal Revenue Service, transmitting the Service's final regulations — De Minimis Error Safe Harbor Exceptions to Penalties for Failure to File Correct Information Returns or Furnish Correct Payee Statements [TD: 9984] (RIN: 1545-BN59) received January 22, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Ways and Means.

EC-2968. A letter from the Chief, Publications and Regulations, Internal Revenue Service, transmitting the Service's IRB only rule — Miscellaneous Changes Under the SECURE 2.0 Act of 2022 (Notice 2024-2) received January 22, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Ways and Means.

EC-2969. A letter from the Chief, Publications and Regulations, Internal Revenue Service, transmitting the Service's IRB only rule — 2023 Cumulative List of Changes in Plan Qualification Requirements for Defined Contribution Qualified Pre-approved Plans (Notice 2024-3) received January 22, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Ways and Means.

EC-2970. A letter from the Chief, Publications and Regulations Branch, Internal Revenue Service, transmitting the Service's IRB only rule — Revenue Ruling: 2023 Base Period T-Bill Rate (Rev. Rule: 2023-23) received January 22, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Ways and Means.

EC-2971. A letter from the Chief, Publications and Regulations, Internal Revenue Service, transmitting the Service's final rule — Federal Independent Dispute Resolution (IDR) Process Administrative Fee and Certified IDR Entity Fee Ranges [TD: 9985] (RIN: 1545-BQ94) received January 22, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Ways and Means.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON  
PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. BOST: Committee on Veterans' Affairs. H.R. 3738. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to establish in the Department of Veterans Affairs the Veterans Economic Opportunity and Transition Administration, and for other purposes; with an amendment (Rept. 118-360). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

Mr. STEIL: Committee on House Administration. H.R. 6513. A bill to amend the Help America Vote Act of 2002 to confirm the requirement that States allow access to designated congressional election observers to observe the election administration procedures in congressional elections (Rept. 118-361). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

Mr. BURGESS: Committee on Rules. House Resolution 980. Resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 5585) to impose criminal and immigration penalties for intentionally fleeing a pursuing Federal officer while operating a motor vehicle; providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 6678) to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to provide that aliens who have been convicted of or who have committed Social Security fraud are inadmissible and deportable; providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 6679) to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act with respect to aliens who carried out, participated in, planned, financed, supported, or otherwise facilitated the attacks against Israel; and providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 6976) to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to provide that aliens who have been convicted of or who have committed an offense for driving while intoxicated or impaired are inadmissible and deportable. (Rept. 118-362). Referred to the House Calendar.

## PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions of the following titles were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mr. CISCOMANI (for himself and Mr. BOST):

H.R. 7100. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to clarify the organization of the Office of Survivors Assistance of the Department of Veterans Affairs; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. ARMSTRONG (for himself, Mr. GOODEN of Texas, Mr. GROTHMAN, Mr. FLOOD, Mr. MANN, and Mr. WILLIAMS of Texas):

H.R. 7101. A bill to establish requirements for the Federal Trade Commission with respect to certain rules related to automotive retailing, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas (for herself and Mr. CRANE):

H.R. 7102. A bill to establish an Office of Native American Affairs within the Small Business Administration, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Small Business.

By Mr. STAUBER (for himself, Mr. MCGARVEY, and Mr. LALOTA):

H.R. 7103. A bill to amend the Small Business Act to require Federal agencies to testify and report on scores received under the scorecard program for evaluating Federal agency compliance with small business contracting goals, to testify for failure to meet



Governmentwide contracting goals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Small Business.

By Mr. MANN (for himself and Mr. GOLDEN of Maine):

H.R. 7104. A bill to require the National Small Business Development Center Advisory Board to submit an annual report on the activities of the Board and other information, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Small Business.

By Ms. VELÁZQUEZ (for herself and Mr. LALOTA):

H.R. 7105. A bill to establish requirements relating to certification of small business concerns owned and controlled by women for certain purposes, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Small Business.

By Mr. BEYER (for himself and Mrs. GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN):

H.R. 7106. A bill to amend the National Oceans and Coastal Security Act to make improvements to that Act, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources, and in addition to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mrs. CAMMACK (for herself, Mr. WALTZ, Mr. BACON, Mr. LAMALFA, Mr. AMODEI, Mr. DONALDS, Ms. SALAZAR, Mrs. GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN, and Mr. CAREY):

H.R. 7107. A bill to amend the Homeland Security Act of 2002 to expand to State, local, Tribal, territorial, and educational institution law enforcement the availability of the Federal Law Enforcement Training Centers' human trafficking awareness training to equip frontline first responders with the knowledge to recognize and properly respond to potential human trafficking situations, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Ms. DELAURO (for herself, Mr. FITZPATRICK, and Mrs. HAYES):

H.R. 7108. A bill to support States and high-need local educational agencies in increasing the number of mental health services providers in schools; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. EDWARDS (for himself and Mr. DAVIDSON):

H.R. 7109. A bill to require a citizenship question on the decennial census, to require reporting on certain census statistics, and to modify apportionment of Representatives to be based on United States citizens instead of all persons; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Mr. ESPAILLAT (for himself and Mr. TORRES of New York):

H.R. 7110. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to require building inspections for certain qualified low-income buildings; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MAST:

H.R. 7111. A bill to establish the policy of the United States that the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East should be disbanded completely, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Ms. MATSUI:

H.R. 7112. A bill to direct the Federal Communications Commission to develop a framework and tracking system to monitor the top 100 illegal robocall campaigns and to publish a monthly report on such campaigns, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. MOSKOWITZ:

H.R. 7113. A bill making emergency supplemental appropriations in line with the President's request in response to the ongoing attack on Ukraine's sovereignty by Russia and

in response to the attacks in Israel for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Appropriations, and in addition to the Committee on the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. NORTON:

H.R. 7114. A bill to establish a grant program to assist States to establish or expand universal prekindergarten in public schools and public charter schools; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Ms. NORTON:

H.R. 7115. A bill to permit individuals 70 years of age or older to opt out of jury service in the Superior Court of the District of Columbia; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Mr. PALLONE (for himself, Ms. MATSUI, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. SORESENSEN, and Mr. SOTO):

H.R. 7116. A bill to strengthen certain provisions relating to restrictions on robocalls and telemarketing, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. ROSENDALE (for himself, Mr. OGLES, Mr. WEBER of Texas, and Mr. BURLISON):

H.R. 7117. A bill to limit Federal law enforcement use of data from motor vehicle event data recorders, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Financial Services, and the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. ROSENDALE (for himself, Mr. BABIN, and Mr. OGLES):

H.R. 7118. A bill to prohibit the Federal Government from taking any action to regain control of, access, or otherwise interfere in activities carried out by the State of Texas in the vicinity of Shelby Park in Eagle Pass, Texas, without the consent of the State of Texas; to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Homeland Security, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. SÁNCHEZ (for herself, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Ms. BONAMICI, Ms. CHU, Ms. DEGETTE, Mr. DOGGETT, Mr. FROST, Mr. NADLER, Ms. NORTON, Mr. PASCRELL, and Mr. TONKO):

H.R. 7119. A bill to amend titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act to prohibit skilled nursing facilities and nursing facilities from using pre-dispute arbitration agreements with respect to residents of those facilities under the Medicare and Medicaid programs, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. SCHAKOWSKY:

H.R. 7120. A bill to direct the Federal Trade Commission to revise the Telemarketing Sales Rule to require disclosures for telemarketing using artificial intelligence and to provide for enhanced penalties for violations involving artificial intelligence voice or text message impersonation, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. SCHIFF (for himself and Mr. FROST):

H.R. 7121. A bill to place post-employment restrictions on certain former employees of

insured depository institutions, insured credit unions, and certain agencies, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. SMITH of New Jersey (for himself, Mr. MAST, and Mr. WILSON of South Carolina):

H.R. 7122. A bill to prohibit aid that will benefit Hamas, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. SORESENSEN (for himself and Mr. CISCOMAND):

H.R. 7123. A bill to amend the Communications Act of 1934 to require disclosures with respect to robocalls using artificial intelligence and to provide for enhanced penalties for certain violations involving artificial intelligence voice or text message impersonation, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. SOTO:

H.R. 7124. A bill to amend the Communications Act of 1934 to direct the Federal Communications Commission to promulgate regulations that require providers of voice service to offer a robocall-blocking service at no additional charge to the customer, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. WEXTON (for herself, Mr. GALLAGHER, Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Mr. ROSE, Mr. SHERMAN, Mrs. KIM of California, Mr. MEEKS, and Mr. NUNN of Iowa):

H.R. 7125. A bill to require the Secretary of the Treasury to instruct the United States Executive Directors at the international financial institutions to advocate opposition to projects that make use of forced labor; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. RESCHENTHALER (for himself and Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina):

H. Res. 979. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that public health authorities and tobacco control advocates should encourage American innovation and embrace harm reduction as part of the comprehensive United States approach to tobacco control; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas:

H. Res. 981. A resolution recognizing the importance of Tribal colleges and universities to the United States and expressing support for designating the week beginning February 5, 2024, as "National Tribal Colleges and Universities Week"; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Mr. MCCAUL (for himself, Mr. MEEKS, Mr. JAMES, Ms. JACOBS, Mrs. KIM of California, and Mr. KILDEE):

H. Res. 982. A resolution condemning the continued violence in Sudan and calling on the international community to unequivocally support diplomatic efforts to achieve a cessation of hostilities, ensure the protection of civilians and secure unfettered access for humanitarian aid; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Ms. SCANLON (for herself, Mr. BACON, Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida, Ms. CHERFILUS-MCCORMICK, Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia, Ms. NORTON, Mrs. MCBATH, Ms. CHU, Mr. ALLRED, Mr. TRONE, Mr. DESAULNIER, Mr. GRIMALVA, Ms. TITUS, Ms. LEE of Nevada, and Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER):

H. Res. 983. A resolution recognizing January 2024 as "National Mentoring Month"; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

## MEMORIALS

Under clause 3 of rule XII,

ML-87. The SPEAKER presented a memorial of the Senate of the State of Michigan, relative to Senate Resolution No. 78, condemning the terrorist attacks carried out by Hamas in Israel on October 7, 2023; which was referred jointly to the Committees on Foreign Affairs and the Judiciary.

## CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY AND SINGLE SUBJECT STATEMENTS

Pursuant to clause 7(c)(1) of rule XII and Section 3(c) of H. Res. 5 the following statements are submitted regarding (1) the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution and (2) the single subject of the bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. CISCOMANI:

H.R. 7100.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article One, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

Reorganization of the Office of Survivors Assistance within the Department of Veterans Affairs.

By Mr. ARMSTRONG:

H.R. 7101.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3

The single subject of this legislation is:

This bill meets the single subject requirement as it prohibits the finalization, implementation, or enforcement of a specific Federal Trade Commission rule.

By Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas:

H.R. 7102.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

The single subject of this legislation is:

To establish an Office of Native American Affairs within the Small Business Administration

By Mr. STAUBER:

H.R. 7103.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 "The Congress shall have Power to . . . provide for the . . . general Welfare of the United States; . . ."

The single subject of this legislation is:

Small business contracting.

By Mr. MANN:

H.R. 7104.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 "The Congress shall have Power to . . . provide for the . . . general Welfare of the United States; . . ."

The single subject of this legislation is:

Small business counseling.

By Ms. VELÁZQUEZ:

H.R. 7105.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution, which gives Congress the power "to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof."

The single subject of this legislation is:

This legislation would require federal agencies to count SBA certified women-

owned small businesses towards their small business goals.

By Mr. BEYER:

H.R. 7106.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

natural resources

By Mrs. CAMMACK:

H.R. 7107.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Constitution, to provide for the general welfare and make all laws necessary and proper to carry out the powers of the Congress.

The single subject of this legislation is:

Public Safety

By Ms. DELAURO:

H.R. 7108.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, clause 3 provides Congress with the power to "regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes."

The single subject of this legislation is:

To support States and high-need local educational agencies in increasing the number of mental health services providers in schools.

By Mr. EDWARDS:

H.R. 7109.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

"Regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes."

The single subject of this legislation is:

Requires a citizenship question on the decennial census, reporting on certain census statistics, and modifies apportionment of Representatives to be based on United States citizens instead of all persons.

By Mr. ESPAILLAT:

H.R. 7110.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

section 5 of Amendment XIV to the Constitution.

The single subject of this legislation is:

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to require building inspections for certain qualified low-income buildings.

By Mr. MAST:

H.R. 7111.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18

The single subject of this legislation is:

Would establish as U.S. policy that the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (UNRWA) should be disbanded completely.

By Ms. MATSUI:

H.R. 7112.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is:

To direct the Federal Communications Commission to develop a framework and tracking system to monitor the top 100 illegal robocall campaigns and to publish a monthly report on such campaigns, and for other purposes.

By Mr. MOSKOWITZ:

H.R. 7113.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Pursuant to clause 3(d)(1) of rule XIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the Committee find the authority for this legislation in article I, section 8 of the Constitution.

The single subject of this legislation is:

Supplemental emergency funding.

By Ms. NORTON:

H.R. 7114.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

clause 18 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution.

The single subject of this legislation is:

This bill would provide funding to states to establish and expand prekindergarten programs in public and public charter schools for three- and four-year-old children.

By Ms. NORTON:

H.R. 7115.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

clause 17 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is:

This bill would allow individuals 70 years of age or older to opt out of jury service in the Superior Court of the District of Columbia.

By Mr. PALLONE:

H.R. 7116.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Under Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3: [The Congress shall have Power] To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian Tribes;

The single subject of this legislation is:

To strengthen certain provisions relating to restrictions on robocalls and telemarketing, and for other purposes.

By Mr. ROSENDALE:

H.R. 7117.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

Protecting vehicle owner's black box data.

By Mr. ROSENDALE:

H.R. 7118.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

Border Security

By Ms. SÁNCHEZ:

H.R. 7119.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

Legislating

By Ms. SCHAKOWSKY:

H.R. 7120.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3: The Congress shall have Power . . . To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

The single subject of this legislation is:

To direct the Federal Trade Commission to revise the Telemarketing Sales Rule to require disclosures for telemarketing using artificial intelligence and to provide for enhanced penalties for violations involving artificial intelligence voice or text message impersonation, and for other purposes.

By Mr. SCHIFF:

H.R. 7121.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is:

Financial Services

By Mr. SMITH of New Jersey:

H.R. 7122.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

The single subject of this legislation is:

Foreign Aid Funding

By Mr. SORENSEN:

H.R. 7123.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following: clause of section 8 of article I of the Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is:

To amend the Communications Act of 1934 to require disclosures with respect to robocalls using artificial intelligence and to provide for enhanced penalties for certain violations involving artificial intelligence voice or text message impersonation, and for other purposes.

By Mr. SOTO:

H.R. 7124.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, of the United States Constitution.

The single subject of this legislation is:

To amend the Communications Act of 1934 to direct the Federal Communications Commission to promulgate regulations that require providers of voice service to offer a robocall-blocking service at no additional charge to the customer, and for other purposes.

By Ms. WEXTON:

H.R. 7125.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

the Commerce Clause, Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 along with the Necessary and Proper Clause, Article I, Section 8, Clause 18.

The single subject of this legislation is:

This bill requires the Secretary of Treasury to instruct the US Executive Director at each International Financial Institution (IFI) to use the voice, vote, and influence of the US to oppose the provision of a loan to any project that would use forced labor and require the Secretary to submit a written report per year for 5 years that would detail any projects approved by an IFI.

#### ADDITIONAL SPONSORS TO PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions, as follows:

H.R. 16: Ms. PORTER and Mr. CARTWRIGHT.  
 H.R. 30: Mr. GREEN of Texas.  
 H.R. 152: Ms. HAGEMAN.  
 H.R. 405: Mrs. HARSHBARGER.  
 H.R. 419: Ms. NORTON.  
 H.R. 431: Mr. KUSTOFF.  
 H.R. 451: Mrs. MILLER of Illinois.  
 H.R. 537: Mr. SCHWEIKERT, Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, Ms. SCHOLTEN, Mr. EVANS, Ms. SALINAS, and Mr. RUTHERFORD.  
 H.R. 549: Ms. SCHOLTEN and Mr. TONY GONZALES of Texas.  
 H.R. 552: Mr. NEHLS.  
 H.R. 603: Mrs. CAMMACK, Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia, Mr. KIM of New Jersey, Mr. LANGWORTHY, Mr. GARAMENDI, Ms. ADAMS, Mr. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Mr. IVEY, Mr. CRENSHAW, Mr. MOYLAN, Mr. NEGUSE, Mr. EDWARDS, and Mr. BOST.  
 H.R. 607: Mr. TRONE.  
 H.R. 618: Mr. BARR.  
 H.R. 619: Mr. AUCHINCLOSS, Ms. JAYAPAL, and Mr. RYAN.  
 H.R. 620: Mr. RYAN, Ms. JAYAPAL, and Mr. THOMPSON of California.  
 H.R. 661: Mr. TONY GONZALES of Texas.  
 H.R. 681: Ms. STRICKLAND, Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia, Mr. FLEISCHMANN, Ms. SALINAS, Mr. FOSTER, Mr. PHILLIPS, and Ms. MCCOLLUM.  
 H.R. 683: Mr. FINSTAD.  
 H.R. 724: Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania.  
 H.R. 727: Mr. GOLDMAN of New York and Ms. ADAMS.  
 H.R. 743: Ms. DE LA CRUZ and Mr. ROGERS of Alabama.

H.R. 807: Mr. MORELLE and Mr. TONY GONZALES of Texas.  
 H.R. 895: Ms. CLARKE of New York.  
 H.R. 984: Mr. ROUZER and Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina.  
 H.R. 1045: Ms. SPANBERGER, Mr. NICKEL, and Ms. SALINAS.  
 H.R. 1092: Mr. LAMALFA.  
 H.R. 1179: Mr. BACON.  
 H.R. 1191: Mr. JOYCE of Ohio.  
 H.R. 1230: Mr. THANEDAR.  
 H.R. 1247: Mr. PETERS and Mrs. CHAVEZ-DEBEREMER.  
 H.R. 1295: Ms. NORTON.  
 H.R. 1310: Mr. BOST.  
 H.R. 1351: Ms. SPANBERGER.  
 H.R. 1359: Mr. LARSEN of Washington, Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. DELUZIO, and Mr. ESPAILLAT.  
 H.R. 1387: Mr. SCHIFF and Ms. STEVENS.  
 H.R. 1390: Ms. SCHOLTEN.  
 H.R. 1437: Mr. LUCAS.  
 H.R. 1441: Mr. THOMPSON of California.  
 H.R. 1446: Ms. SANCHEZ.  
 H.R. 1507: Mr. POCAN, Ms. STANSBURY, and Ms. TLAIB.  
 H.R. 1538: Mr. THANEDAR.  
 H.R. 1572: Mr. KHANNA and Mr. LIEU.  
 H.R. 1610: Ms. PORTER, Mr. SCOTT FRANKLIN of Florida, Mr. THANEDAR, Mr. ZINKE, and Mrs. TRAHAN.  
 H.R. 1649: Mr. PANETTA.  
 H.R. 1668: Ms. HOYLE of Oregon.  
 H.R. 1679: Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania.  
 H.R. 1705: Ms. SPANBERGER.  
 H.R. 1737: Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER and Mrs. MILLER of West Virginia.  
 H.R. 1788: Mrs. PELTOLA, Ms. WILD, and Ms. PEREZ.  
 H.R. 1815: Ms. TLAIB.  
 H.R. 1831: Ms. ESCOBAR, Ms. JACKSON LEE, and Mrs. MCBATH.  
 H.R. 1833: Mr. JACKSON of North Carolina.  
 H.R. 2371: Ms. STANSBURY.  
 H.R. 2400: Ms. SPANBERGER.  
 H.R. 2447: Ms. SALINAS, Mr. VEASEY, and Mr. NORCROSS.  
 H.R. 2480: Mr. DESAULNIER.  
 H.R. 2552: Ms. LEE of California.  
 H.R. 2662: Mr. MURPHY.  
 H.R. 2725: Mr. KIM of New Jersey.  
 H.R. 2825: Mr. GOLDMAN of New York.  
 H.R. 2871: Mr. LIEU.  
 H.R. 2940: Mr. KEAN of New Jersey and Mrs. CHERFILUS-MCCORMICK.  
 H.R. 2987: Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania.  
 H.R. 3005: Mr. THOMPSON of California.  
 H.R. 3092: Mr. BOWMAN, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. SABLAN, Mr. TAKANO, Mr. LYNCH, Ms. ADAMS, and Mrs. RAMIREZ.  
 H.R. 3106: Ms. NORTON, Mr. SCHIFF, and Ms. SCHAKOWSKY.  
 H.R. 3145: Ms. BALINT.  
 H.R. 3239: Mr. GRIJALVA.  
 H.R. 3269: Mr. MOORE of Alabama, Mr. CUELLAR, and Ms. MALLIOTAKIS.  
 H.R. 3310: Mr. GOTTHEIMER.  
 H.R. 3322: Mr. GOTTHEIMER.  
 H.R. 3348: Mr. GOTTHEIMER.  
 H.R. 3377: Ms. STANSBURY.  
 H.R. 3381: Mrs. FISCHBACH and Mr. RUPPERSBERGER.  
 H.R. 3386: Mr. D'ESPOSITO.  
 H.R. 3410: Mr. DONALDS.  
 H.R. 3432: Ms. DEAN of Pennsylvania, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER, Mr. THANEDAR, and Mr. BALDERSON.  
 H.R. 3433: Mr. KELLY of Mississippi, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Mr. SOTO, Mr. CASTRO of Texas, Mrs. BICE, Mr. MOONEY, Mr. MANN, and Ms. SCANLON.  
 H.R. 3541: Mr. DESAULNIER.  
 H.R. 3658: Mr. LARSEN of Washington.  
 H.R. 3682: Mr. GOLDMAN of New York and Ms. BUSH.  
 H.R. 3755: Ms. SALINAS.  
 H.R. 3847: Ms. LEE of California.  
 H.R. 3851: Mr. DESAULNIER and Ms. CHU.  
 H.R. 3854: Mr. DELUZIO and Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia.

H.R. 3861: Mr. BLUMENAUER, Ms. DEAN of Pennsylvania, and Mr. DAVIS of Illinois.  
 H.R. 3875: Ms. TLAIB.  
 H.R. 3899: Mr. AMO.  
 H.R. 3949: Mrs. CAMMACK.  
 H.R. 3957: Mr. RYAN.  
 H.R. 4125: Mr. RYAN.  
 H.R. 4173: Ms. SALINAS.  
 H.R. 4202: Mr. DESAULNIER.  
 H.R. 4221: Mr. NICKEL.  
 H.R. 4319: Mrs. CHAVEZ-DEBEREMER.  
 H.R. 4323: Mr. LOUDERMILK.  
 H.R. 4326: Mr. JACKSON of North Carolina.  
 H.R. 4327: Ms. SCHRIER.  
 H.R. 4335: Ms. STANSBURY.  
 H.R. 4340: Ms. BROWNLEY.  
 H.R. 4422: Ms. SANCHEZ, Mr. MFUME, Ms. SLOTKIN, Mr. LARSEN of Washington, and Ms. LOFGREN.  
 H.R. 4438: Mr. JACKSON of North Carolina.  
 H.R. 4536: Mr. LEVIN.  
 H.R. 4581: Ms. SPANBERGER.  
 H.R. 4611: Mr. TONKO and Mr. DELUZIO.  
 H.R. 4612: Mr. BANKS.  
 H.R. 4624: Mr. RASKIN.  
 H.R. 4663: Mr. CROW and Mr. CÁRDENAS.  
 H.R. 4745: Mr. JOYCE of Ohio.  
 H.R. 4794: Mrs. STEEL.  
 H.R. 4842: Mr. HILL.  
 H.R. 4867: Mr. MILLS.  
 H.R. 4878: Mrs. HARSHBARGER.  
 H.R. 4993: Mrs. GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN.  
 H.R. 4999: Mr. NICKEL.  
 H.R. 5030: Mr. LUTTRELL.  
 H.R. 5048: Ms. STANSBURY.  
 H.R. 5049: Mr. GOTTHEIMER and Ms. TLAIB.  
 H.R. 5074: Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia.  
 H.R. 5141: Mr. THOMPSON of California.  
 H.R. 5254: Ms. STANSBURY.  
 H.R. 5266: Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky, Mr. EDWARDS, Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS, Mr. SIMPSON, and Mr. KUSTOFF.  
 H.R. 5290: Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania.  
 H.R. 5291: Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania.  
 H.R. 5292: Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania.  
 H.R. 5293: Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania.  
 H.R. 5294: Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania.  
 H.R. 5295: Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania.  
 H.R. 5357: Mr. GOTTHEIMER.  
 H.R. 5359: Mr. DUARTE.  
 H.R. 5376: Mr. MOORE of Alabama.  
 H.R. 5456: Ms. STEVENS, Mr. MFUME, Mr. THANEDAR, Ms. BROWN, and Mr. LIEU.  
 H.R. 5511: Mr. DESAULNIER.  
 H.R. 5526: Mr. ROUZER.  
 H.R. 5530: Mr. STAUBER, Mr. RESCHENTHALER, Mr. CROW, and Ms. SALINAS.  
 H.R. 5611: Mrs. CAMMACK.  
 H.R. 5754: Mr. THOMPSON of California and Mr. OBERNOLTE.  
 H.R. 5778: Mr. PFLUGER.  
 H.R. 5813: Ms. WILD.  
 H.R. 5822: Ms. SCHOLTEN.  
 H.R. 5838: Mr. GALLEGO.  
 H.R. 5879: Mr. MOORE of Alabama and Mr. FLOOD.  
 H.R. 5909: Mr. BACON.  
 H.R. 5976: Ms. STANSBURY and Ms. CHU.  
 H.R. 5995: Mr. KHANNA and Mr. LIEU.  
 H.R. 6031: Mr. GALLEGO.  
 H.R. 6046: Mrs. HARSHBARGER, Mr. VAN ORDEN, and Mr. PFLUGER.  
 H.R. 6049: Mr. GOLDMAN of New York, Mr. HUFFMAN, Mr. POSEY, and Mrs. MCBATH.  
 H.R. 6072: Mr. GIMENEZ.  
 H.R. 6094: Mr. FITZPATRICK and Ms. NORTON.  
 H.R. 6175: Mr. LAMBORN.  
 H.R. 6203: Ms. CHU.  
 H.R. 6213: Ms. NORTON and Mr. THANEDAR.  
 H.R. 6271: Mr. ALFORD and Mr. MANN.  
 H.R. 6280: Mr. STANTON.  
 H.R. 6293: Mrs. HAYES and Mr. GOLDMAN of New York.  
 H.R. 6339: Mrs. MILLER of Illinois.  
 H.R. 6355: Mr. LAWLER.  
 H.R. 6377: Mr. CARTER of Louisiana and Ms. TOKUDA.

- H.R. 6415: Ms. CARAVEO and Mr. MORELLE.  
 H.R. 6432: Mr. FALLON and Mr. BRECHEEN.  
 H.R. 6437: Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin, Ms. NORTON, Mrs. GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN, and Ms. SCANLON.  
 H.R. 6461: Ms. WILD.  
 H.R. 6463: Ms. TITUS.  
 H.R. 6492: Ms. NORTON, Mr. LIEU, and Mr. BANKS.  
 H.R. 6515: Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mrs. HAYES, and Ms. MCCOLLUM.  
 H.R. 6522: Mr. DONALDS.  
 H.R. 6525: Mr. THOMPSON of California.  
 H.R. 6547: Mr. NEWHOUSE.  
 H.R. 6591: Mr. THANEDAR.  
 H.R. 6603: Mr. MOSKOWITZ.  
 H.R. 6613: Mr. NUNN of Iowa.  
 H.R. 6664: Mr. SOTO.  
 H.R. 6672: Mr. AUCHINCLOSS and Mrs. TRAHAN.  
 H.R. 6727: Mr. DUNCAN and Mrs. RADEWAGEN.  
 H.R. 6733: Mr. VAN ORDEN.  
 H.R. 6736: Mr. MOULTON.  
 H.R. 6747: Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas.  
 H.R. 6761: Ms. WILD.  
 H.R. 6780: Mr. KILMER, Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin, Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER, Ms. MENG, and Ms. BARRAGÁN.  
 H.R. 6795: Mr. HARRIS.  
 H.R. 6832: Mr. CARTWRIGHT.  
 H.R. 6841: Mr. PANETTA and Mr. CARTER of Georgia.  
 H.R. 6860: Ms. KUSTER, Mr. PAPPAS, Mr. LALOTA, and Ms. MALLIOTAKIS.  
 H.R. 6864: Ms. DE LA CRUZ.  
 H.R. 6887: Mr. GARBARINO.  
 H.R. 6888: Ms. CRAIG.  
 H.R. 6944: Ms. STANSBURY.  
 H.R. 6952: Mr. EDWARDS and Mr. GOLDEN of Maine.  
 H.R. 6953: Mr. MOORE of Alabama.  
 H.R. 6958: Mr. ROUZER.  
 H.R. 6962: Mr. TIMMONS.  
 H.R. 6963: Mr. SOTO.  
 H.R. 6967: Mr. BURLISON.  
 H.R. 6973: Mr. BAIRD.  
 H.R. 7003: Mr. OBERNOLTE.  
 H.R. 7015: Mr. COLE.  
 H.R. 7017: Mr. LARSON of Connecticut.  
 H.R. 7018: Mr. RYAN.  
 H.R. 7027: Mr. MOOLENAAR.  
 H.R. 7045: Mr. ROUZER.  
 H.R. 7059: Mr. QUIGLEY.  
 H.R. 7060: Ms. BARRAGÁN and Mr. THOMPSON of California.  
 H.R. 7083: Mr. FRY, Mr. TIMMONS, Mr. SCHWEIKERT, Mr. CRANE, Mr. WEBER of Texas, and Mr. LANGWORTHY.  
 H.R. 7092: Ms. OGLES and Mr. TIMMONS.  
 H.R. 7094: Ms. LEE of California.  
 H.J. Res. 54: Mrs. SYKES.  
 H. Con. Res. 38: Mr. GARBARINO.  
 H. Con. Res. 74: Mrs. LESKO.  
 H. Res. 43: Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas.  
 H. Res. 50: Mrs. HINSON, Mr. EDWARDS, Mr. BRECHEEN, and Mr. HERN.  
 H. Res. 100: Mr. MOORE of Alabama.  
 H. Res. 149: Mr. LANDSMAN.  
 H. Res. 195: Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER, Mr. RUIZ, and Mr. GARAMENDI.  
 H. Res. 262: Ms. NORTON.  
 H. Res. 561: Mr. JACKSON of Illinois and Ms. CARAVEO.  
 H. Res. 585: Mr. RASKIN.  
 H. Res. 627: Mr. NICKEL and Mr. MOORE of Alabama.  
 H. Res. 791: Mr. LAWLER.  
 H. Res. 837: Mrs. MILLER of West Virginia.  
 H. Res. 850: Mr. MILLS.  
 H. Res. 882: Mr. ALLRED, Mr. HARDER of California, and Mr. VALADAO.  
 H. Res. 895: Mr. GOTTHEIMER.  
 H. Res. 899: Mr. LAWLER.  
 H. Res. 901: Mr. BOST and Mr. SCHIFF.  
 H. Res. 915: Mr. BURCHETT, Mr. NUNN of Iowa, Mr. SMUCKER, and Mr. GOTTHEIMER.  
 H. Res. 935: Mr. LYNCH.  
 H. Res. 966: Mr. MOULTON and Mrs. FISCHBACH.  
 H. Res. 977: Mr. CISCOMANI, Mr. KILMER, Mr. LALOTA, and Mr. TURNER.

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 PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 3 of rule XII,

PT-9. The SPEAKER presented a petition of Attorneys General Representing 26 States, relative to urging both Congress and the White House to provide financial and humanitarian assistance to Israel as she defends herself against those who seek her annihilation; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.