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Regulations

TITLE 6-AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter II—War Food Administration (Commodity Credit)

[1944 C. C. C. Flaxseed Form 1—Instructions, Amdt. 1]

PART 255-1944 FLAXSEED LOANS

STORAGE ALLOWANCE

Pursuant to the provisions of Title III, section 302 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 43; 7 U.S.C., 1940 ed., 1302), and the Act of February 28, 1944 (58 Stat. 105), Commodity Credit Corporation has authorized the making of loans on flaxseed stored on farms, or in approved public warehouses, in accordance with the regulations in this part (1944 C. C. C. Flaxseed Form 1—Instructions). Such regulations are hereby amended as follows:

Section 255.5 Storage allowance, is deleted, and the following section is substituted therefor:

§ 255.5 Storage allowance. A storage allowance of \$0.07 per bushel will be advanced, at the time the loan is made, only on the number of bushels placed under loan in farm storage, and shall be earned by the producer, (1) if the flax-seed is delivered to the Commodity Credit Corporation on or after March 31, 1945, for Arizona and California, and June 30, 1945, for other States, or (2) if, pursuant to demand by the Corporation for repayment, the flaxseed is delivered to the Commodity Credit Corporation prior to March 31, 1945, for Arizona and California, and June 30, 1945, for other States, provided such demand for repayment was not due to any fraudulent representations on the part of the producer, or to the fact that the flaxseed was damaged, threatened with damage, abandoned, or otherwise impaired. If delivery is made prior to March 31, 1945, for Arizona and California, and June 30, 1945, for other States, with the consent or approval of the Commodity Credit Corporation, a storage payment will be earned in accordance with the terms of the mortgage supplement. Earned

storage shall be computed after delivery has been completed and any storage advance not earned shall be repaid to the corporation. A storage payment cannot be earned on a greater number of bushels than is specified in the chattel mortgage.

Dated: August 8, 1944.

LAK NATIONAL ARCS

J. B. Hutson, President.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14106; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 3:14 p. m.]

TITLE 7-AGRICULTURE

Chapter IX—War Food Administration (Marketing Agreements and Orders)

Part 941—Milk in Chicago, Illinois, Marketing Area

SUSPENSION OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS

Pursuant to the applicable provisions of Public Act No. 10, 73d Congress, as amended and as reenacted and amended by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937 (7 U.S. C. 1940 ed. 601 et seq.), and of the order, as amended, regulating the handling of milk in the Chicago marketing area (7 CFR, Cum. Supp., 941.0 et seq.), it is hereby found and determined that the provision of such order which provides for pro rata classification of milk or cream which is sold to a person who is a handler under another milk marketing agreement or order effective under the act, is a provision which, during October, November, and December 1944, obstructs and does not tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act with respect to producers of milk under such order.

Therefore, effective as of 12:01 a. m., c. w. t., October 1, 1944, and continuing for the calendar months October, November, and December 1944, the following provision of § 941.4 (a) of the order, as amended, regulating the handling of milk in the Chicago, Illinois, marketing area, is hereby suspended: "And provided further, That in the case of the sale of milk or cream by a handler to a person who is a handler under another Federal

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NOTICE

The Cumulative Supplement to the Code of Federal Regulations, covering the period from June 2, 1938, through June 1, 1943, may be obtained from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, at \$3.00 per unit. The following are now available:

Book 1: Titles 1-3 (Presidential documents) with tables and index. Book 2: Titles 4-9, with index. Book 3: Titles 10-17, with index. Book 4: Titles 18-25, with index. Book 5, Part 1: Title 26, Parts 2-178. Book 5, Part 2: Title 26, completed; Title 27; with index.

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e classified on a pro rata basis.'

(E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 12th day of September 1944.

> THOMAS J. FLAVIN, Assistant to the War Food Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14105; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 3:14 p. m.]

Chapter XI-War Food Administration (Distribution Orders)

[WFO 79-102, Amdt. 4]

PART 1401-DAIRY PRODUCTS

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO MARKET AGENTS IN THE ADMINISTRATION OF WAR FOOD ORDERS FOR THE CONSERVATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF FLUID MILK AND CREAM

Pursuant to War Food Order No. 79 (8 F.R. 12426, 9 F.R. 4321, 4319), dated September 7, 1943, as amended, and to effectuate the purposes thereof, War Food Order No. 79-102, as amended (8 F.R. 16313, 9 F.R. 337, 4321, 4319, 4500, 10241), is hereby further amended by adding as (5) in § 1401.135 (b) the following pro-

(5) With the prior approval of the Chief, Dairy and Poultry Branch, Office of Distribution, to increase or decrease by amounts not exceeding 5 percent, the quotas for milk of any handler or group of handlers for either or both of the quota periods of September and October 1944, in order to provide for the full utilization of milk in the public interest and to promote the national defense.

The provision of this amendment shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., e. w. t., September 11, 1944. With respect to violations of said War Food Order No. 79-102, as amended, rights accrued, or liabilities incurred thereunder, prior to the effective time of this amendment, said War Food Order No. 79-102, as amended, shall continue in full force and effect for the purpose of sustaining any suit, action, or other proceeding with respect to any such violation, right, or liability.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423; E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783; WFO 79, 8 F.R. 12426, 9 F.R. 4321, 4319)

Issued this 11th day of September 1944.

LEE MARSHALL, Director of Distribution.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14104; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 8:17 p. m.]

[WFO 75-3, Amdt. 1]

PART 1410-LIVESTOCK AND MEATS

PORK REQUIRED TO BE SET ASIDE

War Food Order No. 75-3, § 1410.20 (9 F.R. 10387) is amended by striking the figure "1.45" where it appears as the conversion factor for "fatted, skinless hams and shoulders" in the table entitled "Type and Description of Product" in paragraph (c) (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "1.33".

This order shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., e. w. t. September 12, 1944. With respect to violations, rights accrued, liabilities incurred, or appeals taken under War Food Order No. 75–3, prior to said date, all provisions of said War Food Order No. 75–3, in effect prior thereto, shall be deemed to remain in full force for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action, or other proceeding with respect to any such violation, right, liability, or appeal.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423; E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783; WFO 75, as amended, 8 F.R. 11119; 9 F.R. 4321, 4319, 5333, 10033)

Issued this 11th day of September 1944.

LEE MARSHALL, Director of Distribution.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14089; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 12:12 p. m.]

[WFO 73-2]

PART 1598-GENERAL REGULATIONS

REVISION OF SCHEDULES

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by the provisions of War Food Order No. 73, as amended (9 F.R. 10036), Schedules A and B to the order are hereby revised to read as follows:

SCHEDULE A

OCHEDULE I	*
Set-aside foods:	Applicable War Food Order
American cheese	15
Beef	75-2
Pork	75-3
Dried skim milk	54
Rice	
Butter	

SCHEDULE B

Applicable Wa	1
Restricted foods: Food Order	
Cocoa products 2	5
Fats and oils products (excluding lard),	
(limited to salad and cooking fats,	
shortening and compounds, mar-	
garine, and soap (bar soap and soap	
powder))4	2
	8
Honey 4'	7
Fluid milk, fluid cream, and milk by-	
products (fluid buttermilk, skim	
milk, flavored milk or drink or bev-	
erage containing more than 85% of	
milk; and cottage, pot or baker's	
cheese) 7	9
Molasses 5	1
Spices1	9
Tea1	8
This revision shall be effective on San	

This revision shall be effective on September 15, 1944.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423; E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783; WFO 73, 8 F.R. 7523, 13879, 15655, 9 F.R. 4321, 4319, 10036)

Issued this 11th day of September 1944.

LEE MARSHALL, Director of Distribution.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14103; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 8:17 p. m.]

IWFO 74-31

PART 1598-GENERAL REGULATIONS

REVISION OF SCHEDULES

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by the provisions of War Food Order 74, as amended (9 F.R. 8002), Schedules A, B, and C to that order are hereby revised to read as follows:

SCHEDULE A

Applicable War

Set aside foods: Food On	der
American (Cheddar) cheese	15
Beef	75.2
Pork	75.3
Turkeys	106
Dried Skim Milk	54
Rice	10
Butter	2
SCHEDULE B	
Restricted foods:	
Frozen dairy foods	8
Fats and oils (excluding lard), (Lim-	100
ited to salad and cooking fats,	
shortening and compounds, mar-	
garine, and soap (bar soap and soap	
powder))	42
Honey	47
Imported salted fish	72
Milk, Milk by-products, and cream	79
Molasses	51
Peanuts and peanut butter	89
Spices	19
Tea	18
Dried Milk (Excepting skim)	93
Cheese and Cheese Foods (Excepting	-
Cheddar, cottage, pot and bakers)	92
. Schedule C	
Designated foods:	
Conned fish and shallfish (Limited	

Designated foods:	
Canned fish and sh	ellfish (Limited
to Maine and Cal	ifornia sardines,
salmon, mackerel).	

Designated foods—Con. Food Order
Canned fruits and fruit juices (Lim-

anned fruits and fruit juices (Limited to apples, apricots, berries, red sour pitted cherries, figs, fruit-cocktail, grapefruit, peaches, pears, pineapple, orange juice, grapefruit juice, orange and grapefruit juice, and pineapple, luice)

mato catsup) ______ 22.6
Dried fruits (Limited to apples, apricots, pears, peaches, prunes, and raisins) ______ 16

This revision shall be effective on September 15, 1944.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423; E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783; W.F.O. 74, 8 F.R. 13880, 14017, 15655, 9 F.R. 4321, 4319, and 8002)

Issued this 11th day of September 1944.

LEE MARSHALL, Director of Distribution.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14088; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 12:12 p. m.]

TITLE 32-NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter IX-War Production Board

Subchapter B-Executive Vice-Chairman

AUTHORITY: Regulations in this subchapter issued under sec. 2 (a), 54 Stat. 676, as amended by 55 Stat. 236 and 56 Stat. 176; E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; W.P.B. Reg. 1 as amended March 24, 1943, 8 F.R. 3666, 3696; Pri. Reg. 1 as amended May 15, 1943, 8 F.R. 6727.

PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS (Suspension Order S-611)

BINGHAM CONSTRUCTION CO.

Roy A. Bingham and Richard S. Bingham are co-partners doing business as Bingham Construction Company at 4734 "J" Street, Sacramento, California. During the period from January 18, 1944, through April, 1944 Bingham Construction Company in four instances, began and thereafter continued certain construction without authorization from the War Production Board. This construction consisted of the remodeling of a five-room dwelling located at 1013 "D" Street, Sacramento, California, the cost of which construction was in excess of \$200; the remodeling of, and the making of structural changes in a building located at 716-718 "J" Street, Sacramento, California, the cost of which was in excess of \$1,000; the construction of a new addition to the Del Paso Heights Grocery and Meat Market in Sacramento, California, in excess of \$200; and the construction of a new repair shed located at 301 N. 16th Street, Sacramento, California, the cost of which construction was in excess of \$200; all in violation of Conservation Order L-41. Roy A. Bingham and Richard S. Bingham were aware of the War Production Board restrictions on construction and the beginning and carrying on of each of the above construction jobs without authorization constituted wilful violations of Conservation Order L-41. These violations of Conservation Order L-41 have diverted critical materials to uses not authorized by the War Production Board and have hampered and impeded the war effort of the United States. In view of the foregoing, it is hereby ordered that:

§ 1010.611 Suspension Order No. S-611. (a) Neither Roy A. Bingham nor Richard S. Bingham, doing business as the Bingham Construction Company, or under any other name, their and its successors and assigns, nor any other person, shall do any construction on the premises located at 1013 "D" Street, Sacramento, California, or at 716-718 "J" Street, Sacramento, California, or at the Del Paso Heights Grocery and Meat Market located on the southwest corner of Park Street and Grand Avenue in Del Paso Heights, Sacramento, California, or at 301 N. 16th Street, Sacramento, California, unless hereafter specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board.

(b) For a period of two months from September 12, 1944 to November 12, 1944, deliveries of material to Roy A. Bingham, Richard S. Bingham, doing business as Bingham Construction Company. their and its successors and assigns, shall not directly or indirectly be accorded priority over deliveries under any other contract or order and no preference rating shall be assigned, applied or extended to such deliveries by means of preference rating certificates, preference rating orders, general preference orders or any other orders or regulations of the War Production Board, unless hereafter specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board.

(c) The provisions of paragraph (b) above shall not apply to deliveries to Roy A. Bingham, and Richard S. Bingham, doing business as Bingham Construction Company, or otherwise, their and its successors and assigns, of materials required to fill contracts already entered into prior to the date of this order, or to fill any order of or contract with, the Army, Navy, Maritime Commission, or any other governmental department or agency of the United States.

(d) Nothing contained in this order shall be deemed to relieve Roy A. Bingham, Richard S. Bingham or the Bingham Construction Company from any restriction, prohibition, or provision contained in any other order or regulation of the War Production Board except insofar as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions hereof.

Issued this 2d day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14107; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 4:35 p. m.]

PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS [Suspension Order S-614]

R. B. LEVITZ FURNITURE CO.

Richard B. Levitz, Leon J. Levitz, Ralph Levitz, Mary K. Levitz and Ruth R. Levitz partners, doing business as R. B. Levitz Furniture Company of 212 High Street, Pottstown, Pennsylvania, and Richard B. Levitz, Samuel Levitz, A. Samuel Levitz, Razelle Levitz, Leon Levitz and Ralph Levitz, doing business as R. B. Levitz Furniture Company of 622–626 Cumberland Street, Lebanon, Pennsylvania, are engaged in the retail sale of furniture, home appliances and ladies apparel through their respective stores.

During the third calendar quarter of 1943 they received consumers' goods of the value of \$55,605 in excess of their allowable receipts; during the fourth calendar quarter of 1943 they received consumers' goods of the value of \$53,220 in excess of their allowable receipts, and during the first calendar quarter of 1944 they received consumers' goods of the value of \$23,460 in excess of their allowable receipts.

These excessive receipts of consumers' goods have interfered with the allocation controls established by the War Production Board and have hampered and impeded the war effort of the United States of America. In view of the foregoing, it is hereby ordered, that:

§ 1010.614 Suspension Order No. S-614. (a) Richard B. Levitz, Leon J. Levitz, Ralph Levitz, Mary K. Levitz and Ruth R. Levitz, partners, doing business as R. B. Levitz Furniture Company or under any other name, of Pottstown, Pennsylvania, and Richard B. Levitz, Samuel Levitz, A. Samuel Levitz, Razelle Levitz, Leon Levitz and Ralph Levitz, doing business as R. B. Levitz Furniture Company or under any other name, of Lebanon, Pennsylvania, their successors or assigns, during the fourth calendar quarter period of 1944 (October 1 to December 31) shall compute their allowable receipts of consumers' goods in accordance with Consumers' Goods Inventory Limitation Order L-219, as amended from time to time, as a controlled merchant whose mercantile inventory is greater than its inventory limit at the beginning of any quarterly period, and they shall not during the fourth quarter of 1944, receive consumers' goods in excess of 90% of the amount thus computed. unless hereafter specifically authorized by the War Production Board.

(b) Nothing contained in this order shall be deemed to relieve Richard B. Levitz, Leon J. Levitz, Ralph Levitz, Mary K. Levitz and Ruth B. Levitz, partners, doing business as R. B. Levitz Furniture Company or under any other name, of Pottstown, Pennsylvania, and Richard B. Levitz, Samuel Levitz, A. Samuel Levitz, Razelle Levitz, Leon Levitz and Ralph Levitz, doing business as R. B. Levitz Furniture Company, or under any

other name, of Lebanon, Pennsylvania, their successors or assigns, from any restriction, prohibition or provision contained in any other order or regulation of the War Production Board, except insofar as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions hereof.

(c) This order shall take effect on October 1, 1944, and shall expire on December 31, 1944.

Issued this 5th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14108; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 4:36 p. m.]

PART 944—REGULATIONS APPLICABLE TO THE OPERATION OF THE PRIORITIES SYSTEM

[Priorities Reg. 24 as Amended Sept. 13, 1944]

PURCHASE OF MACHINE TOOLS, MANUFACTUR-ING MACHINERY, AND SIMILAR EQUIPMENT NEEDED FOR CIVILIAN PRODUCTION

§ 944.45 Priorities Regulation 24-(a) What this regulation does. This regulation tells how purchase orders for machine tools, manufacturing machinery, and similar equipment may be placed by companies who wish to get ready for the resumption or expansion of civilian production when this is possible without interfering with war or essential civilian production. Where suitable existing equipment is not available, this regulation modifies the restrictions on the acceptance and filling of unrated purchase orders which are imposed by the WPB orders listed at the end of this regulation. It is the policy of the War Production Board to encourage the purchase of such equipment primarily from existing excess stocks as they may be made available in order to avoid using scarce materials in making additional new equipment. When these are not available, it is the policy of the War Production Board to permit the placing of unrated orders for new equipment which will be needed for civilian production as long as the filling of these orders does not interfere in any way with direct or indirect war production. This regulation also explains when ratings may be assigned to orders for equipment needed for civilian production.

(b) Removal of restrictions on placing, acceptance and delivery of certain purchase orders. The various WPB orders shown on List A at the end of this regulation forbid the sale of items which they cover to fill unrated orders. Some of them require a rating before a purchase order may be placed and accepted, while others require a rating before an item may be produced or delivered to fill a purchase order. Many of them contain both kinds of restrictions. They may also require a special WPB form. This regulation overrides these restrictions and unrated purchase orders may

now be placed, accepted and filled for items covered by the WPB orders mentioned on List A. However, the approval of the War Production Board must be obtained, as explained in paragraph (c), before the unrated purchase order is

placed.

(c) How a purchaser gets WPB approval to place unrated orders. A person who wishes to place an unrated order in spite of the restrictions of the WPB order on List A may apply for War Production Board approval by filing a letter in triplicate with his nearest War Production Board field office with a list in triplicate attached giving a description of the equipment which he wishes to get including make, type, size, and approximate price. Approval of the War Production Board will be given on Form GA-1977 if it finds that no suitable existing excess equipment is available. Upon receiving War Production Board approval the person placing the unrated order must endorse the following statement on his purchase order, signed either manually or as provided in Priorities Regulation 7: "This order approved by the War Production Board in accordance with Priorities Regulation 24." The standard form of certification contained in Priorities Regulation 7 may not be used. Approval by the War Production Board under this paragraph does not give the purchase order a rating of AA-5 under § 944.1 (b) of Priorities Regulation 1.

(d) Report of unrated orders. Producers of equipment subject to any WPB order on List A must file Form WPB-3940 monthly in accordance with the instructions printed on the form, showing the quantity of their rated and unrated shipments. However, if the dollar value of a producer's monthly shipments of unrated orders does not exceed 10 percent of his total shipments he need not file this report, although he must keep unrated purchase orders placed under this regulation filed so that they can be readily segregated and examined.

(e) Effect of other WPB orders and regulations. (1) This regulation does not relieve anyone from complying with the requirements of Priorities Regulation 1 with respect to the compulsory acceptance and filling of rated orders in preference to unrated orders.

(2) If an unrated order under this regulation is put into a production schedule it shall not become a part of any "frozen" schedule in spite of Priorities Regulation 18 or other War Production Board order, but shall be subject to postponement in favor of rated orders in accordance with Priorities Regulation 1.

(3) Attention is called to the fact that this regulation does not authorize any construction contrary to the provisions of Construction Order L-41.

(4) Except to the extent specifically provided in this regulation, it does not waive the restrictions or conditions of any other order or regulation of the War Production Board.

(f) Other cases where unrated orders allowed. Many types of machinery and equipment, including most jigs, dies, fixtures and special tooling, are not subject to a WPB order limiting or restricting the placing or filling of orders. Consequently, unrated orders for these items have always been permissible where they can be filled without interference with rated orders as provided in Priorities Regulation 1. Many types of machinery and equipment may be bought under Priorities Regulation 13 from somebody who is not in the business of selling such machinery and equipment without any preference rating or other authorization. Permission under this regulation is not required in the case of such purchases.

(g) Ratings for equipment required for civilian production. (1) The policy of the War Production Board is not to grant any ratings for equipment needed for resumption or expansion of civilian production where this equipment can be obtained out of existing available stocks or where unrated orders for it can be filled within a reasonable time. However, where this is not the case, and the equipment takes a long time to produce, the War Production Board will consider applications for ratings both for equipment covered by the WPB orders mentioned in List A and for other types of

equipment.

(2) If you need equipment for war production or for civilian production which is currently authorized by the War Production Board during the war, you may apply for a rating in accordance with existing procedures and without regard to this regulation. However, if you want equipment for operations which are neither directly related to the war effort nor currently authorized by the War Production Board, you cannot get a rating except by applying on Form WPB-1319 to your War Production Board field office in accordance with the instructions printed at the end of this regulation. This is so whether the equipment you need is covered by the WPB orders on List A or not.

(3) If the War Production Board grants a rating under this regulation, it may be applied only for the make of equipment shown in the application Form WPB-1319. The rating may be applied by use of the standard certification in Priorities Regulation 7 but the following statement must be added: "This rating applied pursuant to Priorities Regulation 24." Such an order may be accepted and filled in spite of any War Production Board order requiring approval on a special form.

Note: The reporting provisions of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget pursuant to the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 13th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary. LIST A

E-1-b Machine tools.

E-9 Precision measuring instruments and testing machines.

E-11 Foundry equipment and metal melting furnaces.

L-89 Elevators and escalators.

-123 General industrial equipment.

L-193 Conveying machinery and mechanical power transmission equipment.

L-221 Electric motors and generators.

L-226 Printing trades machinery. L-250 Electric motor controllers. L-268 Oxy-acetylene apparatus.

L-287 Portable conveyors.

L-298 Resistance welding equipment.

L-311 Logging, lumber and wood products machinery and equipment.

L-314 Lubrication equipment.

L-332 Container machinery.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING FORM WPB-1319
(SEE PARAGRAPH (g))

Follow the general instructions appearing in the WPB-1319 instruction pamphlet except to the extent the instructions printed here conflict. The following general instructions will be added to the pamphlet as paragraph (12). When the new instructions are added to the pamphlet they will supersede the instructions printed here.

12. Applications filed pursuant to Priorities Regulation 24.-General. Four copies of applications under this regulation must be filed with the nearest WPB field office. You must use a single WPB-1319 for all items of equipment controlled by a single WPB order, or if the items are not controlled by a WPB order, by a single WPB division. Separate forms must be used for items controlled by separate WPB orders or by separate WPB divisions if there is no order. If you are not sure what WPB order or division controls the equipment, consult your nearest WPB office or the WPB publication "Products and Priorities." If possible, file together all applications for equipment required to produce one class of product. If you are unable to file these together, state this in item 20. If you are going to buy from several different suppliers equipment which may be included in a single application, you are not required to file separate applications for each supplier but may file one application.

The authorization on WFB-1319 limits you to the make of equipment shown but you may purchase this from any supplier. If you find that you can obtain sooner a make of equipment different than the one authorized, you may file a letter in duplicate with the War Production Board, Washington 25, D. C., identifying the case number and industry division listed in your original WPB-1319 application and requesting an amendment of the authorization.

Even if the installation of the equipment for which you are applying requires construction as defined in Order L-41, you must nevertheless use form WPB-1319 for the equipment. Note however that approval of your WPB-1319 does not remove the necessity for any approval of construction which may be required by Order L-41.

Special Instructions. Disregard the special instructions for individual items of equipment set forth in the WPB-1319 instruction pamphlet.

Do not fill in blocks 10, 13, 14, 16, 17B,

In block 6, insert "Priorities Regulation 24" and the WPB order, if any, controlling the equipment

In block 7, state the industry division con-

trolling the equipment.

In block 8, check the second space (marked

In block 18, state also any efforts you have made to get the equipment on an unrated order and why such efforts were not success-

In block 20, state:

(a) The approximate dollar value of equipment not covered by this application which is needed to resume or increase civilian production and for which preference ratings are necessary;

(b) The approximate dollar value of necessary equipment you can obtain without the use of preference ratings whether new or from excess stocks;

(c) Why you consider this equipment vital to your resumption or increase in civilian production:

(d) Any other pertinent information.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14168; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:29 a. m.]

PART 1189-ROTENONE

[Conservation Order M-133, Revocation]

Section 1189.1 Conservation Order M-133 is hereby revoked. This revocation does not affect any liabilities incurred under the order.

Rotenone is subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300 as an Appendix A material, subject to Schedule 49 issued simultaneously with this revocation.

Prior to October 31, 1944, rotenone may be delivered, accepted and used in accordance with authorizations issued under Order M-133.

Issued this 13th day of September 1944

> WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14160; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:28 a. m.]

PART 1229-ARSENIC

[General Preference Order M-152, Revocation

Section 1229.1 General Preference Order M-152 is hereby revoked. This revocation does not affect any liabilities incurred under the order.

Arsenic is subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300 as an Appendix A material, subject to Schedule 46 issued simultaneously with this revocation.

Prior to October 1, 1944, arsenic may be delivered, accepted and used in accordance with authorizations issued under Order M-152.

Issued this 13th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14161; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:28 a. m.]

PART 1286-PYRETHRUM

[Allocation Order M-179, Revocation]

Section 1286.1 Allocation Order M-179 is hereby revoked. This revocation does not affect any liabilities incurred under the order.

Pyrethrum is subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300 as an Appendix A material, subject to Schedule 48 issued simultaneously with this revocation.

Prior to October 31, 1944, pyrethrum may be delivered, accepted and used in accordance with authorizations issued under Order M-179.

Issued this 13th day of September

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14162; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:28 a. m.]

PART 3175-REGULATIONS APPLICABLE TO THE CONTROLLED MATERIALS PLAN

[CMP Reg. 1, Interpretation 25]

ALLOTMENT SYMBOLS THAT DO NOT REQUIRE QUARTERLY IDENTIFICATION

The following interpretation is issued with respect to CMP Regulation 1:

Paragraph (s) of CMP Regulation No. 1 explains that in placing an authorized controlled material order the quarterly identification (which is explained in paragraph (c) (6) (i)), must be added. In certain cases, where allotments are not made, a consumer is entitled to place an authorized controlled material order without using the quarterly identification. However, in such a case, the order must still bear the requested delivery date. A list of the symbols which can be used to place an authorized controlled material order without the quarterly identification, the purpose for which such symbols are used, and the related order follows:

Symbol	Use	Order	
0.0	Access to the second se	GASE Providence 1	
80	Small order procedure	CMP Regulation 1.	
P-1	Petroleum industry—production	P-98-b. P-98-b.	
F-51	Petroleum industry—special production.	CMP Regulations 5 and 5A.	
MRO.	Maintenance, repair and operating supplies.	P-98-b.	
MRO-P-3	Petroleum Industry MRO (Serial number) Maintenance,	P-47.	
MRO-P-47		I-1/.	
AFD O D OC.	repair and operating supplies—civilian aircraft.	P-98-e.	
MRO-P-98-e	Maintenance, repair and operating supplies—petroleum	I-90-6.	
37DO D 100	industry consumer accounts,	P-133.	
MRO-P-133	Maintenance, repair and operating supplies-electronic	L-100.	
MRO-P-136	equipment.	P-136.	
M R O-1 -130	Maintenance, repair and operating supplies—scrap yards (serialized).	1 -190*	
MRO-P-141	Maintenance, repair and operating supplies—public sani-	P-141.	
MIRO-1-141	tary sewer facilities.	A TARRES	
S-1	Industrial repairmen	CMP Regulation 9A.	
	Extension of public sanitary sewer facilities	P-141.	
S-2 S-8	Serialized mines—iron and steel producers	P-68.	
T-7			
V-9	Laboratories.		
8-4	For steel only for rural water well drillers	P-148.	
U-9		U-1, U-3, U-4.	
V-3	Retailers and repair shops		
F-6	Construction and facilities		
W-6	Construction and facilities—Army	CMP Regulation 6, Direction 3	
W-0	Construction and facilities Army	(CMPL-593).	
N-0	Construction and facilities-Navy	CMP Regulation 6, Direction 3	
14-0	Construction and faculties 1484 3	(CMPL-593).	
H - (Program	Construction and facilities—housing	P-55-c (WPB-2896).	
No.)	Constituction and facilities doubleg-services	A. Die G (11 A.	
U-2 1	Construction and facilities—utilities	CMP Regulation 6, Direction 4	
0-2	Construction and facilities democs.	(WPB-2774).	
WH	Orders placed by warehouses	M-21-b-1 and M-21-b-2.	
PX	Steel producers exchange	CMP Regulation 1, Direction 6.	
AM	Purchase of aluminum ingot and powder	Direction 49 to CMP Regulation 1	
TO CONTRACT STREET		and M-1-g.	
E-2	MRO purchased for foreign countries	Direction 53 to CMP Regulation 1.	
E-4	Discarded, offgrade, idle, and excess steel purchases	CANCELLO CONTROL DE LA CONTROL	
	and		

¹ In some cases a quarterly limitation is placed on the operator who places the order. However, a controlled material supplier does not need to require a quarterly designation on any order bearing the symbol F-5.

¹ In some cases the WPB-2774 authorization gives specific quantities for specific quarters. A controlled materials supplier does not need to require a quarterly designation on any order bearing the symbol U-2.

Issued this 13th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14169; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:29 a. m.]

PART 3175-REGULATIONS APPLICABLE TO THE CONTROLLED MATERIALS PLAN

[CMP Reg. 4, Direction 3]

DISPOSAL OF NE-9400 SERIES ALLOY STEEL BY DISTRIBUTORS

The following direction is issued pursuant to CMP Regulation 4:

A steel distributor may, pursuant to Direction 44 to CMP Regulation No. 1, apply to the War Production Board for permission to deliver any off-grade or rejected steel or idle or excess inventory, including alloy steel in the NE-9400 series, which he is unable to move from his stock under CMP Regulations to any person who has an approved end-use but who is not in a position to furnish a CMP allotment number or symbol with his order. To provide additional assistance to such distributors for the disposal of surplus and obsolete stocks of alloy steel in the NE-9400 series, the following direction is issued pursuant to Paragraph (i) of CMP Regulation No. 4:

(a) Any person who has received an allotment of carbon steel may, if he wishes, use that allotment to purchase alloy steel in the NE-9400 series from any distributor's stock, but this substitution may not be made when

ordering from a producer. (b) Any steel distributor operating under Order M-21-b-1 who has an inventory of alloy steel in the NE-9400 series on hand or in transit to his stock on the effective date of this direction may, if he wishes, offer and deliver, subject to the approval of his customer, any such steel on any order that he is permitted to fill under CMP Regulation No. 4 which calls for the delivery of carbon steel. Any such delivery made in accordance with this Direction 3 may be used by the distributor to support a stock replacement order for any general steel product in the manner authorized by Paragraph (c) of Order M-21-b-1.

(c) This direction, unless otherwise revoked, shall expire on December 31, 1944.

Issued this 13th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14170; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:30 a. m.]

PART 3288-PLUMBING AND HEATING EQUIPMENT

[Limitation Order L-42, Direction 4]

CAST IRON BATHTUBS

The following direction is issued pursuant to Limitation Order L-42:

(a) What this direction does. The War Production Board having determined upon a program of production of metal bathtubs for the remainder of the year 1944, has authorized the production of 50,000 bathtubs for the fourth quarter. This direction tells by whom and for what purposes bathtubs may be made without utilizing labor in critical labor areas in order to produce the required 50,000 metal bathtubs.

(b) Production of bathtubs. Prior to

January 1, 1945, in addition to the bathtubs authorized by previous Directions to Limitation Order L-42, the following manufacturers may produce at their plants at the addresses indicated, recess type cast iron bathtubs, no longer than those commercially known as five foot, and in quantities not exceeding the number indicated opposite

American Radiator & Standard Sani-

their names:

tary Corporation, Louisville, Ky___ 10,000 Crane Co., Chattanooga, Tenn____ 10,000 Eljer Co., Salem, Ohio_______ 10,000 Kohler Co., Kohler, Wis_____ 10,000 Richmond Radiator Co., Uniontown, 10,000

(c) Sale of bathtubs. These bathtubs may be delivered only to fill orders (1) of or for ultimate delivery to the Army or Navy, (2) for export authorized by the Foreign Economic Administration, (3) for approved installation in projects authorized on Form GA-1456, Form WPB-2896 or Form WPB-2774, or (4) from petroleum operators, approved by the Petroleum Administration for War. No jobber, or dealer, may accept de-livery of any such bathtubs to place in his inventory, whether or not he has previously delivered bathtubs to fill such orders. No jobber, or dealer, may order, or accept delivery of any such bathtubs unless he has in his possession an actual order which has been approved by the Petroleum Administration for War or which calls for the delivery of bathtubs to an authorized project or building with a specified completion date, to or for the account of the Army or Navy or for installation in a project approved by the War Produc-tion Board on Form GA-1456, Form WPB-2896 or Form WPB-2774. Shipments for export may be made only if a license has actually been issued by the Foreign Economic Administration. A manufacturer may not accept a rating alone as evidence of his authority to deliver to a dealer, but must obtain, in addition to the standard certifica-tion accompanying the extension of the rating, applicable information of the follow-

(1) For delivery to the Army or Navy: the contract purchase order, or rating certificate

(2) For delivery to a petroleum operator or to a project authorized on Form GA-1456 or Form WPB-2896 or Form WPB-2774: the number and location of the project

(3) For export authorized by the Foreign Economic Administration: the export license number

(d) Reports. Each manufacturer named in paragraph (b) shall report by letter on or before the 10th day of each month to the Plumbing and Heating Division, War Production Board, Washington 25, D. C., by size, the number of bathtubs produced and the number shipped under this direction during the preceding month. This reporting re-quirement has been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(e) Effect of other orders. The restric-

tions of Schedule XII to Order L-42 are superseded to the extent necessary to give effect to this direction.

Issued this 13th day of September

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

IF. R. Doc. 44-14156; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:27 a. m.]

PART 3290-TEXTILE, CLOTHING AND LEATHER

[Conservation Order M-103, as Amended Sept. 13, 1944]

DYESTUFFS AND ORGANIC PIGMENTS

§ 3290.266 Conservation Order M-103-(a) Definitions. For the purposes of this order:

(1) "Dyestuffs" means any organic or partially organic coloring matter. The term includes organic coloring matter even though the matter itself appears colorless. The term does not include inorganic pigments extended or otherwise processed with resinates, with dispersing agents, or with other substantially colorless organic material.

(2) "Class A dyestuffs" means the anthraquinone vat dyes appearing on List A attached hereto.

(3) "Class B dyestuffs" means all anthraquinone vat dyes other than those appearing on said List A. The term includes Fast Red A. L. Salt and Fast Red A. L. Base, which shall be considered an anthraquinone vat dye of single strength.

(4) "Class C dyestuffs" means all anthraquinone dyes other than anthraquinone vat dyes.

(5) "Class D dyestuffs" means all other dyestuffs, except:

(i) Those derived from vegetable or animal sources;

(ii) Lithol Red CI 189, Azo Bordeaux CI 88, Alphanaphthylamine Maroon CI 82 or Pigment Green B; or

(iii) Dyestuffs certified under the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (Ch. 9, Title 21, U. S. Code) and sold and used exclusively for use in food, drugs and cosmetics, as defined in said Act.

(6) "Value" means the dollar value computed from the domestic consumer's contract sales price as of January 1, 1943.

(7) "United States" means the 48 States, the District of Columbia and the Territory of Alaska.

(8) "Producer" means any person in the United States engaged in the production of organic coloring matter.

(b) Restrictions on delivery—(1) Class A. No person shall in any cal-endar quarter deliver to any one person more than 25 pounds of any Class A dyestuffs and no one person shall in any calendar quarter accept a total of more than 25 pounds of any Class A dyestuffs for use in the United States or Canada, except for export within the limitations prescribed in paragraph (c) Restrictions on export and except as provided in paragraph (d) General exceptions.

(2) Class B, C and D quotas. Except as provided in paragraph (d) (General exceptions) and in paragraph (b) (3), no person shall in any calendar quarter, de-liver any Class B, C, or D dyestuffs for use in the United States or Canada or accept delivery of any Class B, C, or D dyestuffs for use in the United States. in excess of the quantities specified in the following schedule:

Note: Schedule amended Sept. 13, 1944.

May deliver

Class B. 15% of combined amount of sons in 1941 for such use plus 250 pounds.

15% of combined amount of Class A and Class A and B dyestuffs delivered to all per- B dyestuffs received from all sources in 1941, plus 250 pounds.

May accept delivery

(For the purpose of Class B quota, calculate in pounds of equivalent single strength Anthraquinone vat dyes. The poundage may be increased to equal 25 or a multiple thereof.)

Class C. 15% of value of Class C dyestuffs delivered to all persons in 1941 for such

use plus \$250 value.

15% of value of Class C dyestuffs received from all sources in 1941, plus \$250 value.

Class D. 171/2 % of value of Class D dyestuffs delivered to all persons in 1941 for such use plus \$250 value.

171/2 % of value of Class D dyestuffs received from all sources in 1941, plus \$250 value.

(For the purpose of Class D quota, in determining the value of dry and wet dispersions of organic pigments, only the organic pigment content for such dispersions shall be considered and it shall be based on the value of a comparable dry pigment.)

(3) Acceptance of delivery of dyestuffs for redyeing used apparel and household furnishings. Except as provided in paragraph (d) no person shall in any cal-

endar quarter accept delivery of any Class B, C or D dyestuffs for redyeing used apparel and household furnishings in the United States in excess of the quantities specified in the following

Class B. 25% of combined amount of Class A and B dyestuffs received from all sources in 1941, plus 250 pounds.

(For the purpose of Class B quota, calculate in pounds of equivalent single strength Anthraquinone vat dyes. The poundage may be increased to equal 25 or a multiple thereof.)

Class C. 25% of value of Class C dyestuffs received from all sources in 1941, plus \$250

Class D. 25% of value of Class D dyestuffs, received from all sources in 1941, plus \$250 value.

The seller may rely upon a signed statement by the buyer that he is authorized to accept delivery under this subparagraph (3). If he has knowledge of this fact, he may waive the signed statement.

(4) Quota adjustments. For the purpose of the Class B, C and D quotas, re-

ferred to in the above schedule:

(i) Use by producer. Amounts of dyestuffs which are or have been used by a producer in any calendar quarter or in 1941, shall be considered as having been delivered to such person in such quarter or in 1941, as the case may be.

(ii) Credit for returned dyestuffs. Amounts of dyestuffs returned to a vendor prior to the 22nd day after the end of the calendar quarter in which they were delivered, shall not be charged as delivered or accepted.

(iii) Carry-over of undelivered quota. Amounts of dyestuffs which a person may deliver or accept which have not been delivered or accepted in any calendar quarter, may be delivered or accepted prior to the 22nd day after the

end of such quarter.

(c) Restrictions on exports—(1) General restrictions. No producer shall export or deliver for export from the United States to any place other than Canada any dyestuffs produced by him, except either upon orders accompanied by individual export licenses issued by the Foreign Economic Administration (the applications for which show thereon the corresponding current domestic sales price of such dyestuffs) or upon orders from an agency of the United States for delivery pursuant to the Act of March 11, 1941, as amended, entitled "An Act promote the Defense of the United States" (Lend-Lease Act). The total value, exclusive of the exceptions provided in paragraph (d), of dyestuffs so exported or delivered in any quarter shall not exceed:

(i) 34 of 1% of the total value of all dyestuffs delivered by him in 1941 plus

(ii) 17% of the total value of dyestuffs exported or delivered for export by him from the United States to all places other than Canada in 1941.

(2) Further restrictions on Class A, B and C. The amount of dyestuffs, exclusive of the exceptions provided in paragraph (d), produced by him which a producer may export or deliver for export from the United States to all places other than Canada in any calendar quarter, shall not exceed:

(i) As to Class A dyestuffs, 1/2 of 1% of the total value of all Class A dyestuffs

delivered by him in 1941.

(ii) As to Class B dyestuffs, 1% of the total of all Class B dyestuffs delivered by him in 1941.

(iii) As to Class C dyestuffs, 34 of 1% of the total value of all Class C dyestuffs

delivered by him in 1941.

(3) Carry-over of undelivered portion of export quota. Amounts of dyestuffs which a producer may export or deliver for export from the United States to all places other than Canada in any calendar quarter and which have not been exported or delivered for export in such quarter, may be exported or delivered for export in the following quarter in addition to the quota for that quarter. For the purposes of this subparagraph (3), all dyestuffs, other than Class A, B or C, shall be considered one class.

(d) General exceptions. The restrictions in subparagraphs (1), (2) and (3) of paragraph (b) (Restrictions on delivery) and the restrictions in paragraph (c) (Restrictions on export) shall not apply to the delivery or acceptance of

delivery of dyestuffs.

(1) To or by the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, the War Shipping Administration, the United States Post Office, the Government Printing Office, the Bureau of Engraving and Printing or the Government of Canada;

(2) For ultimate delivery to any of the agencies mentioned in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph (d), or for use, to the extent specified in the prime contract, in the manufacture of any item which is being produced for any of said

agencies:

(3) For use in the manufacture of materials for uniforms as described in subdivisions (i) to (ix), inclusive, paragraph (e) (1) of General Limitation Order L-224 (Clothing for Men and Boys) and in paragraph (d) (10) of General Limitation Order L-85 (Apparel for Feminine Wear);

(4) Between or among producers and exclusive sales agents of producers;

(5) For coloring gasoline and tractor fuels;

(6) For chemical indicators or bacteriological stains;

(7) For medicinal, therapeutic or di-

agnostic uses;

(8) For ultimate delivery to or by a retailer (who for this purpose means one who sells dyestuffs and other merchandise directly to the general public for its consumption, e. g., a general store, a drug store, etc.) of dyestuffs in containers not exceeding 8 ounces in content: or

(9) To replace in inventory amounts which, although not acquired for any of the uses referred to in any of the subparagraphs of this paragraph (d). were nevertheless used for one or more

of such purposes.

(10) For purposes other than coloring (e. g. rubber chemicals).

Provided, That all deliveries of dyestuffs exempted from the restrictions of said paragraphs (b) and (c) by subparagraphs (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (9) of this paragraph (d) shall be made only upon the receipt by the vendor from the purchaser of a certificate

signed by such purchaser, or by a person authorized to sign in his behalf, in substantially the following form:

The undersigned hereby certifies to his vendor and to the War Production Board that the dyestuffs to be delivered on the annexed purchase order will be used for one or more of the purposes specified in paragraph (d) of Conservation Order M-103, or will replace inventory so used.

(e) The War Production Board may authorize the delivery and acceptance of delivery, export of and delivery for export of additional quantities of Classes A, B, C and D dyestuffs to be used as specifically directed. Such authority will be issued either in the form of individual letters or by published Directions supplemental to this order. Applications by letter for authorizations under this paragraph may be filed by producers of dyestuffs or commercial dyestuff users. Authorizations for the delivery and acceptance of delivery of additional quantities of Classes A, B, C, or D dyestuffs for domestic use (excluding dyestuffs to be used domestically in dyeing apparel for export) may be granted to the extent that it is necessary for the user to obtain additional dyestuffs to carry out a War Production Board order, direction, or approved program. Additional dyestuffs shall be deemed necessary when the user has insufficient supply of dyestuffs to carry out such orders, directions, or approved programs provided he is not using any of his regular quota to dye or print any material a deeper shade than a standard consistent with available supplies of dyestuffs and the need for the particular shades in carrying out War Production Board orders, directions, and approved programs. The granting of authorizations among dyestuff users participating in the same approved program or direction shall, insofar as practicable, be based on their proportionate participation in such program or direction. Authorizations for dyestuffs to be used in dyeing apparel for export may be granted when the dyestuffs will be used to fill contracts or subcontracts of a government agency or for other essential export uses. Authorization which in the aggregate would require more than a total of 2 per cent of the domestic dyestuff production for export as dyestuffs, or for use in redyeing apparel for export, will be granted only upon program determinations.

(f) Treatment of mixtures. In the case of physical mixtures of different classes of dyestuffs containing a component or components of one class to the extent of at least 90% of the value of such mixture, such mixtures shall be considered as belonging to the class to which said component or components belong. In the case of all other physical mixtures of dyestuffs, the classes of components shall be considered separately.

(g) Restrictions on use of specific dyestuffs. No person shall use any:

(1) [Deleted Oct. 23, 1943.]

(2) Anthraquinone in any physical form in discharging (including color and

white discharge), stripping or destroying naphthol (azoic), vat or other dyes already present on textile fibers. This provision shall not prohibit the use of Anthraguinone in the manufacture of

(3) Annato or annato extracts for coloring any materials other than food

(h) Restrictions on inventory. addition to the restrictions on inventory contained in Priorities Regulation No. 1 (§ 944.14), no person shall accept delivery of any Class A dyestuffs which will increase his inventory thereof beyond an amount which, to the best of his knowledge and belief, will be used by him in the next 45 days.

(i) Appeals. Any appeal from the provisions of this order shall be made by filing a letter in triplicate, referring to the particular provision appealed from and stating fully the grounds of the ap-

peal.

(j) General prohibitions. No person shall deliver or accept delivery of any dyestuffs, if he knows, or has reason to believe, such material is to be used or is to be delivered or accepted in violation of the terms of this order.

(k) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(1) Applicability of regulations. This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable regulations of the War Production Board, as

amended from time to time.

(m) Communications to the War Production Board. All communications concerning this order, shall, unless otherwise directed in writing, be addressed to: War Production Board, Textile, Clothing and Leather Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-103.

Issued this 13th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

LIST A

PART I-TECHNICAL NAMES

1. Brown R CI 1151. 2. Brown G CI 1152.

- 8. Olive R CI 1150. 4. Golden orange R CI 1097.
- 5. Khaki 2G Pr 122.
- 6. Olive T. 7. Olive GGL.
- 8. Olive green B.

PART II-TRADE NAMES

Amanthrene dark olive B. Amanthrene Khaki 2G Pr 122. Amanthrene olive R CI 1150. Amanthrene olive green B. Calcoloid golden orange RRTD CI 1097. Calcosol brown G CI 1152. Calcosol brown R CI 1151 Calcosol brown RP CI 1151.

No. 184-2

Calcosol golden orange RRTD CI 1097. Calcosol golden orange RRTP CI 1097. Calcosol khaki G Pr 122. Calcosol olive R CI 1150. Carbanthrene brown AR CI 1151. Carbanthrene brown AG CI 1152. Carbanthrene golden orange RRT CI 1097. Carbanthrene prtg. golden orange RRT CI 1097.

Carbanthrene khaki 2G Pr 122. Carbanthrene olive R CI 1150. Cibanone brown BG CI 1152. Cibanone brown GR CI 1151. Cibanone golden orange 2R CI 1097. Cibanone olive 2R CI 1150. Indanthrene brown FRA CI 1151. Indanthrene brown GA CI 1152. Indanthrene brown GAF CI 1152. Indanthrene brown GAP CI 1152. Indanthrene brown GWF CI 1152 Indanthrene brown GWP CI 1152. Indanthrene brown RA CI 1151. Indanthrene brown RAP CI 1151. Indanthrene brown RWP CI 1151. Indanthrene khaki 2GA Pr 122. Indanthrene khaki 2GF Pr 122. Indanthrene khaki 2GWP Pr 122. Indanthrene olive green BA. Indanthrene olive RA CI 1150 Indanthrene olive RAP CI 1150. Indanthrene olive RW CI 1150. Indanthrene olive RWF CI 1150. Indanthrene orange RRIA CI 1097. Indanthrene orange RRTF CI 1097. Indanthrene orange RRTP CI 1097. Indanthrene orange RRTW CI 1097. Indanthrene olive T. Ponsol brown AG CI 1152. Ponsol brown AR CI 1151. Ponsol brown ARS CI 1151. Ponsol green 2BL. Ponsol golden orange RRT CI 1097. Ponsol golden orange RRTS CI 1097. Ponsol khaki 2G Pr 122. Ponsol olive AR CI 1150. Ponsol olive ARS CI 1150. Ponsol olive GGL

[F. R. Doc. 44-14159; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:28 a. m.]

PART 3293-CHEMICALS

[Allocation Order M-227, Revocation]

COPPER CHEMICALS

Section 3293.316 Allocation Order M-227 is hereby revoked. This revocation does not affect any liabilities incurred under the order.

Copper chemicals are subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300, as Appendix A materials, subject to Schedule 47 issued simultaneously with this revocation.

Prior to October 1, 1944, copper chemicals may be delivered, accepted and used in accordance with authorizations issued under Order M-227.

Issued this 13th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14163; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:29 a. m.]

PART 3293-CHEMICALS

[General Allocation Order M-800, Schedule 46]

ARSENIC

§ 3293.1046 Schedule 46 to General Allocation Order M-300—(a) Definition. "Arsenic" means arsenious acid, also known as white arsenic and arsenic

trioxide, whether in crude (black or gray) or refined form. The term includes any chemical derivative, or chemical compound, of arsenious acid.

(b) General restrictions. Arsenic is subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300 as an Appendix A material. The initial allocation date is May 22, 1942, when arsenic was first put under allocation by Order M-152 (revoked). The allocation period is the calendar quarter and the small order exemption is 650 lbs. per person per quarter, for pharmaceuticals and for laboratory reagent use only.

(c) Special provision for shift from M-152. Prior to October 1, 1944, arsenic may be delivered, accepted and used in accordance with authorizations issued under Order M-152 (revoked). The forms of applications under this schedule are substantially the same as under M-152, except for reference to "M-300-

(d) Suppliers' applications on WPB-2946. Each supplier seeking authorization to deliver shall file application on Form WPB-2946 (formerly PD-601). Filing date is the 10th day of the month before the requested quarter, unless the applicant is a producer, in which case the filing date is the 15th. Send three copies (one certified) to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-300-46. The unit of measure is pounds. Strike out "Month" and substitute "Quarter" in the headings throughout the form. Specify grade in columns 3 and 8 as "99+% As_2O_2 ", "95-99% As_2O_2 ", "90-95% As_2O_3 " or less than "90% As_2O_3 ". An aggregate quantity may be requested, without specifying customers' names, for delivery on exempt small orders. Fill in Table II.

(e) Customers' applications on WPB-2945. Each person seeking authorization to use or accept delivery shall file application on Form WPB-2945 (formerly PD-600). Filing date is the 5th day of the month before the requested allocation quarter. File separate sets of forms for each supplier. Send three copies (one certified) to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-300-46, and one copy (reverse side blank) to the supplier. The unit of measure is pounds. Strike out "Month" and substitute "Quarter" in the headings throughout the form. Specify grade in Columns 1 and 11 as "99+% As₂O₂", "95-99% As₂O₃", "90-95% As₂O₃", or "less than 90 As₂O₃." Fill in Column 3 in terms of the following:

Calcium arsenate. Lead arsenate. Paris green. London purple. Zinc arsenic. Cattle dip. Sodium arsenite. Antimonial lead. Metallic arsenic. Wood preservative. Arsenic trichloride. Arsenic acid. Other primary product (specify). Export (as arsenic).
Inventory (as arsenic). Resale (as arsenic).

Opposite any primary product in column 3 specify end use in Column 4 in terms of one of the following:

Insecticides. Poison bait. Weed killer. Metallurgical Structural lumber. Structural timber. Wood piling. Railroad ties. Wallboard. Optical and ophthalmic glass. Flat and structural glass. Ornamental glass. Glass tableware. Glass containers. Glass bulbs and tubing. Heat resisting glass. Fibre glass. Gas purification. Other (specify).

Opposite "Export", "Inventory", or "Resale" in Column 3, fill in column 4 as required by paragraph (11-a) of Appendix E of Order M-300. Fill in Tables II and III as indicated. Leave Tables IV and V blank.

Budget Bureau approval. The above reporting requirements have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942

(g) Communications to War Production Board. Communications concerning this schedule shall be addressed to War Production Board, Chemical Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-300-

Issued this 13th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14164; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:29 a. m.]

PART 3293—CHEMICALS [General Allocation Order M-300, Schedule

COPPER CHEMICALS

§ 3293:1047 Schedule 47 to General Allocation Order M-300—(a) Definition. "Copper chemicals" means the following chemicals, in both cupric and cuprous

- (1) Copper sulfate.
- (2) Copper carbonate.
- (3) Copper oxide.
- (4) Copper chloride.
- (5) Copper cyanide.
- (b) General restrictions. Copper chemicals are subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300 as Appendix A materials. The initial allocation date is October 1, 1942, when copper chemicals were first put under allocation by Order M-227 (revoked). The allocation period is the calendar quarter and the small order exemption per person per quarter is as follows:

	Pounds
Copper sulphate	4,000
Copper carbonat	1,000
Cupric oxide	1,000
Copper chloride	1,000
Copper cyanide	1,000

The small order exemption for cuprous oxide is 75 lbs. per quarter, but this may only be delivered to and accepted by laboratories and suppliers principally engaged in supplying laboratories, and may be used only by laboratories. (The term "laboratory" means laboratory as defined in Order P-43, whether or not registered under that order.)

(c) Special provision for shift from M-227. Prior to October 1, 1944, copper chemicals may be delivered, accepted and used on the basis of authorizations issued under Order M-227 (revoked). The forms of applications under this schedule are substantially the same as under Order M-227, except for reference

to "M-300-47".

(d) Exemption for agricultural and animal uses of copper sulfate. (1) Allocations of aggregate quantities of copper sulfate may be made to any producer, upon his application pursuant to paragraph (e) below, for distribution for soil treatment, or as an insecticide or fungicide for agricultural crops, or for manufacture of animal medicinals. This copper sulfate may then be prepared and delivered by the producer and may be received, redelivered and used by any person for these purposes without further application or authorization under this order, but subject to all other applicable orders and regulations of the War Production Board or of the War Food Administration.

(2) No supplier shall deliver copper sulfate under this exemption to any person unless he has certified that the copper sulfate delivered will be used, or resold for use, only for soil treatment, or as an insecticide or fungicide in the cultivation of agricultural crops, or in the manufacture of animal medicinals. This statement of use shall be put on or attached to the purchase order, followed by the certification prescribed in Appendix D of Order M-300 (the form of certificate formerly prescribed in Order M-227 may continue to be used instead). This certification need be filed only once with each supplier if the purchaser buys copper sulfate exclusively for these purposes and if the statement refers to all future deliveries. This certification need not be filed when ordering in retail packages of 100 lbs. or less labeled for the uses covered by this exemption.

(3) No supplier shall deliver under this exemption copper sulfate allocated for delivery under the regular small order

exemption.

(e) Supplier's applications on WPB-2946. Each supplier seeking authorization to deliver shall file application on Form WPB-2946 (formerly PD-601). Filing date is the 10th day of the month before the requested allocation quarter. File separate sets of forms for each copper chemical. Send three copies (one certified) to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-300-47. Strike out "Month" and substitute "Quarter" in the headings throughout the form. The unit of measure is pounds. In columns 3 and 8 specify grade in terms of percentage by weight of copper content. An aggregate quantity may be requested, without specifying customers' names, for delivery under paragraph (d) and a separate aggregate quantity for exempt small orders. Fill in Table II.

(f) Customers' applications on WPB-2945. Each person seeking authorization to use or accept delivery shall file application on Form WPB-2945 (formerly PD-600). Filing date is the 5th day of the month before the requested allocation quarter. File separate sets of forms for each supplier and for each copper chemical. Send three copies (one certified) to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-300-47, and one copy (reverse side blank) to the supplier. Strike out 'Month" and substitute "Quarter" in the headings throughout the form. The unit of measure is pounds. Specify grade in Columns 1 and 11 in terms of percentage by weight of copper content. Fill in column 3 in terms of the following:

Water treatment. Wire drawing. Electro plating. Mining. Catalyst Gas sweetener. Anti-fouling paints. Preservatives Dyes and pigments. Mildew-proofing. Agriculture. Other primary product (specify). Inventory (as copper chemicals). Export (as copper chemicals). Resale (as copper chemicals).

In column 4 specify end use in terms of the following, opposite each primary product in column 3:

Synthetic rubber. Petroleum. Electric batteries. Textiles. Lumber. Paint. Pharmaceuticals. Other (specify).

Applicant shall also specify in each case whether his customer is Army, Navy, other government agency, Lend-Lease or commercial customer and, where purchase is by government agency, shall also

indicate specification number, if any.
Opposite "Inventory", "Export" or
"Resale" in column 3 fill in column 4 as required by paragraph (11-a) of Ap-

pendix E of Order M-300.

(g) Budget Bureau approval. The above reporting requirements have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(h) Communications to War Production Board. Communications concerning this schedule shall be addressed to War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-300-47.

Issued this 13th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14165; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:29 a. m.]

PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[General Allocation Order M-300, Schedule 48]

PYRETHRUM

§ 3293.1048 Schedule 48 to General Allocation Order M-300—(a) Definitions.
(1) "Pyrethrum" means pyrethrum flowers and the powder, dust or extract derived therefrom, excluding, however, pyrethrum insecticide.

(2) "Pyrethrum insecticide" means any compound containing pyrethrum combined with other liquid or dry materials whether active or inert, which is suitable for use as an insecticide.

(b) General restrictions. Pyrethrum is subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300 as an Appendix A material. The initial allocation date is July 1, 1942, when pyrethrum was first put under allocation by Order M-179 (revoked). The allocation period is the calendar month and the small order exemption is one pound per person per month, for experimental purposes only.

(c) Special provision for shift from M-179. Prior to October 31, 1944, pyrethrum may be delivered, accepted and used in accordance with authorizations issued under Order M-179 (revoked). The forms of applications under this schedule are substantially the same as under M-179, except for reference to

"M-300-48"

- (d) Suppliers' applications on WPB-2946. Each supplier seeking authorization to deliver shall file application on Form WPB-2946 (formerly PD-601). Filing date is the 15th day of the month before the requested allocation month. File separate sets of forms for agricultural customers and other customers. Send three copies (one certified) to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-300-48. The unit of measure is pounds. In columns 3 and 8 specify grade in terms of form, such as dust, powder or liquid extract. An aggregate quantity may be requested, without specifying customers' names, for delivery on exempt small orders for experimental uses. Fill in Table II.
- (e) Customers' applications on WPB-2945. Each person seeking authorization to use or accept delivery shall file application on Form WPB-2945 (formerly PD-600). Filing date is the 10th day of the month before the requested allocation month. File separate sets of forms for each supplier. Send three copies (one certified) to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-300-48, and one copy (reverse side blank) to the supplier. The unit of measure is pounds. In columns 1 and 11 specify grade in terms of form, such as dust, powder or liquid extract. Fill in column 3 in terms of the following:

Agricultural. Other primary product (specify). Export (as pyrethrum). Resale (as pyrethrum).

In column 4 specify product and use. For example, specify kind of insecticide in terms of insect or animal or crop, and whether for small or large size package. Opposite "export", or "resale" in col-umn 3, fill in column 4 as required by paragraph (11-a) of Appendix E of Order M-300. Fill in other columns of Table I, and fill in Tables II and III, as indicated. Leave Tables IV and 7

(f) Agricultural use and distribution of pyrethrum insecticides. Use of pyrethrum insecticides in agriculture and distribution of pyrethrum insecticides to agricultural consumers (which matters are not the subject of this order) are subject to any applicable orders or regulations of the War Food Administra-

(g) Budget Bureau approval. The above reporting requirements have been approved by the Bureau of the Padget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(h) Communications to War Production Board. Communications concerning this schedule shall be addressed to War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-300-48.

Issued this 13th day of September

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14166; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:29 a. m.]

> PART 3293—CHEMICALS |General Allocation Order M-300, Schedule 491

ROTENONE

§ 3293.1049 Schedule 49 to General Allocation Order M-300-(a) Definitions. (1) "Rotenone" means the active insecticidal ingredients of the roots of derris, cube, barbasco, tuba or timbo. The term includes:

(i) "Crude rotenone" in the form of root or of root which has been dried, broken, shredded, cut or chipped;

(ii) "Processed rotenone" in the form of finely ground or powdered crude rotenone; also in the form of liquid or solid extracts (or resins) obtained from crude rotenone.

(2) "Rotenone insecticide" means any compound containing rotenone combined with other liquid or dry materials, whether active or inert; provided that such compound is suitable for use as an insecticide.

(b) General restrictions. Rotenone is subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300 as an Appendix A material. The initial allocation date is January 23, 1943, when rotenone was first put under allocation by Order M-133 (revoked). The allocation period is the calendar month and the small order exemption per person per month is 5 lbs. in solid form or one gallon of liquid extract.

(c) Special provision for shift from M-133. Prior to October 31, 1944, rotenone may be delivered, accepted and used in accordance with authorizations issued under Order M-133 (revoked). The form of applications under this schedule are substantially the same as under M-133, except for the reference to "M-300-49"

(d) Suppliers' applications on WPB-2946 to deliver. Each supplier seeking authorization to deliver rotenone shall file application on Form WPB-2946 (formerly PD-601). Filing date is the 15th day of the month before the requested allocation month. Send three copies (one certified) to the War Production

Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-300-49. The unit of measure is pounds. In columns 3 and 8 specify form (dust, extract, ground, root, etc.) and percentage of pure rotenone content. An aggregate quantity may be requested, without specifying customers' names, for delivery on exempt small Fill in Table II. orders.

(e) Applications on Form WPB-2945 for use or acceptance. Each person seeking authorization to use or accept delivery of rotenone shall file application on Form WPB-2945 (formerly PD-600). Filing date is the 10th day of the month before the requested allocation month. Send three copies (one certified) to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-300-49, and one copy (reverse side blank) to the supplier. The unit of measure is pounds. In columns 1 and 11 specify form (dust, extract, ground, root, etc.), and percentage of pure rotenone content. Fill in column 3 in terms of the follow-

Insecticide. Pharmaceuticals. Other primary products (specify). Export (in original form). Resale (in original form).

In column 4 specify product and use. For example, specify kinds of insecticide in terms of insect and animal or crop, and whether for small or large size package. Opposite "Export" or "Resale" fill in column 4 as required by paragraph (11-a) of Appendix E of Order M-300. Fill in other columns of Table I, and fill in Tables II and III as indicated. Leave Tables IV and V blank.

(f) Restrictions on manufacture and processing. (1) No person shall manufacture or process any rotenone insecticide incorporating pyrethrum.

(2) The War Production Board may from time to time issue to processors of rotenone or to manufacturers of rotenone insecticides written directions as to the content, kinds and grades of processed rotenone or of rotenone insecticides to be produced, or as to size of packages in which rotenone or rotenone insecticides may be packed.

(g) Agricultural use and distribution of rotenone insecticides. Use of rotenone insecticides in agriculture and distribution of rotenone insecticides to agricultural consumers (which matters are not the subject of this order) are subject to applicable orders and regulations of the War Food Administration.

(h) Budget Bureau approval. above reporting requirements have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports

Act of 1942.

(i) Communications to War Production Board. Communications concerning this schedule shall be addressed to War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-300-

Issued this 13th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

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PART 3294—IRON AND STEEL PRODUCTION [Supplementary Order M-21-a, Direction 4, as Amended Sept. 13, 1944]

CONSUMPTION OF ALLOY STEEL SCRAP IN MELTING ALLOY STEEL

The following direction is issued pursuant to paragraph (e) of Supplementary Order M-21-a. This direction covers the consumption of alloy steel scrap in the melting of alloy steel.

(a) Definitions. For the purposes of this direction:

(1) The term "alloy steel" includes only the types of alloy steel as defined in paragraph (a) of Order M-21-a which contain nickel or molybdenum known to have been added to obtain a desired alloying effect, and within the following composition ranges:

within the following composition ranges: Nickel—0.26% to 5.25%, inclusive. Molybdenum—0.07% to 1.50%, inclusive.

So-called stainless and/or heat-resisting steels containing 4% or more of chromium are excluded from this direction whether or not they contain nickel or molybdenum within the limits given above.

Tungsten steels are excluded from this direction whether or not they contain nickel or molybdenum within the limits given

above.

(2) For the purposes of this direction, the term "alloy steel scrap" includes only scrap containing 30% or more nickel and/or .08%

or more molybdenum.

(b) Required alloy steel scrap consumption. (1) In melting alloy steel in each calendar month, each producer in each plant must consume alloy steel scrap of the kinds listed below in not less than the following amounts. These amounts are stated in terms of percentages of the total weight of alloy steel ingots or total melted metal for alloy steel castings produced by the producer in each plant in the particular month:

	Electric furnace alloy steel	Open hearth alloy steel
Total alloy steel scrap (solids plus	Percent 65	Percent,
Alloy steel turnings	8	11

For example: A producer who produces in the month of January 10,000 tons of electric furnace alloy steel ingots must consume in his melting at least 6,500 tons of alloy steel scrap added to the furnace charge either directly or through pig iron. Of the alloy steel scrap he consumes, at least 800 tons must be in the form of alloy steel turnings.

(2) A producer who operates both electric and open hearth furnaces must consume the minimum amounts of alloy steel scrap specified in this direction in each type of furnace.

(c) Request for exceptions. (1) Any request for an exception from the terms of this direction shall be made by filing a letter setting forth the relief requested and the reasons why such relief should be allowed. Such requests should be addressed to Scrap Section, Steel Division, War Production Board, Washington 25, D. C. The War Production Board may grant specific written exceptions in appropriate cases. The approval of a melting schedule shall not constitute the grant of an exception.

Issued this 13th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14158; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:27 a. m.]

PART 3305-PAPERBOARD

[Limitation Order L-239, as Amended Sept. 13, 1944]

FOLDING AND SET-UP BOXES

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created shortages in the supply of materials entering into the production of folding and set-up boxes for defense, for private account, and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3305.16 Limitation Order • L-239—
(a) What this order does. This order forbids the manufacture of certain boxes and places restrictions on the manufacture of many other types, especially on the size, weight and shape of boxes used for packing various commodities.

(b) Definitions. For the purpose of this order: (1) "Folding box" means any collapsible container, or part thereof, made of paper or paperboard, excepting paper milk containers, liquid tight containers, pails and solid fibre or corrugated shipping containers not made on folding box machinery.

(2) "Blank" means any sheet of paper or paperboard, cut to shape or creased or scored for the purpose of being used as a folding box, set-up box, pail or part

thereof.

(3) "Set-up box" means a non-collapsible or rigid container, or part thereof, made of paper or paperboard, excepting paper milk containers, liquid tight containers, cups, round nested paper food containers, pails, and solid fibre or corrugated shipping containers not made on set-up machinery.

(4) "Pail" means a wedge shaped, folded, liquid-tight, paper container.

(5) "Box" unless otherwise specified, includes folding boxes, set-up boxes, pails, blanks, and parts thereof.

(6) "Work in process" means any material for physical incorporation in boxes, on which actual box making operations have been started. No preparatory work such as art work, engravings, electrotypes, dies, or forms shall be deemed "work in process."

(7) "Virgin wood pulp" means pulp manufactured either by mechanical or chemical means from coniferous or

broadleaf trees.

(8) "Gauge list" means any gauge list set forth in United States Department of Commerce Simplified Practice Recommendation R44-36 entitled "Box Board Thickness".

(9) "Multiple container" means a box containing a number of separately packaged items of the same commodity.

(10) "Set or combination box" means any box which is specifically designed to contain two or more different articles.

(11) "Liquid tight container" means any spiral or convolute wound paper container with slip-on cover made of paper-board commonly known in the trade as liquid tight container and of the type which is used to package foods for human consumption, This does not in-

clude a pail as defined in paragraph (b) (4).

Restrictions

(c) General restrictions. No person shall manufacture or commercially use any box in violation of any provision of this order, including its schedules, or purchase or sell any box which he knows, or has reason to believe, has been, or will be, manufactured in violation of any prohibition or restriction of this order, including its schedules.

(d) Restrictions on use of metal. No person shall manufacture or incorporate in the manufacture of boxes any metal bails or metal handles for boxes.

(e) Restrictions on manufacture of seasonal boxes and sleeves. No person

shall manufacture:

(1) Any box for seasonal or other special purpose having a greater pulp content or area or weight of paper or paper-board than contained in the usual commercial box for like contents.

(2) Any sleeves or extra containers for seasonal or other special purposes unless also required for the usual com-

mercial box for like contents.

(f) Restrictions on dummy and display boxes—(1) Dummy boxes. No person shall manufacture any commercial display box simulating a package and not intended for packaging purposes, or use for display purposes, any box not previously used for packaging.

(2) Display boxes. No person shall manufacture any box for simultaneous packaging and display purposes unless it is made without display features that re-

quire additional paperboard.

- (g) Restrictions on set or combination boxes. No person shall manufacture any set or combination box without permission from the War Production Board in writing. The War Production Board will grant permission to manufacture set or combination boxes only in cases which involve no additional consumption of board over the quantity required to pack the items separately, or in cases where the resultant greater utility to the consumer is commensurate with the additional use of board involved. The restrictions of this paragraph do not apply to boxes for biological or sterile pharmaceutical products or to boxes in which are packed one article with a tool for opening the article.
- (h) Restriction on empty boxes. No person shall knowingly manufacture boxes for sale at retail as empty boxes except frozen food locker boxes.
- (i) Restrictions on manufacture of boxes from virgin wood pulp. No person shall manufacture any box from any of the following grades of paperboard listed in United States Department of Commerce Simplified Practice Recommendation R44-36 if any virgin wood pulp is contained in any of such paperboard: plan chipboard, filled news board, single news vat-lined chip, bending chip board, colored suit box chip back, solid jute, cracker shell board, or solid news.

(j) Restrictions on pulp inner liners. Except as provided in paragraph (l), no person shall commercially use, on the inside surface of any folding box, any liner made from (1) virgin wood pulp or (2)

from any waste paper (including, but not limited to, white cuttings and manila cuttings) which can be processed to simulate the appearance of a virgin wood pulp liner.

(k) Restrictions on virgin wood pulp boards. Except as provided in paragraph (f) no person shall manufacture any box from paperboard containing in its total fibre furnish 50% or more virgin wood pulp or substitute high grade waste

paper.

(1) Permitted uses of pulp inner liners and kraft board. The restrictions of paragraphs (j) and (k) shall not apply to boxes designed for use as outer containers in parcel post or express shipments. They also shall not apply to boxes designed for packaging any of the following products:

(1) Wet or oily foods.

(2) Products containing, by weight,

25% or more of metal.

(3) Any other product determined by the War Production Board as requiring the protection of such liner or paperboard to insure its delivery in merchantable condition to the ultimate consumer. Application for such determination may be made by the prospective packager by letter stating the pertinent facts.

(m) Restrictions on size, weight and shape. No person shall manufacture any box to pack a specific item unless it is

made:

 Of paperboard no heavier than that reasonably required to transport the product with safety.

(2) No larger than is necessary to pack

the product.

(3) Without extension edges, top or bottom cards, or padded tops, if the construction used requires an extra sheet of paperboard or an extra head.

Exceptions

(n) Provisions not applicable to material completed or in process. (1) No prohibition or restriction hereof shall apply to boxes completely manufactured or made from work in process prior to the effective date of such restriction.

(2) Where any restriction hereof limits the type, grade, or quality of paperboard which may be used in manufacturing any box, such restriction shall not apply to the use of any paperboard manufactured for that purpose prior to the effective date of such restriction.

(3) Where any restriction hereof limits the use of sheet-lined paperboard in manufacturing any box, such restriction shall not apply to the use of any paperboard sheet-lined prior to the ef-

fective date of such restriction.

(0) Provisions not applicable to boxes for certain jederal agencies. The restrictions of this order shall not apply to boxes manufactured to meet the packaging specifications of, and delivered to or for the account of, the United States Army, Navy, Maritime Commission, War Shipping Administration, or any agency imposing such specifications for material to be delivered under the Act of Congress of March 11, 1941, entitled "An Act for the Defense of the United States" (Lend-Lease Act).

(p) Inventory restrictions. No person shall accept delivery of any quantity of boxes which will increase his inventory of that size and type of box to more

than 25 tons or more than his reasonably anticipated requirements for the next ninety days, whichever is greater. No person shall order any quantity of boxes for delivery to him, or for his account, on any future date, if he has reason to believe that receipt thereof on that date will increase his inventory to more than the amount permitted in the first sentence of this paragraph. No person shall deliver, or accept an order for, any boxes which he has reason to believe will increase the purchaser's inventory to an amount greater than that permitted by this order.

Miscellaneous Provisions

(q) Applicability of regulations. This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable provisions of the regulations of the War Production Board, as amended from time to time.

(r) Records. All persons affected by this order shall keep for two years accurate and complete records concerning inventories, purchases, production and sales.

(s) Inspection and audit. All records required to be kept by this order shall upon request be submitted to authorized representatives of the War Production Board for inspection and audit.

(t) Schedules. All schedules attached to this order or issued as amendments to it are a part of this order as fully as

if set out in it.

(u) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(v) Appeals. An appeal from the provisions of this order may be made by a letter stating informally, but completely, the particular provision appealed from the precise relief desired, the reasons why denial of the appeal would result in undue and excessive hardship, and such other statistical and narrative informa-

tion as may be pertinent.

(w) Communications to War Production Board. All appeals and other communications concerning this order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Paperboard Division, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: L-220

Issued this 13th day of September 1944.

War Production Board, By J. Joseph Whelan, Recording Secretary.

SCHEDULE 1-RETAIL BOXES

(a) Definition. For the purpose of this order "retail box" means any plain or fancy, lined or unlined box furnished directly to a retailer for packaging merchandise for retail distribution, excepting parcel post boxes and boxes for packaging foods, candy, drugs, or medicinal supplies.

(b) Quota restriction. No person shall use for the manufacture of retail boxes in any

calendar year more than 65% of the tonnage of paperboard he put in process for the manufacture of retail boxes during 1941. (c) Restrictions on retail set-up boxes.

(c) Restrictions on retail set-up boxes.
(1) No person shall manufacture any retail set-up box exceeding the following maximum specifications, provided that retail set-up boxes of sizes other than specified below may be manufactured if the material used is not of heavier weight than that permitted for the box of the size having the nearest higher area in square inches:

4 x 4 x 2 34 4 1 4 x 4 x 4 1 4 1 4 x 4 x 1 1 4 1 4 x 2 x 1 x 1 1 5 5 x 3 3 x 1 1 2 34 5 5 x 5 x 2 34 6 x 3 x 2 34 6 x 4 3 x 2 1 3 34 6 x 6 x 3 1 6 x 6 x 3 x 2 34 6 1 x 2 x 1 3 x 1 3 34 6 1 x 2 x 1 3 x 1 3 34 6 1 x 3 x 1 3 x 1 3 34 6 1 x 3 x 1 3 x 1 3 34 6 1 x 2 x 1 3 x 1 3 34 7 x 6 x 2 2 2 x 5 x 5 x 2 x 3 3 x 3 34 8 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 34 8 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 34 8 x 8 x 2 1 x 1 3 x 3 34 8 x 8 x 2 1 x 1 3 x 3 34 8 x 8 x 2 1 x 1 3 x 3 34 8 x 8 x 2 1 x 1 3 x 3 34 8 x 8 x 2 1 x 1 3 x 3 34 8 x 8 x 2 1 x 1 3 x 3 34 8 x 8 x 2 2 x 1 x 2 x 3 34 9 x 2 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 1 9 x 2 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 1 1 x 2 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 1	Size-length, width, and depth	Lid depth	Paperboard shall not be heavier than regular number 50-pound bundles (sheets per bundle)
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4 x 4 x 4 x 5 1 4 1/2 x 1 x 1 1 4 1/2 x 1 x 5 56 5 x 3 x 1/2 3/6 5 x 5 x 2 x 2 3/4 5 x 6 x 5 x 5 x 4 4 1 6 x 6 x 3 x 2 3/4 6 x 4 1/2 x 1/2 3/4 6 x 6 x 3 x 2 3/4 6 x 6 x 6 x 3 1 6 1/2 x 6 1/2 x 4 1 6 1/2 x 6 1/2 x 4 1 7 1/2 x 6 1/2 x 4 1 1 6 1/2 x 6 1/2 x 4 1 2 7/2 x 7 3/2 x 1/2 1 3 x 7 1/2 x 6 1/2 x 1/2 1 4 x 8 x 8 x 1/2 1 4 x 8 x 1/2 1 5 x 8 x 4/2 1 5 x 8 x 4/2 1 5 x 8 x 8 x 1/2 1 5 x 8 x 1/	3 x 2½ x 1	5/8	65
1	4 x 4 x 2	28	65 65
396 x 396 x 44 14 6 x 3 x 2. 34 6 x 4 3/x 23/2 1 1 6 x 6 x 4/x 23/2 1 1 6 x 6 x 3. 1 6 1 2 x 6 3 4 x 13/2 3/2 6 1 3 x 6 3 3 x 4 1 6 1 3 x 6 3 3 x 4 1 6 1 3 x 6 3 3 x 4 1 6 1 3 x 6 3 3 x 4 1 7 x 6 x 2. 2 7 2 x 7 3/x x 1/2 1/2 7 3 x 7 3/x x 1/2 1/2 7 3 x 7 3/x x 1/2 1/2 8 x 8 x 1/2 1/3 8 x 8 x 1/2 1/3 8 x 8 x 2/2 1/3 8 x 8 x 2/2 1/4 9 x 8 x 3 1 9 x 6 x 3 1 9 x 6 x 3 1 9 x 6 x 3 1 9 x 6 x 3 1 9 x 6 x 3 1 9 x 6 x 3 1 9 x 6 x 3 1 1 x 6 x 8 x 8 1 1 x 6 x 8 x 8 1 1 x 6 x 8 x 8 1 1 x 6 x 8 x 8 1 1 x 7 x 6 x 7 2 <t< td=""><td>4 x 4 x 4</td><td>30</td><td>60</td></t<>	4 x 4 x 4	30	60
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60% x 60% x 60	6 x 6 x 3	1	65 60
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10 x 10 x 514	10 x 7 x 2	100	65 60
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10½ x 10 x 1½	10½ x 7½ x 1¼	114	65
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11 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10½ x 10 x 2½	11/8	60
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$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11½ x 8½ x 13%	15%	60
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18½ x 7½ x 5	18 x 13 x 3	11/4	50
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	23 x 14 x 4	11/4	50 40
26 x 2 x 2	26 x 2 x 2	ĩ	60
26 x 2 x 2 26 x 4 x 134 30 x 4 x 134 36 x 5½ x 154 36 x 5½ x 154	26 x 4 x 1%	7/8	50 50
36 x 5½ x 1¾	36 x 53/4 x 13/4	2/8	50

- (2) Material for retail set-up boxes. No person shall incorporate in any retail set-up boxes:
- (1) Any grade or quality of paperboard higher than solid news No. 2 finish, Gauge List No. 3, or
- (ii) Any bottom paper if the box is strip wrapped, or

(iii) Any lining on the side of the board forming the inside of the box, except news

vat lining.
(d) Restrictions on retail folding boxes. No person shall manufacture any retail folding box for packing wearing apparel (exclusive of shoes) or flowers of any grade of paperboard except:

(1) The grades listed in paragraph (i) of this order, if made without virgin wood pulp.

(2) Mist-colored suit boxboard containing no more virgin pulp than is required to create the mist effect.

- (e) Exception for merchandise folders. Notwithstanding the restrictions of paragraph (i) of this order and paragraph (d) of this schedule, a virgin wood pulp liner may be used on the outside of any merchandise folder made in conformity with the following specifications:
- (1) Style. One-piece style only, with lock closures or metal clasps.

(ii) Sizes. Total over-all area of blank no larger than 600 square inches

(iii) Caliper. Paperboard no thicker than .020 if the blank has an over-all area of under 200 sq. inches, .022 if the area is from 200 to 400 sq. inches, or .024 if over 400 sq. inches.

SCHEDULE 2-FOOD BOXES

Note: Basis of weight for all boxes in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of Schedule II is #6 gauge list as listed in Simplified Practice Recommendation on R-44-36 of U.S. Department of Commerce.

- (a) Butter, lard, olemargarine, shortening and similar boxes. No person shall manufacture any box for packaging butter, lard, oleomargarine, shortening or similar products with a content capacity of less than one pound or of a heavier weight of boxboard than the following:
- (1) 1 lb. butter, lard, oleomargarine or shortening boxes: 65 lbs. per M sq. ft.
- (2) 2 lb. lard, shortening or oleomargarine boxes: 69 lbs. per M sq. ft.
- (3) 3 lb, and 4 lb. lard or shortening boxes: 77 lbs. per M sq. ft.
- (4) 5 lb. lard or shortening boxes: 82 lbs. per M sq. ft.
- (5) 8 lb. lard or shortening boxes: 128 lbs. per M sq. ft.
- (b) Ice cream and frozen dessert boxes. No person shall manufacture for ice cream or frozen dessert any:
- (1) Box for direct fill factory pack, except:
- (i) With content capacity of one pint, one quart, two gallons or larger than two gallons.
- (ii) If in sizes of one quart or less, of a weight of boxboard no heavier than 71 lbs. per M sq. ft.
- (iii) If a folding box, the outer flaps at both ends of the main panel should be no longer than 15/16 of an inch.
- (2) Tuck end box of a heavier weight of boxboard than the following:
- Pints_____65 lbs. per M sq ft. Quarts_____71 lbs. per M. sq ft.
- (3) Carry-out pail, regardless of size, of a heavier weight of boxboard than 71 lbs. per M sq. ft.
- (c) Food pails. No person shall manufacture any food pail of a heavier weight of boxboard than the following:
- (1) Hot food pails, generally known to the trade as chop suey pails: 82 lbs. per M sq.
- (2) All other food pails: 77 lbs. per M sq ft. for two quart size and 69 lbs. per M sq ft. for all other sizes.

(d) Cereal boxes. No person shall manufacture any box to hold less than 4 oz. net weight of any ready-to-eat breakfast cereal, for use by any person, including those listed in paragraph (o) of this order, except for use by the Armed Services in hospitals over-

(e) Boxes for crackers and baked goods-(1) Definition. For the purpose of this schedule "crackers and baked goods" mean products of the biscuit, cracker and pretzel in-

dustry.
(2) Restrictions on packing. shall pack crackers or baked goods without observing the following restrictions:

(i) Crackers, cookies or biscuits shall be packed not less than six bags, packets, or rolls to a folding or set-up box.

(ii) Single caddies and double caddies shall be filled to normal capacity, regardless of weight or count of contents.

(iii) Cracker caddies in carload lots shall be mill tied and knocked down flat, but not wrapped.

(f) Boxes for crackers and baked goods; restrictions on manufacturing. No person shall manufacture any box for packaging crackets or baked goods with false sides, ends, bottoms or covers, or that does not conform to the following specifications:

(1) Caddies. (1) Paperhound for caddies.

(1) Caddies. (1) Paperboard for caddies shall be no thicker than .050, if the caddies are single, or .055, if they are double.

(ii) Openings in caddies for bulk goods shall be not less than 10" x 10", if the caddies are single, or 10" x 20", if the caddies are double.

(iii) No single or double caddies shall be less than 6½ inches in depth, except that fruit-filled bars, sandwich varieties and shortbreads may be packed in caddles not less than 4% inches in depth.

(iv) Flanges on telescope covers of lami-

nated single or double caddies shall not ex-

ceed 2 inches in depth.
(2) Nests for caddies. Nests made from virgin wood pulp board shall be no thicker than .022 for single caddies, or .024 for double caddies.

(3) Cartons-size. (i) End flaps on seal end cartons shall not be more than 1/2 the width of the carton plus 1/2 inch, except that flaps on cartons for ground products (such as cracker meal) may be full width.

(ii) Tuck shall not exceed %" from center of score line to edge of tuck, if cover flap is 5 inches or less in length, or 1 inch, if cover flap exceeds 5 inches in length.

(iii) Side flaps on tuck flap cartons shall not be longer than half the width of the carton front to back plus half the width of

- the tuck of the cover flap.
 (4) Cartons; weight. The basis weight and caliper of boxboard of cartons shall be based on the cubic inch capacity of the formed carton or the legend weight, whichever is greater. Cubic inch capacity of formed cartons is calculated on center to center of score line dimensions.
- (i) Basis weight of board for cracker shell type cartons shall not exceed the following:

Cubic inch capacity of formed car- tons	Legend weight up to and in- cluding	Weight per thousand square feet	Caliper
Up to 50 51 to 150 151 to 200 201 to 250 251 and up	8 oz	72 76 80 85 90	See Gauge List No. 2.

(ii) Basis weight and caliper of board with printing surface, such as single manila lined and bleached manila lined boards used for printed cartons shall not exceed the fol-

Cubic inch capacity of formed cartons	Legend weight up to and including	Weight per thousand square feet	Caliper
Up to 50 51 to 150 151 to 200 201 to 250 251 and up	8 oz	76 80 85 90 96	See Gauge List No. 2.

(iii) Basis weight and caliper of board with printing surface such as patent coated news back board used for printing cartons shall not exceed the following:

Cubic inch capacity of formed cartons	Legend weight up to and includ- ing	Weight per thousand square feet	Caliper
Up to 50 51 to 150 151 to 200 201 to 250 261 and up	8 oz	77 82 88 96 104	See Gauge List No. 6.

(5) Cartons; printing designs. Printing designs shall not extend (bleed) over carton edges if such extension (bleed) causes an excess use of paperboard through the use of double knives or otherwise.

(6) Packets, trays and boats. Paperboard for packets, trays and boats, shall be no

thicker than .022.

(7) Layer boards, strips, dividers and nest-ings. (i) Layer boards, strips, dividers and nestings for cellophane bags, glassine bags, paper bags, packets, tray packages and boats shall be no thicker than .022, if made from laminated stock, and shall not exceed the basis of 90 sheets per 50 lb. bundle, if made from other stock

(ii) Layer boards, strips, dividers and nestings for bulk receptacles shall not exceed the basis of 100 sheets per 50 lb. bundle, except that dividers for fruit-filled bars may be made of paperboard not exceeding the basis of 50 sheets per 50 lb. bundle, if not made from

virgin wood pulp.
(8) Single sale unit boxes. paperboard for single sale unit boxes in one pound or up to and including two pound sizes shall be no thicker than .028.

(g) Candy boxes—(1) Definitions. For

the purpose of this schedule:

(1) "Set-up candy box" means any set-up box designed for packaging chocolates or other candies, with the exception of (a) boxes of less than ½ 1b. capacity or more than 5-lb. capacity and (b) boxes for bar and

bulk goods.

(ii) "Finished weight" means the weight of the finished box, including all trays, par-titions, decorations (made of any material), and other findings (except paper cups), but

not including candy contents.
(2) Maximum weight for standard sizes. No person shall manufacture any set-up candy box of a maximum finished weight (subject to a 5% tolerance for variation in paperboard weight) greater than that specified for any of the following box sizes (net content capacity): 31/4 oz. for 1/2 lb. box, 5 oz. for 1 lb. box, 6¼ oz. for 1½ lb. box, 7¼ oz. for 2 lb. box, 8¼ oz. for 2½ lb. box, 9½ oz. for 3 lb. box, and 15 oz. for 5 lb. box.

(3) Maximum weight for odd sizes. For a "set-up candy box" of any size not listed in

the preceding paragraph, the maximum "finished weight" shall be the same as for the nearest standard size listed in that paragraph. (For example, a 1 lb. 2 oz. box has the same maximum as a 1 lb. box; a 1 lb. 6 oz. box has the same maximum as a 1½ lb. box.

(4) Outer containers. No box designed as

outer container for one or more "set-up candy box" of any size shall be made except in conformity with the following specifica-

(i) Paperboard. Paperboard of no better grade or quality better than unlined chip or unlined news.

(ii) Coverings. Paperboard to have no cover papers. However, paper reinforcing strips no wider than 1¼" may be used around the top of the cover and the bottom of the base.

(iii) Minimum size. If designed for "setup candy boxes" of any size listed below, minimum capacity shall be no less than the number of boxes (of that size) specified.

Minimum capacity of Set-up candy box size: outer container $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. or more but under 1 lb.... 6 boxes. 1 lb. or more but under 2 lbs..... 3 boxes. 2 lbs, or more but under 3 lbs____ 2 boxes.

(5) Exceptions. The restrictions of this paragraph (4) do not apply to outer mailing

SCHEDULE 3-BEVERAGE BOXES

(a) Definition. For the purpose of this schedule "beverage" means any alcoholic or non-alcoholic beverage, exclusive of medicinal preparations.

(b) Box prohibition. No person shall manufacture or use any type of folding or set-up paperboard box for packaging bottled bev-erages. This includes, but is not limited to, boxes designed for conveying bottled beverages from bottlers to distributors and boxes, including those known as "bottle carry-outs", designed for the consumer's use in conveying bottled beverages from the distributor. This restriction does not apply to solid fibre or corrugated shipping containers.

SCHEDULE 4-TOBACCO BOXES

(a) Cigarette wrappers. No person shall manufacture any printed wrappers for 20s cuptype cigarette packages of paper heavier than as specified below (weight to be computed on the basis of 500 25" x 38" sheets per ream):

Cigarette size	Maximum paper weight		
Cigarette size	Uncoated	Coated	
Standard	Pound 60 65	Pound 65 70	

(b) Cigarette boxes. (1) No person shall manufacture any 20-200 size cigarette box of heavier paperboard than gauge list 2, #2 finish, 65 lbs. per M sq. ft.

(2) When the boxes referred to in the preceding paragraph are shipped in carload lots, they shall be mill-tied and knocked down flat, but not wrapped.

(3) No cigarette box shall be manufactured

to hold from 21 to 199 cigarettes.
(c) Smoking tobacco boxes. No person shall manufacture any folding box to hold less than 2½ oz. of tobacco which weighs more than 30 lbs. per M finished boxes, clusive of the weight of the paper in which the tobacco is wrapped or of any overwrap.

SCHEDULE 5-WEARING APPAREL BOXES

(a) Work shirt boxes. No person shall manufacture any box for packaging work shirts that (1) holds less than six of such shirts or (2) is made from paperboard of a quality better than bleached manila lined

(b) Accessories boxes. No person shall manufacture any box for packaging less than six men's or boys' belts, garters (pairs) or suspenders.

(c) Rubber-heel boxes. No person shall manufacture any box for packaging rubber heels that (1) holds from two to five pairs of rubber heels, (2) is made of paperboard of better quality than bleached manila lined chip or news, or (3) is made of a paperboard caliper heavier than .018 for 1-pair boxes or .026 for boxes for six pairs or more.

(d) Boxes for knit-wear—(1) Definition.
For the purposes of this Table, "knit-wear"

means hosiery, knitted underwear, and knitted outerwear

(2) Manufacturing restrictions. No person shall manufacture any box for packaging knit wear unless it conforms with the following restrictions:

(i) Board grade. Folding boxes shall be made of paperboard no better than patent coated news back; set-up boxes for women's rayon hosiery, of paperboard no better than white wood vat lined; and other set-up boxes of paperboard without virgin wood pulp of the grades listed in paragraph (i) of this

(ii) Minimum size. Boxes for packaging the items listed below shall be large enough to hold the number of units shown in the column entitled "Minimum box size" (prices specified below represent manufacturers' net wholesale prices):

HOSTERY

M	linimum
Name of item	box size
Men's, women's, children's, infants': Over \$3/dozp	
\$3/doz. or lessp	
KNITTED UNDERWEAR	

spun unionsuits, shirts and drawers Men's unionsuits-10 lbs./doz. or heavier) Men's and women's sleeping garments_ unionsuits-lighter than 10 lbs./per doz_____ Athletic shirts_ Balbriggan shirts and drawers____ Sweat shirts_ Heavyweight shirts and drawers_____ Men's and boy's knit briefs_____ Women's and children's rayons_____ Women's, misses', boys', and children's unionsuits_ Infants' and children's sleeping garments_ Infants' gowns, kimonos, and combinations Tuckstitch unionsuits, vests and pants. Bloomers_ Infants' bands, shirts, binders, pants_ Children's vests, pants, briefs, and

Women's lightweight vests, pants, and KNITTED OUTERWEAR

bloomers, except rayons_

briefs, except rayons____

Men's and boys' sweaters:	
\$36/doz. or more	3
Less than \$36/doz	. 16
Ladies' and misses' sweaters, all types:	
Over \$24/doz	
\$24/doz, or less	1
Children's sweaters and sacques, over \$24/doz	-
Knitted togs, over \$18/doz. but not over	
\$24/doz	1
Knitted bathing trunks and suits, \$18/doz or less	
Knitted woolen gloves and mittens, over	
\$24/doz	
Knitted headwear and mufflers, \$24/doz	
or less	1

(e) Packaging restrictions-(1) Doublepacking. No knit wear manufacturer shall "double-pack" any knit wear. "Double-pack" means packaging the same piece of merchan-

dise in both a paper envelope and a box.

(2) Box findings. No knit wear manufacturer shall use any of the following inner box findings in boxes for packaging knit wear; fly leaves, platforms, paper folders, paper bands, paper stiffeners, paperboards. However, paper stiffeners and either paper folders or paper bands (if available) may be used for women's rayon hosiery and for rayon under-

(3) Rayon hosiery. No hosiery manufacturer shall use any box made of white wood vat lined paperboard for packaging any hosiery except women's rayon hosiery.

(f) Exceptions for mail or express distribution. The minimum-size restrictions of para-graph (d) (2) (li), the double-packing re-striction of paragraph (e) (1), and box-find-ings restrictions of paragraph (e) (2) shall apply to the manufacture and packaging of knitwear in boxes for mail or express de-livery from the manufacturer to direct distribution retail customers.

SCHEDULE 6-LAUNDRY BOXES

(a) Permitted grades. No person shall manufacture any box for the packaging of laundry from any-grade of paperboard not listed in paragraph (i) of this order.

(b) Flange depth. No person shall manufacture any two piece laundry box with cover flange deeper than 2½ inches.

(c) Caliper. No person shall manufacture

any laundry box of heavier weight board than the following:

Blanks:	aliper
Less than 450 sq. inches	0.020
450 and less than 650 inches	.022
650 and less than 750 inches	.024
750 and less than 1100 inches	.026
1100 sq. inches and over	.030

SCHEDULE 7—Sporting Goods Boxes

Golf, tennis and baseball boxes. No person shall manufacture any box for packing less than twelve golf, tennis or baseballs or incorporate in the manufacture of any such box sheet lining, or paperboard exceeding in area or weight the paperboard required for a full telescope set-up box without projecting edges or dividers, basis sixty sheets per 50 ft.

SCHEDULE 8-TOY AND GAME BOXES

(a) Limitation on manufacture. No person shall use in the manufacture of boxes for games and toys during any period of twelve months, commencing with July 24, 1944, more than 60 percent of the tonnage of paperboard which he used for this purpose during the calendar year 1942.

SCHEDULE 9-PAPER PRODUCTS

(a) Envelope boxes. (1) No person shall use in the manufacture of any set-up envelope box:

 Any paperboard of a quality better than bending chip board or news vat lined chip, No. 2 finish, Gauge List No. 2, if cover paper is used; if cover paper is not used, the quality of the paperboard shall not be better than patent coated news back.

(ii) Any sheet lined board.(iii) Any paperboard of a weight in excess of the maximum shown below (25" x 40" 50 lbs. per bundle), which weight shall be specified by the envelope manufacturer or packer:

per bundle Envelopes 14" half perimeter and less__ Envelopes over 14" half perimeter and not exceeding 18" half perimeter____

Envelopes over 18" half perimeter____ (2) No person shall manufacture any envelope box that is double stripped on either

box or cover. (b) Papeterie boxes. No person shall use

in the manufacture of any set-up box for

(i) Any paperboard better than bending chip board or news vat lined chip, No. 2 finish, Gauge List No. 2, if cover paper is used: provided, however, that white wood vat lined board may be used in the covers and lids of hinge-style boxes; if cover paper is not used the quality of the paperboard shall not be better than patent coated news

(ii) Any paperboard of count in excess of the minimums shown below (25" x 40"— 50 lbs. per bundle).

Boxes containing 23 envelopes or less with corresponding note paper and/or cards-60 sheets per bundle;

Boxes containing from 24 to 72 (inclusive) envelopes with corresponding note paper and/or cards—50 sheets per bundle;

Boxes containing more than 72 envelopes with corresponding note paper and/or cards—40 sheets per bundle.

(iii) Any sheet lined board or more than

double stripping.

(2) No person shall manufacture any folding box for papeteries from paperboard of higher quality than patent coated news back without sheet lining, nor of greater weight per box than required for an equivalent cubi-

cal content set-up box.

- (3) No box for papeteries shall be made or equipped with: (i) base or cover caps, flanges, non-paper coverings, padded tops, projections, or shoulders (ii) attached or unattached interior parts (such as dividers, drawers or slides, or partitions); or (iii) false work (such as false bottoms, ends, sides, traps, or decks); provided, however, that any such box for 24 or more envelopes with note paper and/or cards of corresponding size may made or equipped with false work (other than false bottoms, ends, or sides) which does not enclose more than 1/4 of the volume of the box.
- (c) Waxed paper cutter boxes. No person shall manufacture any cutter boxes for packaging rolls of waxed paper excepting in accordance with the following maximum speci-
- (1) Box dimensions: 211/16 x 211/16 x 123/8

(2) Quality of paperboard: No higher than bleached manila lined news basis 70 sheets per 50 lb. bundle.

(d) Roll toilet tissue. No person shall manufacture any boxes for packaging roll toilet tissue.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14157; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:27 a. m.]

Chapter XI-Office of Price Administration

PART 1388-DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS

[Rent Reg. for Hotels and Rooming Houses,1 incl. Amdts. 1-311

This compilation of Rent Regulation for Hotels and Rooming Houses includes Amendment 31, effective September 13, The text amended by Amendment 31 in underscored.

§ 1388.1231 Rent Regulation for Hotels and Rooming Houses. The Rent Regulation for Hotels and Rooming Houses is annexed hereto and made a part hereof.

RENT REGULATION FOR HOTELS AND ROOMING Houses

- Scope of this regulation.
 Prohibition.
 Minimum services, furniture, furnishings, and equipment.
- Maximum rents.
- Adjustments and other determinations.
- Removal of tenant.
- Registration and records.
- Inspection.
- Evasion.
- 10. Enforcement.
- Procedure.
- Petitions for amendment.
- Definitions. Schedule A.

AUTHORITY: § 1388.1231 issued under 56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.

SECTION 1. Scope of this regulation-(a) Rooms in hotels and rooming houses and Defense-Rental Areas to which this regulation applies. This regulation applies to all rooms in hotels and rooming houses within each of the defense-rental areas and each of the portions of a defense-rental area (each of which is referred to hereinafter in this regulation as the "Defense-Rental Area"), which are listed in Schedule A of this regulation, except as provided in paragraph

(b) of this section.
In Schedule A, "the maximum rent date" and "the effective date of regulation" is given for each Defense-Rental Area listed. More than one effective date is given for different portions of a Defense-Rental Area where the same effective date is not applicable to the entire Defense-Rental Area. Wherever the words "the maximum rent date" or the words "the effective date of regulation" are referred to in this regulation, the dates given in Schedule A for the particular Defense-Rental Area or portion of the Defense-Rental Area in which the room is located shall apply. The effective date listed in Schedule A in each instance is the date rent regulation was effective in the particular Defense-Rental Area or portion of the Defense-Rental Area for rooms in hotels and rooming houses.

(b) Housing to which this regulation does not apply. This regulation does not apply to the following:

(1) Farming tenants. Rooms situated on a farm and occupied by a tenant who is engaged for a substantial portion of his time in farming operations thereon.

(2) Service employees. Rooms occupied by domestic servants, caretakers, managers, or other employees to whom the rooms are provided as part of their compensation and who are employed for the purpose of rendering services in connection with the premises of which the rooms are a part.

(3) Charitable or educational institutions. Rooms in hospitals, or rooms of charitable or educational institutions used in carrying out their charitable or

educational purposes.

(4) Entire structures used as hotels or rooming houses. Entire structures or premises used as hotels or rooming houses, as distinguished from the rooms within such hotels or rooming houses.

(5) Resort rooms—(i) Exemption. Rooms located in a resort community and customarily rented or occupied on a seasonal basis, which were not rented during any portion of the period beginning on November 1, 1943 and ending on February 29, 1944.

The exemption provided by this paragraph (b) (5) (i) shall be effective only from June 1, 1944 to September 30, 1944, inclusive.

(ii) Exception from exemption. The provisions of section 1 (b) (5) (i) shall not apply to rooms in the Madison, Wisconsin Defense-Rental Area from June 15, 1944 to September 30, 1944, inclusive.

[Subparagraph (5) amended by Am. 14, 9 F.R. 2165, effective 2-24-44; and Am. 23, 9. F.R. 6569, effective 6-15-44]

(c) Effect of this regulation on leases and other rental agreements. The provisions of any lease or other rental agreement shall remain in force pursuant to the terms thereof, except insofar as those provisions are inconsistent with this regulation.

(d) Waiver of benefit void. An agreement by the tenant to waive the benefit of any provision of this regulation is void. A tenant shall not be entitled by reason of this regulation to refuse to pay or to recover any portion of any rents due or paid for use or occupancy prior to the effective date of regulation.

(e) Election by landlord to bring housing under this regulation. Where a building or establishment which does not come within the definitions of a hotel or rooming house contains one or more furnished rooms or other furnished housing accommodations rented on a daily, weekly, or monthly basis, the landlord may, with the consent of the Administrator, elect to bring all housing accommodations within such building or establishment under the control of this regulation. A landlord who so elects shall file a registration statement under this regulation for all such housing accommodations, accompanied by a written request to the Administrator to consent to such election.

If the Administrator finds that the provisions of this regulation establishing maximum rents are better adapted to the rental practices for such building or establishment than the provisions of the Rent Regulation for Housing, he shall consent to the landlord's election. Upon such consent, all housing accommodations within such building or establishment which are or hereafter may be rented or offered for rent shall become subject to the provisions of this regulation, and shall be considered rooms within a rooming house for the purposes of the provisions relating to eviction.

The landlord may at any time, with the consent of the Administrator, revoke his election, and thereby bring under the control of the Rent Regulation for Housing all housing accommodations previously brought under this regulation by such election. He shall make such revocation by filing a registration statement or statements under the Rent Regulation for Housing, including in such registration statement or statements all housing accommodations brought under this regulation by such election. Such registration statement or statements shall be accompanied by a written request to the Administrator to consent to such revocation. The Administrator may defer action on such request if he has taken or is about to take action to decrease the maximum rents of any housing accommodations within such building or establishment. If the Administrator finds that the revocation so requested will not result in substantial increases in the maximum rents of housing accommodations affected by such revocation, he shall give such consent. Upon such consent, all housing accommodations affected by such revocation shall become subject to the provisions of the Rent Regulation for Housing.

SEC. 2. Prohibition—(a) Prohibition against higher than maximum rents. Regardless of any contract, agreement, lease or other obligation heretofore or hereafter entered into, no person shall demand or receive any rent for or in connection with the use or occupancy on and after the effective daté of regulation of any room in a hotel or rooming house

¹⁸ F.R. 14676.

within the Defense-Rental Area higher than the maximum rents provided by this regulation; and no person shall offer, solicit, attempt, or agree to do any of the foregoing. Lower rents than those provided by this regulation may be demended or received.

[Paragraph (a) amended by Am. 30, 9 F.R.

(b) Terms of occupancy-(1) Tenant not required to change term of occupancy. No tenant shall be required to change his term of occupancy.

(2) Term of occupancy during June 1942. Where, during June 1942, a room was rented or offered for rent for a weekly or monthly term of occupancy, the landlord shall continue to offer the room for rent for that term of occupancy except that he is not required to rent for that term more than the greatest number of rooms which were rented for the term at any one time during June 1942. However, if, during the year ending on June 30, 1942, a landlord had regular and definite seasonal practices with reference to the renting of rooms on a weekly or monthly basis, he may request the Administrator to approve such practices. When approval is given the landlord shall offer rooms for rent for weekly and monthly terms of occupancy pursuant to the practices so approved. The Administrator may withdraw approval at any time if he finds that the landlord has failed to conform to such practices, or if he finds that the effects of the approval are inconsistent with the Act or this regulation or are likely to result in the circumvention or evasion thereof.

(3) Request by tenant to change term of occupancy. Any tenant on a daily or weekly term of occupancy shall on request be permitted by the landlord to change to a weekly or monthly term unless the landlord is then renting for such term a number of rooms equal to the number which he is required to rent for that term under subparagraph (2). If the room occupied by such tenant was not rented or offered for rent for such term during June 1942, the landlord may transfer the tenant to a room, as similar as possible, which was so rented or of-

fered for rent.

(4) Monthly term of occupancy in tourist camps, etc. Where, since October 1, 1942, a room, cabin, or similar accommodations in a tourist camp, cabin camp, auto court or similar establishment has been or is hereafter rented to the same tenant for a continuous period of 60 days or longer on a daily basis, the landlord shall offer such room, cabin or other accommodations for rent for a monthly term of occupancy, regardless of the provisions of subparagraph (2) of this paragraph. The room, cabin or other accommodations shall be offered for rent on a monthly basis for each number of occupants for which it is offered by the landlord for any other term of occupancy. Any tenant of such room, cabin or other accommodations on a daily or weekly basis shall on request be permitted by the landlord to change to a monthly term of occupancy.

[Subparagraph (4) amended by Am. 19, 9 F.R. 5002, effective 5-12-44]

(5) Defense-rental areas with maximum rent date later than March 1, 1942—(i) Maximum rent date later than March 1, 1942 but prior to July 1, 1943. In Defense-Rental Areas with a maximum rent date later than March 1, 1942 but prior to July 1, 1943, in section 2 (b) (2) the words "June 1943" shall be substituted for the words "June 1942" and the words "June 30, 1943" shall be substituted for the words "June 30, 1942"; in section 2 (b) (3) the words "June 1943" shall be substituted for the words "June 1942"; and in section 2 (b) (4) the words "the maximum rent date" shall be substituted for the words "October 1, 1942".

(ii) Maximum rent date of July 1, 1943, or later. In Defense-Rental Areas with a maximum rent date of July 1. 1943, or later, in section 2 (b) (2) the words "the thirty days ending on the maximum rent date" shall be substituted for the words "June 1942" and the words "the maximum rent date" shall be substituted for the words "June 30, 1942"; in section 2 (b) (3) the words "the thirty days ending on the maximum rent date" shall be substituted for the words "June 1942"; and in section 2 (b) (4) the words "the maximum rent date" shall be substituted for the words "October 1, 1942."

[Subparagraph (5) added by Am. 10, 8 F. R. 16893, effective 12-16-43; amended by Am. 21, 9 F.R. 5828, effective 6-1-44]

(6) Weekly or monthly terms of occupancy less than 25%. A landlord who is required to rent for weekly or monthly terms of occupancy less than 25% of the rooms in an establishment, under subparagraphs (2) and (4) of this paragraph, may petition the Administrator to be relieved of such requirement. Upon issuance of an order granting such petition, the provisions of subparagraphs (2), (3) and (4) of this paragraph no longer shall apply to the rooms in the establishment; but the maximum rent for a weekly term of occupancy shall apply where, after the date of issuance of the order, a tenant remains in occupancy for a continuous period of more than 10 days, and the maximum rent for a monthly term of occupancy shall apply where, after the date of issuance of the order, a tenant remains in occupancy for a continuous period of more than 30 days, regardless of whether the tenant occupies the same room in the establishment during the specified period. The maximum rent on a weekly or monthly basis, as the case may be, shall apply from the date of issuance of the order or the date on which occupancy com-menced, whichever is the later.

The order of the Administrator granting the landlord's petition may fix maximum rents for weekly and monthly terms of occupancy and for different numbers of occupants for those terms pursuant to section 4 (g). Immediately upon issuance of the order the landlord shall post maximum rents established for weekly and monthly terms of occupancy in the manner provided by section 7 (b). [Subparagraph (6) added by Am. 19, 9 F.R.

5002, effective 5-12-44]

(c) Security deposits-(1) General prohibition. Regardless of any contract, agreement, lease or other obligation heretofore or hereafter entered into, no person on or after September 1, 1944, shall demand or receive a security deposit for or in connection with the use or occupancy of any room in a hotel or rooming house within the Defense-Rental Area or retain any security deposit received prior to or on or after September 1, 1944, except as provided in this paragraph (c). The term "security deposit," in addition to its customary meaning, includes any prepayment of rent except payment in advance of the next periodic installment of rent for a period no longer than one month.

(2) Maximum rent established under section 4 (a). Where the maximum rent of the housing accommodations is established under section 4 (a), no security deposit shall be demanded, received, or retained except in the amount (or any lesser amount) and on the same terms and conditions (or on terms and conditions less burdensome to the tenant) provided for in the lease or other rental agreement in effect on the date deter-

mining the maximum rent.

(3) Maximum rent established under section 4 (b) or (c)-(i) Renting prior to effective date of regulation. the maximum rent of the housing accommodations is established under section 4 (b) or (c) by renting prior to the effective date of regulation, no security deposit shall be demanded, received or retained except in the amount (or any lesser amount) and on the same terms and conditions (or on terms and conditions less burdensome to the tenant) provided for in the lease or other rental agreement under which the accommodations were first rented or in any order heretofore or hereafter issued with reference to such security deposit. Where such lease or other rental agreement provided for a security deposit, the Administrator at any time, on his own initiative or on application of the tenant, may order a decrease in the amount of such deposit or may order its elimina-

(ii) Renting on or after effective date of regulation. Where the maximum rent of the housing accommodations is established under section 4 (b) or (c) by a renting on or after the effective date of regulation, no security deposit shall be demanded, received, or retained.

(4) Maximum rent established under section 4 (d) or (f). Where the maximum rent of the housing accommodations is established under section 4 (d) or (f), no security deposit shall be demanded, received or retained except in the amount (or any lesser amount) and on the same terms and conditions (or on terms and conditions less burdensome to the tenant) as provided in the lease or other rental agreement in effect on September 1, 1944. Where such accommodations are first rented after September 1, 1944, no security deposit shall be demanded, received, or retained.

(5) Deposits to secure the return of certain movable articles. Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this paragraph (c), any landlord may petition for an order authorizing the demand and receipt of a deposit to secure the return of movable articles such as keys and ice trays. If the landlord shows that he has

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a special need therefor, the Administrator may enter an order authorizing a security deposit, not in excess of ten dollars to secure the return of the movable articles specified in the order.

[Paragraph (c) added by Am. 30, 9 F.R. 10631, effective 9-1-44]

SEC. 3. Minimum services, furniture, furnishings, and equipment. Except as set forth in section 5 (b), every landlord shall, as a minimum, provide with a room the same essential services, furniture, furnishings and equipment as those provided on the date or during the thirty-day period determining the maximum rent, and as to other services, furniture, furnishings, and equipment not substantially less than those provided on such date or during such period: Provided, however, That where fuel oil is used to supply heat or hot water for a room, and the landlord provided heat or hot water on the date or during the thirty-day period determining the maximum rent, the heat and hot water which the landlord is required to supply shall not be in excess of the amount which he can supply under any statute, regulation or order of the United States or any agency thereof which rations or limits the use of fuel oil.

SEC. 4. Maximum rents. This section establishes separate maximum rents for different terms of occupancy (daily, weekly or monthly) and numbers of occupants of a particular room. Maximum rents for rooms in a hotel or rooming house (unless and until changed by the Administrator as provided in section 5) shall be:

(a) Rented or regularly offered during maximum rent period. For a room rented or regularly offered for rent during the thirty days ending on the maximum rent date, the highest rent for each term or number of occupants for which the room was rented during that thirty-day period, or, if the room was not rented or was not rented for a particular term or number of occupants during that period, the rent for each term or number of occupants for which it was regularly

offered during such period.

(b) First rented or regularly offered after maximum rent period. For a room neither rented nor regularly offered for rent during the thirty days ending on the maximum rent date, the highest rent for each term or number of occupants for which the room was rented during the thirty days commencing when it was first offered for rent after the maximum rent date; or, if the room was not rented or was not rented for a particular term or number of occupants during that period, the rent for each term or number of occupants for which it was regularly offered during such period.

(c) First rent after maximum rent date where no maximum rent established under (a) or (b). For a room rented for a particular term or number of occupants for which no maximum rent is established under paragraphs (a) or (b) of this section the first rent for the room after the maximum rent date for that term and number of occupants, but not more than the maximum rent for similar rooms for the same term and number of occupants in the same hotel

or rooming house.

(d) Rooms constructed and owned by the government. For a room constructed by the United States or any agency thereof, or by a State of the United States or any of its political subdivisions, or any agency of the State or any of its political subdivisions, and owned by any of the foregoing, the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date, as determined by the owner of such room: Provided, however, That any corporation formed under the laws of a State shall not be considered an agency of the United States within the meaning of this paragraph. The Administrator may order a decrease in the maximum rent as provided in section 5 (c) (1).

(e) Meals with room. For a room with which meals were provided during the thirty-day period determining the maximum rent without separate charge therefor, the rent apportioned by the landlord from the total charge for the room and meals. The landlord's apportionment shall be fair and reasonable and shall be reported in the registration statement for such room. The Administrator at any time on his own initiative or on application of the tenant may by order decrease the maximum rent established by such apportionment, if he finds that the apportionment was unfair or unreasonable

Every landlord who provides meals with accommodations shall make sepa-

rate charges for the two.

In Defense-Rental Areas with a maximum rent date of March 1, 1942 or earlier, no landlord shall require the taking of meals as a condition of renting any room unless the room was rented or offered for rent on that basis on June 15, 1942. In Defense-Rental Areas with a maximum rent date later than March 1, 1942, no landlord shall require the taking of meals as a condition of renting any room unless the room was rented or offered for rent on that basis on the maximum rent date.

[Above two paragraphs amended by Am. 10, 8 F.R. 16893, effective 12-16-43]

(f) Rooms subject to rent schedule of War or Navy Department. For a room rented to either Army or Navy personnel, including civilian employees of the War and Navy Departments, for which the rent is fixed by the national rent schedule of the War or Navy Department, the rents established by such rent schedule.

[Paragraph (f) amended by Am. 5, 8 F.R. 12795, effective 9-20-43]

(g) Rent fixed by order of Administrator. For a room for a particular term or number of occupants for which no maximum rent has been established under any other provision of this regulation, the rent fixed by order of the Administrator as provided in this paragraph (g).

The Administrator at any time on his own initiative or on petition of the landlord may enter an order fixing the maximum rent and specifying the minimum services for a room for a particular term or number of occupants for which no maximum rent has been established prior to issuance of the order under any other provision of this regulation. Such maximum rent shall be fixed on the basis of the rent generally prevailing in the De-

fense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

[Paragraph (g) added by Am. 19, 9 F.R. 5002, effective 5-12-44]

SEC. 5. Adjustments and other determinations. In the circumstances enumerated in this section, the Administrator may issue an order changing the maximum rents otherwise allowable or the minimum services required.

In those cases involving a major capital improvement, an increase or decrease in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment, or a deterioration, the adjustment in the maximum rent shall be the amount the Administrator finds would have been on the maximum rent date the difference in the rental value of the housing accommodations by reason of such change: Provided, however, That no adjustment shall be ordered where it appears that the rent on the date or during the thirty-day period determining the maximum rent was fixed in contemplation of and so as to reflect such change.

In all other cases, except those under paragraphs (a) (7), (a) (9), (c) (4), and (c) (5) of this section, the adjustment shall be on the basis of the rent which the Administrator finds was generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

[Above paragraph amended by Am. 29, 9 F.R. 10188, effective 9-1-44]

In cases involving construction, due consideration shall be given to general increases in costs of construction, if any, in the defense-rental area since the maximum rent date.

In cases under paragraphs (a) (7) and (c) (4) of this section, the adjustment shall be on the basis of the rents which the Administrator finds were generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations during the year ending on the maximum rent date.

[Above paragraphs amended by Am. 17, 9 F.R. 3421, effective 3-29-44; and Am. 27, 9 F.R. 9428, effective 8-3-44]

In cases under paragraph (a) (9) of this section, the adjustment shall be on the basis of the rents which the Administrator finds necessary to relieve the substantial hardship: Provided, That the adjustment shall not result in a maximum rent higher than the rent generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

In cases under paragraph (c) (5) of this section, the adjustment in the maximum rent shall be in the amount the Administrator finds warranted by the modification or elimination of the necessity for the increase in the maximum rent granted under paragraph (a) (9) of this section: Provided, That no decrease shall be ordered in an amount greater than the adjustment ordered under paragraph (a) (9) of this section.

[Above paragraphs added by Am. 29, 9 F.R. 10183, effective 9-1-44]

(a) Grounds for increase of maximum rents. Any landlord may file a petition for adjustment to increase the maximum

rent otherwise allowable, only on the ground that:

(1) Major capital improvement since maximum rent period. There has been, since the thirty-day period or the order determining the maximum rent for the room, a substantial change in the room by a major capital improvement as distinguished from ordinary repair, replacement and maintenance.

(2) Change prior to maximum rent date. There was, on or prior to the maximum rent date, a substantial change in the room by a major capital improvement as distinguished from ordinary repair, replacement and maintenance or a substantial increase in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment, and the rent during the thirty-day period ending on the maximum rent date was fixed by a lease or other rental agreement which was in force at the time of such change or increase.

[Subparagraph (2) amended by Am. 31, effective 9-13-44]

(3) Substantial increase in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment. There has been a substantial increase in the services, furniture, furnishings or equipment provided with the room since the thirty-day period or the order determining its maximum rent.

(4) Special relationship between landlord and tenant. The rent during the thirty-day period determining the maximum rent was materially affected by the blood, personal or other special relationship between the landlord and the tenant, or by an allowance or discount to a tenant of a class of persons to whom the landlord regularly offered such an allowance or discount, and as a result was substantially lower than the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

(5) Lease for term commencing one year or more before maximum rent date. There was in force on the maximum rent date a written lease, for a term com-mencing on or prior to the date one year before the maximum rent date, requiring a rent substantially lower than the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent

(6) Varying rents. The rent during the thirty-day period determining the maximum rent was established by a lease or other rental agreement which provided for a substantially higher rent at other periods during the term of such lease or agreement.

(7) Seasonal demand. The rent during the thirty-day period determining the maximum rent for the room was substantially lower than at other times of year by reason of seasonal demand for such room. In such cases the Administrator's order may if he deems it advisable provide for different maximum rents for different periods of the calendar year.

(8) Peculiar circumstances. The rent during the thirty-day period determining the maximum rent was materially affected by peculiar circumstances and

as a result was substantially lower than the rent generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

[Subparagraph (8) added by Am. 25, 9 F.R. 8054, effective 7-17-44]

(9) Substantial hardship from increase in property taxes or operating costs. Substantial hardship has resulted from a substantial decrease in the net income (before interest) of the property for the current year as compared with a representative period to the maximum'rent date, due to a substantial and unavoidable increase in property taxes or operating costs.

For the purposes of this paragraph

(a) (9) the term:

(i) "Net income (before interest)" means the amount determined by subtracting unavoidable property taxes and operating costs actually paid or accrued from total income earned.

(ii) "Property taxes and operating costs" includes all expenses necessary to the operation and maintenance of the property actually paid or accrued and properly allocated, including depreciation but excluding interest.

(iii) "Property" includes one or more structures operated as a single unit or

enterprise.

(iv) "Total income earned" includes rental and other income earned from the property and the rental value of housing accommodations in the property occupied without the full payment of rent.

(v) "Current year" means a period of twelve calendar months beginning on or after the effective date of regulation. The most recent calendar or fiscal year used by the landlord or the twelve calendar months immediately prior to the filing of the petition for adjustment may

[Subparagraph (9) added by Am. 29, 9 F.R. 10188, 10718, effective 9-1-44]

(b) Decreases in minimum services. furniture, furnishings and equipment-(1) Decreases existing on effective date. If, on the effective date of this regulation, the services provided for a room are less than the minimum services required by section 3, the landlord shall either restore and maintain such minimum services, or, within 30 days (or, within 60 days for rooms within the Los Angeles Defense-Rental Area), after such effective date, file a petition requesting approval of the decreased services. If, on such effective date (or, on December 1, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date), the furniture, furnishings or equipment provided with a room are less than the minimum required by section 3, the landlord shall, within 30 days after such date, file a written report showing the decrease in furniture, furnishings or equipment.

(2) Decreases after effective date. Except as above provided, the landlord shall, until the room becomes vacant, maintain the minimum services, furniture, furnishings and equipment unless and until he has filed a petition to decrease the services, furniture, furnishings or equipment and an order permitting a decrease has been entered thereon; however, if it is impossible to provide the minimum services, furniture, furnishings or equipment he shall file a petition within 10 days after the change occurs. When the room becomes vacant the landlord may, on renting to a new tenant, decrease the services, furniture, furnishings or equipment below the minimum; within 10 days after so renting the landlord shall file a written report showing such decrease.

(3) Adjustment in maximum rent for decreases. The order on any petition under this paragraph may require an appropriate adjustment in the maximum rent; and any maximum rent for which a report is required by this paragraph may be decreased in accordance with the provisions of section 5 (c) (3). If the landlord fails to file the petition or report required by this paragraph within the time specified, or decreases the services, furniture, furnishings or equipment without an order authorizing such decrease where such order is required, the rent received by the landlord for any rental period commencing on or after such decrease or the effective date of regulation (or December 1, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date), whichever is the later, shall be received subject to refund to the tenant of any amount in excess of the maximum rent which may later be fixed by any order decreasing the maximum rent on account of such decrease in services, furniture, furnishings, or equipment. In such case, any order decreasing the maximum rent shall be effective to decrease such rent from the beginning of the first rental period after the decrease in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment or after the effective date of regulation (or after December 1, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date), whichever is the later. The foregoing provisions and any refund thereunder do not affect any civil or criminal liability provided by the Act for failure to comply with any requirement of this paragraph.

(c) Grounds for decrease of maximum rent. The Administrator at any time, on his own initiative or on application of the tenant, may order a decrease of the maximum rent otherwise allowable, only

on the grounds that:

(1) Rent higher than rent generally evailing. The maximum rent for the prevailing. room is higher than the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

(2) Substantial deterioration. There has been a substantial deterioration of the room other than ordinary wear and tear since the date or order determining

its maximum rent.

(3) Decrease in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment. There has been a decrease in the minimum services, furniture, furnishings or equipment required by section 3 since the date or order determining the maximum rent.

(4) Seasonal demand. The rent on the date determining the maximum rent for the room was substantially higher than at other times of year by reason of seasonal demand for such room. In such cases the Administrator's order may if he deems it advisable provide for

different maximum rents for different periods of the calendar year.

(5) Modification or elimination of necessity for increase under section 5 (a) (9). There has been a modification or elimination of the necessity for the increase in the maximum rent granted under paragraph (a) (9) of this section, since the order, issued under that paragraph.

[Subparagraph (5) added by Am. 29, 9 F.R. 10188, effective 9-1-44]

(d) Orders when facts are in dispute, in doubt, or not known. rent on the date determining the maximum rent, or any other fact necessary to the determination of the maximum rent. is in dispute between the landlord and the tenant, or is in doubt, or is not known, the Administrator on petition of the landlord filed within 30 days after the effective date of regulation, or at any time on his own initiative, may enter an order fixing the maximum rent by determining such fact; or if the Administrator is unable to ascertain such fact he shall enter the order on the basis of the rent which he finds was generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

(e) Interim orders. Where a petition is filed by a landlord on one of the grounds set out in paragraph (a) or (d) of this section, or a proceeding is initiated by the Administrator under paragraph (d), the Administrator may enter an interim order increasing or fixing the maximum rent until further order, subject to refund by the landlord to the tenant of any amount received in excess of the maximum rent established by final order in such proceeding. The receipt by the landlord of any rent authorized by such interim order shall constitute an agreement by the landlord with the tenant to refund to the tenant any amount received in excess of the maximum rent established by final order. The landlord shall make such refund either by repayment in cash or, where the tenant remains in occupancy after the effective date of the final order, by deduction from the next installment of rent, or both.

[Paragraph (e) added by Am. 8, 8 F.R. 16032, effective 11-25-43]

SEC. 6. Removal of tenant—(a) Restrictions on removal of tenant. So long as the tenant continues to pay the rent to which the landlord is entitled, no tenant of a room within a hotel or rooming house shall be removed from such room, by action to evict or to recover possession, by exclusion from possession, or otherwise, nor shall any person attempt such removal or exclusion from possession, notwithstanding that such tenant has no lease or that his lease or other rental agreement has expired or otherwise terminated unless:

(1) Tenant's refusal to renew lease. The tenant, who had a written lease or other written rental agreement, has refused upon demand of the landlord to execute a written extension or renewal thereof for a further term of like duration but not in excess of one year but otherwise on the same terms and conditions as the previous lease or agreement except insofar as such terms and

conditions are inconsistent with this reg-

(2) Tenant's refusal of access. The tenant has unreasonably refused the landlord access to the room for the purpose of inspection or of showing the room to a prospective purchaser, mortgagee or prospective mortgagee, or other person having a legitimate interest therein: Provided, however, That such refusal shall not be ground for removal or eviction if such inspection or showing of the room is contrary to the provisions of the tenant's lease or other rental agreement; or

(3) Violating obligation of tenancy or committing nuisance. The tenant (i) has violated a substantial obligation of his tenancy, other than an obligation to pay rent, and has continued, or failed to cure such violation after written notice by the landlord that the violation cease or (ii) is committing or permitting a nuisance or is using or permitting a use of the room for an immoral or illegal

(4) Demolition or alteration by landlord. The landlord seeks in good faith to recover possession for the immediate purpose of demolishing the room or of substantially altering or remodeling it in a manner which cannot practicably be done with the tenant in occupancy and the plans for such alteration or remodeling have been approved by the proper authorities, if such approval is required by local law; or

(5) Room not offered for rent. The landlord seeks in good faith not to offer the room for rent. If a tenant has been removed or evicted from a room under this paragraph (a) (5), the landlord shall file a written report on a form provided therefor before renting the room during a period of 6 months after such removal or eviction.

(b) Administrator's certificate. No tenant shall be removed or evicted on grounds other than those stated above unless, on petition of the landlord, the Administrator certifies that the landlord may pursue his remedies in accordance with the requirements of the local law. The Administrator shall so certify if the landlord establishes that removals or evictions of the character proposed are not inconsistent with the purposes of the Act or this regulation and would not be likely to result in the circumvention or evasion thereof.

(c) Notice to Area Rent Office. At the time of commencing any action to remove or evict a tenant (except an action based on non-payment of a rent not in excess of the maximum rent) the landlord shall give written notice thereof to the Area Rent Office stating the title and number of the case, the court in which it is filed, the name and address of the tenant and the grounds on which eviction is sought.

(d) Exceptions from section 6. The provisions of this section do not apply

(1) Subtenants. A subtenant or other person who occupied under a rental agreement with the tenant where removal or eviction of the subtenant or other such occupant is sought by the landlord of the tenant, unless under the local law there is a tenancy relationship

between the landlord and the subtenant or other such occupant.

(2) Daily or weekly tenants in hotel and daily tenants in rooming house. A tenant occupying a room within a hotel on a daily or weekly basis; or a tenant occupying on a daily basis a room within a rooming house which has heretofore usually been rented on a daily basis: Provided, That the provisions of this section do apply to a tenant on a daily or weekly basis who has requested a weekly or monthly term of occupancy pursuant to section 2 (b) (3) or (4).

(3) Rooms subject to rent schedule of War or Navy Department. Rooms rented to either Army or Navy personnel, including civilian employees of the War and Navy Departments, for which the rent is fixed by the national rent schedule of the War or Navy Department.

(4) One or two occupants. An occupant of a furnished room or rooms not constituting an apartment, located within the residence occupied by the landlord or his immediate family, where such landlord rents to not more than two occupants within such residence.

(5) Renting to family in landlord's residence. A family which on or after August 1, 1943 moves into a furnished room or rooms not constituting an apartment, located within the residence occupied by the landlord or his immediate family, where such landlord does not rent to any person within such residence other than those in the one family.

[Subparagraph (5) added by Am. 2, 8 F.R. 10618, effective 8-1-43]

(e) Local law. No provision of this section shall be construed to authorize the removal of a tenant unless such removal is authorized under the local law.

SEC. 7. Registration and records—(a) Registration statement. On or before the date specified in Schedule A of this regulation every landlord of a room rented or offered for rent shall file a written statement on the form provided therefor, containing such information as the Administrator shall require, to be known as a registration statement. Any maximum rent established after the effective date of regulation under paragraphs (b) or (c) of section 4 shall be reported either on the first registration statement or on a statement filed within 5 days after such rent is established.

(b) Posting maximum rents. Within 45 days after the effective date of regulation (or, on or before May 31, 1943 as to rooms within the Cincinnati Defense-Rental Area), every landlord shall post and thereafter keep posted conspicuously in each room rented or offered for rent a card or sign plainly stating the maximum rent or rents for all terms of occupancy and for all numbers of occupants for which the room is rented or offered for rent. Where the taking of meals by the tenant or prospective tenant is a condition of renting such room, the card or sign shall so state. Should the maximum rent or rents for the room be changed by order of the Administrator the landlord shall alter the card or sign so that it states the changed rent

The foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to rooms under

section 4 (d). The owner of such rooms shall post a copy of the registration statement in a place where it will be available for inspection by the tenants of such rooms.

(c) Receipt for amount paid. No payment of rent need be made unless the landlord tenders a receipt for the amount

to be paid.

(d) Rooms subject to rent schedule of War or Navy Department. The provisions of this section shall not apply to rooms rented to either Army or Navy personnel, including civilian employees of the War and Navy Departments for which the rent is fixed by the national rent schedule of the War or Navy De-

partment.

(e) Records-(1) Existing records. Every landlord of a room rented or offered for rent shall preserve, and make available for examination by the Administrator, all his existing records showing or relating to (i) the rent for each term and number of occupants for which such room was rented or regularly offered for rent during the thirty-day period determining the maximum rent for such room, (ii) the rent on any date determining a maximum rent for such room for a particular term and number of occupants under section 4 (c), (iii) rooms rented and offered for rent on a weekly and monthly basis during June 1942, in Defense-Rental Areas with a maximum rent date of March 1, 1942 or earlier, (iv) rooms rented and offered for rent on a weekly and monthly basis during June 1943, in Defense-Rental Areas with a maximum rent date later than March 1, 1942, but prior to July 1, 1943, (v) rooms rented and offered for rent on a weekly and monthly basis during the thirty days ending on the maximum rent date, in Defense-Rental Areas with a maximum rent date of July 1, 1943, or later.

(Subparagraph (1) amended by Am. 10, 8 F.R. 16893, effective 12-16-43; and Am. 21, 9 F.R. 5828, effective 6-1-441

(2) Record keeping. On and after the effective date of regulation (or on and after October 19, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date), every landlord of an establishment containing more than 20 rooms rented or offered for rent shall keep, preserve, and make available for examination by the Administrator, records showing the rents received for each room, the particular term and number of occupants for which such rents were charged, and the name and permanent address of each occupant; every other landlord shall keep, preserve, and make available for examination by the Administrator, records of the same kind as he has customarily kept relating to the rents received for rooms.

SEC. 8. Inspection. Any person who rents or offers for rent or acts as a broker or agent for the rental of a room and any tenant shall permit such inspection of the room by the Administrator as he may from time to time require.

Sec. 9. Evasion. The maximum rents and other requirements provided in this regulation shall not be evaded, either directly or indirectly in connection with the renting or leasing or the transfer of a lease of a room, by requiring the tenant to pay or obligate himself for membership or other fees, or by modification of the practices relating to payment of commissions or other charges, or by modification of the services furnished with the room, or otherwise.

SEC. 10. Enforcement. Persons vio-lating any provisions of this regulation are subject to criminal penalties, civil enforcement actions, and suits for treble damages as provided for by the Act.

SEC. 11. Procedure. All registration statements, reports and notices provided for by this regulation shall be filed with the Area Rent Office. All landlord's petitions and tenant's applications shall be filed with such office in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation No. 3,3 (§§ 1300.201 to 1300.259a, inclusive).

SEC. 12. Petitions for amendment. Persons seeking any amendment of general applicability to any provision of this regulation may file petitions therefor in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation No. 3 (§§ 1300.201 to 1300.-259a, inclusive).

SEC. 13. Definitions. (a) When used in this regulation the term:

(1) "Act" means the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942.

(2) "Administrator" means the Price Administrator of the Office of Price Administration, or the Rent Director or such other person or persons as the Administrator may appoint or designate to carry out any of the duties delegated to him by the Act.
(3) "Rent Director" means the per-

son designated by the Administrator as director of the Defense-Rental Area or such person or persons as may be designated to carry out any of the duties delegated to the Rent Director by the Administrator.

(4) "Area Rent Office" means the Office of the Rent Director in the Defense-

Rental Area.

(5) "Person" includes an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or any other organized group of persons, or legal successor or representative of any of the foregoing, and includes the United States or any agency thereof, or any other government, or any of its political subdivisions, or any agency of any of the foregoing.

(6) "Housing accommodations" means any building structure, or part thereof, or land appurtenant thereto, or any other real or personal property rented or offered for rent for living or dwelling purposes (including houses, apartments, hotels, rooming or boarding house accommodations, and other properties used for living or dwelling purposes), together with all privileges, services, furnishings, furniture, equipment, facilities and improvements connected with the use or occupancy of such property.

(7) "Room" means a room or group of rooms rented or offered for rent as a unit in a hotel or rooming house. The term includes ground rented as space

for a trailer.

(8) "Services" includes repairs, decorating, and maintenance, the furnishing of light, heat, hot and cold water, telephone, elevator service, window shades, and storage, kitchen, bath, and laundry facilities and privileges, maid service, linen service, janitor service, the removal of refuse and any other privilege or facility connected with the use or occupancy of a room.

(9) "Landlord" includes an owner, lessor, sublessor, assignee or other person receiving or entitled to receive rent for the use or occupancy of any room, or an agent of any of the foregoing.

(10) "Tenant" includes a subtenant, lessee, sublessee, or other person entitled to the possession or to the use or occu-

pancy of any room.
(11) "Rent" means the consideration, including any bonus, benefit, or gratuity demanded or received for or in connection with the use or occupancy of room or the transfer of a lease of such room.

[Subparagraph (11) amended by Am. 30, 9 F.R. 10631, effective 9-1-44]

- (12) "Term of occupancy" means occupancy on a daily, weekly, or monthly basis.
- (13) "Hotel" means any establishment generally recognized as such in its community, containing more than 50 rooms and used predominantly for transient occupancy.
- (14) "Rooming house" means, in addition to its customary usage, a building or portion of a building other than a hotel in which a furnished room or rooms not constituting an apartment are rented on a short time basis of daily, weekly, or monthly occupancy to more than two paying tenants not members of the landlord's immediate family. The term includes boarding houses, dormitories, auto camps, trailers, residence clubs, tourist homes or cabins, and all other establishments of a similar nature.
- (b) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in section 302 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 shall apply to other terms used in this regulation.

²⁹ F.R. 10484.

SCHEDULE A-DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS

Name of Defense-Rental Area	State	County or counties in Defense-Rental Area under rent regulation for hotels and rooming houses	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which regis- tration state- ment to be filed (inclusive)
(1) [Revoked] (1a) Baldwin County (2) Birmingham (3) Dothan-Ozark	Alabama Alabama Alabama Alabama	Baldwin. Cleburne, Jefferson, St. Clair, Shelby, and Talladega. Dale and Houston. Coffee Etowah.	Mar. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1943 July 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1943 Nov. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1944 Aug. 31, 1942 Oct. 16, 1942 Dec. 15, 1943 Dec. 16, 1942
(4) Gadsen. (5) [Revoked] (6) Lanett. (7) Mobile. (8) Montgomery.	AlabamaAlabama	Chambers	Mar. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942 Nov. 1 1942	Jan. 15, 1943 Aug. 31, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
(9) Muscle Shoals-Huntsville (10) Selma. (11) [Revoked] (12) [Revoked]	Alabama	Macon	Mar. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943 Aug. 15, 1942 Nov 15, 1942
(13) Fort Huachuea (14) Phoenix-Salt River Valley (15) Prescott-Flagstaff	ArizonaArizona	Cochise and Santa Cruz. Gila and Maricopa. Coconino and Yayapai. That portion of the County of Mohave south of the Colorado	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1943	Nov. 15, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943 Nov. 15, 1942 Dec. 15, 1943
(16) Tucson	Arizona	Rivêr. Pima Yuma Mississippi	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Dec. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943 Jan. 15, 1943 Nov. 15, 1942 Oct. 16, 1942
(20) El Dorado (21) Fort Smith (22) [Revoked] (23) Little Rock	Arkansas Arkansas Arkansas	Lonoke and Pulaski	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(24) Newport-Walnut Ridge	Arkansas Arkansas Arkansas Arkansas Arkansas	Saline Craighead, Independence, Jackson, and Lawrence. Randolph Jefferson Arkansas County and the Southern District of Prairie County consisting of the Townships of Belcher, Centor, Hazen, Lower Surrounded Hill, Roc Roe, Tyler, and Watensaw.	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Feb. 1, 1943 Aug. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 Mar. 18, 1943 Sept. 15, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943
(28) Revoked] (27) Revoked] (27a) Fresno (27b) Imperial County (28) Lassen County	California	Fresno. Imperial. Lassen.	Jan. 1, 1944 Mar. 1, 1943 Mar. 1, 1942	June 1,1944 Sept. 1,1944 Nov. 1,1942	July 15, 1944 Oct. 15, 1944 Dec. 16, 1942
(29) [Revoked] (30) Los Angeles	California	Los Angeles and Orange Sutter and Yuba. Butte	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943
(32) [Revoked] (33) Modesto-Merced	California	Merced and Stanislaus. Monterey County and in Santa Cruz County the Township of Watsonville. Contra Costa, Napa, and Solano	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Jan. 1, 1941	Dec. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1943 Aug. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943 Dec. 15, 1943 Oct. 15, 1942
(35) Riverside. (35a) Sacramento. (36) San Bernardino. (37) San Diego.	California California California California	Sacramento, San Joseph and Volo	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Sept. 15, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 Aug., 31, 1942
	California	Encinitas, National, and San Diego in their entireties, and that part of the Judicial Township of El Cajon lying west of the Cleveland National Forest.	Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug, 31, 1942
(38) San Francisco Bay	California	Alameda, Marin, San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Ciara, and	Mar. 1, 1942	The state of the second	AND THE PERSON IN THE
(39) San Luis Obispo	California	In the County of Santa Barbara Judicial Townships Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, and 19.	Jan. 1, 1941 July 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	The second	
(40a) Ventura (41) Tulare-Kings (42) Colorado Springs (43) Denver (44) [Revoked]	California Colorado Colorado	El Paso. Adams, Arapahoe, Denver, and Jefferson	1 JULET, 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943 Nov. 15, 1942
(44a) Grand Junction (45) Leadville-Salida	Colorado	Eagle, Lake and Summit.	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1944 Dec. 1, 1942 Aug. 1, 1943 Nov. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Jan 15 1943
(47) Bridgeport	Connecticut	Fairfield, Shelton, Stratford, Trumbull, and Westport. County of Fairfield other than the towns of Bridgeport, Factor Fairfield Shelton Stratford Trumbull and West	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
(48) Hartford-New Britain	Connecticut	Port. In the County of Hartford the Towns of Berlin, Bloomfield, Bristol, East Hartford, East Windsor, Farmington, Glastonbury, Hartford, Manchester, New Britain, Newington, Plainville, Rocky Hill, Scuthington, South Windsor, West Hartford, Wethersfield, Windsor, and Windsor Locks; in the County of Middlesex the Towns of Cromwell, Middlefield, Middletown, and Portland; in the County of New Haven the Towns of Meriden and Wallingford; and in the County of Tolland the Town of Vernon. County of Hartford other than the Towns of Berlin, Bloomfield, Bristol, East Hartford, East Windsor, Farmington, Glastonbury, Hartford, Manchester, New Britain, Newington, Plainville, Rocky Hill, Southington, South Windsor, West Hartford, Wethersfield, Windsor, and Windsor Locks; County of Middletown, and Portland; and the County of Tolland other than the Town of Vernon. In the County of New Baven the Towns of Absonia, Bran-	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	Connectfeut	County of Hartford other than the Towns of Berlin, Bloomfield, Bristol, East Hartford, East Windsor, Farmington, Glastonbury, Hartford, Manchester, New Britain, Newington, Plainyille, Rocky Hill, Southington, South Windsor, West Hartford, Wethersfield, Windsor, and Windsor Locks; County of Middlesex other than the Towns of Cromwell, Middlefield, Middletown, and Portland; and the County	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(49) New Haven	Connecticut	Milford, New Haven, North Branford, North Haven, Orange,	-	July 1, 1942	
(50) New London	Connecticut	Seymour, West Haven, and Woodbridge, New London and Windham	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942

	Qui.	EDULE A-DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS-Continued			
Name of Defense-Rental Area	State	County or counties in Defense-Rental Area under rent regu- lation for hotels and rooming houses	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which regis- tration state- ment to be filed (inclusive)
(51) Waterbury		In the County of Litchfield the Towns of Plymouth, Thomaston, and Watertown; and in the County of New Haven the Towns of Beacon Falls, Cheshire, Waterbury, Middlebury, Naugatuck, Prospect, and Wolcott. County of Litchfield other than the Towns of Plymouth, Thomaston, and Watertown; and in the County of New Haven the Towns of Bethany, Oxford, and Southbury.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942 Aug. 31, 1942
arm (Donato 2)	Connecticut	Thomaston, and Watertown; and in the County of New Haven the Towns of Bethany, Oxford, and Southbury.	Apr. 1, 1ear	July 1, 1042	Aug. 51,1042
(52) [Revoked] (53) Delaware	Delaware	New CastleKent and Sussex	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943
(54) [Revoked] (55) Banana River	- Florida	Brevard	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1943 Mar. 1, 1943	Dec. 1,1942 Dec. 1,1943 June 1,1944	Jan. 15, 1943 Jan. 1, 1944 July 15, 1944
(55b) Fort Myers	Florida	Lee	Jan. 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(57) Jacksonville, Fla	Florida	Duval	Apr. 1, 1941 Oct. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(58) Key West	Florida	Monroe	Oct. 1, 1941	Oct. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942 Aug. 31, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 June 15, 1943
(60) Marianna	Florida	Columbia Jackson Jac	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942 May 1, 1943 Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(61) Orlando	- Florida	Orange	Mar. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942	TYON 16 1049
(62) Panama City	Florida	BayFranklin and Gulf	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1 1042	Dec. 1, 1942	Tan 15, 1942
(63) Pensacola		Escambia	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
	Florida	Okaloosa	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1943	Dec. 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942 May 1, 1943 June 1, 1944	Oct. 16, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943 Oct. 16, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 June 15, 1943 July 15, 1944
(63a) St. Augustine	Florida	Santa Rosa	Mar. 1, 1943	June 1, 1944	July 15, 1944
(64) [Revoked]	- A - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C		Terrain To Terrain		THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE
(65) Tallahassee	Florida	Leon	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 May 1, 1943 Sept. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec 16, 1942 June 15, 1943
(66) Tampa	Florida	Wakulla. Hillsborough, Pinellas, and Polk. Highlands.	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	June 15, 1943 Oct. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
(67) [Revoked]	Florida	Highlands			Dec. 16, 1942
(67a) Americus	Georgia	Sumter	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1943 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1943 Dec. 16, 1942
(68) Albany, Ga	. Georgia	Dougherty	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Ian. 15, 1943
(69) Athens	Georgia	Clarke Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, and Fulton	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(70) Atlanta	Georgia. South Carolina	Richmond	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942
(72) Bainbridge-Cairo	South Carolina	Alken	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(73) Brunswick	Georgia	Decatur and Grady Brantley, Camden, Glynn, McIntosh, and Wayne Ware	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942 May 1, 1943	Oct. 16, 1942 June 15, 1943
(74) Columbus, Ga	Georgia	Ware. Muscosee. In the County of Russell Election Precinct One. including the City of Phenix City. Laurens.	Jan. 1, 1941 Jan. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942 Aug. 31, 1942
(74a) Dublin	Georgia	Laurens	July 1, 1948	June 1, 1944	July 15, 1944
(75) Hinesville	Georgia	Liberty	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Aug. 31, 1942
(76) Macon	Georgia	Colomit	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(77) Moultrie. (78) Savannah. (78a) Thomasville.	Georgia	Chatham Thomas County and those portions of the towns of Pavo and Barwick in Brooks County and that portion of the town of Meigs in Mitchell County.	Mar. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1943	Nov. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942 June 1, 1944	Aug. 31, 1942 July 15, 1944
(79) Toccos	Georgia	Stephens	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 Feb. 15, 1944
(80) Valdosta	Georgia	Lowndes Ada and Elmore	Jan. 1, 1942	Nov 1, 1942 Jan. 1, 1944	Feb. 15, 1944
(80a) Boise (81) Cocur d'Alene-Pend Orielle	Idaho	Bonner and Kootenai	Jan. 1, 1943 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(82) Pocatello-Idaho Falls 1	Idaho	Bannock	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943 Nov. 15, 1942 Aug. 31, 1942
(84) [Revoked]	THIRDIS				
(85) Dixon	Illinois	Lee Will	Mar. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1941	Sept. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942 Aug. 31, 1942
(87) Kankakee	Illinois	Kankakee	Apr. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942 May 1, 1943 May 1, 1943 Nov. 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(87) Kankakee (88) La Salle County (88a) Macomb-Canton	Illinois	La Salle	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1943	June 15, 1943 Dec. 15, 1943
(89) Quad Cities	I Hillinois	Rock Island	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
(90) Quincy	10Wa	Scott Adams	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
	Missouri	Lewis and Marion	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(91) Champaign-Vermilion(91a) Galesburg	Illinois	Champaign and Vermilion Knox	Mar. 1, 1942 July 1, 1943	Sept. 1, 1942 May 1, 1944	Oct. 16, 1942 June 15, 1944
(92) Rockford	lilinois	Boone and Winnebago	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1943	Aug. 15, 1942
(93) Savanna-Clinton	Illinois	De Kalb Carroll Carrol	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1943 Sept. 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942 Oct. 15, 1943 Oct. 16, 1942
the state of the s	Iowa	Clinton	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
(94) Springfield-Decatur(95) [Revoked]	Illinois	Christian, Logan, Macon, and Sangamon	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(96) [Revoked]					0.4 70 70.7
(97) Columbus, Indiana	Indiana	Bartholomew, Brown, Johnson, Morgan, and Shelby	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
	Indiana	LawrenceJackson	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(98) Richmond-Connersville	Indiana	Fayette	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 15, 1943
(99) [Revoked]	Indiana	Wayne	PARKET WATER	I amount to the same	The second second
(100) Evansville-Henderson	Indiana	VanderburghHenderson	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942 Oct. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943 Nov. 15, 1942 Aug. 31, 1942
	Kentucky	Union	Mor 1 1049	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(101) Fort Wayne	Indiana	Allen	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 July 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1942
102) Gary-Hammond	Indiana	AdamsLake	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(103) Indiapanolis	Indiana	Marion Fountain, Tippecanoe, and Warren	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	
(104) La Fayette. (105) La Porte-Michigan City.	Indiana	La Porte and Starke.	Apr. 1, 1941	1 0 Uly 1, 1092	Aug. 15, 1942
(106) Anderson	Indiana	Huntington, Miami, and Wabash	Apr. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943
(107) [Revoked]	Indiana	Delaware, Grant, Howard, and Madison		The state of the s	The same of the sa
(108) South Bend	Indiana	St. Joseph and Elkhart.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942 Oct. 16, 1942
(109) Terre Haute	Indiana Illinois	Parke and Vermillion Edgar	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
(110) 371	Indiana	Vigo Daviess and Knox	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(110) Vincennes	Indiana	Daviess and KnoxLawrence	Apr. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942
(III) (Davaha II	Indiana	Martin	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(HI) [Revoked]					

See footnotes at end of table.

See footnotes at end of table.

SCHEDULE A-DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS-Continued

10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1942 1, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943 1, 1942 Oct. 16, 1943 1, 1943 Oct. 15, 1943 1, 1944 July 15, 1944 1, 1944 Oct. 16, 1944 1, 1942 Oct. 16, 1943 1, 1944 July 15, 1944 1, 1942 Oct. 16, 1943 1, 1944 July 15, 1944 1, 1942 July 15, 1944 1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1943 1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1943 1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1944 1, 1942 July 15, 1944 1, 1942 Dec. 16, 1943 1, 1942 Dec. 16, 1943 1, 1942 Sept. 15, 1943 1, 1944 July 15, 1944 1, 1942 Sept. 15, 1943 1, 1944 July 15, 1944 1, 1944 July 15, 1944 1, 1945 Sept. 15, 1943 1, 1944 July 15, 1944 1, 1945 Sept. 15, 1943 1, 1945 Sept. 15, 1943 1, 1944 July 15, 1944 1, 1945 Sept. 15, 1943 1, 1944 July 15, 1944 1, 1945 Sept. 16, 1943 1, 1944 July 15, 1944 1, 1945 Sept. 16, 1943 1, 1944 July 15, 1944 1, 1944 J
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1480 Ottumwa	1, 1943 Dec. 15, 1943 1, 1944 July 15, 1944 1, 1944 July 18, 1944 1, 1942 Oct. 16, 1942 1, 1948 June 18, 1944 1, 1948 June 18, 1944 1, 1944 Mar. 15, 1944 1, 1944 Mar. 15, 1944 1, 1944 June 18, 1944 1, 1942 June 18, 1942 1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1942 1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1942 1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1944 1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1944 1, 1942 Dec. 16, 1943 1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1944 1, 1944 July 15, 1944 1, 1944 July 16, 1944
(14b) Sloux City	1,1944 July 15, 1944 1,1944 Oct. 16, 1942 1,1942 Oct. 16, 1942 1,1943 June 15, 1944 1,1944 Mar. 15, 1944 1,1944 Sept. 15, 1944 1,1942 Aug. 31, 1942 1,1942 Aug. 31, 1942 1,1942 Aug. 31, 1942 1,1942 Oct. 15, 1944 1,1942 Oct. 15, 1944 1,1942 Oct. 15, 1942 1,1942 Aug. 31, 1942 1,1942 Dec. 16, 1942 1,1942 Aug. 31, 1942 1,1942 Aug. 31, 1944 1,1942 Aug. 31, 1944 1,1942 Aug. 31, 1944 1,1942 Aug. 31, 1944 1,1942 Sept. 15, 1943 1,1944 July 15, 1944 1,1945 Sept. 15, 1943 1,1944 July 15, 1944 1,1945 Dec. 16, 1943 1,1945 Sept. 15, 1943 1,1946 July 15, 1944 1,1947 Dec. 16, 1943 1,1948 Sept. 15, 1943 1,1949 Dec. 16, 1944
Cherokee and Crawford	1,1942 Oct. 16, 1942 1,1943 June 15, 1943 1,1944 Mar. 15, 1944 1,1943 June 15, 1944 1,1943 June 15, 1943 1,1942 June 15, 1943 1,1942 June 15, 1944 1,1942 Oct. 15, 1944 1,1942 Oct. 15, 1944 1,1942 July 15, 1944 1,1942 July 15, 1944 1,1942 Sept. 16, 1944 1,1942 Sept. 16, 1944 1,1942 Sept. 16, 1944 1,1944 July 15, 1944 1,1944 July 15, 1944 1,1944 Sept. 16, 1944 1,1944 July 15, 1944 1,1943 Sept. 16, 1944 1,1944 July 15, 1944 1,1944 July 15, 1944 1,1943 Sept. 16, 1944 1,1944 July 15, 1944
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Hitchinson Kansas Geary and Riley Apr. 1941 Muly 1191 Liberal Kansas Geary and Riley Apr. 1941 Muly 1192 Liberal Kansas Geary and Riley Apr. 1941 Muly 1192 Liberal Kansas Seward Mar. 1942 Dec. 1202 Parsons Kansas Labette July 1941 Liberal Mar. 1942 Dec. 1202 Parsons Mar. 1942 Parsons Mar. 1944 Parsons Mar. 1944 Parsons Mar. 1944 Parsons Mar. 1944	1,1944 Sept. 15, 1944 1,1943 June 16, 1945 1,1942 Aug. 31, 1941 1,1942 Jan. 15, 1945 1,1942 Oct. 15, 1944 1,1942 July 15, 1944 1,1942 Jan. 15, 1945 1,1942 Jan. 15, 1945 1,1942 Dec. 16, 1945 1,1942 Sept. 15, 1945 1,1942 Sept. 15, 1945 1,1942 Sept. 15, 1945 1,1944 July 15, 1944 1,1944 July 15, 1944 1,1945 Sept. 16, 1945 1,1944 July 15, 1944 1,1945 Sept. 16, 1945 1,1945 Sept. 16, 1945 1,1946 July 15, 1946 1,1946 July 15, 1946 1,1947 July 15, 1946 1,1948 Jept. 16, 1945 1,1948 Jept. 16, 1945 1,1944 July 15, 1946 1,1945 Jept. 16, 1945 1,1945 Jept. 16, 1945 1,1944 July 15, 1946 1,1945 Jept. 16, 1947 1,1944 July 15, 1946 1,1945 Jept. 16, 1947 1,1944 July 15, 1946 1,1944 July 15, 1946 1,1946 Jept. 16, 1947 1,1948 Jept. 16, 1948 1,1948 Jept. 16, 1948 1,1948 Jept. 16, 1948 1,1948 Jept. 1948 1,19
Hitchinson Kansas Geary and Riley Apr. 1941 Muly 1191 Liberal Kansas Geary and Riley Apr. 1941 Muly 1192 Liberal Kansas Geary and Riley Apr. 1941 Muly 1192 Liberal Kansas Seward Mar. 1942 Dec. 1202 Parsons Kansas Labette July 1941 Liberal Mar. 1942 Dec. 1202 Parsons Mar. 1942 Parsons Mar. 1944 Parsons Mar. 1944 Parsons Mar. 1944 Parsons Mar. 1944	1,1942 Aug. 31,1942 1,1942 Jan. 15, 1943 1,1942 Oct. 15,1943 1,1944 July 15,1943 1,1942 Dec. 16,1943 1,1942 Dec. 16,1943 1,1942 Aug. 31,1942 1,1942 Aug. 31,1943 1,1942 Sept. 15,1943 1,1942 Sept. 15,1943 1,1944 July 15,1944 1,1944 July 15,1944 1,1944 July 15,1944 1,1944 Dec. 16,1943 1,1944 July 15,1944 1,1945 Sept. 15,1943 1,1944 July 15,1944 1,1945 Dec. 16,1943 1,1944 Dec. 16,1943 1,1944 Dec. 16,1943 1,1944 Dec. 16,1944
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Clark and Floyd	1, 1942 Sept. 15, 1943 1, 1944 July 15, 1944 1, 1942 Dec. 16, 1943 1, 1943 Sept. 15, 1943 1, 1942 Dec. 16, 1944 1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1944
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Clay Paducah Kentucky Ballard Mar. 1,1942 Aug.	1, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 1, 1943 Sept. 15, 1943 1, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1945
(128) Richmond, Ky Kentucky Madison Mar. 1, 1942 Nov. (129) A bexandria Leesville Louisiana Parishes of Beauregard, Rapides, and Vernon Jan. 1, 1942 July 1, 1042 Nov. (130) Baton Rouge Louisiana Parishes of East Baton Rouge and West Baton Rouge Mar. 1, 1042 Nov. (132) Minden Louisiana Parish of Calcasieu Mar. 1, 1942 Nov. (133) Monroe-Bastrop Louisiana Parishes of Morehouse, Quachita, and Union Mar. 1, 1942 Nov. (134) Shreveport Louisiana Parishes of Jefferson, Orleans, and St. Bernard Mar. 1, 1942 Sept. (136) Bangor Louisiana Parishes of Bessier and Caddo July 1, 1943 Sept. (136) Bath Maine Penobscot Mar. 1, 1942 Dec. (137) Portland Maine Androscoggin and Cumberland Mar. 1, 1942 Dec. (138) Presque Isle Maine Arostook Mar. 1, 1942 Dec. (139) Batimore Maryland City of Battimore and the Counties of Anne Arundel, Falitimore Apr. 1, 1941 July July	1, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1942
	1, 1942 Dec. 16, 1941
133 Monroe-Bastrop Louisiana Parishes of Morehouse, Quachita, and Union Mar. 1, 1342 Nov. (134a) Shreveport Louisiana Parishes of Jefferson, Orleans, and St. Bernard Mar. 1, 1342 Sept. (134a) Shreveport Louisiana Parishes of Bossier and Caddo July 1, 1943 Sept. (135b) Bagor Maine Penobscot Mar. 1, 1942 Dec. (136b) Bath Maine Lincoln and Sagadahoe Apr. 1, 1941 July (137) Portland Maine Androscoggin and Cumberland Mar. 1, 1942 Dec. (138) Presque Isle Maine Arcostook Mar. 1, 1942 Dec. (138) Paltimore Maryland City of Baltimore and the Counties of Anne Arundel, Faltimore Apr. 1, 1941 July Mar. 1, 1942 Dec. (136) Paltimore Maryland Frederick Maryland Frederick Maryland Maryland Mar. 1, 1942 Dec. (140) Hagerstown Maryland Washington Mar. 1, 1942 Sept. (141) Indian Head-Patuxent River Maryland St. Marys and Calvert Maryland St. Marys and Calvert Mar. 1, 1942 Nov. (142) Montgomery-Prince Georges Maryland St. Marys and Calvert Mar. 1, 1942 Nov. (143) Eastern Massachusetts Parishes of Morehouse, Orleans, and St. Bernard Mar. 1, 1942 Sept. (146) Pittsfield Massachusetts Perkshire Perkshire Mar. 1, 1942 Nov. (146) Pittsfield Mass. Massachusetts Perkshire Mar. 1, 1942 Nov. (147) Worcester Massachusetts Perkshire Mar. 1, 1942 Sept. (146) Pittsfield Mass. Massachusetts Perkshire Mar. 1, 1942 Sept. (146) Pittsfield Mass. Massachusetts Perkshire Mar. 1, 1942 Sept. (146) Pittsfield Mass. Massachusetts Perkshire Mar. 1, 1942 Sept. (146) Pittsfield Massachusetts Perkshi	1 1942 Aug. 15 1949
135 Bangor	1, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
Maine	1, 1944 Oct. 15, 1944
(138) Presque Isle. Maine Aroostook. Maryland City Galtimore and the Counties of Ame Arundel, Palti- more, Carroll, Cecil, Harford, and Howard. Mar. 1, 1942 Dec. (139) Frederick. Maryland Frederick Maryland Weshington Maryland Weshington Maryland St. Maryland Mar. 1, 1942 Nov. (142) Moutgomery-Prince Georges Maryland St. Maryland St. Maryland St. Maryland St. Maryland Marylan	1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1943
Main	1, 1942 Sept. 15, 1942 1, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943
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Maryland Weshington Maryland Weshington Maryland Maryland Charles Maryland Charles Maryland Sept.	1, 1944 July 15, 1944 1, 1942 Oct. 16, 1945
(143) Eastern Massachusetts. Massachusetts Essex Mary Hand Massachusetts Essex Massachusetts Berkshire Massachusetts Berkshire Massachusetts Hampden and Hampshire Mar. 1, 1942 Sept. (145) Pittsfield. Massachusetts Berkshire Mar. 1, 1942 Sept. (146) Springfield, Mass. Massachusetts Hampden and Hampshire Mar. 1, 1942 July (147) Worcester Massachusetts. Worcester Mar. 1, 1942 Sept. (148) Beyokadi	1, 1942 Oct. 16, 1942 1, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
144 Essex County, Mass	1, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 1, 1943 Dec. 15, 1942 1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1942
	AND THE RESERVE AND THE PARTY OF THE PARTY O
(145) Springfield, Mass. Massachusetts. Hampden and Hampshire. Mar. 1, 1942 July (147) Worcester Massachusetts. Worcester Sept. (148) [Revoked]	1, 1942 Oct. 16, 1943
(148) (Revoked)	1, 1942 Aug. 31, 194
Michigan Macomb, Oakland, and Wayne Apr. 1, 1941 July	The second secon
(150) Grand Rapids-Muskegon Mar. 1, 1942 Oct. Michigan Muskegon Mar. 1, 1942 Oct.	1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1943 1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1943 1, 1942 Nov. 15, 1943
	1, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 1, 1942 Jap. 15, 1943
Michigan Kent and Ottawa Mar. 1, 1942 Dec. (180a) Hillsdale Men. 1, 1943 Mer. 1, 1943 Apr. (181) (181) Jackson, Mich Michigan Jackson Mar. 1, 1942 Sept.	1, 1944 May 15, 194
Michigan Lenawee with the first the first tenawee with the first ten	1, 1942 Dec. 16, 1943
(152) Kalamazoo-Battle Creek Michigan Lenawee and Monroe Mar. 1, 1842 Nov. Mar. 1, 1942 Oct.	1, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 1, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942
Michigan Kalamazoo Mar. 1, 1942 Dec. Michigan Clinton, Eaton, and Ingham Mar. 1, 1942 Cet.	1, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943 1, 1942 Nov. 15, 1943
(154) Ludington 4 Mehigan Mason Mar. 1.1942 Oct.	1, 1942 Nov. 15, 1941
(155) Niles Michigan Berrien Apr. 1, 1941 July	1, 1942 Aug. 81, 1942
(155a) Owosso. Michigan Shiawassee Mar. 1, 1943 June (156) Port Huron Michigan St. Clair Mar. 1, 1942 Dec. (157) Saginaw-Bay City Michigan Bay, Midland, and Saginaw Mar. 1, 1942 July	1, 1944 July 15, 1944 1, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943
(158) [Revoked]	1, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943 1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1943
(159) Duluth-Superior	1, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 1, 1942 Dec. 16, 1943
(160) Minneapolis-St. Paul. Minnesota Anoka, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, and Washington Mar. 1, 1042 Nov.	1 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
(161) [Revoked] Mar. 1, 1944 Aug. (161) [Revoked]	1, 1944 Sept. 15, 1944
(162) Biloxi-Pescagoula. Mississippi Harrison and Jackson Apr. 1, 1941 July (163) Centroville Mississippi Mar 1, 1942 May	1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1943 1, 1943 June 15, 1943 1, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942
(194) Columbus, Mississippi Chickasaw Clay Itawamba, Lee, and Monroe Mar. 1, 1942 Oct.	1, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942
Alabama Lamar Mar. 1, 1942 Oct. Mississippi Lowndes Mar. 1, 1942 Nov.	1, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 1, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
Alabama Pickens Mar. 1, 1942 Nov.	1, 1943 Dec. 15, 1943 1, 1942 Nov. 15, 1943
Mississippi Calhoun and Yalobusha Mar. 1, 1942 Feb.	1, 1943 Mar. 18, 1943
(167) Jackson Miss Mississippi Hinds Madison and Rankin Mar. 1 1942 Dec.	1, 1942 Aug. 31, 1943
(167a) Laurel Mississippi Jones Mar, 1, 1942 Nov. (168) Meridian Mississippi Lauderdale Mar, 1, 1942 Oct.	1, 1942 Nov. 16, 184- 1, 1942 Dec. 16, 194- 1, 1943 Dec. 15, 194- 1, 1943 Nov. 15, 194- 1, 1943 Mar. 18, 194- 1, 1942 Aug. 81, 194- 1, 1942 Jan. 15, 194- 1, 1942 Dec. 15, 194- 1, 1942 Nov. 15, 194- 1, 1942 Nov. 15, 194-

FEDERAL REGISTER, Thursday, September 14, 1944

SCHEDULE A-DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS-Continued

A	ame of Defense-Rental Area	State	County or counties in Defense-Rental Area under rent regulation for hotels and rooming houses	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which regis- tration state- ment to be filed (inclusive)
	Toplin-Neosho	Missouri	Jasper and Newton	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(170)	Kansas City	Missouri	Clay, Jackson, and Platte	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1,1942 Sept. 1,1942	Oct. 16, 1942 Oct. 16, 1942
(171)	Pike	Missouri	Pika	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
		Illinois	Pike	Mar. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1941	Sept. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
(172)	Rolla-Waynesville	Missouri	Pike Laclede, Phelps, and Pulaski Johnson and Pettis	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942 Oct. 16, 1942 Aug. 31, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943 Sept. 15, 1944 Aug. 31, 1942
(173a)	SedaliaSpringfield, Mo	Missouri	Greene. City of St. Louis and the Counties of Jefferson, St. Charles,	Mar. 1, 1942 July 1, 1943 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942 Aug. 1, 1944 July 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1944
(174) S	t. Louis	Missouri	and St. Louis.	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1042
		Illinois	Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
(175)	Great Falls	Montana	Cascade	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1943	Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
(1768)	AllianceFairbury-York	Nebraska	Box Butte. Fillmore, Jefferson, Thayer, and York	Mar. 1, 1943	Aug. 1, 1944	Sept. 15, 1944
(177)	Frand Island	Nebraska	Hall	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942 Dec. 12, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(178)	Hastings	Nebraska	Adams and Clay Buffalo	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1942	Jan. 26, 1943 June 15, 1943
(180)	Kearney Lincoln	Nebraska	Lancaster	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(180a)	McCook	Nebraska	Redwillow Dodge and Saunders Douglas and Sarpy	Mar. 1, 1943	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943 Sept. 15, 1942
(181)	Omaha	Nebraska	Douglas and Sarny	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1942
		IowaNebraska	Pottawatamie Cheyenne	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943 Jan. 15, 1943 Oct. 16, 1942
	Sidney, Nebr	Nebraska	Cheyenne	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
(1839)	Revoked) Goldfield-Tonopah	Nevada	Those portions of Esmeralda and Nye Counties consisting of	Oct. 1, 1948	Aug. 1, 1944	Sept. 15, 1944
111111111111111111111111111111111111111			Those portions of Esmeralda and Nye Counties consisting of Townships 1, 2, and 3 North and Townships 1, 2, and 3 South, Range 42 East, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian.			
(194)	or Voces	Nevada	Range 42 East, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian.	July 1 1041	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(185)	Las Vegas	Nevada	Washoe	July 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(186)	Reno Manchester	Nevada New Hampshire	Sullivan	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(197) 7	Portsmouth	New Hampshire	Hillsborough. Rockingham and Strafford.	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1,1942 Dec. 1,1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943
(187a)	Atlantic County	New Jersey	Atlantie	Mar. 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1943	Dec. 1, 1942 June 1, 1944	Jan. 15, 1943 July 15, 1944
	Revoked]	New Jersey	Burlington, Camden, and Gloucester	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1943
(1888)	Southern New Jersey	New Jersey	Salem	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
dames I		New Jersey	Salem Cape May and Cumberland	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(189) [Revoked Northeastern New Jersey	New Jersey	Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris,	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(100)	NOT THE ASTERD AND THE PERSON AND TH		Passaic, Somerset, and Union.	NAMES OF TAXABLE	VINE MARKET	WALLEY WALLEY
cion e	Crenton	New Jersey	Sussex	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942 Oct. 16, 1942
(191)	renton	New Jersey	Warren Hunterdon and Mercer	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(192)	Alamogordo	New Mexico	Otero	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(193)	AlbuquerqueCarlsbad	New Mexico	Bernaillo	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943 Nov. 15, 1943
(103)	Carisbad	New Mexico	Lea	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(195)	Deming	New Mexico	Luna	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
	Revoked]	New Mexico	Chaves	Mar. 1, 1842	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
		New Mexico	Chaves Curry, DeBaca, and Roosevelt San Miguel	Mar. 1, 1942	Feb. 1, 1943	Mar. 18, 1943
(197a)	San Miguel County	New Mexico	San Miguel	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1943 Oct. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1944 Nov. 15, 1942
(199)	Silver City-Lordsburg LAlbany-Troy, N. YBingbamton	New York	Hidalgo Albany and Rensselaer	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(200)	Binghamton	New York	Broome and Tioga	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(201)	Buffalo Elmíra	New York	Erie and Niagara Chemung and Steuben	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942 Oct. 16, 1942
	Jamestown	New York Pennsylvania	Chantanona	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1,1942	Nov. 15, 1943
(904)	Poughkeepsie	Pennsylvania New York	Warren. Dutchess, Orange, and Ulster. Genesee, Monroe, Orleans, and Wayne	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1,1942 Dec. 1,1942	Nov. 15, 1942 Jan. 15, 1942
(204)	Rochester	New York	Genesee, Monroe, Orleans, and Wayne	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(206)	RochesterSt. Lawrence County	New York	1 St. Lawrence	Apr. 1, 1941 Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
(207)	Schenectady	New York	County of Schenectady; and in the County of Saratoga the towns of Ballston, Charlton, and Clifton Park.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
		New York	County of Montgomery and the County of Saratoga other than	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 194
(208)	Senera	New York	the towns of Ballston, Charlton, and Clifton Park, Ontario, Seneca, and Yates	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1,1942	Dec. 16, 1945
(209)	SenecaSidney, N. Y	New York	Chenango, Delaware, and Otsego	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1945
(210)	Syracuse	New York	Cayuga, Onondaga, and Oswego	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Sept 1 1942	Dec. 16, 1945
(212)	Utica-Rome Watertown	New York	Herkimer, Madison, and Oneida	Mar. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1941	Sept. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 194; Aug. 31, 194;
(212a)	Watertown Burlington, N. C	New York North Carolina	Alamance	Apr. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1943	July 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
(212D)	Asheville Charlotte	North Carolina	Buncombe Mecklenburg Mec	Mar. 1, 1943 July 1, 1943	Feb. 1, 1944 Aug. 1, 1944	Mar. 15, 194 Sept. 15, 194
(213)	Durham	North Carolina	Durham	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(214)	Durham Elizabeth City, N. C	North Carolina	Pasquotank	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1,1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(215)	Favetteville	North Carolina	Pasquotank Chowan and Perquimans. Cumberland and Hoke	Mar. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1943 July 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 194; Aug. 31, 194;
(216)	Goldsboro Greensboro 1	North Carolina	Lenoir, Wayne and Wilson	Mar. 1. 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 194: July 15, 194:
(2168)	Greensboro 1	North Carolina	County of Guilford other than High Point Township	July 1, 1943	June 1, 1944	July 15, 1945 Jan. 15, 1945
(218)	Henderson Jacksonville, N. C	North Carolina	VanceOnslow	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 194
(219)	Laurinburg	North Carolina	Richmond, Robeson, and Scotland	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 194
(220)	Monroe, N. C	South Carolina	Marlboro Union	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942		Jan. 15, 1943 Nov. 15, 1943
(221)	New Bern	North Carolina	Carteret and Craven	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 194
12218)	Rocky Mount	North Carolina	Edgecomb and Nash	Mar. 1, 1943	Feb. 1, 1944	Mar. 15, 194
(222)	Pender County Southern Pines	North Carolina	Pender Moore Moo	Jan. 1, 1943 Mar. 1, 1942		June 15, 194 June 15, 194
(223)	Southern Pines Wilmington, N. C.	North Carolina	New Hanover County of Summit and in the County of Medina the Town-	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1945
(224)	Akron	Ohio	County of Summit and in the County of Medina the Town- ship of Wadsworth.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 194
1000	N. STORINGS	Ohio	County of Medina other than the Township of Wadsworth	Apr. 1,1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 194
(225)	Ashtabula	Ohio	Ashtabula	Mar. 1, 1942		Dec. 16, 194
	Canton	Ohio	Stark	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 194
	Cincinnati	Ohio	Tuscarawas	Apr. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	July 1,1942 Nov. 1,1942	Aug. 31, 194 May 31, 194

See footnotes at end of table.

N	ame of Defense-Rental Area	State	County or counties in Defense-Rental Area under rent regulation for hotels and rooming houses	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which regis tration stat ment to be filed (inclusive)
28)	Cleveland	Ohlo	County of Cuyahoga and in the County of Lake the Township of Willoughby and those parts of the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Waite Hill and Willoughby.	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 19
		Ohio	County of Genga, and the County of Lake other than the Township of Willoughby and those parts of the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Waite Hill and Willoughby.	July 1,1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 19
	Columbus, Obio	Ohio	Franklin Licking Champaign, Clark, Darke, Greene, Miami, Montgomery, and	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 May 1, 1943	Dec. 16, 19 June 15, 19
	Dayton	Ohio	Champaign, Clark, Darke, Greene, Miami, Montgomery, and Preble.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 19
31) 32) 33)	[Revoked] Lima Lorain-Elyria	Ohio	Allen	Mar. 1, 1942 July 1, 1941	Nov. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 19 Aug. 15, 19
34)	Mansfield	Ohio	Lorain. Ashland, Crawford, and Richland	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 19 Jan. 15, 19
(35) (36)	Marion [Revoked]	Ohio	Marion	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 19
37) 38)	Ravenna. Sandusky-Port Clinton Sidney, Ohio	Ohio	Erie, Huron, Ottawa, and Sandusky	Apr. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 10
39) 40)	Sidney, Ohio Toledo	Ohio	Lucas and Wood	Mar. 1. 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1 Dec. 16, 1
	Youngstown-Warren	Ohio	Hancock and Seneca. Mahoning and Trumbull.	Mar. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1941	Dec. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1 Aug. 31, 1
42a)	[Revoked] Altus-Frederick	Oklahoma	Jackson and Tillman Craig, Mayes, Rogers, and Wagener Backban, Custer, and Washite.	The state of the s	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1 Nov. 15, 1
43) 44)	Choteau Clinton-Elk City Enid	Oklahoma	Craig. Mayes. Rogers. and Wagoner Beckham, Custer, and Washita Garfield	******* ** *****	Oct. 1, 1942 May 1, 1943	June 15. 1
16)	Lawton	Oklahoma	Garfield Comanche Atoka, Haskell, Hughes, Latimer, McIntosh, and Pittsburg	Mar. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1 Aug. 31, 1 Dec. 16, 1
17)	McAlester Muskogee Muskogee	Oklahoma	Atoka, Haskell, Hughes, Latimer, McIntosh, and Pittsburg Muskogee	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1 Dec. 16, 1
50)	[Revoked] Oklahoma City	Oklahoma	Cleveland, McClain, and Oklahoma	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	
		Oklahema Oklahoma Oklahoma	Cleveland, McClain, and Oklahoma	ar. 1, 1942 ar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1
(1)	Shawnee Tulsa [Revoked]	Oklahoma	Rottawatomie Creek, Osage, and Tulsa	Mar. 1, 1943	Aug. 1, 1944 Sept. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1 Oct. 16, 1
53)	Corvallis	Oregon	Benton and Linn	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	
(5)	Medford Pendleton	Oregon	Jackson Umatilla	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15,
(6)	Portland-Vancouver	Oregon Washington	Clackamas, Multnomah, and Washington	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1
		Oregon	Clatsop. Tillamook Lehigh and Northampton.	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Jan. 1, 1943	Feb. 15, 1
58)	Allentown-Bethlehem Altoons-Johnstown	Pennsylvania	Lehigh and Northampton. Blair, Cambria, and Somerset	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, Dec. 16.
	[Revoked] Emporium	Pennsylvania	Cameron	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15,
	Erie	Pennsylvania	Elk. Erie Cumberland, Dauphin, Lebanon, and Perry.	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1943 July 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1 Aug. 31, 1
	Harrisburg	Pennsylvania	Franklin	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15,
(4)	Lancaster-York	Pennsylvania	Lancaster and York	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, Oct. 16,
(8)	[Revoked] Philadelphia	Pennsylvania	Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia.	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	
	Pittsburgh	Pennsylvania	Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Butler, Fayette, Greene, Law- rence, Washington, and Westmoreland.	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	100000
770	Reading [Revoked] Sharon-Farrell	Pennsylvania	Mercer Mercer	Mar. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1941	Nov. 1, 1942	
Oa)	Warren [Revoked]	Pennsylvania	Warren	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942	
	Williamsport	Pennsylvania		Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1,1942	Dec. 16, 1 Jan. 15, 1
		Pennsylvania	In the County of Luzerne, Nescopeck Borough, Nescopeck Township, and Salem Township.	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942 Aug. 1, 1943	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
723	Newport	Pennsylvania	Clinton	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Feb. 1,1944 Oct. 1,1942	Mar. 15, Nov. 15, Dec. 16,
4)	Providence	Rhode Island	Newport Bristol, Kent, and Providence Washington	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, Dec. 16,
6)	[Revoked] Charleston, S. C	South Carolina	Charleston and Dorchester	Mar. 1, 1942	The same	
100	Columbia	South Carolina	Beaufort and Colleton Calhoun, Lexington, and Richland	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942 Apr. 15, 1548 Nov. 1, 1942	May 30, Jan. 14,
9/		South Carolina	SumterFlorence	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942 May 1, 1943	Oct. 15, May 30, Jan. 14, Jan. 15, June 15,
(9)	[Revoked] Greenville	South Carolina			The state of the s	The state of the s
0a)	Greenville	South Carolina	Greenville. In the County of Horry, the Townships of Conway, Dogwood Neck, and Socastee.	Mar. 1, 1942 July 1, 1943	Nov. 1, 1942 July 1, 1944	The same
1)	Spartanburg	South Carolina	Cherokee, Spartanburg, and Union	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	
3)	[Revoked] Provo-Hot Springs, S. Dak Rapid City-Sturgis	South Dakota	Fall River. Lawrence, Meade, and Pennington.	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1 Nov. 15, 1
5)	Rapid City-Sturgis	South Dakota	Lincoln, Minnehaha, and TurnerLyon	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1. 1942	13ec. 10.
86)	Bristol-Kingsport	Minnesota Tennessee	Rock	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1 Dec. 16,
		Virginia	Independent City of Bristol and the Counties of Scott and	Mar. 1, 1942		
37)	Chattanooga	Tennessee	Bradley, Hamilton, and Marion Catoosa. Dade, and Walker Henry, Montgomery, and Stewart Christian, Todd, and Trigg	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1,1942 Sept. 1,1942	Oct. 16,
	Clarksville	Tennessee Kentucky	Henry, Montgomery, and Stewart	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, Oct. 16,
	Copperbill-McCaysville	Tennessee	POIK.	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1
(0)	Dyersburg Jackson-Milan-Humboldt	Tennessee	Faunin Crockett, Dyer, and Lauderdale Carroll, Gibson, and Madison	Mar. 1, 1942 Jan. 1, 1941	Dec. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Jan. 15, Aug. 31,
25	Knoxville	Tennessee	Blount and Knox	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16,

Name of Defense Rental Area	State	County or counties in Defense-Rental Area under rent regulation for hotels and rooming houses	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which regis- tration state- ment to be filed (inclusive)
(292a) Lenoir City	Tennessee	Loudon Shelby	Mar. 1, 1943 Mar. 1, 1942	June 1, 1944 Oct. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942	July 15, 1944 Nov. 15, 1942
(294) [Revoked] (295) Nashville	Arkansas	Crittenden Davidson and Rutherford	Mar. 1, 1942		Nov. 15, 1942
(296) [Revoked]	Tennessee		Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(297) Tullahoma	Tennessee	Bedford, Coffee, Franklin, Lincoln, and Moore	Jan. 1, 1941 Apr. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942 Aug. 31, 1942
(299) Amarillo	Texas	Potter and Randall Dallam, Hansford, Hartley, Moore, and Sherman	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 194942	Aug. 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942 Oct. 16, 1942
(300) Austin	Texas	Potter and Randall Dallam, Hansford, Hartley, Moore, and Sherman Bastrop Hays, Travis, and Williamson	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943
(301) [Revoked]	The state of the s	Control of the contro		12 CONT. 12 CONT.	
(302) Beaumont-Port Arthur	Texas	Jefferson and Orange Howard	Apr. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943
(304) [Revoked] (305) Borger	Texas	Carson, Gray, and Hutchinson	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(305a) Brady(306) Brownwood	Texas	McCulloch Brown, Coleman, and Comanche Brazos	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1943 Jan. 1, 1941	Nov. 1, 1943 July 1 1942	Dec. 15, 1943 Aug. 31, 1942
(307) Bryan	Texas	Brazos	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942 May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943
(308) Childress (309) Corpus Christi	Texas	Childress	Jan. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942 Aug. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1943	Jan. 15, 1943 Sept. 15, 1942
(310) [Revoked]	Texas	Bee and Kleberg	Mar. 1, 1942	- Committee of Committee	Dec. 15, 1943
(311) Dallas	Texas	Dallas Kinney, Uvalde, and Val Verde	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 May 1, 1943	Dec. 16, 1942
And a Control of the	Texas	Maverick.	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	June 15, 1943 Nov. 15, 1942
(313) [Revoked] (314) [Revoked]			The second	-	
(315) El Paso	Texas	El Paso	Apr. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942 Oct. 15, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
	Texas	Denton.		Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 15, 1948 Nov. 15, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
(317) Gainesville	Texas	Cooke	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(317) Gainesville (318) Greenville, Tex (319) Houston-Galveston	Texas	Hunt Brazoria, Chambers, Galveston, Harris, and Liberty	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1,1942	Nov. 15, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
(320) Killeen-Temple	Texas	Bell and Coryell Lampasas	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Jan. 1, 1943 Feb. 1, 1943	Dec. 16, 1942 Feb. 15, 1942
(32F) Laredo.	Texas	Webb	Mar. 1, 1942	Feb. 1, 1943	Feb. 15, 1942 Mar. 18, 1942
(321a) Lockhart	Texas	Justices' Precincts 1, 6, and 7 in Caldwell County	Mar. 1, 1942	Feb. 1,1944 Nov. 1,1942	Mar. 15, 1944 Dec. 16, 1942
(322a) Lubbock (323) María-Alpine	Texas	Lubbock Presidio.	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Mar. 1, 1944 Nov. 1, 1942	Apr. 15, 1944 Dec. 16, 1942
(324) Marshall	Texas	Brewster	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Feb. 1, 1943	Mar. 18, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942
(024) Marshall	Texas	Harrison, Marion, and Upshur. Camp, Cass, Morris, Red River, and Titus.	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan 15 1943
(324a) Matagorda Bay	Texas	Smith	Mar. 1, 1942 Jan. 1, 1943	Aug. 1, 1943 June 1, 1944	Sept. 15, 1943 July 15, 1944 Sept. 15, 1944
(324b) McKinney (324c) Midland-Odessa	Texas	Collin Ector and Midland	Jan. 1, 1943 Mar. 1, 1943 Mar. 1, 1943	Aug. 1, 1944 Aug. 1, 1944	Sept. 15, 1944 Sept. 15, 1944
(325) Paris, Tex	Texas.	Lamar	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(326) Pecos	Oklahoma Texas	Choctaw Reeves and Ward	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
(327) San Angelo	Texas	Tom Green. Atascosa, Bandera, Bexar, Comal, Guadalupe, Kendall, Me-	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Aug. 31, 1943
(329) Sherman Denison	Texas	dina, and Wilson. Grayson.	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
Total Control of the	Texas	Fannin	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(329a) Sweetwater	Texas	NolanBowie	Mar. 1, 1943 July 1, 1941	Feb. 1, 1944 July 1, 1942	Mar. 15, 1944 Aug. 31, 1942
(331) Victoria	Arkansas Texas.	Miller Victoria	July 1, 1941 July 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943
(332) Waco (333) Wichita Falls	Texas	McLennan Wiehita	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
(aot) [KeVoKed]	The second secon		The second	Arrest Barretes	
(335) Provo, Utah. (336) Salt Lake City 1	Utah	Utah. Davis, Morgan, Salt Lake, and Weber	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942 Sept. 15, 1942
	Utah	Box Elder	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
	Nevada	Tooele Portion of Elk County situated within a radius of three miles from the center of U. S. Highway 40, where the said high-	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 May 1, 1944	Dec. 16, 1942 June 15, 1944
(337) (Pevekad)		way crosses the Nevada-Utah State line.	A THE		
(337) [Revoked] (337a) Burlington, Vermont (338) Springfield-Windsor (339) Alexandria Microscopic	Vermont	Chittenden	Mar. 1, 1943	Nov. 1,1943	Dec. 15, 1943
(338) Springfield-Windsor	Vermont Virginia	Windsor Independent City of Alexandria and the Counties of Arlington	Mar. 1, 1942 Jan. 1, 1941	Oct. 1,1942 July 1,1942	Nov. 15, 1942 Aug. 31, 1942
(240) Blackstone	Virginia	and Fairlay	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(341) Cape Charles. (341a) Front Royal (342) Hampton Roads	Virginia	Nottoway Northampton	Mar. 1, 1942	Jan. 1, 1943 Aug. 1, 1944	Feb. 15, 1943 Sept. 15, 1944
(342) Hampton Roads	Virginia	Independent Cities of Hampton, Newport News, Norfolk,	Mar. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1943 Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942
		Portsmouth, and South Norfolk; the County of Elizabeth City: in the County of Norfolk the Magisterial Districts			
Control of the Contro		Northampton Warren Independent Cities of Hampton, Newport News, Norfolk, Portsmouth, and South Norfolk; the County of Elizabeth City; in the County of Norfolk the Magisterial Districts of Deep Creek, Tanners Creek, Washington, and Western Branch; in the County of Princess Anne the Magisterial Districts of Kempsville and Lynnhaven; and in the County of Warwick the Magisterial District of Newport. Independent City of Suffolk; the County of Nansemond; the County of Norfolk other than the Magisterial Districts of Deep Creek, Tanners Creek, Washington, and Western Branch; the County of Princess Anne other than the Magisterial Districts of Little County of Princess Anne other than the Magisterial Districts of Kempsville and Lynnhaven.	1	132 (3)	
		Districts of Kempsville and Lynnhaven; and in the County			alfall wit
	Virginia	Independent City of Suffolk; the County of Nansemond; the	Apr. 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
as building out the	K COLUMN TO STATE	County of Norfolk other than the Magisterial Districts of Deep Creek, Tanners Creek, Washington, and Western	5 1 2 1 1 1 E		ATERIA
	120000000000000000000000000000000000000	Branch; the County of Princess Anne other than the Magis-		D GUER	Friends.
(243) Fetersburg	Virginia	terial Districts of Kempsville and Lynnhaven. Independent Cities of Hopewell and Petersburg; the Counties of Dinviddle and Prince George; and in the County of Chesterfield the Magisterial District of Matoaca.	Apr. 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(242-1)	200 5	of Dinwiddle and Prince George; and in the County of Chesterfield the Magisterial District of Matoaca.	90 0	-	5 4
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	Virginia	Dumfries.	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1,1943	Jan. 15, 1944
	Virginia	Independent City of Radford, and the Counties of Mont- gomery and Pulaski.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1948
(245) Richmond	Virginia	gomery and Pulassi. Independent City of Richmond; the County of Henrico; and in the County of Chesterfield the Magisterial Districts of	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
		in the County of Chesterfold the Magisterial Districts of	The state of the s	The state of the s	

See footnotes at end of table.

Name of Defense-Rental Area	State	County or counties in Defense-Rental Area under rent regulation for hotels and rooming houses	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
(346) Yorktown	Virginia	Independent City of Williamsburg; the Counties of James City and York; and in the County of Warwick the Magiste- rial Districts of Denbigh and Stanley.	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(847) Bellingham	Washington	Whatcom Skagit	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 15, 1943
(347a) Ephrata	Washington	Portion of Grant County lying between the south line of Township 23 North and the north line of Township 16 North.	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1,1943	Dec. 15, 1943
(348) Everett	Washington	Snohomish	Mar. 1,1942 Mar. 1,1942	Oct. 1,1942 Dec. 1,1942	Nov. 15, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943
(349) [Revoked] (350) [Revoked] (351) Port Angeles-Port Townsend	Washington	Clailam and Jefferson County of Kitshp and those parts of the Counties of King and	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1,1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(352) Puget Sound	Washington	Pierce lying west of the Snoqualmie National Forest.	Apr. 1,1941	July 1,1942	Sept. 21, 1942
(353) Spokane	Washington	Spokane	Mar. 1,1942 Mar. 1,1942	Oct. 1,1942 Oct. 1,1942	Nov. 15, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942
	Washington	Franklin In the County of Benton the Precincts of Finley, South Kennewick, Kennewick Valley, Kennewick, Kennewick Gardens, and Richland.	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1,1942 Jan. 1,1943	Dec. 16, 1942 Feb. 15, 1943
(354a) Yakima	Washington	In the county of Benton, the precincts of Eenton City, Carley, Columbia, East Prosser, Expansion, Hanford, Highlands, Horn Rapids, Hover, Kions, North Prosser, Paterson, Prosser, Rattlesnake, Riverside, Walnut Grove, Welling- ton, West Prosser, and White Bluffs, and the County of Yakima.	Mar. 1,1943	Apr. 1,1944	May 15, 1944
(355) Charleston, West Virginia	West Virginia	Kanawha. In Putnam County the Magisterial District of Pocatalico	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942 Aug. 1, 1943	Jan. 15, 1943 Sept. 15, 1943
(856) Huntington	West Virginia Ohio Kentucky	Cabell and Wayne	Mar. 1,1942 Mar. 1,1942 Mar. 1,1942	Nov. 1,1942 Nov. 1,1942 Nov. 1,1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
(356a) Martinsburg	West Virginia	Berkeley	Mar. 1, 1943	Apr. 1, 1944	May 15, 1944
(357) Morgantown	West Virginia	Marion and Monongalia Jackson and Mason	Apr. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942	Aug. 31, 1942 Oct. 16, 1942
(358) Point Pleasant Gallipolis	West Virginia	Gallia and Meigs	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
(359) Wheeling-Steubenville	West Virginia	Brooke, Hancock, Marshall, Ohio, and Wetzel Belmont, Columbiana, and Jefferson	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
(360) Beliot-Janesville	Wisconsin	Rock	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(361) Eau Claire	Wisconsin	Chippewa, Dunn, and Eau Claire		Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(361a) La Crosse	Wisconsin	La Crosse	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1943 Sept. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1944 Oct. 16, 1942
(362) Madison, Wis	Wisconsin	Manitowoc	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 1942
	Wisconsin	That portion of the City of Kiel in the County of Calumet Kenosha, Milwaukee, Racine, and Waukesha	Mar. 1, 1942	Apr. 1, 1944 Aug. 1, 1942	May 15, 1944 Sept. 15, 1942
(364) Milwaukee (365) Oshkosh-Fond du Lac	Wisconsin	Fond du Lac and Winnebago	Mar. 1,1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
	Wisconsin	That portion of the City of Waupun in the County of Dodge	Mar. 1,1942	Jan. 1, 1943	Feb. 15, 1943
(366) Sparta	Wisconsin	Monroe Door	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Oct. 16, 1942
(367) Sturgeon Bay	Wisconsin Wyoming	Natrona		Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(369) Cheyenne	Wyoming	Laramie	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942.
(369a) Douglas	Wyoming	Converse	Mar. 1, 1943	May 1, 1944	June 15, 1944
(370) Alaska	A laska	Territory of Alaska	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Mar. 15, 1943
(371) Puerto Rico	Puerto Rico	Puerto Rico	Oct. 1,1942	Feb. 1, 1944	Mar. 31, 1944

*This regulation is applicable only to that portion of the defense-renta area set forth in the third column of this Schedule A. *Sections 1, 6, 13. *Remaining sections.

Schedule A amended by Am. 1, 8 F.R. 9019, effective 7-1-43; Am. 3, 8 F.R. 10739, effective 8-1-43; Am. 4, 8 F.R. 12025, effective 9-1-43; Am. 6, 8 F.R. 14676, 15581, effective 11-1-43; Am. 7, 8 F.R. 14814, effective 11-1-43; Am. 9, 8 F.R. 16207, 16427, effective 12-1-43; Am. 11, 8 F.R. 17297, effective 1-1-44; Am. 12, 9 F.R. 206, effective 2-1-44; Am. 13, 9 F.R. 847, effective 2-1-44; Am. 14, 9 F.R. 2165, effective 2-2-44; corrected by 9 F.R. 4194, effective as of 3-1-44; amended by Am. 15, 9 F.R. 2209, effective 3-1-44; Am. 16, 9 F.R. 2219, effective 4-1-44; Am. 18, 9 F.R. 451, effective 3-1-44; Am. 20, 9 F.R. 9515, effective 6-1-44; Am. 22, 9 F.R. 5915, effective 6-1-44; Am. 24, 9 F.R. 7329, effective 7-1-44; Am. 20, 9 F.R. 9515, effective 8-1-44; Am. 24, 9 F.R. 9513, effective 9-1-44.]

Effective date. This Rent Regulation for Hotels and Rooming Houses shall become effective June 1, 1943.

[Rent Regulation for Hotels and Rooming Houses originally issued May 31, 1943] [Effective dates of amendments are shown in notes following the parts affected]

Note: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 12th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14109; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 4:38 p. m.]

PART 1388—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS [Hotels and Rooming Houses, Miami Area, Amdt. 8]

CHANGE IN ACCOMMODATION

Section 5 (a) (2) of the Rent Regulation for Hotels and Rooming Houses in

¹8 F.R. 14043, 16033; 9 F.R. 3422, 5003, 8054.

the Miami Defense-Rental Area is amended to read as follows:

(2) Change prior to September 1, 1943. There was, on or prior to the maximum rent date, a substantial change in the room by a major capital improvement as distinguished from ordinary repair, replacement and maintenance or a substantial increase in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment, and the rent during the thirty-day period ending on September 1, 1943 was fixed by a lease or other rental agreement which was in force at the time of such change or increase.

This amendment shall become effective September 13, 1944.

Note: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 12th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14112; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 4:39 p. m.] PART 1388—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS [Hotels and Rooming Houses, New York City Area, Amdt. 13]

CHANGE IN ACCOMMODATION

Section 5 (a) (2) of the Rent Regulation for Hotels and Rooming Houses in the New York City Defense-Rental Area is amended to read as follows:

(2) Change prior to March 1, 1943. There was, on or prior to the maximum rent date, a substantial change in the room by a major capital improvement as distinguished from ordinary repair, replacement and maintenance or a substantial increase in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment, and the rent during the thirty-day period ending on March 1, 1943 was fixed by a lease or other rental agreement which was in force at the time of such change or increase.

This amendment shall become effective September 13, 1944.

¹8 F.R. 13914, 14814, 15586, 16219; 9 F.R. 2087, 3423, 4028, 4028, 6360, 8054.

Note: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942

Issued this 12th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14113; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 4:39 p. m.]

PART 1388-DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS [Rent Reg. for Housing,1 incl. Amdts. 1-34]

This compilation of Rent Regulation for Housing includes Amendment 34, effective September 13, 1944. The text added or amended by Amendment 34 is underscored.

§ 1388.1181 Rent Regulation for Hous-The Rent Regulation for Housing is annexed hereto and made a part hereof.

RENT REGULATION FOR HOUSING

1. Scope of this regulation.

- 2. Prohibition against higher than maximum rents.
- 3. Minimum services, furniture, furnishings and equipment.

Maximum rents.

Adjustments and other determinations.

Removal of tenant.

- Registration.
- Inspection.
- Evasion.
- Enforcement.
- Procedure.
 Petitions for amendment.

13. Definitions. Schedule A.

AUTHORITY: § 1388.1181 issued under 56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.

Section 1. Scope of this regulation-(a) Housing and defense-rental areas to which this regulation applies. This regulation applies to all housing accommodations within each of the defenserental areas and each of the portions of a defense-rental area (each of which is referred to hereinafter in this regulation as the "defense-rental area"), which are listed in Schedule A of this regulation, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section.

In Schedule A, "the maximum rent date" and "the effective date of regulation" is given for each defense-rental area listed. More than one effective date is given for different portions of a defense-rental area where the same effective date is not applicable to the entire defense-rental area. Wherever the words "the maximum rent date" or the words "the effective date of regulation" are referred to in this regulation, the dates given in Schedule A for the particular defense-rental area or portion of the defense-rental area in which the housing accommodations are located shall apply. The effective date listed in Schedule A in each instance is the date rent regulation was effective in the particular defense-rental area or portion of the defense-rental area.

(b) Housing to which this regulation does not apply. This regulation does not apply to the following:

(1) Farming tenants. Housing accommodations situated on a farm and occupied by a tenant who is engaged for a substantial portion of his time in farming operations thereon.

(2) Service employees. Dwelling space occupied by domestic servants, caretakers, managers, or other employees to whom the space is provided as part of their compensation and who are employed for the purpose of rendering services in connection with the premises of which the dwelling space is a part.

(3) Rooms in hotels, rooming houses, etc. Rooms or other housing accommodations within hotels or rooming houses. or housing accommodations which have been, with the consent of the Administrator, brought under the control of the Rent Regulation for Hotels and Rooming Houses pursuant to the provisions of that regulation.

(4) Structures in which more than 25 rooms are rented or offered for rent. Entire structures or premises wherein more than 25 rooms are rented or offered for rent by any lessee, sublessee or other tenant of such entire structure or premises: Provided, That this regulation does apply to entire structures or premises wherein 25 or less rooms are rented or offered for rent by any lessee, sublessee or other tenant of such entire structure or premises, whether or not used by the lessee, sublessee or other tenant as a hotel or rooming house: And provided further, That this regulation does apply to an underlying lease of any entire structure or premises which was entered into after the maximum rent date and prior to the effective date of regulation, while such lease remains in force with no power in the tenant to cancel or otherwise terminate the lease.

(5) Rented to National Housing Agency. Housing accommodations rented to the United States acting by the National Housing Agency: Provided, however, That this regulation does apply to a sublease or other subrenting of such accommodations or any part thereof.

(6) Resort housing—(i) Exemption. Housing accommodations located in a resort community and customarily rented or occupied on a seasonal basis, which were not rented during any portion of the period beginning on November 1, 1943 and ending on February 29.

The exemption provided by this paragraph (b) (6) (i) shall be effective only from June 1, 1944 to September 20, 1944, inclusive.

(ii) Exception from exemption. The provisions of section 1 (b) (6) (i) shall not apply to housing accommodations in the Madison, Wisconsin, Defense-Rental Area from June 15, 1944 to September 30, 1944, inclusive.

[Subparagraph (6) amended by Am. 17, 9 F.R. 2176, effective 2-24-44; and Am. 26, 9 F.R. 6569, effective 6-15-44]

(c) Effect of this regulation on leases and other rental agreements. The provisions of any lease or other rental agreement shall remain in force pursuant to the terms thereof, except insofar as those provisions are inconsistent with this regulation.

(d) Waiver of benefit void. An agreement by the tenant to waive the benefit of any provision of this regulation is void. A tenant shall not be entitled by reason of this regulation to refuse to pay or to recover any portion of any rents due or paid for use or occupancy prior to the effective date of regulation.

SEC. 2. Prohibition against higher than maximum rents-(a) General prohibition. Regardless of any contract, agreement, lease, or other obligation heretofore or hereafter entered into, no person shall demand or receive any rent for or in connection with the use or occupancy on and after the effective date of regulation of any housing accommodations within the Defense-Rental Area higher than the maximum rents provided by this regulation; and no person shall offer, solicit, attempt, or agree to do any of the foregoing. Lower rents than those provided by this regulation may be demanded or received.

[Paragraph (a) amended by Am. 33, 9 F.R. 10633, effective 9-1-44]

(b) Exception in case of conversion of fuel oil heating units. Notwithstanding any other provision of this regulation, where housing accommodations are heated with fuel oil the landlord of such accommodations may as hereinafter provided enter into an agreement with the tenant providing for payment by the tenant of part or all of the cost of changing the heating unit to use some fuel other than oil or of installing a new heating unit using some fuel other than oil. Prior to making such agreement the landlord shall in writing report the terms of the proposed agreement to the area rent office. The landlord may enter into the agreement either upon its approval by the Administrator or, unless the Administrator has disapproved the proposed agreement within five days after the filing of such report, upon the expiration of such 5-day period.

(c) Lease with option to buy. Where a lease of housing accommodations was entered into prior to the effective date of regulation (or prior to October 20, 1942, where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date) and the tenant as a part of such lease or in connection therewith was granted an option to buy the housing accommodations which were the subject of the lease, with the further provision that some or all of the payments made under the lease should be credited toward the purchase price in the event such option is exercised, the landlord, notwithstanding any other provision of this regulation may be authorized to receive payment made by the tenant in accordance with the provisions of such lease and in excess of the maximum rent for such housing accommodations. Such authority may be secured only by a written request of the tenant to the area rent office and shall be granted by order of the Administrator if he finds that such payments in excess of the maximum rent will not be inconsistent with the purposes of the Act or this regulation and would not be likely to result in the circumvention or evasion thereof.

¹⁸ F.R. 14663.

After entry of such order the landlord shall be authorized to demand, receive and retain payments provided by the lease in excess of the maximum rent for periods commencing on or after the effective date of regulation. After entry of such order, the provisions of the lease may be enforced in accordance with law, notwithstanding any other provision of this regulation: Provided, however, That if at the termination of the lease the tenant shall not exercise the option to buy, the landlord may thereafter remove or evict the tenant only in accordance with the provisions of section 6 of this regulation. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to authorize the landlord to demand or receive payments in excess of the maximum rent in the absense of an order of the Administrator as herein provided. Where a lease of hous-ing accommodations has been entered into on or after the effective date of regulation (or on or after October 20, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date), and the tenant as a part of such lease or in connection therewith has been granted an option to buy the housing accommodations which are the subject of the lease, the landlord, prior to the exercise by the tenant of the option to buy, shall not demand or receive payments in excess of the maximum rent, whether or not such lease allocates some portion or portions of the periodic payments therein provided as payments on or for the option to buy.

(d) Security deposits - (1) General prohibition. Regardless of any contract, agreement, lease or other obligation heretofore or hereafter entered into, no person on or after September 1, 1944 shall demand or receive a security deposit for or in connection with the use or occupancy of housing accommodations within the Defense-Rental Area or retain any security deposit received prior to or on or after September 1, 1944 except as provided in this paragraph (d). The term "security deposit," in addition to its customary meaning, includes any prepayment of rent except payment in advance of the next periodic installment of rent for a period no longer than one

(2) Maximum rent established under section 4 (a) or (b). Where the maximum rent of the housing accommodations is established under section 4 (a) or (b), no security deposit shall be demanded, received, or retained except in the amount (or any lesser amount) and on the same terms and conditions (or on terms and conditions less burdensome to the tenant) provided for in the lease or other rental agreement in effect on the date determining the maximum rent.

(3) Maximum rent established under section 4 (c) or (d). Where the maximum rent of the housing accommodations is established under section 4 (c) or (d) no security deposit shall be demanded, received, or retained except in the amount (or any lesser amount) and on the same terms and conditions (or on terms and conditions less burdensome to the tenant) provided for in the lease or other rental agreement under which the

accommodations were first rented or in any order heretofore or hereafter issued with reference to such security deposit. Where such lease or other rental agreement provided for a security deposit, the Administrator at any time, on his own initiative or on application of the tenant, may order a decrease in the amount of such deposit or may order its elimination.

(4) Maximum rent established under section 4 (e), (f) or (j). Where the maximum rent of the housing accommodations is established under section 4 (e), (f) or (j), no security deposit shall be demanded, received, or retained.

(5) Maximum rent established under section 4 (g) or (h). Where the maximum rent of the housing accommodations is established under section 4 (g) or (h), no security deposit shall be demanded, received, or retained except in the amount (or any lesser amount) and on the same terms and conditions (or on terms and conditions less burdensome to the tenant) provided for in the lease or other rental agreement in effect on September 1, 1944. Where such accommodations are first rented after September 1, 1944, no security deposit shall be demanded, received, or retained.

(6) Deposits to secure the return of certain movable articles. Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this paragraph (d), any landlord may petition for an order authorizing the demand and receipt of a deposit to secure the return of movable articles such as keys and ice trays. If the landlord shows that he has a special need therefor, the Administrator may enter an order authorizing a security deposit, not in excess of ten dollars, to secure the return of the movable articles specified in the order.

[Paragraph (d) added by Am. 33, 9 F.R. 10633, effective 9-1-44]

SEC. 3. Minimum services, furniture, furnishing and equipment. Except as set forth in section 5 (b), every landlord shall, as a minimum, provide with housing accommodations the same essential services, furniture, furnishings, and equipment as those provided on the date determining the maximum rent, and as to other services, furniture, furnishings and equipment not substantially less than those provided on such date: Provided, however, That where fuel oil is used to supply heat or hot water for housing accommodations, and the landlord provided heat or hot water on the date determining the maximum rent, the heat and hot water which the landlord is required to supply shall not be in excess of the amount which he can supply under any statute, regulation or order of the United States or any agency thereof which rations or limits the use of fuel oil.

Sec. 4. Maximum rents. Maximum rents (unless and until changed by the Administrator as provided in section 5) shall be:

(a) Rented on maximum rent date. For housing accommodations rented on the maximum rent date, the rent for such accommodations on that date.

(b) Not rented on maximum rent date but rented during two months ending on that date. For housing accommodations not rented on the maximum rent date, but rented at any time during the two months ending on that date, the last rent for such accommodations during the two-month period.

(c) First rent after the maximum rent date but before effective date. For housing accommodations not rented on the maximum rent date nor during the two months ending on that date, but rented prior to the effective date of regulation, the first rent for such accommodations after the maximum rent date. The Administrator may order a decrease in the maximum rent as provided in section 5 (c).

(d) Constructed or changed before effective date. For (1) newly constructed housing accommodations without priority rating first rented after the maximum rent date and before the effective date of regulation, or (2) housing accommodations changed between those dates so as to result in an increase or decrease of the number of dwelling units in such housing accommodations, or (3) housing accommodations changed between those dates from unfurnished to fully furnished, or from fully furnished to unfurnished, or (4) housing accommodations substantially changed between those dates by a major capital improvement as distinguished from ordinary repair, replacement and maintenance, the first rent for such accommodations after such construction or change: Provided, however, That, where such first rent was fixed by a lease which was in force at the time of a major capital improvement, the maximum rent shall be the first rent after termination of such lease. The Administrator may order a decrease in the maximum rent as provided in section 5 (c).

(e) First rent after effective date. For (1) newly constructed housing accommodations without priority rating first rented on or after the effective date of regulation, or (2) housing accommodations changed on or after such effective date so as to result in an increase or decrease of the number of dwelling units in such housing accommodations, or (3) housing accommodations not rented at any time during the two months ending on the maximum rent date nor between that date and the effective date, the first rent for such accommodations after the change or the effective date, as the case may be, but in no event more than the maximum rent provided for such accommodations by any order of the Administrator issued prior to September 22, 1942. Within 30 days after so renting the landlord shall register the accommodations as provided in section 7. The Administrator may order a decrease in the maximum rent as provided in section 5 (c).

If the landlord fails to file a registration statement within the time specified, the rent received for any rental period commencing on or after the date of the first renting or October 1, 1943 or the effective date of regulation, whichever is the later, shall be received subject to refund to the tenant of any amount in excess of the maximum rent which may later be fixed by an order under section 5 (c) (1). In such case, the order under

section 5 (c) (1) shall be effective to decrease the maximum rent from the date of such first renting or from the beginning of the first rental period on or after October 1, 1943 or the effective date of regulation, whichever is the later. The foregoing provisions and any refund thereunder do not affect any civil or criminal liability provided by the act for failure to file the registration statement required by section 7.

[Above paragraph added by Am. 9, 8 F.R. 13390, effective 10-1-43; and amended by Am. 34, effective 9-13-44]

(f) Priority-constructed housing. For housing accommodations newly constructed with priority rating from the United States or any agency thereof for which the rent is approved by the United States or any agency thereof prior to the maximum rent date or, if the accommodations were not rented on that date, prior to the first renting of the accommodations after that date, the rent so approved, but in no event more than the rent on the maximum rent date, or, if the accommodations were not rented on that date, more than the first rent after that date: Provided, however, That if, prior to the maximum rent date or, if the accommodations were not rented on that date, prior to the first renting of the accommodations after that date, the landlord made a written request to the appropriate agency of the United States to approve a higher rent than the rent initially approved because of increased costs of construction, and a higher rent is approved by such agency on or after March 29, 1944, because of such increased costs of construction, the maximum rent on and after the date of such approval shall be the rent so approved.

The provisions of this paragraph (f) shall apply to the approval of rents for such housing accommodations by the United States or any agency thereof in connection with the grant of an application for priority rating filed on any of the application forms of the Office of Production Management or the War Production Board, including the September 1941 form in use by the Office of Production Management prior to the revision of this form on December 15, 1941.

The provisions of this paragraph (f) shall not apply to housing accommodations resulting from the alteration or remodeling of an existing structure.

[Paragraph (f) amended by Am. 20, 9 F.R. 3422, effective 3-29-44; and Am. 21, 9 F.R. 4028, effective 4-15-44]

(g) Housing owned and constructed by the government. For housing accommodations constructed by the United States or any agency thereof, or by a State of the United States or any of its political subdivisions, or any agency of the State or any of its political subdivisions, and owned by any of the foregoing, the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date, as determined by the owner of such accommodations: Provided, however, That any corporation formed under the laws of a State shall

not be considered an agency of the United States within the meaning of this paragraph. The Administrator may order a decrease in the maximum rent as provided in section 5 (c).

(h) Housing subject to rent schedule of War or Navy Department. For housing accommodations rented to either Army or Navy personnel, including civilian employees of the War and Navy Departments, for which the rent is fixed by the national rent schedule of the War or Navy Department, the rents established by such rent schedule.

[Paragraph (h) amended by Am. 8, 8 F.R. 12795, effective 9-20-43]

(i) Rent established under former section 5 (e). For housing accommodations with a maximum rent established, prior to March 1, 1943, under the first paragraph of section 5 (e) as that paragraph appeared in Maximum Rent Regulations issued prior to such date, the rent on March 1, 1943, or, if the accommodations were not rented on that date, the last rent prior thereto, but in no event more than the maximum rent established under such first paragraph of section 5 (e). The Administrator may order a decrease in the maximum rent as provided in section 5 (c) (8).

(j) Changed on or after July 1, 1943 or the effective date of regulation, whichever is the later, from unfurnished to furnished. For housing accommodations changed on or after July 1, 1943 or the effective date of regulation, whichever is the later, from unfurnished to fully furnished, the first rent for such accommodations after such change. The Administrator may order a decrease in the maximum rent as provided in section 5 (c) (1).

Within 30 days after the accommodations are first rented fully furnished, the landlord shall register the accommodations as provided in section 7. If the landlord fails to file a registration statement within the time specified, the rent received from the time of such first renting shall be received subject to refund to the tenant of any amount in excess of the maximum rent which may later be fixed by an order under section 5 (c) (1). In such case, the order under section 5 (c) (1) shall be effective to decrease the maximum rent from the time of such first renting. The foregoing provisions and any refund thereunder do not affect any civil or criminal liability provided by the act for failure to file the registration statement required by section 7.

[Paragraph (j) added by Am. 2, 8 F.R. 9020, effective 7-1-43; and amended by Am. 34, effective 9-13-44]

SEC. 5. Adjustments and other determinations. In the circumstances enumerated in this section, the Administrator may issue an order changing the maximum rents otherwise allowable or the minimum services required.

In those cases involving a major capital improvement, an increase or decrease in the furniture, furnishings or equipment, an increase or decrease of services, an increase or decrease in the number of subtenants or other occupants, or a deterioration, the adjustment in the maximum rent shall be the amount the Administrator finds would have been on the maximum rent date, the difference in the rental value of the housing accommodations by reason of such change: Provided, however, That no adjustment shall be ordered where it appears that the rent on the date determining the maximum rent was fixed in contemplation of and so as to reflect such change.

In all other cases except those under paragraphs (a) (7), (a) (12), (a) (13), (c) (6), and (c) (9) of this section, the adjustment shall be on the basis of the rent which the Administrator finds was generally prevailing in the defenserental area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date: Provided, That in cases under paragraph (c) (8) of this section due consideration shall be given to any increased occupancy of the accommodations since that date by subtenants or other persons occupying under a rental agreement with the tenant.

[Above paragraph amended by Am. 32, 9 F.R. 10188, effective 9-1-44; and amended by Am. 34, effective 9-13-44]

In cases involving construction, due consideration shall be given to general increases in costs of construction, if any, in the defense-rental area since the maximum rent date.

In cases under paragraphs (a) (7) and (c) (6) of this section the adjustment shall be on the basis of the rents which the Administrator finds were generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations during the year ending on the maximum rent date.

[Above paragraphs amended by Am. 20, 9 F.R. 3422, effective 3-29-44]

In cases under paragraph (a) (12) of this section, the adjustment in the maximum rent shall be in the amount the Administrator finds necessary to relieve the substantial hardship: Provided, That the adjustment shall not result in a maximum rent higher than the rent generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

In cases under paragraph (c) (9) of this section, the adjustment in the maximum rent shall be in the amount the Administrator finds warranted by the modification or elimination of the necessity for the increase in the maximum rent granted under paragraph (a) (12)

The first paragraph of section 5 (e) read as follows: "Where, at the expiration or other termination of an underlying lease or other rental agreement, housing accommodations or a predominant part thereof are occupied by one or more subtenants or other persons occupying under a rental agreement with the tenant, the landlord may rent the entire premises for use by similar occupancy for a rent not in excess of the aggregate maximum rents of the separate dwelling units, or may rent the separate dwelling units for rents not in excess of the maximum rents applicable to such units."

of this section: Provided, That no decrease shall be ordered in an amount greater than the adjustment ordered under paragraph (a) (12) of this section.

[Above paragraphs added by Am. 32, 9 F.R. 10188, effective 9-1-44]

In cases under paragraph (a) (13) of this section the adjustment shall be in the amount of the difference between the rent on the date determining the maximum rent and the rent agreed upon by the landlord and tenant as a result of a continuous process of bargaining on interrelated matters.

[Above paragraph added by Am. 34, effective 9-13-44]

(a) Grounds for increase of maximum rent. Any landlord may file a petition for adjustment to increase the maximum rent otherwise allowable, only on the grounds that:

(1) Major capital improvement after effective date. There has been on or after the effective date of regulation a substantial change in the housing accommodations by a major capital improvement as distinguished from ordinary repair, replacement and maintenance.

(2) Change prior to maximum rent date. There was, on or prior to the maximum rent date, a substantial change in the housing accommodations by a major capital improvement as distinguished from ordinary repair, replacement and maintenance or a substantial increase in the services, furniture, furnishings or equipment, and the rent on the maximum rent date was fixed by a lease or other rental agreement which was in force at the time of such change or increase.

[Subparagraph (2) amended by Am. 34, effective 9-13-44]

(3) Substantial increase in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment. There has been a substantial increase in the services, furniture, furnishings or equipment provided with the housing accommodations since the date or order determining its maximum rent. No increase in the maximum rent shall be ordered on the ground set forth in this paragraph (a) (3) unless the increase in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment occurred with the consent of the tenant or while the accommodations were vacant: Provided, That an adjustment may be ordered, although the tenant refuses to consent to the increase in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment, if the Administrator finds that such increase (i) is reasonably required for the operation of a multiple dwelling structure or other structure of which the accommodations are a part or (ii) is necessary for the preservation or maintenance of the accommodations.

(4) Special relationship between landlord and tenant. The rent on the date determining the maximum rent was materially affected by the blood, personal or other special relationship between the landlord and the tenant and as a result was substantially lower than the rent

generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date: Provided. That no adjustment under this subparagraph increasing the maximum rent shall be made effective with respect to any accommodations regularly rented to employees of the landlord while the accommodations are rented to an employee, and no petition for such an adjustment will be entertained until the accommodations have been or are about to be rented to one other than an employee.

(5) Lease for term commencing one year or more before maximum rent date. There was in force on the maximum rent date, a written lease, for a term commencing on or prior to the date one year before the maximum rent date, requiring a rent substantially lower than the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date; or the housing accommodations were not rented on the maximum rent date, but were rented during the two months ending on that date and the last rent for such accommodations during that two-month period was fixed by a written lease, for a term commencing on or prior to the date one year before the maximum rent date, requiring a rent substantially lower than the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental

(6) Varying rents. The rent on the date determining the maximum rent was established by a lease or other rental agreement which provided for a substantially higher rent at other periods during the term of such lease or agree-

Area for comparable housing accommo-

dations on the maximum rent date.

(7) Seasonal rents. The rent on the date determining the maximum rent was substantially lower than at other times of year by reason of seasonal demand, or seasonal variations in the rent, for such housing accommodations. In such cases the Administrator's order may if he deems it advisable provide for different maximum rents for different periods of the calendar year.

(8) Substantial increase in occupancy. There has been, since the maximum rent date, either (i) a substantial increase in the number of subtenants or other persons occupying the accommodations or a part thereof under a rental agreement with the tenant, or (ii) a substantial increase in the number of occupants, in excess of normal occupancy for that class of accommodations on the maximum rent date, or (iii) an increase in the number of occupants over the number contemplated by the rental agreement on the date determining the maximum rent. where the landlord on that date had a regular and definite practice of fixing different rents for the accommodations for different numbers of occupants.

(9) On the date determining the maximum rent the housing accommodations were temporarily exempt from real estate taxes, the landlord was passing the benefit of this tax exemption on to the tenant, and as a result the rent on that date was substantially lower than the rent generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum

[Paragraph (9) added by Am. 6, 8 F.R. 12660. effective 9-15-43]

(10) Priority rating granted on September 1941 application form of Office of Production Management. The maximum rent for the housing accommodations is established under section 4 (f). the application for priority rating for the construction of the housing accommodations was filed on the September 1941 form in use by the Office of Production Management prior to the revision of this form on December 15, 1941, the landlord did not make, prior to the maximum rent date or, if the accommodations were not rented on that date, prior to the first renting of the accommodations after that date, a written request to the appropriate agency of the United States to approve a higher rent than the rent initially approved because of increased costs of construction, and the maximum rent for the accommodations is substantially lower than the rent generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable accommodations on the maximum rent date, giving due consideration to general increases in costs of construction, if any, in the defense-rental area since the maximum rent date.

This paragraph (a) (10) shall apply only to housing accommodations which were first rented prior to March 29, 1944.

[Subparagraph (10) added by Am. 20, 9 F.R. 3422, effective 3-29-44; and amended by Am. 21, 9 F.R. 4028, effective 4-15-44]

(11) Peculiar circumstances. The rent on the date determining the maximum rent was materially affected by peculiar circumstances and as a result was substantially lower than the rent generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

[Subparagraph (11) added by Am. 29, 9 F.R. 8054, effective 7-17-44]

(12) Substantial hardship from increase in property taxes or operating costs. Substantial hardship has resulted from a substantial decrease in the net income (before interest) of the property for the current year as compared with a representative period prior to the maximum rent date, due to a substantial and unavoidable increase in property taxes or operating costs.

For the purposes of this paragraph (a) (12) the term:

(i) "Net income (before interest)" means the amount determined by subtracting unavoidable property taxes and operating costs actually paid or accrued from total income earned.

(ii) "Property taxes and operating costs" includes all expenses necessary to the operation and maintenance of the property actually paid or accrued and properly allocated, including depreciation but excluding interest.

(iii) "Property" includes one or more structures operated as a single unit or

enterprise.

(iv) "Total income earned" includes rental and other income earned from the property and the rental value of housing accommodations in the property occupied without the full payment of rent.

(v) "Current year" means a period of twelve calendar months beginning on or after the effective date of regulation. The most recent calendar or fiscal year used by the landlord or the twelve calendar months immediately prior to the filing of the petition for adjustment may be used.

This section 5 (a) (12) shall not apply to maximum rents established under section 4 (f) where the accommodations are first rented after the maximum rent date or to maximum rents established under section 4 (c), (d), (e), or (j).

[Subparagraph 12 added by Am. 32, 9 F.R. 10188, effective 9-1-44]

(13) Rented to an employee of landlord. The housing accommodations were rented to an employee of the landlord both on the date determining the maximum rent and at the time the order under this paragraph (a) (13) is issued, and after the date determining the maximum rent but prior to the effective date of regulation the landlord and tenant agreed, as the result of a continuous process of bargaining on interrelated matters, upon a wage increase and a rent increase, and the wage increase agreed upon has been put into effect.

[Subparagraph 13 added by Am. 34, effective 9-13-44]

(b) Decreases in minimum services, furniture, furnishings and equipment-(1) Decreases prior to effective date. If, on the effective date of regulation, the services provided for housing accommodations are less than the minimum services required by section 3, the landlord shall either restore and maintain such minimum services or, within 30 days (or, for housing accommodations within the Los Angeles Defense-Rental Area, within 60 days) after such effective date, file a petition requesting approval of the decreased services. If, on such effective date (or on December 1, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date), the furniture, furnishings or equipment provided with housing accommodations are less than the minimum required by section 3, the landlord shall, within 30 days after such date, file a written report showing the decrease in furniture, furnishings or equipment.

(2) Decreases after effective date. Except as above provided, the landlord shall, until the accommodations become vacant, maintain the minimum services. furniture, furnishings, and equipment unless and until he has filed a petition to decrease the services, furniture, furnishings, or equipment and an order permitting a decrease has been entered thereon; however, if it is impossible to provide the minimum services, furniture, furnishings, or equipment he shall file a petition within 10 days after the change occurs. When the accommodations become vacant the landlord may, on renting to a new tenant, decrease the services, furniture, furnishings, or equipment below the minimum; within 10 days after so renting the landlord shall file a written report showing such decrease.

(3) Adjustment in maximum rent for decreases. The order on any petition

under this paragraph may require an appropriate adjustment in the maximum rent; and any maximum rent for which a report is required by this paragraph may be decreased in accordance with the provisions of section 5(c)(3). If the landlord fails to file the petition or report required by this paragraph within the time specified, or decreases the services, furniture, furnishings, or equipment without an order authorizing such decrease where such order is required, the rent received by the landlord for any rental period commencing on or after such decrease or the effective date of regulation (or December 1, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date), whichever is the later, shall be received subject to refund to the tenant of any amount in excess of the maximum rent which may later be fixed by any order decreasing the maximum rent on account of such decrease in services, furniture, furnishings, or equipment. In such case, any order decreasing the maximum rent shall be effective to decrease such rent from the beginning of the first rental period after the decrease in services, furniture, furnishings, or equipment or after the effective date of regulation (or after December 1, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date), whichever is the later. The foregoing provisions and any refund thereunder do not affect any civil or criminal-liability provided by the Act for failure to comply with any requirement of this paragraph.

(c) Grounds for decrease of maximum rent. The Administrator at any time, on his own initiative or on application of the tenant, may order a decrease of the maximum rent otherwise allowable

only on the grounds that:

(1) Rent higher than rents generally prevailing. The maximum rent for housing accommodations under paragraph (c), (d), (e), (g), or (j) of section 4 is higher than the rent generally prevailing in the Defense-Rental Area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

[Subparagraph (1) amended by Am. 2, 8 F.R. 9020, effective 7-1-43]

(2) Substantial deterioration. There has been a substantial deterioration of the housing accommodations other than ordinary wear and tear since the date or order determining its maximum rent.

(3) Decrease in services, furniture, furnishings or equipment. There has been a decrease in the minimum services, furniture, furnishings or equipment required by section 3 since the date or order determining the maximum rent.

(4) Special relationship between landlord and tenant or peculiar circumstances. The rent on the date determining the maximum rent was materially affected by the blood, personal, or other special relationship between the landlord and the tenant, or by peculiar circumstances, and as a result was substantially higher than the rent generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

[Subparagraph (4) amended by Am. 29, 9 F.R. 8054, effective 7-17-44]

(5) Varying rents. The rent on the date determining the maximum rent was

established by a lease or other rental agreement which provided for a substantially lower rent at other periods during the term of such lease or agreement.

(6) Seasonal rent. The rent on the date determining the maximum rent was substantially higher than at other times of year by reason of seasonal demand, or seasonal variations in the rent, for such housing accommodations. In such cases the Administrator's order may if he deems it advisable provide for different maximum rents for different periods of the calendar year.

(7) Substantial decrease in occupancy. There has been a substantial decrease in the number of subtenants or other occupants since an order under paragraph (a) (8) or (c) (8) of this section.

(8) Rent established under section 4
(i) The maximum rent is established under section 4 (i) and is higher than the rent generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date taking into consideration any increased occupancy of such accommodations since that date by subtenants or other persons occupying under a rental agreement with the tenant: Provided, That no decrease shall be ordered below the rent on the maximum rent date.

(9) Modification or elimination of necessity for increase under section 5 (a) (12). There has been a modification or elimination of the necessity for the increase in the maximum rent granted under paragraph (a) (12) of this section, since the order issued under that

paragraph.

[Subparagraph (9) added by Am. 32, 9 F.R. 10188, effective 9-1-44]

(d) Orders where facts are in dispute, in doubt, or not known. If the rent on the date determining the maximum rent. or any other fact necessary to the determination of the maximum rent, is in dispute between the landlord and the tenant, or is in doubt, or is not known, the Administrator on petition of the landlord filed within 30 days after the effective date of regulation, or at any time on his own initiative, may enter an order fixing the maximum rent by determining such fact; or if the Administrator is unable to ascertain such fact he shall enter the order on the basis of the rent which he finds was generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

(e) Sale of underlying lease or other rental agreement. Where housing ac-commodations or a predominant part thereof are occupied by one or more subtenants or other persons occupying under a rental agreement with the tenant, the tenant may petition the Administrator for leave to exercise any right he would have except for this regulation to sell his underlying lease or other rental agreement. The Administrator may grant such petition if he finds that the sale will not result, and that sales of such character would not be likely to result, in the circumvention or evasion of the Act or this regulation. He may require that the sale be made on such terms as he deems necessary to prevent such circumvention or evasion.

(f) Interim orders. Where a petition is filed by a landlord on one of the grounds set out in paragraph (a) or (d) of this section, or a proceeding is initiated by the Administrator under paragraph (d), the Administrator may enter an interim order increasing or fixing the maximum rent until further order, subject to refund by the landlord to the tenant of any amount received in excess of the maximum rent established by final order in such proceeding. The receipt by the landlord of any rent authorized by such interim order shall constitute an agreement by the landlord with the tenant to refund to the tenant any amount received in excess of the maximum rent established by final order. The landlord shall make such refund either by repayment in cash or, where the tenant remains in occupancy after the effective date of the final order, by deduction from the next installment of rent, or both.

[Paragraph (f) amended by Am. 12, 8 F.R. 16032, effective 11-25-43]

(g) Adjustments in case of options to No adjustment in the maximum rent shall be ordered on the ground that the landlord, since the date or order determining the maximum rent, has, as a part of or in connection with a lease of housing accommodations, granted the tenant an option to buy the accommodations which are the subject of the lease. Where a lease of housing accommodations was in force on the date determining the maximum rent, and the landlord had on that date, as a part of or in connection with such lease, granted the tenant an option to buy the accommodations which are the subject of the lease, the Administrator may, on or after the termination of such lease, on his own initiative or on application of the tenant, enter an order fixing the maximum rent on the basis of the rents which the Administrator finds were generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations not subject to an option to buy on the maximum rent date.

SEC. 6. Removal of tenant—(a) Restrictions on removal of tenant. So long as the tenant continues to pay the rent to which the landlord is entitled, no tenant shall be removed from any housing accommodations, by action to evict or to recover possession, by exclusion from possession, or otherwise, nor shall any person attempt such removal or exclusion from possession, notwithstanding that such tenant has no lease or that his lease or other rental agreement has expired or otherwise terminated, and regardless of any contract, lease, agreement or obligation heretofore or hereafter entered into which provides for entry of judgment upon the tenant's confession for breach of the covenants thereof or which otherwise provides contrary hereto, unless:

(1) Tenant's refusal to renew lease. The tenant, who had a written lease or other written rental agreement, has refused upon demand of the landlord to execute a written extension or renewal thereof for a further term of like duration but not in excess of one year but

otherwise on the same terms and conditions as the previous lease or agreement, except insofar as such terms and conditions are inconsistent with this regulation; or

(2) Tenant's refusal of access to landlord. The tenant has unreasonably refused the landlord access to the housing accommodations for the purpose of inspection or of showing the accommodations to a prospective purchaser, mortgagee, or prospective mortgagee, or other person having a legitimate interest therein: Provided, however, That such refusal shall not be ground for removal or eviction if such inspection or showing of the accommodations is contrary to the provisions of the tenant's lease or other rental agreement: or

(3) Violating obligation of tenancy or committing nuisance. The tenant (i) has violated a substantial obligation of his tenancy, other than an obligation to pay rent, and has continued, or failed to cure, such violation after written notice by the landlord that the violation cease, or (ii) is committing or permitting a nuisance or is using or permitting a use of the housing accommodations for an immoral or illegal purpose; or

(4) Subtenants on expiration of tenant's lease. The tenant's lease or other rental agreement has expired or otherwise terminated, and at the time of termination the occupants of the housing accommodations are subtenants or other persons who occupied under a rental agreement with the tenant, and no part of the accommodations is used by the tenant as his own dwelling: or

(5) Demolition or alteration by landlord. The landlord seeks in good faith to recover possession for the immediate purpose of demolishing the housing accommodations or of substantially altering or remodeling it in a manner which cannot practicably be done with the tenant in occupancy and the plans for such alteration or remodeling have been approved by the proper authorities, if such approval is required by local law; or

(6) Occupancy by landlord. landlord owned, or acquired an enforceable right to buy or the right to possession of, the housing accommodations prior to the effective date of regulation (or prior to October 20, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date, or prior to November 6, 1942 for housing accommodations within the Hastings Defense-Rental Area), and seeks in good faith to recover possession of such accommodations for immediate use and occupancy as a dwelling for himself. If a tenant has been removed or evicted under this paragraph (a) (6) from housing accommodations, the landlord shall file a written report on a form provided therefor before renting the accommodations or any part thereof during a period of six months after such removal or eviction.

(b) Administrator's certificate—(1) Removals not inconsistent with act or regulation. No tenant shall be removed or evicted on grounds other than those stated above unless, on petition of the landlord, the Administrator certifies that the landlord may pursue his remedies in accordance with the requirements of the

local law. The Administrator shall so certify if the landlord establishes that removals or evictions of the character proposed are not inconsistent with the purposes of the Act or this regulation and would not be likely to result in the circumvention or evasion thereof.

(2) Occupancy by purchaser. A certificate shall be issued authorizing the pursuit of local remedies to remove or evict a tenant of the vendor, for occupancy by a purchaser who has acquired his rights in the housing accommodations on or after the effective date of regulation (or on or after October 20, 1942 where the effective date of regulation is prior to that date, or on or after November 6, 1942 for housing accommodations within the Hastings Defense-Rental Area), only as provided in this paragraph (b) (2).

(i) Where the Administrator finds that the payment or payments of principal made by the purchaser aggregate twenty per cent or more of the purchase price, he shall, on petition of either the vendor or purchaser, issue a certificate authorizing the vendor or purchaser to pursue his remedies for removal or eviction of the tenant in accordance with the requirements of the local law. Except as hereinafter provided, the certificate shall authorize pursuit of local remedies at the expiration of three months after the date of filing of the petition.

The payment or payments of principal may be made by the purchaser conditionally or in escrow to the end that they shall be returned to the purchaser in the event the Administrator denies a petition for a certificate.

Any payments of principal made from funds borrowed for the purpose of making such payments shall be excluded in determining whether twenty per cent of the purchase price has been paid, unless the Administrator finds that the loan is made in good faith and not for the purpose of circumventing or evading the provisions of this paragraph (b) (2).

Where property other than the housing accommodations which are the subject of the purchase is mortgaged or pledged to the vendor to secure any unpaid balance of the purchase price, the payment requirement shall be deemed satisfied if the value of such security, plus any payments of principal made from funds not borrowed for the purpose of making such principal payments, equal twenty per cent or more of the purchase price.

(ii) Where the Administrator finds (a) that equivalent accommodations are available for rent into which the tenant can move without substantial hardship or loss, or (b) that the vendor has or had a substantial necessity requiring the sale and that a reasonable sale or disposition of the accommodations could not be made without the removal or eviction of the tenant, or (c) that other special hardship would result, a certificate may be issued although less than twenty per cent of the purchase price has been paid and may authorize the vendor or purchaser to pursue his remedies for removal or eviction of the tenant at a time less than three months after the date of filing of the petition.

[Subparagraph (2) amended by Am. 7, 8 F.R. 12693, effective 9-16-43; and Am. 25, 9 F.R. 6359, effective 6-9-44]

(c) Exceptions from section 6—(1) Subtenants. The provisions of this section do not apply to a subtenant or other person who occupied under a rental agreement with the tenant, where removal or eviction of the subtenant or other such occupant is sought by the landlord of the tenant, unless under the local law there is a tenancy relationship between the landlord and the subtenant or other such occupant.

(2) Housing subject to rent schedule of War or Navy Department. The provisions of this section shall not apply to housing accommodations rented to either Army or Navy personnel, including civilian employees of the War and Navy Departments, for which the rent is fixed by the national rent schedule of the War or Navy Department.

(3) One or two occupants in landlord's residence. The provisions of this section shall not apply to an occupant of a furnished room or rooms not constituting an apartment, located within the residence occupied by the landlord or his immediate family, where such landlord rents to not more than two occupants

within such residence.

(4) Renting to family in landlord's residence. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a family which on or after August 1, 1943 moves into a furnished room or rooms not constituting an apartment located within the residence occupied by the landlord or his immediate family, where such landlord does not rent to any persons within such residence other than those in the one family.

[Subparagraph (4) added by Am. 3, 8 F.R. 10618, effective 8-1-43]

(d) Notices required—(1) Notices prior to action to remove tenant. Every notice to a tenant to vacate or surrender possession of housing accommodations shall state the ground under this section upon which the landlord relies for removal or eviction of the tenant. A written copy of such notice shall be given to the area rent office within 24 hours after the notice is given to the tenant.

No tenant shall be removed or evicted from housing accommodations by court process or otherwise, unless at least ten days (or, where the ground for removal or eviction is non-payment of rent, the period required by the local law for notice prior to the commencement of an action for removal or eviction in such cases, but in no event less than three days) prior to the time specified for surrender of possession and to the commencement of any action for removal or eviction, the landlord has given written notices of the proposed removal or eviction to the tenant and to the area rent office, stating the ground under this section upon which such removal or eviction is sought and specifying the time when the tenant is required to surrender possession: Provided, however, That the requirement of this sentence shall not apply to housing accommodations within the City of Baltimore, Maryland, the Northeastern New Jersey Defense-Rental Area, or the Trenton Defense-Rental Area, when the ground for the removal or eviction of a tenant is non-payment of rent.

Where the ground for removal or eviction of a tenant is non-payment of rent, every notice under this paragraph (d) (1) shall state the rent for the housing accommodations, the amount of rent due and the rental period or periods for which such rent is due. The provisions of this paragraph (d) (1) shall not apply where a certificate has been issued by the Administrator pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section.

(2) Notices at time of commencing action to remove tenant. At the time of commencing any action to remove or evict a tenant, including an action based upon non-payment of rent, the landlord shall give written notice thereof to the area rent office stating the title of the case, the number of the case where that is possible, the court in which it is filed, the name and address of the tenant, and the ground under this section on which removal or eviction is sought.

(e) Local law. No provision of this section shall be construed to authorize the removal of a tenant unless such removal is authorized under the local law.

SEC. 7. Registration—(a) Registration statement. On or before the date specified in Schedule A of this regulation, or within 30 days after the property is first rented, whichever date is the later, every landlord of housing accommodations rented or offered for rent shall file in triplicate a written statement on the form provided therefor to be known as a registration statement. The statement shall identify each dwelling unit and specify the maximum rent provided by this regulation for such dwelling unit and shall contain such other information as the Administrator shall require. The original shall remain on file with the Administrator and he shall cause one copy to be delivered to the tenant and one copy, stamped to indicate that it is a correct copy of the original, to be returned to the landlord. In any subsequent change of tenancy the landlord shall exhibit to the new tenant his stamped copy of the registration statement, and shall obtain the tenant's signature and the date thereof, on the back of such statement. Within five days after renting to a new tenant, the landlord shall file a notice on the form provided therefor, on which he shall obtain the tenant's signature, stating that there has been a change in tenancy, that the stamped copy of the registration statement has been exhibited to the new tenant and that the rent for such accom-modations is in conformity therewith.

When the maximum rent is changed by order of the Administrator, the landlord shall deliver his stamped copy of the registration statement to the area rent office for appropriate action reflecting such change.

(b) Receipt for amount paid. No payment of rent need be made unless the landlord tenders a receipt for the amount to be paid.

(c) Exceptions from registration requirements—(1) Housing under section 4 (g). The provisions of this section shall not apply to housing accommodations under section 4 (g). The owner

of such housing accommodations shall file a schedule or schedules, setting out the maximum rents for all such accommodations in the Defense-Rental Area and containing such other information as the Administrator shall require. A copy of such schedule or schedules shall be posted by the owner in a place where it will be available for inspection by the tenants of such housing accommodations.

(2) Housing subject to rent schedule of War or Navy Department. The provisions of this section shall not apply to housing accommodations rented to either Army or Navy personnel, including any civilian employees of the War and Navy Departments, for which the rent is fixed by the national rent schedule of the War or Navy Department.

(3) Housing in Cincinnati Defense-Rental Area. The provisions of this section shall not apply to housing accommodations in the Cincinnati Defense-Rental Area so long as the maximum rent for such accommodations is established solely under paragraph (a) or (b) of section 4: Provided, however, That no payment of rent need be made by any tenant of such accommodations unless the landlord tenders a receipt for the amount to be paid.

(d) Housing in Puerto Rico Defense-Rental Area. The provisions of this section 7 (d) shall be substituted for the provisions of section 7 (a) for housing accommodations in the Puerto Rico De-

fense-Rental Area.

On or before the date specified in Schedule A of this regulation, or within 30 days after the property is first rented, whichever date is the later, every landlord of housing accommodations rented or offered for rent shall file in the area rent office a form provided by the area rent office for this purpose. The form shall identify each dwelling unit and shall specify the maximum rent provided by this regulation for such dwelling unit and shall contain such other information as the Administrator shall require.

(1) Notice of maximum rent. The landlord shall prepare the form known as "Notice of Maximum Rent" if the maximum rent for the dwelling unit is determined under paragraph (a) of section 4. The landlord shall prepare the notice in duplicate and shall send one copy to the tenant and one copy to the

area rent office.

(2) Registration statement. The landlord shall prepare the form known as "Registration Statement" if the maximum rent for the dwelling unit is determined under any paragraph of section 4 other than paragraph (a), (g), or (h). The landlord shall prepare the Registration Statement in triplicate and shall send the three copies to the area rent office. The Administrator shall retain one copy on file, and he shall cause one copy to be delivered to the tenant and one copy, stamped to indicate that it is a correct copy of the original, to be returned to the landlord.

(3) Change in tenancy. Within five days after renting to a new tenant, the landlord shall file a form provided by the area rent office for this purpose. The landlord shall state the maximum rent for the dwelling unit, and he shall obtain the new tenant's signature on this form.

[Paragraph (d) added by Am. 15, 9 F.R. 206, effective 2-1-44]

SEC. 8. Inspection. Any person who rents or offers for rent or acts as a broker or agent for the rental of housing accommodations and any tenant shall permit such inspection of the accommodations by the Administrator as he may, from time to time, require.

Sec 9. Evasion. The maximum rents and other requirements provided in this regulation shall not be evaded, either directly or indirectly, in connection with the renting or leasing or the transfer of a lease of housing accommodations, by way of absolute or conditional sale, sale with purchase money or other form of mortgage, or sale with option to repurchase, or by modification of the practices relating to payment of commissions or other charges or by modification of the services furnished with housing accommodations, or otherwise,

Sec. 10. Enforcement. Persons violating any provision of this regulation are subject to criminal penalties, civil enforcement actions and suits for treble damages as provided for by the Act.

SEC. 11. Procedure. All registration statements, reports and notices provided for by this regulation shall be filed with the area rent office. All landlord's petitions and tenant's applications shall be filed with such office in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation No. 3 * (§§ 1300.201 to 1300.259a, inclusive).

SEC. 12. Petitions for amendment. Persons seeking any amendment of general applicability to any provision of this regulation may file petitions therefor in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation No. 3 (§§ 1300.201 to 1300.-259a, inclusive).

SEC. 13. Definitions. (a) When used in this regulation the term:

(1) "Act" means the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942.

(2) "Administrator" means the Price Administrator of the Office of Price Administration, or the Rent Director or such other person or persons as the Administrator may appoint or designate to carry out any of the duties delegated to him by the Act.

(3) "Rent Director" means the person designated by the Administrator as director of the Defense-Rental Area or such person or persons as may be designated to carry out any of the duties delegated to the Rent Director by the Administrator.

(4) "Area rent office" means the office of the Rent Director in the Defense-Rental Area.

(5) "Person" includes an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or any other organized group of persons, or legal successor or representative of any of the foregoing, and includes the United States or any agency thereof, or any other government, or any of its political subdivisions, or any agency of any of the foregoing.

of the foregoing.

(6) "Housing accommodations" means any building, structure, or part thereof, or land appurtenant thereto, or any other real or personal property rented or offered for rent for living or dwelling purposes, together with all privileges, services, furnishings, furniture, equipment, facilities and improvements connected with the use or occupancy of such property.

(7) "Services" includes repairs, decorating and maintenance, the furnishing of light, heat, hot and cold water, telephone, elevator service, window shades, and storage, kitchen, bath, and laundry

facilities and privileges, maid service, linen service, janitor service, the removal of refuse and any other privilege or facility connected with the use or occupancy of housing accommodations.

(8) "Landlord" includes an owner,

(8) "Landlord" includes an owner, lessor, sublessor, assignee or other person receiving or entitled to receive rent for the use or occupancy of any housing accommodations, or an agent of any of the foregoing.

(9) "Tenant" includes a subtenant, lessee, sublessee, or other person entitled to the possession or to the use or occupancy of any housing accommodations.

(10) "Rent" means the consideration, including any bonus, benefit, or gratuity, demanded or received for or in connection with the use or occupancy of housing accommodations or the transfer of a lease of such accommodations.

[Subparagraph (10) amended by Am. 33, 9 F.R. 10633, effective 9-1-44]

(11) "Hotel" means any establishment generally recognized as such in its community, containing more than 50 rooms and used predominantly for transient occupancy.

(12) "Rooming house" means, in addition to its customary usage, a building or portion of a building other than a hotel in which a furnished room or rooms not constituting an apartment are rented on a short-time basis of daily, weekly, or monthly occupancy to more than two paying tenants not members of the landlord's immediate family. The term includes boarding houses, dormitories, auto camps, trailers, residence clubs, tourist homes or cabins, and all other establishments of a similar nature.

(b) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in section 302 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 shall apply to other terms used in this regulation.

SCHEDULE A-DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS

	Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under Rent Regulation for Housing	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
(16 (17 (18 (19 (22) (23) (23) (23) (24) (25) (25) (25) (25) (25) (25) (25) (25	Lanett Mobile Mobile Montgomery Muscle Shoals-Huntsville Selma Revoked] Revoked] Fort Huachuea Fort Huachuea Phoenix-Salt River Valley Prescott-Flagstaff Tucson Yuma Revoked] Blytheville El Dorado Fort Smith (Revoked)	Alabama Alabama Alabama Alabama Alabama Alabama Alabama Alabama	Baldwin. Jefferson. Calhoun, Cloburne, St. Clair, Shelby, and Talladega. Dale and Houston. Coffee. Etowah. Chambers. Mobile. Elmore and Montgomery. Macon. Colbert, Lauderdale, Limestone, Madison, and Morgan. Dallas. Cochise and Santa Cruz. Gila and Maricopa. Coconino and Yavapai. That portion of the County of Mohave south of the Colorado River. Pima. Yuma. Mississippi. Union. Sebastian. Lonoke and Pulaski. Salline. Craighead, Independence, Jackson, and Lawrence.	Mar. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1941 Apr. 1, 1941 Apr. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1944 Mar. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1944 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1943 June 1, 1942 July 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1943 Nov. 1, 1943 Nov. 1, 1944 Dec. 1, 1942 Lec. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942 Cot. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1944 July 15, 1942 Aug. 15, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943 July 15, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943 Aug. 15, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943 Sept. 15, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943 Sept. 15, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943 Sept. 15, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
	See footnotes at end of table.	Arkansas	Randolph	Mar. 1, 1942	Feb. 1, 1943	Mar. 18, 1943

^{*9} F.R. 10484.

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SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS—Continued

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under Rent Regulation for Housing	Maxi rent		Effect dat regul	e of	Date which registra statements be fill (inclus	ch ation ent to led
5) Pine Bluff i	Arkansas	Jefferson. Arkansas County and the Southern District of Prairie County consisting of the Townships of Belcher, Center, Hazen, Lower Surrounded Hill, Roc Roe, Tyler, and Watensaw.	Mar. Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Aug. Dec.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Sept. 1 Jan. 1	5, 19-
(Revoked)	California	Fresno	Jan.	1, 1944	June	1, 1944	July 1	5, 19
7b) Imperial County	California	Imperial Lassen	Jan. Mar. Mar.	1, 1943	Sept. Nov.	1, 1944	July 1 Oct. 1 Dec. 1	5, 19
3) Lassen County 3) [Revoked]	talence in the state of the sta							
) Los Angeles	California	Los Angeles and Orange Sutter and Yuba Butte	Mar. Mar.	1, 1942	Nov. Oct.	1, 1942 1, 1942 1, 1942	Dec. 1 Nov. 1 Jan. 1	15, 19
) Revoked	California		Mar.	1, 1942	Dec.	1, 1942	Jan. 1	15, 19
Modesto-Merced	California	Merced and Stanislaus Monterey County and in Santa Cruz County the Township	Mar. Mar.	1,1942	Dec.	1, 1942 1, 1943	Jan. 1 Dec. 1	15, 10
(a) Monterey Bay 1	and the second s	of Wateonvilla	Administration of	The second second		Section Const.		
) Richmond-Vallejo	California California	Contra Costa, Naps, and Solano	Jan. Mar.	1, 1942	Nov.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Sept. 1 Dec. 1	16, 11
) Riverside a) Sacramento) San Bernardino	California	Riverside Sacramento, San Joaquin, and Yolo	Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1942	July	1. 1942	Aug. 1 Oct. 1	15, 19
i) San Diego	California	San Bernardino. In the County of San Diego the Judicial Townships of Encinitas, National, and San Diego in their entireties, and that part of the Judicial Township of El Cajon lying west of the Cleveland National Forest.	Jan.	1, 1941	June	1, 1942 1, 1942	July	15,1
	California.	County of San Diego other than the Judicial Townships of En- cinitas, National, and San Diego in their entireties, and that part of the Judicial Township of El Cajon lying west of the Cleveland National Forest.	Jan.	1, 1941	July	1, 1042	Aug. 1	15, 1
8) San Francisco Bay	California	Alameda, Marin, San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara, and	Mar.	1, 1942	July	1, 1942	Aug. 1	15, 1
San Luis Obispo Santa Maria	California	San Luis Obispo	Jan.	1, 1941	July	1, 1942	Aug. 1	15, 1
)) Santa Maria	The state of the s	5 6 7 9 and 10	July			1, 1942		
Oa) Ventura	California	VenturaKings and Tulare	Mar. Mar.	1, 1942	Aug. Dec.	1, 1943	Sept. 1	15, 1 15, 1
Tulare-Kings	Colorado	El Paso	Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Oct.	1, 1942 1, 1942 1, 1942	Jan. 1 Nov. 1 Sept. 1	15, 1
Denver	Colorado		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR					
(a) Grand Junction	Colorado	Mesa Eagle, Lake, and Summit Chaffee and Garfield	July Mar.	1, 1943	Aug. Dec.	1, 1944 1, 1942 1, 1943 1, 1942 1, 1942	Sept. 1	15, 1 $15, 1$
	Colorado	Chaffee and Garfield	Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Aug.	1, 1943	Sept.	15, 1
i) Pueblo) Bridgeport	Connecticut	Otero and Pueblo	Apr.	1, 1941	June	1, 1942	Dec. I	15, 1
	Connecticut	Fairfield, Shelton, Stratford, Trumbull, and Westport.	Apr.	1, 1941		1, 1942	Aug.	31. 1
8) Hartford-New Britain	Connecticut	ton, Fairfield, Shelton, Stratford, Trumbull, and Westport.	Are	1, 1941		1, 1942		
	Connecticut	Otero and Pueblo. In the County of Fairfield the Towns of Bridgeport, Easton, Fairfield, Shelton, Stratford, Trumbull, and Westport. County of Fairfield other than the Towns of Bridgeport, Easton, Fairfield, Shelton, Stratford, Trumbull, and Westport. In the County of Hartford the Towns of Berlin, Bloomfield, Bristol, East Hartford, East Windsor, Farmington, Glastonbury, Hartford, Manchester, New Britain, Newington, Plainville, Rocky Hill, Southington, South Windsor, West Hartford, Wethersfield, Windsor, and Windsor Locks; in the County of Middlesex the Towns of Cromwell, Middlefield, Middletown, and Portland, in the County of New Haven the Towns of Meriden and Wallingford: and in the County of Hartford other than the Towns of Berlin, Bloom-	Anr	1, 1941	July	1.1942	Ane :	31 1
		field, Bristol, East Hartford, East Windsor, Farmingten, Glastonbury, Hartford, Manchester, New Britain, Newing- ton, Plainville, Rocky Hill, Southington, South Windsor, West Hartford, Wethersfield, Windsor, and Windsor Locks; County of Middlesex other than the Towns of Cromwell, Middlefield, Middletown, and Portland; and the County of Tolland other than the Town of Vernou.						
9) New Haven		In the County of New Haven the Towns of Ansonia, Bran- ford, Derby, East Haven, Guilford, Hamden, Madison, Milford, New Haven, North Branford, North Haven, Orange, Seymour, West Haven, and Woodbridge. New London and Windham	1	1, 1941		1, 1942	Aug.	
0) New London	Connecticut	In the County of Litchfield the Towns of Plymouth, Thomaston, and Watertown; and in the County of New Haven the Towns of Beacon Falls, Cheshire, Middlebury, Naugatuck, Prospect, Waterbury, and Wolcott.	Apr.	1, 1941	June	1, 1942	July	
2) [Revoked]	Connecticut	ton, and Watertown; and in the County of New Haven the Towns of Beacon Falls, Cheshire, Middlebury, Naugatuck, Prospect, Waterbury, and Welcott. County of Litchfield other than the Towns of Plymouth, Thomaston, and Watertown; and in the County of New Haven the Towns of Bethany, Oxford, and Southbury.	Apr.	1, 1941	July	1, 1942	Aug.	
3) Delaware	Delaware	New Castle Kent and Sussex		1, 1042 1, 1942	Nov. Dec.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Dec. Jan.	
4) [Revoked]	234-735			1, 1942	Dec.	1, 1942	Jan.	
5) Banana River	Florida	St. Lucie	Mar.	1, 1943	Dec.	1, 1943	Jan.	1,
5b) Fort Myers	Florida	Lee Alachua, Bradford, and Clay	Jan.	1, 1943 1, 1941	June Aug.	1, 1944	July Sept.	15,
7) Jacksonville	Florida	Duval	Apr.	1, 1941	July Oct.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Aug. Nov.	15,
8) Key West 9) Lake City	Florida	Monroe Columbia	Mar.	1, 1942	May	1, 1943	June	15,
0) Marianna 1) Orlando	Florida	Jackson Orange	Mar Oct.	1, 1942 1, 1941	Dec. Nov.		Jan. Dec.	16,
2) Panama City	Florida	Bay Franklin and Gulf	Mar. Mar.	1, 1942	Sept. Dec.		Oct. Jan.	16,
3) Pensacola	Florida	Escambia	Mar.	1, 1942	Sept.	1, 1942	Oct.	16,
	Florida	Okaloosa	Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Oct. May	1, 1942 1, 1943	Nov. June	15,
3a) St. Augustine	Florida	St. Johns.		1, 1943	June		July	
A) [Revoked] 5) Tallahassee	Florida	Leon	Mar.	1, 1942	Nov.	1, 1942	Dec.	
6) Tampa	Florida	Wakulla Hillsborough, Pinellas, and Polk	Mar.	1,1942 1,1942	Sept.	1, 1943	June Oct.	16,
A SECTION AND A SECTION AND ASSESSMENT OF THE PARTY OF TH	Florida	Highlands	Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Nov.	1, 1942	Dec.	16,
7) [Revoked]					British Carl			

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS—Continued

Name of defense-rental area		State	County or counties in defense-rental area under Rent Regulation for Housing	Maxim rent di			etive e of ation	regist staten be	te by nich cration nent to filed usive)
69) 70)	AthensAtlanta	Georgia	Clarke	Mar. 1, Mar. 1, Mar. 1,	1942	Dec. Aug.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Jan. Sept.	15, 19
71)	Augusta, Ga	Georgia South Carolina	Richmond Aiken	Mar. 1, Mar. 1.	1942 1942	Oct.	1, 1942	Nov.	15, 19
72)	Bainbridge-Cairo, Georgia	Georgia	Decatur and Grady Brantley, Camden, Glynn, McIntosh, and Wayne	Mar. 1.	1942	Oct.	1, 1942	Nov.	15, 19
	Brunswick	Georgia	Ware	Mar. 1,	1942 1942	Sept. May	1, 1942 1, 1942 1, 1943 1, 1942	June	16, 19
74)	Columbus, Ga	Georgia	Muscogee. In the County of Russell Election Precinct One, including the City of Phenix City.	Jan. 1, Jan. 1,	, 1941 , 1941	June June	1, 1942 1, 1942	Jan. Sept. Nov. Nov. Oct. June July July	15, 19 15, 19
748)) Dublin Hinesville	Georgia	Laurens Liberty	July 1, Mar. 1,	1943	June Nov.	1, 1944 1, 1942	July	15, 19- 16, 19-
76)	Macon	Georgia	Bibb, Houston, and Peach	Apr. 1.	1941	July	1.1942	Alig.	15, 19
78)	Moultrie	Georgia	Colquitt Chathan Thomas County and those portions of the towns of Pavo and	Mar. 1, Mar. 1,	1942	Nov. July	1, 1942 1, 1942 1, 1944	Aug.	16, 19 15, 19
78a,) Thomasville	Georgia	Meigs in Mitchell County.	Mar. 1,	, 1943	June	1, 1944	July	15, 19
79)	ToccoaValdosta	Georgia	Stephens Lowndes	Mar. 1, Mar. 1,	1942		1, 1942 1, 1942	Nov.	15, 19 16, 19
SOal	Boise Couer d'Alene-Pend Orielle	Idaho	Ada and Elmore	Jan. 1,	1943	Jan.	1, 1944 1, 1942	Feb.	15, 19
82)	Pocatello-Idaho Falls	Idaho	Bonner and Kootenai. Bannock Cook, Du Page, Kane, and Lake	Mar. 1, Mar. 1,	1942	Oct.	1, 1942	Nov.	15, 19 15, 19 31, 19
83)	Chicago[Revoked]	Illinois	Cook, Du Page, Kane, and Lake	Mar. 1,	, 1942	July	1, 1942	Aug.	31, 19
35)	DixonJoliet	Illinois	LeeWill	Mar. 1,	1942	Sept.	1, 1942	Oct.	16, 19
37)	Kankakee	Illinois	Kankakee	Apr. 1, Mar. 1,	1942	July	1, 1942 1, 1943 1, 1943	Aug. June	15, 19
ssa)	LaSalle County	Illinois	LaSalle Fulton, McDonough, and Mason	Mar. 1. Mar. 1.	, 1942	NOV.	1, 1943	June Dec.	15, 19
39)	Quad Cities	Illinois	Rock Island	Mar. 1,		Sept.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Oct.	16, 19
90)	Quincy	Illinois	Adams	Mar. 1,	1942	Nov.	1, 1942	Dec	16, 19
91)	Champaign-Vermilion	Missouri	Adams. Lewis and Marion Champaign and Vermilion	Mar. 1	, 1942 , 1942	Sept.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Dec. Oct.	16, 19
91a) 92)	GalesburgRockford	Illinois	Knox Boone and Winnebago	July 1 Mar. 1	, 1943 , 1942	May	1, 1944 1, 1942	June Aug.	15, 10
	Savanna-Clinton	Illinois	De Kalb	Mar. 1	1942	Sept.	1, 1943	Oct.	15, 19
	and the second s	Iowa	Carroll. Clinton. Christian, Logan, Macon, and Sangamon.	Mar. 1 Mar. 1	, 1942 , 1942	Sept.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Oct.	16, 19
94)	Springfield-Decatur [Revoked]	Illinois	Christian, Logan, Macon, and Sangamon	Mar. 1	, 1942	Aug.	1, 1942	Sept.	15, 19
96)	[Revoked] Columbus, Ind	Indiana	Bartholomew, Brown, Johnson, Morgan, and Shelby	Mar. 1	1042	Sent	1, 1942	Oct.	16 10
,		Indiana	Lawrence	Mar. 1	1942	Nov	1.1942	Dec.	16, 19
98)	Richmond-Connersville	Indiana	JacksonFayette	Mar. 1, Mar. 1, Mar. 1, Mar. 1,	1942	Nov.	1, 1942 1, 1942 1, 1943	Dec.	15, 19 16, 19
(99)	[Revoked]	Indiana	Wayne	Mar. 1	, 1942	Nov.	1, 1943	Dec.	15, 19
100)	Evansville-Henderson	Indiana Kentucky Kentucky	VanderburghHenderson	Mar. 1	1942	Sept.	1, 1942	Oat	16, 19
101)	Part Warne	Kentucky	Union	Mar. 1, Mar. 1, Mar. 1,	1942	Nov.	1, 1942 1, 1942 1, 1942	Dec.	16, 19 16, 19
	Fort Wayne	Indiana	Allen	Mar. 1.	, 1942 , 1942	Oct. Dec.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Jan.	15, 19
103)	Gary-HammondIndianapolis	Indiana	LakeMarion		1942 1941	Oct. July	1, 1942 1, 1942 1, 1942	Dec. Nov. Jan. Nov. Aug. Dec.	15, 19
104) $105)$	La Fayette. La Porte-Michigen City	Indiana	Marion Fountain, Tippecanoe, and Warren. La Porte and Starke	Mar. 1	1942 1941	Nov. July	1, 1942	Dec.	16, 19
106)	Anderson	Indiana	Huntington, Miami, and Wabash. Delaware, Grant, Howard, and Madison	Apr. 1 Mar. 1	1942	Oct.	1, 1942 1, 1942 1, 1942	Aug. Nov. Jan.	15, 19
107)	[Revoked]	Indiana			, 1942				
108)	South Bend	Indiana	St. Joseph and Elkhart	Apr. 1, Mar. 1,	, 1941 , 1942	June Sept.	1, 1942 1, 1942 1, 1942	July Oct.	15, 19
		IllinoisIndiana	Edgar	Mar. 1	1942 1942	Sept.	1, 1942	Oct. Dec.	16, 19
110)	Vincennes	Indiana	Vigo. Daviess and Knox.	Mar. 1	, 1942	Oct.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Nov.	15, 11
		IllinoisIndiana	Lawrence	Mar. 1, Mar. 1,	, 1942 , 1942	Oct. Nov.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Nov. Dec.	15, 19
112)	[Revoked] Burlington	Iowa	In the County of Des Moines the Townships of Augusta, Burlington, Concordia, Danville, Flint River, Tama, and Union; in the County of Henry the Townships of Baltimore, Center, Mount Pleasant, and New London; and in the County of Lee the Townships of Denmark, Green Bay,		, 1941		1, 1942	1977	15, 19
		Iowa	Madison, and Washington. County of Des Moines other than the Townships of Augusta, Burlington, Concordia, Danville, Flint River, Tama, and Union; County of Henry other than the Townships of Balti- more, Center, Mount Pleasant, and New London; County of Lee other than the Townships of Denmark, Green Bay, Madison, and Washington.	Jan. 1,	, 1941	July	1, 1942	Aug.	15, 19
13)	Cedar Rapids	Illinois	County of Henderson Lina		1941		1, 1942 1, 1942	Aug.	15, 19 15, 19
14)	Des Moines	Iowa	Polk	Mar. 1,	1942		1, 1942	Oct.	16, 19
148	Ottumwa	Iowa	Jasper	Mar. 1, Mar. 1,	1942	Sept.	1, 1943 1, 1943	Dec. Oct.	15, 19
) Sioux City	Nebraska	Woodbury	July 1,		June June	1, 1944 1, 1944	July July	15, 19
	Baxter Springs	Kansas. Oklahoma	Dakota. Cherokee and Crawford. Ottawa.	Mar. 1,	1942	Sept.	1, 1942	Oct.	16, 19
16)	Dodge City) Great Bend	Kansas	Finney, Ford, and Gray	Mar. 1, Mar. 1,	1942	Sept. May	1, 1942 1, 1943	June	15, 19
	and the second s	Kansas Kansas	Barton Ellis and Russell	Mar. 1, Mar. 1.	1943	Feb. Aug.	1, 1944 1, 1944	Mar. Sept.	15, 19
18)	Hutchinson Junction City-Manhattan	KansasKansas	Reno. Geary and Riley	Mar. 1,	1942 1941	May	1, 1943 1, 1942	June Aug.	15, 19
19)	Liberal Parsons 1	Kansas	Seward	Mar. 1,	1942	Dec.	1, 1942	Jan.	15, 19
		Kansas	Labette Montgomery Montgomery	July 1, July 1,	1941	Sept.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Aug. Oct.	16, 1
21)) PrattSalina	Kansas	Pratt Dickinson, McPherson, Ottawa, and Saline Douglas, Franklin, and Shawnee	Mar. 1	1943	June Dec.	1, 1944	July Jan.	15, 1
22)	Topeka-Lawrence	Kansas. Kansas. Kentucky.	Douglas, Franklin, and Shawnee Sedgwick	Mar. 1, Mar. 1, July 1,	1942	Nov. June Nov.	1, 1942	Dec.	16, 11
well	Fort Knox		Bullitt, Hardin, and Meade	auty 1,	13941	June	1, 1942	July Dec.	10, 1

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SCHEDULE A-DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS-Continued

Name of defense-rental area		State	County or counties in defense-rental area under Rent Regulation for Housing	Maximination		Effective date of regulation	regist staten be	te by hich tration ment i filed lusive)
5)	Louisville	Kentucky	Jefferson Clark and Floyd	July July	1, 1941 1, 1941	Aug. 1, 19 Aug. 1, 19	2 Sept.	. 15, 19 . 15, 19
6)	Revokedi	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN			11 22333		and the same	
6a)	Owensboro	Kentucky	DaviessMcCracken	Mar. Mar.	1, 1943 1, 1942	June 1, 19 Nov. 1, 19	4 July 2 Dec.	15, 19 16, 19
	Padueah	Kentucky	Ballard	Mar.	1, 1942	Aug. 1, 19	3 Sept.	. 15, 15
8)	Richmond, KyAlexandria-Leesville	KentuckyLouisiana	Madison Parishes of Regurgary Panides and Varnan		1, 1942 1, 1941	Nov. 1, 19 July 1, 19	2 Dec.	16, 19
0)	Baton Rouge	Louisiana	Parishes of Beauregard, Rapides, and Vernon Parishes of East Baton Rouge and West Baton Rouge	Mar.	1, 1942	Nov. 1, 19	2 Dec.	16, 1
1)	Lake Charles	Louisiana	Parish of Calcasicu. Parish of Webster Parishes of Morehouse, Ouachita, and Union Parishes of Jefferson, Orleans and St. Bernard.		1, 1942 1, 1941	Apr. 15, 19 July 1, 19	3 May	30, 1
33	Minden	Louisiana	Parishes of Morehouse, Ouachita, and Union	Mar.	1, 1942	Nov. 1, 19	2 Dec.	16, 1
4)	New Orleans Shreveport	Louisiana	Parishes of Jefferson, Orleans and St. Bernard		1, 1942 1, 1943	Sept. 1, 19 Sept. 1, 19	2 Oct. 4 Oct.	16,
(n)	Bangor	Louisiana	Parishes of Hossier and Caddo	Mar.	1, 1042	Dec. 1, 19	2 Jan.	15,
3)	Bath	Maine	Lincoln and Sagadahoc Androscoggin and Cumberland		1, 1941 1, 1943	July 1, 19 Aug. 1, 19	2 Aug. 2 Sept.	31,
7)	Portland	Maine	York	Mar. Mar.	1, 1942	Dec. 1, 19	2 Jan.	15.
8)	Presque Isle	Maine Maryland	Aroostook	Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1941	Dec. 1, 19 July 1, 19	2 Jan.	15.
		the same of the same of	City of Baltimore and the Counties of Anne Arundel, Balti- more, Carroll, Cecil, Harford, and Howard.		MI PORTO			
油)	Frederick	Maryland	Frederick Washington	July Mar.	1, 1943 1, 1942	June 1, 19 Sept. 1, 19	4 July 2 Oct.	10.
1) .	Hagerstown Indian Head-Patuxent River	Maryland	Charles	Mar.	1, 1942	Nov. 1.19	2 Dec.	. 16.
2)	Montgomery-Prince Georges	Maryland	Charles St. Marys and Calvert. Montgomery and Prince Georges. Barnstable, Bristol, Middlesex, Norfelk, Plymouth, and	Mar. Jan.	1, 1942 1, 1941	Nov. 1, 19 July 1, 19	Dec. 2 Aug.	15,
	Eastern Massachusetts	Maryland Massachusetts	Barnstable, Bristol, Middlesex, Norfelk, Plymouth, and Suffolk.	Mar.	1, 1942	Nov. 1, 19	12 Dec.	16,
4)	Essex County, Mass	Massachu etts	Essex	Mar.	1, 1942	Sept. 1, 19	12 Oct. 12 Dec.	16,
3)	Pittsfield Springfield, Mass	Massachusetts	Berkshire	Mar. Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 19 July 1, 19	12 Aug.	15,
65	Wor ester	Massachusetts	Worcester	Mar.	1, 1942	Sept. 1, 19	12 Oct.	16,
5)	Revoked] Detroit	Miehigan	Macomb, Oakland, and Wayne	Apr.	1, 1941	June 1, 19	12 July	15
		Michigan	Washtenaw	Apr.	1, 1941	July 1, 19	(O A vive	. 15,
3)	Grand Rapids-Muskegon	Michigan	Muskegon. Kent and Ottswa.	Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 19 Dec. 1, 19		15,
)a)	Hillsdale	Miehigan	Hillsdale	Jan.	1, 1943 1, 1942	Apr. 1, 19	14 May	15,
1)	Jackson, Michigan	Michigan	Jackson Lenawee	Mar. Mar.	1, 1942	Sept. 1, 19 Nov. 1, 19	12 Oct. 12 Dec.	16,
2)	Kalamozoo-Battle Creek	Michigan	Calhoun	Mar.	1, 1942	Oct. 1, 19	12 Nov.	. 15,
3)	Lansing	Michigan	Kalamazoo Clinton, Eaton, and Ingham Mason	Mar. Mar.	1, 1942	Dec. 1, 19 Oct. 1, 19	12 Jan. 12 Nov.	10,
4)	Ludington 4	Michigan	Mason	Mar.	1, 1942	Oct. 1, 19	12 Nov.	. 15,
4a)	Monroe, Michigan	Michigan	Monroe Berrien	Mar. Apr.	1, 1942 1, 1941	Nov. 1, 19 July 1, 19	12 Dec. 12 Aug.	10,
58.)	Owosso.	Michigan	Shiawassee	Mar.	1, 1943	June 1, 19	14 July	15,
6)	Port Huron	Miehigan	St. Clair Bay, Midland, and Saginaw	Mar. Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 19 July 1, 19	12 Jan. 42 Aug.	15,
8)	Saginaw-Bay City[Revoked]	Miehigan	bay, Midiand, and Sagmaw					
9)	Duluth-Superior	Minnesota	Carlton and St. Louis.	Mar. Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 19 Nov. 1, 19	42 Dec. 42 Dec.	16,
(0)	Minneapolis-St. Paul	Wisconsin Minnesota	Douglas Anoka, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, and Washington	Mar.	1, 1942	Nov. 1, 19	42 Dec.	16.
(la	Rochester	Minnesota	Olmsted		1, 1944	Aug. 1, 19	14 Sept	. 15,
2)	[Revoked] Biloxi-Pascagoula	Mississippi	Harrison and Jackson	Apr.	1, 1941	July 1,-19	42 Aug.	. 15,
3)	Centreville 1	Mississippi Mississippi Mississippi	Harrison and Jackson. Adams, Amite, Pike, and Wilkinson. Chickasaw, Clay, Itawamba, Lee, and Munroe.	Mar.	1, 1942	May 1, 19	43 June	
4)	Columbus, Miss	Mississippi	Lamar	Mar. Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 19	42 Nov 42 Nov	. 15
		Alabama Mississippi	Lowndes	Mar.	1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1	42 Dec.	, 16,
5)	Grenada 1	Alabama Mississippi Mississippi	Pickens. Carroll, Grenada, Leflore, and Montgomery	Mar. Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 19 Oct. 1, 19		15
		Mississippi	Calheun and Yalobusha	Mar.	1, 1942	Feb. 1, 19	43 Mar	
71	Hattiesburg Jackson, Miss	JVI ISSISSIDD1	Forrest. Hinds, Madison, and Rankin.	Apr. Mar.	1, 1941	July 1, 19 Dec. 1, 19		
TB.	Laurel	M ississippi	Jones.	Mar.	1, 1942	Nov. 1, 19	43 Dec.	15
8)	Meridian Joplin-Neosho	Mississippi	Jasper and Newton	Mar. July	1, 1942	Oct . 1, 19 July 1, 19	42 Nov 42 Aug	15
0)	Kansas City	Missouri	Clay Jackson, and Platte	Mar.	1, 1942	Sept. 1, 19	42 Oct.	. 16
	Pike	Kansas Missouri	Johnson, Leavenworth, and Wyandotte Pike	Mar. Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 19 Sept. 1, 19		
		Illinois	Pike. Laclede, Phelps, and Pulaski.	Mar.	1, 1942	Sept. 1, 19	42 Oct.	. 16
2)	Rolla-Waynesville	Missouri	Laclede, Phelps, and Pulaski	Apr. Mar	1, 1941 1, 1942	July 1, 18 Dec. 1, 19	42 Aug	15
Ba.	Springfield, Mo	Missouri	Greene City of St. Louis and the Counties of Jefferson, St. Charles,	July	1, 1943	Aug. 1, 19		t. 15
4)	St. Louis	Missouri	City of St. Louis and the Counties of Jefferson, St. Charles, and St. Louis.	Mar.	1, 1942	July 1, 19	42 Aug	. 15
	Court Polls	Illinois	Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair		1, 1942	July 1, 194	Aug.	15
6)	Great Falls	Montana Nebraska	Cascade		1, 1942 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 19 Nov. 1, 19	42 Dec. 42 Dec.	
6a	Alliance Fairbury-York	Nebraska	Box Butte Fillmore, Jefferson, Thayer, and York	Mar.	1, 1943	Aug. 1.19	44 Sept	t. 15
63:	Grand Island	Nebraska	Hall Adems and Clay	Mar.	1, 1942	Aug. 1, 19 Dec. 12, 19	42 Sept 42 Jan.	26
197	Kearney	Nebraska	Buffalo	Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1942	May 1, 19	43 June	e 15
423:	Lincom	1 Nobresite	Laneaster	Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1943	Dec. 1, 19 Nov. 1, 19	42 Jan. 43 Dec	. 15
1)	McCook. Omaha	Nebraska	Redwillow Dodge and Saunders Dodge and Saunde	Mar.	1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1	42 Eept	t. 15
		Nebraska	Douglas and Sarpy	Mar.	1, 1942	Dec. 1, 19 Dec. 1, 19	42 Jan.	. 15
(2)	Sidney, Nebr	Nebraska	Pottowatamie	Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1 Sept. 1, 1	42 Oct.	. 16
55).	Revokedi	The state of the s	Those portions of Esmeralda and Nye Counties consisting of	-				t. 15
	Goldfield-Tonopah	Nevada	Townships 1, 2, and 3 North and Townships 1, 2, and 3 South,	Oct.	1, 1943	Aug. 1, 1	reb(40
RAS	Lac Vegas	Noved	Range 42 East, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian.	Test	7 7041	Arm Vin	12 0	4 4-
85)	Las Vegas	Nevada	Clark Washee	Mar.	1, 1941	Aug. 1, 1 Dec. 1, 1	42 Jan.	t. 15
86)	Reno Manchester	New Hampshire	Sullivan	Mar.	1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1	142 Nov	v. 15
87)	Portsmonth	I New Hampshire	Hillsborough Rockingham and Strafford	Mar.	1, 1942 1, 1942 1, 1942	Nov. 1,1 Dec. 1,1	142 Jan.	e. 16
87a	[Revoked] [Revoked]	The state of the s			Ser. 100.75	The second second		
DON	Southern New Jersey	New Jersey	Burlington, Camden and Gloucestar	Mar	1, 1942	July 1,1 Nov. 1,1	42 Aug	g. 15
200								

SCHEDULE A-DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS-Continued

Country or countries to deciseac-entail area under Ref. Republication for Housing Fine data	-					
Deptition	Name of defense-rental area	State			date of	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
Francis Sourcest Francis Sourcest Mar. 1,1462 Aug. 1,1462 Au	(189) [Revoked]			22 1 200	es ves	
100 Company 100 Compan	(190) Northeastern New Jersey.	New Jersey	Passaic, Somerset, and Union.	Mar. 1,1942	COMPANY STANSON	Aug. 15, 1942
1996 Carle Sad. New Maries Pady Pa	(191) Trenton	New Jersey	Sussex Warren	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1,1942 Sept. 1,1942	Sept. 15, 1942 Oct. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
Common		New Jersey	Hunterdon and Mercer	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943
Comparison Com	(193) Albuquerque	New Mexico	Bernaiillo	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
Compage Comp	(194) Carlsbad	New Mexico	Lea.		Nov. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
Comparison Charge	(195) Deming	New Mexico	Luna		Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
Sea Melanel County Now Melane Carry, Debtson, and Rossevell	(196) [Revoked]			Market Barrier	12 CANA	Santa
Gloss Staver City Lordsharg New Most Hidden and Hopenside Mar. 1,562 Oct. 1,502 Nov. 1,502 Oct. 1,502 Nov. 1,502 Oct. 1,502 Nov. 1,502 Oct. 1,502 Nov. 1,502 Oct. 1,50		New Mexico	Curry, DeBaca, and Roosevelt	Mar. 1, 1942	Feb. 1, 1943	Nov. 15, 1942 Mar. 18, 1943
Company Comp		New Mexico	Hidalgo			Jan. 15, 1944 Nov. 15, 1942
Special	(199) Albany-Troy, N. Y	New York	Albany and Rensselaer	Mar. 1, 1942		Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
Canal Jamestown	(201) Buffalo	New York	Erie and Niagara	Mar. 1,1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
Comparison Com	(203) Jamestown	New York	Chautauqua.	Mar. 1,1942	Oct. 1,1942	Oct. 16, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942
Comparison Com	(204) Poughkeepsie	New York	Genesee, Monroe, Orleans, and Wayne	Mar. 1,1942 Mar. 1,1942		Jan. 15, 1943 Nov. 15, 1942
Coss Seneca New York Compy of Montgomers and the County of Random of Seneca Apr. 1, 1941 July 1, 1942 Aug. Coss Seneca New York Chemang, Delawara, and Olsego Mar. 1, 1942 New 1, 1942 Dec. (200) Sidney, N.Y. New York Chemang, Delawara, and Olsego Mar. 1, 1942 New 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1943 New 1, 1944 Ne	(206) St. Lawrence County	New York	St. Lawrence	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942 July 15, 1942
Comparison Com	(2017 Leachertady	The section of the se	Towns of Ballston Charlton and Clifton Park	CAPACITY CONTRACTOR		The same of the sa
Comparison Com		ANALYSIS CONTROL SERVICE STREET	the Towns of Ballston, Charlton, and Clifton Park.	Apr. 1,1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
Cappart Capp	(208) Seneca. (209) Sidney, N. Y.	New York	Ontario, Seneca, and Yates Chenango, Delaware, and Otsego	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1,1942 Oct. 1,1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942
1912 Authorition 1912 1913 1914 1915	(210) Syracuse	New York	Cayuga, Onondaga, and Oswego	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Oct. 16, 1942
Care	(212) Watertown	New York	Jefferson.	Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
Carbonte North Carolina Chowan and Ferquinams Mar. 1,1942 North Carolina North Carolina Chowan and Ferquinams Mar. 1,1942 North Carolina Chowan and Ferquinams Mar. 1,1942 North Carolina North Carolina Chowan and Ferquinams Mar. 1,1942 North Carolina Chowan and Ferquinams Mar. 1,1942 North Carolina North Carolina Chowan and Ferquinams Mar. 1,1942 Mar. 1,	(212b) Asheville	North Carolina	Buncombe		Nov. 1, 1943 Feb. 1, 1944	Dec. 15, 1943 Mar. 15, 1944
Care	(212c) Charlotte	North Carolina	Mecklenburg	July 1, 1943	Aug. 1, 1944	Sept. 15, 1944 Jan. 15, 1943
Carbon C	(214) Elizabeth City, North Caro-	North Carolina	Pasquotank	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1,1942	Nov. 15, 1942
Carrier and Craven	(215) Fayetteville	North Carolina	Cumberland and Hoke	Mar. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1943 Aug. 15, 1942
2215 Jacksonville, N. C. North Carollina Onslow Richmond, Robeson, and Scotland Mar. 1,1942 Dec. 1,1942 June 1,1942 Dec. 1,1942 De	(216) Goldsboro (216a) Greensboro 1	North Carolina	County of Guilford other than High Point Township	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942 June 1, 1944	Nov. 15, 1942 July 15, 1944
Capp	(217) Henderson			Mar. 1,1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
Mar. 1,942 Oct. 1,942 Nov. 1,942 Nov. 1,942 Oct. 1,942 Nov. 1,942 Oct. 1,942 Nov. 1,942 Oct. 1,942 Nov. 1,942 Oct. 1,942 Oct. 1,942 Nov. 1,942 Oct.	(219) Laurinburg	North Carolina	Richmond, Robeson, and Scotland	Mar. 1,1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943
Care New Berth North Carolina Carteret and Craven Mar. 1,942 Mar.	(220) Monroe, N. C	North Carolina	Mariboro	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943 Nov. 15, 1942
Company Comp	(221a) Rocky Mount	North Carolina	Carteret and Craven Edgecombe and Nash		Oct. 1,1942 Feb 1 1944	Nov. 15, 1942
North Carolina New Hanover New Hanover New Hanover North Carolina New Hanover New Hano	(221b) Pender County	North Carolina	render	Jan. 1, 1943	May 1, 1944	Mar. 15, 1944 June 15, 1944 June 15, 1943
Canton	(223) Wilmington, N. C.	North Carolina	New Hanover	Apr. 1, 1942	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942 July 15, 1942
Ashtabula	(224) ARION		Ship of wadsworth.	Apr. 1, 1941	The state of the s	July 15, 1942
Carrell	(2.5) Ashtabula	Ohio	County of Medina other than the Township of Wadsworth	Apr. 1, 1941 Mar 1, 1942	July 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
Kentucky Boone, Campbell, and Kenton Mar. 1,1942 Nov. 1,1942 N	(226) Canton	Ohio	Stark	Apr. 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	Inly 15 1942
Kentucky Boone, Campbell, and Kenton Mar. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Society of Cleveland County of Cuyahoga and in the County of Lake the Township of Willoughby and those parts of the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Walte Hill and Willoughby Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1943 Mar. 1, 1944 Mar. 1, 1944 Mar. 1, 1945 Mar. 1, 1945 Mar. 1, 1946 Mar. 1, 1947 Mar. 1, 1947 Mar. 1, 1948 Mar. 1, 1948 Mar. 1, 1949 Mar. 1, 1949 Mar. 1, 1949 Mar. 1, 1949 Mar. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1943 Mar. 1, 1944 Mar. 1, 1944 Mar. 1, 1945 Mar. 1, 1946 Mar. 1, 1947 Mar. 1, 1947 Mar. 1, 1948 Mar. 1, 1948 Mar. 1, 1949 Mar. 1, 19	(227) Cincinnati	Ohio	Butler, Clermont, Hamilton, and Warren	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942 May 31, 1942
Rentucky Boone, Campbell, and Kenton Mar. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 May or 3 of 3 of 4 of 4 of 4 of 4 of 4 of 4 of						or within 30 days after Sec- tion 7 (a)
(228) Cleveland. Ohio County of Cuyahoga and in the County of Lake the Township of Willoughby and those parts of the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Waite Hill and Willoughby. County of Geauga, and the County of Lake other than the Township of Kirtland willoughby. County of Geauga, and the County of Lake other than the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Waite Hill and Willoughby. County of Geauga, and the County of Lake other than the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Waite Hill and Willoughby. County of Geauga, and the County of Lake other than the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Waite Hill and Willoughby. Franklin. Ohio Licking. Caso Dayton. Cohio Licking. Champaign, Clark, Darke, Greene, Miami, Montgomery, and Apr. 1, 1942 May 1, 1943 June Apr. 1, 1941 July 1, 1942 May 1, 1943 June Apr. 1, 1941 July 1, 1942 Aug. Caso Lorain. Preble. Caso Marion. Caso Marion. Caso Marion. Ohio Ashland, Crawford, and Richland. Mar. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Dec. Mar. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Dec. Mar. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Oct. Caso Sandusky-Port Clinton. Ohio Erie, Huron, Ottswa, and Sandusky. Mar. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 19		Transaction 1				becomes applicable.
County of Cuyahoga and in the County of Lake the Township of Willoughby and those parts of the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Waite Hill and Willoughby.		Kentucky	Boone, Campbell, and Kenton	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	May 31, 1942 or within
County of Cuyahoga and in the County of Lake the Township of Willoughby and those parts of the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Waite Hill and Willoughby. County of Gearga, and the County of Lake other than the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Waite Hill and Willoughby and those parts of the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Waite Hill and Willoughby and those parts of the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Waite Hill and Willoughby.						30 days
County of Cuyahoga and in the County of Lake the Township of Willoughby and those parts of the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Waite Hill and Willoughby.						tion 7 (a)
Ohio	(998) Claveland	Ohla	Country of Country and In the Country of Table the Manager	7.1. 4.104		becomes applicable. July 15, 1942
County of Geanga, and the County of Lake other than the Township of Willoughby and those parts of the Township of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Waite Hill and Willoughby.	(220) Cieveland	Onio	of Willoughby and those parts of the Township of Kirtland	July 1, 1941	June 1, 1942	July 15, 1942
Ohio			Hill and Willoughby.	The second		
Carrelling Columbus Chicago of Waite Hill and Willoughby Mar. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Dec. Carrelling Champaign, Clark, Darke, Greene, Miami, Montgomery, and Proble. Champaign, Clark, Darke, Greene, Miami, Montgomery, and Apr. 1, 1941 May 1, 1943 Aug. Aug. Champaign, Clark, Darke, Greene, Miami, Montgomery, and Apr. 1, 1942 May 1, 1943 Aug. Champaign, Clark, Darke, Greene, Miami, Montgomery, and Apr. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Aug. Champaign, Clark, Darke, Greene, Miami, Montgomery, and Apr. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Aug. Carrelling Carrelling Champaign, Clark, Darke, Greene, Miami, Montgomery, and Apr. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Dec. Carrelling Carr		The state of the s	County of George and the County of Lake other than the	July 1, 1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
Carrell Carr			of Kirtland included within the corporate limits of the Vil-			and the same
Carrell Carr	(229) Columbus		Franklin	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
Preble Preble Preble	(230) Dayton		Licking	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943 Aug. 15, 1942
Case			Preble.	1471. 1,1011	July 1, 1012	Aug. 10, 1012
Case Marion Ohio Knox Mar. 1,1942 Dec. 1,1942 Dec. 1,1942 Oct. 1,1943	(232) Lima	Ohio	Allen	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
Mar. 1942 Oct.	(234) Mansfield	Ohio	Ashland, Crawford, and Richland	July 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
Company Comp		Ohio	Knox Marion	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943 Oct. 16, 1942
(242a) Altus-Frederick Oklahoma Jackson and Tillman Mar. 1 1942 Nov. 1 1943 Dec.	(236) [Revoked] (937) Revonna			The second	The sales of	
(242a) Altus-Frederick Oklahoma Jackson and Tillman Mar. 1 1942 Nov. 1 1943 Dec.	(238) Sandusky-Port Clinton	Ohio	Erie, Huron, Ottawa, and Sandusky	Mar. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
(242a) Altus-Frederick Oklahoma Jackson and Tillman Mar. 1 1942 Nov. 1 1943 Dec.		Ohio	Shelby	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
(242a) Altus-Frederick Oklahoma Jackson and Tillman Mar. 1 1942 Nov. 1 1943 Dec.		Ohio	Hancock and Seneca	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943
Carried Reference	(242) [Revoked]	and the second s			and the second	The Control of the Co
CMALL CHRISTON KIRCHES AND A CONTROL OF THE CONTROL	(243) Choteau	Oklahoma	Craig, Mayes, Rogers, and Wagoner.	Mar. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1941	Nov. 1, 1943 Oct. 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1943 Nov. 15, 1942
Carl Clinton-Eik City	(244) Clinton-Elk City	Oklahoma	Beckham, Custer, and Washita	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943	June 15, 1943 Jan. 15, 1943
See footnotes at end of table.				2,1012	1 1000 1, 1012	1 0 4444 200 200 200

SCHEDULE A-DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS-Continued

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under Rent Regulation for Housing	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
(6) Lawton	OklahomaOklahoms	Comanche. Atoka, Haskell, Hughes, Latimer, McIntosh, and Pittsburg	Apr. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 194 Dec. 16, 194
48) Muskogee	Oklahoma	Muskogee	Mar. 1, 1942		Dec. 16, 194
(9) [Revoked] (50) Oklahoma City	Okiahoma	Cleveland, McClain, and Oklahoma	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 194
	Oklahoma	Caddo and Grady	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 194 Dec. 15, 194
50a) Shawnee	Oklahoma	Canadian Pottawatomie. Creek, Osage, and Tulsa.	Mar. 1, 1943 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1943 Aug. 1, 1944 Sept. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 194 Oct. 16, 194
51) Tulsa 52) [Revoked].	Control of the Contro		Contract of the last		The state of the s
53) Corvallis 54) Medford	Oregon	Benton and Linn	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1,1942 Oct. 1,1942	Dec. 16, 194 Nov. 15, 194
55) Pendleton 56) Portland-Vancouver	Oregon	Umatills. Clackamas, Multnomah, and Washington	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 194 Aug. 15, 194
,	Oregon Washington	Clark	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 194 Aug. 15, 194 Dec. 16, 194 Feb. 15, 194 Oct. 16, 194
	Oregon Pennsylvania	Clatsop. Tillamook Lehigh and Northampton Blair, Cambria, and Somerset	Mar. 1, 1942	Jan. 1, 1943	Feb. 15, 194
57) Allentown-Bethlehem 58) Altoona-Johnstown	Pennsylvania	Blair, Cambria, and Somerset.	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Jan. 1, 1943 Sept. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 194
59) [Revoked] 50) Emporium	Pennsylvania	Cameron			
	Pennsylvania	Elk	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1943	Sept. 15, 194
61) Erie 62) Harrisburg	Pennsylvania	Erie. Cumberland, Dauphin, Lebanon, and PerryFranklin	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 194
63) Lancaster-York	Pennsylvania	Franklin Lancaster and York	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942 Aug. 1, 1943 July 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 194 Sept. 15, 194 Aug. 15, 194 Dec. 16, 194 Jan. 15, 194 Dec. 16, 194 Oct. 16, 194
64) Meadville-Titusville	Pennsylvania	Lancaster and York Crawford and Venango	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 194
65) [Revoked] 66) Philadelphia	Pennsylvania	Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Aug. 15, 194 Aug. 31, 194
67) Pittsburgh	Pennsylvania	Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Butler, Fayette, Greene, Lawrence, Washington, and Westmoreland.	Anna de la compania		
68) Reading	Pennsylvania	Berks.	Mar. 1, 1943	Nov. 1,1942	Dec. 16, 19
69) [Revoked] 70) Sharon-Farrell	Pennsylvania	Mercer	Apr. 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 19
70a) Warren 71) [Revoked]	Pennsylvania	Warren		The state of the s	Nov. 15, 19
72) Williamsport	Pennsylvania Pennsylvania Pennsylvania	Lycoming. Columbia, Montour, Northumberland, Snyder, and Union In the County of Luzerne, Nescopeck Borough, Nescopeck Township, and Salem Township. Clinton	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 19 Jan. 15, 19
	Pennsylvania	In the County of Luzerne, Nescopeck Borough, Nescopeck	Mar. 1, 194	Aug. 1, 1943	Sept. 15, 19
Service and the service of the servi	Pennsylvania	Township, and Salem Township, Clinton	Mar. 1, 1945	Feb. 1, 1944	Mar. 15, 19
73) Newport	Rhode Island	Newport. Bristol, Kent, and Providence	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 19 Dec. 16, 19
75) Washington County	Rhode Island	Washington	Mar. 1, 194	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 19
74) Providence	South Carolina	Charleston and Dorchester	Mar. 1, 194:	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 19
78) Columbia, South Carolina	South Carolina	Beaufort and Colleton Calhoun, Lexington, and Richland	Mar. 1. 194	Apr. 15, 1943	May 30, 19- Jan. 14, 19-
(18) Columbia, South Carolina	South Carolina	Sumter	Mar. 1, 1943 Mar. 1, 1943 Mar. 1, 1943	Dec. 1, 1942 May 1, 1943	Jan. 15, 19 June 15, 19
79) [Revoked]	South Carolina	Florence	Mar. 1, 194	May 1, 1943	June 15, 19
80) Greenville, S. O	South Carolina	Greenville In the county of Horry, the Townships of Conway, Dogwood	Mar. 1, 1943 July 1, 1943	Nov. 1, 1942 July 1, 1944	Jan. 14, 19 Aug. 15, 19
	The state of the s	Neck, and Socastee.	Charles of the car	Charles Charles	-12/00/00
81) Spartanburg 82) [Revoked]	South Carolina	Cherokee, Spartanburg, and Union	Mar. 1, 194		Jan. 14, 19
83) Provo-Hot Springs, S. Dak 84) Rapid City-Sturgis	South Dakota	Fall River Lawrence, Meade, and Pennington	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 19 Nov. 15, 19
85) Sioux Falls	South Dakota	Lincoln, Minnehana, and Turner	Mar. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 19 Dec. 16, 19
	Iowa Minnesota	Lyon Rock Greene, Hawkins, Sullivan, Unicoi, and Washington	Mar. 1, 194	2 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 19
286) Bristol-Kingsport	Tennessee Virginia	Greene, Hawkins, Sullivan, Unicot, and Washington Independent City of Bristol and the Counties of Scott and	Mar. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194	Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 19 Dec. 16, 19
97) Chattanage	Tennessee	Washington. Bradley Hamilton and Marion	Mar. 1, 194	and the same of the same of	Oct. 16, 19
287) Chattanooga	Georgia	Catoosa, Dade, and Walker	Mar. 1, 194	2 Sept. 1, 1942	Oct. 16, 19
288) Clarksville	Tennessee Kentucky	Henry, Montgomery and Stewart	Mar. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194	2 Sept. 1,1942 2 Sept. 1,1942	Oct. 16, 19
289) Copperhill-McCaysville	Tennessee	Polk Fannin	Mar. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194	Dec. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 19 Jan. 15, 19
290) Dyersburg 291) Jackson-Milan-Humboldt	Tennessee	Crockett, Dyer, and Landerdale	Mar. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194	Dec. 1, 1942 1 July 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 19
(91) Jackson-Milan-Humboldt (92) Knoxville	Tennessee	Carroll, Gibson, and Madison	Jan. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194	1 July 1, 1942 2 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 19
292a) Lenoir City	Tennessee	Anderson and Roane	Mar. 1.194	3 June 1. 1944	Sept. 15, 1 July 15, 1
293) Memphis	Tennessee	Shelby	Mar. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194	2 Oct. 1, 1942 2 Oct. 1, 1942	July 15, 1 Nov. 15, 1 Nov. 15, 1
294) [Revoked]	Arkansas	Crittenden			
295) Nashville 296) [Revoked]	Tennessee	Davidson and Rutherford	Mar. 1, 194		AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF
297) Tullahoma	Tennessee	Bedford, Coffee, Franklin, Lincoln, and Moore Callahan, Jones, and Taylor	Jan. 1, 194	1 July 1, 1942 1 July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1 Aug. 15, 1 Sept. 15, 1 Oct. 16, 1 Dec. 16, 1 Jan. 15, 1
299) Amarillo	Texas	Potter and Randall Dallam, Hansford, Hartley, Moore, and Sherman	Apr. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194	July 1, 1942 2 Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1
300) Austin	Texas	Bastrop	Mar. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194	2 Sept. 1, 1942 2 Nov. 1, 1942 2 Dec. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1
301) [Revoked,	Texas	Hays, Travis, and Williamson	Mar. 1, 194	2 Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1
802) Beaumont-Port Arthur	Texas	Jefferson and Orange	Apr. 1,194 Mar: 1,194	July 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1 Jan. 15, 1
303) Big Spring	Texas	Howard	James and Maria	and the state of the state of	The same of the sa
305) Borger	Texas	Carson, Gray, and Hutchinson	Mar. 1,194	2 Oct. 1, 1942 3 Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1
306) Brady 306) Brownwood.	Texas	McCulloch Brown, Coleman, and Comache	Mar. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194 Jan. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194	1 July 1, 1942 2 May 1, 1943	Aug. 15, 1
307) Bryan	Texas	Brazos	Mar. 1, 194	2 Dec. 1, 1942	June 15, 1 Jan. 15, 1
308) Childress 309) Corpus Christi	Texas	Childress	Mar. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194	2 Dec. 1, 1942 2 Aug. 1, 1942 2 Nov. 1, 1943	Sept. 15, 1 Dec. 15, 1
310) [Revoked] 311) Dallas 312) Del Rio	Texas				
312) Del Rio	Texas	Dallas Kinney, Uvalde, and Val Verde Maverick	Mar. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194 Mar. 1, 194	2 Nov. 1, 1942 2 May 1, 1943	June 15, 1
	Texas			2 Oct. 1, 1942	

See footnotes at end of table.

No. 184—6

SCHEDULE A-DEFENSE-RENTAL ABEAS-Continued

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under Rent Regulation for Housing	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
(815) El Paso	Texas	El Paso	Apr. 1,1941	July 1, 1942 (Oct. 15, 1942)	Aug. 15, 1942
(216) Fort Worth	Texas	Tarrant	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 15, 19421 Nov. 1, 19421	Dec. 16, 1942
min o to m	Texas	Denton	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1943	Dec. 15, 1943
(318) Greenville, Tex	Texas	Cooke	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942
(319) Houston-Galveston	Texas	Brazoria, Chambers, Galveston, Harris, and Liberty Bell and Coryell	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Nov1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
	Texas	Lampasas	Mar. 1, 1942	Jan. 1, 1943 Feb. 1, 1943	Feb. 15, 1943
(321) Laredo	Texas	Webb Justices' Precincts 1, 6, and 7 in Caldwell County Cameron, Hidalgo, and Willacy	Mar. 1, 1942 Jan. 1, 1943	Feb. 1,1944	Mar. 18, 1943 Mar. 15, 1944
(322) Lower Rio Grande Valley	Texas	Cameron, Hidalgo, and Willacy Lubboek	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1944	Dec. 16, 1942 Apr. 15, 1944
(323) María-Alpine	Texas	Presidio	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Feb. 1, 1943	Dec. 16, 1942
(824) Marshall	Texas	Brewster. Harrison, Marion, and Upshur	Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Mar. 18, 1943 Nov. 15, 1942
	Texas	Camp, Cass, Morris, Red River, and Titus	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942 Aug. 1, 1943	Jan. 15, 1943 Sept. 15, 1943
(324a) Matagorda Bay	Texas.	Harrison, Marion, and Upshur. Camp, Cass, Morris, Red River, and Titus. Smith. Calhoun, Jackson, and Matagorda. Collin	Jan. 1, 1943 Mar. 1, 1943	June 1, 1944	July 15, 1944 Sept. 15, 1944
(324b) McKinney (324c) Midland-Odessa	Texas	Ector and Midiand	Mar. 1, 1943	Aug. 1, 1944	Sept. 15, 1944
(325) Paris, Tex	Texas	Lamar Choctaw	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942
(326) Pecos. (327) San Angelo	Texas	Reeves and Ward	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(328) San Antonio	Texas	Tom Green Atacosa, Bandera, Bexar, Cómal, Guadalupe, Kendall, Median end Wilson	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Aug. 15, 1942
(329) Sherman-Denison	Texas	Grayson.	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(329a) Sweetwater	Texas	Fannin Nolan	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1, 1942	Jan. 15, 1943 Mar. 15, 1944
(330) Texarkana	Texas	Bowie	Mar. 1, 1943 July 1, 1941	Feb. 1, 1944 July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(331) Victoria	Arkansas	MillerVictoria	July 1, 1941 July 1, 1941 Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943
(332) Waco (333) Wichita Falls	Texas	McLennan	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(334) Revoked		Wichita			Dec. 16, 1942
(335) Provo, Utah	Utah	Utah Davis, Morgan, Salt Lake, and Weber	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942 Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1942 Sept. 15, 1942
	Utah	Box Elder	Mar. 1.1942	Oet. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942
	Utah Nevada	Portion of Elko County situated within a radius of three miles from the center of U. S. Highway 40, where the said highway crosses the Nevada-Utah State line.	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1944	Dec. 16, 1942 June 15, 1944
(337) [Revoked] (337a) Burlington, Vermont	Vermont	Chittenden.	Mor 1 1943	Nov. 1 1943	Dec 15 1943
(338) Springfield-Windsor	Vermont.	Windsor Independent City of Alexandria and the Counties of Arlington	Mar. 1, 1943 Mar. 1, 1942 Jan. 1, 1941	Nov. 1, 1943 Oct. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Dec. 15, 1943 Nov. 15, 1942 Aug. 15, 1942
Many story of the Control of the Con	The second second	and Fairlax.	HSTER TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	The state of the s	The state of the s
(340) Blackstone (341) Cape Charles	Vivointo	Nottoway Northampton	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1943	Nov. 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Feb. 15, 1943 Sept. 15, 1944
(341a) Front Royal (342) Hampton Roads	Virginia		Oct. 1, 1943 Apr. 1, 1941	Nov. 1, 1942 Jan. 1, 1943 Aug. 1, 1944 June 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1944
	Y A DAMAGE STATE OF THE STATE O	Warren Independent Cities of Hampton, Newport News, Norfolk, Portsmouth, and South Norfolk; the County of Elizabeth City; in the County of Norfolk the Magisterial Districts of Deep Creek, Tanners Creek, Washington, and Western Branch; in the County of Princess Anne the Magisterial Districts of Kempsville and Lymnhaven, and in the County of Warwick the Magisterial District of Newport. Independent City of Suffolk; the County of Nansemond; the County of Norfolk other than the Magisterial Districts of Deen Creek, Tanners Creek, Washington, and Western	Apr. 1,1011	3416 1,1942	July 15, 1942
	Virginia	Independent City of Suffolk; the County of Nansemond; the County of Norfolk other than the Magisterial Districts of Deep Creek, Tanners Creek, Washington, and Western Branch; the County of Princess Anne other than the Magis- terial Districts of Kempsville and Lynnhaven.	Apr. 1,1941	Aug. 1,1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(843) Petersburg	The second secon	independent Cities of Hopewell and Petersburg; the Counties of Dinwiddie and Prince George; and in the County of Ches- terfield the Magisterial District of Matoaca.	Apr. 1,1941	Aug. 1,1942	Sept. 15, 1942
(843a) Quantico 1		In the County of Prince William, the Magisterial District of Dumfries.	Mar. 1,1942	Dec. 1,1943	Jan. 15, 1944
(844) Radford-Pulaski	Virginia		Apr. 1,1941	July 1, 1942	Aug. 15, 1942
(345) Richmond, Va	Virginia	Independent City of Richmond; the County of Henrico; and in the County of Chesterfield the Magisterial Districts of	Mar. 1,1942	Dec. 1,1942	Jan. 15, 1943
(346) Yorktown	Virginia	Independent City of Radford, and the Counties of Mont- gomery and Pulaski. Independent City of Richmond; the County of Henrico; and in tife County of Chesterfield the Magisterial Districts of Bermuda, Clover Hill, Dale, Manchester, and Midlothian. Independent City of Williamsburg; the Counties of James City and York; and in the County of Warwick the Magis- terial Districts of Denbigh and Stanley.	Mar. 1,1942	Nov. 1,1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(347) Bellingham	Washington		Mar. 1,1942	Nov. 1,1942	Dec. 16, 1942
(347a) Ephrata	Washington	Skagit. Portion of Grant County lying between the south line of town-	Mar. 1,1942 Mar. 1,1942	Nov. 1,1943 Nov. 1,1943	Dec. 15, 1943 Dec. 15, 1943
(348) Everett	Washington	ship 23 North and the north line of Township 16 North, Snohomish			
(349) [Revoked]	Washington	Island	Mar. 1,1942 Mar. 1,1942	Oct. 1, 1942 Dec. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942 Jan. 15, 1943
(350) [Revoked]					
(351) Port Angeles-Port Townsend (352) Puget Sound	Washington	Clallam and Jefferson County of Kitsap and those parts of the Counties of King and	Mar. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1941	Nov. 1, 1942 July 1, 1942	Dec. 16, 1942 Sept. 21, 1942
		- Pierce lying west of the Snoqualmie National Forest	- Contract C	The state of the s	
(353) Spokane	Washington	Spokane Walla Walla	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942	Nov. 15, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942
	Washington	Franklin In the County of Benton the precincts of Finley, South Kennewick, Kennewick Valley, Kennewick, Kennewick Gardens, and Richland.	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Oct. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Jan. 1, 1943	Nov. 15, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 Feb. 15, 1943
(354a) Yakima	Washington	Gardens, and Richland. In the County of Benton, the precincts of Benton City, Carley, Columbia, East Prosser, Expansion, Hanford, Highlands,	Mar. 1, 1943	Apr. 1,1944	May 15, 1944
		In the County of Benton, the precincts of Benton City, Carley, Columbia, East Prosser, Expansion, Hanford, Highlands, Horn Rapids, Hover, Kiona, North Prosser, Paterson, Prosser, Rattlesnake, Riverside, Walnut Grove, Wellington, West Prosser, and White Bluffs, and the County of Yakims.			
(355) Charleston, West Virginia	West Virginia	Kanawha. In Putnam County the Magisterial District of Pocatalico	Mar. 1, 1942	Dec. 1,1942	Jan. 15, 1943
See footnotes at end of table.	1 cor . n & mill grant Lange .	and tutnam County the Magisterial District of Pocatalico	Mar. 1, 1942	Aug. 1, 1942	Sept. 15, 1943

SCHEDULE A-DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS-Continued

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under Rent Regulation for Housing	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation	Date by which registration statement to be filed (inclusive)
(356a) Huntington	Ohio West Virginia Ohio Wisconsin Wyoming Wyoming Wyoming Alaska	Cabell and Wayne Lawrence. Boyd and Greenup. Berkeley Marion and Monongalia. Jackson and Mason Gallia and Meigs. Brooke, Hancock, Marshall, Ohio, and Wetzel. Belmont, Columbiana, and Jefferson. Rock Chippewa, Dunn, and Eau Claire. La Crosse. Columbia, Dane, and Sauk. Manitowoc. That portion of the City of Kiel in the County of Calumet Kenosha, Milwaukee, Racine, and Waukesha. Fond du Lae and Winnebago. That portion of the City of Waupun in the County of Dodge Monroe. Door Natrona Laramie. Couverse Territory of Alaska Puerto Rico	Mar. 1, 1942 Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Apr. 1, 1944 July 1, 1942 Sept. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1943 Sept. 1, 1944 Apr. 1, 1944 Apr. 1, 1944 Apr. 1, 1942 Jan. 1, 1943 Sept. 1, 1942 Oct. 1, 1942 May 1, 1944 May 1, 1944 May 1, 1944 May 1, 1944 May 1, 1944 May 1, 1944 May 1, 1944 Feb. 1, 1944	Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1944 Aug. 15, 1944 Oct. 16, 1942 Dec. 16, 1942 Jan. 15, 1944 Oct. 16, 1942 May 15, 1944 Sept. 15, 1944 Sept. 15, 1944 Sept. 15, 1944 Nov. 15, 1944 Nov. 15, 1944 May 15, 1944 May 15, 1944 May 15, 1944 Nov. 15, 1944 May 15, 1944

This regulation is applicable only to that portion of the defense-rental area set forth in the third column of this Schedule A.

Remaining sections.

[Schedule A amended by Am. 1, 8 F.R. 9020, effective 7-1-43; Am. 4, 8 F.R. 10741, effective 8-1-43; Am. 5, 8 F.R. 12025, effective 9-1-43; Am. 10, 8 F.R. 14663, 15585, effective 10-27-43; Am. 11, 8 F.R. 14815, effective 11-1-43; Am. 13, 8 F.R. 16208, 16427, effective 12-1-43; Am. 14, 8 F.R. 17297, effective 1-1-44; Am. 15, 9 F.R. 206, effective 2-1-44; Am. 16, 9 F.R. 972, effective 2-1-44; Am. 18, 9 F.R. 2289, effective 3-1-44; Am. 19, 9 F.R. 3231, effective 4-1-44; Am. 22, 9 F.R. 4541, effective 5-1-44; Am. 23, 9 F.R. 5807, effective 6-1-44; Am. 24, 9 F.R. 5915, effective 6-1-44; Am. 27, 9 F.R. 6819, effective 6-17-44; Am. 28, 9 F.R. 7329, effective 7-1-44; Am. 30, 9 F.R. 9266, effective 8-1-44; and Am. 31, 9 F.R. 9513, effective 9-1-44]

Effective date. This Rent Regulation for Housing shall become effective June 1, 1943. [Rent Regulation for Housing originally issued May 31, 1943.]

[Effective dates of amendments are shown in notes following the parts affected.]

Note: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of

Issued this 12th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14110; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 4:38 p. m.]

PART 1388—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS
[Housing, Atlantic County Area, Amdt. 4]

CHANGE IN ACCOMMODATION

Rent Regulation for Housing in the Atlantic County Defense-Rental Area is amended in the following respects:

1. The third unnumbered paragraph of section 5 is amended and the following paragraphs are added to the unnumbered paragraphs of section 5 to read as follows:

In all other cases except those under paragraphs (a) (7), (a) (12), (a) (13), (c) (6), and (c) (8) of this section, the adjustment shall be on the basis of the rent which the Administrator finds was generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations on the maximum rent date.

In cases under paragraph (a) (13) of this section the adjustment shall be in the amount of the difference between the rent on the date determining the maximum rent and the rent agreed upon by the landlord and tenant as a result of a continuous process of bargaining on interrelated matters.

- Section 5 (a) (2) is amended to read as follows:
- (2) Change prior to maximum rent date. There was, on or prior to the maximum rent date, a substantial change in the housing accommodations by a major capital improvement as distinguished from ordinary repair, replacement and maintenance or a substantial increase in the services, furniture, furnishings or equipment, and the rent on the maximum rent date was fixed by a lease or other rental agreement which was in force at the time of such change or increase.
- 3. Section 5 (a) (13) is added to read as follows:
- (13) Rented to an employee of the landlord. The housing accommodations were rented to an employee of the landlord both on the date determining the maximum rent and at the time the order under this paragraph (a) (13) is issued, and after the date determining the maximum rent but prior to the effective date of regulation the landlord and tenant agreed, as the result of a continuous process of bargaining on interrelated matters, upon a wage increase and a rent increase, and the wage increase agreed upon has been put into effect.

This amendment shall become effective September 13, 1944.

Note: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 12th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14114; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 4:39 p. m.]

PART 1388—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS [Housing, Miami Area, Amdt. 10]

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR EMPLOYEE OF LANDLORD

Rent Regulation for Housing in the Miami Defense-Rental Area is amended in the following respects:

1. The following paragraph is added to the unnumbered paragraphs of section 5 to read as follows:

In cases under paragraph (a) (13) of this section the adjustment shall be in the amount of the difference between the rent on the date determining the maximum rent and the rent agreed upon by the landlord and tenant as a result of a continuous process of bargaining on interrelated matters.

- 2. Section 5 (a) (13) is added to read as follows:
- (13) Rented to an employee of landlord. The housing accommodations were

¹⁹ F.R. 6819, 8054.

¹8 F.R. 13118, 14047, 16033; 9 F.R. 3423, 4028, 6360, 7168, 8053.

rented to an employee of the landlord both on the date determining the maximum rent and at the time the order under this paragraph (a) (13) is issued, and after the date determining the maximum rent but prior to the effective date of regulation the landlord and tenant agreed, as the result of a continuous process of bargaining on interrelated matters, upon a wage increase and a rent increase, and the wage increase agreed upon has been put into effect.

This amendment shall become effective September 13, 1944.

NOTE: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 12th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14111; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 4:39 p. m.]

PART 1388-DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS

[Housing, New York City Area, Amdt. 12] CHANGE IN ACCOMMODATION

Rent Regulation for Housing in the New York City Defense-Rental Area is amended in the following respects:

1. The third unnumbered paragraph of section 5 is amended and the following paragraph is added to the unnumbered paragraphs of section 5 to read as follows:

In all other cases except those under paragraphs (a) (7), (a) (12), (a) (13), (c) (6), (c) (8), and (c) (9) of this section, the adjustment shall be on the basis of the rent which the Administrator finds was generally prevailing in the defense-rental area for comparable housing accommodations on March 1, 1943.

In cases under paragraph (a) (13) of this section the adjustment shall be in the amount of the difference between the rent on the date determining the maximum rent and the rent agreed upon by the landlord and tenant as a result of a continuous process of bargaining on interrelated matters

2. Section 5 (a) (2) is amended to read as follows:

(2) Change prior to March 1, 1943, There was, on or prior to March 1, 1943, a substantial change in the housing accommodations by a major capital improvement as distinguished from ordinary repair, replacement and maintenance or a substantial increase in the services, furniture, furnishings or equipment, and the rent on March 1, 1943 was fixed by a lease or other rental agreement which was in force at the time of such change or increase.

3. Section 5 (a) (13) is added to read as follows:

(13) Rented to an employee of land-lord. The housing accommodations were rented to an employee of the landlord both on the date determining the maximum rent and at the time the order under this paragraph (a) (13) is issued, and after the date determining the maximum rent but prior to the effective date of regulation the landlord and tenant agreed, as the result of a continuous process of bargaining on interrelated matters, upon a wage increase and a rent increase, and the wage increase agreed upon has been put into effect.

This amendment shall become effective September 13, 1944.

Note: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 12th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14115; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 4:39 p. m.]

PART 1439—UNPROCESSED AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES

[MPR 426,1 Amdt. 56]

FRESH FRUITS AND VEGETABLES FOR TABLE USE, SALES EXCEPT AT RETAIL

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment has been issued and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Section 15 is amended in the following respects:

 Appendix H is amended by adding a new paragraph (g), to read as follows:

(g) Miscellaneous adjustments for crop losses—(1) Cabbage. The maximum prices named in Table 13 of paragraph (b) and the markups named in Item 25 in the table in paragraph (c) are suspended from September 13, 1944, through September 30, 1944.

Appendix K is amended by adding a new paragraph (t) to read as follows:

(t) Miscellaneous adjustments for crop losses—(1) Apples. From September 13, 1944, through September 30, 1944, in the states of Indiana, Ilifnois, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Oklahoma, Nebraska, Kansas, Tennessee, Kentucky and Arkansas, the maximum prices for apples loaded on car or truck at shipping point shall be as follows, and shall be substituted for the prices named in Column 5 of Table 3 in paragraph (f):

Item 2-Per box or bushel	\$3.32
Item 13—Per barrel	9.96
Item 24—In containers per pound	.073
Item 35—In bulk per pound	. 0645
Item 46-Loose, ungraded, in con-	12 California
tainers per pound	. 059
Item 55-Ungraded in bulk per	
pound	0.58

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration, This amendment shall become effective at 12:01 a. m. September 13, 1944.

Issued this 12th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

Approved: September 11, 1944.

Ashley Sellers, Assistant War Food Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14090; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 1:06 p. m.]

PART 1315—RUBBER AND PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS OF WHICH RUBBER IS A COMPONENT

[MPR 415, Amdt. 8]

CERTAIN FEDERAL GOVERNMENT PURCHASES OF NEW TIRES AND TUBES

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

A new paragraph (e) is added to section 4 to read as follows:

(e) Certain emergency sales. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the maximum prices for emergency sales of tires or tubes covered by this regulation to any government agency, shall be the prices listed in Appendix A, delivered to the buyer. Emergency sale means a sale on an order for not more than 25 tires and 25 tubes, or \$1,000, whichever is less.

This amendment shall become effective September 18, 1944.

Issued this 13th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14171; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:39 a. m.]

PART 1389—APPAREL [RMPR 330]

RETAILERS' AND WHOLESALERS' PRICES FOR WOMEN'S, GIRLS', CHILDREN'S AND TODD-LERS' OUTERWEAR GARMENTS

Maximum Price Regulation 330 (Retailers' and Wholesalers' Prices for Women's, Girls' and Children's Outerwear Garments) is redesignated Revised Maximum Price Regulation 330 (Retailers' and Wholesalers' Prices for Women's, Girls', Children's and Toddlers' Outerwear Garments) and is revised and amended to read as set forth below.

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this RMPR 330 has been issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.* In the judgment of the Price Administrator, the maximum prices established by this regulation are and will be generally fair and equitable and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328.

¹8 F.R. 13914, 14814, 15586, 16219; 9 F.R. 2087, 3423, 4028, 6360, 8054.

^{**18} F.R. 16409, 16294, 16519, 16423, 17872; 9
F.R. 790, 902, 1581, 2008, 2023, 2091, 2493, 4030, 4086, 4088, 4434, 4786, 4787, 4877, 5926, 5929, 6104, 6108, 6420, 6711, 7259, 7263, 7434, 7425, 7580, 7583, 7759, 7774, 7834, 8148, 9066, 9090, 9289, 9356, 9509, 9512, 9549, 9785, 9896, 9897, 10192, 10192, 10499, 10877, 10777, 10878.

REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 330-RETAILERS' AND WHOLESALERS' PRICES FOR WOMEN'S, GIRLS', CHILDREN'S AND TODDLERS' OUTERWEAR GARMENTS

Sec.

1. Scope of this regulation.

2. How to find your ceiling prices under this regulation.

8. Pricing charts. Pricing rules.

5. Maximum prices for sellers who made no deliveries of garments prior to May 18, 1944, or who cannot otherwise price.

6. Transfers of business.

Records.

8. Invoices and sales slips.

9. What acts are prohibited by this regulation.

10. Licensing and enforcement.

11. Relation to other maximum price regula-

12. Adjustable pricing agreements.

13. How this regulation may be amended. 14. Delegation of authority.

15. Definitions.

Appendix A: What garments must be priced under this regulation.

B: Preparation of pricing

Preparation of pricing charts.

C: Example of application for authorization to establish prices under section 5.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 to 15 inclusive (§ 1389.551) issued under 56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681.

SECTION 1. Scope of this regulation-(a) What garments are covered by this regulation. A list of the women's, girls', children's and toddlers' outerwear garments which must be priced under this regulation is given in Appendix A at the end of the regulation. Only the garments described in that list are covered by this regulation. Hereafter the women's, girls', children's and toddlers' outerwear garments covered by this regulation are referred to as "garments."

(b) What kinds of sales are covered. This regulation applies to sales by retailers and wholesalers. It does not apply to sales by manufacturers, manufacturing-retailers, custom-tailors or dressmakers, as these terms are defined in section 15.

(1) "Retailer" means a person who sells to an ultimate consumer (other than an industrial or commercial user) a garment which he purchased in substantially the same form as that in which he sells it.

(2) "Wholesaler" means a person who sells to an industrial or commercial user or to a person other than an ultimate consumer, a garment which he purchased in substantially the same form as that in which he sells it.

(3) "Seller" means a person who sells any of those types of women's, girls', children's and toddlers' garments covered by this regulation. Where a seller makes sales through more than one selling unit (other than salesmen making sales at uniform prices and chains operating under orders of authorization for uniform pricing) each separate selling establishment of the seller shall be deemed to be a separate seller. Each separate department in a selling establishment constitutes a separate seller. Each separate seller in a chain, if it does

not operate under an order of authorization for uniform pricing, must continue to determine its ceiling prices on the basis of its own experience during the base periods.

(c) Where this regulation applies. This regulation shall be applicable to the continental United States and the District of Columbia, but not to the territories and possessions of the United

SEC. 2. How to find your ceiling prices under this regulation—(a) Explanation of rules. You find your ceiling price under this regulation by calculating the markup which you took on garments you delivered during the "base period", and then applying that markup to the cost of the garments you are pricing. You find what the "base period" markup is by using one of the pricing rules which are

given in section 4.
(b) What is a "category." The garments covered by this regulation are listed in Appendix A. Each kind of garment (such as dresses, coats, suits, skirts) is broken down into certain size groups. Each size group is described as a "category" and given a category number.

For example, all "women's" coats in sizes 32 and up are placed in Category 1; all "misses" and "junior misses" coats in sizes from 7 to 20, inclusive, are in Category 2; all "teen age" coats in sizes from 10 to 16, inclusive, are in Category 3; "women's" jackets sizes 32 and up are in Category 11; "girls'" dresses in sizes from 7 to 14, inclusive, are in Category 24, etc.

(c) What is the "base period." The base period is very important because you must figure your mark-up from your deliveries of garments during that period.

(1) For sales of toddlers' garments, or blouses under size 30, or slacks and slack suits. (i) The "base period" for all garments in categories 5a, 10a, 15a, 20a, 25a, 26a, 26b, and 32-39 is the period between August 1 and December 31, 1942 for retailers and the period between July 1 and October 31, 1942 for wholesalers.

(ii) For retailers who made their first delivery of garments in categories 5a, 10a, 15a, 20a, 25a, 26a, 26b, or 32-39 after October 1, 1942 (September 1, 1942 for wholesalers) but before May 18, 1944 the "base period" is the first four months immediately following the first delivery of garments.

(2) For sales of garments in all other categories. (i) The "base period" for retailers is the period between August 1 and December 31, 1941; for wholesalers, it is the period between July 1 and October 31, 1941.

(ii) For retailers who made their first delivery of garments in these categories after October 1, 1941 but before May 18, 1944, and for wholesalers who made their first delivery of garments after September 1, 1941, but before May 18, 1944 the "base period" is the first four months immediately following the first delivery of

SEC. 3. Pricing charts. In order to price under this regulation you must have a pricing chart. If you price under section 5 your order of authorization will set forth your pricing chart, and you do not need to file a chart. On or before October 15, 1944, every seller subject to this regulation (except sellers who apply under section 5 and sellers who are members of chains which have received orders authorizing uniform pricing from the OPA), must file two signed copies of a pricing chart with the Office of Price Administration at the district office having jurisdiction over the area in which the seller is located. You must keep a copy of the pricing chart for your own use. On and after November 15, 1944, you may not sell or deliver any garments subject to this regulation unless you have received an acknowledgment from the OPA of the filing of your pricing chart as required by this section.

(a) How to prepare a pricing chart. Each pricing chart must contain the fol-

lowing:

(1) The seller's name and address.

(2) Type of seller (wholesaler-with stock, without stock, etc.; retailer-basement department, chain outlet, specialty shop, etc.).

(3) If your first delivery of any category covered by this regulation was after October 1, 1941 (September 1, 1941 for wholesalers), then list the date of such first delivery.

(4) A list of the categories you deliv-

ered during your base period.

(5) A list of the cost prices at which you purchased garments in each of these categories. You must indicate whether this is a unit or dozen price. If you intend to use the exception provided in Rule 1 (section 4 (b) (1)) for any cost prices, such cost prices on your pricing chart should be preceded by the symbol "S"

(6) The discount, terms or allowance at which you purchased the largest number of garments at each cost price listed in (5). (Wholesalers must also include the discounts, terms and allowances on which they customarily sold.)

(7) The selling price at which you delivered, during the base period, the largest number of garments of each cost price listed in (5).1 If during the base period you delivered an equal number of garments at two or more different selling prices, list the lowest of these selling prices. (Wholesalers must indicate whether this is a unit or dozen price.)

For example: During the base period you delivered a total of 250 women's dresses (Category 21) which you bought at a \$6.75 cost price. Of these 250 dresses, your selling price was \$9.95 for 50 of the dresses, \$10.95 for 125 of them, and \$11.95 for 75 of them. You list \$10.95 on your pricing chart as the price at which you delivered during the base period the largest number of women's dresses costing \$6.75. If you had delivered 125 of these dresses at \$9.95 and 125 at \$10.95, you would list \$9.95 as the selling price at which you delivered the largest number of women's \$6.75 dresses.

¹ The selling price authorized for a particular cost price in any category by an order granting an adjustment under MPR 153, as amended, shall be deemed to be the selling price at which the seller during the base period delivered the largest number of garments of that category having the same cost

(8) The percentage markup taken on each selling price listed in 7.2

An example of a pricing chart and detailed instructions for its preparation are

found in Appendix B.

Selling price lines and percentage markups of sellers who made their first deliveries after June 15, 1942 may be revised at any time by the OPA if they were improperly established or are based on an improper selection of competitors.

Note: Throughout this regulation, reference is made to categories, prices and markups listed on the seller's pricing chart. The expression "pricing chart" is intended to refer to a pricing chart correctly prepared in accordance with the instructions contained in paragraph (a) of this section. If a seller's pricing chart is improper or inaccurate, his maximum prices under section 4 of this regulation shall be prices calculated on the basis of a correct pricing chart.

(b) How to amend a pricing chart. If you have filed your pricing chart, and then find that it was incorrect, you may file with the district office where you filed your original chart two signed copies of an amended pricing chart setting forth the inaccuracies and the reasons therefor. However, until you have received an acknowledgment from the OPA of the receipt of this amended pricing chart, you must not take a higher percentage markup than that previously reported, or permitted under this regulation, whichever is lower.

Sec. 4. Pricing rules—(a) Summary of pricing rules. In order to find your ceiling price for a garment, you use whichever of the four following pricing rules is applicable. You will note that your ceiling price generally depends upon the relationship between your present cost and one of the cost prices listed in your pricing chart. If your present cost is based on different terms or on a different discount from those listed for the cost prices in your pricing chart, you must adjust your present cost accordingly.

For example: Your present cost is \$19.75 less %10 EOM. In order to determine which pricing rule to use, you look at your pricing chart to find which cost prices listed there, if adjusted to a net basis, would be closest or equal to the actual net cost of your \$19.75 less %10 EOM. You find cost prices of \$19.75 less %10 EOM and \$18.75 less \(\frac{1}{10} \) EOM listed on your pricing chart. To compare your present cost with those listed on your chart, you adjust all three cost prices to a net basis. Thus the \$19.75 less \(\frac{1}{10} \) EOM which you now purchase is adjusted to \$18.17 (\$19.75 \times 92% =\$18.17); your \$19.75 less \(\frac{1}{10} \) EOM is adjusted to \$19.16 (\$19.75 \times 97% = \$19.16); and your \$18.75 less \(\frac{1}{10} \) EOM is adjusted to \$18.56 (\$18.75 \times 99% =\$18.56). In calculating your maximum price for

In calculating your maximum price for this \$19.75 less \$\%0 EOM line under any of

*Any percentage markup authorized for a particular cost price and/or category by an order granting an adjustment under MPR 153, as amended, shall be deemed to be the percentage markup taken by the seller on the largest number of garments of that cost price and/or category delivered during the base period.

the pricing rules you must adjust that cost to reflect the terms or discount listed on your pricing chart for the cost price to which you are comparing it. (For an illustration of this requirement, see the example under Rule 2 (iv).

(1) Rules 1 and 2. You first look at your pricing chart to find whether the category of garment which you are pricing is listed on the chart. If it is, you find your ceiling price by using Rule 1 or 2.

(2) Rule 3. If the category is not listed on your pricing chart you use

Rule 3.

(3) Rule 4. If you are making a "cross-stream" or "up-stream" sale you use Rule 4.

(b) Pricing rules for garments of a category listed on the seller's pricing chart. To find your ceiling price for a garment of a category listed on your pricing chart, you compare the cost prices listed on the chart for the same category with the cost of the garment now being priced and then use whichever of the next two rules applies. However, for "cross-stream" and "up-stream" sales, see paragraph (d) of this section.

(1) Rule 1. Garments purchased at a cost price listed on the seller's pricing chart. The ceiling price for a garment which has a cost to you the same as a cost price listed for that category on your pricing chart is the selling price listed for that cost price on your chart.

However, there is an exception permitting you to price garments of the same cost as garments of the same category listed on your pricing chart under Rule 2 (ii) rather than Rule 1 if both of the following conditions are met:

(i) If this cost is lower than the cost price of any garment in the same category which was both delivered to you and offered by you for sale during the base

period; and

(ii) If the selling price listed on your pricing chart for that category and cost price is substantially lower than your initial offering prices of the same styles of garments in Spring 1941 (Spring 1942 for categories 5a, 10a, 15a, 20a, 25a, 26a, 26b and 32-39).

Note: This exception is meant to apply to sellers who held over garments delivered to them in the Spring of 1941, and sold them at reduced prices during the base period, although they normally did not carry garments of such low price lines in the Fall. The seller must be able to show that he originally offered certain garments of a particular cost price at higher prices in Spring 1941 than the prices at which he delivered them during the base period, and that he did not offer for sale during the base period any garments of that cost price which were delivered to him during the base period.

For example: You want to find your ceiling price for girls' suits (Category 9) which you now purchase at \$3.75. You delivered 130 girls' suits of that cost price in a particular style at \$5.98 in Spring 1941, and 70 of the same style at \$4.50 during the base period. These were the only \$3.75 suits you delivered during the base period. Moreover, you did not offer for sale during the base period any girls' suits delivered to you

during the base period at a cost of \$3.75 or less. You need not price the \$3.75 girls' suits which you now purchase, at \$4.50 by using this Rule, but you may price them under Rule 2 (ii).

(2) Rule 2. Garments purchased at a cost not listed on the seller's pricing chart-(i) Garments purchased at a cost higher than any listed on the seller's pricing chart. The ceiling price for a garment whose cost is greater than the highest cost price listed for the same category on your pricing chart is calculated by applying to the cost of the garment you are pricing the "average percentage markup" for that category. The "average percentage markup" is found by adding together all the cost prices listed for a category, adding together all the selling prices listed for that category, and then dividing the difference between these totals by the total of the selling prices.

For example: The retailer whose pricing chart is shown in Appendix B (a) (1) wishes to find his ceiling price for a woman's dress (Category 21) which he purchased for \$12.75. Since the highest cost price listed for women's dresses on his pricing chart is \$10.75, he must price under Rule 2 (i). To find his average percentage markup for women's dresses he first adds together the cost prices listed for women's dresses (\$3.75+\$4.75+\$5.50+\$6.75+\$8.75+\$10.75-\$50.00); then he adds together the selling prices listed for those cost prices (\$5.98+\$7.95+\$8.95+\$10.95+\$13.95+\$14.95+\$16.95-\$79.68); next he subtracts the total of the cost prices from the total of the selling prices (\$79.68-\$50.00-\$29.68); finally, he divides the remainder just obtained by the total of the selling prices (\$79.68-37.2%). His average percentage markup is therefore 37.2%, and he finds that his ceiling price for his \$12.75 cost dress is \$20.30 by subtracting \$7.2% from 100% (100%-37.2%-62.8%) and dividing the cost by the remainder (\$12.75+62.8%=\$20.30). Note that this retailer will use the same average percentage markup of 37.2% in pricing all women's dresses costing more than \$10.75.

(ii) Garments purchased at cost prices lower than any listed on the seller's pricing chart. Your ceiling price for a garment whose cost is less than the lowest cost price listed on your pricing chart for the same category is calculated by applying to the cost of the garment you are pricing, the percentage markup listed on your pricing chart for the low-est cost price in that category. This is done by subtracting the percentage markup from 100%, and dividing the cost of the garment you are pricing by the difference. The result is your ceiling price. If you can use the exception provided in Rule 1, you will have marked an (S) preceding one or more of the lowest cost prices on your pricing chart. In using this rule you disregard cost prices preceded by (S).

For example: You have some women's dresses (Category 21) that you bought for \$2.75. During the base period you did not deliver any women's dresses costing less than \$3.75. Your pricing chart shows you that the selling price at which you delivered the largest number of \$3.75 dresses is \$5.98. It

also shows you that your percentage markup was 37.3%. By applying this same markup in pricing your \$2.75 dresses, you find that your ceiling price is \$4.39 (\$2.75 ÷ 62.7% = \$4.39).

However, if you find that your \$3.75 cost price for women's dresses is marked with an (S) you disregard the percentage markup listed for that cost price and find your celling price for your \$2.75' dresses by applying the percentage markup listed on your pricing chart for the lowest cost price line of women's dresses not preceded by (S).

(iii) All other garments purchased at cost prices not listed on the seller's pricing chart. Your ceiling price for a garment whose cost is between the lowest and the highest cost price listed on your pricing chart for the same category, but is not the same as any cost price listed on the chart for that category, is calculated by applying to the cost of the garment you are pricing, the percentage markup listed on your pricing chart for the next lower cost price in that category. This is done by subtracting the percentage markup from 100%, and dividing the cost of the garment you are pricing by the difference. The result is your ceiling price.

For example: You want to find your ceiling price for women's dresses (Category 21) that you now buy at \$7.25. On your pricing chart you have listed women's dresses at cost prices of \$6.75 and \$8.75, but none at \$7.75. To calculate your ceiling price you take the percentage markup listed on your chart for women's dresses costing \$6.75. This is 38.4%. You apply this markup to your cost of \$7.75 and find that your ceiling price is \$12.58 (100% - 38.4% = 61.6%; \$7.75 ÷ 61.6% = \$12.58)

(iv) Adjustment of cost prices to reflect different terms or discounts. Where you find that a garment which you now purchase has a different cost price from any garment of the same category listed on your pricing chart, and that you bought such garment on terms different from those listed for the next lower cost price on your pricing chart, you must adjust the cost of the garment you are now pricing to reflect the terms listed on your pricing chart for the next lower cost price, and then, using the adjusted cost, take the percentage markup of the next lower cost price.

For example: The retailer whose pricing chart is shown in Appendix B (a) (1) listed the following cost prices for women's coats:

\$18.75 1/10 EOM 19.75 8/10 EOM 22.75 8/10 EOM

He now wishes to price a woman's coat (Category 1) purchased at \$19.75 less 3/10 EOM. This is clearly not the same cost as the \$19.75 less 8/10 EOM listed on his pricing chart. He adjusts both of his \$19.75 cost prices and his \$18.75 less 1/10 EOM to reflect net terms. The \$19.75 less 8/10 EOM listed on his pricing chart had a net cost of \$18.17 $(\$19.75 \times 92\% = \$18.17)$; the \$19.75 less 3/10 EOM which he now purchases has a net cost of \$19.16 (\$19.75 x 97% = \$19.16); the \$18.75 less 1/10 EOM had a net cost of \$18.56 (\$18.75 x 99% = \$18.56). Therefore, in pricing his woman's coat purchased at \$19.75 less 3/10 EOM under Rule 2 (iii) the seller uses the percentage mark-up on his next lower cost price. This is his \$18.75 less 1/10 EOM. Since this cost price was purchased at 1/10 EOM, he adjusts his \$19.75 less 3/10 EOM to reflect a discount of 1/10 EOM and now shows a cost price of \$19.35 less 1/10 EOM (\$19.75 x $97\% = $19.16 \div 99\% = 19.35). Applying the percentage mark-up listed for \$18.75 cost price (37.4%) to the woman's coat with an adjusted cost of \$19.35, he finds that \$30.91 is his ceiling price for women's coats purchased at 819.75 less 3/10 EOM ($$19.35 \div 62.6\% = 30.91).

(v) Special provision for certain mail order catalogue establishments. Those mail order catalogue establishments making sales on the basis of orders received by mail, the printing of whose Fall 1944 catalogues was completed or substantially completed (i. e. printing plates had been made) prior to August 31, 1944, may at their option continue to price garments ordered from such Fall 1944 catalogues under Rule 2 of MPR 330, but they must price under subparagraph (2) (i) of this section all garments of appropriate selling price lines ordered from any subsequent catalogue.

(c) Pricing rules for garments of a category not listed on the seller's pricing chart. To find your ceiling price for a garment in a category not listed on your pricing chart, you compare the cost of the garment you are pricing with the cost prices listed for other categories on

your pricing chart.

(1) Rule 3. Your ceiling price for a garment in a category not listed on your pricing chart is calculated by applying Rules 1 and 2 above as if all the cost and selling price lines and percentage markups listed on your entire pricing chart were price lines and mrkups for the category of garment you are pricing. That is, where you have listed for some other category a cost price which is the same as that of the garment you are pricing, you use Rule 1; where you have not listed the same cost price for some other category you use Rule 2. However, in using Rule 2 (i) in such case, you use the average percentage markup for all categories, found by totalling all the cost prices for all categories, and all the selling prices for all categories listed on your pricing chart. Note, also, that in using Rule 2 (iii) you use the percentage markup listed for the cost price next lower than the cost of the garment you are pricing, regardless of category. and in using Rule 2 (ii) you use the percentage markup listed on the chart for the lowest cost price in any category.

For example: You want to find the celling price for misses' suits (Category 7) which you now buy at \$9.25. You did not list any misses' suits on your pricing chart, nor did you list a cost price of \$9.25 for any category at all. You did list a cost price of \$8.75 for women's dresses (Category 21) which is the next lower cost price listed on your pricing chart for any category. Your pricing chart shows a percentage markup of 37.3% for these \$8.75 women's dresses, since the selling price is listed at \$13.95. Accordingly, your markup for your \$9.25 misses' suits is 37.3%, and your ceiling price is \$14.75 (100% - 37.3% = 62.7%; \$9.25 ÷ 62.7% = \$14.75).

However, in applying this rule you may find that you have listed the same cost

price for more than one category, and that the selling prices and percentage markups listed for that cost price are different for the several categories. In any such case, you must, when applying this rule, use the selling price or the percentage markup which gives you the lowest ceiling price.

For example: In the preceding example you might have found, when pricing the misses' suits which you now buy at \$9.25, that on your pricing chart you listed a cost price of \$8.75 for both women's dresses (Category 21) and women's coats (Category 1), but that you listed a percentage markup of 37.3% on the coats and a percentage markup of 37.3% on the dresses. Using the 32% markup for your \$9.25 misses' suits, you would have a ceiling price of \$13.60 (\$9.25 ÷ 68% = \$13.60). If you could use the 37.3% markup, your ceiling price would be \$14.75 (\$9.25 ÷ 62.7% = \$14.75). However, you must take the percentage markup which will give you the lowest ceiling price. This is 32%, and your ceiling price for your \$9.25 misses' suits is therefore \$13.60.

(d) Rule 4. Special provision for "cross-stream" and "up-stream" sales. The maximum price for a "cross-stream" or "up-stream" sale or delivery is the cost of the garment to the seller plus any freight paid by him. The following are "cross-stream" or "up-stream" sales:

(1) Sales by a retailer to another re-

tailer;

(2) Sales by a wholesaler to another wholesaler;

(3) Sales by a retailer to a wholesaler; (4) Sales by a wholesaler or retailer to a manufacturer or manufacturing-re-

SEC. 5. Maximum prices for sellers who made no deliveries of garments prior to May 18, 1944, or who cannot otherwise price—(a) Who must file an application for authorization to establish maximum prices. This section is used when you find that none of the preceding four pricing rules applies to your situation. Except in cases of transfers of business under section 6, if you did not deliver any garments under MPR 330 prior to May 18, 1944, you may not sell or deliver any garments covered by this regulation until you have received authorization from the OPA to establish maximum prices. However, if you made your first delivery of garments subject to MPR 330 between May 18, 1944, and September 18, 1944, you may continue to sell and deliver garments at ceiling prices formerly established under MPR 330 without regard to this RMPR 330 until an order has been issued to you under this section: Provided, That you file your application under this section on or before October 15, 1944.

If you do not file your application on or before October 15, 1944, you may not sell or deliver any garments subject to this regulation until an order has been issued to you under this section.

To prevent increases in the cost of these garments to consumers, ceiling prices will be authorized, in general, at or below the level of prices established under this regulation. In authorizing ceiling prices lower than the level of ceiling prices, the prior experience of the applicant, if any, and the level of ceiling prices in the trading area will be considered. Where the applicant is a department in a selling establishment (this includes leased departments) percentage markups will not be authorized in excess of the prior experience of the selling establishment or its lessees. Except as stated above, percentage markups will be based upon the markups of similar departments in competitive selling establishments. This paragraph applies to all separate sellers as defined in section 1 (b) (3).

(b) Filing and contents of application. Three signed copies of an application for authorization to establish maximum prices (an example appears in Appendix C) shall be filed with the Office of Price Administration at the district office having jurisdiction over the area in which you are located, setting forth the follow-

ing:

 Applicant's name and address and the name and address of the proposed seller.

(2) Names of all owners, officers or principals of applicant. (Owner: holding less than 5% of the total number of shares of corporate applicants need not be listed.)

(3) Previous business connections of all owners, officers or principals of ap-

plicant.

(4) Total number of sellers under this regulation owned or operated by applicant or by any of the applicant's owners, officers or principals.

(5) Category numbers of garments de-

sired to be sold.

- (6) Cost prices at which applicant expects to purchase each category number listed in (5).
- (7) Selling price lines desired for each cost price line listed in (6).

(8) Percentage markup desired for each cost price line in (6).

(9) Discounts at which applicant intends to purchase and sell garments.

(10) Special services applicant intends to offer: installment selling, charge accounts, other credit terms, or free delivery service.

(11) A list of the names and addresses of three sellers whose method of doing business is most nearly like that by which applicant intends to operate. These sellers must be located in the same trading area as applicant.

(12) If applicant is a leased department, the name and address of the prior lessee. If the department was previously operated by the lessor, the appli-

cant should so state.

If authorization is given, it will be accompanied by instructions as to a method for establishing maximum prices of the garments to be sold. This authorization may be revised or revoked at any time by the OPA.

(c) Reports of changes in ownership. Any seller who has received an order authorizing him to establish prices under this section, must report any change in ownership to the district or regional office of the OPA which granted the order. However, if the seller is a cor-

poration, only transfers of more than 5% of the corporate stock to any individual need be reported. The report should include the names of any new owners or principals and their previous business connections.

SEC. 6. Transfers of business. (a) If a substantial part of the business, assets or stock in trade of any business shall be or shall have been sold or otherwise transferred after April 28, 1942, and the transferee carries on the business, or continues to deal in the same type of commodities or services, in an establishment separate from any other establishment previously owned or operated by him, the maximum prices of the transferee shall be the same as those to which his transferor would have been subject if no such transfer had taken place, except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, and his obligation to keep records sufficient to verify such prices shall be the same. The transferor shall either preserve and make available, or turn over, to the transferee all records of transactions prior to the transfer, which are necessary to enable the transferee to comply with the record, reporting and pricing provisions of this

(b) No person shall buy, sell, transfer, lease or exchange the business, assets or stock in trade of a business for the purpose of securing higher or more advantageous markups, or for the purpose of securing any other benefit which may be prohibited to him by this regu-

lation

(c) If after September 18, 1944, two or more sellers merge, consolidate or combine and continue to operate as one seller, the seller who continues to operate shall establish his ceiling prices under this regulation as if he were the seller who had the largest dollar volume of sales during the twelve months immediately preceding the combination, consolidation or merger.

SEC. 7 Records. (a) You must keep a record showing, for each price established under this regulation, (1) the cost of the garment, (2) the selling price, (3) if you did not price under Rule 1, the percentage markup used in establishing the ceiling price, and (4) the pricing rule under which the ceiling was calculated. This record may be of the kind which you customarily kept.

(b) You must preserve the purchase invoices which you receive for all garments subject to this regulation. Upon request of any authorized agent of the OPA you must show to such agent for examination your purchase invoice for any garment covered by this regulation.

(c) You must preserve duplicate copies of all invoices and sales slips delivered by you pursuant to section 8.

(d) You must also preserve the records that you were required to prepare by \$ 1389.8 of MPR 153, as amended, and by \$ 1389.557 of MPR 330.

Sec. 8 Invoices and sales slips—(a) Invoices. Every wholesaler, in connection with every sale to a retailer shall deliver an invoice or other similar document showing (1) the date, (2) the name

and address of the seller and purchaser, (3) the style number and category of each of the different styles of garment sold, (4) the quantity of each different style of garment sold, (5) the price of each different style of garment sold, and (6) all discounts, allowances and other price differentials.

(b) Sales slips. Every retailer who has customarily given his customers a sales slip, receipt or similar evidence of purchase must continue to do so. Upon request from a customer, a retailer, regardless of previous custom, must give the purchaser a receipt showing (1) the date, (2) the name and address of the seller, (3) the name and description of each garment sold, and (4) the price received for it.

SEC. 9 What acts are prohibited by this regulation. On and after September 18, 1944, regardless of any contract or other obligation, the following practices are forbidden:

(a) Charging more than ceiling prices. Every person is prohibited from selling or delivering any garment at a price higher than the ceiling price permitted by this regulation. A lower price may, of course, be charged.

(b) Buying for more than ceiling price. Every person is prohibited from buying or receiving, in the course of trade or business, any garment sold in violation of any of the provisions of this

regulation.

(c) Changing customary terms of sale. Every person is prohibited from changing his customary discounts, allowances or price differentials on sales of garments, if the change results in a higher

net price.

(d) Combination sales. Every person is prohibited from requiring any purchaser to buy or agree to buy any other article, service, package or wrapper in connection with the sale or delivery of any garment covered by this regulation. Every person is likewise prohibited from making a sale of garments which is conditioned directly or indirectly on the purchase of any other commodity or service. (Matched sets, however, if designed by the manufacturer for sale at a unit price, and so purchased by the seller, may be sold at a unit price unless such sale is prohibited by any order of the War Production Board.)

(e) Indirect price increases. Every person is prohibited from doing any other act which directly or indirectly increases, above the maximum price, the consideration paid for a garment or delivery of any garment, or, for the purposes of evading the price limitations set forth in this regulation, to purchase, deliver, contract, deal or otherwise operate with or through any other person under common control with, controlled by, controlling or otherwise affiliated with the seller. No person shall do any other act which directly or indirectly increases the consideration paid for any garment. Any practice which is a device to secure the effect of a higher-thanceiling price is as much a violation as an outright raising of the maximum price. This applies to devices making use of commissions, services, transportation arrangements, premiums, discounts, special privileges, tying agreements, trade understandings and all similar practices.

(f) Indirect violations. Every person is prohibited from agreeing, offering, soliciting, or attempting to do any of the acts prohibited by this regulation.

SEC. 10. Licensing and enforcement-(a) Licensing. The provisions of Licensing Order No. 1,3 licensing all persons who make sales under price control, are applicable to all sellers subject to this regulation. A seller's license may be suspended for violations of the license or of this regulation. A person whose license is suspended may not, during the period of suspension, make any sale for which his license has been suspended.

(b) Penalties. Any person who vio-lates any provision of this regulation is subject to the criminal penalties, civil enforcement actions, suits for treble damages, and proceedings for suspension of licenses provided by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

SEC. 11. Relation to other maximum price regulations—(a) General Maximum Price Regulation. The General Maximum Price Regulation does not apply to sales of garments covered by this regulation, except that the following provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation are made a part of this regulation and you must observe them:

(1) Sellers operating more than one retail establishment (§ 1499.4a).

(2) Federal and state taxes (§ 1499.7) (3) Marking and posting of cost-of-living commodities (§ 1499.13) except that paragraph (b) of § 1499.13 (filing of cost-of-

living statements) does not apply.

(4) Adjustment of prices of commodities subject to Fair Trade Agreements (§ 1499.18

(b) Export sales. This regulation does not apply to export sales of women's, girls', children's or toddlers' garments. Such sales are covered by the Second Revised Maximum Export Regulation.

(c) Import sales. This regulation does not apply to deliveries of garments made from points outside the continental United States. (For pricing of such garments see the Maximum Import Price Regulation.6) This regulation does, however, apply to domestic sales of garments originally imported into the United States.

(d) Summer seasonal commodities. Maximum Price Regulation 142, Retail Prices for Summer Seasonal Commodities 'shall not apply, and this regulation shall apply to sales by retailers of girls' slacks, slack suits and overalls of cotton and rayon.

(e) War procurement agencies. This regulation does not apply to sales of garments made according to military specifications, when the sales are made to any

war procurement agency as defined in Maximum Price Regulation 1578, Sales and Fabrication of Textiles, Apparel and Related Articles for Military Purposes.

SEC. 12. Adjustable pricing agreements. If you wish, you may sell at the maximum price permitted by this regulation subject to an agreement with the buyer to charge a higher price if it becomes the legal maximum price by the time delivery is made. But you must never charge a price which is higher than the maximum price in effect at the time of delivery. Moreover, unless authorized by the OPA, you must not deliver at a price which is to be adjusted upward in accordance with action taken by the OPA after delivery. This authorization will be given only where: (1) A request for a change in the applicable price is pending; (2) authorization is necessary to promote distribution or production; and (3) it will not interfere with the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

SEC. 13. How this regulation may be Any person seeking an amendment of any provision of this regulation may file a petition for amendment of general applicability. Any such petition must be filed in accordance with the provisions of Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1° issued by the OPA.

SEC. 14. Delegation of authority. Any Regional Office of the OPA or such other offices as may be authorized by order issued by the appropriate Regional Office, may act on all (a) pricing charts and amendments thereto filed pursuant to section 2; (b) applications for authorization to establish maximum prices pursuant to section 5 (a); and (c) reports on changes in ownership filed under section 5 (c).

SEC. 15. Definitions. (a) Unless the context otherwise requires or unless otherwise specifically provided herein, the definitions set forth in section 302 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and in § 1499.20 of the General Maximum Price Regulation, shall apply to the terms used in this regula-

(b) A "manufacturer" is a person who sells a garment which he has fabricated or which has been fabricated for him by an agent or by a "contractor" as that term is defined in Maximum Price Regulation No. 172.10

(c) A "manufacturing-retailer" is a manufacturer who maintains one or more establishments selling at retail, or who otherwise sells to ultimate consumers and who sells substantially all of the garments that he manufactures to ultimate consumers.

(d) A "custom tailor" or "dressmaker" is a manufacturer who sells to

*7 F.R. 4273, 4541, 4618, 5180, 5716, 6004,

•7 F.R. 8961; 8 F.R. 3312, 3533, 6173; 9 F.R.

10 7 F.R. 4882, 6684, 8351, 8948, 10864; 8 F.R.

6424, 8948; 8 F.R. 3948, 7507, 15609, 17374;

9 F.R. 1456.

ultimate consumers from his own establishment, garments fabricated by himself to the individual specifications and at the special order of such ultimate con-

(e) "Cost price line", "cost price" and "cost" have the same meaning when used in this regulation. You find the cost of a garment by taking whichever of the following is lower:

(1) The actual cost of the garment, or (2) The maximum price, at the time of purchase, that the regulations of the OPA permit your source of supply to charge for the garment.

APPENDIX A-WHAT GARMENTS MUST BE PRICED UNDER THIS REGULATION

This regulation covers the garments listed below, if fabricated from yard goods (including knitted fabrics and laces). It does not cover garments fabricated from materials obtained by the assignment of an A-2 preference rating by the War Production Board, pursuant to Limitation Order M-207: nor does it cover uniforms and wombe purchased only for wear in industrial, commercial, institutional or agricultural occupations. Note, however, that sportswear and utility wear suitable for general use are covered.

(a) Coats. "Coats" include all outerwear garments commonly known as coats, usually worn over other outer apparel, untrimmed, trimmed, fur-trimmed and fur-lined, sport and dress, including capes and wraps, not including rainwear garments or garments made of artificial leather. "Rainwear garments" are those which are commonly regarded as having their chief use as protection against rain.

Categories:

- 1. "Women's"—sizes 32 and up.
 2. "Misses'" and "jr. misses'"—sizes from 7 to 20, inclusive.
- 3. "Teen age"-sizes from 10 to 16 in-
- 4. "Girls' "-sizes from 7 to 14, inclusive. 5. "Children's"—sizes from 3 to 6, inclu-
- 5a. "Toddlers' "-sizes from 6 months to 4 years, inclusive.
- (b) Suits. "Suits" include all two-piece feminine outerwear garments, untrimmed, trimmed and fur-trimmed, consisting of a "separate jacket" having full or partial lining or bound inner seams and a "separate skirt" fabricated of either matching or contrasting material to be sold at a unit price. Twopiece dresses, however, are not included.

Categories:

- 6. "Women's"—sizes 32 and up.
 7. "Misses'" and "jr. misses'"—sizes from 7 to 20, inclusive.
- 8. "Teen age"-sizes from 10 to 16, in-
- 9. "Girls' "-sizes from 7 to 14, inclusive. 10. "Children's"-sizes from 3 to 6, inclu-
- 10a. "Toddlers' "-sizes from 6 months to 4 years, inclusive.
- (c) Separate jackets. "Separate jackets" include all outerwear garments commonly known as jackets which can be opened from neck to hem and which ordinarily are not worn tucked into a skirt, slacks or shorts. Note that this includes ski jackets, skating jackets and other sport jackets. Garments made of artificial leather are, however, excepted. Boleros, jerkins and other garments of the same type are considered to be jackets.

¹8 F.R. 13240.

⁹ F.R. 1385, 5169, 6106.

⁶8 F.R. 4132, 5987, 7662, 9998, 15193.

⁸ F.R. 11681, 12237.

⁷⁷ F.R. 3553, 3720, 5179, 5520, 8945, 8948.

No. 184-7

Categories:

- 11. "Women's"—sizes 32 and up.
 12. "Misses'" and "jr. misses'"—sizes from 7 to 20, inclusive.
- "Teen age"-sizes from 10 to 16, in-
- clusive.
 "Girls'"—sizes from 7 to 14, inclusive.
- "Children's"-sizes from 3 to 6, inclu-
- 15a. "Toddlers' "-sizes from 6 months to 4 years, inclusive.
- (d) Separate skirts. "Separate skirts" include all feminine outerwear garments com-monly known as skirts, including skating skirts, but excluding culottes.

Categories:

- "Women's"—sizes 32 and up.
 "Misses" and "jr. misses"—sizes 7 to 20. inclusive.
- "Teen age"-sizes from 10 to 16, inclu-
- sive.
 "Giris' "—sizes from 7 to 14, inclusive.
 "Children's"—sizes from 3 to 6, inclu-20.
- "Toddlers' "-sizes from 6 months to 4 years, inclusive.
- (e) Dresses. "Dresses" include all onepiece feminine outerwear garments commonly known as dresses, and all two-pleee dresses consisting of a skirt and a separate blouse, or separate unlined jacket, and sold at a unit price. Such garments include dresses used for street, evening, house or utility wear. Jumpers, pinafores, brunch-coats, smocks and similar garments are considered to be dresses.

Categories:

- 21. "Women's"—sizes 32 and up.
 22. "Misses' " and "jr. misses' "—sizes from
 7 to 20, inclusive.
 23. "Teen age"—sizes from 10 to 16, inclu-
- sive.
 "Girls'"—sizes from 7 to 14, inclusive.
- "Children's"-sizes from 3 to 6, inclu-25. sive
- "Toddlers' "-sizes from 6 months to 3 years, inclusive.
- (f) Blouses. "Blouses" include all femi-nine outerwear garments, commonly known as blouses or shirtwaists.

- Categories: 26. "Women's", "misses" and "jr. misses'"—all sizes.
 "Teen age" and "girls'"—sizes from 7
- to 16, inclusive.

 26b. "Children's" and "toddlers'"—sizes from 6 months to 6 years, inclusive.
- (g) Snowsuits. "Snowsuits" include all (1) toddlers' and children's (including boys'), (2) girls' and (3) teen age outerwear garments commonly known as snowsuits or ski

Categories:

- "Children's" and "toddlers" one and two-piece snowsuits (with or without a matching hat) -sizes from 1 to 6, inclusive.
- "Teen age" and "girls'" one and twopiece snowsuits (with or without a matching hat)—sizes from 7 to 16, inclusive.
- (h) Legging sets and separate leggings. "Legging sets" and "separate leggings" include all (1) toddlers' and children's (including boys'), and (2) girls' outerwear garments commonly known as legging sets and separate leggings, but excluding garments made of artificial leather.

Categories:

- 29. Legging sets-sizes from 1 to 14, inclusive.
- 30. Separate leggings-sizes from 1 to 14, inclusive.

(i) Separate ski pants. "Separate ski pants" include all (1) toddlers' and children's (including boys'), (2) girls' and (3) teen age outerwear garments commonly known as ski pants.

Category:

- 31. Separate ski pants-sizes from 1 to 16, inclusive.
- (j) Separate slacks. "Separate slacks" include all women's girls', children's and tod-dlers' outerwear garments commonly known as slacks, which are usually cut in the same style as men's trousers, reaching from waist to calf or below and having long loose legs, including slacks with any attached sleeveless bodice commonly known as "overalls" or "jumperalls", but excluding culottes.

Categories:

"Women's"—sizes 32 and up.
"Misses' " and "jr. misses' "—sizes from

7 to 20, inclusive.

"Teen age" and "girls'"—sizes from 7 to 16, inclusive.

"Children's" and "toddlers'" (includ-

ing boys', except boys' tailored pants which are covered by Maximum Price Regulation 17711)-sizes from 6 months to 6 years, inclusive.

(k) Slack suits. "Slack suits" include women's, girls', children's and toddlers' out-erwear garments commonly known as slack suits or slack sets, consisting of slacks and separate jacket, or slacks and separate or attached blouse, sold at a unit price. Garments commonly known as "coveralls" are included.

Categories:

"Women's"—sizes 32 and up.
"Misses' " and "jr. misses' "—sizes from 7 to 20, inclusive.
"Teen age" and "girls' "—sizes from 7 to 16, inclusive.
"Children's" and "toddlers' " (includ-

ing boys', except boys' tailored suits which are covered by Maximum Price Regulation 177)—sizes from 6 months to 6 years, inclusive.

Any seller (including a separate department described in section 1 (b) (3)) who sells the following pairs of size ranges and who customarily delivered garments of both size ranges at the same percentage markups, may, at his option, establish the same ceiling price for garments in each pair of size ranges having the same cost price:

- (1) Women's and misses' or junior misses'
 - (2) Teen-age and girls' sizes.
 - (3) Children's and toddlers' sizes.

A seller who selects this option, must then, in preparing his pricing chart, com-bine garments in each pair of size ranges when calculating the selling price at which he delivered the largest number of garments of each cost price during the base period.

For example: A department store operates a department which sells girls' and teen age coats and suits. It was the customary practice of this department to deliver girls' and teen age coats (Categories 4 and 3 respectively) at the same percentage markups, and to deliver girls' and teen age suits (Categories 9 and and 8 respectively) at the the selling price at which it delivered the largest number of coats of a particular cost price, the department may use the total numof girls' coats and of teen age coats of that cost price delivered during the base period, and may establish the same ceiling price for all girls' and teen age coats having the same cost price. Similarly, in calculating the ceiling prices of its girls' and teen age suits, the department may combine the number of garments sold in both categories, and may establish the same ceiling price for all girls' and teen age suits having the same cost price.

APPENDIX B-PREPARATION OF PRICING CHARTS

(a) Examples of pricing charts. Examples of the pricing charts required by section 3 follow:

(1) Retailer's pricing chart

PRICING CHART

A. B. C. Dress Co. 123 Broadway New City, Kansas Type of seller: Retailer

Α -	В	O	D	E
Category	Cost price	Terms	Selling prices	Percentage markup percent
1 (women's coats)	(8) \$11.75 12.75 14.75 18.75	8/10 EOM	\$14, 95 19, 95 25, 00 29, 95	21. 4 36. 1 41. 0 37. 4
21 (women's dresses)	19. 75 22. 75 26. 75 29. 75 3. 75 4. 75 5. 50 6. 75 8. 75	8/10 EOM 8/10 EOM 8/10 EOM Net 8/10 EOM 8/10 EOM 3/10 EOM	29, 95 35, 00 39, 95 49, 95 5, 98 7, 95 8, 95	34.4 35.0 33.0 40.3 37.3 40.3 38.4 38.4 37.3
82 (women's slacks)	9. 75 10. 75 2. 871/2 3. 75	8/10 EOM	4. 98 5. 98	36. 0 42. 1 37. 3 40. 2
28 (teen age and girls' snowsuits)	4.75 4.75 6.75 8.75	8/10 EOM 8/10 EOM 8/10 EOM	7.95	40. 40. 38. 37.

1 All prices listed are cost per unit.

11 8 F.R. 13713.

Signed A. B. C. DRESS Co. By John Doe, President.

(2) Wholesaler's pricing chart

PRICING CHART

P. & S. Company 305 South Franklin Street Chicago, Illinois

Type of seller: Wholesaler First delivery: December 10, 1942 (all categories)

A	В	O		D	E
	Cost price	Te	rms	Selling	Percentage
Category	lines 1	Purchase	Sale	prices 1	markup
1 (women's coats)	\$7.00 7.75 9.15	2/10 EOM Net	3/10 EOM	\$7.75 8.75 10.75	9. 7 11. 4 14. 9
2 (misses' coats)	13, 50 7, 00 7, 75 9, 50 13, 25	3/10 EOM Net Net Net	Net	14. 75 7. 75 8. 75 10. 75 14. 75	14.9 8.5 9.7 11.4 11.5
6 (women's suits)	14.75 6.00 7.75	Net Net 3/10 EOM	2/10 EOM Net	16. 75 6. 75 8. 75 10. 75	10.2 11.9 11.1 11.4 11.5
7 (misses' suits)	9, 50 7, 75 9, 50 11, 50 13, 50 14, 75	Net Net Net 3/10 EOM	Net	8.75 10.75 12.75 14.75 16.75	11.4 11.5 9.9 8.5 11.9

All cost and seiling price lines are prices per unit.

(b) How to prepare your pricing chart.(1) State your name and address.

(2) State your type of business (whole-saler—with stock, without stock, retailer-basement department, chain outlet, specialty store, etc.).

(3) If you made your first delivery of any category covered by the regulation after October 1, 1941 (September 1, 1941 for wholesalers) state the date of your first delivery.

(4) In Column A, list the categories of the garments you are pricing. (You will find the categories in Appendix A.)

(5) In Column B, list all the cost prices at which you purchased garments that you delivered during the base period. (Section 2 (c) explains what the base period is.) If you are permitted to use the exception provided in Rule 1 (section 4 (b) (1)) for any cost prices, you should place the symbol "(S)" preceding each such cost price in your pricing chart.

(6) In Column C, list the discount, terms or allowance at which you purchased the largest number of garments at each cost price listed in Column B.

(7) If you are a wholesaler, list separately in Column C, the discounts, terms or allowances at which you customarily sold garments in each cost price listed in Column B.

(8) In Column D, list the selling pree line at which you delivered during the base period the largest number of units of each cost price listed in Column B. If you delivered the same number of units at two or more selling price lines, you list the lowest selling price line.

(9) In Column E, list the percentage markup taken on each cost price listed in Column B. This is how you make this calculation:

Step 1. You subtract the cost price (Column B) from the selling price line (Column D) and the difference is the dollar markup. Step 2. Divide this dollar markup by the selling price line (Column D) and the result is the percentage markup.

Signed P. & S. COMPANY By RICHARD ROE, Partner

For example: In the retailer's pricing chart shown in paragraph (a) (1) above, in order to find the percentage markup taken on the \$3.75 cost price for women's dresses (Category 21), you subtract \$3.75 (Column B) from \$5.98 (Column D). The difference is \$2.23. By dividing \$2.23 by \$5.98 (Column D), you find your percentage markup to be 37.3%.

Note: The percentage markups illustrated in Column E and in the examples given throughout the regulation are markups on selling price calculated without deducting any discount on the cost price. If you usually calculate your markups on your cost prices, or if you usually deduct discounts before calculating markup, you may, under this regulation, continue to calculate your markups on cost instead of on selling price and you may deduct discounts before calculating your markup. However, you must calculate your markups in the same manner now that you did in the base period.

APPENDIX C—Example of Application for Authorization Under Section 5.

Application for Authorization to establish maximum prices under section 5.

Name and address:

A & B Sales Company

123 Broadway

New York, New York

Name and address of proposed seller:

Milady Dress Shop

456 Main Street

New City, Kansas

Names of owners, etc. and previous business connections:

- (a) John Doe, partner in A & B Sales Co. since 1937
- (b) Richard Roe, partner in A & B Sales Co. since July 1943; previously President of XY Dress Co., 789 South Street, Trenton, New Jersey
- (c) Jane Doe, no previous business connections.

Number of other sellers: 2 Categories, price lines, and markups desired:

Category	Cost price	Selling price line	Percentage markup
1, 2, 6 & 7	2. 8734 3. 75 4. 75 5. 50 6. 75 7. 75 8. 75	\$3.98 4.98 5.98 7.95 8.95 10.95 12.95 14.95	37. 2 42. 2 37. 3 40. 3 38. 4 40. 1 41. 5
	9. 75	16. 95	42. 5
	12. 75	19. 95	36. 1
	13. 75	22. 95	40. 1
	14. 75	25. 00	41. 0
	18.75	29, 95	37. 4
	22.75	35, 00	35. 0
	24.75	39, 95	38. 0
	29.75	49, 95	40. 4

I will purchase garments, whenever possible, on terms of 8/10 EOM.

I will sell for cash only and will offer the following services:

(a) Free delivery within city limits. Competitors:

(1) Excellent Dress Shop, 495 Main Street, New City, Kansas.

(2) Acme Dress Shop, 382 Main Street, New City, Kansas.

(3) Peerless Clothes, 120 Broadway, New City, Kansas. (Signed) A & B Sales Company.

By John Doe, Partner.

NOTE: The reporting and record-keeping requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of

This regulation shall become effective September 18, 1944.

Issued this 13th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14172; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:40 a. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES [Rev. SR 14 to GMPR, Amdt. 171]

STORAGE AND HANDLING OF GENERAL COM-MODITIES, PHOENIX, ARIZ.

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Section 8.2 (f) is added to read as

(f) Storage and handling of general commodities at Phoenix, Arizona—(1) Maximum price. The maximum prices that may be charged by Warehousemen in Phoenix, Arizona may not exceed the prices contained in Arizona Warehouse Tariff No. 1, incorporated in their application, Docket VIII-1499.75(a) (3)—44W, and identified as Exhibit 2.

(2) Reporting provision. Warehousemen subject to this paragraph shall file with the Transportation and Public Utilities Division, Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., detailed quarterly operating statements supported by balance sheets for a period of one year beginning with the last quarter of 1944; such statements shall be furnished

^{*}Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

within 30 days after the end of each quarter.

This amendment shall become effective September 18, 1944.

Issued this 13th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,

Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14173; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:39 a. m.]

Chapter XVIII—Office of Economic Stabilization

[Directive 6]

PART 4003—SUBSIDIES; SUPPORT PRICES
PART 4004—PRICE STABILIZATION;
MAXIMUM PRICES

CANNED AND FROZEN FRUITS AND VEGETABLES, 1944

The War Food-Administration having submitted certain information and recommendations to me on September 4, 1944, and the Price Administrator having submitted certain information to me and having concurred in those recommendations on September 8, 1944, with reference to a program for the payment of raw material subsidies with respect to the 1944 pack of frozen snap beans, sweet corn, and green peas and establishment of maximum prices for these commodities, I hereby find that:

The payment of the raw material subsidy with respect to the quantities of snap beans, sweet corn, and green peas used in producing the portion of the 1944 pack of frozen vegetables sold to purchasers other than government procurement agencies and the establishment of maximum prices for the 1944 pack of frozen snap beans, sweet corn, and green peas, computed on the basis of the resale prices, by area, of the 1943 purchase and resale program of the Commodity Credit Corporation, for sales to purchasers other than government procurement agencies, and the basis of the 1944 grower support prices per ton, by area, announced by the War Food Administration for these vegetables for freezing, for sales to government procurement agencies will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942 as amended, and Executive Orders No. 9250 and No. 9328, by aiding in the effective prosecution of the war through encouragement of production.

1. The Office of Price Administration is hereby authorized and directed:

(a) To establish maximum prices for sales of the 1944 pack of frozen snap beans, sweet corn, and green peas to purchasers other than government procurement agencies which are computed on the basis of the resale prices of the 1943 purchase and resale program of the Commodity Credit Corporation.

(b) To establish maximum prices for sales of the 1944 pack of frozen snap beans, sweet corn, and green peas to government procurement agencies which are computed on the basis of the 1944 grower support prices per ton, by area, announced by the War Food Administration for these vegetables for freezing.

2. The War Food Administration is hereby authorized and directed to absorb, by use of the Commodity Credit Corporation's funds, the difference, by area, between the resale prices of the 1943 purchase and resale program of the Commodity Credit Corporation and the 1944 grower support prices per ton, announced by the War Food Administration for snap beans, sweet corn, and green peas for freezing, with respect to the quantities of these vegetables used in producing the portion of the 1944 pack of frozen vegetables sold to purchasers other than government procurement

Effective date: September 9th, 1944. (E.O. 9250 and E.O. 9328, 3 C.F.R. Cum. Supp.)

Issued this 9th day of September 1944.

FRED M. VINSON, Economic Stabilization Director.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14135; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 9:27 a. m.]

TITLE 47-TELECOMMUNICATION

Chapter I—Federal Communications
Commission

PART 51—CLASSIFICATION OF TELEPHONE EMPLOYEES

Note: Schedule 461 of Annual Report Form M was filed with the Division of the Federal Register on September 13, 1944, at 9:28 a. m., as Federal Register document number N. P. 44-11132. See 9 F.R. 9793.

TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION AND RAILROADS

Chapter I—Interstate Commerce Commission

* [No. 3666]

PARTS 71-85—EXPLOSIVES AND OTHER DANGEROUS ARTICLES 1

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 7th day of September, A. D. 1944.

In the matter of regulations for transportation of explosives and other dan-

gerous articles.

It appearing, that pursuant to section 233 of the Transportation of Explosives Act approved March 4, 1921 (41 Stat. 1445), and Part II of the Interstate Commerce Act, the Commission has formulated and published certain regulations for transportation of explosives and other dangerous articles;

It further appearing, that in applications received we are asked to amend the aforesaid regulations as set forth in provisions made part hereof:

And it further appearing, that amendments involved in said applications, having been considered and found to be in accord with the best-known practicable means for securing safety in transit and with the need therefore for promoting safety of operation and standards of equipment used in the transportation of said dangerous articles:

It is ordered, That the aforesaid regulations for transportation of explosives and other dangerous articles be, and they are hereby, amended as follows:

Part 2—List of Explosives and other Dangerous Articles

Superseding and amending list, section 4, orders Aug. 16, 1940, and Oct. 14, 1943, as follows:

Article	Classed as—	Exemptions and packing (section)	Label	Maximum quantity, one package, express
(Change) Ammonium bichromate (Add) Calcium resinate (Add) Compounds, iron or steel rust preventing or removing. (Add) Dichlorodiphenoltrichloro- ethane.	Inf. S. Oxy. M. Cor. L. Pois. B.	153, 173 No exemption 166 244, 246	Yellow Yellow White	100 pounds. 125 pounds. 1 gallon. 200 pounds.
(Add) Diffuorophosphoric acid, an- hydrous. (Add) Fire extinguisher charges con- taining not to exceed 50 grains of smokeless powder per unit. (Add) Hydrobromic acid, anhydrous, see Hydrogen bromide.	Cor, L See note sec. 65 (a)	No exemption 275	White	1 gallon.
(Add) Hydrogen bromide	Noninf, G Cor, L. Expl. B	No exemption 275 No exemption 65	Green White Red ##	300 pounds. 1 gallon. 10 pounds.
non. (Change) Smokeless powder for small arms in quantity not exceeding 50 pounds.	Expl. B	No exemption 65	Red ##	10 pounds.
(Change) Smokeless powder for small arms in quantity exceeding 50 pounds.	Expl. A	No exemption 65		Not accepted.

##Required for rail express and water shipments only.

Parts 2, 3, and 4 of this order appear in CFR as Parts 73, 72, 75, and 80.

Part 3—Regulations Applying to Shippers (CFR 75)

Amending paragraph (g), section 28, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows (reused containers—black powder kegs) (add):

Note. Because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission, metal kegs, previously used for the shipment of black powder not contained in an interior package, may be used provided the kegs are in good physical condition and are not liable to permit escape of contents during transportation. Empty kegs previously used for shipment of black powder must be entirely free of black powder on the inside and outside before being offered for transportation.

Superseding and amending paragraphs (c) (1) (d) and (c) (4) (c), section 61, order Aug. 16, 1940, to read as follows (packing high explosive with liquid explosive ingredient):

(c) (1) (d) Bags not exceeding 50 pounds each securely closed so as to prevent leakage therefrom. Gross weight of wooden boxes not to exceed 75 pounds. Gross weight of fiberboard boxes not to exceed 65 pounds.

(c) (4) (c) Cartridges not exceeding 10 inches in diameter or 50 pounds in weight, with length not to exceed 30 inches. Bags not exceeding 12½ pounds each packed with filling holes up. Gross weight of wooden boxes not to exceed 75 pounds. Gross weight of fiberboard boxes not to exceed 65 pounds.

Amending paragraph (e) (2), section 61, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows (packing high explosives with no liquid ingredient nor any chlorate) (add):

Note. Wooden boxes, having inside metal containers which are tightly and securely closed, may be equipped with hand holds in each end which must be not more than one inch by four inches and centered laterally not nearer than 1% inches from top edge of end of box.

Amending section 65, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows (labels for smokeless powders) (add):

(j) (3) Label. Each outside package containing smokeless powder for small arms or smokeless powder for cannon, when offered for transportation by rail express or water must have securely and conspicuously attached to it a square red label measuring 4 inches on each side and bearing in black letters the following:

SMOKELESS POWDER FOR CANNON FOR EXPRESS SHIPMENT

HANDLE CAREFULLY
KEEP FIRE AWAY

This is to certify that the above articles are properly described by name and are packed and marked and are in proper condition for transportation, according to the regulations prescribed by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

(Shipper's Name)

SMOKELESS POWDER FOR SMALL ARMS FOR EXPRESS SHIPMENT

HANDLE CAREFULLY

KEEP FIRE AWAY

This is to certify that the above articles are properly described by name and are packed and marked and are in proper condition for transportation, according to the regulations prescribed by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

(Shipper's Name)

Superseding and amending paragraphs (b) and (c), section 69, order Aug. 16, 1940, to read as follows (fuzes, percussion, combination, time and tracer: and tracers):

(b) Tracer fuzes and tracers are devices which are attached to projectiles and contain a slow-burning composition to show the flight of projectiles at night.

(c) Packing. Percussion, tracer, combination, time fuzes and tracers must be packed in strong, tight, outside wooden boxes, with special provision for securing individual packages of fuzes or tracers against movement in box.

Superseding and amending paragraph (f), section 113, order July 14, 1942, to read as follows (packing paints, etc.—exemptions):

(f) Paint, enamel, lacquer, stain, shellac, varnish, aluminum, bronze, gold, wood filler, liquid, and lacquer base liquid, and thinning, reducing and removing compounds therefor, and driers, liquid, therefor, in glass or earthenware containers of not over 1 quart capacity each, or metal containers of not over 5 gallons capacity each, packed in strong outside containers are exempt from specification packaging, marking, and labeling requirements for transportation by rail freight and highway. When offered for transportation by rail express such shipments are exempt from specification packaging requirements but must be marked with name of contents and bear the red label as prescribed in section 404 (e). When offered for transportation by carrier by water such shipments are exempt from specification packaging, marking other than name of contents, and labeling requirements. When fiberboard box is used for such shipments by rail freight, rail express, highway, or water, gross weight must not exceed 65 pounds. (Paragraph (f) (1) is not cancelled hereby.)

Superseding and amending paragraph (a), section 118, order Aug. 16, 1940, to read as follows (packing spirits of nitroglycerin):

118. (a) Spirits of nitroglycerin must consist of not over 10 percent by weight of nitroglycerin in ethyl alcohol. Solutions of nitroglycerin must consist of not over 10 percent by weight of nitroglycerin in acetone. They must be packed in specification containers as follows:

Amending section 154, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows (no exemptions from regulations) (add):

(f) (1) Calcium phosphide.

(f) (2) Calcium resinate. See sec. 166.

Superseding and amending paragraph (a), section 166, order Aug. 16, 1940, to read as follows (packing cobalt resinate, precipitated, and calcium resinate):

166 (a) Cobalt resinate, precipitated and calcium resinate, must be packed in specification containers as follows:

Superseding and amending paragraph (a), section 176, order Aug. 16, 1940, to read as follows (packing matches);

176 (a) Matches, when offered for transportation, must be of a type that will not ignite spontaneously when subjected for eight consecutive hours to a temperature of 200° F., in a properly conducted laboratory test. They must not exceed 3 inches in length, nor have a stick exceeding .015 square inch in cross-section area.

Superseding and amending paragraphs (c) and (d) and notes thereto, section 212A, order Mar. 29, 1944, to read as follows (packing urea peroxide):

(c) Spec. 21A. Fiber drums completely coated on the inside with a suitable wax.

(d) Spec. 22A. Plywood drums with paper bags, spec. 2J, coated with suitable wax on the inner surface.

Amending section 245, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows (no exemption from regulations) (add):

(r) Difluorophosphoric acid.

(s) Monofluorophosphoric acid.

Superseding and amending note, paragraph (h) (1), section 264, order Nov. 8, 1941, to read as follows (packing hydrofluoric acid):

Note. Each metal container, before being put into this service, must be passified by the following or an equally efficient method: By filling drum to 90 percent of capacity with hydrofluoric acid of 58 percent strength and allowing drum to stand 48 hours at a temperature of 80° F., and then 7 hours at 140° F., the internal pressure being maintained at atmospheric pressure by means of a ventilated bung.

Amend order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows

275 (a) Difluorophosphoric acid, anhydrous, and monofluorophosphoric acid, anhydrous, must be packed in specification containers as follows:

(b) Spec. 15A, 15B, 15C, 16A, or 19A. Wooden boxes with inside containers as

prescribed herein.

(c) Difluorophosphoric acid, anhydrous, must be packed in inside cylindrical containers; capacity not to exceed 5 pounds of material, made of stainless steel (18-8) not less than 16 gage U. S. Standard, having all seams welded to full penetration and properly annealed after all welding has been completed; each container to withstand an air test of 15 pounds per square inch without evidence of leaf; closures must be of

threaded plug type, adequate to prevent

(d) Monofluorophosphoric acid, anhydrous, must be packed in glass bottles containing not more than 4 ounces of material, closed by means of threaded-type acid-resistant caps with a gasket or lining impervious to the acid and sufficiently resilient, or cushioned, to give an acid-proof closure; caps must have at least one complete continuous thread and be wired to the bottle to prevent turning of cap when bottle is closed for shipment; or in glass bottles containing over 4 ounces but not over 5 pounds of material, with glass stoppers ground to fit and securely held in place by means

(e) Inside containers must be cushioned by not less than 1-inch thickness infusorial earth (kieselguhr) on all sides,

of hard drying wax placed over and

top, and bottom.

around the stopper.

Superseding amending paragraph (b) (1), section 303, order Nov. 8, 1941, to read as follows (packing compressed gases):

(b) (1) Odorization. All liquefied petroleum gas in a tank motor vehicle shall be effectively odorized by an approved agent of such character as to indicate positively, by a distinctive odor, the presence of gas down to a concentration in air of not over one-fifth the lower limit of combustibility: Provided, however, That odorization is not required if harmful in the use or further processing of the liquefied petroleum gas, or if odorization will serve no useful purpose as a warning agent in such use or further processing. (Note to paragraph is not canceled.)

Amending table, paragraph (k) section 303, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows (compressed gases in cylinders);

Kind of gas	Maximum permitted filling density (see sec. 303 (h))	Cylinders marked a shown in this co- umn must be use except as provided in note 1 and sec. 30 (p) (2) to 303 (p) (6)	
(Add) Insecticide, liquefied gas	303 (j) (1) and (2)	ICC-4B300; ICC-9.	

Amending paragraph (p) (1), section 303, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows (qualification and maintenance of cylinders) (add):

(p) (1) (j) For ICC-9 cylinders the service pressure is 200 pounds.

Superseding and amending paragraph (p) (7) (b), section 303, order Aug. 16, 1940, to read as follows (safety devices-exceptions):

(p) (7) (b) Cylinders, other than those made under spec. ICC-9, not over 12 inches long, exclusive of neck, nor over $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches outside diameter.

Amending table, paragraph (p) (14) (a), section 303, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows (quinquennial retest of cylinders) (add):

Specification	Retest pres-
under which	sure (pounds
cylinders were	per square
made	inch)
ICC-9	400 pounds

Amending paragraph (p) (14), section 303, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows

(quinquennial retest of cylinders—exceptions) (add):

(p) (14) (1) ICC-9 cylinders must be tested in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 13 (a) and 17 (b) of the specification.

Amending Note 8, paragraph (q) (1), section 303, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows (compressed gases shipped in tank cars) (add to Note 8):

Because of the present emergency and unless further ordered by the Commission, the current two-year period for tests is extended to two and one-half years for tank cars used for shipping chlorine and operated under reporting marks SHPX Nos. 3320 to 3399, inclusive, and CWSX Nos. 16000 to 16037, inclusive, on which these tests are now overdue or pending. This addition also amends par. (f) of section 31, par. 15 of spec. 105A300, and order dated Dec. 18, 1941, as amended, adding Note to paragraph (q) (7) of section 303, as to cars herein described.

Superseding and amending item of table, paragraph (q) (1), section 303, added by order Feb. 26, 1942, to read as follows (compressed gases shipped in tank cars):

Name of gas	Maximum permitted filling density Note 1	Required type of tank car Note 2		
Liquefied petroleum gas (pressure not exceeding 65 pounds per square inch at 105° Fahr.).	Note 3 only (not including addendum).	ARA-IV and ICC-104 Note 15.		

Amending section 327, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows (packing poisons, class A) (add):

(d) It shall not be permissible to transport class A poisons if there be any interconnecting means of any character between the containers.

Amending section 360, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows (packing paranitraniline) (add):

(d) Spec. 21A. Fiber drums, gross weight 400 pounds; side walls must be of at least 10 ply construction having strength not less than 1200 pounds Mullen or Cady test; in addition to tests prescribed by paragraph 4, spec. 21A, the drum must withstand two drops from a height of 6 feet to solid concrete, the first drop to be made diagonally on bottom chime and the second drop diag-

onally on the top chime with grain of wood running parallel to concrete surface if head is of wood.

Amending section 362, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows (packing tear gas, etc., class C) (add):

(c) It shall not be permissible to transport class C poisons if there be any interconnecting means of any character between the containers.

Appendix—Shipping Container Specifications

Amending order Aug. 16, 1949, as follows (add):

Specification 9—Seamless or Welded or Brazed Steel Cylinders

GENERAL

- Compliance. Required in all details.
- 2. Type and size. Must be seamless, welded, or brazed (brazing material must have a melting point of not less than 1000° F.). The maximum water capacity of containers in this class shall not exceed 86 cubic inches. Longitudinal seams are prohibited.

(a) Service pressure. Service pressure must be 200 pounds per square inch.

INSPECTION

3. Inspection by whom and where. By competent inspector; chemical analyses and tests, as specified, to be made within limits of the United States. Interested inspectors are authorized.

4. Duties of inspector. Inspect all material and reject any not complying

with requirements.

(a) Verify chemical analysis by obtaining certified analysis of each heat from steel manufacturer; or if such certified analysis is lacking, then a certificate from the manufacturer of container giving sufficient data to indicate compliance with requirements is acceptable when certified by duplicate analyses from 6 samples taken at random from each shipment of steel and one cylinder selected at random from each day's production, except if a day's production be less than 1000 cylinders, then this sample shall be taken from the lot.

(b) Verify compliance of cylinders with all requirements including markings; inspect inside before closing in both ends; verify heat treatment as proper; select samples for all tests and for check chemical analyses; witness all tests; verify threads by gauge; report volumetric capacity (see report form) and minimum thickness of wall noted.

(c) Render complete report (paragraph 19) to purchaser, cylinder maker, and the Bureau of Explosives.

MATERIAL

- 4. Steel. Open-hearth or electric steel of uniform quality. Content percent for the following not over: Carbon, 0.150; phosphorus, 0.045; sulphur, 0.055.
- 6. Identification of material. Required; any suitable method.
- Defects. Material with seams, cracks, laminations, or other injurious defects, not authorized.

CONCERNICATION

8. Manufacture. By proper appliances and methods; dirt and scale to be removed as necessary to afford proper inspection; no defect acceptable that is likely to weaken the finished cylinder appreciably; reasonably smooth and uniform surface finish required. Seams must be made as follows:

(a) Circumferential seams. By welding or by brazing. Heads attached by brazing must have a driving fit with the shell, unless the shell is crimped, swaged, or curled over the skirt or flange of the head, and be thoroughly brazed until complete penetration by the brazing material of the brazed joint is secured. Depth of brazing from end of shell must be at least four times the thickness of shell metal.

9. Wall thickness. The wall stress at 600 pounds per square inch shall not exceed 24,000 pounds per square inch. The minimum wall for any cylinder shall be 0.040 inch.

(a) Calculation must be made by the formula:

 $S = \frac{600 (1.3D^2 + 0.4d^2)}{D^2 - d^2}$

where S=wall stress in pounds per square inch; D=outside diameter in inches; d=inside diameter in inches.

10. Heat treatment. Body and heads formed by drawing or pressing must be uniformly and properly heat treated prior to tests.

11. Openings in cylinder and connections (valves, fuse plugs, etc.) for such openings. (a) Threads required; to be clean cut, even, without checks, and tapped to gauge.

(b) Taper threads to be of length not less than as specified for American

Standard taper pipe threads.

(c) Straight threads, having at least 4 engaged threads, to have tight fit and calculated shear strength at least 10 times the test pressure of the cylinder; gaskets required, adequate to prevent leakage.

12. Safety devices must be as required by the Interstate Commerce Commission's regulations that apply.

CYLINDER TESTS

13. Pressure tests. (a) Each cylinder produced shall be tested by dried air ' or other dried gas ' or by any suitable anhydrous liquid at a pressure of 400 pounds per square inch, held for at least 30 seconds, and shall show no leak or other defect when inspected by suitable means.

(b) One out of each 1000 cylinders or less successively produced shall be hydrostatically tested to destruction and must not burst below 1200 pounds per square inch. Each such 1000 cylinders or less successively produced shall constitute a lot and if the test cylinder shall fail, then the entire lot must be rejected. All cylinders constituting a lot shall be of identical size, design, construction, heat treatment, finish and quality.

14. Flattening test. Between knife edges, wedge shaped, 60° angle, rounded to ½ inch radius; test 1 cylinder taken at random out of each lot of 1000 or less, after pressure test. This flattening test

15. Reheat treatment authorized for lots failing to meet the requirements of paragraph 14; such lots of cylinders after this treatment must pass all prescribed tests.

16. Only repair of brazed seams by brazing and welded seams by welding is authorized, provided such cylinders are retested and pass the tests prescribed in paragraph 13 (a).

MARKING

17. On each cylinder. By embossing plainly and permanently on top or bottom before heat treatment, the marks ICC 9, registered symbol of manufacturer, and registered symbol of original owner.

(a) Other marks as prescribed in (c) of this paragraph must be shown on a permanently attached name plate or by printing or decalcomania, provided that such markings are waterproofed and adherent and not easily impaired when subjected to water immersion and weathering under service conditions, or are coated over with a water-insoluble transparent lacquer.

(b) Such marks must be maintained in a legible condition and if at any time the cylinder is returned for refilling and such marks are illegible, then the cylinder must not be returned to service until it has been retested as prescribed in paragraph 13 (a) and new test date applied.

(c) Inspector's official mark; lot number; date of test (such as 5-37 for May,

1937), so placed that dates of subsequent tests can be easily added.

18. Size of embossed marks. At least 1/4 inch high.

19. Inspector's reports. Required to be clear, legible, and in following form:

(Place) ______
(Date) _____
STEEL GAS CYLINDERS

Manufactured for ______ Company
Location at _____
Location at _____
Consigned to _____ Company
Location at _____
Quantity
Size _____ inches outside diameter by _____
inches long.

Identification marks on cylinder are:

Specification ICC 9.

Identifying symbols (registered) _____

Test date _____These cylinders were made by process of____

The steel used was identified by heat or analysis numbers as shown on the "Record of Chemical Analysis of Steel for Cylinders" attached hereto.

The steel used was verified as to chemical analysis and record thereof is attached hereto.

All material was inspected and each cylinder was inspected both before and after closing; all accepted material and cylinders were found free from seams, cracks, laminations, and other defects which might prove injurious to the strength of the cylinder. The processes of manufacture and heat treatment were supervised and found to be efficient and satisfactory.

A test cylinder of each lot was measured and had a minimum wall thickness and volumetric capacity as shown in table below.

Date of test	Lot No.	No. in lot	Minimum wall thickness, in.	Volumetric ca- pacity, cu. in.

Each and every cylinder was properly tapped; the threads were inspected and found to be clean cut, of proper length, and correct as to gauge.

One finshed cylinder out of each lot was taken at random and burst by interior hydrostatic pressure with the following results:

Date of test	Lot No.	Pressure at which cylinder ruptured, pounds per square inch

Each and every cylinder was subjected to an interior pressure of 400 pounds per square inch and showed no leak or other defect.

Hydrostatic tests, pressure tests, flattening tests, and other tests, as prescribed in specification No. 9 were made in the presence of the inspector and all material and cylinders accepted were found to be in compliance with the requirements of that specification.

I hereby certify that all of these cylinders proved satisfactory in every way and comply with the requirements of Interstate Commerce Commission's specification No. 9 except as follows:

Exceptions:		
(Signed	3)	
1990		Inspector

RECORD OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF STEEL FOR

Size	_ inches outside diameter	by
	long.	

Lot	Number	Heat No.	Number Heat Check	Check		nical ar	cal analysis	
No.	in lot		analysis No.	0	P	8		

The analyses were made by______(Signed) _______Inspector

is required and the test cylinder shall not have cracked when the outer surfaces of the walls are apart not more than a distance of 6 times the thickness of such walls.

Warning: With this method of test, adequate protection to personnel must be provided.

Amending table, paragraph 7 (c), spec. 10B, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows (add):

Note. Because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission, for barrels of not over 50 gallons capacity, maximum number of pieces may be 7 provided they have a minimum thickness of %

Amending table, paragraph 7 (c), spec. 10C, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows (add):

Note. Because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission, for barrels of not over 50 gallons capacity, maximum number of pieces may be 7 provided they have a minimum thickness of %

Amending spec. 12B, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows (add to paragraph 7):

Note. Because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission, weights per thousand square feet as specified in the following table may be substituted in lieu of thicknesses, and are the minimums required, except a maximum variation of 5 percent will be allowed in the specified weights per thousand square feet:

EMERGENCY TABLE

		Facings for corrugated fiberboard				
	Solid fiber board, Mini- mum combined	Double	-faced	Double	wall	
Classified strength ¹ of completed board	weight of com- ponent plies exclusive of adhesives (pounds per 1,000 square feet)	Minimum combined weight of facings (pounds per 1,000 square feet)	Strength 1	Minimum com- bined weight of facings in- cluding center liner (pounds per 1,000 square feet)	Strength 1	
175	149 190 237 283 283 283 283 283 283	75 84 128 180 180	85 100 135 (3) (2)	92 110 126 180 180 207 270	2 85 85 (3) (3) (2) (4) (4)	

Mullen or Cady test (minimum).
 Non-test center facing acceptable.
 As necessary to secure prescribed strength of complete board but not less than 85.

(Add to paragraph 8):

NOTE. Because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission, thickness of ply may be waived but weight must be as authorized under emergency table, paragraph 7 of this specification.

(Add to paragraph 9):

Note. Because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission, thickness of facings may be waived but com-pleted board must be as authorized under emergency table, paragraph 7 of this spec-

(Add to ref. ¶, paragraph 23a):

Note. Because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission, thickness may be waived and in lieu thereof board must weigh at least 283 pounds per thousand square feet.

(Add to paragraph 28c):

Note. Because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission, double-wall corrugated fiberboard at least 400-pound test, with facings having a mini-mum combined weight as required by table contained under emergency note to paragraph 7 of this specification, is authorized.

Cancel paragraph 29 of spec. 12B. Amending spec. 12C, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows:

(Add to ref. t, paragraph 23a):

Note. Because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission, the following may be substituted in lieu of thickness. Facings at least 138 pounds per thousand square feet or inner facing at least 42 pounds and outer facing at least 90 pounds per thousand square feet.

(Add to ref. ¶, paragraph 23a):

Note. Because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission,

the following may be substituted in lieu of thickness: At least 283 pounds per thousand square feet.

Amending paragraph 23 (a), spec. 23F, order Aug. 16, 1940, as follows

Note. Because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission, the requirements prescribed in paragraph 23 (a) are modified only to the extent that a board having a minimum thickness of 0.080 inch is not required provided the board weighs at least 283 pounds per thousand square feet.

Part 4—Regulations Applying Particularly to Carriers by Rail Freight (CFR 80)

Superseding and amending paragraph (d), section 584, order Aug. 16, 1940, to read as follows (waybills, switching orders, or other billing):

(d) When the initial movement is a switching operation, the switching order, switching receipt or switching ticket, and copies thereof, prepared by the shipper, or by the carrier under the shipper's written authority, must bear the placard indorsement and the shipper's certificate prescribed by secs, 421 and 584 (a); for other switching movement, the switching ticket prepared by a railway employee must show the kind of placard required.

Superseding and amending paragraph (j), section 594, order Aug. 16, 1940, to read as follows (leaking tank cars):

(j) Whenever the leaking condition of a tank car is such that transfer of lading has been necessary, the car must be stenciled on both sides, in letters three inches in size, adjacent to the car number, "LEAKY TANK. DO NOT LOAD

UNTIL REPAIRED," and indicate and mark at the location of the leak with the symbol "X", and the owner must be immediately notified by wire, such notification to indicate definitely location of leak. Stenciling must not be removed until the tank is repaired.

It is further ordered. That this order amending the aforesaid regulations shall be effective on and after September 7. 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect and be observed until further order of the Commission.

And it is further ordered, That a copy of this order be served upon all the parties of record herein; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

(Sec. 233, 41 Stat. 1445, sec. 204, 49 Stat. 546, sec. 4, 52 Stat. 1232, sec. 20, 54 Stat. 922, 56 Stat. 176; 18 U.S.C. 383, 49 U.S.C. 304)

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL. Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14053; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 10:45 a. m.l

Notices

OFFICE OF ALIEN PROPERTY CUS-TODIAN.

[Vesting Order 4086]

AUGUSTA F. ALINGS

In re: Estate of Augusta F. Alings, also known as Mrs. A. F. Alings and Mrs. A. F. Allings, deceased; File D-28-4022; E. T. sec. 10212.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Hanny Sesselmaun, Lilly Kienle, Mathilde Kempf, Julius Geist, Agenes Geist, and Werner Geist, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Augusta Alings, also known as Mrs. A. F. Alings and Mrs. A. F. Allings, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Hanny Sesselmaun, Germany. Lilly Kienle, Germany. Mathilde Kempf, Germany. Julius Geist, Germany. Agenes Geist, Germany. Werner Geist, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Magda Kienle, as Administratrix of the Estate of Augusta F. Alings, also known as Mrs. A. F. Alings and Mrs. A. F. Allings, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the City and County of San Francisco;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 7, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14141; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:02 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4087]

MARY ARNOLDT

In re: Trust created under the will of Mary Arnoldt, deceased; File D-28-8893; E. T. sec. 11089.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows:

(a) All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Oskar Rother, Issue, name or names unknown of Oskar Rother, Gertrude Schroeder, Paul Rother, Issue, name or names unknown of Paul Rother, and each of them, in and to the Trust created under the will of Mary Arnoldt, deceased.

(b) An undivided seven twelfths (7/12) interest in real property particularly described as follows:

Lot 906 of Tract No. 2262, partly within the City of Huntington Park, partly within the city of Southgate in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, as per map recorded in Book 23, pages 126 and 127 of Maps in the office of the County Recorder of said County. Except all water in and under said land.

Together with all hereditaments, fixtures, improvements and appurtenances thereto, and any and all claims for rents, refunds, benefits or other payments arising from the ownership of such property, subject to recorded liens, encumbrances and other rights of record held by or for persons who are not nationals of designated enemy countries.

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Oskar Rother, Germany.

Issue, name or names unknown of Oskar Rother, Germany.

Gertrude Schroeder, Germany. Paul Rother, Germany.

Issue, name or names unknown of Paul Rother, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by the First National Bank of Pomona, as Trustee of the Trust created under the will of Mary Arnoldt, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest.

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described in paragraphs (a) and (b) above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Allen Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 7, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14142; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:02 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4088]
JENNIE O. BOLAND

In re: Estate of Jennie O. Boland, deceased; File D-28-8152; E. T. sec. 9070. Under the authority of the Trading

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Elsbeth Kochenrath Rohs in and to the Estate of Jennie O. Boland, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, a national of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

National and Last Known Address

Elsbeth Kochenrath Rohş, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by William F. Boland and Laurence L. Cassidy, as Executors of the Estate of Jennie O. Boland, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, New York County, State of New York:

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest.

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1, a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 7, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14143; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:02 a. m.]

No. 184-8

[Vesting Order 4089] TERESA BUCHL

In re: Estate of Teresa Buchl. deceased; File D-28-8561; E. T. sec. 10146. Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned,

after investigation, finding:

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Sister of decedent, name unknown and Brother of decedent, name unknown, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Teresa Buchl, de-

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Sister of decedent, name unknown, Germany

Brother of decedent, name unknown, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Thomas B. Hanlon, as Administrator of the Estate of Teresa Buchl, acting under the judicial supervision of the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, Washington, D. C.;
And determining that to the extent that

such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification and deeming it necessary in the national

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allow-

ance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have

the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 7, 1944.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM. Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14144; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:02 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4090]

ALBERTINA CALLOW

In re: Trust u/w Albertina Callow, deceased; File D-28-7002; E. T. sec. 11103.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Heinz Beyer, Margarethe Albertine Beyer, and Marianne Beyer, and each of them, in and to the Trust u/w Albertina Callow, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Heinz Beyer, Germany. Margarethe Albertine Beyer, Germany. Marianne Beyer, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by The Fidelity Trust Company of Baltimore, Maryland, as Trustee of the Trust u/w Albertina Callow, acting under the judicial supervision of the Circuit Court of Baltimore City, Baltimore, Maryland;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification and deeming it necessary in the national interest.

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date

hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated

enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 7, 1944.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM. Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14145; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:02 a. m.]

> [Vesting Order 4091] GUY CARINGELLA

In re: Estate of Guy Caringella, also known as Gaetano Caringella, deceased; File D-38-692; E. T. sec. 6913.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Carmela Palmisano Caringella, in and to the Estate of Guy Caringella, also known as Gaetano Caringella, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, a national of a designated enemy country, Italy, namely,

National and Last Known Address

Carmela Palmisano Caringella, Italy.

That such property is in the process of administration by R. E. Williams, as Admin-istrator of the Estate of Guy Caringella, also known as Gaetano Caringella, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Bernardino;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such per-son be treated as a national of a designated enemy country, (Italy);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national in-

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such ac-

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 7, 1944.

JAMES E. MARKHAM, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14146; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:02 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4092]

LILY S. EHLING

In re: Estate of Lily S. Ehling, deceased; File D-66-363; E. T. sec. 2774.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Ilonka Schreiber and issue of Ilonka Schreiber, names unknown; Lilli Ligeti and issue of Lilli Ligeti, names unknown; Lojos Legeti and issue of Lojos Ligeti, names unknown; and Mrs. Lojos Ligeti, and each of them, in and to the estate of Lily S. Ehling, deceased.

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Hungary, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Ilonka Schreiber, Hungary.

Issue of Ilonka Schreiber, names unknown, Hungary.

Lilli Ligeti, Hungary.

Issue of Lilli Ligeti, names unknown, Hun-

Lojos Ligeti, Hungary. Issue of Lojos Ligeti, names unknown, Hungary.

Mrs. Lojos Ligeti, Hungary.

That such property is in the process of administration by Mercantile Commerce Bank and Trust Co., 721 Locust St., St. Louis, Missouri, as Executor of the estate of Lily S. Ehling, Deceased, acting under the judicial supervision of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, (Hungary);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on September 7, 1944.

JAMES E. MARKHAM. [SEAL] Alien Property Custodian.

(F. R. Doc. 44-14147; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:03 a. m.

> [Vesting Order 4093] MICHAEL FREY

In re: Trust created under the will of Michael Frey, deceased; File D-66-469; E. T. sec. 2962.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Berta Frey, Adelheid Frey, Sigfried Frey (Siegfried Frey), Hans Frey and Josef Frey, Jr., and each of them, in and to the Trust created under the will of Michael Frey, deceased,

property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Berta Frey, Germany. Adelheid Frey, Germany. Sigfried Frey (Siegfried Frey), Germany. Hans Frey, Germany. Josef Frey, Jr., Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by the San Francisco Bank, as Trustee under the will of Michael Frey, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the City and County of San Fran-

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 7, 1944.

JAMES E. MARKHAM, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14148; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:03 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4094]

HENRY GLASHOFF

In re: Estate of Henry Glashoff, deceased, File F-28-9031; E. T. sec. 10901.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Bertha Pohlmann, Otto Glashoff, Anna Schinkel and Lisel Glashoff, also known as Luise Glashoff and Liesel Glashoff, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Henry Glashoff, deceased,

is preperty payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Bertha Pohlmann, Germany. Otto Glashoff, Germany. Anna Schinkel, Germany.

Lisel Glashoff, also known as Luise Glashoff and Liesel Glashoff, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Herman Glashoff and Harvey Elliot, as Executors of the Estate of Henry Glashoff, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Solano;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national in-terest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an

admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 7, 1944.

JAMES E. MARKHAM, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14149; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:03 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4095]

IDA L. GOTTWALD

In re: Trust under will of Ida L. Gottwald, deceased; File D-28-2034; E. T. sec. 2345.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Martha Gottwald, Oscar Gottwald, person or persons, names unknown, heirs at law of Ida L. Gottwald, deceased, and each of them, in and to the trust created under the Will of Ida L. Gottwald, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Martha Gottwald, Germany.

Oscar Gottwald, Germany. Person or persons, names unknown, heirs at law of Ida L. Gottwald, deceased, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Curry J. Martin, 77 West Washington Street, Chicago, Illinois, as Suc-cessor Trustee of the trust created under the Will of Ida L. Gottwald, deceased, acting under the judicial supervision of the Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest.

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated. sold or otherwise dealt with in the in-terest and for the benefit of the United

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 7, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14150; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:03 a.m.]

[Vesting Order 4096]

HUSTER ET AL. V. VOGEL ET AL.

In re: Partition proceeding, Huster et al. v. Vogel et al., File D-28-8251; E. T. sec. 9338.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: An undivided three fifths (%) interest in certain real property, together with all ap-purtenances thereto, and any and all claims for rents, refunds, benefits or other payments arising from the ownership of such property, subject to recorded liens and encumbrances and other rights of record held by persons who are not nationals of designated enemy countries, situated in the District of Columbia, and particularly described as follows:

Parcel 1: Beginning for the same at the intersection of the North line of Bryant Street with the Southeasterly line of Brentwood Road, and running thence North 41° 50' East 45.30 feet along said line of said road; thence South 3°22' East 33.81 feet to the North line of Bryant Street, and thence West along said line of said street, 32.20 feet to the place of beginning; containing 543.38 square feet and being known as Parcel 143/80, according to plat of computation recorded in the Office of the Surveyor for the District of Columbia in Survey Book 146 at page 209.

Parcel 2. Beginning for the same at the intersection of the South line of Bryant Street with the Northeasterly line of 13th Street, N. E., and running thence East along said line of Bryant Street, 52.36 feet; thence

South 3°22' East, 46.06 feet to the Northeasterly line of 13th Street, N. E., and thence North 50°08' West, 71.74 feet along said line of 13th Street to the place of beginning; containing 1203.76 square feet, and being known as Parcel 143/79, according to said

plat of computation.

Farcel 3: Beginning for the same at a point in the Southwesterly line of 13th Street, N. E., distant South 50°08' East, 97.82 feet from the intersection of said line of said street with the Southeasterly line of Brentwood Road, and running thence by and with said line of 13th Street, South 50°08' East, 116.85 feet; thence South 3°22' East, 200.05 feet; thence North 83°17' West, 443.56 feet to the Southeasterly line of Brentwood Road; thence North 42°46' East, 232.93 feet along said line of said road; thence South 47°42' East, 99 feet; and thence North 42°18' East, 160.01 feet to the place of beginning, containing 69.823.48 square feet, and being known as Parcel 143/76 according to said plat of computation recorded in said Surveyor's Office in Survey Book 146 at page

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Eugen Huster, Germany. Karl Huster, Germany. Karl Peter Vogel, Germany. Maria Elizabeth Tobler, Germany. Rosa Franziska Wenk, Germany. Josef Anton Vogel, Germany. Frieda Gumann, Germany. Gottfried Vogel, Germany. Johann Peter Vogel, Germany.

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification and deeming it necessary in the national

interest.

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of

claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 7, 1944.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14151; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:03 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4097]

JOSEPH LIEBHART

In re: Trust under the will of Joseph Liebhart, deceased: File D-28-7956; E. T. sec. 8843.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Gebhard Liebhart, also known as Reverend Alquin Liebhart, Trustee under the Will of Joseph Liebhart, deceased, Theresa Liebhart, Maria

Liebhart and Antonette Liebhart, and each of them, in and to the estate of Joseph Liebhart, deceased, and in and to the trust created under the will of Joseph Liebhart, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country. Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Gebhard Liebhart, also known as Reverend Alquin Liebhart, Trustee under the Will of Joseph Liebhart, deceased, Germany. Theresa Liebhart, Germany. Maria Liebhart, Germany.

Antonette Liebhart, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Joseph J. Liebhart, as Executor, acting under the judicial super-vision of the Middlesex County Orphans' Court of Middlesex County, New Jersey;
And determining that to the extent that

such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an ap-

propriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as

amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 7, 1944.

JAMES E. MARKHAM, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14152; Filed; Sept. 13, 1944; 11:04 a. m.]

MATHILDA LORBER

[Vesting Order 4098]

In re: Estate of Mathilda Lorber, also known as Matilda Panzer, Matilda Pantzer, Matilda Lober, Meriam Panzer, Matilda Moskowitz, Matilda Panser, Matilda Loba and Matilda Panzler, deceased; File 017-6658.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned. after investigation, finding:

That the property described as follows: right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Anshel Mos-kowic, Shaia Moscowic, Matilda (Molke) Abramowitz, Minie Marcovivi and Chaim Aoramowitz, and each of them, in and to the estate of Mathilda Lorber, also known as Ma-tilda Panzer, Matilda Pantzer, Matilda Lober, Meriam Panzer, Matilda Moskowitz, Matilda Panser, Matilda Loba and Matilda Panzier,

is property payable or delivered to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Roumania, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Anshel Moskowic, Roumania. Shaia Moscowic, Roumania. Matilda (Molke) Abramowitz, Roumania. Minie Marcovici, Roumania. Chaim Abramowitz, Roumania.

That such property is in the process of administration by Jacob A. Goldberg and Hyman S. Warshavsky, '291 Broadway, New York City, as Executors, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, Kings County, State of New York;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national in-terest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a desig-

nated enemy country, (Roumania);
And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest.

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the in-terest and for the benefit of the United States

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 7, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM. Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14153; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:04 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4099]

CHARLES MILLER

In re: Estate of Charles Miller, minor; File No. D-66-576; E. T. sec. 3627.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows:

All the property and estate of Charles Miller of any nature whatsoever in the possession of Carl Schmitt, as guardian of the Estate of Charles Miller, a minor,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, a national of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

National and Last Known Address Charles Miller, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Carl Schmitt, as Guardian of the Estate of Charles Miller, acting under the judicial supervision of the Court of Probate, District of Hartford, State of Connecti-

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a desig-

nated enemy country, (Germany);
And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest.

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or In part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on September 7, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM. Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14154; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:04 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4100]

MARGARET MILLER

In re: Estate of Margaret Miller or Margaret T. Miller, deceased; File No. D-28-2511; E. T. sec. 3678.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that-

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Bruno Schmitt, as administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the Court of Probate, District of Hartford, State of Connecticut;

(2) Such property and interests are pay-ole or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Ger-

many, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Charles Miller, Germany. Agatha Schmitt, Germany.

And determining that-

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and Having made all determinations and taken

all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive order or act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Charles Miller and Agatha Schmitt and each of them in and to the Estate of Margaret Miller or Margaret T. Miller, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Dated: September 7, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14155; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:04 a. m.]

OFFICE OF DEFENSE TRANSPORTA-TION.

> [Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 317] COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS IN NEBRASKA

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 2793, 3264, 3357, 6778), a copy of which plan is attached hereto

as Appendix 2,1 and

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, It is hereby ordered, That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in

conflict therewith.

- 2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order
- 3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other
- 4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Trans-

portation.

6. Withdrawal of a carrier from participation in the plan for joint action hereby approved shall not be made without prior approval of the Office of De-

fense Transportation.

- 7. The provisions of this order shall be binding upon any successor in interest to any carrier named in this order. Upon a transfer of any operation involved in this order, the successor in interest and the other carriers named in this order forthwith shall notify, in writing, the Office of Defense Transportation of the transfer and, unless and until otherwise ordered, the successor in interest shall perform the functions of his predecessor in accordance with the provisions of this
- 8. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.
- 9. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the supplementary order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25, D. C.

This order shall become effective September 18, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 13th day of September 1944.

> J. M. JOHNSON, Director, Office of Defense Transportation.

APPENDIX 1

John Brown and Alvin H. Brown, doing business as Brown Transfer Co., Kearney, Nebr.

State Transfer, Inc., North Platte, Nebr. Watson Bros. Transportation Co., Inc., 802 South 14th Street, Omaha, Nebr.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14092; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 1:19 p. m.]

[Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 318] COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS BETWEEN BALTI-MORE, MD., AND NASHVILLE, TENN.

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 2793, 3264, 3357, 6778), a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,1 and

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, It is hereby ordered, That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in

conflict therewith.

- 2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.
- 3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other act.
- 4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order. or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing inter-

with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

¹ Filed as part of the original document.

state or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Transpor-

6. Withdrawal of a carrier from participation in the plan for joint action hereby approved shall not be made without prior approval of the Office of De-

fense Transportation.

7. The provisions of this order shall be binding upon any successor in interest to any carrier named in this order. Upon a transfer of any operation involved in this order, the successor in interest and the other carriers named in this order forthwith shall notify, in writing, the Office of Defense Transportation of the transfer and, unless and until otherwise ordered, the successor in interest shall perform the functions of his predecessor in accordance with the provisions of this order.

8. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

9. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the supplementary order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless oth-erwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25, D. C.

This order shall become effective September 18, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 13th day of September 1944.

> J. M. JOHNSON, Director Office of Defense Transportation.

APPENDIX 1

Andrew B. Crichton, R. M. Crichton, C. N. Crichton, M. E. Crichton, R. B. Crichton and A. B. Crichton, Jr., doing business as Super Service Motor Freight Co., 808 Lea Ave., Nashville, Tenn. Mundy Motor Lines (a corporation), 701 7th

Street, Northeast, Roanoke, Va.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14093; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 1:19 p. m.]

[Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 319]

COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS BETWEEN STOCK-TON AND HAVANA, MINN.

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense

Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 2793, 3264, 3357, 6778), a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,1 and

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war: It is hereby ordered, That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in

conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other act.

4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to

the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Transpor-

6. Withdrawal of a carrier from participation in the plan for joint action hereby approved shall not be made without prior approval of the Office of De-

fense Transportation.

7. The provisions of this order shall be binding upon any successor in interest to any carrier named in this order. Upon a transfer of any operation involved in this order, the successor in interest and the other carriers named in this order forthwith shall notify, in writing, the Office of Defense Transportation of the transfer and, unless and until otherwise ordered, the successor in interest shall perform the functions of his predecessor in accordance with the provisions of this order.

8. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

9. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the supple-mentary order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25, D. C.

This order shall become effective September 18, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 13th day of September 1944.

J. M. JOHNSON, Director. Office of Defense Transportation. APPENDIX 1

Gateway City Transfer Co., Inc., 2130 South Avenue, La Crosse, Wis.
Witte Transportation Co. (a corporation),

2324 University Avenue, St. Paul, Minn.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14094; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 1:19 p. m.]

> [Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 320] COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS BETWEEN LA CROSSE, WIS., AND LANESBORO, MINN.

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 2793, 3264, 3357, 6778), a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,1 and

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order

² Filed as part of the original document.

to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, It is hereby ordered, That:
1. The plan for joint action above re-

ferred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in

conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such di-

version, exchange, pooling, or other act.
4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Transportation.

6. Withdrawal of a carrier from participation in the plan for joint action hereby approved shall not be made without prior approval of the Office of Defense Transportation.

7. The provisions of this order shall be binding upon any successor in interest to any carrier named in this order. Upon a transfer of any operation involved in this order, the successor in interest and the other carriers named in this order forthwith shall notify, in writing, the Office of Defense Transportation of the transfer and, unless and until otherwise ordered, the successor in interest shall perform the functions of his predecessor in accordance with the provisions of this

8. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

9. Communications . concerning this order should refer to it by the supplementary order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25, D. C.

This order shall become effective September 18, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 13th day of September 1944.

J. M. JOHNSON, Director, Office of Defense Transportation. APPENDIX 1

Gateway City Transfer Company, Inc., 2130 South Avenue, La Crosse, Wis.
Richard E. Peterson, doing business as
Peterson Transfer, Houston, Minn.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14095; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 1:20 p. m.]

[Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 321]

COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS IN GEORGIA

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 947, 2793, 3264, 3357, 6778), a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,1 and
It appearing that the proposed coor-

dination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of

necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, It is hereby ordered, That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other

4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Transportation.

6. Withdrawal of a carrier from participation in the plan for joint action hereby approved shall not be made without prior approval of the Office of Defense Transportation.

Filed as part of the original document.

7. The provisions of this order shall be binding upon any successor in interest to any carrier named in this order. Upon a transfer of any operation involved in this order, the successor in interest and the other carriers named in this order forthwith shall notify, in writing, the Office of Defense Transportation of the transfer and, unless and until otherwise ordered, the successor in interest shall perform the functions of his predecessor in accordance with the provisions of this order.

8. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

9. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the supplementary order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25, D. C.

This order shall become effective September 18, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 13th day of September 1944.

> J. M. JOHNSON. Director, Office of Defense Transportation. APPENDIX 1

F. J. Rozier, doing business as Rozier Storage Warehouse and Drayage Co., 314 Williamson Street, Savannah, Ga.

K & L Transportation Co., Inc., Wayeross,

A. E. Fiveash and C. O. Fiveash, doing business as Five Transportation Co., Brunswick, Ga.

Benton Rapid Express Inc., 1 West Victory Drive, Savannah, Ga.

Acme Freight Lines, Inc., Jacksonville,

Fla.

R. D. Nilson, doing business as Nilson Motor Express, Walterboro, S. C. Fireproof Storage Co., Inc., 133 East Bay

Street, Savannah, Ga.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14096; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 1:20 p. m.]

> [Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 323] COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS IN NORTH CAROLINA

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and pur-poses of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 947, 2793, 3264, 3357, 6778), a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,1 and

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, It is hereby ordered, That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that

are in conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other act.

4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provisions of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense

Transportation.

6. Withdrawal of a carrier from participation in the plan for joint action hereby approved shall not be made without prior approval of the Office of Defense Transportation.

7. The provisions of this order shall be binding upon any successor in in-terest to any carrier named in this order. Upon a transfer of any opera-tion involved in this order, the successor in interest and the other carriers named in this order forthwith shall notify, in writing, the Office of Defense Transportation of the transfer and, unless and until otherwise ordered, the successor in interest shall perform the functions of his predecessor in accordance with the provisions of this order.

8. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

9. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the supplementary order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25, D. C.

This order shall become effective September 18, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 13th day of September 1944.

J. M. JOHNSON, Director. Office of Defense Transportation.

Ray F. Ingle, doing business as Ingle Transfer and Storage Co., 44 Valley St., Asheville,

H. C. and Edwin Allen, doing business as Allen Asheville Transfer and Storage Co., 192 Coxe Ave., Asheville, N. C. M. L. Smith, doing business as West Ashe-

ville Transfer Co., 37 South Spruce St., Ashe-

ville, N. C. W. L. Pearson, doing business as City Transfer Co., 12 South Market St., Asheville,

Ernest Muse, doing business as Muse Transfer Co., 103 Montana Ave., West Asheville, N. C.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14097; Filed, Sept. 12, 1914; 1:20 p. m.]

> [Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 325] COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS BETWEEN TULSA AND PAWHUSKA, OKLA.

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 947, 2793, 3264, 3357, 6778), a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,1 and

^{&#}x27;Filed as part of the original document.

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, It is hereby ordered, That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in

conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other act.

4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited repre-

sentatives of the Office of Defense Transportation.

6. Withdrawal of a carrier from participation in the plan for joint action hereby approved shall not be made without prior approval of the Office of De-

fense Transportation.

7. The provisions of this order shall be binding upon any successor in interest to any carrier named in this order. Upon a transfer of any operation involved in this order, the successor in interest and the other carriers named in this order forthwith shall notify, in writing, the Office of Defense Transportation of the transfer and, unless and until otherwise ordered, the successor in interest shall perform the functions of his predecessor in accordance with the provisions of this order.

8. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

9. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the supplementary order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25, D. C.

This order shall become effective September 18, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 13th day of September 1944.

J. M. JOHNSON,
Director,
Office of Defense Transportation,
APPENDIX 1

Santa Fe Trail Transportation Company (a corporation), 419 West Second Street, Wichita. Kans.

W. G. Burgess, doing business as Reliable Motor Freight Line, 8 North Greenwood Avenue, Tulsa, Okla.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14098; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 1:21 p. m.]

[Supp. Order ODT 8, Rev. 328] COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS BETWEEN KINGS-PORT, TENN., AND GREENVILLE, S. C.

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 947, 2793, 3264, 3357, 6778), a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2, and

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment,

and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, It is hereby ordered, That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in

conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such di-

version, exchange, pooling, or other act. 4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible dili-The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense

Transportation.

6. Withdrawal of a carrier from participation in the plan for joint action

^{*}Filed as part of the original document.

hereby approved shall not be made without prior approval of the Office of

Defense Transportation.

7. The provisions of this order shall be binding upon any successor in interest to any carrier named in this order. Upon a transfer of any operation involved in this order, the successor in interest and the other carriers named in this order forthwith shall notify, in writing, the Office of Defense Transportation of the transfer and, unless and until otherwise ordered, the successor in interest shall perform the functions of his predecessor in accordance with the provisions of this order.

8. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

9. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the supplementary order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25, D. C.

This order shall become effective September 18, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 13th day of September 1944.

J. M. JOHNSON, Director. Office of Defense Transportation. APPENDIX 1

ET & WNC Motor Transportation Com-pany (a corporation), 111 Tipton Street, Johnson City, Tenn.

Robinson Transfer Motor Lines, Inc., 545

East Main Street, Kingsport, Tenn.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14099; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 1:21 p. m.]

> [Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 329] COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS BETWEEN CINCINNATI AND DAYTON, OHIO

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended (7 F.R. 5445, 6689. 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 947, 2793, 3264, 3357, 6778), a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,1 and

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, It is hereby ordered, That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that

are in conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other act.
4. The provisions of this order shall

not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense

Transportation.

6. Withdrawal of a carrier from participation in the plan for joint action hereby approved shall not be made without prior approval of the Office of Defense Transportation.

7. The provisions of this order shall be binding upon any successor in interest to any carrier named in this order. Upon a transfer of any operation involved in this order, the successor in interest and the other carriers named in this order forthwith shall notify, in writing, the Office of Defense Transportation of the transfer and, unless and until otherwise ordered, the successor in interest shall perform the functions of his predecessor in accordance with the provisions of this

8. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

9. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the supplementary order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25, D. C.

This order shall become effective September 18, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 13th day of September 1944.

J. M. JOHNSON, Director, Office of Defense Transportation. APPENDIX 1

Haeckl's Express, Inc., 806 S. 7th Street, Hamilton, Ohio. Huey Motor

Express (a corporation), Florence, Ky.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14100; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 1:21 p. m.]

> [Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 330] COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS IN MASSACHUSETTS

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended, (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F. R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 947, 2793, 3264, 3357, 6778) a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,1 and

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, It is

hereby ordered, That: 1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in

^{&#}x27;Filed as part of the original document.

operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other

act

4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportaetion capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Trans-

portation.

6. Withdrawal of a carrier from participation in the plan for joint action hereby approved shall not be made without prior approval of the Office of Defense Transportation.

7. The provisions of this order shall be binding upon any successor in interest to any carrier named in this order. Upon a transfer of any operation involved in this order, the successor in interest and the other carriers named in this order forthwith shall notify, in writing, the Office of Defense Transportation

of the transfer and, unless and until otherwise ordered, the successor in interest shall perform the functions of his predecessor in accordance with the provisions of this order.

8. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

9. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the supplementary order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25. D. C.

This order shall become effective September 18, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 13th day of September 1944.

J. M. Johnson,
Director,
Office of Defense Transportation.
Appendix 1

Andrews & Pierce, Inc., New Bedford, Mass. James H. Maye and Edward A. Ney, doing business as Maye & Ney Transportation Co., New Bedford, Mass.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14101; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 1:22 p. m.]

[Supp. Order ODT 8, Rev. 333] COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS BETWEEN AT-LANTA, GA., AND NASHVILLE, TENN.

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 947, 2793, 3264, 3357, 6778), a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2, and

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, It is hereby ordered, That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appro-

priate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order. tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other

act.

4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense

Transportation.

6. Withdrawal of a carrier from participation in the plan for joint action hereby approved shall not be made without prior approval of the Office of De-

fense Transportation.

7. The provisions of this order shall be binding upon any successor in interest to any carrier named in this order. Upon a transfer of any operation involved in this order, the successor in interest and the other carriers named in this order forthwith shall notify, in writing, the Office of Defense Transportation of the transfer and, unless and until otherwise ordered, the successor in interest shall perform the functions of his predecessor in accordance with the provisions of this order.

¹ Filed as part of the original document.

8. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

9. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the supplementary order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25, D. C.

This order shall become effective September 18, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 13th day of September 1944.

J. M. Johnson,
Director,
Office of Defense Transportation.
Appendix 1

Hoover Motor Express Company, Inc., Nashville, Tenn.

Southeastern Motor Truck Lines, Inc., Nashville, Tenn.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14102; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 1:22 p. m.]

[Supp. Order ODT 6A-46] COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS WITHIN IRON MOUNTAIN AND KINGSFORD, MICH.

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 6A, (8 F.R. 8757, 14582; 9 F.R. 2794) a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2, and

It appearing that the proposed coordination is necessary in order to conserve and providently utilize vital transportation equipment, materials and supplies; and to provide for the continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, It is hereby ordered, That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or schedules, or supplements to filed tariffs or schedules, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other act.

4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible dili-gence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Transportatives

6. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

7. Communications concerning this order should refer to "Supplementary Order ODT 6A-46" and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington, D. C.

This order shall become effective September 18, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 13th day of September 1944.

J. M. Johnson,
Director,
Office of Defense Transportation.
Appendix 1

Walton Hosking, doing business as Hosking's Transfer, Iron Mountain, Mich. W. D. Cochran, doing business as W. D. Cochran Freight Lines, Iron Mountain, Mich.

Lency Clairmont and Ruth Norton, doing business as Lency Clairmont Transfer, 1803 7th Avenue, North Escanaba, Mich.

Grover Lewis, doing business as L & L Trucking Service, 501 Ludington Street, Escanaba, Mich.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14091; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 1:19 p. m.]

[Order of Termination 1]

Meadows Transfer, Inc., and Key City Transfer & Refrigeration Line

POSSESSION, CONTROL AND OPERATION OF MOTOR CARRIERS

Pursuant to Executive Order 9462 (9 F.R. 10071), I hereby determine that possession and control of the motor carrier transportation systems of Meadows Transfer, Inc., and Key City Transfer & Refrigeration Line by the United States is no longer necessary for the successful prosecution of the war, and it is hereby ordered, that:

1. Termination of possession and con-Possession and control by the United States of the motor carrier transportation systems of Meadows Transfer, Ins., 339 S. W. 6th Street, Des Moines, Iowa, and Key City Transfer & Refrig-erator Line, 269 Iowa Street, Dubuque, Iowa, including all real and personal property and other assets of said motor carriers, taken and assumed pursuant to Executive Order 9462 and the notice and order of the Director of the Office of Defense Transportation issued August 11, 1944, is hereby terminated and relinquished as of 12:01 o'clock a. m., September 12, 1944. No further action shall be required to effect the termination of Government control and relinquishment of possession hereby ordered.

2. Communications. Communications concerning this order should be addressed to the Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25, D. C., and should refer to "Notice and Order of Termination No. 1".

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 12th day of September 1944.

J. M. Johnson,
Director,
Office of Defense Transportation.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14136; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 10:38 a. m.]

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION.

[MPR 136, Order 296]

PORTER-CABLE MACHINE CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 296 Under Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended. Machines and parts, and machinery services. Porter-Cable Machine Company. Docket No. 6083-136.25a-12.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, under the authority vested in the Ad-

of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or schedules, or supplements, to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.

3. Whenever transportation service is

Filed as part of the original document.

ministrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Orders 9250 and 9328, and pursuant to § 1390.25a of Maximum Price Regulation No. 136, as amended, It is ordered:

(a) The Porter-Cable Machine Company, 1714 North Salina Street, Syracuse, New York, is granted an adjustment in maximum prices as follows (subject to the discounts, allowances and terms of delivery duly in effect just prior to the issuance of this order):

Adjusted maximum list price Radial Arm Model ERA \$150.00

(b) The maximum price for the sale of the Radial Arm Model ERA, by a reseller shall be the list price established by this order, adjusted to reflect all extra charges, discounts, allowances or differentials applicable to the list price duly in effect just prior to the issuance of this order.

(c) The Porter-Cable Machine Company shall notify its customers who buy for resale the Radial Arm Model ERA, of the amounts by which this order permits resellers to increase their maximum prices.

(d) All requests not granted herein are denied.

(e) This order may be amended or revoked by the Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective September 13, 1944.

Issued this 12th day of September 1944

> CHESTER BOWLES, Administrator.

F. R. Doc. 44-14116; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 4:37 p. m.]

IRMPR 436, Order 231

CRUDE PETROLEUM IN MONTANA ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order revising maximum price of crude petroleum from:

Reagan Nose Pool, Glacier County, Mont.

For the reasons set forth in the accompanying opinion and under the authority vested in the Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by section 12 (c) of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 436, It is hereby ordered:

(a) That notwithstanding the provisions of section 12 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 436, the maximum price of crude petroleum run from the receiving tank on or after August 1, 1944 and produced in any of the pools set out below to an applicant under the Stripper Well Compensatory Regulation of Defense Supplies Corporation or to any person purchasing prior to such applicant shall be the maximum price as determined under section 10 or 11 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 436 and the amount of the increase designated

Amount of increase (dollars per 42gation barrel)

Montana, Glacier County Reagan Nose

(b) This order may be revoked, amended or corrected at any time.

This order shall become effective as of August 1, 1944.

Issued this 12th day of September

CHESTER BOWLES. Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14117; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 4:36 p. m.]

> [RMPR 436, Order 24] CRUDE PETROLEUM IN KANSAS

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order revising maximum price of crude petroleum from:

Lost Springs East Pool, Marion County, Kans.

For the reasons set forth in the accompanying opinion and under the authority vested in the Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by section 12 (c) of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 436, It is hereby ordered:

(a) That notwithstanding the provisions of section 12 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 436, the maximum price of crude petroleum run from the receiving tank on or after August 1, 1944 and produced in any of the pools set out below to an applicant under the Stripper Well Compensatory Regulation of Defense Supplies Corporation or to any person purchasing prior to such applicant shall be the maximum price as determined under section 10 or 11 or Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 436 and the amount of the increase designated below:

Amount of increase (dollars per 42-gallon barrel)

Kansas, Marion County, Lost Springs East Pool____

(b) This order may be revoked. amended or corrected at any time.

This order shall become effective as of August 1, 1944.

Issued this 12th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14118; Filed, Sept. 12. 1944; 4:36 p. m.]

[RMPR 436, Order 25]

CRUDE PETROLEUM IN INDIANA

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order revising maximum price of crude petroleum from:

Varner Pool, Spencer County, Ind.

For the reasons set forth in the accompanying opinion and under the au-

thority vested in the Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by section 12 (c) of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 436, It is hereby ordered:

(a) That notwithstanding the provisions of section 12 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 436, the maximum price of crude petroleum run from the receiving tank on or after August 1, 1944, and produced in any of the pools set out below to an applicant under the Stripper Well Compensatory Regulation of Defense Supplies Corporation or to any person purchasing prior to such applicant shall be the maximum price as determined under section 10 or 11 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 436 and the amount of the increase designated below:

Amount of increase (dollars per 42gallon barrel)

Indiana, Spencer County, Varner Pool_ \$0.35

(b) This order may be revoked. amended or corrected at any time.

This order shall become effective as of August 1, 1944.

Issued this 12th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14119; Filed, Sept. 12, 1944; 4:37 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Amdt. 4 to 2d Rev. Order A-3]

DESIGNATED CONSUMER GOODS

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinaccompanying this amendment and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328, Second Revised Order A-3 under § 1499.159b of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 is amended in the following respect:

1. Paragraph (e) (2) is amended to read as follows:

(2) Consumer goods.

Dental supplies Furniture (as defined in Appendix A to Maximum Price Regulation No. 188) Optical supplies Freehand blown glassware Illuminating glassware Insecticide dusters and sprayers Combs for personal use Embossed wood top cork closures Gas mantle rings Scientific glass apparatus Brooms for industrial use Brushes for industrial use Woodenware (except turned or shaped wood products covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 196) Artists' equipment and supplies

Commercial kitchen utensils and equipment

Laboratory, hospital and professional fixtures and equipment (except those covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 136, as amended)

Office fixtures and safes

Business machines and equipment School, office, and ecclesiastical supplies, including carbon paper but no other

Store fixtures and equipment

Dispensers Signs and displays Bulletin boards

Tool cases Baskets for commercial use

Furniture frames Garment hangers Galvanized ware

Cutlery Assembled wood furniture parts

Blow torches Mopsticks Mops

Mop wringers

Mop wringer and bucket combinations Carpet sweepers

Carriers for delivering bottles (except

Public seating equipment
Coin-operated vending and amusement machines

Pens and pencils Lockers Shelving

This amendment shall become effective on the 14th day of September 1944.

Issued this 13th day of September 1944

CHESTER BOWLES, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14174; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:40 a. m.]

[Administrative Notice 7]

ONIONS, 1945 CROP

NOTICE TO GROWERS OF PROPOSED MAXIMUM PRICES

Pursuant to the provisions of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, the Price Administrator hereby gives notice to growers of the maximum prices he proposes to establish for dry onions of the 1945 crop.

MAXIMUM PRICES, F. O. B. COUNTY SHIPPING POINT PER 50 POUNDS, SACKED AND LOADED ON CARRIER, FOR THE SEASONS AND IN THE AREAS

Beginning of season to May 15, inclu--- \$2.65 sive-all areas -2, 55 May 16-June 15, inclusive-all areas__ 2. 35 June 16-July 15, inclusive—all areas__

Aug. 16- Nov. and Oct. 31 Dec. Apr. and after July 16-Jan. Feb. Mar. Producing area Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massa-chusetts, Rhode Island.
Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia, Virginia, Michigan, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, Illinois, Wisconer \$2, 15 \$2,30 \$2.45 \$2,60 \$2,00 \$1.75 \$2,00 2.50 2, 35 2.00 1.80 2.05 2, 20 Michigan, Indiana, Ohlo, Kentucky, Illinois, Wisconsin Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon (Counties of Wallowa, Union, Grant, Baker, Harney, Malheur), Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Arizona, New Mexico.

Oregon, all counties except Crook, Deschutes, Klamath, Lake Wallowa, Union, Grant, Baker, Harney and Malheur.

Oregon (Counties of Crook, Deschutes, Klamath, Lake) and all other States. 2, 55 1.95 1,70 1.95 2.10 2, 25 2,40 2.00 2, 15 2,30 2, 45 1,60 1.85 1.90 2, 20 2.35 1, 50 1.75 1.90 2,05 1.80 2.15 2, 30 2, 45 1,60 1.85 2.00 1.85 2, 25 2,40 2, 55 1.95 2,10 1,95 1.70

The foregoing prices will be incorporated into an amendment to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 271, and will be subject to the differentials set forth in Tables VI and VII of that regulation with respect to early dry onions and all other dry onions, respectively.

Issued this 13th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES, Administrator.

Approved: September 12, 1944.

MARVIN JONES,

War Food Administrator.

F. R. Doc. 44-14175; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 11:38 a. m.)

Regional and District Office Orders. [Rhode Island Order G-1 Under MPR 426] CARROTS IN PROVIDENCE, R. I.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Rhode Island State Director of the Office of Price Administration by section 8 (a) (7) of

Maximum Price Regulation No. 426, and by revised order of delegation issued by the Regional Director for Region I and other authority; It is hereby ordered:

(a) The total amount which may be added to the maximum basing point price of the commodity listed for freight (including the transportation tax imposed by section 620 of the Revenue Act of 1942) and protective services for the purpose of determining maximum selling prices thereof in the city of Providence, Rhode Island, shall be the amount set forth below:

Carrots: Bunched, any container, 12 bunches per container, minimum net weight 1 lb. per bunch, basing point Salinas, California, season June 1 to November 30, freight and protective service allowance per container 40 cents.

(b) This order applies in the City of Providence, State of Rhode Island.

(c) This order shall terminate on September 30, 1944, unless extended by order of the State Director prior to that date.

(d) This order may be revoked, amended or corrected at any time by the State Director or the Price Administrator.

This order becomes effective on September 6, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681, R.G.O. 51, 9 F.R.

Issued this 5th day of September 1944.

CHRISTOPHER DEL SESTO, State Director.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14120; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 9:00 a. m.]

[Region VI Rev. Order G-1 Under MPR 280]

FLUID MILK IN CHICAGO REGION

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by § 1351.817a of Maximum Price Regulation No. 280: It is hereby ordered. That Regional Order No. G-1, as amended, be redesignated as Revised Order No. G-1 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 280 and that it be revised and amended to read as follows:

(a) Maximum prices for handler sales. The maximum price for handler sales of 3.5% butterfat content milk f. o. b. handlers' plant shall be the base price as set forth in paragraph (b) plus the additions permitted by paragraph (c). For sales of milk having a butterfat content of other than 3.5% the handler shall apply a differential of 5¢ for each 1/10 of 1% variation in butterfat content. The periods for which maximum prices are determined shall be as follows:

(1) The maximum prices for handlers whose purchases of milk are subject to the provisions of any order, license, or agreement issued pursuant to the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended, shall be determined each month with the use of a base price determined for the same month.

(2) The maximum prices of all other handlers shall be determined for semimonthly periods from the 1st to the 15th of a month, inclusive, and from the 16th to the end of the month, inclusive. In computing the maximum price for any semi-monthly period the base price to be used shall be the base price for the preceding semi-monthly period.

(b) Computation of base prices. base price for any handler sale shall be the price computed under sub-section (1) or (2) of this section, whichever shall be applicable, plus any additions which may be provided by sub-section (3) of this section.

(1) Agricultural marketing agreement areas. The base price for any handler whose purchases of milk are subject to the provisions of any order, agreement, or license issued pursuant to the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended, shall be the class 1 price established for such purchases of milk.

(2) Base price outside of agricultural marketing agreement areas. The base price for each grade of milk shall be the weighted average price for 3.5% butterfat milk during the applicable semi-monthly period. For any milk received other than 3.5% butterfat milk, the handler shall compute a price determined as if such milk had in fact had a butterfat content of 3.5% by applying the butterfat differential customarily used by him in purchases of milk from producers.

(3) Transportation allowances. The prices used in the arrival at the base price shall be prices f. o. b. the handler's plant. Where the handler has paid an independent carrier for hire to transport milk from the producer to the handler's plant, the amount actually paid for such transportation may be added. Where, however, the handler has transported milk to his plant in his own conveyance, such milk shall not be included in arriving at the base price.

(c) Additions to base prices. Whichever of the following markups is applicable may be added to the base price determined under paragraph (b) of this

order:

(1) 45¢ per cwt. when the handler receives milk in his plant, prepares it for bulk shipment, and makes delivery into a tank truck or tank car.

(2) 50¢ per cwt. when the handler receives milk in his plant, prepares it for bulk shipment, and places it in cans provided by the purchaser.

(3) 55¢ per cwt. when the handler receives milk in his plant, prepares it for bulk shipment, and places it in cans pro-

vided by the handler.

- (4) 15¢ less per cwt. than the price computed under (c) (1), (2), or (3), whichever is applicable, for deliveries pursuant to an agreement, whether written or oral, covering a period of four or more months to supply a quantity of milk on a regular basis (such as a fixed number of days a week) during the operation of the agreement and pursuant to which the buyer agrees to accept at least a minimum ascertainable quantity during the contract period.
- (d) Inability to fix maximum prices. If a handler cannot compute his maximum price for handler sales of milk under the terms of this order, he shall apply to the Regional Office of the Office of Price Administration for a maximum Such application shall contain a statement of the reason why the applicant cannot avail himself of the pricing provisions of this order and such additional information as the applicant may deem necessary to the proper consideration of his application. The applicant shall furnish such additional information as the Regional Office may subsequently request in order to act on the application.
- (e) Definitions. As used in this order: (1) "Handler sale" shall mean any sale of fluid milk by a person who, on his own behalf or on behalf of others, purchases fluid milk from producers, associations of producers, or other handlers, and who sells such fluid milk at wholesale in bulk (other than in glass or paper containers) to any person other than commercial and industrial users, stores, hotels, restaurants, institutions, ultimate consumers, and governmental agencies. "Handler sale" shall not include any sale of milk

to a manufacturer for use in manufacturing dairy products such as butter, cheese, evaporated or condensed milk, powdered milk, casein, and ice cream. Sales by a farmers' cooperative shall be considered handler sales in all cases where it sells fluid milk which has been processed in a plant owned or leased by it or which it has had processed for it in some other plant.

(2) "Handler" shall mean any person

who makes a handler sale.

(3) "Producer" means a farmer, or other person or representative, who owns, superintends, manages, or otherwise controls the operation of a farm on which milk is produced. A farmers' cooperative is a producer with regard to all sales of fluid milk by it, except sales of fluid milk which have been processed in a plant owned or leased by it or which it has had processed for it in some other

plant.
(4) "Plant" shall mean an establishment equipped to receive milk, prepare it for bulk shipment, by weighing, in-specting, testing, cooling, and placing it in cans or in tank trucks or tank cars.
(5) "Milk" means raw or pasteurized

liquid cows' milk which is sold for human consumption in fluid form (including skim milk and buttermilk).

(6) "Grade" refers to the quality standards established by public health authorities or commonly used by the

(f) Applicability. This order applies to all handler sales of fluid milk for resale for human consumption at or from a plant located in the States of Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin, and in Lake County, Indiana.

(g) Revocability. This order may be revoked, modified or corrected at any time, or may be superseded by any regulation hereafter issued, the provisions of which may be inconsistent herewith.

This order shall become effective September 1, 1944 with respect to all handlers whose purchases of fluid milk are subject to the provisions of any order, license, or agreement issued pursuant to the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended. As to all other handlers, this order shall become effective September 16, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 31st day of August 1944.

RAE E. WALTERS, Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14121; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 9:03 a. m.]

[Region VI Order G-3 Under MPR 280] FLUID MILK IN BLOOMINGTON AND NORMAL,

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by § 1351.807 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329; it is ordered:

(a) Maximum distributor prices for sales at wholesale in bulk. The maximum price for the sale and delivery of standard butterfat content fluid milk at wholesale, in bulk, in Bloomington and Normal, Illinois, shall be the maximum price determined under the General Maximum Price Regulation, or 37¢ per gallon, whichever shall be higher.

(b) Applicability of distributor prices. For the purpose of paragraph (a) of this order, sales and deliveries within Bloomington and Normal, Illinois, shall mean all sales made within the city limits of Bloomington and Normal, Illinois, and all sales delivered from an establishment located in Bloomington and Normal, Illinois.

(c) Definitions. 1. Standard butterfat content milk shall mean cow's milk having a butterfat content of not less than 3.2 percent or the legal minimum established by statute or municipal ordinance, and distributed and sold for human consumption in fluid form as whole milk.

2. Sales at wholesale shall include all sales to retail stores, restaurants, schools, hospitals, prisons, and other institutions.

(d) Relation of this order to Office of Price Administration regulations. Except as modified by this order, the provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 280 and of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be evaded by any change in business or trade practices in effect during the applicable base period

of such regulations.

(e) Revocability. This order may be revoked, amended or corrected at any

time.

This order shall be effective September 7. 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 2d day of September 1944.

RAE E. WALTERS. Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14122; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 9:03 a. m.]

[Region VI Order G-36 Under MPR 329, Amdt. 31

FLUID MILK IN SPRINGFIELD, ILL.

For the reasons set forth in the opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by § 1351.408 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329; It is hereby ordered, That paragraph (b) of Regional Order No. G-36, as amended, be amended to read as follows:

(b) Applicability of producer prices. Maximum prices established by paragraph (a) of this order shall apply to all purchases of milk from producers for resale for human consumption in fluid form by distributors whose bottling plants are located within Springfield, Illinois, or who sell within that city 50% or more of the milk sold by them.

This order shall become effective this 5th day of September 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 30th day of August 1944.

RAE E. WALTERS, Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14123; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 8:59 a. m.]

[Region VI Order G-40 Under MPR 329] FLUID MILK IN BRILLION, WIS.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration under § 1351.408 (a) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, it is hereby ordered:

(a) Maximum producer prices. The maximum prices which distributors may pay to producers for milk sold for human consumption in fluid form shall be 80¢ per pound of butterfat content in whole

milk.

(b) Applicability of producer prices. Maximum prices established by paragraph (a) of this order shall apply to all purchases of milk from producers for resale for human consumption in fluid form by distributors whose bottling plants are located within the corporate limits of the town of Brillion, Wisconsin, or who sell within that town 50% or more of the milk sold by them. Maximum prices provided in paragraph (a) of this order shall apply only to pur-chases from producers from whom distributors covered by this order purchased fluid milk during the period from September 1, 1943, to February 29, 1944, and are not applicable to purchasers from producers who did not in that period sell to distributors covered by this order.

(c) Definitions. Unless the context otherwise requires the definitions set forth in § 1351.404 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, and section 304 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, shall be applicable to the

terms used herein.

(d) Relation of this order to Office of Price Administration regulations. No purchaser shall pay a larger proportion of transportation costs incurred in the delivery or supply of milk than he paid on deliveries during January 1943. Except as modified by this order, the provisions of the Maximum Price Regulation No. 329 shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be evaded by any change in business or trade practices.

(e) Revocability. This order may be revoked, amended or corrected at any

time.

This order has been approved by the Regional Director of the War Food Administration.

This order shall become effective August 28, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 23d day of August 1944.

RAE E. WALTERS, Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14124; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 9:05 a. m.]

[Region VI Order G-41 Under MPR 329]

FLUID MILK IN MOMENCE, ILL.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration under § 1351.408 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, it is ordered.

(a) Maximum producer prices, The maximum prices which distributors may pay to producers for milk sold for human consumption in fluid form shall be \$2.75 for 3.5% milk, plus not more than 5¢ for each 1/10 of a pound of butterfat in excess of 3.5% and minus not less than 5¢ for 1/10 of a pound of butterfat below 3.5%.

(b) Applicability of producer prices. Maximum prices established by paragraph (a) of this order shall apply to all purchases of milk from producers for resale for human consumption in fluid form by distributors whose bottling plants are located within the corporate limits of Momence, Illinois, or who sell within that city 50% or more of the milk sold by them.

(c) Definitions. Unless the context otherwise requires the definitions set forth in § 1351.404 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, and section 304 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, shall be applicable to

the terms used herein.

(d) Relation of this order to Office of Price Administration regulations. No purchaser shall pay a larger proportion of transportation costs incurred in the delivery or supply of milk than he paid on deliveries during January, 1943. Except as modified by this order, the provisions of the Maximum Price Regulation No. 329 shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be evaded by any change in business or trade practices in effect during that month.

(e) Revocability. This order may be revoked, amended or corrected at any

time.

This order has been approved by the Regional Director of the War Food Administration,

This order shall become effective August 28, 1944.

Issued this 23d day of August 1944.

RAE E. WALTERS, Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14125; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 9:05 a. m.]

[Region VI Order G-42 Under MPR 329]
FLUID MILK IN DESIGNATED COUNTIES IN
TILLINOIS

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by § 1351.408 (a) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, it is ordered:

(a) Maximum producer prices. The maximum price which milk distributors may pay to producers for milk sold for human consumption in fluid form shall be \$2.90 for 3.5% butterfat content milk plus not more than 5¢ for each 1/10 of a pound of butterfat in excess of 3.5% and minus not less than 5¢ for each 1/10 of a pound of butterfat below 3.5%.

(b) Applicability of producer prices. Maximum prices established by paragraph (a) of this order shall apply to all purchasers of milk from producers for resale for human consumption in fluid form by distributors whose bottling plants are located within any community in the Counties of Alexander, Clay, Crawford, Edwards, Franklin, Gallatin, Hamilton, Hardin, Jackson, Jasper, Jefferson, Johnson, Lawrence, Marion, Massac, Pope, Pulaski, Richland, Saline, Union, Wabash, Wayne, White and Williamson in the State of Illinois or who sell within such community 50% or more of the milk sold by them.

(c) Definitions. Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in § 1351.404 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329 and section 304 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, shall be applicable to the terms used herein.

(d) Relation to Office of Price Administration regulations. No purchaser shall pay a larger proportion of transportation costs incurred in the delivery or supply of milk than he paid in January 1943. Except as modified by this order, the provisions of Maximum Price Regulations No. 329 shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be evaded by any change in the customary delivery practices or other business or trade practices in effect in January 1943.

(e) Revocability. This order may be revoked, amended or corrected at any

time.

This order has been approved by the Regional Director of the War Food Administration.

Effective August 28, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 23d day of August 1944.

RAE E. WALTERS, Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14126; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 9:07 a. m.]

[Region VI Order G-64 Under SR 15 and MPR 280, Amdt. 1]

FLUID MILK IN BARNUM, MANTOWA, DU-QUETTE AND KERRICK, MINN.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by § 1499.75 (a) (9) of Supplementary Regulation No. 15 to the General Maximum Price Regulation and by § 1351.807 (a) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 280, It is ordered, That paragraph (b) (1) of Regional Order No. G-64 be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

 One-half cent per quart or a proportionate amount for a part of a quart.

This order shall become effective September 6, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 1st day of September 1944.

RAE E. WALTERS, Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14128; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 8:59 a. m.]

[Region VI Order G-43 Under MPR 329]

FLUID MILK IN CHICAGO, ILL., AREA

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by § 1351.408 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, it is ordered:

(a) Maximum producer prices. The maximum price for milk which purchasers whose plants or distributing stations are located in the suburban Chicago, Illinois, marketing area may pay to producers shall be the minimum producer price for milk established under Order No. 69, issued July 20, 1944, by the War Food Administration pursuant to the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937 as amended.

(b) Addition of transportation or other charges. (1) The maximum price established by paragraph (a) of this order is the maximum price for milk f. o. b. purchaser's plant. Where the transportation charges or any part thereof is paid by the purchaser, the total amount paid for transportation, plus the amount received by the producer, shall not be in excess of the price set forth in paragraph (a) of this order.

(2) Where the purchaser hauls the milk to his plant in a conveyance owned, leased or operated by him, he shall deduct from the maximum price set forth in paragraph (a) of this order the cost of such transportation. The "cost of such transportation" shall be the lowest established maximum price which may lawfully be charged by milk haulers or other carriers for hire for the hauling of milk to the purchaser's plant. For the purposes of this order, the term "trans-

portation" shall include any payment or inducement of any kind or character paid by any producer or purchaser or any compensation or award paid to milk haulers for obtaining patrons, promptness of delivery, care, upkeep or insulation of trucks or truck bodies, compliance with sanitary requirements, or any other reasons or purposes.

(c) Definitions. (1) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in § 1351.404 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329 and section 304 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, shall be applicable to the terms used herein.

(2) Suburban Chicago, Illinois, marketing area shall mean all the territory geographically included within the city of Harrington, in Lake County, the townships of Dundee, Elgin, St. Charles, Geneva, Batavia, and Aurora, in Kane County, Cook, Du Page, and Will Counties, Illinois, and all of the territory geographically included within the townships of North, Calumet, and Hobart in Lake County, Indiana, except the territory lying within the corporate limits of the citles and villages of Chicago, Evanston.

coe and Oak Park, in the State of Illinois.

(d) Relation to Office of Price Administration regulations. Except as modified by this order, the provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329 shall remain in full force and effect.

Wilmette, Kenilworth, Winnetka, Glen-

(e) Revocability. This order may be revoked, amended, or corrected at any time. This order has been approved by the Regional Director of the War Food Administration.

This order shall be effective the 1st day of September, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 30th day of August 1944.

RAE E. WALTERS, Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14127; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 9:06 a. m.]

[Region VI Order G-91 Under SR 15 and MPR 280]

FLUID MILK IN BALSAM LAKE, WIS.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by § 1499.75 (a) (9) of Supplementary Regulation No. 15 to the General Maximum Price Regulation and by § 1351.807 (a) to the Maximum Price Regulation No. 280, it is ordered:

(a) Maximum distributor prices for sales to civilian purchasers. The maximum prices for the sale and delivery of standard content butterfat fluid milk at wholesale and retail in Balsam Lake, Wisconsin, shall be the maximum price determined under the General Maximum Price Regulation, or Maximum Price

Regulation No. 280, or the following prices, whichever shall be the higher:

Container size	Wholesale	Retail
Gallon (bulk)	\$0.37 .37 .10 .051/2 .03	\$0.45 .12 .0634 .05

Where the maximum price set forth is expressed in terms of ½¢, the price charged for a single unit at retail may be increased to the next even cent. An opportunity must, however, be given to each buyer to purchase two units for which the maximum price will be twice the single unit price. All sales at wholesale and home delivery sales at retail shall be considered multiple sales unless separate collections are made for single units when delivered.

(b) Maximum distributor prices for sales to the Army and Navy. The maximum price for the sale and delivery of fluid milk to the Army and Navy shall be the price at wholesale computed under paragraph (a) of this order for the particular size and type of container, plus whichever of the following provisions is the higher:

 One-half cent per quart or a proportionate amount for a part of a quart.

2. The actual transportation costs from the seller's plant to the point of delivery at the lowest common carrier rate.

(c) Applicability of distributor prices. For the purpose of paragraph (a) of this order, sales and deliveries within the Balsam Lake, Wisconsin area shall mean:

1. All sales made within the city limits of Balsam Lake, Wisconsin, and all sales at or from an establishment located in Balsam Lake. Wisconsin

Balsam Lake, Wisconsin.

2. All sales of fluid milk by any seller at retail at or from an establishment obtaining the major portion of its supply of milk from a seller at wholesale located within Balsam Lake, Wisconsin.

(d) Definitions. 1. Standard butterfat content milk shall mean cow's milk having a butterfat content of not less than 3.2% or the legal minimum established by statute or municipal ordinance and distributed and sold for consumption in fluid form as whole milk.

2. Sales at wholesale shall include all sales to retail stores, restaurants, schools, hospitals, prisons and other institutions.

3. Army or Navy means the War Department or the Department of the Navy of the United States, including such Departments' sales stores, commissaries, ships' stores, officers' messes, and stores operated as Army canteens or post exchanges.

(e) Relation of this order to Office of Price Administration regulations. Except as modified by this order, the provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 280 and of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be evaded by any change in business or trade practices in effect during the applicable base period of such regulations.

(f) Revocability. This order may be revoked, amended or corrected at any

This order shall be effective August 29,

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 24th day of August 1944.

RAE E. WALTERS, Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14130; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 9:00 a. m.]

[Region VI Order G-90 Under SR 15 and MPR 2801

FLUID MILK IN GRANT, NEBR.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration, by § 1499.75 (a) (9) of Supplementary Regulation No. 15 to the General Maximum Price Regulation, and by § 1351,807 (a) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 280, it is ordered:

(a) Maximum distributor prices for sales to civilian purchasers. The maximum price for the sale and delivery of standard butterfat content fluid milk at wholesale and retail in Grant, Nebraska, shall be the maximum price determined under the General Maximum Price Regulation, or Maximum Price Regulation No. 280, whichever is applicable, or the following prices, whichever shall be the

Container size	Wholesale	Retail
Gallon (in bulk)	\$0.37 .37 .19 .10 .05½ .03	\$0.45 23 .12 .0634 .05

Where the maximum price set forth is expressed in terms of 1/2 cent, the price charged for a single unit at retail may be increased to the next even cent. An opportunity must, however, be given to each buyer to purchase two units for which the maximum price will be twice the single unit price. All sales at wholesale and home delivery sales at retail shall be considered multiple unit sales unless separate collections are made for single units when delivered.

(b) Maximum distributor prices for sales to the Army and Navy. The maximum price for the sale and delivery of fluid milk to the Army and Navy shall be the price at wholesale computed under paragraph (a) of this order for the particular size and type of container, plus whichever of the following provisions is

the higher:

1. One-half cent per quart or a proportionate amount for a part of a quart.

2. The actual transportation costs from the seller's plant to the point of delivery at the lowest common carrier

(c) Applicability of distributor prices. For the purpose of paragraph (a) of this order, sales and deliveries within the Grant, Nebraska area shall mean:

1. All sales made within the city limits of Grant, Nebraska, and all sales at or from an establishment located in Grant,

Nebraska.

2. All sales of fluid milk by any seller at retail at or from an establishment obtaining the major portion of its supply of milk from a seller at wholesale located within Grant, Nebraska.

(d) Definitions. 1. Standard butterfat content milk shall mean cow's milk having a butterfat content of not less than 3.2% or the legal minimum established by statute or municipal ordinance and distributed and sold for consumption in fluid form as whole milk.

2. Sales at wholesale shall include all sales to retail stores and to restaurants, schools, hospitals, prisons and other in-

3. Army or Navy means the War Department or the Department of the Navy of the United States, including such Departments' sales stores, commissaries, ships' stores, officers' messes, and stores operated as Army canteens or post exchanges.

(e) Relation of this order to Office of Price Administration regulations. Except as modified by this order, the provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 280 and of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be evaded by any change in business or trade practices in effect during the applicable base period of such regulations.

(f) Revocability. This order may be revoked, amended or corrected at any

This order shall be effective August 28,

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566, Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 23d day of August 1944.

RAE E. WALTERS, Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14129; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 9:00 a. m.]

[Region VI Order G-92 Under SR 15 and MPR 280]

FLUID MILK IN DESIGNATED COMMUNITIES IN ILLINOIS

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by § 1499.75 (a) (9) of Supplementary Regulation No. 15 to the General Maximum Price Regulation and by § 1351.807 (a) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 280, it is ordered:

(a) Maximum distributor prices for sales to civilian purchasers. The maximum prices for the sales and delivery of fluid milk for human consumption at wholesale and retail in all communities

in the counties of Alexander, Clay, Franklin, Gallatin, Hamilton, Hardin, Jackson, Jasper, Jefferson, Johnson, Marion, Massac, Pope, Pulaski, Saline, Union, Wayne, White and Williamson in the State of Illinois, shall be the maximum prices determined under the General Maximum Price Regulation or General Maximum Price Regulation No. 280. whichever shall be applicable for the type of sale being made, or the following prices, whichever shall be higher.

	Standard Butterfat Content Milk			colate ilk	But	
	Whole- sale	Retail	Whole-sale	Retail	Whole-sale	Retail
Gallons (bulk) Gallons (bottled) 14 Gallons Quarts Pints 14 pints	\$0, 40 .40 .21 .11 .06 .03		\$0.11	\$0, 13 .07 .05	.05	.06

(b) Maximum distributor prices for sales to the Army and Navy. The maximum prices for sales and delivery of fluid milk to the Army and Navy shall be the price at wholesale computed under paragraph (a) of this order for the particular size and type of container plus whichever of the following provisions is the higher:

1. One-half cent per quart or a proportionate amount for a part of a quart.

2. The actual transportation costs from the seller's plant to the point of delivery at the lowest common carrier

(c) Applicability of distributor prices. For the purpose of paragraph (a) of this order, sales and deliveries within the communities covered by this order shall mean all sales and deliveries made within any community located in the counties of Alexander, Clay, Franklin, Gallatin, Hamilton, Hardin, Jackson, Jasper, Jefferson, Johnson, Marion, Massas, Pope, Pulaski, Saline, Union, Wayne, White and Williamson in the State of Illinois and all sales and deliveries made at or from an establishment obtaining a major portion of its supply of milk from a seller at wholesale located within any such community.

(d) Definitions. 1. Standard butterfat content milk shall mean cow's milk having a butterfat content of not less than 3.2% or the legal minimum established by statute or municipal ordinance, distributed and sold for human consumption in fluid form as whole milk.

2. Sales at wholesale shall include all sales to retail stores, and to hotels, restaurants, schools, hospitals, prisons and

other institutions.

3. Army or Navy means the War Department or the Department of the Navy of the United States, including such Departments' sales stores, commissaries, ships stores, officers' messes and stores operated as Army canteens or post ex-

(e) Relation of this order to Office of Price Administration regulations. Except as modified by this order the pro-visions of the General Maximum Price Regulation and Maximum Price Regulation No. 280 shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be evaded by any change in business or trade practices.

(f) Revocability. This order may be revoked, amended or corrected at any time.

This order shall be effective August 28, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 23d day of August 1944.

RAE E. WALTERS, Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14131; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 9:01 a. m.]

[Region VI Order G-93 Under SR 15 and MPR 280]

FLUID MILK IN SPARTA, ILL.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by § 1499.75 (a) (9) of Supplementary Regulation No. 15 to the General Maximum Price Regulation and by § 1351.807 (a) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 280, it is ordered:

(a) Maximum distributor prices for sales to civilian purchasers. The maximum prices for the sale and delivery of fluid milk for human consumption at wholesale and retail in Sparta, Illinois, shall be the maximum prices determined under the General Maximum Price Regulation or under Maximum Price Regulation No. 280, whichever shall be applicable, or the following prices, whichever shall be the higher:

Standard butterfat content fluid milk	Wholesale	\$0.46 .23 .1234 .07 .05	
Gallon (bulk) Gallon ½ gallon Quart Pint ½ pint	\$0,42 .42 .21 .1035 .06 .03		

Where the maximum price set forth is expressed in terms of 1/2¢, the price charged for a simple unit at retail may be increased to the next even cent. An opportunity must, however, be given to each buyer to purchase two units for which the maximum price will be twice the single unit price. All sales at wholesale and home delivery sales at retail shall be considered multiple unit sales unless separate collections are made for single units when delivered.

(b) Maximum distributor prices for sales to the Army and Navy. The maximum prices for the sales and delivery of fluid milk to the Army and Navy shall be the price at wholesale computed under paragraph (a) of this order for the particular size and type of container plus whichever of the following provisions is the higher:

1. One-half cent per quart or a proportionate amount for a part of a quart.

2. The actual transportation costs from the seller's plant to the point of delivery at the lowest common carrier

(c) Applicability of distributor prices. For the purpose of paragraph (a) of this order, sales and deliveries within Sparta area shall mean:

1. All sales made within the city limits of Sparta, Illinois, and all sales at or from an establishment located in Sparta, Illinois.

2. All sales of fluid milk by any seller at retail at or from an establishment obtaining the major portion of its supply of milk from a seller at wholesale located within Sparta, Illinois.

(d) Definitions. 1. Standard butterfat content milk shall mean cow's milk having a butterfat content of not less than 3.2% or the legal minimum established by statute or municipal ordinance, distributed and sold for consumption in fluid form as whole milk.

2. Sales at wholesale shall include all sales to retail stores, and to hotels, restaurants, schools, hospitals, prisons, and other institutions.

3. Army or Navy means the War Department or the Department of the Navy of the United States, including such Department's sales stores, commissaries, ships' stores, officers' messes, and stores operated as Army canteen or post exchanges.

(e) Relation of this order to Office of Price Administration regulations. Except as modified by this order, the provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation and the Maximum Price Regulation No. 280 shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be evaded by any change in business or trade practices.

(f) Revocability. This order may be revoked, amended or corrected at any

This order shall be effective September 4, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566, Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued August 29, 1944.

RAE E. WALTERS, Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14132; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 9:01 a. m.]

[Region VI Order G-94 Under SR 15 and MPR 329]

FLUID MILK IN MANITOWOC AND TWO RIVERS, WIS.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by § 1499.75 (a) (9) of Supplementary Regulation No. 15 to the General Maximum Price Regulation, and § 1351.408 (a) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, it is ordered:

(a) Maximum producer prices. The maximum price which distributors may

pay to producers for milk for human consumption in fluid form shall be 80¢ per pound butterfat in whole milk.

(b) Applicability of producer prices. Maximum prices established by paragraph (a) of this order shall apply to all purchases of fluid milk from producers for resale for human consumption in fluid form by distributors whose bottling plants are located within the corporate limits of Manitowoc and Two Rivers, Wisconsin, or who sell within these communities 50% or more of the milk sold by them. The maximum price provided in paragraph (a) of this order shall apply only to purchases from producers from whom distributors covered by this order purchased from May 1, 1944 to August 1, 1944, and are not applicable to purchases from producers who did not in that period sell to distributors located in Manitowoc and Two Rivers, Wisconsin.

(c) Maximum distributor price for sales to civilian purchasers. The maximum price for the sale and delivery of standard content butterfat fluid milk at wholesale and retail in Manitowoc and Two Rivers, Wisconsin, shall be the maximum price determined under the General Maximum Price Regulation, or the following prices, whichever shall be the

Container size	Wholesale	Retail	
Gallon	\$0.40	\$0.46	
½ Gallon	.21	-24	
Quart	.10½	-1216	
Pint	.05¾	-0632	
½ Pint	.03¼	-05	

Where the maximum price set forth is expressed in terms of 1/2 cent, the price charged for a single unit at retail may be increased to the next even cent. An opportunity must, however, be given to each buyer to purchase two units for which the maximum price will be twice the single unit price. All sales at wholesale and home delivery sales at retail shall be considered multiple unit sales unless separate collections are made for single units when delivered.

(d) Maximum distributor prices for the to the Army and Navy. The maxisales to the Army and Navy. mum price for the sale and delivery of fluid milk to the Army and Navy shall be the price at wholesale computed under paragraph (c) of this order for the particular size and type of container, plus whichever of the following provisions is

the higher:

1. One-half cent per quart or a proportionate amount for a part of a quart.

2. The actual transportation costs from the seller's plant to the point of delivery at the lowest common carrier rate.

(e) Applicability of distributor prices. For the purpose of paragraph (c) of this order, sales and deliveries within Manitowoc and Two Rivers, Wisconsin, area shall mean:

1. All sales made within the city limits of Manitowoc and Two Rivers, Wisconsin, and all sales delivered from an establishment located in Manitowoc and Two Rivers, Wisconsin.

2. All sales of fluid milk by any seller at retail at or from an establishment obtaining the major portion of its supply of milk from a seller at wholesale located within Manitowoc and Two Rivers, Wisconsin.

(f) Definitions. 1. Standard butterfat content milk shall mean cow's milk having a butterfat content of not less than 3.2% or the legal minimum established by statute or municipal ordinance and distributed and sold for consumption in fluid form as whole milk.

2. Sales at wholesale shall include all delivered sales to retail stores, restaurants, schools, hospitals, prisons and

other institutions.

3. Army or Navy means the War Department or the Department of the Navy of the United States, including such Departments' sales stores, commissaries, ships' stores, officers' messes, and stores operated as Army canteens or post exchanges.

(g) Relation of this order to Office of Price Administration regulations. No purchaser shall pay a larger proportion of transportation costs incurred in the delivery or supply of milk from producers than he paid on deliveries during January 1943. Except as modified by this order, the provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, and of the General Maximum Price Regulation, shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be evaded by any change in business or trade practices in effect during the applicable base period of such regulations.

(h) Revocability. This order may be revoked, amended or corrected at any

time.

The portion of this order which applies to prices which may be paid to producers has been approved by the Regional Director of the War Food Administration.

This order shall be effective September 7, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 2d day of September 1944.

RAE E. WALTERS, Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14133; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 9:02 a. m.]

[Region VI Order G-94 Under SR 15 and MPR 329, Amdt. 1]

Fluid Milk in Manitowoc and Two Rivers, Wis.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by § 1499.75 (a) (9) of Supplementary Regulation No. 15 to the General Maximum Price Regulation, and § 1351.408 (a) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, It is hereby ordered:

1. That paragraph (c) of Regional Order G-94 be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

(c) Maximum distributor price for sales to civilian purchasers. The maximum price for the sale and delivery of standard content butterfat fluid milk at wholesale and retail in Two Rivers, Wisconsin shall be the maximum price determined under the General Maximum Price Regulation, or the following prices, whichever shall be the higher:

Container size	Wholesale	\$0.46 -24 -1236 -0632 -05	
Gallon ½ Gallon Quart Pint ½ Pint	\$0.40 .21 .101/2 .053/4 .031/4		

Where the maximum price set forth is expressed in terms of ½ cent, the price charged for a single unit at retail may be increased to the next even cent. An opportunity must, however, be given to each buyer to purchase two units for which the maximum price will be twice the single unit price. All sales at wholesale and home delivery sales at retail shall be considered multiple unit sales unless separate collections are made for single units when delivered.

2. That paragraph (e) of Regional Order G-94 be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

(e) Applicability of distributor prices. For the purpose of paragraph (c) of this order, sales and deliveries within the Two Rivers, Wisconsin, area shall mean:

 All sales made within the city limits of Two Rivers, Wisconsin, and all sales delivered from an establishment located

in Two Rivers, Wisconsin.

2. All sales of fluid milk by any seller at retail at or from an establishment obtaining the major portion of its supply of milk from a seller at wholesale located within Two Rivers, Wisconsin.

This order shall be effective from September 7, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765, 57 Stat. 566, Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871, E. O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681.)

Issued this 5th day of September 1944.

RAE E. WALTERS, Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14134; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 8:59 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COM-MISSION.

[File No. 70-949]

LOUISVILLE GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.
(DELAWARE)

ORDER PERMITTING DECLARATION TO BECOME EFFECTIVE

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 11th day of September 1944.

Louisville Gas and Electric Company (Delaware), a registered holding company, and a subsidiary of Standard Gas and Electric Company, a registered holding company, having filed a declaration with the Commission, pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 and particularly section 12 (d)

thereof, and Rule U-44 of the general rules and regulations thereunder, regarding the proposed sale by Louisville Gas and Electric Company (Delaware) of its entire interest in Madison Light and Power Company, consisting of 1,500 shares of capital stock, par value \$100 per share, and a claim on an open account indebtedness in the principal sum of \$315,000 for a cash consideration of \$624,000 to Robert A. Yunker, Michael E. Garber, Herbert L. Lyon, Herbert H. Johnson, Walter A. Greiner, George W. Cofield, Joseph M. Cooper and Marshall F. Tennis, individuals; and Louisville Gas and Electric Company (Delaware) having requested that the Commission's order conform to and set forth the recitals specified in sections 371 and 1808 (f) of the Internal Revenue Code as amended:

Public hearing upon said declaration having been held after appropriate notice, and the Commission having considered the record and having made and filed its findings and opinion herein;

It is ordered That the said declaration of Louisville Gas and Electric Company (Delaware) be and hereby is permitted to become effective subject, however, to the terms and conditions prescribed in

Rule U-24: and

It is further ordered and recited That the sale and transfer by Louisville Gas and Electric Company (Delaware) of all the outstanding securities of Madison Light and Power Company, consisting of 1,500 shares of capital stock, par value \$100 per share, is necessary or appropriate to the integration and simplification of the holding company system of which Louisville Gas and Electric Company (Delaware) is a member and necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of section 11 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14140; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 10:47 a. m.]

[File No. 59-37]

CENTRAL ILLINOIS PUBLIC SERVICE CO.
ORDER EXTENDING DATE FOR HEARING

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1944.

The Commission having instituted a proceeding pursuant to sections 11 (b) (2) and 15 (f) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 raising issues, among others, as to whether it is necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors and consumers to require that Central Illinois Public Service Company revise and simplify its capital structure and take other steps so as fairly and equitably to redistribute voting power among its security holders, and to require that it restate its plant and investment, surplus, capital and other accounts so as segregate, dispose of and eliminate

writeups and intangibles in its accounts set up adequate reserves, and make other adjustments; and

Hearings having been held in such proceedings and having been continued subject to call of the trial examiner; and

The Commission having ordered that the reconvened hearing in this matter previously set for July 20, 1944, be held on September 12, 1944; and Counsel for Central Illinois Public

Counsel for Central Illinois Public Service Company having requested that the date for such reconvened hearing be further extended; and

The Commission finding that it is appropriate in the public interest and in the interests of investors and consumers to extend the date for such hearing to

October 16, 1944;

It is ordered, That the reconvened hearing in this matter previously set for September 12, 1944, be held on October 16, 1944, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the Commission's offices, 18th and Locust Streets, Philadelphia 3, Pa.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DuBois, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14138; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 10:48 a. m.]

[File No. 70-935]

Indiana & Michigan Electric Co. and American Gas & Electric Co.

SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER GRANTING APPLICATION AND PERMITTING DECLARATION TO BECOME EFFECTIVE

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the 12th day of September, A. D. 1944.

American Gas & Electric Company, a registered holding company, and its subsidiary, Indiana & Michigan Electric Company, a public utility company, having filed a joint application and declaration, with amendments thereto under section 6 (b) with respect to, among other things, the issue and sale by Indiana & Michigan Electric Company, pursuant to the competitive bidding pro-

visions of Rule U-50 of 120,000 shares of Cumulative Preferred Stock par value \$100 per share; and

The Commission having by order dated August 30, 1944 granted said application and permitted said declaration to become effective except as to the price to be paid for said preferred stock, the redemption prices therefor, the dividend rate thereon, the underwriters' spread and its allocation, and all legal fees and expenses to be paid in connection with the proposed transactions as to which matters jurisdiction was reserved; and

Indiana & Michigan Electric Company having filed a further amendment to the application and declaration in which it is stated that in accordance with the permission granted by the said order of the Commission dated August 30, 1944, it offered such preferred stock for sale pursuant to the competitive bidding requirements of Rule U-50 and received the following bids:

Bidder	Price to company	Dividend rate	Cost to com- pany
The First Boston Corpora-	101, 449	A1407.	4. 06608
Smith Barney & Company	101, 119	416%	4. 07935
Lehman Bros.	102. 189	414%	4.15896
Mellon Securities Cor-			

The said amendment having further stated that Indiana & Michigan Electric Company has accepted the bid of The First Boston Corporation for the preferred stock as set out above and that the preferred stock will be offered for sale to the public at a price of 103½ resulting in an underwriters' spread of 1.676; and

The Commission having examined said amendment and having considered the record herein and finding no basis for imposing terms and conditions with respect to the price to be paid for said preferred stock, the redemption prices therefor, the dividend rate thereon, the underwriters' spread and its allocation;

It is ordered That the jurisdiction heretofore reserved over the price to be paid for said preferred stock, the redemption prices therefor, the dividend rate thereon, the underwriters' spread and its allocation be, and the same hereby is released and said application and declaration be, and the same hereby is granted and permitted to become effective, subject, however, to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24.

It is further ordered That jurisdiction heretofore reserved over the legal fees to be paid in connection with the proposed transactions be continued.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DUBOIS, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14139; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 10:47 a. m.]

[File No. 1-1706]

BATTLE CREEK AND STURGIS RAILWAY CO.

ORDER GRANTING APPLICATION

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 12th day of September, A. D. 1944.

The New York Stock Exchange, pursuant to section 12 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule X-12D2-1 (b) promulgated thereunder, having made application to strike from listing and registration the First Mortgage 3% Gold Bonds, due December 1, 1989, of Battle Creek and Sturgis Railway Company;

After appropriate notice, a hearing having been held in this matter; and

The Commission having considered said application together with the evidence introduced at said hearing, and having due regard for the public interest and the protection of investors;

It is ordered, That said application be and the same is hereby granted, effective at the close of the trading session on September 22, 1944.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DUBOIS, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-14137; Filed, Sept. 13, 1944; 10:47 a. m.]

