703–308–7224, and also can be reached on the Internet via FEDWORLD.GOV

and EPA's gopher server, EARTH1.EPA.GOV.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Technical questions on the above listed decisions should be directed to the appropriate Chemical Review Managers:

Chemical Review Manager	Telephone No.	Chemical Name
Barbara Briscoe	(703) 308–8177 (703) 308–8015 (703) 308–8523 (703) 308–8021 (703) 308–8074 (703) 308–8583 (703) 308–8587	Benzocaine Cresol/Xylenol Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate (DCDIC) Fenbutatin-Oxide Hexadecadienol Limonene Nuosept 145 Sodium Cyanide
Richard Gebken	(703) 308–8591	2-mercaptobenzothiazole 2,2-dibromo-3-nitrilopropionamide (DBNPA)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended in 1988, EPA is conducting an accelerated reregistration program to reevaluate existing pesticides to make sure they meet current scientific and regulatory standards. The data base to support the reregistration of each of the chemicals listed above is substantially complete. EPA has determined that all currently registered products subject to reregistration containing these active ingredients are eligible for reregistration. The Agency has issued Reregistration Eligibility Decision (RED) documents for the pesticidal active ingredients listed above with the exception of benzocaine, which is being delisted through this notice. The active ingredient known as benzocaine and identified as case 4012 on Reregistration List D is hereby removed because it does not meet the definition of an active ingredient as stated in section 2 of FIFRA. Benzocaine does not prevent, destroy, repel or mitigate any pest. Benzocaine is regulated as a medicine by FDA. The single product currently registered containing benzocaine as an itch reliever also contains sulfur as a pesticidal active ingredient. The product will continue to be regulated by EPA as sulfur is the active ingredient used in the product to repel chiggers (redbugs). This action effectively removes benzocaine as an active ingredient from the Agency's reregistration program.

All registrants of products containing one or more of the above listed active ingredients have been sent the appropriate RED documents and must respond to labeling requirements and product specific data requirements (if applicable) within 8 months of receipt. Products containing other active ingredients will not be reregistered until those other active ingredients are

determined to be eligible for reregistration.

The reregistration program is being conducted under Congressionally mandated time frames, and EPA recognizes both the need to make timely reregistration decisions and to involve the public. Therefore, EPA is issuing these REDs as final documents with a 60-day comment period. Although the 60-day public comment period does not affect the registrant's response due date, it is intended to provide an opportunity for public input and a mechanism for initiating any necessary amendments to the RED. All comments will be carefully considered by the Agency. If any comment significantly affects a RED, EPA will amend the RED by publishing the amendment in the **Federal Register**.

List of Subjects

Environmental protection. Dated: January 12, 1995.

Peter Caulkins,

Acting Director, Special Review and Reregistration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 95–1861 Filed 1–24–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–F

[OPP-180958; FRL 4930-1]

Receipt of Application for Emergency Exemption to use Pyrithiobac-Sodium Herbicide; Solicitation of Public Comment

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: EPA has received a specific exemption request from the South Carolina Department of Fertilizer and Pesticide Control (hereafter referred to as the "Applicant") for use of the pesticide, pyrithiobac-sodium, to control Palmer amaranth on up to

135,000 acres of cotton in South Carolina. In accordance with 40 CFR 166.24, EPA is soliciting public comment before making the decision whether or not to grant the exemption.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before February 9, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Three copies of written comments, bearing the identification notation "OPP–180958," should be submitted by mail to: Public Response and Human Resource Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. In person, bring comments to: Rm. 1128, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA.

Information submitted in any comment concerning this notice may be claimed confidential by marking any part or all of that information as "Confidential Business Information." Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2. A copy of the comment that does not contain Confidential Business Information must be provided by the submitter for inclusion in the public record. Information not marked confidential may be disclosed publicly by EPA without prior notice. All written comments filed pursuant to this notice will be available for public inspection in Rm. 1128, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA, from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except legal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: Margarita Collantes, Registration Division (7505W), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location and telephone number: 6th Floor, Crystal Station #1, 2800 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA, (703) 308–8347.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to section 18 of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) (7 U.S.C. 136p), the Administrator may, at her discretion, exempt a State agency from any registration provision of FIFRA if she determines that emergency conditions exist which require such exemption. The Applicant has requested the Administrator to issue a specific exemption for use of the herbicide, pyrithiobac-sodium, available as Staple from DuPont Agricultural Products, to control Palmer amaranth on up to 135,000 acres of cotton in South Carolina. Information in accordance with 40 CFR part 166 was submitted as part of this request.

According to the Applicant, dinitroaniline (dna) herbicides were used on essentially all of South Carolina's cotton acreage since the mid 1960's. It was not until 1989, that the presence of a dna-resistant Palmer amaranth biotype was first suspected in a Lee County cotton field in South Carolina. Since this time Palmer amaranth has become recognized as South Carolina's most troublesome weed in cotton. This phenomenon is due to the intensive selection pressure associated with yearly applications of dinitroaniline herbicides with essentially no herbicide rotation. In fields where Palmer amaranth exhibited resistance to the dna's and where acceptable early-season control was not achieved with the other soil-applied herbicides, Palmer amaranth could not be controlled with postemergence treatments. No selective postemergence over-the-top herbicides are registered for cotton that will control Palmer amaranth. The applicant estimates a 60 percent yield reduction resulting in significant economic loss if the request for use of pyrithiobac-sodium on cotton is not granted.

Under the proposed exemption, a maximum of two ground applications of Staple would be made at 1.0 fluid ounces of product (0.0625 pounds active ingredient=1.2 ounces of product) per acre. Not to exceed 2.0 fluid ounces of product (0.1250 pound active ingredient=2.4 ounces of product) per acre per season for pre and post applications. No applications would be made within 45 days of harvest.

This notice does not constitute a decision by EPA on the application itself. The regulations governing section 18 require that the Agency publish notice of receipt in the **Federal Register** and solicit public comment on an application for a specific exemption proposing use of a new chemical (i.e., an active ingredient not contained in

any currently registered pesticide) [40 CFR 166.24 (a)(1)].

Pyrithiobac-sodium is a new chemical. Accordingly, interested persons may submit written views on this subject to the Field Operations Division at the address above. The Agency will review and consider all comments received during the comment period in determining whether to issue the emergency exemption requested by the South Carolina Department of Fertilizer and Pesticide Control.

List of Subjects

Environmental protection, Pesticide and pests, Crisis exemptions.

Dated: January 17, 1995.

Stephen L. Johnson,

Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 95–1859 Filed 1–24–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–F

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[Report No. 2053]

Petitions for Reconstruction of Actions in Rulemaking Proceedings

January 20, 1995.

Petitions for reconsideration have been filed in the Commission rulemaking proceedings listed in this Public Notice and published pursuant to 47 CFR Section 1.429(e). The full text of these documents are available for viewing and copying in Room 239, 1919 M Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. or may be purchased from the Commission's copy contractor ITS, Inc. (202) 857–3800. Opposition to these petitions must be filed February 9, 1995. See section 1.4(b)(1) of the Commission's rules (47 CFR 1.4(b)(1)). Replies to an opposition must be filed within 10 days after the time for filing oppositions has expired.

Subject: Telephone Company—Cable Television Cross-Ownership Rules Sections 63.54–63.58; Amendment of Parts 32, 36, 61, 64 and 69 of the Commission's Rules To Establish and Implement Regulatory Procedures for Video Dialtone Service. (CC Docket No. 87–266 and RM–8221)

Number of Petitions Filed: 3

Subject: Implementation of Section 309(j) of the Communications Act— Competitive Bidding. (PP Docket No. 93–253)

Number of Petitions Filed: 6

Federal Communications Commission.

William F. Caton,

Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 95-1820 Filed 1-24-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

Security for the Protection of the Public Indemnification of Passengers for Nonperformance of Transportation; Issuance of Certificate (Performance)

Notice is hereby given that the following have been issued a Certificate of Financial Responsibility for Indemnification of Passengers for Nonperformance of Transportation pursuant to the provisions of Section 3, Public Law 89–777 (46 U.S.C. 817(e)) and the Federal Maritime Commission's implementing regulations at 46 CFR Part 540, as amended:

Club Med Sales, Inc. and Services et Transports Cruise Lines, 40 West 57th Street, New York, NY 10019

Vessel: CLUB MED 1

Dated: January 19, 1995.

Joseph C. Polking,

Secretary.

 $[FR\ Doc.\ 95{-}1801\ Filed\ 1{-}24{-}95;\ 8{:}45\ am]$

BILLING CODE 6730-01-M

Ocean Freight Forwarder License Applicants

Notice is hereby given that the following applicants have filed with the Federal Maritime Commission applications for licenses as ocean freight forwarders pursuant to section 19 of the Shipping Act of 1984 (46 U.S.C. app. 1718 and 46 CFR Part 510).

Persons knowing of any reason why any of the following applicants should not receive a license are requested to contact the Office of Freight Forwarders, Federal Maritime Commission, Washington, D.C. 20573.

Celadon-Jacky Maeder Company, 590 Belleville Turnpike, Kearny, NJ 07032, Officers: Norman Greif, CEO, Leslie Weiss, Exec. Vice President

"J.I.F." Jet International Forwarding Inc., 9999 N.W. 89th Avenue Bay, #20, Medley, FL 33178, Officers: Francisco Santana, President, Christina Santana, Vice President

Corexport Corporation, 2221 Edge Lake Drive, Ste. 195, Charlotte, NC 28217, Officers: James Lewis Garst, III, President, Catherine M. Gilbert, Vice President

RHE Specialty Transport, Inc., 123 Pennsylvania Ave., South Kearny, NJ 07032, Officer: Oscar S. Lara, President