Activity	Affected public	Number of administra- tions	Average time per respond- ent
Impact Study:			
12-month	Applicant	11,665	45 minutes.
30-month	Applicant	10,345	45 minutes.
48-month	Applicant	9,052	45 minutes.
Process Study:			
Process Visit	Various JC Staff	23	54 hours.
Interviews	Admission Counselors	500	1 hour.
Mail Survey	Center Directors	108	6.5 hours

Total Burden Hours: 25,810.

*Description:* Data from follow-up questionnaires will be used to measure impacts of Job Corps on participants' earnings and related behavior. Data from process protocols will be used to describe the Job Corps Program. Data from both sources will be used to estimate the benefits and costs of Job Corps.

*Type of Review:* New.

*Agency:* Employment Standards Administration.

*Title:* Application of Federal Certificate of Age.

*OMB Number:* 1205–0083.

Agency Number: WG-14.

Frequency: On occasion.

Affected Public: Individuals or households; Business or other for-profit; Not-for-profit institutions; Farms; State,

Local or Tribal Government. Number of Respondents: 250.

*Estimated Time Per Respondent:* 30 seconds.

Total Burden Hours: 44.

*Description:* Section 3 (1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act provides that an employer may protect against unwitting employment of oppressive child labor by obtaining a certificate of age certifying that a youth meets the Fair Labor Standards Act minimum age requirements. Form WH–14 is an application for a Federal Certification of Age.

Type of Review: New.

Agency: Employment Standards Administration.

*Title:* Bona Fide Thrift or Savings Plan (29 CFR 547).

OMB Number: 1215–0119.

Agency Number: WG-14.

Frequency: On occasion.

*Affected Public:* Business or other forprofit; Not-for-profit institutions; State, Local or Tribal Government.

Number of Respondents: 2,016,000. Estimated Time Per Respondent: Recordkeeping only.

Total Burden Hours: 1 hour. Description: Section 7 (e)(3)(b) of the Fair Labor Standards Act permits the exclusion from an employee's regular rate of pay for payments on behalf of an employee to a "bona fide" thrift or savings plan. Regulations, 29 CFR 547, set forth the requirements for a bona fide thrift or savings plan.

Type of Review: New.

*Agency:* Employment Standards Administration.

*Title:* Requirements of a Bona Fide profit-Sharing Plan or Trust (29 CFR 549).

*OMB Number:* 1215–0122. *Frequency:* On occasion.

Affected Public: Business or other forprofit; Not-for-profit institutions; State, Local or Tribal Government.

Number of Respondents: 864,000. Estimated Time Per Respondent: Recordkeeping only.

Total Burden Hours: 1.

*Description:* Section 7 (e)(3)(b) of the Fair Labor Standards Act permits the exclusion from an employee's regular rate of pay for payments on behalf of an employee to a "bona fide" profit-sharing plan. Regulations, 29 CFR 549, set forth the requirements for a bona fide profit-sharing plan.

#### Theresa M. O'Malley,

Acting Departmental Clearance Officer. [FR Doc. 95–16134 Filed 6–29–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–26–P

#### Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division

#### Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR part 1, appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decisions shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that section, because the necessity to issue current construction industry wage determinations frequently and in large volume causes procedures to be impractical and contrary to the public interest.

General wage determination decisions, and modifications and supersedeas decisions thereto, contain no expiration dates and are effective from their date of notice in the Federal **Register**, or on the date written notice is received by the agency, whichever is earlier. These decisions are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits, notice of which is

published herein, and which are contained in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon And Related Acts," shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.

Any person, organization, or governmental agency having an interest in the rates determined as prevailing is encouraged to submit wage rate and fringe benefit information for consideration by the Department. Further information and selfexplanatory forms for the purpose of submitting this data may be obtained by writing to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division, Division of Wage Determinations, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Room S–3014, Washington, D.C. 20210.

#### Withdrawn General Wage Determination Decisions

This is to advise all interested parties that the Department of Labor is withdrawing, from the date of this notice, General Wage Determination Nos. IL950024, IL950031, IL950033, IL950035, IL950036, IL950037, IL950038, IL950039, IL950044, IL950045, IL950048, IL950050, IL950054, IL950055, IL950056, IL950057, IL950066, IL950070, IL950072, IL950074, IL950076, IL950080, IL950083, IL950085, IL950086, IL950088, IL950091, IL950093, IL950097 dated February 10, 1995.

Agencies with construction projects pending, to which Wage Decisions IL950031, IL950035, IL950036. IL950037, IL950044, IL950054, IL950056, IL950070, IL950083, IL950088, IL950091, and IL950097 would have been applicable, should utilize Wage Decision IL950026. Agencies with construction projects pending, to which Wage Decisions ÎL9500Ž4, IL950033, IĽ950038, IL950039, IL950045, IL950048, IL950050, IL950055, IL950057, IL950066, IL950072, IL950074, IL950076, IL950080, IL950085, IL950086, and IL950093 would have been applicable, should utilize Wage Decision IL950023. Contracts for which bids have been opened shall not be affected by this notice. Also, consistent with 29 CFR 1.6(c)(2)(i)(A), when the opening of bids is less than ten (10) days from the date of this notice, this action shall be effective unless the agency finds that there is insufficient time to notify bidders of the change and the finding is documented in the contract file.

#### Modification to General Wage Determination Decisions

The number of decisions listed in the Government Printing Office document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts" being modified are listed by Volume and State. Dates of publication in the **Federal Register** are in parentheses following the decisions being modified.

# VOLUME I

Connecticut CT950001 (Feb. 10, 1995) CT950003 (Feb. 10, 1995) CT950004 (Feb. 10, 1995) CT950008 (Feb. 10, 1995) Massachusetts MA950008 (Feb. 10, 1995) MA950016 (Feb. 10, 1995) MA950018 (Feb. 10, 1995) MA950020 (Feb. 10, 1995) Maine ME950025 (Feb. 10, 1995) New Hampshire NH950017 (Feb. 10, 1995) New Jersey NJ950002 (Feb. 10, 1995) New York NY950002 (Feb. 10, 1995) NY950013 (Feb. 10, 1995) Rhode Island RI950006 (Feb. 10, 1995) VOLUME II District of Columbia DC950001 (Feb. 10, 1995) Delaware DE950008 (Feb. 10, 1995) Maryland MD950034 (Feb. 10, 1995) MD950036 (Feb. 10, 1995) MD950048 (Feb. 10, 1995) MD950053 (Feb. 10, 1995) Pennsylvania PA950009 (Feb. 10, 1995) PA950037 (Feb. 10, 1995) PA950050 (Feb. 10, 1995) PA950060 (Feb. 10, 1995) Virginia VA950025 (Feb. 10, 1995) VA950104 (Feb. 10, 1995) VA950105 (Feb. 10, 1995) VOLUME III Georgia GA950009 (Feb. 10, 1995) GA950053 (Feb. 10, 1995) GA950065 (Feb. 10, 1995) Florida FL950001 (Feb. 10, 1995) FL950009 (Feb. 10, 1995) FL950012 (Feb. 10, 1995) VOLUME IV Illinois IL950023 (Feb. 10, 1995) IL950026 (Feb. 10, 1995) IL950089 (Feb. 10, 1995) Ohio OH950001 (Feb. 10, 1995) OH950002 (Feb. 10, 1995) OH950003 (Feb. 10, 1995) OH950012 (Feb. 10, 1995)

OH950014 (Feb. 10, 1995) OH950024 (Feb. 10, 1995) OH950026 (Feb. 10, 1995) OH950028 (Feb. 10, 1995) OH950029 (Feb. 10, 1995) OH950032 (Feb. 10, 1995) OH950034 (Feb. 10, 1995) VOLUME V Iowa IA950005 (Feb. 10, 1995) IA950024 (Feb. 10, 1995) IA950031 (Feb. 10, 1995) Kansas KS950018 (Feb. 10, 1995) KS950019 (Feb. 10, 1995) KS950020 (Feb. 10, 1995) KS950022 (Feb. 10, 1995) Missouri MO950001 (Feb. 10, 1995) Texas TX950001 (Feb. 10, 1995) TX950018 (Feb. 10, 1995) TX950081 (Feb. 10, 1995) TX950114 (Feb. 10, 1995) VOLUME VI California CA950004 (Feb. 10, 1995) CA950024 (Feb. 10, 1995) Utah UT950034 (Feb. 10, 1995) **General Wage Determination Publication** General wage determinations issued

under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts, including those noted above, may be found in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon Related Acts". This publication is available at each of the 50 Regional Government Depository Libraries and many of the 1,400 Government Depository Libraries across the country.

The general wage determinations issued under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts are available electronically by subscription to the FedWorld Bulletin Board System of the National Technical Information Service (NTIS) of the U.S. Department of Commerce at (703) 487–4640.

Hard-copy subscriptions may be purchased from: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, (202) 512–1800.

When ordering hard-copy subscription(s), be sure to specify the State(s) of interest, since subscriptions may be ordered for any or all of the six separate volumes, arranged by State. Subscriptions include an annual edition (issued in January or February) which included all current general wage determinations for the States covered by each volume. Throughout the remainder of the year, regular weekly updates will be distributed to subscribers. Signed at Washington, DC this 23rd day of June 1995.

## Alan L. Moss,

Director, Division of Wage Determination. [FR Doc. 95–15854 Filed 6–29–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–27–M

#### LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

#### Audit Guide for LSC Recipients and Auditors

**AGENCY:** Legal Services Corporation. **ACTION:** Proposed guideline; extension of comment period.

**SUMMARY:** This notice extends for an additional 20 days the comment period on the proposed Legal Services Corporation (LSC) Audit Guide for Recipients and Auditors that was published on May 24, 1995 (60 FR 25762–27567). On June 12, 1995, LSC published a notice (60 FR 30901) extending the original 30-day comment period for an additional ten days. Respondents are now given a 60-day period from the original date of publication to comment.

**DATES:** Comments should be received in writing on or before July 24, 1995. Late comments will be considered to the extent practicable. Where possible, comments should reference applicable paragraph numbers in the proposed revision. To facilitate conversion of the comments in computer format for analysis, respondents are asked to send a copy of the comments on either a 3.5 or 5.25 inch diskette in ASCII format. **ADDRESSES:** Comments should be submitted in writing to the Office of Inspector General, Legal Services

Floor, Washington, DC 20002–4250. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Karen M. Voellm, Chief of Audits (202) 336–8830.

Corporation, 750 First St., NE., 10th

Dated: June 27, 1995.

#### Victor Fortuno,

General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 95–16170 Filed 6–29–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7050–01–P

#### LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

#### **Copyright Office**

[Docket No. RM 94-4A]

# Cable Compulsory License: Specialty Station List

**AGENCY:** Copyright Office, Library of Congress.

**ACTION:** Notice of final specialty station list.

**SUMMARY:** The Copyright Office is publishing a new and final list of specialty stations that sent us affidavits claiming they meet specialty station requirements. A specialty station is a commercial broadcast television station that meets requirements set by the Federal Communications Commission under its former distant signal carriage rules at 47 CFR 76.5(kk)(1981). The Office will refer to the list to check broadcast station status when cable systems file semi-annual statements of account under 17 U.S.C. 111.

## EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Marilyn J. Kretsinger, Acting General Counsel, Copyright GC/I&R, P.O. Box 70400, Southwest Station, Washington, DC 20024. Telephone: (202) 707–8380. Fax: (202) 707–8366.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the cable compulsory license, section 111 of title 17, United States Code, carriage of a specialty station <sup>1</sup> by a cable operator allows the operator to pay copyright fees at a lower rate than the 3.75% rate that is usually incurred by an operator when it carries non-permitted signals. Specialty station status is determined by reference to former regulations of the Federal Communications Commission at 47 CFR 76.5(kk)(1981). The FCC no longer determines whether or not a station qualifies as a specialty station, however, the Copyright Office updates the specialty station list periodically, because the list remains relevant in connection with the filing of statements of account by cable operators.

The Office created its first specialty station list in 1990, and stated that it would compile new lists at approximately three year intervals. Early this year we published a request for affidavits from stations claiming current specialty station status. 60 FR 4639 (January 24, 1995). We extended the filing deadline from March 27, 1995, to April 24, 1995, in order to accommodate specialty station owners who had been unaware that we were updating the list. 60 FR 1826 (April 1995). On May 9, 1995, we published a list of stations whose affidavits we had received, and requested that any party objecting to any claim to specialty station status submit comments to the Office stating its objections. 60 FR 24659 (May 9, 1995). We received no comments or objections. The Office now publishes a final list of specialty

stations, effective July 1, 1995, for the accounting period 1995/2 and thereafter. Copyright Office examiners will refer to this final specialty station list in examining cable systems' claims on their statements of account that particular broadcast stations they carry are specialty stations. Although the Office does not officially place stations filing affidavits after the closing date on the specialty station list, we will accept these affidavits without objection. These late claims will be placed in the public file in the Licensing Division for reference purposes. If a cable system claims specialty station status for a station not on this list, the examiner will determine whether the station has filed an affidavit since the closing date for submitting claims (April 24, 1995).

#### Final List of Specialty Stations: Call Letters and Cities of License<sup>2</sup>

CBAFT Moncton, New Brunswick, Canada Windsor, Ontario, Canada CBEFT CBFT Montreal, Quebec, Canada CBGAT Matane, Quebec, Canada CBKFT Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada CBLFT Toronto, Ontario, Canada CBOFT Ottawa, Ontario, Canada CBST Sept-Iles, Quebec, Canada CBUFT Vancouver, British Colombia, Canada CBVT Quebec City, Quebec, Canada CBWFT Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada CBXFT Edmonton, Alberta, Canada CFCM Quebec City, Quebec, Canada Rimouski, Quebec, Canada CFER CFTM Montreal, Quebec, Canada CHEM Trois-Rivieres, Quebec, Canada CHLT Sherbrooke, Quebec, Canada CJPM Chicoutimi, Quebec, Canada CKRN Rouyn, Quebec, Canada CKRS Jonquiere, Quebec, Canada CKRT **Riviere-Du-Loup**, Quebec Canada CKSH Sherbrooke, Quebec, Canada **CKTM** Trois-Rivieres, Quebec, Canada KCHF Santa Fe, New Mexico KCSO Modesto, California KDTV San Francisco, California KFCB Concord, California KFTV Hanford/Fresno, California **KLUZ** Albuquerque, New Mexico KLXV San Jose, California <sup>2</sup> Several listings in today's Notice reflect corrections made to more accurately show the markets stations serve. These include KFTV Hanford/Fresno, California (formerly listed as KFTV Fresno, California), KVEA Corona/Los Angeles, California (formerly listed as KVEA Corona, California), WNJU New York, New York/Linden, New Jersey (formerly listed as WNJU Linden, New Jersey), WOCD Amsterdam, New York, (formerly

listed as WOCD Amsterdam, Pennsylvania), WPCB Greensburg/Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania (formerly listed as WPCB Greensburg, Pennsylvania), and WPGD Hendersonville, Tennessee (formerly listed as WPGD Nashville, Tennessee).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The FCC defined a specialty station as "a commercial television broadcast station that generally carries foreign-language, religious, and/or automated programming in one-third of the hours of an average broadcast week and one-third of weekly prime-time hours." 47 CFR 76.5(kk)(1976).