Commodity	Parts per million	Expiration date
Corn, sweet (K+CWHR)	0.01	Do.

[FR Doc. 95–16428 Filed 7–3–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–F

### 40 CFR Part 180

[PP 4F4280/R2135; FRL-4963-1]

RIN 2070-AB78

# Benzoic Acid; Pesticide Tolerance; Correction

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection

Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Final rule; Correction.

**SUMMARY:** In FR Doc. 95-13250 in the **Federal Register** of May 31, 1995, the following correction is made to the section heading in the first column of page 28347: Correct "§ 180.842" to read "§ 180.482".

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** July 5, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: Richard P. Keigwin, Jr., Product Manager (PM) 10, Registration Division (7505C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location and telephone number: Rm. 214, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA, (703)-305-6788; e-mail: keigwin.rick@epamail.epa.gov.

Dated: June 15, 1995.

#### Peter Caulkins,

Acting Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 95–16427 Filed 7–3–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–F

## 40 CFR Part 180

[PP 1F4026/R2147; FRL-4963-2]

RIN 2070-AB78

## Cyfluthrin; Pesticide Tolerance

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection

Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This rule establishes a timelimited tolerance for residues of the insecticide cyfluthrin (cyano(4-fluoro-3phenoxyphenyl)methyl 3-(2,2dichloroethenyl)-2,2-

dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate) in or on the raw agricultural commodities corn, sweet (K+CWHR); corn, grain, field and pop; and corn, forage and fodder, field, pop, and sweet at 0.01 part per million (ppm). The Agricultural Division of Miles, Inc., submitted a petition under the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA) to EPA for a regulation to establish a maximum permissible level for residues of the insecticide.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This regulation becomes effective July 5, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Written objections and hearing requests, identified by the document control number, [PP 1F4026/ R2147], may be submitted to: Hearing Clerk (1900), Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. M3708, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Fees accompanying objections shall be labeled "Tolerance Petition Fees" and forwarded to: EPA Headquarters Accounting Operations Branch, OPP (Tolerance Fees), P.O. Box 360277M, Pittsburgh, PA 15251. A copy of any objections and hearing requests filed with the Hearing Clerk should be identified by the document control number and submitted to: Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. In person, bring copy of objections and hearing requests to Rm. 1132, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA 22202.

A copy of objections and hearing requests filed with the Hearing Clerk may also be submitted electronically by sending electronic mail (e-mail) to: oppdocket@epamail.epa.gov. Copies of objections and hearing requests must be submitted as an ASCII file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption. Copies of objections and hearing requests will also be accepted on disks in WordPerfect in 5.1 file format or ASCII file format. All copies of objections and hearing requests in electronic form must be identified by the docket number [PP 1F4026/R2147]. No Confidential Business Information (CBI) should be submitted through email. Electronic copies of objections and hearing requests on this rule may be filed online at many Federal Depository Libraries. Additional information on electronic submissions can be found below in this document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: Robert A. Forrest, Product Manager (PM) 14, Registration Division (7505C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location and telephone number: Rm. 219, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA 22202, (703)-305-

6600; e-mail:

forrest.robert@epamail.epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: EPA issued a notice, published in the Federal Register of April 5, 1995 (60 FR 17356), which announced that Miles, Inc., P.O. Box 4913, Kansas City, MO 64120, had submitted a pesticide petition, PP 1F4026, to EPA requesting that the Administrator, pursuant to section 408(d) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), 21 U.S.C. 346a(d), establish a tolerance for residues of the insecticide cyfluthrin, cyano (4-fluoro-2phenoxyphenyl)methyl-3-(2,2dichloroethyl)-2,2dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate, in or on the raw agricultural commodities corn, fresh; corn, grain, field and pop; and corn, forage and fodder, field, pop, and sweet at 0.01 part per million (ppm). For consistency, the raw agricultural commodity corn, fresh is expressed as corn, sweet (K+CWHR).

There were no comments received in response to the notice of filing. The scientific data submitted in the petition and other relevant material have been evaluated. The toxicological data considered in support of the tolerance include:

- 1. Several acute toxicological studies placing the technical grade of the insecticide in toxicity category 1 (acute oral); 3 (acute dermal and primary eye irritation); 2 (acute inhalation) and 4 (primary dermal irritation). It is not a dermal sensitizer.
- 2. A 21-day rabbit dermal study with a no-observed-effect level (NOEL) greater than 250 mg/kg/day (highest dose tested).
- 3. A 21-day rat inhalation study with a NOEL of 0.0014 mg/L in which a decrease in body weight gain was observed.
- 4. A 90-day rat inhalation study with a NOEL of 0.00009 mg/L/day. Systemic effects observed included unthriftiness, unkept fur, lethargy, and increased urinary protein.
- 5. A chronic dog-feeding study with a NOEL of 4.0 mg/kg/day. Systemic effects of slight ataxia, increased vomiting, diarrhea, and decreased male body weights were observed at the lowest-effect level (LEL).
- 6. A two-year rat feeding/carcinogenicity study with a systemic NOEL of 2.5 mg/kg/day. Decreased body weights in males and inflammatory foci in kidneys of females were observed at the lowest-observed-effect level (LOEL) of 7.5 mg/kg/day. There was no evidence of carcinogenicity under conditions of the study. Levels tested were 50, 150, and 450 ppm.