This notice is published in accordance with 19 CFR 355.22(a)(3).

Dated: July 26, 1995.

Joseph A. Spetrini,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Compliance. [FR Doc. 95–19254 Filed 8–3–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

[C-533-807]

Sulfanilic Acid From India; Termination of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review

AGENCY: International Trade Administration/Import Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of Termination of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review (01/01/94–12/31/94).

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (the Department) is terminating the countervailing duty administrative review of the order on sulfanilic acid from India initiated on April 14, 1995 (60 FR 19017).

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 4, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Russell Morris or Lorenza Olivas, Office of Countervailing Compliance, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–2786.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On March 7, 1995 the Department published in the Federal Register (60 FR 12540) a notice of "Opportunity to Request Administrative Review" of the countervailing duty order (58 FR 12026; March 2, 1993) on sulfanilic acid from India for the period January 1, 1994 through December 31, 1994. On March 29, 1995, Kokan Synthetics and M/S Kay International From India requested that the Department conduct a review of the subject countervailing duty order. No other interested party requested a review.

On April 14, 1995, the Department published a notice of initiation of a review of the order (60 FR 19017). On June 26, 1995, Kokan Synthetics and M/ S Kay International withdrew their request for an administrative review. Because the request for withdrawal was timely pursuant to 19 CFR 355.22(a)(3), the Department is terminating this review.

This notice is published in accordance with 19 CFR 355.22(a)(5).

Dated: July 28, 1995. Joseph A. Spetrini, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Compliance. [FR Doc. 95–19256 Filed 8–3–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

[C-357-002]

Wool From Argentina; Termination of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review

AGENCY: International Trade Administration/Import Administration, Department of Commerce. ACTION: Notice of Termination of Countervailing Duty Administration Review (01/01/94–12/31/94).

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (the Department) is terminating the countervailing duty administrative review of wool from Argentina initiated on May 15, 1995 (60 FR 25885).

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 4, 1995. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Russell Morris or Lorenza Olivas, Office of Countervailing Compliance, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–2786.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On March 31, 1995, the Department published in the Federal Register (60 FR 16620) a notice of intent to revoke the countervailing duty order on wool from Argentina (48 FR 14423; April 4, 1983)). On April 4, 1995, the Department published a notice of "Opportunity to Request Administrative Review'' (60 FR 17052) of the countervailing duty order on wool from Argentina for the period January 1, 1994 through December 31, 1994. On April 21, 1995, the American Sheep Industry Association (ASIA), petitioner, requested that the Department conduct an administrative review of the countervailing duty order on wool from Argentina in response to the Department's notice of intent to revoke the order pursuant to section 355.25(d)(4)(iii) of the Department regulations. No other interested party requested the review. On May 15, 1995, the Department published a notice of initiation of a review of the order (60 FR 19017). On July 3, 1995, the Department published a notice of "Determination Not to Revoke Countervailing Duty Orders" on wool from Argentina (60 FR 34518).

On June 30, 1995, the ASIA clarified its April 21, 1995 request for an administrative review. ASIA asked that its April 21, 1995 request be considered an objection to the Department's notice of intent to revoke the order, and withdrew its request for an administrative review. For this reason and because the request for withdrawal was timely pursuant to 19 CFR 355.22 (a)(3)(a), the Department is terminating this review.

The notice is published in accordance with 19 CFR 355.22(a)(3).

Dated: July 28, 1995.

Joseph A. Spetrini,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Compliance. [FR Doc. 95–19255 Filed 8–3–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

North American Free-Trade Agreement (NAFTA), Article 1904; Binational Panel Reviews; Request for Panel Review

AGENCY: NAFTA Secretariat, United States Section, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of first request for panel review.

SUMMARY: On July 26, 1995 Tubos de Acero de Mexico, S.A. (TAMSA) filed a First Request for Panel Review with the U.S. Section of the NAFTA Secretariat pursuant to Article 1904 of the North American Free Trade Agreement. Panel review was requested of the Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value made by the International Trade Administration respecting Oil Country Tubular Goods from Mexico. This determination was published in the Federal Register on June 28, 1995 (60 FR 33567). The NAFTA Secretariat has assigned Case Number USA-95-1904-04 to this request.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: James R. Holbein, United States Secretary, NAFTA Secretariat, Suite 2061, 14th and Constitution Avenue, Washington, D.C. 20230, (202) 482– 5438.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Chapter 19 of the North American Free-Trade Agreement ("Agreement") establishes a mechanism to replace domestic judicial review of final determinations in antidumping and countervailing duty cases involving imports from a NAFTA country with review by independent binational panels. When a Request for Panel Review is filed, a panel is established to act in place of national courts to review expeditiously the final determination to determine whether it conforms with the antidumping or countervailing duty law of the country that made the determination.

Under Article 1904 of the Agreement, which came into force on January 1, 1994, the Government of the United