Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 11, 1995.

S.R. Miller,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 95–20370 Filed 8–18–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 95–ASO–3]

Establishment of Class E Airspace; Hampton, GA

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment establishes Class E airspace at Blakely, GA. A GPS RWY 23 Standard Instrument Approach Procedure (SIAP) has been developed for Early County Airport. Controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface (AGL) is needed to accommodate this SIAP and for instrument flight rules (IFR) operations at the airport. The operating status of the airport will change from VFR to include IFR operations concurrent with publication of the SIAP.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 UTC, November 9, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Stanley Zylowski, System Management Branch, Air Traffic Division, Federal Aviation Administration, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320; telephone (404) 305–5570.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

On February 2, 1995, the FAA proposed to amend part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) by establishing Class E airspace at Blakely, GA (60 FR 6461). This action would provide adequate Class E airspace for IFR operations at Early County Airport.

Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking proceeding by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments objecting to the proposal were received. Designations for Class E airspace extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface are published in Paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9B dated July 18, 1994, and effective September 16, 1994. The Class E airspace designation listed in this document will be published subsequently in the Order.

The Rule

This amendment to part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR

part 71) establishes Class E airspace at Blakely, GA, to accommodate a GPS RWY 24 SIAP and for IFR operations at Early County Airport. The operating status of the airport will change from VFR to include IFR operations concurrent with publication of the SIAP.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore, (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT **Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44** FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

Adoption of the Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71-[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; EO 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389; 14 CFR 11.69.

§71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9B, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated July 18, 1994, and effective September 16, 1994, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet above the surface of the earth.

* * * * *

ASO GA E5 Blakely, GA [New]

Early County Airport, GA

(Lat. 31°23′44″ N, long. 84°53′35″ W) That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 6.5-mile radius of Early County Airport.

* * * *

Issued in College Park, Georgia, on August 11, 1995.

Wade T. Carpenter,

Acting Manager, Air Traffic Division, Southern Region. [FR Doc. 95–20682 Filed 8–18–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 95–ASO–11]

Establishment of Class D and Class E2 Airspace; Lawrenceville, GA

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment establishes Class D and Class E2 airspace at Lawrenceville, GA. A non-federal control tower is being commissioned at the Lawrenceville/Gwinnett County-Briscoe Field Airport. Class D airspace is required when the control tower is open to accommodate current Standard Instrument Approach Procedures (SIAPs) and for instrument flight rules (IFR) operations at the airport. Class E2 airspace is required when the control tower is closed and approach control service to the surface is provided by Atlanta Tower.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 UTC, November 9, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Stanley Zylowski, System Management Branch, Air Traffic Division, Federal Aviation Administration, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320; telephone (404) 305–5570.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

On June 27, 1995 the FAA proposed to amend part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) by establishing Class D and Class E2 airspace at Lawrenceville, GA, (60 FR 33157). This action would provide adequate Class D and Class E2 airspace for IFR operations at the Lawrenceville/ Gwinnett County-Briscoe Field Airport.

Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking proceeding by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments objecting to the proposal were received. Class D airspace designations and Class E airspace areas designated as a surface area for an airport are published in Paragraphs 5000 and 6002 respectively of FAA Order 7400.9B dated July 18, 1994, and effective September 16, 1994. The Class D and E airspace designations listed in this document will be published subsequently in the Order.

The Rule

This amendment to part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) establishes Class D and Class E2 airspace at Lawrenceville, GA, to accommodate current SIAPs and for IFR operations at the Lawrenceville/ Gwinnett County-Briscoe Field Airport, as a result of a non-federal control tower commissioned at the airport.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore, (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a 'significant rule'' under DOT **Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44** FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

Adoption of the Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g) 40103, 40113, 40120; EO 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389; 14 CFR 11.69.

§71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9B, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated July 18, 1994, and effective September 16, 1994, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 5000 Class D airspace

ASO GA D Lawrenceville, GA [New]

Lawrenceville/Gwinnett County-Briscoe Field Airport, GA

(Lat. 33°58′41″N,long.83°57′45″W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 3600 feet MSL within a 4.6-mile radius of the Lawrenceville/Gwinnett County-Briscoe Field Airport. This Class D airspace area is effective during the specific days and times established in advance by a Notice to Airmen. The effective days and times will thereafter be continuously published in the Airport/Facility Directory.

Paragraph 6002 Class E airspace areas designated as a surface area for an airport.

ASO GA E2 Lawrenceville, GA [New]

Lawrenceville/Gwinnett County-Briscoe Field Airport, GA

(Lat. 33°58'41"N,long. 83°57'45"W) Within a 4.6-mile radius of the Lawrenceville/Gwinnett County-Briscoe Field Airport. This Class E airspace area is

effective during the specific days and times established in advance by a Notice to Airmen. The effective days and times will thereafter be continuously published in the Airport/Facility Directory.

Issued in College Park, Georgia, on August 11, 1995.

Wade T. Carpenter,

Acting Manager, Air Traffic Division, Southern Region. [FR Doc. 95–20681 Filed 8–18–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

16 CFR Part 305

Rule Concerning Disclosures Regarding Energy Consumption and Water Use of Certain Home Appliances and Other Products Required Under the Energy Policy and Conservation Act ("Appliance Labeling Rule")

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Federal Trade Commission ("Commission") amends its Appliance Labeling Rule by publishing new ranges of comparability to be used on required labels for dishwashers, instantaneous water heaters, heat pump water heaters, room air conditioners, and pool heaters. The Commission also announces that the ranges of comparability for storage-type water heaters, furnaces, and boilers, which were published on September 23, 1994,¹ will remain in effect until further notice.

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 20, 1995. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: James Mills, Attorney, Division of Enforcement, Federal Trade Commission, Washington, DC 20580 (202–326–3035).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 324 of the Energy Policy and

Conservation Act of 1975 ("EPCA")² requires the Commission to consider labeling rules for the disclosure of estimated annual energy cost or alternative energy consumption information for at least thirteen categories of appliances. Dishwashers, room air conditioners, water heaters, furnaces, and boilers are included in those categories. The statute also requires the Department of Energy ("DOE") to develop test procedures that measure how much energy the appliances use. In addition, DOE is required to determine the representative average cost a consumer pays for the different types of energy available.

On November 19, 1979, the Commission issued the Appliance Labeling Rule ("Rule"), which covered seven of the thirteen appliance categories that were then covered by DOE test procedures: Refrigerators and refrigerator-freezers, freezers, dishwashers, clothes washers, water heaters, room air conditioners and furnaces (this category includes boilers).³ The Commission has extended the coverage of the Rule five time since it originally issued the Rule: In 1987 (central air conditioners, heat pumps, and pulse combustion and condensing furnaces 4); 1989 (fluorescent lamp ballasts 5); 1993 (certain plumbing products ⁶ and certain lighting products 7), and, in 1994 (pool heaters, instantaneous water heaters, and heat pump water heaters 8).

On July 1, 1994, the Commission amended the Rule to make certain improvements, including making the label format more "user-friendly," changing the energy usage descriptors required on labels, and adopting new product sub-categories for ranges of

³ 44 FR 66466, 16 CFR part 305 (Nov. 19, 1979). The Statement of Basis and Purpose for the final Rule describes the reasons the Commission declined to cover the other categories of covered products. *Id.* at 66467–69.

⁸59 FR 49556 (Sept. 28, 1994). The original effective date of these amendments was December 29, 1994. Because it became apparent that manufacturers of pool heaters, instantaneous water heaters and heat pump water heaters would have difficulty preparing the revised labels by December 29, however, the Commission, on December 8, 1994, published a partial delay of compliance dates for these products. 59 FR 63688. In this second notice, the Commission gave manufacturers of these products extra time to prepare the new labels. The Commission announces today that manufacturers of pool heaters, instantaneous water heaters, and heat pump water heaters must begin using the new labels (and ranges of comparability published herein) on all covered products manufactured on or after the effective date of today's notice.

^{1 59} FR 48796

² 42 U.S.C. 6294.

⁴ 52 FR 46888 (Dec. 10, 1987).

⁵ 54 FR 28031 (July 5, 1989).

⁶58 FR 54955 (Oct. 25, 1993).

⁷ 59 FR 25176 (May 13, 1993).