Plan. Any use by the RCHCA of the 1,269.3 acres as mitigation for effects other than take of SKR would be contingent on Service and CDFG approval of a multiple species plan.

The EA/MND considers the proposed project and no action alternatives in detail. In addition, two other alternatives were considered but were not selected for detailed analysis. These alternatives considered avoiding take of listed species at Lake Mathews, and a modified project that would apply only to projects and activities on MWD's Lake Mathews properties (and would not extend to projects outside the Plan Area).

The proposed Federal action would authorize the incidental take of 65 target species, including habitat modification, during ongoing and future projects and activities described in the Plan. The applicant has requested the issuance of permits that would authorize the incidental take of the five listed wildlife species identified previously in this notice. In addition, the applicant seeks Federal pre-listing assurances for 59 other plant and animal target species which are currently not listed as threatened or endangered but could become listed in the future. These prelisting assurances are agreements in principle that the Service would modify the permits and authorize incidental take for any of these species should they become listed in the future. These assurances are given on the condition that avoidance, minimization, and reserve management measures identified in the Plan are implemented.

Mitigation pursuant to these authorizations and assurances will be accomplished on a habitat basis rather than on a species-by-species basis. Habitat occupied by multiple species in the Mitigation Bank may be used to mitigate for multiple species affected by activities or projects initiated by the applicant. If a project affects several species, which at some point during their respective life cycles occupy a single habitat type and these species also occur in the Mitigation Bank area, then mitigation for these species may be accomplished on a habitat-by-habitat basis rather than on a species-by-species

This notice is provided pursuant to section 10(c) of the Act and National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) regulations (40 CFR 1506.6). The joint EA/MND meets both NEPA requirements and the requirements of the state of California pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). Both NEPA, at 40 CFR 1506.6, and the CEQA Guidelines at Section 15222, provide for joint planning

processes and environmental assessment documents. The Service will evaluate the application, associated documents, and comments submitted thereon to determine whether the application meets the requirements of NEPA regulations and section 10(a) of the Act. If it is determined that the requirements are met, a permit will be issued for the incidental take of the listed species, and pre-listing agreements provided for the other target species. The final NEPA and permit determination will be made no sooner than 30 days from the date of this notice.

Dated: August 18, 1995.

Thomas Dwyer,

Deputy Regional Director, Region 1, Portland, Oregon.

[FR Doc. 95–20993 Filed 8–23–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–55–P

Bureau of Land Management [CA-060-5101-10-B016,CACA 27497]

Notice of Availability of the Supplemental Final Cajon Pipeline Environmental Impact Statement

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability.

SUMMARY: In accordance with Section 202 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, the Bureau of Land Management, California Desert District, has prepared a Supplemental Final **Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)** for a proposed revision to the previously approved Cajon Pipeline Project. This Supplemental Final EIS describes the Project and summarizes the impacts, as previously approved, and analyzes the changes in those impacts resulting from the proposed revisions to the Project. This Project, as revised, will traverse both Federal and private lands in San Bernardino County, California. **DATES:** Written comments will be accepted until September 25, 1995. ADDRESSES: Written comments should be sent to the District Manager, Bureau of Land Management, 6221 Box Springs Blvd., Riverside, CA 92507–0714, ATTN: Cajon Pipeline Project. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Stephen L. Johnson, Special Projects Manager, California Desert District Office, 6221 Box Springs Blvd, Riverside, CA 92507–0714; phone (909) 697–5233.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Discoveries in the Santa Barbara Channel off the coast of California along the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) and

on-shore through thermal enhanced oil recovery in the San Joaquin Valley (SJV) have yielded significant new reserves of heavy, high sulphur crude oil. As a result of these discoveries and the desire of producers to transport this heavy crude to the Los Angeles Basin refineries, a heated pipeline system capable of handling this crude in its "neat" state is being considered. Existing pipelines do not have the capacity to handle the anticipated volume. In addition, heavy crude requires the addition of heat to allow it to be efficiently pumped through pipelines, and no heated common carrier pipeline exists today into the Los Angeles Basin.

To connect the producers and refiners, the Cajon Pipeline Company has been granted a permit to build a 142-mile-long, 20-inch diameter insulated buried pipeline from 12-Gauge Lake (27 miles west of Barstow), California, to the Los Angeles crude oil terminals in Carson and Long Beach. The Final EIS (June, 1993) for the Cajon Pipeline Project includes an analysis of the environmental impacts of the proposed pipeline system during construction and operation. The Cajon Pipeline Company is now intending to amend the approved project by constructing a much shorter pipeline. Following the original route from 12-Gauge Lake to the City of Adelanto. Within the vicinity of Adelanto two minor realignments are proposed to provide increased separation between the pipeline and two new schools; Adelanto Middle School and Quail Valley Middle School. The remainder follows the original route through the Cajon Pass and on into the Los Angeles Basin but the Cajon Pipeline Company now proposes to terminate their pipeline in the City of Rancho Cucamonga. This would be Company now proposes to terminate their pipeline in the City of Rancho Cucamonga. This would be with a tiein to the existing Edison Pipeline and Terminal Company's (EPTC) system at Edison's Etiwanda Generating System and from there the existing EPTC Pipeline would be used to transport the crude oil to the various refineries and terminals near the coast.

This Supplemental Final Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the proposed evaluating those changes to the Cajon Pipeline Project has been prepared in compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). The Bureau of Land Management's preferred alternative is to accept the proposed changes to the approved Project, as proposed and

described in the Supplemental Final EIS.

Since the Final EIS was completed in June of 1993, Executive Order 12898, entitled Executive Order on Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, has been issued. In compliance with Executive Order 12898 a section entitled Environmental Justice has now been added and included in the Supplemental Final EIS for the Cajon Pipeline Project.

Dated: August 17, 1995.

Henri R. Bisson,

District Manager.

[FR Doc. 95–20958 Filed 8–23–95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-40-M

[AZ-040-1430-01; AZA 29226]

Notice of Proposed Sale of Lands in Greenlee County, Arizona

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the following land has been found suitable for direct sale under section 203 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (90 Stat. 2760, 43 U.S.C. 1713) at not less than fair market value. The land will not be offered for sale until at least 60 days after the date of this notice.

Gila and Salt River Meridian, Arizona

T. 7 S., R. 31 E.,

Sec. 34, S½NW¼NE¼SE¼. Containing 5 acres, more or less.

The land described is hereby segregated from appropriation under the public land laws, including the mining laws, pending disposition of this action or 270 days from the date of publication of this notice, whichever occurs first.

This land is being offered by direct sale to Greenlee County to be used as a solid waste transfer station site. It has been determined that the subject parcel contains no known mineral values, therefore, mineral interest may be conveyed simultaneously. Acceptance of the direct sale offer will qualify the purchaser to make application for conveyance of those mineral interests.

The patent, when issued, will contain certain reservations to the United States. Detailed information concerning reservations as well as specific conditions of the sale are available for review at the Bureau of Land Management, Safford District Office, 711 14th Avenue, Safford, Arizona 85546.

For a period of 45 days from the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, interested parties may submit comments to the District Manager, Safford District, at the above address. In the absence of timely objections, this proposal shall become the final determination of the Department of the Interior.

Dated: August 17, 1995.

Frank L. Rowley,

Acting District Manager.

[FR Doc. 95-21076 Filed 8-23-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-32-M

[AZ-026-05-5440-10-A132; AZA-29170]

Realty Action; Noncompetitive Sale of Public Lands in Pima County, Arizona

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management (BLM), Interior.
ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The following land is being considered for direct sale under section 203 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (90 Stat. 2750, 43 U.S.C. 1713), at not less than fair market value to the Hia-Ced O'Odham Alliance. The land will not be offered for sale until at least 60 days after publication of this notice.

Gila and Salt River Meridian, Arizona

T. 12 S., R. 6 W.,

Sec. 33, $SE^{1}/4SW^{1}/4NE^{1}/4$, $NE^{1}/4NW^{1}/4SE^{1}/4$. Containing 20 acres.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Frank Daniels of the Phoenix District Office, U.S. Bureau of Land Management, 2015 West Deer Valley Road, Phoenix, Arizona 85027, (602) 780–8090.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: If it is determined that there are no known mineral values, the mineral interests shall be determined suitable for sale under section 209 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 and may be conveyed simultaneously. Acceptance of the direct sale offer will qualify the purchaser to make application for conveyance of those mineral interests.

The patent, when issued, will contain a reservation to the United States for rights-of-way for ditches and canals. Also to be reserved to the United States will be that portion of the Chico Shunie Road that is located within the 20 acre parcel.

For a period of 45 days from the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, interested parties may submit comments to the District Manager, Phoenix District, at the above address. In the absence of timely

objections, this proposal shall become the final determination of the Department of the Interior.

Dated: August 17, 1995.

G.L. Cheniae,

District Manager, Phoenix District Office. [FR Doc. 95–21078 Filed 8–23–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–32–P

[OR-030-1610-00-G5-197]

Intent to Prepare a Resource Management Plan for the Andrews, Malheur, and Jordan Resource Areas, Oregon

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Opportunity for Public Comment—Notice of Intent to Prepare a Resource Management Plan (RMP) for the Andrews, Malheur, and Jordan Resource Areas of the Burns and Vale Districts, Oregon.

SUMMARY: In accordance with 43 CFR 1601.3–1, notice is hereby given that the Bureau of Land Management, Burns and Vale Districts, Oregon, intend to prepare an RMP for the Andrews, Malheur, and Jordan Resource Areas. The RMP will include 1.7 million acres of public land in the Andrews Resource Area, 1.9 million acres of public land in the Malheur Resource Area, and 2.8 million acres of public land in the Jordan Resource Area. The subject area is located in southeastern Oregon in portions of Harney, Malheur, and Grant Counties.

The purpose of the RMP is to update land use planning decisions in the Andrews, Northern Malheur (Malheur), and Southern Malheur (Jordan) Management Framework Plans (MFPs) to be consistent with current conditions and trends, as required by the Federal Land Policy and Management Act (FLPMA) of October 21, 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701).

DATES: Comments are due by November 3, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Gary D. Cooper, Team Leader, Vale District Office, 100 Oregon Street, Vale, Oregon 97918 (Telephone 503– 473–3144)

Glenn T. Patterson, Burns District Office, HC 74–12533 Hwy 20 West, Hines, Oregon 97738 (Telephone 503– 573–4400)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Issues proposed to be included in the RMP include: (1) Vegetation Management; (2) Land Tenure and Access; (3) Utility Corridors; (4) Fire Management; (5) Special Management Areas; and, (6)