Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent migration of a shootbolt bush, which could jam the Type I passenger door, and subsequently could delay or impede the evacuation of passengers during an emergency, accomplish the following:

- (a) Within 1,500 hours time-in-service after the effective date of this AD, or within 6 months after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs first, modify the Type I passenger doors and aft baggage door, in accordance with Jetstream Service Bulletin ATP-52-26-10350B, dated June 29, 1994.
- (b) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Standardization Branch, ANM-113.

- (c) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.
- (d) The modification shall be done in accordance with Jetstream Service Bulletin ATP-52-26-10350B, dated June 29, 1994. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Jetstream Aircraft, Inc., P.O. Box 16029, Dulles International Airport, Washington, DC 20041-6029. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington,
- (e) This amendment becomes effective on October 20, 1995.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on September 7, 1995.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 95–22854 Filed 9–19–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 95-NM-144-AD; Amendment 39-9371; AD 95-19-09]

Airworthiness Directives; McDonnell Douglas Model DC-9-80 Series Airplanes and Model MD-88 Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; request for comments.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain McDonnell Douglas Model DC-9-80 series airplanes and Model MD-88 airplanes. This action requires an inspection to detect damage, burn marks, or discoloration at certain electrical plugs and receptacles of the sidewall lighting in the passenger cabin, and correction of discrepancies. This action also requires modification of the electrical connectors, which would terminate the inspection requirement. This amendment is prompted by reports of failures of the electrical connectors in the sidewall fluorescent lighting, which resulted in smoke or lighting interruption in the passenger cabin. The actions specified in this AD are intended to prevent failures of the electrical connectors, which could result in poor socket/pin contact, excessive heat, electrical arcing, and subsequently, connector burn through and smoke in the passenger cabin. DATES: Effective October 5, 1995.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director

of the Federal Register as of October 5, 1995.

Comments for inclusion in the Rules Docket must be received on or before November 20, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–103, Attention: Rules Docket No. 95–NM–144–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056.

The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from McDonnell Douglas Corporation, 3855 Lakewood Boulevard, Long Beach, California 90846, Attention: Technical Publications Business Administration, Dept. C1-L51 (2-60). This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, 3960 Paramount Boulevard, Lakewood, California; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Elvin K. Wheeler, Aerospace Engineer, Systems and Equipment Branch, ANM– 130L, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, 3960 Paramount Boulevard, Lakewood, California 90712; telephone (310) 627–5344; fax (310) 627–5210.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On April 5, 1995, the FAA issued AD 95-08-04, amendment 39-9193 (60 FR 19348, April 18, 1995), applicable to certain McDonnell Douglas Model DC-9-80 series airplanes and Model MD-88 airplanes, to require a visual inspection to detect damage, burn marks, or black or brown discoloration at certain electrical plugs and receptacles of the sidewall lighting in the passenger cabin. The amendment also requires modification of the electrical connectors of the sidewall lighting in the passenger cabin, which would constitute terminating action for the inspection requirement. That action was prompted by reports of failures of the electrical connectors in the sidewall fluorescent lighting, which resulted in smoke or lighting interruption in the passenger cabin. The requirements of that AD are intended to prevent failures of the electrical connectors, which could result in poor socket/pin contact, excessive heat, electrical arcing, and subsequently, connector burn through and smoke in the passenger cabin.

Since the issuance of AD 95–08–04, the FAA has reviewed and approved Revision 1 of McDonnell Douglas MD-80 Service Bulletin 33-99, dated February 23, 1995. The inspection, replacement, and modification procedures described in this revision are identical to those described in the original version, which was referenced in AD 95-08-04 as the appropriate source of service information. (This revision also contains certain minor editorial changes.) Additionally, this effectivity listing in this revision is expanded to include ten additional airplanes: those having serial numbers 49614, 49626 through 49632 inclusive, 496368, and 49707. The FAA has determined that these additional airplanes are subject to the addressed unsafe condition.

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other airplanes of the same type design, this AD is being issued to prevent failures of the electrical connectors, which could result in poor socket/pin contact, excessive heat, electrical arcing, and subsequently, connector burn through and smoke in the passenger cabin. This AD requires a visual inspection to detect damage, burn marks, or black or brown discoloration at certain electrical plugs and receptacles of the sidewall lighting in the passenger cabin. The AD also requires modification of the electrical

connectors of the sidewall lighting in the passenger cabin, which would constitute terminating action for the inspection requirement. The actions are required to be accomplished in accordance with the service bulletin described previously. This AD varies from the service bulletin in that it only applies to Model DC-9-80 series airplanes and Model MD-88 airplanes having serial numbers 49614, 49626 through 49632 inclusive, 49668, and 49707.

None of the Model DC-9-80 series airplanes and Model MD-88 airplanes affected by this action is on the U.S. Register. All airplanes included in the applicability of this rule currently are operated by non-U.S. operators under foreign registry; therefore, they are not directly affected by this AD action. However, the FAA considers that this rule is necessary to ensure that the unsafe condition is addressed in the event that any of these subject airplanes are imported and placed on the U.S. Register in the future.

Should an affected airplane be imported and placed on the U.S. Register in the future, it would require approximately 75 work hours to accomplish the required actions, at an average labor charge of \$60 per work hour. Required parts will cost approximately \$1,870 per airplane. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of this AD would be \$6,370 per airplane.

Since this AD action does not affect any airplane that is currently on the U.S. register, it has no adverse economic impact and imposes no additional burden on any person. Therefore, notice and public procedures hereon are unnecessary and the amendment may be made effective in less than 30 days after publication in the Federal Register.

Comments Invited

Although this action is in the form of a final rule and was not preceded by notice and opportunity for public comment, comments are invited on this rule. Interested persons are invited to comment on this rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified under the caption ADDRESSES. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments will be considered, and this rule may be amended in light of the comments received. Factual information that supports the commenter's ideas and suggestions is extremely helpful in evaluating the effectiveness of the AD action and determining whether

additional rulemaking action would be needed.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the rule that might suggest a need to modify the rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report that summarizes each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this AD will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this rule must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 95–NM–144–AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 USC 106(g), 40101, 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

95–19–09 McDonnell Douglas: Amendment 39–9371. Docket 95–NM–144–AD.

Applicability: Model DC-9-80 series airplanes and Model MD-88 airplanes having serial numbers 49614, 49626 through 49632 inclusive, 49668, and 49707; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must use the authority provided in paragraph (c) of this AD to request approval from the FAA. This approval may address either no action, if the current configuration eliminates the unsafe condition; or different actions necessary to address the unsafe condition described in this AD. Such a request should include an assessment of the effect of the changed configuration on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD. In no case does the presence of any modification, alteration, or repair remove any airplane from the applicability of this AD.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent poor socket/pin contact, excessive heat, electrical arcing, and subsequently, connector burn through and smoke in the passenger cabin, accomplish the following:

(a) Within 18 months after the effective date of this AD, perform a visual inspection to detect damage, burn marks, or black or brown discoloration caused by electrical arcing at electrical plugs, having part number (P/N) MS3126F-15P, and receptacles, having P/N MS3124E-15S, of the sidewall lighting in the passenger cabin, in accordance with McDonnell Douglas MD-80 Service Bulletin 33–99, Revision 1, dated February 23, 1995.

(1) If no discrepancies are found, no further action is required by this paragraph.

(2) If any discrepancy is found, prior to further flight, replace the damaged connectors, pins, sockets, or wire with new parts, in accordance with the service bulletin.

(b) Within 18 months after the effective date of this AD, modify the electrical connectors of the sidewall lighting in the passenger cabin, in accordance with McDonnell Douglas MD–80 Service Bulletin 33–99, Revision 1, dated February 23, 1995. Accomplishment of this modification constitutes terminating action for the requirements of this AD.

(c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that

provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Los Angeles ACO.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Los Angeles ACO.

(d) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

(e) The inspection, replacement, and modification shall be done in accordance with McDonnell Douglas MD-80 Service Bulletin 33-99, Revision 1, dated February 23, 1995. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from McDonnell Douglas Corporation, 3855 Lakewood Boulevard, Long Beach, California 90846, Attention: Technical Publications Business Administration, Dept. C1-L51 (2-60). Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, 3960 Paramount Boulevard, Lakewood, California 90712; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

(f) This amendment becomes effective on October 5, 1995.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on September 7, 1995.

D. L. Riggin,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 95–22714 Filed 9–19–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 94-ANM-49]

Realignment of Jet Route J-15

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule will realign Jet Route J–15 to include the Twin Falls, ID, Very High Frequency Omnidirectional Range/Tactical Air Navigation (VORTAC) facility. This action will enhance traffic flow and reduce controller workload on a frequently used high altitude route.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 UTC, November 9, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Norman W. Thomas, Airspace and Obstruction Evaluation Branch (ATP– 240), Airspace-Rules and Aeronautical Information Division, Air Traffic Rules and Procedures Service, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591; telephone: (202) 267–9230.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

On November 16, 1994, the FAA proposed to amend part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) to realign Jet Route J–15 to include the Twin Falls, ID, VORTAC (59 FR 59181).

Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking proceeding by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments objecting to the proposal were received. Except for editorial changes, this amendment is the same as that proposed in the notice. Jet routes are published in paragraph 2004 of FAA Order 7400.9C dated August 17, 1995, and effective September 16, 1995, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The jet route listed in this document will be published subsequently in the Order.

The Rule

This amendment to part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations realigns Jet Route J–15 to include the Twin Falls, ID, VORTAC. This will enhance traffic flow and reduce controller workload on a frequently used high altitude route.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore—(1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a ''significant rule'' under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

Adoption of the Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71, as follows:

PART 71—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389; 14 CFR 11.69.

§71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of the Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9C, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 17, 1995, and effective September 16, 1995, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 2004—Jet Routes

* * * * *

J-15 [Revised]

From Humble, TX, via INT Humble 269° and Junction, TX, 112° radials; Junction; Wink, TX; Chisum, NM; Corona, NM; Albuquerque, NM; Farmington, NM; Grand Junction, CO; Salt Lake City, UT; Twin Falls, ID; Boise, ID; Kimberly, OR; INT Kimberly 288° and Battle Ground, WA, 136° radials; to Battle Ground.

Issued in Washington, DC, on September 12, 1995.

Reginald C. Matthews,

Acting Manager, Airspace—Rules and Aeronautical Information Division.

[FR Doc. 95–23341 Filed 9–19–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 94-AAL-1]

Extension of Jet Route J–179 and Establishment of Jet Route J–510; Alaska

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule alters Jet Route J-179 between the Middleton Island, AK, Very High Frequency Omnidirectional Range/Distance Measuring Equipment (VOR/DME) to the Sparrevohn, AK, VOR/DME and from the St. Mary's, AK, Nondirectional Radio Beacon (NDB) to the Emmonak, AK, VOR/DME. Also, this rule establishes Jet Route J-510 between the Galena, AK, Very High Frequency Omnidirectional Range/ Tactical Air Navigation (VORTAC) facility to the Emmonak, AK, VOR/ DME. This action will enhance navigation for aircraft flying from the continental United States and aircraft departing from Anchorage International Airport. This action will also reduce pilot and air traffic controller workload. EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 UTC, November 9, 1995.