SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority: Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended; section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854).

The current limit for Category 443 is being increased for swing and special shift, reducing the limits for Categories 410 and 434 to account for the increase.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see Federal Register notice 59 FR 65531, published on December 20, 1994). Also see 59 FR 62717, published on December 6, 1994; and 60 FR 16623, published on March 31, 1995.

The letter to the Commissioner of Customs and the actions taken pursuant to it are not designed to implement all of the provisions of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act and the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing, but are designed to assist only in the implementation of certain of their provisions.

D. Michael Hutchinson,

Acting Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

September 14, 1995.

Commissioner of Customs,

Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC 20229.

Dear Commissioner: This directive amends, but does not cancel, the directive issued to you on November 29, 1994, as amended on March 27, 1995, by the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. That directive concerns imports of certain cotton, wool and man-made fiber textile products, produced or manufactured in Hungary and exported during the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 1995 and extending through December 31, 1995.

Effective on September 21, 1995, you are directed to adjust the limits for the following categories, as provided for under the Uruguay Round Agreements Act and the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing:

Category	Twelve-month restraint limit ¹
410	856,527 square me- ters.
434	13,125 dozen. 179,303 numbers.
443	179,303 numbers.

¹The limits have not been adjusted to account for any imports exported after December 31, 1994.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that these actions fall within the foreign affairs exception of the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1). Sincerely, D. Michael Hutchinson, *Acting Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.* [FR Doc. 95–23284 Filed 9–19–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DR–F

Amendment of Export Visa Requirements for Certain Man-Made Fiber Textiles and Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in the Philippines

September 14, 1995. **AGENCY:** Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA). **ACTION:** Issuing a directive to the Commissioner of Customs amending

Commissioner of Customs amending visa requirements.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 21, 1995. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Janet Heinzen, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482–4212.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority: Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended; section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854).

A notice published in the Federal Register on August 15, 1995 announces that, effective on September 1, 1995, for goods produced or manufactured in the Philippines and exported from the Philippines on and after September 1, 1995, part-category visas will no longer be required for certain part-categories, including Categories 669–P and 669–O.

The purpose of this notice is to announce that the part-category visa requirement shall continue for Categories 669–P and 669–O.

In the letter published below, the Chairman of CITA directs the Commissioner of Customs to continue to require a part-category visa for goods in Categories 669–P and 669–O, produced or manufactured in the Philippines and entered into the United States for consumption and withdrawn from warehouse for consumption.

See 52 FR 11308, published on April 8, 1987.

D. Michael Hutchinson,

Acting Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

September 14, 1995.

Commissioner of Customs,

Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC 20229.

Dear Commissioner: This directive amends, but does not cancel, the directive

issued to you on August 9, 1995, by the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. That directive directs you to amend export visa requirements for certain cotton, wool and man-made fiber textiles and textile products, produced or manufactured in the Philippines.

Effective on September 21, 1995, you are directed to continue to require a partcategory visa for goods in Categories 669–P¹ and 669–O², produced or manufactured in the Philippines and entered into the United States for consumption and withdrawn from warehouse for consumption.

Shipments entered or withdrawn from warehouse according to this directive which are not accompanied by an appropriate export visa shall be denied entry and a new visa must be obtained.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that this action falls within the foreign affairs exception to the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1).

Sincerely,

D. Michael Hutchinson,

Acting Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. [FR Doc. 95–23283 Filed 9–19–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DR–F

Textile and Apparel Categories With the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States; Change to the 1995 Correlation

September 14, 1995.

AGENCY: Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

ACTION: Changes to the 1995 Correlation.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lori E. Goldberg, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482–3400.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

The Correlation: Textile and Apparel Categories based on the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (1995) presents the harmonized tariff numbers under each of the cotton, wool, man-made fiber, silk blend and other vegetable fiber categories used by the United States in monitoring imports of these textile products and in the administration of the textile program. The Correlation should be amended to include the following change which was effective on July 1, 1995:

¹ Category 669–P: only HTS numbers

^{6305.31.0010, 6305.31.0020} and 6305.39.0000. ² Category 669–O: all HTS numbers except 6305.31.0010, 6305.31.0020 and 6305.39.0000 (Category 669–P).

Change in the 1995 Correlation

Replace 4202.92.3040 (870) with 4202.90.3090—Definition remains the same.

D. Michael Hutchinson,

Acting Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. [FR Doc. 95–23282 Filed 9–19–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DR–F

Request for Public Comments on Bilateral Textile Consultations with the Government of Russia on Certain Wool Textile Products

September 14, 1995. **AGENCY:** Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

ACTION: Notice.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Naomi Freeman, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482–4212. For information on categories for which consultations have been requested, call (202) 482–3740.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority: Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended; section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854).

On August 31, 1995, in accordance with Section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended, the Government of the United States requested consultations with the Government of Russia with respect to women's and girls' wool coats in Category 435, produced or manufactured in Russia.

The purpose of this notice is to advise the public that, if no solution is agreed upon in consultations with the Government of Russia, the Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements may later establish a limit for the entry and withdrawal from warehouse for consumption of wool textile products in Category 435, produced or manufactured in Russia and exported during the twelve-month period which began on August 31, 1995 and extends through August 30, 1996, at a level of not less than 45,896 dozen.

A summary market statement concerning Category 435 follows this notice.

Anyone wishing to comment or provide data or information regarding the treatment of Category 435, or to comment on domestic production or availability of products included in Category 435, is invited to submit 10 copies of such comments or information to D. Michael Hutchinson, Acting Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230; ATTN: Helen L. LeGrande. The comments received will be considered in the context of the consultations with the Government of Russia.

Because the exact timing of the consultations is not yet certain, comments should be submitted promptly. Comments or information submitted in response to this notice will be available for public inspection in the Office of Textiles and Apparel, room H3100, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC.

Further comments may be invited regarding particular comments or information received from the public which the Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements considers appropriate for further consideration.

The solicitation of comments regarding any aspect of the implementation of an agreement is not a waiver in any respect of the exemption contained in 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1) relating to matters which constitute "a foreign affairs function of the United States."

The United States remains committed to finding a solution concerning Category 435. Should such a solution be reached in consultations with the Government of Russia, further notice will be published in the Federal Register.

À description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see Federal Register notice 59 FR 65531, published on December 20, 1994). D. Michael Hutchinson,

Acting Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

Statement of Serious Damage

Russia

Women's and Girls' Wool Coats—Category 435

August 1995

Import Situation and Conclusion Imports of women's and girls' wool coats, Category 435, from Russia reached 44,174 dozen for the year ending June 1995, 34 percent above the 32,991 dozen imported in the year ending June 1994. Imports from Russia during the year ending June 1995 were 3.6 percent of total U.S. imports of Category 435, and were equivalent to 5.0 percent of U.S. production of Category 435 in 1994. U.S. imports of women's and girls' wool coats from Russia in Category 435 during the year ending June 1995 entered the U.S. at an average landed duty-paid value of \$318.13 per dozen, 61 percent below the U.S. producers' average price for women's and girls' wool coats.

The sharp and substantial increase of low priced imports from Russia is causing serious damage to the U.S. industry producing women's and girls' wool coats.

U.S. Production, Import Penetration, and Market Share

U.S. production of women's and girls' wool coats, Category 435, declined in 1993 and in 1994, falling to 874,000 dozen, 7 percent below the 942,000 dozen produced in 1993 and 11 percent below the 987,000 dozen produced in 1992. In contrast, U.S. imports of Category 435 from all sources increased to 1,203,000 dozen in 1994, 8 percent above the 1993 level and 44 percent above the 1992 level. Category 435 imports continue to increase in 1995, reaching 1,246,000 dozen in the year ending June 1995.

The ratio of imports to domestic production increased from 84 percent in 1992 to 118 percent in 1993 to 138 percent in 1994. The share of the U.S. women's and girls' wool coat market held by domestic manufacturers fell from 54 percent in 1992 to 42 percent in 1994, a decline of 12 percentage points.

[FR Doc. 95–23281 Filed 9–19–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DR–F

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Navy

Record of Decision to Upgrade the Wastewater Treatment System in the San Onofre Basin of Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton, CA

Pursuant to Section 102(c) of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969, and the Council of **Environmental Quality Regulations (40** CFR parts 1500-1508), the Department of the Navy announces its decision to upgrade the wastewater treatment system in the San Onofre Basin of Marine Corps Base (MCB) Camp Pendleton, California. This upgrade will construct twelve new percolation basins; about 30 acres in total size and located down stream of existing potable water wells; a new pumping station; and a 5.76 mile pipeline from sewage treatment plants 10 and 11 to the new percolation ponds.