Signed at Washington, D.C. this 19th day of September 1995.

Victor J. Trunzo,

Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 95–24397 Filed 9–29–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

Texaco Exploration and Production, Inc.; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on December 2, 1994, applicable to all workers of Texaco Exploration and Production, Inc., operating at various locations in the United States. The certification was subsequently amended December 16, 1994 and March 16, 1995, to include workers of the subject firm operating in additional States. The amendments were published in the Federal Register on January 4, 1995 (60 FR 48) and March 27, 1995 (60 FR 15793), respectively.

At the request of petitioners, the Department reviewed the subject certification. New information received from the company shows that certain groups within the Comptrollers Department of Texaco, Inc., including Producing Accounting—Bakersfield; Denver; New Orleans; Midland; Gas-East; Gas-West; and Texaco Natural Gas directly support the operations of Texaco Exploration and Production, Inc. New findings show that there have been worker separations. Further findings show that effective January 1, 1995 all Texaco, Inc. service departments, including the Comptrollers Department, were assigned to a new subsidiary called Texaco Groups Inc. Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification to include workers in the Comptrollers Department.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of the subject firm who were adversely affected by increased imports.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-30,378B, TA-W-30,378C, TA-W-30,378F, and TA-W-30,378K is hereby issued as follows:

"All workers of Texaco Exploration and Production, Inc. and the Comptrollers Department of Texaco, Inc. a/k/a Texaco Group Inc., operating out of various locations as specified below engaged in the exploration and production of crude oil, natural gas liquids and natural gas who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after October 3, 1993 are eligible to apply for

adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974:

TA-W-30,378B California (Including Producing Accounting—Bakersfield)
TA-W-30,378C Colorado (Including Producing Accounting—Denver)
TA-W-30,378F Louisiana (Including Producing Accounting—New Orleans)
TA-W-30,378K Texas (Including Producing Accounting—Midland; Producing Accounting—Gas-East; Producing Accounting—Gas-West; and Producing Accounting—Texaco Natural Gas)."

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 21st day of September 1995.

Victor J. Trunzo,

Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 95–24392 Filed 9–29–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

Sara Lee Knit Products; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 USC 2273), the Department of Labor issued a Certification for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance on August 5, 1994, applicable to all workers of the several plants and facilities of the Sara Lee Knit Products, in Martinsville, Virginia.

The certification was subsequently amended to cover workers at the subject firm locations in Gretna, Virginia and Morganton, North Carolina. The notice was published in the Federal Register on March 10, 1995 (60 FR 13182).

At the request of the company the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. New information received from the company reveals that worker separations have occurred at the Sara Lee Knit Product locations in Mocksville and Sparta, North Carolina.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers who were adversely affected by increased imports. Accordingly, the Department is again amending the certification to include the Sara Lee Knit Products workers located in Mocksville and Sparta, North Carolina.

The amended notice applicable to NAFTA—00168 is hereby issued as follows:

"All workers of Sara Lee Knit Products plants located in Martinsville, Virginia (NAFTA–00168); Gretna, Virginia (NAFTA– 00168A); Morganton, North Carolina (NAFTA–00168B); Mocksville, North Carolina (NAFTA–00168C); and Sparta, North Carolina (NAFTA–00168D) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after December 8, 1993 are eligible to apply for NAFTA-TAA Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974."

Signed at Washington, DC, this 19th day of September 1995.

Victor J. Trunzo,

Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 95–24398 Filed 9–29–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

[Notice 95-090]

Notice of Prospective Patent License

AGENCY: National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

ACTION: Notice of prospective patent license.

SUMMARY: NASA hereby gives notice that VivoRx Pharmaceuticals, Inc., of Santa Monica, California, has requested a partially exclusive license to practice the inventions described in: U.S. Patent No. 5,153,132 entitled "Three-Dimensional Co-Culture Process"; U.S. Patent No. 5,308,764 entitled "Multi-Cellular Three-Dimensional Living Mammalian Tissue''; U.S. Patent No. 5,155,034 entitled "Three-Dimensional Cell to Tissue Assembly Process"; U.S. Patent No. 5,330,908 entitled "High Density Cell Culture System"; U.S. Patent No. 4,839,046 entitled "Bio-Reactor Chamber"; U.S. Patent No. 5,026,650 entitled "Horizontally Rotated Cell Culture System with a Coaxial Tubular Oxygenator''; and U.S. Patent No. 5,002,890 entitled "Spiral Vane Bio-Reactor"; and the inventions disclosed in the following patent applications: Serial No. 08/170,488, Three-Dimensional Co-Culture Process"; Serial No. 08/066,292, "Process for Complex Three-Dimensional Co-Culture of Normal Human Small Intestine"; Serial No. 08/277,827, "Horizontal Rotating Ozygentator for High-Density Cell Culture"; Serial No. 08/172,962 "Process for Developing High-Fidelity Three Dimensional Tumor Models for Human Bladder Carcinoma"; Serial No. 08/366,065, "Horizontal Rotating-Wall Vessel Propagation in Vitro Human Tissue Models"; and Serial No. 08/ 291,791, "Recombinant Protein Production and Insect Cell Culture and Process"; all of which are assigned to the United States of America as represented by the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration. Written objections to the prospective grant of a license should

be sent to Mr. James M. Cate, Patent Attorney, NASA Johnson Space Center. **DATES:** Responses to this Notice must be received by December 1, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. James M. Cate, NASA Johnson Space Center, Mail Code HA, Houston, TX 77058; telephone number (713) 483– 1001

Dated: September 22, 1995.

Edward A. Frankle, General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 95-24352 Filed 9-29-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7510-01-M

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket Nos. 50-275 and 50-323]

Pacific Gas and Electric Company, (Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant Units 1 and 2)

Exemption

Ι

On November 2, 1984, the Commission issued Facility Operating License No. DPR–80 and on August 26, 1985, the Commission issued Facility Operating License No. DPR–82 to Pacific Gas and Electric Company (the licensee) for the Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant, Units 1 and 2 (DCPP), respectively. The license provides, among other things, that the licensee is subject to all rules, regulations, and orders of the Commission now or hereafter in effect.

II

It is stated in 10 CFR 73.55, "Requirements for physical protection of licensed activities in nuclear power reactors against radiological sabotage," paragraph (a), that "The licensee shall establish and maintain an onsite physical protection system and security organization which will have as its objective to provide high assurance that activities involving special nuclear material are not inimical to the common defense and security and do not constitute an unreasonable risk to the public health and safety."

It is specified in 10 ČFR 73.55(d), "Access Requirements," paragraph (1), that "The licensee shall control all points of personnel and vehicle access into a protected area." It is specified in 10 CFR 73.55(d)(5) that "A numbered picture badge identification system shall be used for all individuals who are authorized access to protected areas without escort * * *" It also states that an individual not employed by the licensee (i.e., contractors) may be

authorized access to protected areas without escort provided the individual "receives a picture badge upon entrance into the protected area which must be returned upon exit from the protected area. * * *"

The licensee proposed to implement an alternative unescorted access control system which would eliminate the need to issue and retrieve badges at each entrance/exit location and would allow all individuals with unescorted access to keep their badges with them when departing the site.

An exemption from certain requirements of 10 CFR 73.55(d)(5) is required to allow contractors who have unescorted access to take their badges offsite instead of returning them when exiting the site. By letter dated May 5, 1995, and supplements dated July 28, 1995, September 14, 1995 and September 19, 1995, the licensee requested an exemption from certain requirements of 10 CFR 73.55(d)(5) for this purpose.

III

Pursuant to 10 CFR 73.5, "Specific exemptions," the Commission may, upon application of any interested person or upon its own initiative, grant such exemptions in this part as it determines are authorized by law and will not endanger life or property or the common defense and security, and are otherwise in the public interest. Pursuant to 10 CFR 73.55, the Commission may authorize a licensee to provide measures for protection against radiological sabotage provided the licensee demonstrates that the measures have "the same high assurance objective" and meet "the general performance requirements" of the regulation, and "the overall level of system performance provides protection against radiological sabotage equivalent" to that which would be provided by the regulation.

At the DCPP site, unescorted access into protected areas is controlled through the use of a photograph on a combination badge and keycard. (Hereafter, these are referred to as badges.) The security officers at the entrance station use the photograph on the badge to visually identify the individual requesting access. The badges for both licensee employees and contractor personnel who have been granted unescorted access are issued upon entrance at the entrance/exit location and are returned upon exit. The badges are stored and are retrievable at the entrance/exit location. In accordance with 10 CFR 73.55(d)(5), contractor individuals are not allowed to take badges offsite. In accordance

with the plant's physical security plan, neither licensee employee nor contractors are allowed to take badges offsite.

Under the proposed system, each individual who is authorized for unescorted access into protected areas would have the physical characteristics of their hand (hand geometry) registered with their badge number in the access control system. When an individual enters the badge into the card reader and places the hand on the measuring surface, the system would record the individual's hand image. The unique characteristics of the extracted hand image would be compared with the previously stored template in the access control system to verify authorization for entry. Individuals, including licensee employees and contractors, would be allowed to keep their badges with them when they depart the site and thus eliminate the process to issue, retrieve and store badges at the entrance stations to the plant. Badges do not carry any information other than a unique identification number.

All other access processes, including search function capability, would remain the same. This system would not be used for persons requiring escorted access, i.e., visitors.

Based on a Sandia report entitled, "A Performance Evaluation of Biometric Identification Devices" (SAND91-0276 UC-906 Unlimited Release, printed June 1991), and on the licensee's experience with the current photoidentification system, the licensee stated that the false acceptance rate for the hand geometry system is comparable to that of the current system. The biometric system has been in use for a number of years at several sensitive Department of Energy facilities. The licensee will implement a process for testing the proposed system to ensure continued overall level of performance equivalent to that specified in the regulation. The Physical Security Plan for DCPP will be revised to include implementation and testing of the hand geometry access control system and to allow licensee employees and contractors to take their badges offsite.

The licensee will control all points of personnel access into a protected area under the observation of security personnel through the use of a badge and verification of hand geometry. A numbered picture badge identification system will continue to be used for all individuals who are authorized unescorted access to protected areas. Badges will continue to be displayed by all individuals while inside the protected area.