Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and the United Kingdom.

Unit: $ value

Reason for Control: CB

GTDR: No

GTDU: Only to countries listed above as not subject to validated license

* * * * *

1E60C Technology for the Production and/or Disposal of Chemical Precursors Described in ECCN 1C60C, and Technology as Described in the List Below for Facilities Designed or Intended to Produce Chemicals Described in ECCN 1C60

Requirements

Validated License Required: QSTVWYZ, *except* Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovak Republic, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and the United Kingdom.

Reason for Control: CB

GTDR: No

GTDU: Only to countries listed above as not subject to validated license

* * * * *

9. In Supplement No. 1 to § 799.2, the introductory text to Interpretation 23 is revised to read as follows:

Supplement No. 1 to § 799.2—Interpretations

* * * * *

Interpretation 23: Precursor Chemicals

Following is a list of chemicals controlled by ECCN 1C60C that includes their Chemical Abstract Service Registry (C.A.S.) number and synonyms (i.e., alternative names). These chemicals require a validated license to all countries except Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovak Republic, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and the United Kingdom.

* * * * *

Dated: October 13, 1995.

Iain S. Baird,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Export Administration.

[FR Doc. 95–25900 Filed 10–18–95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DT–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Part 173

[Docket No. 94F–0415]

Secondary Direct Food Additives Permitted in Food for Human Consumption; Polypropylene Glycol

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending the food additive regulations to provide for the safe use of polypropylene glycol with a molecular weight range of 1,200–3,000 grams per mole (g/mol) as a defoaming agent in processing beet sugar and yeast. This action is in response to a petition filed by Ashland Chemical Co.

DATES: Effective October 19, 1995; written objections and requests for a hearing by November 20, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Submit written objections to the Dockets Management Branch (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, rm. 1–23, 12420 Parklawn Dr., Rockville, MD 20857.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Aydin Örstan, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (HFS–217), Food and Drug Administration, 200 C St. SW., Washington, DC 20204, 202–418–3076.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In a notice published in the Federal Register of January 12, 1995 (60 FR 2975), FDA announced that a food additive petition (FAP 5A4436) had been filed by Ashland Chemical Co., One Drew Plaza, Boonton, NJ 07005, proposing that § 173.340 *Defoaming agents* (21 CFR 173.340) be amended to provide for the safe use of polypropylene glycol with a molecular weight range of 1,200–3,000 g/mol as a defoaming agent in processing beet sugar and yeast.

The additive polypropylene glycol with a molecular weight range of 1,200–2,500 g/mol is currently listed in § 173.340 for use as a defoaming agent in processing beet sugar and yeast. FDA has evaluated the data in the petition and other relevant material and concludes that the extension of the allowable molecular weight range for polypropylene glycol to a maximum of 3,000 from the current 2,500 g/mol would not result in a greater exposure to the additive or to residual oligomers and monomers. The longer polymer of propylene glycol is a more effective defoamer and can be used at lower levels than the currently regulated polymer. Therefore, FDA concludes that the proposed food additive use of polypropylene glycol with a molecular weight range of 1,200–3,000 g/mol requested by the petitioner is safe and that § 173.340 should be amended as set forth below.

In accordance with § 171.1(h) (21 CFR 171.1(h)), the petition and the documents that FDA considered and relied upon in reaching its decision to approve the petition are available for inspection at the Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition by appointment with the information contact person listed above. As provided in § 171.1(h), the agency will delete from the documents any materials that are not available for public disclosure before making the documents available for inspection.

The agency has previously considered the environmental effects of this rule and announced its conclusion in the notice of filing for FAP 5A4436 (60 FR 2975, January 12, 1995). No new information or comments have been received that would affect the agency's conclusion that there is no significant impact on the human environment and that an environmental impact statement is not required.

Any person who will be adversely affected by this regulation may at any time on or before November 20, 1995, file with the Dockets Management Branch (address above) written objections thereto. Each objection shall be separately numbered, and each numbered objection shall specify with particularity the provisions of the regulation to which objection is made and the grounds for the objection. Each numbered objection on which a hearing is requested shall specifically so state. Failure to request a hearing for any particular objection shall constitute a waiver of the right to a hearing on that objection. Each numbered objection for which a hearing is requested shall include a detailed description and analysis of the specific factual information intended to be presented in support of the objection in the event that a hearing is held. Failure to include such a description and analysis for any particular objection shall constitute a waiver of the right to a hearing on the objection. Three copies of all documents shall be submitted and shall be identified with the docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document. Any objections received in response to the regulation may be seen in the Dockets Management Branch between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

List of Subjects in 21 CFR part 173

Food additives.

Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs and redelegated to the Director, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition, 21 CFR part 173 is amended as follows:

PART 173—SECONDARY DIRECT FOOD ADDITIVES PERMITTED IN FOOD FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION

1. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 173 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 201, 402, 409 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321, 342, 348).

§ 173.340 [Amended]

2. Section 173.340 *Defoaming agents* is amended in the table in paragraph (a)(3) in the entry for ''Polypropylene glycol'' under the heading ''Limitations'' by removing ''1,200–2,500'' and adding in its place ''1,200–3,000''.

Dated: October 4, 1995.

Fred R. Shank,

Director, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition.

[FR Doc. 95–25924 Filed 10–18–95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–01–F

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

44 CFR Part 65

[Docket No. FEMA–7150]

Changes in Flood Elevation Determinations

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, FEMA.

ACTION: Interim rule.

SUMMARY: This interim rule lists communities where modification of the base (1% annual chance) flood elevations is appropriate because of new scientific or technical data. New flood insurance premium rates will be calculated from the modified base flood elevations for new buildings and their contents.

DATES: These modified base flood elevations are currently in effect on the dates listed in the table and revise the Flood Insurance Rate Map(s) (FIRMs) in effect prior to this determination for each listed community.

From the date of the second publication of these changes in a newspaper of local circulation, any person has ninety (90) days in which to request through the community that the Associate Director reconsider the changes. The modified elevations may be changed during the 90-day period.

ADDRESSES: The modified base flood elevations for each community are available for inspection at the office of the Chief Executive Officer of each community. The respective addresses are listed in the following table.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael K. Buckley, P.E., Chief, Hazard Identification Branch, Mitigation Directorate, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2756.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The modified base flood elevations are not listed for each community in this interim rule. However, the address of the Chief Executive Officer of the community where the modified base flood elevation determinations are available for inspection is provided.

Any request for reconsideration must be based upon knowledge of changed conditions, or upon new scientific or technical data.

The modifications are made pursuant to section 201 of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4105, and are in accordance with the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.,* and with 44 CFR part 65.

For rating purposes, the currently effective community number is shown and must be used for all new policies and renewals.

The modified base flood elevations are the basis for the floodplain management measures that the community is required to either adopt or to show evidence of being already in effect in order to qualify or to remain qualified for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program.

These modified elevations, together with the floodplain management criteria required by 44 CFR 60.3, are the minimum that are required. They should not be construed to mean that the community must change any existing ordinances that are more stringent in their floodplain management requirements. The community may at any time enact stricter requirements of its own, or pursuant to policies established by other Federal, state or regional entities.

The changes in base flood elevations are in accordance with 44 CFR 65.4.

National Environmental Policy Act

This rule is categorically excluded from the requirements of 44 CFR Part 10, Environmental Consideration. No environmental impact assessment has been prepared.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Associate Director, Mitigation Directorate, certifies that this rule is exempt from the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act because modified base flood elevations are required by the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4105, and are required to maintain community eligibility in the National Flood Insurance Program. No regulatory flexibility analysis has been prepared.

Regulatory Classification

This interim rule is not a significant regulatory action under the criteria of section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993, Regulatory Planning and Review, 58 FR 51735.

Executive Order 12612, Federalism

This rule involves no policies that have federalism implications under Executive Order 12612, Federalism, dated October 26, 1987.

Executive Order 12778, Civil Justice Reform

This rule meets the applicable standards of section 2(b)(2) of Executive Order 12778.

List of Subjects in 44 CFR Part 65

Flood insurance, Floodplains, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Accordingly, 44 CFR part 65 is amended to read as follows:

PART 65—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 65 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 329; E.O. 12127, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 376.

§ 65.4 [Amended]

2. The tables published under the authority of § 65.4 are amended as follows: