swivel type bogie beams on which the swivel pin lugs have not been nickel plated, certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must use the authority provided in paragraph (e) of this AD to request approval from the FAA. This approval may address either no action, if the current configuration eliminates the unsafe condition; or different actions necessary to address the unsafe condition described in this AD. Such a request should include an assessment of the effect of the changed configuration on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD. In no case does the presence of any modification, alteration, or repair remove any airplane from the applicability of this AD.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless

accomplished previously.

To prevent failure of the swivel-type bogie beam of the main landing gear (MLG) due to stress corrosion, which could result in a collapse of the MLG during landing, accomplish the following:

(a) Perform a magnetic particle inspection to detect cracking of the swivel bogie beam lugs, in accordance with McDonnell Douglas DC-8 Service Bulletin 32-182, dated January 20, 1995, McDonnell Douglas Service Bulletin DC8-32-182, Revision 1, dated July 21, 1995, or Revision 02, dated August 30, 1995, at the later of the times specified in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this AD.

(1) Prior to the accumulation of 11,600 total flight hours, or within 10 years since the installation of the forward bogie beam of the MLG, whichever occurs first.

(2) Prior to the accumulation of 2,000 flight hours, or 2 years after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs first.

(b) If no cracking is detected during the inspection required by paragraph (a) of this AD, prior to further flight, perform a visual inspection to detect corrosion in the swivel pin lug surfaces and bores, in accordance with McDonnell Douglas DC-8 Service Bulletin 32-182, dated January 20, 1995; McDonnell Douglas Service Bulletin DC8-32-182, Revision 1, dated July 21, 1995; or Revision 02, dated August 30, 1995

Note 2: Particular attention should be paid to the lubrication of the swivel pin lug and the lower swivel pin bushing during regular normal maintenance.

- (1) If no corrosion is detected, prior to further flight, accomplish paragraph (b)(1)(i), (b)(1)(ii), (b)(1)(iii), or (b)(1)(iv) of this AD, as applicable, in accordance with the service bulletin.
- (i) For Group I airplanes on which the forward bogie beam has not been modified previously: Modify the forward bogie beam in accordance with the actions specified (for Group I airplanes) as Condition 1 of the Accomplishment Instructions of the service bulletin.
- (ii) For Group I airplanes on which the forward bogie beam has been modified

previously: Modify the forward bogie beam in accordance with the actions specified (for Group I airplanes) as Condition 2 of the Accomplishment Instructions of the service bulletin.

(iii) For Group II airplanes on which the forward bogie beam has not been modified previously: Modify the forward bogie beam in accordance with the actions specified (for Group II airplanes) as Condition 1 of the Accomplishment Instructions of the service

(iv) For Group II airplanes on which the forward bogie beam has been modified previously: Modify the forward bogie beam in accordance with the actions specified (for Group II airplanes) as Condition 2 of the Accomplishment Instructions of the service bulletin.

(2) If any corrosion is detected, prior to further flight, accomplish paragraph (b)(2)(i), (b)(2)(ii), (b)(2)(iii), or (b)(2)(iv), asapplicable, in accordance with the service bulletin.

- (i) For Group I airplanes on which the forward bogie beam has not been modified previously: Modify the forward bogie beam in accordance with the actions specified (for Group I airplanes) as Condition 1 of the Accomplishment Instructions of the service bulletin.
- (ii) For Group I airplanes on which the forward bogie beam has been modified previously: Modify the forward bogie beam in accordance with the actions specified (for Group I airplanes) as Condition 2 of the Accomplishment Instructions of the service bulletin.
- (iii) For Group II airplanes on which the forward bogie beam has not been modified previously: Modify the forward bogie beam in accordance with the actions specified (for Group II airplanes) as Condition 1 of the Accomplishment Instructions of the service bulletin. If the minimum thickness of the reworked swivel pin lug exceeds the dimensions specified in Table I of the service bulletin, prior to further flight, repair in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, Transport Airplane
- (iv) For Group II airplanes on which the forward bogie beam has been modified previously: Modify the forward bogie beam in accordance with the actions specified (for Group II airplanes) as Condition 2 of the Accomplishment Instructions of the service bulletin. If the minimum thickness of the reworked swivel pin lug exceeds the dimensions specified in Table I of the service bulletin, prior to further flight, repair in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, Los Angeles ACO.

(c) If any cracking is detected during the inspection required by paragraph (a) of this AD, prior to further flight, repair in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, Los Angeles ACO.

(d) As of the effective date of this AD, no forward bogie beam swivel pin lug shall be installed on any airplane, unless that swivel pin lug has been modified in accordance with McDonnell Douglas DC-8 Service Bulletin 32-182, dated January 20, 1995; McDonnell Douglas Service Bulletin DC8-

32-182, Revision 1, dated July 21, 1995; or Revision 02, dated August 30, 1995.

(e) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Los Angeles ACO. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Los Angeles ACO.

Note 3: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Los Angeles ACO.

(f) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on October 26, 1995.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 95-27076 Filed 10-31-95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-13-U

#### 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 95-AWA-7]

#### **Proposed Modification of the Offutt** AFB, Class C Airspace Area; Nebraska

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking.

**SUMMARY:** This proposed rule would modify the Class C airspace area at Offutt Air Force Base (AFB), NE. This proposal would delete the 1-mile airspace exclusion around the South Omaha Airport, due to its closure, and return this airspace to the surface area of the Class C airspace. In addition, this proposed rule would reduce controller workload.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before December 15, 1995.

**ADDRESSES:** Send comments on the proposal in triplicate to: Federal Aviation Administration, Office of the Chief Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket [AGC-200], Airspace Docket No. 95-AWA-7, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591.

The official docket may be examined in the Rules Docket, Office of the Chief Counsel, Room 916, weekdays, except Federal holidays, between 8:30 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.

An informal docket may also be examined during normal business hours at the office of the Regional Air Traffic Division.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William C. Nelson, Airspace and

Obstruction Evaluation Branch (ATP–240), Airspace-Rules and Aeronautical Information Division, Air Traffic Rules and Procedures Service, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591; telephone: (202) 267–9295.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Comments Invited

Interested parties are invited to participate in this proposed rulemaking by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Comments that provide the factual basis supporting the views and suggestions presented are particularly helpful in developing reasoned regulatory decisions on the proposal. Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, aeronautical, economic, environmental, and energy-related aspects of the proposal. Communications should identify the airspace docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address listed above. Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments on this notice must submit with those comments a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Airspace Docket No. 95– AWA-7." The postcard will be date/ time stamped and returned to the commenter. All communications received on or before the specified closing date for comments will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposal contained in this notice may be changed in light of comments received. All comments submitted will be available for examination in the Rules Docket both before and after the closing date for comments. A report summarizing each substantive public contact with FAA personnel concerned with this rulemaking will be filed in the docket.

#### Availability of NPRM's

Any person may obtain a copy of this Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) by submitting a request to the Federal Aviation Administration, Office of Public Affairs, Attention: Public Inquiry Center, APA–220, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591, or by calling (202) 267–3485.

Communications must identify the notice number of this NPRM. Persons interested in being placed on a mailing list for future NPRM's should also request a copy of Advisory Circular No. 11–2A, which describes the application procedure.

#### The Proposal

The FAA is considering an amendment to part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) to modify the Class C airspace area at Offutt AFB, NE. The proposed modification would eliminate the 1-mile airspace exclusion around South Omaha Airport due to its closure. The intended effect of this proposal is to return this airspace to the surface area of the established Class C airspace area. Additionally, this proposed rule would reduce controller workload. The coordinates for this airspace docket are based upon North American Datum 83. Class C airspace designations are published in paragraph 4000 of FAA Order 7400.9C dated August 17, 1995, and effective September 16, 1995, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class C airspace designation listed in this document would be subsequently published in the Order.

#### **Regulatory Evaluation Summary**

Proposed changes to Federal regulations must undergo several economic analyses. First, Executive Order 12866 directs that each Federal agency shall propose or adopt a regulation only upon a reasoned determination that the benefits of the intended regulation justify its costs. Second, the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 requires agencies to analyze the economic effect of regulatory changes on small entities. Third, the Office of Management and Budget directs agencies to assess the effect of regulatory changes on international trade. In conducting these analyses, the FAA has determined that this Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) is not "a significant regulatory action" as defined in the Executive Order and the Department of Transportation Regulatory Policies and Procedures.

This NPRM would modify the Class C airspace area at Offutt AFB, NE. This proposal would delete the 1-mile airspace exclusion around South Omaha Airport and standardize air traffic operations.

#### Costs

The FAA has determined that the implementation of the NPRM to modify the Class C airspace area at Offutt AFB, NE, would result in little or no cost to either the agency or aircraft operators. The elimination of the 1-mile airspace exclusion around the South Omaha Airport would not reduce aviation safety nor increase the risk of a midair collision because that airport is closed. Also, the revision to aeronautical charts to reflect the airspace modification

would be part of the routine and periodic updating of charts. Finally, the FAA would not incur any additional administrative costs for either personnel or equipment.

#### **Benefits**

The NPRM would generate benefits for system users and the FAA primarily in the form of enhanced operational efficiency. The NPRM would provide additional controlled airspace for aircraft landing at and departing from Offutt AFB, NE. Air traffic controllers would gain operational efficiency as they would be able to standardize air traffic operations.

## Initial Regulatory Flexibility Determination

The Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 (RFA) was enacted by Congress to ensure that small entities are not unnecessarily and disproportionately burdened by Federal regulations. The RFA requires a Regulatory Flexibility Analysis if an NPRM would have "a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities." FAA Order 2100.14A outlines the FAA's procedures and criteria for implementing the RFA. Small entities are independently owned and operated small businesses and small not-forprofit organizations. A substantial number of small entities is defined as a number that is 11 or more and which is more than one-third of the small entities subject to this NPRM.

The FAA determined that revising the Class C airspace area at Offutt AFB would not result in a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This determination was made because there are little or no costs associated with this NPRM.

### International Trade Impact Assessment

This NPRM would not constitute a barrier to international trade, including the export of U.S. goods and services to foreign countries and the import of foreign goods and services into the United States. This NPRM would not impose costs on aircraft operators or aircraft manufacturers in the United States or foreign countries. The modification of Class C airspace would only affect U.S. terminal airspace operating procedures at and in the vicinity of Offutt AFB, NE. This NPRM would not have international trade ramifications because it is a domestic airspace matter that would not impose additional costs or requirements on affected entities.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

The Proposed Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

#### PART 71—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389; 14 CFR 11.69.

#### §71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of the Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9C, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 17, 1995, and effective September 16, 1995, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 4000—Subpart C-Class C Airspace

ACE NE C Offutt AFB, NE [Revised] Offutt AFB, NE

(Lat. 41°07′06″N, long. 95°54′45″W.) That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 5,000 feet MSL within a 5-mile radius of Offutt AFB, and that airspace extending upward from 2,500 feet MSL to and including 5,000 feet MSL within a 10-mile radius of the Offutt AFB excluding that airspace designated as the Eppley Airfield, Omaha, NE, Class C airspace area.

\* \* \* \* \*

Issued in Washington, DC, on October 25, 1995.

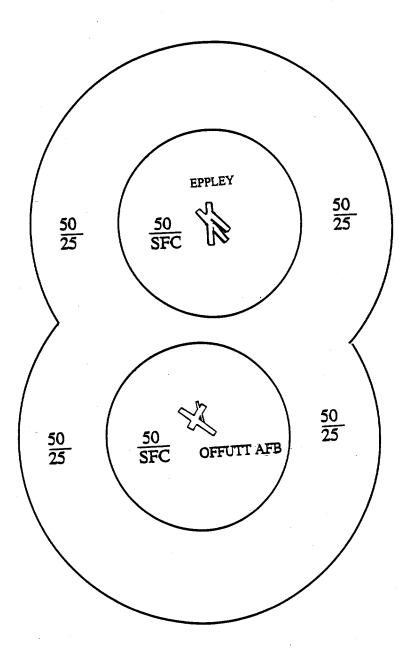
Nancy B. Kalinowski,

Acting Manager, Airspace-Rules and Aeronautical Information Division.

BILLING CODE 4910-13-U

# OFFUTT AFB, NEBRASKA CLASS C AIRSPACE AREA

(Not to be used for navigation)



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