fracture toughness requirements for ferritic materials of pressure-retaining components of the reactor coolant pressure boundary to provide adequate margins of safety during any condition of normal operation, including anticipated operational occurrences, to which the pressure boundary may be subjected over its service lifetime. Section IV.A.2 of this appendix requires that the reactor vessel be operated with P/T limits at least as conservative as those obtained by following the methods of analysis and the required margins of safety of Appendix G of the ASME Code.

Appendix G of the ASME Code requires that the P/T limits be calculated: (a) Using a safety factor of 2 on the principal membrane (pressure) stresses, (b) assuming a flaw at the surface with a depth of one-quarter (1/4) of the vessel wall thickness and a length of six (6) times its depth, and (c) using a conservative fracture toughness curve that is based on the lower bound of static, dynamic, and crack arrest fracture toughness tests on material similar to the Surry reactor vessel material.

In determining the setpoint for LTOP events, the licensee proposed to use safety margins based on an alternate methodology consistent with the proposed ASME Code Case N-514 guidelines. The ASME Code Case N-514 allows determination of the setpoint for LTOP events such that the maximum pressure in the vessel would not exceed 110% of the P/T limits of the existing ASME appendix G. This results in a safety factor of 1.8 on the principal membrane stresses. All other factors, including assumed flaw size and fracture toughness, remain the same. Although this methodology would reduce the safety factor on the principal membrane stresses, the proposed criteria will provide adequate margins of safety to the reactor vessel during LTOP transients and, thus, will satisfy the underlying purpose of 10 CFR 50.60 for fracture toughness requirements. Further, by relieving the operational restrictions, the potential for undesirable lifting of the PORV would be reduced, thereby improving plant safety.

IV

For the foregoing reasons, the NRC staff has concluded that the licensee's proposed use of the alternate methodology in determining the acceptable setpoint for LTOP events will not present an undue risk to public health and safety and is consistent with the common defense and security. The NRC staff has determined that there are

special circumstances present, as specified in 10 CFR 50.12(a)(2), in that application of 10 CFR 50.60 is not necessary in order to achieve the underlying purpose of this regulation.

Accordingly, the Commission has determined that, pursuant to 10 CFR 50.12(a), an exemption is authorized by law, will not endanger life or property or common defense and security, and is, otherwise, in the public interest. Therefore, the Commission hereby grants an exemption from the requirements of 10 CFR 50.60 such that in determining the setpoint for LTOP events, the Appendix G curves for P/T limits are not exceeded by more than 10 percent in order to be in compliance with these regulations. This exemption is applicable only to LTOP conditions during normal operation.

Pursuant to 10 CFR 51.32, the Commission has determined that the granting of this exemption will not have a significant effect on the quality of the human environment (60 FR 54710).

This exemption is effective upon issuance.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 31st day of October 1995.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. Steven A. Varga,

Director, Division of Reactor Projects—I/II, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation. [FR Doc. 95–27512 Filed 11–6–95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-P

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

SES Performance Review Board

AGENCY: Office of Personnel Management.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given of changes to the membership of the OPM SES Performance Review Board.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mark D. Reinhold, Office of Human Resources and EEO, Office of Personnel Management, 1900 E Street, NW., Washington, DC 20415, (202) 606–1882.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 4314(c) (1) through (5) of Title 5, U.S.C., requires each agency to establish, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Office of Personnel Management, one or more SES performance review boards. The board reviews and evaluates the initial appraisal of a senior executive's performance by the supervisor, along with any recommendations to the appointing authority relative to the performance of the senior executive.

Office of Personnel Management. James B. King,

Director.

The following changes to the membership of the OPM Performance Review Board are announced:

Additions

Allan Heuerman, Associate Director for Human Resources Systems

Deletions

Patricia W. Lattimore, former Associate Director for Investigations

Barbara Fiss, former Associate Director for Personnel Systems and Oversight Steven R. Cohen, former Chicago Regional Director.

[FR Doc. 95–27478 Filed 11–6–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6325–01–M

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release Nos. 33-7238; 34-36451; File No. 265-20]

Advisory Committee on the Capital Formation and Regulatory Processes; Meeting

AGENCY: Securities and Exchange Commission.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: This is to give notice that the Securities and Exchange Commission Advisory Committee on the Capital Formation and Regulatory Processes will meet on November 21, 1995 in room 1C30 at the Commission's main offices, 450 Fifth Street NW., Washington, DC, beginning at 12:30 p.m. The meeting will be open to the public, and the public is invited to submit written comments to the Committee.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be submitted in triplicate and should refer to File No. 265–20. Comments should be submitted to Jonathan G. Katz, Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street NW., Washington, DC 20549.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

David A. Sirignano, Committee Staff Director, at 202–942–2870; Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street NW., Washington, DC 20549.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with section 10(a) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, 5 U.S.C. App. 10a, notice is hereby given that the Committee will meet on November 21, 1995 in room 1C30 at the Commission's main offices, 450 Fifth Street NW., Washington, DC, beginning

12:30 p.m. The meeting will be open to the public.

The Committee was formed in February 1995, and its responsibilities include advising the Commission regarding the informational needs of investors and the regulatory costs imposed on the U.S. securities markets.

The purpose of this meeting will be to discuss the progress of the Committee's work, to discuss elements for a company registration system and preparation of the Committee's report, as well as to discuss general organizational matters.

Dated: November 2, 1995.

Jonathan G. Katz,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 95-27537 Filed 11-6-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8010-01-M

[Release No. 34–36448; File No. SR–Amex– 95–39]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Notice of Filing of Proposed Rule Change and Amendment No. 1 to Proposed Rule Change by the American Stock Exchange, Inc., Relating to Uniform Listing and Trading Guidelines for Narrow-Based Stock Index Warrants

November 1, 1995.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act"), 15 U.S.C. § 78s(b)(1), notice is hereby given that on September 29, 1995, the American Stock Exchange, Inc. ("Amex" or "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II and III below, which Items have been prepared by the selfregulatory organization. On October 31, 1995, the Amex submitted Amendment No. 1 ("Amendment No. 1") to the proposal to establish a maintenance requirement with respect to the minimum number of securities that must comprise an index underlying a warrant issuance and to clarify issues relating to settlement values for both narrow-based and broad-based index warrants.1 The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change and Amendment No. 1 from interested

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Amex proposes to amend Exchange Rules 462, 1100 and 1107 to establish uniform listing and training guidelines applicable to narrow-based stock index warrants. The text of the proposed rule change and Amendment No. 1 thereto is available at the Office of the Secretary, Amex and at the Commission.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Amex included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Amex has prepared summaries, set forth in Sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

In view of the recent approval of the regulatory framework for stock index warrants on broad-based stock indexes,² the Exchange now proposes to establish uniform listing and trading guidelines for warrants based on narrow-based indexes. To accommodate the trading of warrants on narrow-based indexes, the Exchange proposes to modify the recently approved regulatory framework for broad-based index warrants.³ Thus, the Exchange proposes to conform the rules applicable to warrants on narrow-based indexes to those applicable to options on narrow-based indexes.

The Commission approved the trading of options on narrow-based indexes in 1982 and it approved the trading of stock index warrants in 1988.4 The Exchange represents that it has had experience with respect to the trading of these derivative products, and it believes that the trading of warrants on narrow-based stock indexes presents no novel regulatory issues and should be permitted on the same basis as warrants overlying broad-based indexes.

To conform the trading of warrants on narrow-based indexes to the rules applicable to options on narrow-based indexes, the Exchange proposes that the same margin requirements applicable to short sales of narrow-based index

options apply to warrants overlying the same index. In addition, the Exchange proposes to apply a position limit structure similar to that which is applicable to narrow-based index options. Accordingly, the Exchange proposes to establish position limits for narrow-based index warrants at three separate, fixed-tier amounts (4,875,000, 6,750,000, and 9,000,000), the applicable level being determined by the level of index component concentration. These levels are equivalent to 75% of the position limits applicable to narrow-based index options. Because broad-based index warrant position limit levels were established at approximately 75% of the corresponding levels for broad-based index options, the Exchange believes it is appropriate to establish narrow-based index warrant position limits at the corresponding level applicable to narrow-based index options.5

Also consistent with the existing regulatory framework for broad-based warrants, the issuer may elect to use closing prices for the securities underlying the index to determine settlement values at all times other than the day on which the final settlement valued is to be determined ("valuation date"), as well as during the two business days preceding valuation date.⁶ Finally, the Exchange represents that it will not list a warrant on an index consisting of fewer then nine stocks unless the SEC separately approves such index for warrant trading. In addition, the Amex will impose a maintenance standard that requires an index to have at least nine stocks at all times, unless separately approved by the SEC.7

In all other respects, the Exchange represents that the rules applicable to the trading of broad-based and narrow-based index options are the same. Accordingly, it proposes that all other rules applicable to broad-based index warrants apply equally to warrants on narrow-based indexes. Finally, the Exchange represents that it will surveil trading in narrow-based index warrants in a similar manner to the surveillance

¹Letter from William Floyd-Jones, Assistant General Counsel, Amex, to Michael Walinskas, SEC, dated October 31, 1995.

 $^{^2\,}See$ Securities Exchange Act Release No. 36168 (Aug. 29, 1995).

³The Exchange notes that a substantially similar regulatory scheme generally applies to broad-based index options and warrants.

⁴ See Securities Exchange Act Release Nos. 19264 (Nov. 22, 1982) and 26152 (Oct. 3, 1988).

⁵The position limit tiers have been established at 75% of the levels recently approved by the SEC in connection with a Philadelphia Stock Exchange proposal to increase position limits for narrow-based index options. See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 36194 (Sept. 6, 1995). Accordingly, the Exchange proposes that position limits for narrow-based index warrants be set at roughly 75% of the 6,000, 9,000 and 12,000 position limit levels.

⁶ See Amendment No. 1. The Commission notes that although the recently approved regulatory framework for broad-based index warrants establishes uniform settlement provisions for all exchanges, the Amex in this filing proposes to amend Section 106(e) to clarify its rule language.

⁷ See Amendment No. 1.