after the words, "silver prunes;", removing the period after the words, "other artificial means of preservation" and adding in its place the word "; and", and adding a new paragraph (a)(1)(iii) to read as follows:

§ 999.200 Regulation governing the importation of prunes.

* * * * * (i) * * * (ii) * * *

(iii) brine dried prunes that have been impregnated with brine or salt during the dehydration process to the extent that they have lost their form and character as prunes, and cannot be reconstituted to permit economic use of the individual fruits as prunes, and are imported under International Harmonized Tariff Schedule No. 0813.20.1000.

* * * * * *

Dated: November 20, 1995.

Sharon Bomer Lauritsen,

Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division.

[FR Doc. 95–28696 Filed 11–22–95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410–02–P

Food Safety and Inspection Service

9 CFR Part 381

[Docket No. 95-037N]

Termination of Designation of the State of West Virginia With Respect to the Inspection of Poultry Products

AGENCY: Food Safety and Inspection Service, USDA.

ACTION: Direct final rule; affirmation of effective date.

SUMMARY: This document affirms the effective date of the Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS) direct final rule, "Termination of Designation of the State of West Virginia With Respect to the Inspection of Poultry Products published on September 26, 1995. This direct final rule notifies the public that West Virginia will be administering a State poultry inspection program with requirements at least "equal to" those of the Federal Government under the Poultry Products Inspection Act (PPIA). FSIS is amending the poultry products inspection regulations by removing the State of West Virginia from the list of States designated to receive Federal inspection of poultry products with respect to intrastate operations and transactions. No adverse comments were received in response to the direct final rule.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule is effective on November 27, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Connie L. Bacon, Assistant Director, Federal-State Relations, Food Safety and Inspection Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, DC 20250, (202) 720–6313.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice affirms the effective date of the direct final rule, "Termination of Designation of the State of West Virginia With Respect to the Inspection of Poultry Products," that was published on September 26, 1995, at 60 FR 49494.

This direct final rule notifies the public that West Virginia has developed and will enforce State poultry inspection program requirements at least "equal to" those imposed by the Federal Government under sections 1 through 4, 6 through 10 and 12 through 22 of the PPIA (21 U.S.C. 451 et seq.) with respect to intrastate operations and transactions within the State. Therefore, the designation of the State of West Virginia to receive Federal inspection for poultry products intended for intrastate commerce under 9 CFR 381.221 is terminated. We did not receive any written adverse comments or written notice of intent to submit adverse comments in response to this rule. This rule is effective on November 27, 1995.

Done at Washington, DC, on: November 16, 1995.

Michael R. Taylor,

Acting Under Secretary for Food Safety. [FR Doc. 95–28556 Filed 11–22–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–DM-P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

12 CFR Part 204

[Regulation D; Docket No. R-0901]

Reserve Requirements of Depository Institutions

AGENCY: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Board is amending Regulation D, Reserve Requirements of Depository Institutions, to decrease the amount of transaction accounts subject to a reserve requirement ratio of three percent, as required by section 19(b)(2)(C) of the Federal Reserve Act, from \$54.0 million to \$52.0 million of net transaction accounts. This adjustment is known as the low reserve tranche adjustment. The Board has increased from \$4.2 million to \$4.3 million the amount of reservable liabilities of each depository institution that is subject to a reserve requirement

of zero percent. This action is required by section 19(b)(11)(B) of the Federal Reserve Act, and the adjustment is known as the reservable liabilities exemption adjustment. The Board is also increasing the deposit cutoff levels that are used in conjunction with the reservable liabilities exemption to determine the frequency of deposit reporting from \$55.4 million to \$57.0 million for nonexempt depository institutions and from \$45.1 million to \$46.4 million for exempt institutions. (Nonexempt institutions are those with total reservable liabilities exceeding the amount exempted from reserve requirements while exempt institutions are those with total reservable liabilities not exceeding the amount exempted from reserve requirements.) Thus nonexempt institutions with total deposits of \$57.0 million or more will be required to report weekly while nonexempt institutions with total deposits less than \$57.0 million may report quarterly, in both cases on form FR 2900. Similarly, exempt institutions with total deposits of \$46.4 million or more will be required to report quarterly on form FR 2910q while exempt institutions with total deposits less than \$46.4 million may report annually on form FR 2910a.

DATES: *Effective date.*: December 19, 1995.

Compliance dates. For depository institutions that report weekly, the low reserve tranche adjustment and the reservable liabilities exemption adjustment will apply to the reserve computation period that begins Tuesday, December 19, 1995, and on the corresponding reserve maintenance period that begins Thursday, December 21, 1995. For institutions that report quarterly, the low reserve tranche adjustment and the reservable liabilities exemption adjustment will apply to the reserve computation period that begins Tuesday, December 19, 1995, and on the corresponding reserve maintenance period that begins Thursday, January 18, 1996. For all depository institutions, the deposit cutoff levels will be used to screen institutions in the second quarter of 1996 to determine the reporting frequency for the twelve month period that begins in September 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: J. Ericson Heyke III, Attorney (202/452–3688), Legal Division, or June O'Brien, Economist (202/452–3790), Division of Monetary Affairs; for users of the Telecommunications Device for the Deaf (TDD), Dorothea Thompson (202/452–3544); Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, DC 20551.