DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Transit Administration

FTA Fiscal Year 1996 Apportionments and Allocations

AGENCY: Federal Transit Administration (FTA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Transportation (DOT) and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1996 (Pub. L. 104–50), signed into law by President Clinton on November 15, 1995, provides fiscal year 1996 appropriations for the Federal Transit Administration transit assistance programs. Based upon this Act, this Notice contains a comprehensive list of apportionments/allocations of the various transit programs.

This Notice includes the apportionment of fiscal year 1996 funds for the Urbanized Area Formula Program, the Nonurbanized Area Formula Program, the Elderly and Persons with Disabilities Program, the Capital Program for Fixed Guideway Modernization, the Metropolitan Planning Program and the State Planning and Research Program, based on the 1996 DOT Appropriations Act and Federal transit laws. This Notice also contains the allocations of funds for the New Starts and Bus categories under the Capital Program. Statutory limitations on the use of operating assistance are also included in this Notice. For the first time, this Notice also includes the funding level authorized by the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991 (ISTEA) for each program.

In addition, the FTA policy regarding pre-award authority to incur project costs, as well as other pertinent information, is included in this Notice.

Public Law 103–272, signed by President Clinton on July 5, 1994, codifies Federal transit laws under title 49, chapter 53, of the United States Code. This Notice uses the codified citations.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: The appropriate FTA Regional Administrator for grant specific information and issues; Janet Lynn Sahaj, Director, Office of Resource Management and State Programs, (202) 366–2053, for general information about the Urbanized Area Formula Program (49 U.S.C. 5307), the Nonurbanized Area Formula Program (49 U.S.C. 5311), the Elderly and Persons with Disabilities Program (49 U.S.C. 5310), or the Capital Program (49 U.S.C. 5309); or Sam Zimmerman, Director, Office of

Planning Operations, (202) 366–2360, for general information concerning the Metropolitan Planning Program (49 U.S.C. 5303) and State Planning and Research Program (49 U.S.C. 5313(b)).

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I. Codification of Federal Transit Laws

On July 5, 1994, President Clinton signed Public Law 103–272, which codifies Federal transit laws at title 49, chapter 53 of the United States Code. The enactment of Public Law 103–272 repeals the FT Act of 1992, as amended (the Act), without substantive changes to programs. The original meaning of the Act's provisions are unchanged by this codification, even though the new Public Law 103–272 language, in some instances, differs from that of the Act. The codification now includes laws enacted through July 5, 1994.

Additional provisions enacted after that date, and revisions to title 49, chapter 53, will be reflected in subsequent

legislation now being drafted in Congress. This Notice accordingly uses

the new form of citation. Listed below are the most commonly used citations:

| Subject | | Former Federal Transit Act citation |
|---|---|---|
| Capital Program Metropolitan Planning Program Urbanized Area Formula Program Transit Employee Protective Certification National Transit Database* Elderly and Persons with Disabilities Program Nonurbanized Area Formula Program Rural Transit Assistance Program (RTAP) State Planning and Research Program | 5307 5333(b) 5335 5310 5311 5311(b)(2) | Section 3 Section 8 Section 9 Section 13(c) Section 15 Section 16 Section 18 Section 18(h) Section 26(a)(2) |

II. Background

Urbanized Area Formula Program funds are apportioned by statutory formula to urbanized areas and to the Governors to provide capital, operating and planning assistance in urbanized areas. Nonurbanized Area Formula Program funds are apportioned by statutory formula to the Governors for capital and operating assistance in nonurbanized areas. The Elderly and Persons with Disabilities Program funds are apportioned by statutory formula to the Governors to provide capital assistance to organizations providing transportation service for the elderly and persons with disabilities. Fixed Guideway Modernization Formula funds are apportioned by statutory formula to specified urbanized areas for capital improvements in rail and other fixed guideways. Funds appropriated for the Metropolitan Planning Program are apportioned by a statutory formula to the Governors for allocation by them to Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs) in urbanized areas or portions thereof. Appropriated funds for the State Planning and Research Program also are apportioned to States by a statutory formula. New Start funds identified for specific projects in the 1996 DOT Appropriations Act and all Bus fund allocations in its accompanying Conference Report are also included in this Notice.

III. Overview of Appropriations for Grant Programs

A. General

In fiscal year 1996, the appropriation for the Urbanized Area Formula Program and the Nonurbanized Area Formula Programs is \$2,001,315,905. Of this amount, 94.50 percent (\$1,891,243,530) is made available to the Urbanized Area Formula Program, and 5.50 percent (\$110,072,375) is made available to the Nonurbanized Area Formula Program. The other program appropriations contained in this Notice

are as follows: \$4,500,000 for the Rural Transit Assistance Program (RTAP); \$51,609,095 for the Elderly and Persons with Disabilities Program; \$39,500,000 for the Metropolitan Planning Program; \$8,250,000 for the State Planning and Research Program; and \$1,665,000,000 for the Capital Program. Of the Capital Program amount, \$666,000,000 is for Fixed Guideway Modernization, \$666,000,000 is for New Starts, and \$333,000,000 is for Bus.

Table 1 displays the amounts appropriated for these programs, including adjustments and final apportionment/allocation amounts. The text following this table provides a narrative explanation for the funding levels and other factors affecting these apportionments/allocations.

B. ISTEA Authorized Program Levels

For the first time, FTA is publishing the formula apportionment and allocation tables that compare the maximum program level proposed in the ISTEA authorization law for fiscal year 1996 and the actual program funds appropriated by Congress for fiscal year 1996. The first set of columns shows the actual appropriation as apportioned for this fiscal year, and the second set of columns shows the authorization level. The funding level available to an urbanized area or State for obligation is the appropriated amount as apportioned to the area. The authorized level does not represent funds that are actually available during the fiscal year. Rather, it reflects the maximum dollar amount authorized in ISTEA for which funds can be appropriated by Congress for a particular fiscal year.

C. Project Management Oversight

49 U.S.C. 5327 allows the Secretary of Transportation to use not more than one-half of one percent of the funds made available under the Capital Program, the Urbanized Area Formula Program, the Nonurbanized Area Formula Program, the National Capital

Transportation Act, as amended, and an additional one-quarter of one percent of Capital Program funds, to contract with any person to oversee the construction of any major project under these statutory programs and to conduct safety, procurement, management and financial reviews and audits. Therefore, one-half of one percent of the funds appropriated for the Urbanized Area Formula Program, the Nonurbanized Area Formula Programs and the National Capital Transportation Act, as amended, for fiscal year 1996, and three-quarters of one percent of Capital Program funds have been reserved for these purposes before apportionment of the funds.

IV. Departmental Initiatives

A. Livable Communities Initiative

The FTA developed the Livable Communities Initiative to encourage a stronger link between transit and communities. FTA is promoting the development of community-sensitive transit facilities and services in order to increase transit ridership, improve personal mobility and enhance the quality of life in communities. Active community involvement in the planning and design process is essential in developing more community-sensitive transit, and planning methods need to be more responsive to community concerns.

Community-sensitive transit is customer-friendly, community-oriented and designed to function effectively within the community. Customer-friendly transit provides readily available information, safety and security measures. Real time customer information, monitoring devices, help zones and improved lighting are illustrative characteristics. Community-oriented transit makes its transfer points both origins and destinations of trips through the provision of on-site services such as child care, public safety, health care and retail conveniences. Well

designed transit, from the perspective of more livable communities, improves pedestrian access, increases the person-carrying capacity of local transportation networks, and reflects the aesthetic and historic character of communities. More community-sensitive transit may result in increased transit ridership, reduced single occupant vehicle trips and improved air quality. In fiscal year 1995, FTA awarded a number of capital grants to implement projects which reflected the characteristics of community-sensitive transit.

The Livable Communities Initiative recognizes the important role that local land use and transportation policy can play in improving the effectiveness of transit. These are important tools in promoting transit facilities and services which help to make communities more livable. Mixed use development around transportation nodes combined with parking management, priority access for transit vehicles and transit pass programs can significantly reduce auto trips and increase transit ridership. FTA is asking transit agencies to work with local governments, employers and the business community in implementing transit supportive land use and transportation strategies through the metropolitan planning process.

FTA urges grantees to incorporate the concepts of the Livable Communities Initiative into the planning and capital projects financed with Federal assistance identified in this Notice and funds transferred as permitted by the flexible funding provisions of ISTEA. In addition, FTA urges grantees to consider incorporating quality design and art into transit projects funded with FTA assistance. FTA Circular C9400.1A, Design and Art and Transit Projects, June 9, 1995 provides more detail on this matter.

B. Intelligent Transportation Systems

The Department of Transportation is actively promoting the development of Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) which apply advanced computer, communication, information and navigation technologies to surface transportation systems. ITS technologies improve customer service and make accurate information available to the traveling public, thus enabling travelers to make more informed transportation decisions, thereby improving the operational efficiency of transit services.

Customer services are improved through real-time information on bus and train arrival, reducing the stress of waiting for vehicles to arrive; in-vehicle signs and enunciator systems which inform passengers of upcoming stops and other relevant information; hold notification to vehicles at change-mode points; emergency response systems which decrease delays in responding to problems; and easier access through the use of electronic fare cards which eliminate specialized passes, cash fares or tokens. For example, the Milwaukee County Transit Authority reports ontime schedule adherence improved from 90 percent to 94 percent, thus increasing customer service reliability.

Operational efficiency of transit operations can also be improved using these technologies. Automatic Vehicle Location technology has helped the Kansas City Area Transit Authority decrease capital costs by approximately \$1.8 million and operating costs by \$400,000 annually. The planned introduction of Smart Cards in the Metropolitan Atlanta Rapid Transit Authority rail stations as estimated will save approximately \$2.4 million in annual cash handling costs.

It is important that transit agencies consider the application of these more advanced technologies as current planning and capital programs are developed. Authorities planning to purchase equipment such as radios, invehicle signs, etc. should consider the inclusion of state-of-the-art technologies in their programs.

Applications of these technologies are fully enhanced if the transit systems are compatible with similar technologies introduced in traffic management systems being acquired by city traffic departments. Traveler information systems for all customers are enhanced by providing both transit and highway information. Such systems include data which is readily and freely shared between the transit and highway ITS systems.

By integrating these systems, a "Core Infrastructure" of technology will be created providing maximum benefits to all travelers, and specifically to those who use transit within metropolitan areas. Elements of these systems are currently being purchased.

As requests for funding assistance are received by the FTA and other USDOT modal administrations, they will be reviewed with an intent toward ensuring that all surface transportation modes using or planning ITS systems share data to realize the fullest advantages of these systems. Metropolitan Planning Organizations, state Departments of Transportation, and transit authorities are encouraged to cooperate in the planning of ITS systems to ensure that they are able to share data and are expandable to accept new applications with minimal additional cost. It is important that decision makers keep their options open in specifying and procuring ITS systems so future enhancements may be readily added onto systems without costly conversion or modification.

To achieve the full benefits of ITS in metropolitan areas, it is important that the component elements be able to "talk" with each other and thereby share data.

In specifying and procuring ITS systems FTA urges grantees to incorporate the ability to share data between highway and transit elements and to keep future expansion options open.

For further information, please contact the appropriate FTA Regional Administrator.

C. Expanded Capital Eligibility

Bus Overhaul: Effective March 31, 1996, bus overhauls will be eligible for capital assistance. At FTA's request, the 1996 DOT Appropriations Act amended 49 U.S.C 5302(a)(1)(B) and (C) to remove the requirement that bus rehabilitation or bus remanufacturing must extend the economic life of the bus. This change is intended to encourage the maintenance and improvement of bus rolling stock assets. Such overhaul work can be contracted out or performed directly by transit personnel, and will apply to all revenue service buses. FTA intends to issue guidance regarding the implementation of bus overhauls as a capital expenditure.

Associated Capital Maintenance *Items:* FTA has revised the procedure for determining whether spare parts to be acquired under the Urbanized Area Formula Program and the Capital Program are eligible for capital funding. Under 49 U.S.C. 5307(b)(4), certain spare parts are considered an eligible capital expense if these items cost at least one-half of one percent of the current fair market value of the rolling stock on which the items are to be used. Previously, FTA required that the current fair market value of rolling stock for which the equipment is to be used was the cost of new rolling stock. Consistent with the statute, FTA has revised the method of determining the current fair market value of rolling stock that serves as the basis for the spare parts eligibility calculation. It is now based on the current average vehicle value of a recipient's fleet of vehicles. Spare parts to be purchased for a bus fleet are eligible for capital funding if they cost at least one-half of one percent of the straight line depreciated value of the average fleet vehicle or the depreciated value of a comparable bus of the same age and type.

D. FTA Home Page on the Internet

FTA in its efforts to provide better customer service and broaden the availability of FTA information has established an FTA Home Page on the Internet. This apportionment Notice as well as recently issued FTA circulars (Section 5309 Capital Program: Grant Application Instructions—C9300.1, September 29, 1995; Grant Management Guidelines, C5010.1B, September 7, 1995; and Third Party Contracting Requirements, C4220.1C, October 1, 1995) will be contained therein.

The FTA Home Page may be reached through the DOT Home Page at the following address: http://www.dot.gov. Once in the DOT Home Page, click on the "Browse the DOT Administrations" button and then scroll down to FTA and click. The FTA Home Page may also be accessed by using the worldwide web (www). The FTA direct www address is: http://www.dot.gov/dotinfo/fta/index.html.

V. Urbanized Area Formula Program (49 U.S.C. 5307)

A. Total Urbanized Area Formula Apportionments

In addition to the appropriated fiscal year 1996 Urbanized Area Formula funds of \$1,891,243,530, the apportionment also includes \$1,030,920 in deobligated funds authorized by 49 U.S.C. 5308 which have become available for reapportionment for the Urbanized Area Formula Program as provided by 49 U.S.C. 5336(i).

Table 2 displays the amount apportioned for the Urbanized Area Formula Program. After the one-half percent for oversight is reserved (\$9,456,218), the amount appropriated for this program is \$1,881,787,312. The funds to be reapportioned, described in the previous paragraph, were then added. Thus, the total amount apportioned for this program is \$1,882,818,232.

B. Data Used for Urbanized Area Formula Apportionments, and Fiscal Year 1995 Apportionment Adjustment

Data from the 1994 National Transit Database (49 U.S.C. 5335) Report Year submitted in late 1994 and early 1995 have been used to calculate the fiscal year 1996 Urbanized Area Formula apportionments for urbanized areas 200,000 in population and over. The population and population density figures used in calculating the Urbanized Area Formula are from the 1990 Census.

An adjustment has been made to the apportionment for one urbanized area because of a correction to data from the

1993 National Transit Database that were used to compute the fiscal year 1995 Urbanized Area Formula apportionments published in the Federal Register of October 12, 1994 (59 FR 51758). The difference between the corrected apportionment and the previously published apportionment resulted in a decrease, and the necessary adjustment has been made to the area's apportionment for fiscal year 1996.

C. Adjustments for Energy and Operating Efficiencies

49 U.S.C. 5336(b)(2)(E) provides that, if a recipient of Urbanized Area Formula Program funds demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Secretary that energy or operating efficiencies would be achieved by actions that reduce revenue vehicle miles but provide the same frequency of revenue service to the same number of riders, the recipient's apportionment under 49 U.S.C. 5336(b)(2)(A)(i) shall not be reduced as a result of such actions. One recipient has submitted data acceptable to FTA in accordance with this provision. Accordingly, the revenue vehicle miles used in the Urbanized Area Formula database to calculate the fiscal year 1996 Urbanized Area Formula apportionment reflect the amount the recipient would have received without the reductions in mileage.

D. Repayment of Temporary Matching Fund Waivers

In accordance with the Temporary Matching Fund Waiver provision authorized by 49 U.S.C. 5307(i)(3) grantees were able to request a Federal share of 100 percent up to the area's total apportionment. Four grants or amendments were awarded which employed the temporary waiver of local matching funds for Urbanized Area Formula grants approved in fiscal years 1992 and 1993. The local share amounts for these grants were to be repaid by March 30, 1994. If not repaid, the amount owed would be deducted from the area's fiscal years 1995 and 1996 Urbanized Area Formula apportionments.

All affected grantees opted to have their future apportionments reduced rather than repay funds. The local share payment amount for each project was determined by dividing the project's total disbursement amount through September 30, 1994, by the project's total Federal capital obligations. The calculated percentage was then applied to the amount of the project's original local share that was waived. Of the calculated amount determined for repayment, 50 percent was deducted from the fiscal year 1995 Urbanized

Area Formula apportionment. The remaining 50 percent is deducted from fiscal year 1996. The dollar amounts published in this Notice reflect these fiscal year 1996 adjustments, and the affected areas have been so advised.

E. Urbanized Area Formula Fiscal Year 1996 Apportionments to Governors

The total Urbanized Area Formula apportionment to the Governor for use in areas under 200,000 in population for each State is shown on Table 2. Table 2 also contains the total apportionment amount attributable to each of the urbanized areas within the State. The Governor may determine the allocation of funds among the urbanized areas under 200,000 in population with one exception. As further discussed below in Section H, funds attributed to an urbanized area under 200,000 in population, located within the planning boundaries of a transportation management area, must be obligated in that area.

F. Urbanized Area Formula Operating Assistance Limitations

The fiscal year 1996 limitations on the amount of Urbanized Area Formula funds that may be used for operating assistance are shown on Table 2 with the fiscal year 1996 apportionment.

The operating assistance limitations for all urbanized areas have been adjusted by 49 U.S.C. 5336(d)(2) to reflect the increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for all urban consumers during the most recent calendar years. The CPI Detailed Report, December 1994, published by the Department of Labor (DOL), establishes that the calendar year 1994 CPI increase for all urban consumers is 2.7 percent. This increase was applied against the base operating assistance limitation calculated in accordance with 49 U.S.C. 5336(d)(2).

This adjustment results in an overall national fiscal year 1996 authorized operating assistance limitation level of \$1,112,922,445. However, the 1996 DOT Appropriations Act limits the nationwide availability for operating assistance to a maximum of \$400,000,000. Further, it maintains the level of transit operating assistance to urbanized areas of less than 200,000 in population at seventy-five percent of the amount of operating assistance such areas received in fiscal year 1995. Accordingly, the operating assistance limitation published in this Notice takes into account both the 1996 DOT Appropriations Act and Federal transit laws. Therefore, the higher operating assistance limitation as authorized under Federal transit laws

(\$1,112,922,445) was reduced to the \$400,000,000 required by the 1996 DOT Appropriations Act by taking a pro rata reduction across all categories of grantees. Further, the operating assistance limitation to urbanized areas less than 200,000 in population was adjusted to \$92,949,803 or seventy-five percent of the amount of their fiscal year 1995 level of \$123,933,070. The remaining \$307,050,197 of the \$400,000,000 was prorated to urbanized areas above 200,000 in population, as authorized by the 1996 DOT Appropriations Act.

Consistent with the 1996 Conference Report, the Secretary hereby directs each area of 1,000,000 or more in population to give priority consideration to the impact of reductions in operating assistance on smaller transit authorities operating within the area, and to consider the needs and resources of such transit authorities when the limitation is distributed among all transit authorities operating in the area.

G. Statewide Operating Assistance Limitations

49 U.S.C. 5307(f) specifies that in any case in which a statewide agency or instrumentality is responsible under State laws for the financing, construction and operation, directly, by lease, contract or otherwise, of public transportation services, and when such statewide agency or instrumentality is the designated recipient of FTA funds, and when the statewide agency or instrumentality provides service among two or more urbanized areas, the statewide agency or instrumentality shall be allowed to apply for operating

assistance up to the combined total permissible amount of all urbanized areas in which it provides service, regardless of whether the amount for any particular urbanized area is exceeded. However, the amount of operating assistance provided for another State or local transportation agency within the affected urbanized areas may not be reduced.

H. Designated Transportation Management Areas

All urbanized areas over 200,000 in population have been designated as transportation management areas (TMAs), in accordance with 49 U.S.C. 5305. These designations were formally made in a Federal Register Notice dated May 18, 1992 (57 FR 21160), signed by the Federal Highway Administrator and the Federal Transit Administrator. Additional areas may be designated as TMAs upon the request of the Governor and the MPO designated for such area or the affected local officials. As of October 1, 1995, two additional TMAs have been formally designated: Petersburg, Virginia, comprised solely of the Petersburg, Virginia, urbanized area; and Santa Barbara, Santa Maria, and Lompoc, California, which were combined and designated as one TMA.

Guidance for setting the boundaries of TMAs is contained in the joint transportation planning regulations codified at 23 CFR part 450 and 49 CFR part 613. In some cases, the TMA boundaries which have been established by the MPO for the designated TMA also include one or more urbanized areas with less than 200,000 in population. Where this situation exists, the discretion of the Governor to

allocate urbanized area formula program "Governor's Apportionment" funds for urbanized areas with less than 200,000 in population is restricted.

As required by 49 U.S.C. 5307(a)(2), a recipient(s) must be designated to dispense the Urbanized Area Formula funds attributable to TMAs. Those urbanized areas that do not already have a designated recipient must name one and notify the appropriate FTA regional office of the designation. This would include those urbanized areas with less than 200,000 in population that may receive TMA designation independently, or those with less than 200,000 in population which are currently included within the boundaries of a larger designated TMA. In both cases, the Governor would only have discretion to allocate Governor's Apportionment funds attributable to areas which are outside of designated TMA boundaries. In order for the FTA and Governors to know which urbanized areas under 200,000 in population are included within the boundaries of an existing TMA, and so that they can be identified in future Federal Register notices, each MPO whose TMA planning boundaries include these smaller urbanized areas is asked to identify such areas to the FTA. This notification should be made in writing to the Associate Administrator for Program Management, Federal Transit Administration, 400 7th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590, no later than July 1 of each fiscal year. To date, FTA has been notified of the following urbanized areas with less than 200,000 in population that are included within the planning boundaries of designated TMĀs:

| Designated TMA | Small urbanized area included in TMA boundaries | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Baltimore, Maryland | Annapolis, Maryland. | | |
| Dallas-Fort Worth, Texas | Denton, Texas; Lewisville, Texas. | | |
| Houston, Texas | Galveston, Texas; Texas City, Texas. | | |
| Philadelphia, Pennsylvania | Pottstown, Pennsylvania. | | |
| Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania | Monessen, Pennsylvania; Steubenville- Weirton, OH-WV-PA (PA portion). | | |
| Seattle, Washington | Bremerton, Washington. | | |
| Washington, DC-MD-VA | Frederick, Maryland (MD portion). | | |

I. Urbanized Area Formula Funds Used for Highway Purposes

Urbanized Area Formula funds apportioned to a TMA, except for those amounts which can be used for the payment of operating expenses, are also available for highway projects if the following three conditions are met: (1) such use must be approved by the MPO after appropriate notice and opportunity

for comment and appeal are provided to affected transit providers; (2) in the determination of the Secretary, such funds are not needed for investments required by the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990; and (3) funds may be available for highway projects under title 23, U.S.C., only if funds used for the State or local share of such highway projects are eligible to fund either highway or transit projects.

Urbanized Area Formula funds which are designated for highway projects will be transferred to and administered by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). The MPO should notify FTA of its intent to program FTA funds for highway purposes.

VI. Nonurbanized Area Formula Program (49 U.S.C. 5311) and Rural Transit Assistance Program (RTAP) (49 U.S.C. 5311(b)(2))

A. Nonurbanized Area Formula Program

The fiscal year 1996 Nonurbanized Area Formula apportionments total \$111,152,194. The Governor's apportionments are displayed on Table 3. A total of \$110,072,375 is appropriated for the Nonurbanized Area Formula Program. After deducting the one-half percent for oversight (\$550,362), the fiscal year 1996 apportionment also includes \$1,630,181 in prior year deobligated funds which have become available for reapportionment under this program. These funds provide capital, operating and administrative assistance for areas less than 50,000 in population.

The population figures used in calculating these apportionments are from the 1990 Census. The apportionments for the States of Illinois and Oklahoma have been adjusted to compensate for incorrect population figures used in the fiscal year 1995

apportionments.

Each State must spend no less than 15 percent of its fiscal year 1996 Nonurbanized Area Formula apportionment for the development and support of intercity bus transportation, unless the Governor certifies to the Secretary that the intercity bus service needs of the State are being adequately met. Fiscal year 1996 Nonurbanized Area Formula grant applications must reflect this level of programming for intercity bus or include a certification from the Governor.

B. RTAP Program

The fiscal year 1996 RTAP allocations to the States totaling \$4,571,903 are also displayed on Table 3. This amount includes \$4,500,000 in fiscal year 1996 appropriated funds, and \$71,903 in prior year deobligated funds which have become available for reallocation for this program. The funds are allocated to the States to undertake research, training, technical assistance, and other support services to meet the needs of transit operators in nonurbanized areas. These funds are to be used in conjunction with the States' administration of the Nonurbanized Area Formula Program.

VII. Section 5310 Elderly and Persons With Disabilities Program

A total of \$51,703,234 is apportioned to the States for fiscal year 1996 for the Elderly and Persons with Disabilities Program. In addition to the fiscal year

1996 appropriation of \$51,609,095, the fiscal year 1996 apportionment also includes \$94,139 in prior year unobligated funds which have become available for reapportionment for the Elderly and Persons with Disabilities Program. The apportionment for Connecticut is adjusted to restore fiscal year 1995 funds which were not obligated due to an administrative error. Table 4 shows each State's apportionment.

The formula for apportioning these funds uses 1990 Census population data for persons aged sixty-five and over and

for persons with disabilities.

The funds provide capital assistance for transportation for elderly persons and persons with disabilities. Eligible capital expenses may include, at the option of the recipient, the acquisition of transportation services by a contract, lease, or other arrangement.

While the assistance is intended primarily for private non-profit organizations, public bodies that coordinate services for the elderly and persons with disabilities, or any public body that certifies to the State that non-profit organizations in the area are not readily available to carry out the service, may receive these funds.

These funds may be transferred by the Governor to supplement the Urbanized Area Formula or Nonurbanized Area Formula capital funds during the last 90 days of the fiscal year. 3

VIII. Surface Transportation Program "Flexible" Funds Used for Transit Purposes (Title 23, U.S.C.)

A. Transfer Process

'Flexible'' DOT funds, such as Surface Transportation Program (STP) funds, Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality (CMAQ) funds, or others, which are designated for use in transit projects, are transferred from the FHWA to FTA after which FTA approves the project and awards a grant. Flexible funds designated for transit projects must result from the local and state planning and programming process, and must be included in an approved State **Transportation Improvement Program** (STIP) before the funds can be transferred. In order to initiate the transfer process, the grantee must submit a completed application to the FTA Regional Office, and must notify the state highway/transportation agency that it has submitted an application which requires a transfer of funds. Once the state highway/transportation agency determines that the state has sufficient obligation authority, the State agency notifies FHWA that the funds are to be used for transit purposes and requests

that the funds be obligated by FHWA as a transfer project to FTA. The flexible funds transferred to FTA will be placed in an urbanized area or state account for one of the three existing formula programs—Urbanized Area, Elderly and Persons with Disabilities, or Nonurbanized Area.

The flexible funds are then treated as FTA formula funds, although they retain a special identifying code. They may be used for any purpose eligible under these FTA programs except for operating expenses. All FTA requirements are applicable to transferred funds. Flexible funds should be combined with regular FTA formula funds in a single annual grant application.

B. Matching Share for Flexible Funds

The provisions of Title 23, U.S.C. regarding the non-Federal share apply to Title 23 funds used for transit projects. Thus, flexible funds transferred to FTA retain the same matching share that the funds would have if used for highway purposes and administered by the FHWA.

There are three instances in which a higher than 80 percent Federal share would be maintained. First, in States with large areas of Indian and certain public domain lands, and National Forests, parks and monuments, the local share for highway projects is determined by a sliding scale rate, calculated based on the percentage of public lands within that state. This sliding scale, which permits a greater Federal share, but not to exceed 95 percent, is applicable to transit projects funded with flexible funds in these public land states. FHWA develops the sliding scale matching ratios for the increased Federal share.

Secondly, commuter carpooling and vanpooling projects and transit safety projects using flexible funds administered by FTA may retain the same 100 percent Federal share that would be allowed for ride-sharing or safety projects administered by the FHWA. The third instance includes the 100 percent Federal safety projects; however, these are subject to a nationwide ten percent program limitation.

C. Other Funds Transferred to FTA

Certain demonstration projects authorized in Title 23 are specified to be used for transit projects and are more appropriately administered by FTA. In such cases, FHWA has transferred the funds to FTA for administration. Since these funds are not STP flexible funds, they are transferred into the appropriate Capital Program category (Bus, New Starts, or Fixed Guideway Modernization) for obligation and are administered as Capital projects.

IX. Capital Program (49 U.S.C. 5309)

A. Fixed Guideway Modernization

Fixed Guideway Modernization funds are allocated by formula. Statutory percentages were established to allocate the first \$497,700,000 to 11 fixed guideway areas. The next \$70,000,000 is allocated one-half to these 11 urbanized areas and one-half to other urbanized areas with fixed guideways which are at least seven years old on the basis of the Urbanized Area Formula Program fixed guideway tier formula factors. The remaining funds are allocated to all of these urbanized areas as one universe. For fiscal year 1996, \$666,000,000 was appropriated for fixed guideway modernization. After deducting the three-quarter percent for oversight (\$4,995,000), \$661,005,000 is available for apportionment to the specified urbanized areas for Fixed Guideway Modernization funding.

Table 5 displays these apportionments. Fixed Guideway Modernization funds apportioned for this section must be used for capital projects to modernize or improve fixed guideway systems.

All urbanized areas with fixed guideway systems that are at least seven years old are eligible to receive Fixed Guideway Modernization funds. A request for the start-up service dates for fixed guideways has been incorporated into the National Transit Database reporting system to ensure that all eligible fixed guideway data is included in the calculation of these apportionments. A threshold level of more than one mile of fixed guideway is required to receive Fixed Guideway Modernization funds. Therefore, urbanized areas reporting one mile or less of fixed guideway mileage under the National Transit Database are not included.

B. New Starts

The fiscal year 1996 appropriation for New Starts is \$666,000,000. In addition, Congress reprogrammed \$21,361,250 in unobligated New Start funds originally provided in fiscal year 1993, for a total of \$687,361,250. The entire amount was allocated to projects specified within the 1996 DOT Appropriations Act. The actual amount of unobligated fiscal year 1993 New Start funds available for reprogramming is only \$18,361,250, thereby reducing the total amount available in fiscal year 1996 to \$684,361,250. This amount is further reduced by \$4,995,000 (three quarter

percent of \$666,000,000 for oversight), leaving \$679,366,250 available for allocation to areas. The reductions were prorated against all projects. Table 6 displays the allocations by area and also shows prior year unobligated allocations for New Starts.

C. Bus

a. Fiscal Year 1996 Allocations

The fiscal year 1996 appropriation for Bus is \$333,000,000 for the purchase of buses, bus-related equipment and paratransit vehicles, and for the construction of bus-related facilities. After deducting the three-quarter percent for oversight (\$2,497,500), \$330,502,500 remains available for projects. The Conference Report accompanying the 1996 DOT Appropriations Act earmarked all of the fiscal year 1996 Bus funds to specified states or localities for bus and busrelated projects. In three instances where funds were earmarked to States, the funds were further suballocated to local entities within these states. The Conference Report also includes the multi-year ISTEA earmarks. In addition, the conferees direct those transit systems in the State of New York receiving Bus discretionary allocations in areas over 200,000 population for the express purpose of providing fixedroute transit services, to purchase alternative fueled buses.

Because the three-quarter percent for oversight was subtracted from the amount appropriated, each bus project identified in the Conference Report receives three-quarter percent less than the funding level contained in the report. No funds remain available for discretionary allocation by the Federal Transit Administrator. Table 7 displays the allocations of the fiscal year 1996 Bus funds by area and also shows prior year unobligated earmarks for the Bus Program.

b. Fiscal Year 1997 FTA Priorities for Allocation of Discretionary Bus Funds

FTA is opposed to the congressional earmarking of the discretionary bus program because it tends to favor certain areas year after year and limits the ability of the Administration to focus these resources to address critical national bus needs, including a backlog of grant applications to the FTA for discretionary bus funding totalling over \$488 million. The FTA has established two priority areas for the use of capital bus funds, and as future funds are available for allocation, the FTA Administrator will follow these priorities: (1) Bus replacement for transit systems with significantly

overaged transit fleets; and (2) projects that would assist areas in meeting the fixed route bus and paratransit requirements under the ADA.

Overaged Bus Transit fleets. The Federal useful life standard for full sized transit buses is 12 years, meaning that the FTA will not participate in the replacement of a standard transit bus that has not met its 12 year useful life. The national average age for bus fleets is 8.3 years, which is well above the six year national average required to maintain the national transit bus fleet at 12 years. Some individual transit systems are operating bus fleets significantly above the national average. It is an Administration priority to use discretionary resources to assist such areas where formula capital resources available are also being used for bus replacement purposes but are insufficient to meet all of the bus replacement needs.

ADA Requirements for Bus Systems. It is also an Administration priority to assist public transit systems to come into full compliance with the ADA. This means using bus capital funds to purchase accessible fixed-route buses as well as paratransit vehicles. This emphasis is particularly important in light of the January 26, 1997, deadline for full compliance with the ADA paratransit service requirements.

Other Considerations. In the allocation of funding according to the priorities discussed above, consideration will be given to applications which are complete and have met all Federal requirements and to areas that have programmed all of their formula resources. Consideration will also be given to an equitable distribution of funds among areas of different sizes, as well as to a geographic distribution of funding.

Fiscal Year 1997 Capital Bus Funding Requests. FTA invites transit authorities to submit applications for fiscal year 1997 capital bus funding during fiscal year 1996, with the realization that funds appropriated by Congress in FY 1997 may again be fully earmarked. The information acquired by FTA in this application process will be fully shared with appropriations committees during the fiscal year 1997 appropriations process to assist them in their decision-making.

D. Capital Program Circular

FTA has issued a new circular (Section 5309 Capital Program Grant Application Instructions, C9300.1, September 29, 1995) to provide program information and guidance in the preparation of grant applications for the Capital Program.

X. Unit Values of Data for the Section 5307 Urbanized Area Formula and Section 5311 Nonurbanized Area Formula Programs, and Section 5309(m)(1)(A) Fixed Guideway Modernization Formula

For technical assistance purposes, the dollar unit values of data derived from the computations of the Urbanized Area Formula and Nonurbanized Area Formula Programs, and the Fixed Guideway Modernization Formula apportionments are included in this Notice on Table 9. To determine how a particular apportionment amount was developed, areas may multiply their population, population density, and data from the National Transit Database by these unit values.

XI. Metropolitan Planning Program (49 U.S.C. 5303) and State Planning and Research Program (49 U.S.C. 5313(b))

A. Metropolitan Planning Urbanized Area Program

The fiscal year 1996 Metropolitan Planning apportionments to States for MPOs to be used in urbanized areas total \$39,500,000. A basic allocation of 80 percent of this amount (\$31,600,000) is distributed to the States based on the State's urbanized area population for subsequent State distribution to each urbanized area, or parts thereof, within each State. A supplemental allocation of the remaining 20 percent (\$7,900,000) is also provided to the States based on an FTA administrative formula to address planning needs in the larger, more complex urbanized areas. Table 8 contains the final State apportionments for the combined basic and supplemental allocations. Each State, in cooperation with the MPOs, must develop an allocation formula for the combined apportionment which distributes these funds to MPOs representing urbanized areas, or parts thereof, within the State. This formula, which must be approved by the FTA, must ensure to the maximum extent practicable that no MPO is allocated less than the amount it received by administrative formula under the Metropolitan Planning Program in fiscal year 1991 (minimum MPO allocation). Each State formula must include a provision for the minimum MPO allocation. Where the State and MPOs desire to use a new formula not previously approved by FTA, it must be submitted to the appropriate FTA Regional Office for prior approval.

B. State Planning and Research Program

The fiscal year 1996 apportionments for the State Planning and Research Program total \$8,250,000. Final State apportionments for this program are also contained on Table 8. This is the fifth year of a consolidated program which is apportioned to the States for the purpose of such activities as planning, technical studies and assistance, demonstrations, management training and cooperative research. In addition, a State may authorize a portion of these funds to be used to supplement planning funds allocated by the State to its urbanized areas as the State deems appropriate.

C. Data Used for Metropolitan Planning and State Planning and Research Apportionments

Population data from the 1990 Census is used in calculating these apportionments. The Metropolitan Planning funding provided to urbanized areas in each State by administrative formula in fiscal year 1991 was used as a "hold harmless" base in calculating funding to each State.

D. Planning Emphasis Areas (PEAs)

The PEAs are aids to the States and MPOs in the development of planning work programs. They are advisory and are intended to serve FTA, FHWA, and the rest of the Department as a means of helping to meet national transportation needs and implementing national transportation policy. The last PEAs were issued by the FTA and the FHWA on July 11, 1994, for Federal fiscal years 1994 and 1995. These remain in effect until changed, which is expected some time during the first quarter of fiscal year 1996.

The PEAs currently under development will address common problems that have been identified during ongoing reviews of metropolitan (and State) planning processes and will also highlight program objectives identified in FTA and FHWA strategic plans. These include, but are not limited to, financial planning/innovative financing, public participation/ environmental justice, transportation data/modeling, Intelligent Transportation Systems, multimodalism, and the need for community sensitive transportation that considers social, environmental, economic, land-use and other quality of life factors early in the transportation planning and development process.

XII. Period of Availability of Funds

The funds apportioned under the Urbanized Area Formula Program, Fixed Guideway Modernization Formula, Metropolitan Planning and State Planning and Research Programs in this Notice will remain available to be obligated by FTA to recipients for three

(3) fiscal years following fiscal year 1996. Any of these apportioned funds unobligated at the close of business on September 30, 1999, will revert to FTA for reapportionment under these respective programs. Funds apportioned to nonurbanized areas under the Nonurbanized Area Formula Program, including RTAP funds, will remain available for two (2) fiscal years following fiscal year 1996. Any such funds remaining unobligated at the close of business on September 30, 1998, will revert to FTA for reapportionment among the States under the Nonurbanized Area Formula Program. Funds allocated to States under the Elderly and Persons with Disabilities Program in this Notice must be obligated by September 30, 1996. Any such funds remaining unobligated as of this date will revert to FTA for reapportionment among the States under the Elderly and Persons with Disabilities Program. The 1996 DOT Appropriations Act includes a provision requiring that fiscal year 1996 New Starts and Bus funds not obligated for their original purpose as of September 30, 1998, shall be made available for other discretionary projects within the respective categories of the Capital Program. Similar provisions in the 1994 and 1995 DOT Appropriations Acts required that fiscal year 1994 Bus and New Start funds that are not obligated by September 30, 1996, shall also be made available for other discretionary Bus or New Start projects, respectively, and fiscal year 1995 Bus and New Start funds unobligated by September 30, 1997, shall be made available for other discretionary Bus or New Start projects, respectively.

XIII. Notice of Pre-Award Authority to Incur Project Costs

A. Background

FTA is engaged in an ongoing effort to streamline and simplify the administration of its programs. To this end, the agency has expanded the authority extended to grantees to incur costs for operating assistance projects prior to grant award to cover planning and capital costs as well. In fiscal year 1994 FTA extended this authority to non-operating projects funded with current year apportioned formula funds. This automatic pre-award spending authority permitted a grantee to incur costs on an eligible transit capital or planning project without prejudice to possible future Federal participation in the cost of the project or projects. Because this provision worked so well to reduce the paperwork burden on both the grantee and FTA regional offices in

fiscal year 1995, FTA further broadened this authority.

B. Current Coverage

In fiscal year 1996, authority to incur costs for Fixed Guideway Modernization Formula, Metropolitan Planning, Urbanized Area Formula, Elderly and Persons with Disabilities, Nonurbanized Area Formula, and State Planning and Research in advance of possible future Federal participation applies to fiscal year 1996 FTA funds apportioned in this Notice for the programs listed above, as well as funds to be apportioned in fiscal year 1997. Carryover amounts for these programs are also included in this authority. This pre-award authority is also extended to projects intended to be funded with STP or CMAQ funds transferred to FTA in fiscal years 1996 and 1997, provided that the projects are included in a Federally approved STIP. The flexible funds do not have to be transferred to FTA before the authority can be used. This pre-award authority also applies to Bus funds identified in this Notice. The pre-award authority does not apply to Capital New Start funds.

C. Conditions

Similar to the FTA Letter of No Prejudice (LONP) authority, the conditions under which this authority may be utilized are specified below:

- (1). This pre-award authority is not a legal or moral commitment that the project(s) will be approved for FTA assistance or that the FTA will obligate Federal funds. Furthermore, it is not a legal or moral commitment that all items undertaken by the applicant will be eligible for inclusion in the project(s).
- (2). All FTA statutory, procedural, and contractual requirements must be met.
- (3). No action will be taken by the grantee which prejudices the legal and administrative findings which the Federal Transit Administrator must make in order to approve a project.
- (4). Local funds expended by the grantee pursuant to and after the date of this authority will be eligible for credit toward local match or reimbursement if the FTA later makes a grant for the project(s) or project amendment(s).
- (5). The Federal amount of any future FTA assistance to the grantee for the project will be determined on the basis of the overall scope of activities and the prevailing statutory provisions with respect to the Federal-local match ratio at the time the funds are obligated.
- (6). For funds to which this authority applies, the authority expires with the lapsing of fiscal year 1997 funds.

D. Environmental and Other Requirements

FTA emphasizes that all of the Federal grant requirements must be met for the project to remain eligible for Federal funding. Some of these requirements must be met before preaward costs are incurred, notably the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). Compliance with NEPA and other environmental laws or executive orders (e.g., protection of parklands, wetlands, historic properties) must be completed before state or local funds are advanced for a project expected to be subsequently funded with FTA funds. Depending on which class the project is included under in FTA's environmental regulations (23 CFR part 771) the grantee may not advance the project beyond planning and preliminary engineering before FTA has approved either a categorical exclusion (refer to 23 CFR part 771.117(d)), a finding of no significant impact, or a final environmental impact statement. The conformity requirements of the Clean Air Act (40 CFR part 51) also must be fully met before the project may be advanced with non-Federal funds.

Similarly, the requirement that a project be included in a transportation improvement program, Federal procurement procedures, as well as the whole range of Federal requirements, must be followed for projects in which Federal funding will be sought in the future. Failure to follow any such requirements could make the project ineligible for Federal funding. In short, this increased administrative flexibility requires a grantee to make certain that no Federal requirements are circumvented thereby. If a grantee has questions or concerns regarding the environmental requirements, or any other Federal requirements that must be met before incurring costs, it should contact the appropriate regional office.

Before an applicant may incur costs either for activities expected to be funded by New Start funds, or for activities requiring funding beyond fiscal year 1997, it must first obtain a written LONP from the FTA. To obtain an LONP, a grantee must submit a written request accompanied by adequate information and justification to the appropriate FTA regional office.

XIV. Electronic Grant Making and Management Initiatives: Fiscal Year 1996 and Beyond

A. Background

As a result of the National Performance Review and the FTA strategic planning process, the FTA is

implementing a series of automation improvements in the grant making and management process which are designed to improve customer service and efficiency of program delivery. Known as the Electronic Grant Making and Management (EGMM) initiative, steps are underway to provide a streamlined electronic interface between grantees and FTA which will allow complete electronic application submission, review, approval, and management of all grants. The ultimate goal is to have in place a fully electronic, paperless process for awarding and managing Federal transit assistance programs involving grants and cooperative agreements.

B. On-Line Grantee Program

The On-Line Grantee Program is now available to all grantee agencies to enable them to access the FTA Grants Management Information System (GMIS) data base via a toll free telephone connection. This program was initially designed to permit grantees to inquire about the status of grants only, but has now been expanded to all registered grantees for filing their required quarterly financial status and narrative progress reports and to make annual certifications and assurances through GMIS. Over 470 of FTA's approximately 700 grantees are currently "on line".

C. Electronic Grant Making and Management (EGMM)

This initiative streamlines the entire FTA grant making and management process through a paperless electronic grant application, review, approval, acceptance and management process. The Department of Labor has agreed to participate in the program and receive requests for Transit Employee Protective Certification of projects, as well as issue the Transit Employee Protective Certifications electronically for the EGMM pilot program participants.

During fiscal year 1995, 22 grantee agencies participated in the FTA EGMM pilot program. The pilot grantees successfully tested and utilized the EGMM system to electronically develop, submit, and manage their grants during the full life cycle of the grant via grantee computer station connections to the FTA GMIS computer using a modem and toll free telephone connection. FTA is continuing to implement the EGMM system during fiscal year 1996 through the inclusion of additional grantee agencies. Any transit agency interested in participating in any aspect of the EGMM program should contact the appropriate FTA Regional Office.

D. Electronic Signature of Certifications and Assurances

The FTA is required by 49 U.S.C. 5307 as well as other laws and regulations to obtain specific certifications and assurances for its programs. In fiscal year 1995, FTA compiled the certifications and assurances applicable to the FTA programs into one document published in the Federal Register. Grantees are now able to sign one document annually certifying to all the certifications and assurances applicable to FTA grants. During fiscal year 1996, all EGMM grantee participants and on-line grantee participants will be able to provide this certification electronically, completely eliminating paper certification.

E. Future EGMM Expansion

FTA has several activities under consideration to expand the functional content of EGMM, including the following: an enhanced distributive PC-based system, a mechanism to facilitate electronic submission, review, approval and management of statewide transportation improvement programs; electronic development, review, approval and management of unified planning work programs; and a more comprehensive electronic library system.

Through these initiatives, FTA hopes to more effectively and efficiently serve our customers. We appreciate and look forward to the continued support of our grantee agencies as we look for additional ways to improve delivery of the mass transit program.

XV. Quarterly Approval of Grants

The FTA has established a quarterly approval and release cycle for processing grants. All Urbanized Area Formula, Nonurbanized Area Formula, Elderly and Persons with Disabilities, Capital, Metropolitan Planning, and State Planning and Research grants are

processed on a quarterly basis. This includes grants using STP or CMAQ funds.

If completed applications are submitted to the appropriate FTA Regional Office no later than the first business day of the quarter, FTA will award grants by the last business day of the quarter.

In order to expedite the grant approval process within the quarterly approval structure, grants which are complete and have received the required Transit Employee Protective Certification will be approved before the end of the quarter. There are only two factors which would delay FTA approval of the project beyond the end of a quarter. First is a failure by DOL to issue a Transit Employee Protective Certification where such certification is a prerequisite to a grant approval, and second is the failure of FHWA to actually transfer flexible funds.

For an application to be considered complete, all required activities such as inclusion of the project in a locally approved Transportation Improvement Program (TIP), a Federally approved State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP), intergovernmental reviews, environmental reviews, all applicable civil rights, anti-drug, clean air requirements and submission of all requisite certifications and documentation must be completed. The application must be in approvable form with all required documentation and submissions on hand, except for the labor protection certification which is issued by DOL. Incomplete applications will not be processed, but if the missing components are supplied, applications will be considered in the next quarter.

It is the policy of FTA to expedite grant application reviews and speed program delivery by reducing the number of grant applications. To this end, FTA strongly encourages grant applicants to submit only one application per fiscal year for each formula program. The single application should contain the fiscal year's capital (including flexible funds), planning and operating elements.

Applications for the first quarter should be submitted to the FTA Regional Office within five business days of this Notice. The first-quarter grants will be released on or before December 30, 1995.

XVI. Grant Application Procedures

All applications for FTA funds should be submitted to the appropriate FTA Regional Office. Formula grant applications should be prepared in conformance with the following FTA Circulars: Urbanized Area Formula— C9030.1A, September 18, 1987; Nonurbanized Area Formula-C9040.1C, November 3, 1992; Elderly and Persons with Disabilities-C9070.1C, December 23, 1992; and Section 5309 Capital Program: Grant Application Instructions—C9300.1, September 29, 1995. Applications for STP "flexible" fund grants should be prepared in the same manner as the apportioned funds under the Urbanized Area Formula, Nonurbanized Area Formula, or Elderly and Persons with Disabilities Programs. Guidance on preparation of applications for Metropolitan Planning, and State Planning and Research funds may be obtained from each FTA Regional Office. Also available are newly revised editions of the Grant Management Guidelines, C5010.1B, September 7, 1995; and Third Party Contracting Requirements, C4220.1C, October 1, 1995. Copies of circulars are available from FTA Regional Offices, and revised circulars are also available on the FTA Home Page on the Internet.

Issued on November 17, 1995. Gordon J. Linton, *Administrator*.

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TABLE 1 FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

FY 1996 APPROPRIATIONS AND ISTEA AUTHORIZATIONS FOR GRANT PROGRAMS

| SOURCES OF FUNDS | FY 1996 APPROPRIATIONS | AUTHORIZED LEVELS |
|--|---|-------------------------|
| SECTION 5307 URBANIZED AREA FORMULA PROGRAM AND SECTION 5311 NONURBANIZED AREA FORMULA PROGRAM | \$2,001,315,905 | \$2,796,375,000 |
| SECTION 5307 URBANIZED AREA FORMULA PROGRAM 94.5% of Total Available for Urbanized Area Formula and Nonurbanized Area Formula Programs | \$1,891,243,530 | \$ 2,642,574,375 |
| Less Oversight (1/2%) | (9,456,218) 1,030,920 \$1,882,818,232 | |
| Operating Assistance Limitation | \$400,000,000 | \$1,112,922,445 |
| SECTION 5311 NONURBANIZED AREA FORMULA PROGRAM 5.5% of Total Available for Urbanized Area Formula and Nonurbanized Area Formula Programs | \$110,072,375 | \$153,800,625 |
| Less Oversight (1/2%) | (550,362) | |
| Reapportioned Funds Added | 1,630,181 \$111,152,194 | |
| SECTION 5311(b) RTAP PROGRAM | \$4,500,000 | \$7,687,500 |
| Reapportioned Funds Added | 71,903 \$4,571,903 | |
| SECTION 5310 ELDERLY AND PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES | | |
| PROGRAM Reapportioned Funds Added | \$51,609,095 94,139 | \$68,675,000 |
| Total Apportioned | \$51,703,234 | |
| SECTION 5309 CAPITAL PROGRAM | \$1,665,000,000 | \$2,050,000,000 |
| SECTION 5309(m)(1)(A) FIXED GUIDEWAY MODERNIZATION | \$666,000,000 | \$820,000,000 |
| Less Oversight (3/4%) Total Apportioned | (4,995,000) \$661,005,000 | |
| | | |
| SECTION 5309(m)(1)(B) NEW STARTS | \$666,000,000 (4,995,000) | \$820,000,000 |
| Reprogrammed Funds | 18,361,250 | |
| Total Allocated | \$679,366,250 | |
| SECTION 5309(m)(1)(C) BUS | \$333,000,000 | \$410,000,000 |
| Less Oversight (3/4%) | (2,497,500) | |
| Total Allocated | \$330,502,500 | |
| SECTION 5303 METROPOLITAN PLANNING PROGRAM. | \$39,500,000 | \$ 69,187,500 |
| SECTION 5313(b) STATE PLANNING AND RESEARCH PROGRAM | \$8,250,000 | \$14,625,000 |
| TOTAL (Above Grant Programs) | \$3,770,175,000 | \$5,006,550,000 |

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TABLE 2
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

| | FY 1996 | FY 1996 OPERATING | ISTEA FY 1996 AUT | HORIZED LEVELS |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| URBANIZED AREA SIZE | SECTION 5307 APPORTIONMENT | ASSISTANCE LIMITATION | SECTION 5307 | OPER. ASSIST. LIMITATION |
| OVER 1,000,000 IN POPULATION | \$1,384,566,927 | \$239,872,374 | \$1,943,169,586 | 717,669,717 |
| 200,000-1,000,000 IN POPULATION | 317,068,794 | 67,177,823 | 445,112,204 | 200,988,088 |
| 50,000-200,000 IN POPULATION | 181,182,511 | 92,949,803 | 254,292,585 | 194,264,640 |
| NATIONAL TOTAL | \$1,882,818,232 | \$400,000,000 | \$2,642,574,375 | \$1,112,922,445 |

| | | FY 1996 | ISTEA FY 1996 AUTHORIZED LEVELS | |
|---|-----------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|
| = | FY 1996 | OPERATING | | |
| | SECTION 5307 | ASSISTANCE | | OPER. ASSIST. |
| URBANIZED AREA/STATE | APPORTIONMENT | LIMITATION | SECTION 5307 | LIMITATION |
| Amounts Apportioned and Authorized to Urbaniz | ed Areas | | | |
| Over 1,000,000 in Population: | | ı | | |
| Atlanta, GA | \$26,839,796 | \$2,817,569 | \$37,659,460 | \$8,429,834 |
| Baltimore, MD | 23,224,123 | 4,509,748 | 32,586,040 | 13,492,632 |
| Boston, MA | 50,684,051 | 8,467,028 | 71,119,774 | 25,332,346 |
| Chicago, IL-Northwestern IN | 127,782,235 | 23,457,893 | 179,385,792 | 70,183,237 |
| Cincinnati, OH-KY | 9,072,460 | 2,442,814 | 12,728,284 | 7,308,611 |
| Cleveland, OH | 16,046,638 | 4,469,540 | <i>22,513,571</i> | 13,372,334 |
| Dallas-Fort Worth, TX | 24,363,705 | 4,006,037 | <i>34,180,861</i> | 11,991,571 |
| - Denver, CO | 14,536,961 | 2,736,257 | 20,394,878 | 8,186,555 |
| Detroit, MI | 24,001,631 | 9,922,644 | 33,673,043 | 29,687,373 |
| Ft Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Bch, FL. | 13,996,500 | 3,403,116 | 19,638,115 | 10,181,720 |
| Houston, TX | 28,784,046 | 4,211,604 | 40,385,072 | 12,600,620 |
| Kansas City, MO-KS | 6,512,147 | 2,069,850 | 9,136,002 | 6,192,747 |
| Los Angeles, CA | 124,287,559 | 26,465,555 | 174,376,805 | 79,181,805 |
| Miami-Hialeah, FL | 25,707,774 | 3,887,455 | 36,068,679 | 11,630,806 |
| Milwaukee, WI | 11,829,319 | 2,532,863 | 16,595,934 | 7,578,026 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN | 16,652,932 | 3,377,190 | 23,364,328 | 10,104,152 |
| New Orleans, LA | 10,810,730 | 3,063,597 | 15,167,698 | 9,165,919 |
| New York, NY-Northeastern NJ | 407,163,089 | 61,292,372 | 571,334,032 | 183,379,517 |
| Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA | 7,898,757 | 1,946,012 | 11,454,972 | 5,822,236 |
| Philadelphia, PA-NJ | 73,238,333 | 14,754,704 | 102,764,882 | 44,144,326 |
| Phoenix, AZ | 14,050,740 | 2,182,056 | 19,712,901 | 6,528,452 |
| Pittsburgh, PA | 20,396,244 | 4,404,259 | 28,616,176 | 13,177,022 |
| Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA | 14,759,223 | 2,040,724 | 20,707,309 | 6,105,605 |
| Riverside-San Bernardino, CA | 11,159,496 | 1,166,383 | 15,657,893 | 3,489,679 |
| Sacramento, CA | 8,573,242 | 1,613,097 | 12,028,302 | 4,826,195 |
| San Antonio, TX | 13,055,968 | 2,122,548 | 18,317,041 | 6,350,412 |
| San Diego, CA | 23,453,384 | 3,386,799 | 32,905,869 | 10,132,901 |
| San Francisco-Oakland, CA | 74,755,286 | 9,017,750 | 104,894,091 | 26,980,038 |
| San Jose, CA | 19,034,030 | 3,063,813 | 26,706,442 | 9,166,564 |
| San Juan, PR | 18,655,885 | 3,482,258 | 26,174,834 | 10.418.502 |
| Scattle, WA | 32,689,692 | 2,861,557 | 45,867,318 | 8,561,438 |
| St. Louis, MO-IL | 15,896,099 | 4,446,206 | 22,301,936 | 13,302,520 |
| Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL | 10,841,506 | 2,420,798 | 15,209,825 | 7,242,742 |
| Washington, DC-MD-VA | 63,813,346 | 7,828,278 | 89,541,427 | 23,421,282 |
| TOTAL | \$1,384,566,927 | \$239,872,374 | \$1,943,169,586 | \$717,669,717 |

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TABLE 2
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

| | | FY 1996 | ISTEA FY 1996 AUTI | HORIZED LEVELS |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | FY 1996 | OPERATING | | |
| URBANIZED AREA/STATE | SECTION 5307 APPORTIONMENT | ASSISTANCE LIMITATION | SECTION 5307 | OPER. ASSIST. LIMITATION |
| Amounts Apportioned and Authorized to Urban | ized Areas | | | |
| 200,000 to 1,000,000 in Population : | | | | |
| Akron, OH | \$3,739,754 | \$1,068,223 | \$ 5,246,517 | \$3,195,998 |
| Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY | 4,8 69 ,154 | 1,036,060 | 6,831,213 | 3,099,768 |
| Albuquerque, NM | 3 ,696 ,147 | 715,983 | 5, 185, 359 | 2,142,135 |
| Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ | 2,934,020 | 1,083,235 | 4,116,172 | 3,240,910 |
| Anchorage, AK | 1,513,460 | 353,514 | 2,123,266 | 1,057,671 |
| Ann Arbor, MI | 2,389,025 | 454,205 | 3,351,583 | 1,358,927 |
| Augusta, GA-SC | 1,311,735 | 361,822 | 1,840,243 | 1,082,528 |
| Austin, TX | 7,400,768 | 681,375 | 10,382,794 | 2,038,593 |
| Bakersfield, CA | 2,387,166 | 444,280 | 3,349,018 | 1,329,233 |
| Baton Rouge, LA | 1,926,905 | 593,692 | 2,702,028 | 1,776,257 |
| Birmingham, AL | 3,328,335 | 1,090,569 | 4,669,430 | 3,262,854 |
| Bridgeport-Milford, CT | 4,044,066 | 946,815 | 5,674,112 | 2,832,758 |
| Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY | 8,289,472 | 2,779,198 | 11,629,745 | 8,315,030 |
| Canton, OH | 1,321,944 | 523,119 | 1,854,554 | 1,565,111 |
| Charleston, SC | 2,000,854 | 495,970 | 2,807,111 | 1,483,884 |
| Charlotte, NC | 4,026,919 | 597,902 | 5,649,625 | 1,788,851 |
| Chattanooga, TN-GA | 1,643,938 | 450,735 | 2,306,325 | 1,348,546 |
| Colorado Springs, CO | 2,401,466 | 447,449 | 3,369,077 | 1,338,714 |
| Columbia, SC | 1,900,596 | 506,333 | 2,666,382 | 1,514,889 |
| Columbus, GA-AL | 1, 225,922 | 379,379 | 1,718,591 | 1,135,057 |
| Columbus, OH | 7,513,761 | 2,015,697 | 10,541,344 | 6,030,728 |
| Corpus Christi, TX | 2,374,232 | 398,138 | 3,330,884 | 1,191,182 |
| Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, IA-IL | 1,942,898 | 518,039 | 2,725,708 | 1,549,913 |
| Dayton, OH | 8,176,922 | 1,341,289 | 11,472,822 | 4,012,977 |
| Daytona Beach, FL | 1,452,502 | 359,735 | 2,037,747 | 1,076,285 |
| Des Moines, IA | 1,781,444 | 504,542 | 2,499,267 | 1,509,529 |
| Durham, NC | 1,814,220 | 370,789 | 2,545,215 | 1,109,355 |
| El Paso, TX-NM | 5,843,067 | 825,225 | 8,197,797 | 2,468,977 |
| Fayetteville, NC | 1,007,412 | 341,222 | 1,413,313 | 1,020,897 |
| Flint, MI | 2,832,232 | 701,838 | 3,973,425 | 2,099,817 |
| Fort Myers-Cape Coral, FL | 1,493,715 | 262,047 | 2,095,575 | 784,015 |
| Fort Wayne, IN | 1,285,722 | 500,447 | 1,803,737 | 1, 497,27 8 |
| Fresno, CA | 3,467,3 9 4 | 673,470 | 4,864,463 | 2,014,943 |
| Grand Rapids, MI | 2,767,813 | 711,831 | 3,883,002 | 2,129,714 |
| Greenville, SC | 1,456,978 | 344,063 | 2,044,023 | 1,029,397 |
| Harrisburg, PA | 1,525,415 | 519,625 | 2,140,034 | 1,554,657 |
| Hartford-Middletown, CT | 6,146,451 | 1,054,496 | 8,623,501 | 3,154,927 |
| Honolulu, HI | 15,040,461 | 1,305,970 | 21,102,923 | 3,907,308 |
| Indianapolis, IN | 5,712,839 | 1,754,741 | 8,014,723 | 5,249,977 |
| Jackson, MS | 1,274,183 | 414,816 | 1,787,549 | 1,241,080 |
| Jacksenville, FL | 5,314,070 | 929,739 | 7,455,330 | 2,781,669 |
| Knoxville, TN | 1,493,973 | 413,520 | 2,095,901 | 1,237,204 |
| Lansing-East Lansing, MI | 2,192,584 | 533,804 | 3,075,997 | 1,597,078 |
| Las Vegas, NV | 7,508,897 | 633,660 | 10,534,707 | 1,895,834 |
| Lawrence-Haverhill, MA-NH | 2,320,366 | 392,260 | 3,255,6 5 6 | 1,173,595 |
| Lexington-Fayette, KY | 1,316,539 | 595,036 | 1,846,979 | 1,780,276 |
| Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR | 1,775,840 | 475,798 | 2,491,350 | 1,423,532 |

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TABLE 2
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

| | | FY 1996 | ISTEA FY 1996 AUTHORIZED LEVELS | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| URBANIZED AREA/STATE | FY 1996 SECTION 5307 APPORTIONMENT | OPERATING ASSISTANCE LIMITATION | SECTION 5307 | OPER. ASSIST. LIMITATION | |
| Amounts Apportioned and Authorized to Urbani 200,000 to 1,000,000 in Population (continue | | | | | |
| Lorain-Elyria, OH | \$861,005 | \$358,920 | \$1,207,899 | \$1,073,846 | |
| Louisville, KY-IN | 7.321.902 | 1,792,128 | 10,272,196 | 5,361,835 | |
| Madison, WI | 3,345,638 | 457,794 | 4,693,870 | 1,369,666 | |
| McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX | 915,901 | 380,331 | 1.284.911 | 1.137.906 | |
| Melbourne-Palm Bay, FL | 2,333,000 | 323,361 | 3,273,082 | 967,456 | |
| Memphis, TN-AR-MS | 6,173,037 | 1,660,925 | 8,660,467 | 4,969,290 | |
| Mobile, AL | 1,578,497 | 462,840 | 2,214,498 | 1,384,762 | |
| Modesto, CA | 1,963,767 | 455,526 | 2,754,997 | 1,362,880 | |
| Montgomery, AL | 1,031,791 | 470,960 | 1,447,506 | 1,409,056 | |
| Nashville, TN | 3,592,225 | 770,071 | 5,039,626 | 2,303,961 | |
| New Haven-Meriden, CT | 6.228,653 | 1.063.941 | 8,739,705 | 3.183.185 | |
| Orden. UT | 1,982,134 | 321.567 | 2,780,789 | 962,090 | |
| Oklahoma City, OK | 3.422,333 | 1,065,815 | 4,801,241 | 3,188,792 | |
| Omaha, NE-IA | 3,874,785 | 1,093,065 | 5,435,970 | 3,270,320 | |
| Orlando, FL | 8,193,216 | 804,301 | 11,494,612 | 2,406,374 | |
| Oxnard-Ventura, CA | 3,705,962 | 623,767 | 5,199,617 | 1,866,236 | |
| Pensacola, FL | 1,277,158 | 348,591 | 1,791,743 | 1,042,942 | |
| Peoria, IL | 1,507,444 | 485,694 | 2,114,804 | 1,453,139 | |
| Providence-Pawtucket, RI-MA | 10.583,742 | 2,183,415 | 15.125.851 | 6,532,519 | |
| Provo-Orem, UT | 1,714,979 | 374,328 | 2,405,971 | 1,119,946 | |
| Raleigh, NC | 1.821.556 | 335,902 | 2,555,543 | 1,004,980 | |
| Reno. NV | 2,555,303 | 387,233 | 3,584,907 | 1,158,555 | |
| Richmond. VA | 4,059,523 | 889,706 | 5,695,206 | 2.661.896 | |
| Rochester, NY | 4,915,213 | 1,426,222 | 6,895,637 | 4,267,087 | |
| Rockford, IL | 1,307,952 | 446,955 | 1,834,945 | 1,337,236 | |
| Salt Lake City, UT | 8,702,591 | 1.128.032 | - 12,209,205 | 3,374,937 | |
| Sarasota-Bradenton, FL | 2,512,287 | 582,302 | 3,524,501 | 1,742,178 | |
| Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA | 2,091,063 | 800,237 | 2,933,565 | 2,394,214 | |
| Shreveport, LA | 1.846.482 | 484,985 | 2,590,538 | 1.451.018 | |
| Sureveport, LA South Bend-Mishawaka, IN-MI | 1,602,438 | 529,802 | 2,248,102 | 1,585,105 | |
| Spokane, WA | | 514.098 | 2,248,102 5.469.922 | • • | |
| - | 3,898,958 | <i>y</i> B | , , | 1,538,120 | |
| Springfield, MA-CT Stockton, CA | 4,009,137 | 934,026 | 5,624,496 3,860,853 | 2,794,494 1,845,208 | |
| | 2,045,651 | 616,738 | 2,869,852 | 1,845,208 | |
| Syracuse, NY | 3,462,323 | 875,658 | 4,857,382 | 2,619,865 | |
| Tacoma, WA | 6,834,378 | 715,757 | 9,588,373 5,363,077 | 2,141,460 | |
| Toledo, OH-MI | 3,752,175 | 1,034,105 | 5,263,977 | 3,093,920 | |
| Trenton, NJ-PA | 3,287,120 | 913,035 | 4,611,950 | 2,731,693 | |
| Tucson, AZ | 5,725, 0 89 | 764,985 | 8,031,994 | 2,288,745 | |
| Tulsa, OK | 3,074,489 | 724,300 | 4,313,254 | 2,167,019 | |
| West Palm Bch-Boca Raton-Delray Bch, FL | 8,7 09, 875 | 762,335 | 12,221,104 | 2,280,817 | |
| Wichita, KS | 2,127,154 | 626,604 | 2,984,214 | 1,874,726 | |
| Wilmington, DE-NJ-MD-PA | 4,017,483 | 926,743 | 5,636,438 | 2,772,705 | |
| Worcester, MA-CT | 2,239,136 | 534,935 | 3,141,292 | 1,600,463 | |
| Youngstown-Warren, OH | 1,682,473 | 824,093 | 2,360,335 | 2,465,588 | |
| TOTAL | \$317,068,794 | \$67,177,823 | \$445,112,204 | \$200,988,088 | |

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TABLE 2
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

| | | FY 1996 | ISTEA FY 1996 AUTI | HORIZED LEVELS |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| URBANIZED AREA/STATE | FY 1996 SECTION 5307 APPORTIONMENT | OPERATING ASSISTANCE LIMITATION | SECTION 5307 | OPER. ASSIST. LIMITATION |
| Amounts Apportioned and Authorized to State (for Urbanized Areas 50,000 to 200,000 in | | | | |
| ALABAMA: | | | - | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$3,403,269 | \$1,970,561 | \$4,776,314 | \$4,118,462 |
| Anniston, AL | 328,268 | 231,980 | 460,708 | 484,838 |
| Auburn-Opelika, AL | 263,370 | 129,622 | 369,626 | 270,908 |
| Decatur, AL | 300,586 | 152,422 | 421,857 | 318,561 |
| Dothan, AL | 252,468 | 133,304 | 354,326 | 278,604 |
| Florence, AL | 351,728 | 235,002 | 493,633 | 491,153 |
| Gadsden, AL | 310,868 | 233,057 | 436,287 | 487,089 |
| Huntsville | 986,837 | 594,984 | 1.384.975 | 1,055,414 |
| Tuscaloosa, AL | 609,144 | 350,190 | 7,364,973 854,902 | 731,895 |
| I woodood, All | 007,144 | 330,190 | 304,302 | 731,093 |
| ALASKA: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| ARIZONA: | | | _ | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$540,377 | \$206,966 | \$758,391 | \$432,557 |
| Yuma, AZ-CA (AZ) | 540,377 | 286,966 | 758,39 <i>1</i> | 432,557 |
| ARKANSAS: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | - | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$1,300,294 | \$798,674 | \$1,824,896 | \$1,669,225 |
| Fayetteville-Springdale, AR | 358,858 | 168,344 | 503,638 | 351,838 |
| Fort Smith, AR-OK (AR) | 488,504 | 275,251 | 685,59 <i>1</i> | 575,274 |
| Pine Bluff, AR | 330,121 | 269,436 | 463,308 | 563,120 |
| Texarkana, TX-AR (AR) | 122,811 | 85,643 | 172,359 | 178,992 |
| CALIFORNIA: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$19,917,670 | \$6,801,253 | \$27,953,433 | \$14,214,586 |
| Antioch-Pittsburg, CA | 1,126,392 | 345,636 | 1,580,833 | 722,378 |
| Chico, CA | 491,805 | 185,098 | 690,224 | 386,855 |
| Davis, CA | 597,024 | 213,010 | 837,893 | 445,190 |
| Fairfield, CA | 725,103 | 255,671 | 1,017,646 | 534,351 |
| Hemet-San Jacinto, CA | 604,950 | 195,698 | 849,016 | 409,007 |
| Hesperia-Apple Valley-Victorville, CA | 771,736 | 265,938 | 1,083,092 | 555,810 |
| Indio-Coachella, CA | 365,797 | 126,070 | 513,377 | 263,485 |
| Lancaster-Palmdale, CA | 1,298,068 | 162,437 | 1,821,800 | 339,492 |
| Lodi, CA | 508,197 | 175,169 | 713,228 | 366,103 |

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TABLE 2
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

| | | ត្ | | |
|--|---------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| | | FY 1996 | ISTEA FY 1996 AUTI | IORIZED LEVELS |
| | FY 1996 | OPERATING | | |
| | SECTION 5307 | ASSISTANCE | | OPER. ASSIST. |
| URBANIZED AREA/STATE | APPORTIONMENT | LIMITATION | SECTION 5307 | LIMITATION |
| CALIFORNIA (Continued): | | | | |
| Lompoc, CA | \$312,109 | \$107,558 | \$438,029 | \$224,795 |
| Merced, CA | 554,873 | 188,067 | 778,736 | 393,059 |
| Napa, CA | 579,782 | 266,728 | 813,694 | 557,460 |
| Palm Springs, CA | 722,306 | 180,689 | 1,013,720 | 377,639 |
| Redding, CA | 417,649 | 149,645 | 586,149 | 312,757 |
| Salinas, CA | 1,099,062 | 423,192 | 1,542,477 | 884,469 |
| San Luis Obispo, CA | 520,478 | 179,409 | 730,464 | 374,964 |
| Santa Barbara, CA | 1,798,301 | 700,123 | 2,386,286 | 1,463,254 |
| Santa Cruz, CA | 879,200 | 376,707 | 1,233,912 | 787,316 |
| Santa Maria, CA | 799,910 | 227.014 | 1,122,633 | 474,457 |
| Santa Rosa, CA | 1,550,935 | 449,066 | 2,176,658 | 938,546 |
| Seaside-Monterey, CA | 1,042,196 | 521.884 | 1,462,669 | 1,090,736 |
| Simi Valley, CA | 986,513 | 306,429 | 1,384,520 | 640,434 |
| Vacaville, CA | 598,886 | 206,423 | 840,506 | 431,423 |
| Visalia | 684,059 | 225,542 | 960,042 | 471,382 |
| Watsonville, CA | 376.859 | 129,889 | 528,903 | 271,467 |
| Yuba City, CA | 601,319 | 236,597 | 843,921 | 494,486 |
| Yuma, AZ-CA (CA) | 2,141 | 1,564 | 3,005 | 3,269 |
| COLORADO: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$3,670,024 | \$1,839,230 | \$5,150,691 | <u> </u> |
| Boulder, CO | 816,637 | 412,508 | 1,146,108 | 862,140 |
| Fort Collins, C0 | 680,178 | 294,588 | 954,5 9 5 | 615,688 |
| Grand Junction, CO | 387,265 | 189,506 | 543,507 | 396,068 |
| Greeley, CO | 544,019 | 283,630 | 763, <i>50</i> 3 | <i>592,785</i> |
| Longmont, CO | 495,760 | 170,885 | - 695,774 | 357,148 |
| Pueblo, CO | 746,165 | 488,113 | 1,047,204 | 1,020,155 |
| CONNECTICUT: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$12,192,072 | \$4,543,229 | \$17,110,538 | \$9,495,326 |
| Bristol, CT | 578,451 | 297,793 | 811,826 | 622,385 |
| Danbury, CT-NY (CT) | 2,052,677 | 492,302 | 2,880,724 | 1,028,909 |
| New Britain, CT | 1,083,147 | 626,111 | 1,520,141 | 1,308,568 |
| New London-Norwich, CT | 871,611 | 533,937 | 1,223,262 | 1,115,926 |
| Norwalk, CT | 2,173,486 | 676,464 | 3,050,274 | 1,413,806 |
| Stamford, CT-NY (CT) | 2,755,374 | 1,016,038 | 3,866,924 | 2,123,514 |
| Waterbury, CT | 2,677,326 | 900,584 | 3,757,387 | 1,882,217 |

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TABLE 2
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

| | | FY 1996 | ISTEA FY 1996 AUTI | UADRIED 7 EVEL 6 |
|--|---------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | FY 1996 | OPERATING | ISIEA FI 1990 AUII | TURIZED LEVELS |
| | SECTION 5307 | ASSISTANCE | | OPER. ASSIST. |
| URBANIZED AREA/STATE | APPORTIONMENT | LIMITATION | SECTION 5307 | LIMITATION |
| URDANIZED AREAGIATE | ALLORITONMENT | LIMITATION | SECTION 3307 | Limitation |
| DELAWARE: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | 1 | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$276,875 | \$95,414 | \$388,580 | \$199,416 |
| Dover, DE | 276,875 | 95,414 | 388,580 | 199,416 |
| FLORIDA: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$8,438,549 | \$3,152,975 | \$11,843,073 | \$ 6,589,702 |
| Deltona, FL | 280,578 | 96,684 | 393,776 | 202,069 |
| Fort Pierce, F | 672,119 | 205,216 | 943,284 | 428,900 |
| Fort Walton Beach, FL | 651,532 | 258,405 | 914,392 | 540,065 |
| Gainesville, FL | 834,982 | 351,847 | 1,171,855 | 735,358 |
| Kissimmee, FL | 388,909 | 134,039 | 545,814 | 280,142 |
| Lakeland, FL | 853,604 | 345,542 | 1,197,990 | 722,181 |
| Naples, FL | 561,788 | 146,868 | 788, <i>44</i> 0 | 306,954 |
| Ocala, FL | 377,378 | 147,105 | 529,631 | 307,449 |
| Panama City, FL | 566,341 | 234,999 | 794,831 | 491,148 |
| Punta Gorda, FL | 370,353 | 127,629 | 519,772 | 266,745 |
| Spring Hill, FL | 283,115 | 97,565 | 397,338 | 203,911 |
| Stuart, FL | 493,989 | 170,246 | 693,288 | 355,813 |
| Tallahassee, FL | 951,837 | 393,861 | 1,335,854 | 823,167 |
| Titusville, FL. | 272,479 | 93,895 | 382,398 | 196,240 |
| Vero Beach, FL | 345,073 | 118,916 | 484,293 | 248,533 |
| Winter Haven, FL. | 534,481 | 230,158 | 750,117 | 481,028 |
| GEORGIA: | | | = | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$3,694,609 | \$2,169,758 | \$5,185,196 | <u>\$4,534,784</u> |
| Albany, GA. | 457,623 | 316,131 | 642,251 | 660,712 |
| Athens, GA. | 438,756 | 197,454 | 615,772 | 412,678 |
| Brunswick, GA | 252,489 | 87,007 | 354,355 | 181,844 |
| Macon, GA. | 820,221 | 542,798 | 1,151,138 | 1,134,446 |
| Rome, GA. | 257,398 | 149,674 | 361,245 | 312,819 |
| Savannah, GA | 1,073,169 | 689,903 | 1,506,138 | 1,441,893 |
| Warner Robins, GA | 394,953 | 186,791 | 554,297 | 390,393 |
| HAWAII: | | | | - |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$981,936 | \$475,852 | \$1,378,096 | \$994,529 |
| Kailua, HI | 981,936 | 475,852 | 1,378,096 | 994,529 |

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TABLE 2
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

| | FY 1996 | | ISTEA FY 1996 AUTI | HORIZED LEVELS |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| URBANIZED AREA/STATE | FY 1996 SECTION 5307 APPORTIONMENT | OPERATING ASSISTANCE LIMITATION | SECTION 5307 | OPER. ASSIST. LIMITATION |
| | | | | · |
| IDAHO: | | | | · |
| State apportionment and limitation for | 04 040 404 | **** | 40 707 400 | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$1,943,421 | \$809,759 | \$2,727,492 | 1,692,392 |
| Boise City, ID | 1,189,207 | 469,898 | 1,668,991 | 982,083 |
| Idaho Falis, ID | 426,308 | 146.933 | 598,301 | 307.090 |
| Pocatello, ID | 327,986 | 192,928 | 460,200 | 403,219 |
| ILLINOIS: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | 1 | - | |
| areas 59,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$8,901,852 | \$5,371,412 | \$12,493,289 | 11,226,225 |
| Alton, IL | 481,081 | 372,784 | 675,172 | <i>779,118</i> |
| Aurora, IL | 1,347,372 | 723,464 | 1,890,967 | 1,512,035 |
| Beloit, WI-IL (IL) | 61,486 | 25,498 | 86,292 | 53,290 |
| Bloomington-Normal, IL | 775,027 | 382,645 | 1,087,711 | 799,726 |
| Champaign-Urbana, IL | 1,093,716 | 616,763 | 1,534,974 | 1,289,032 |
| Crystal Lake, IL | 439 ,137 | 151,340 | 616,306 | 316,301 |
| Decatur, IL | 615,654 | 446,782 | 864,038 | 933,771 |
| Dubuque, IA-IL (IL) | 14,341 | 8,765 | 20,127 | 18,319 |
| Elgin, IL | 971,930 | 636,793 | 1,364,054 | 1,330,894 |
| Joliet, IL | 1,123,830 | 953,579 | 1,577,238 | 1,992,976 |
| Kankakee, IL. | 441,072 | 262,596 | 619,021 | 548,825 |
| Round Lake Beach-McHenry, IL-WI (IL) | 640,034 | 209,575 | 898,254 | 438,011 |
| Springfield, IL. | 897,172 | 580,828 | 1,259,135 | 1,213,927 |
| INDIANA: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | į | - | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$5,191,946 | \$3,063,742 | \$7,286,630 | \$6,403,206 |
| Anderson, IN | 419,655 | 303,284 | 588,965 | 633,863 |
| Bloomington, IN | 626,233 | 287,968 | 878,886 | 601,851 |
| Elkhart-GosheN, IN | 627,641 | 288,505 | 880,862 | 602,973 |
| Evansville, IN-KY (IN) | 1,162,703 | 712,185 | 1,631,794 | 1,488,464 |
| Kokomo, IN | 422,610 | 265,091 | 593,111 | 554,040 |
| Lafayette-West Lafayette, IN | 840,174 | 439,016 | 1,179,141 | 917,542 |
| Muncie, IN | 617,633 | 435,588 | 866,816 | 910,377 |
| Terre Haute, IN | 475,297 | 332,105 | 667,055 | 694,097 |
| IOWA: | | | | - |
| State apportionment and limitation for | 44.047.755 | ** ** | 40.000 - 4 - | AA =12 -22 |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$2,826,428 | \$1,777,815 | \$3,966,747 | \$3,715,625 |
| Cedar Rapids, IA | 878,360 | 542,576 | 1,232,733 | 1,133,981 |
| Dubuque, IA-IL (IA) | 427,531 | 3 02,695 | 600,018 | 632,631 |
| Iowa City, IA | 506,089 | 207,305 | 710,271 | 433,267 |
| Sioux City, IA-NE-SD (IA) | 467,423 | 311,588 | 656,004 | 651,218 |
| Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA | 547,025 | 413,651 | 767,721 | 864,528 |

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TABLE 2
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

| | FY 1996 | FY 1996 OPERATING | ISTEA FY 1996 AUTI | HORIZED LEVELS |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| URBANIZED AREA/STATE | SECTION 5307 APPORTIONMENT | ASSISTANCE LIMITATION | SECTION 5307 | OPER. ASSIST. LIMITATION |
| KANSAS: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$1,372,321 | <u>\$759,970</u> | <u>\$1,925,983</u> | \$1,588,334 |
| Lawrence, KS | 519,670 | 217,653 | 729,331 | 454,895 |
| St. Joseph, MO-KS (KS) | 4,290 | 3,866 | 6,020 | 8,081 |
| Topeka, KS | 848,361 | 538,451 | 1,190,632 | 1,125,359 |
| KENTUCKY: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | - | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$1,081,613 | \$635 <u>,567</u> | \$1,517,989 | \$ 1,328,331 |
| Clarksville, TN-KY (KY) | 131,978 | 73,054 | 185,225 | 152,683 |
| Evansville, IN-KY (KY) | 162,067 | 45,056 | 227,453 | 94,166 |
| Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH ((KY) | 323,189 | 218,446 | 453,579 | 456,550 |
| Owensboro, KY | 464,379 | 299,011 | 651,732 | 624,931 |
| LOUISIANA: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$3,203,290 | \$1,868,922 | \$4,495,650 | \$3,906,039 |
| Alexandria, LA | 467,451 | 32 6 ,140 | 656,043 | - 681,632 |
| Houma, LA | 328,804 | 192,233 | 461,459 | 401,767 |
| Lafayette, LA | 808,805 | 428,989 | 1,135,116 | 896,585 |
| Lake Charles, LA | 649, 69 8 | 413,989 | 911,817 | 865,235 |
| Monroe, LA | 617,764 | 393,577 | 866,999 | 822,574 |
| Stidell, LA | 330,768 | 113,994 | 464,216 | 238,246 |
| MAINE: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population; | \$1,394,127 | \$808,464 | \$1,956,587 | \$1,689,686 |
| Bangor, ME | 286,469 | 152,758 | 402.045 | 319,264 |
| Lewiston-Auburn, ME | 332,873 | 215,633 | 467,170 | 450,672 |
| Portland, ME | 711,761 | 409,648 | 998,921 | 856.162 |
| Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester, NH-ME (ME) | 63,024 | 30,425 | 88,451 | 63,589 |
| MARYLAND: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$1,550,341 | \$751,514 | \$2,175,825 | \$1,570,661 |
| Annapolis, MD | 504,949 | 228,635 | 708,670 | 477,846 |
| Cumberland, MD-WV (MD) | 268,559 | 180,307 | 376,908 | 376,842 |
| Frederick, MD | 364,345 | 125,567 | 511,340 | 262,434 |
| Hagerstown, MD-PA-WV (MD) | 412,488 | 217,005 | 578,907 | 453,540 |

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TABLE 2
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

| | FY 1996 | FY 1996 OPERATING | ISTEA FY 1996 AUTI | HORIZED LEVELS |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| URBANIZED AREA/STATE | SECTION 5307 APPORTIONMENT | ASSISTANCE LIMITATION | SECTION 5307 | OPER. ASSIST. LIMITATION |
| KANSAS: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$1,372,321 | <u>\$759,970</u> | \$1,925,983 | \$1,588,334 |
| Lawrence, KS | 519.670 | 217.653 | 729.331 | 454,895 |
| St. Joseph, MO-KS (KS) | 4,290 | 3,866 | 6,020 | 8.081 |
| Topeka, KS | 848,361 | 538,451 | 1,190,632 | 1,125,359 |
| KENTUCKY: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$1,081,613 | \$635 <u>.567</u> | \$1,517,989 | \$1,328,331 |
| Clarksville, TN-KY (KY) | 131,978 | 73,054 | 185,225 | 152,683 |
| Evansville, IN-KY (KY) | 162,067 | 45,056 | 227,453 | 94,166 |
| Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH ((KY) | 323,189 | 218,446 | 453,579 | 456,550 |
| Owensboro, KY | 464,379 | 299,0 11 | 651,732 | 624,931 |
| LOUISIANA: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | _ |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$3,203,290 | \$1,868,922 | \$4,495,650 | \$3,906,039 |
| Alexandria, LA | 467,451 | 326,140 | 656,043 | 681,632 |
| Houma, LA | 328,804 | 192,233 | 461,459 | 401,767 |
| Lafayette, LA | 808,805 | 428,989 | 1,135,116 | 896,585 |
| Lake Charles, LA | 649,698 | 413,989 | 911,817 | 865,235 |
| Monroe, LA | 617,764 | 393,577 | 866,999 | 822,574 |
| Stidell, LA | 330,768 | 113,994 | 464,216 | 238,246 |
| MAINE: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | _ |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$1,394,127 | \$808,464 | \$1,956,587 | \$1,689,686 |
| Bangor, ME | 286,469 | 152,758 | 402,045 | 319,264 |
| Lewiston-Auburn, ME | 332,873 | 215,633 | 467,170 | 450,672 |
| Portland, ME | 711,761 | 409,648 | 998,921 | 856,162 |
| Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester, NH-ME (ME) | 63,024 | 30,425 | 88,451 | 63,589 |
| MARYLAND: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$1,550,341 | \$751.514 - | \$2,175,825 | \$1,570,661 |
| Annapolis, MD | 504,949 | 228,635 | 708,670 | 477,846 |
| Cumberland, MD-WV (MD) | 268,559 | 180,307 | 376,908 | 376,842 |
| Frederick, MD | 364,345 | 125,567 | 511,340 | 262,434 |
| Hagerstown, MD-PA-WV (MD) | 412,488 | 217,005 | 578,907 | 453,540 |

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TABLE 2
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

| | | FY 1996 | ISTEA FY 1996 AUT | HORIZED LEVELS |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | FY 1996 | OPERATING | | |
| | SECTION 5307 | ASSISTANCE | | OPER. ASSIST. |
| URBANIZED AREA/STATE | APPORTIONMENT | LIMITATION | SECTION 5307 | LIMITATION |
| MISSOURI: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$2,209,077 | \$1,205,239 | \$3,100,327 | \$2,518,944 |
| Columbia, MO | 436,128 | 222,473 | 612,083 | 464,968 |
| Joplin, MO | 306,282 | 158,607 | 429,851 | 331,488 |
| Springfield, MO | 1,028,877 | 512,465 | 1,443,976 | 1,071,049 |
| St. Joseph, MO-KS (MO) | 437,790 | 311, 694 | 614,417 | 651,439 |
| MONTANA: | | | - | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$1,470,589 | \$865,821 | \$2,063,897 | \$1,809,562 |
| Billings, MT | 567,146 | 332,854 | 795,961 | 695,665 |
| Great Falls, MT | 528,877 | 324,442 | 742,252 | 678,081 |
| Missoula, MT | 374,566 | 208,525 | 525,68 4 | 435,816 |
| NEBRASKA: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | <u>\$1,634,847</u> | \$783,608 | \$2,294,424 | 1,637,737 |
| Lincoln, NE | 1,564,126 | 747,115 | 2,195,171 | - 1,561,466 |
| Sioux City, IA-NE-SD (NE) | 70,721 | 36,493 | 99,253 | 76,270 |
| NEVADA: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,600 to 200,000 in population: | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| NEW HAMPSHIRE: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | A4 A44 A44 | | | |
| areas 50, 000 to 200,000 in population: | \$1,976,286 | \$930,889 | \$2,786,248 | 1,945,554 |
| Lowell, MA-NH (NH) | 4,063 | 1,136 | 5,703 | 2,375 |
| Manchester, NH | 832,265 | 425,529 | 1,168,041 | 889,354 |
| Nashua, NH | 656,535 | 270,768 | 934,044 | 565,903 |
| Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester, NH-ME (NH) | 483,423 | 233,456 | 678,460 | 487,922 |
| NEW JERSEY: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$1,504,218 | \$1,162,152 | \$2,111,093 | \$2,428,892 |
| Atlantic City, NJ | 1,084,198 | 913,408 | 1,521,616 | 1,909,019 |
| Vineland-Millville, NJ | 420,020 | 248,744 | 589,477 | 519,874 |
| NEW MEXICO: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | - | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$819,128 | \$346,371 | \$1,149,605 | 723,913 |
| Las Cruces, NM | 455,029 | 185,079 | 638,610 | 386,814 |

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TABLE 2
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

| | | FY 1996 | ISTEA FY 1996 AUT | HORIZED LEVELS |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| | FY 1996 | OPERATING | | |
| | SECTION 5307 | ASSISTANCE | | OPER. ASSIST. |
| URBANIZED AREA/STATE | APPORTIONMENT | LIMITATION | SECTION 5307 | LIMITATION |
| NEW MEXICO (Continued): | | | | |
| Santa Fe, NM | \$3 64 ,0 99 | \$161,292 | \$510,995 | \$337,099 |
| NEW YORK: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$4,544,794 | \$2,887,397 | \$6,378,383 | \$6,034,647 |
| Binghamton, NY | 1,140,763 | 753,963 | 1,601,002 | 1,575,780 |
| Danbury, CT-NY (NY) | 15,462 | 4,225 | 21,700 | 8,830 |
| Elmira, NY | 468,433 | 328,474 | 657,422 | 686,509 |
| Glens Falls, NY | 322,133 | 163.510 | 452,097 | 341,736 |
| Ithaca, NY | 325,123 | 112,051 | 456,293 | 234,186 |
| Newburgh, NY | 422,181 | 203,473 | 592,509 | 425,258 |
| Poughkeepsie, NY | 886.848 | 630,599 | 1,244,645 | 1,317,950 |
| Stamford, CT-NY (NY) | 195 | 109 | 147 | 227 |
| Utica-Rome, NY | 963,746 | 690,993 | 1,352,568 | 1,444,171 |
| NORTH CAROLINA: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | } | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$7,378,023 | \$3,807,386 | \$10,354,680 | \$7,957,418 |
| Asheville, NC | 569,489 | 313,739 | 799,248 | 655,713 |
| Burlington, NC | 413,116 | 238,562 | 579,787 | 498,594 |
| Gastonia, NC | 604,900 | 363,032 | 848,947 | 758,736 |
| Goldsboro, NC | 314,139 | 162,993 | 440,878 | 340,654 |
| Greensboro, NC | 1,301,026 | 686,529 | 1,825,923 | 1,434,845 |
| Greenville, NC | 361, 699 | 124,657 | 507,625 | 260,532 |
| Hickory, NC | 344,959 | 173,702 | 484,133 | 363,036 |
| High Point, NC | 581,730 | 357,277 | 816,429 | 746,708 |
| Jacksonville, NC | 561,638 | 205,012 | 788,231 | 428,475 |
| Kannapolis, NC | 405,454 | 207,368 | 569,034 | 433,397 |
| Rocky Mount, NC | 324,112 | 111,702 | 454,875 | <i>233,456</i> |
| Wilmington, NC | 530,128 | 259,914 | 744,008 | 543,219 |
| Winston-Salem, NC | 1,065,633 | 602,897 | 1,495,562 | 1,260,053 |
| NORTH DAKOTA: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | <u>.</u> | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$1,433,544 | \$694,941 | \$2,011,905 | \$1,452,424 |
| Bismarck, ND | 413,373 | 217,303 | 580,147 | 454,162 |
| Fargo-Moorhead, ND-MN (ND) | 597,844 | 285,401 | 839,044 | 596,487 |
| Grand Forks, ND-MN (ND) | 422,327 | 192,237 | 592,714 | 401,775 |
| оню: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$3,941,572 | \$2,454,959 | \$ 5,531,795 | \$5,130,852 |
| Hamilton, OH | 814,689 | 413,839 | 1,143,375 | 864,904 |
| Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH (OH) | 207,463 | 123,238 | 291,164 | 257,566 |
| Lima, OH | 445,253 | 296,760 | 624,890 | 620,226 |

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TABLE 2
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

| | | FY 1996 | ISTEA FY 1996 AUTI | HORIZED LEVELS |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| | FY 1996 | OPERATING | | |
| | SECTION 5307 | ASSISTANCE | | OPER. ASSIST. |
| URBANIZED AREA/STATE | APPORTIONMENT | LIMITATION | SECTION 5307 | LIMITATION |
| OHIO (Continued): | | | • | |
| Mansfield, OH | \$429,874 | \$297,105 | \$603,306 | \$ 620,9 4 8 |
| Middletown, OH | 560,14 1 | 286,086 | 786,129 | 597,918 |
| Newark, OH | 341,288 | 171,899 | 478,980 | <i>359,268</i> |
| Parkersburg, WV-OH (OH) | 50, 537 | 31,162 | 70,926 | 65,129 |
| Sharon, PA-OH (OH) | 33,325 | 20,995 | 46,770 | 43,880 |
| Springfield, OH | 647,935 | 453,628 | 909,343 | 948,079 |
| Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV-PA (OH) | 233,102 | 194,158 | 327,147 | 405,789 |
| Wheeling, WV-OH (OH) | 177,965 | 166,098 | 249,765 | 347,145 |
| OKLAHOMA: | | | - - | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$613,484 | \$386,416 | \$860,994 | \$807,607 |
| Fort Smith, AR-OK (OK) | 10,762 | 6,655 | 15,104 | 13,908 |
| Lawton, OK | 602,722 | 379,761 | 845,890 | 793,699 |
| OREGON: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | · | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$3,199,315 | \$1,425,107 | \$4,490,075 | \$2,978,467 |
| Eugene-Springfield, OR | 1,505,988 | 725,646 | 2,113,577 | 1,516,596 |
| Longview, WA-OR (OR) | 10,015 | 5,369 | 14,056 | - <i>11,221</i> |
| Medford, OR | 465,419 | 194,556 | 653, 192 | 406,622 |
| Salem, OR | 1,217,893 | 499,536 | 1,709,250 | 1,044,028 |
| PENNSYLVANIA: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$8,363,573 | <u>\$5,129,718</u> | \$11,737,846 | 10,721,085 |
| Altoona, PA | 571,348 | 408,051 | 801,858 | 852,824 |
| Erie, PA | 1, 469,78 3 | 929,251 | 2,062,766 | 1,942,131 |
| Hagerstown, MD-PA-WV (PA) | 5,0 35 | 3,855 | 7,066 | 8,057 |
| Johnstown, PA | 526,872 | 437,207 | 739,438 | 913,760 |
| Lancaster, PA | 1,328,871 | 607,678 | 1,865,002 | 1,270,044 |
| Monessen, PA | 361,637 | 211,581 | 507,539 | 442,204 |
| Pottstown, PA | 343,175 | 118,272 | 481,628 | 247,188 |
| Reading, PA | 1,551,229 | 1,108,504 | 2,177,070 | 2,316,765 |
| Sharon, PA-OH (PA) | 240,254 | 184,335 | 337,184 | 385,259 |
| State College, PA | 500,029 | 250,976 | 701,765 | 524,539 |
| Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV-PA (PA) | 1,746 | 681 | 2,451 | 1,424 |
| Williamsport, PA | 419,158 | 277,812 | 588,267 | 580,626 |
| York, PA | 1,044,436 | 591,515 | 1,465,812 | 1,236,263 |
| PUERTO RICO: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | <u>.</u> | | | 4 |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | <u>\$7,726,196</u> | \$3,312,130 | \$10,843,303 | \$6,922,336 |
| Aguadilla, PR | 675,935 | 245,837 | 948,641 | 513,799 |
| Arecibo, PR | 631,577 | 284,696 | 886,386 | 595,014 |

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TABLE 2
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

| | | FY 1996 | ISTEA FY 1996 AUTI | UODITED I EVEL C |
|--|---------------------|-------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | FY 1996 | OPERATING | ISILA FI 1990 AUII | IORIEM ELVERS |
| | SECTION 5307 | ASSISTANCE | | OPER. ASSIST. |
| URBANIZED AREA/STATE | APPORTIONMENT | LIMITATION | SECTION 5307 | LIMITATION |
| PUERTO RICO (Continued): | | | | |
| Caguas, PR | \$1,654,016 | \$615,765 | \$2,321,327 | \$1,286,946 |
| Cayey, PR | 489,031 | 168,563 | 686,331 | 352,295 |
| Humacao, PR | 423,246 | 145,877 | 594,004 | 304,882 |
| Mayaguez, PR | 909,345 | 453,778 | 1,276,219 | 948,394 |
| Ponce, PR | 2,02 3,581 | 1,056,142 | 2,839,973 | 2,207,331 |
| Vega Baja-Manati, PR | 919,465 | 341,472 | 1,290,422 | 713,675 |
| RHODE ISLAND: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$491,793 | \$246,288 | \$690,206 | 514,740 |
| Fall River, MA-RI (RI) | 112,740 | 54,179 | 158,225 | 113,234 |
| Newport, RI | 379,053 | 192,109 | 531,981 | 401,506 |
| SOUTH CAROLINA: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$2,982,677 | \$1,013,149 | \$2,922,932 | \$2,117,477 |
| Anderson, SC | 280,103 | 158,795 | 393,111 | 331,881 |
| Florence, SC | 288,108 | 166,525 | 404,345 | 348,036 |
| Myrtle Beach, SC | 302,135 | 184,116 | 424,031 | 217,603 |
| Rock Hill, SC | 320,803 | 149,201 | 450,231 | 311,829 |
| Spartanburg, SC | 559,230 | 319,995 | 784,851 | 668,787 |
| Sumter, SC | 332,298 | 114,517 | 466,363 | 239,341 |
| SOUTH DAKOTA: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$1,034,113 | \$523,345 | \$1,451,325 | \$1,093,789 |
| Rapid City, SD | 329,349 | 177,895 | 462,224 | 371,611 |
| Sioux City, IA-NE-SD (SD) | 9,234 | 4,219 | 12,960 | <i>8,817</i> |
| Sioux Falls, SD | 69 5,530 | 341,321 | 976,141 | 713,361 |
| TENNESSEE: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$1,600,470 | \$887,865 | \$2,246,176 | \$1,855,633 |
| Bristol, TN-Bristol, VA (TN) | 149,596 | 90,241 | 209,950 | 188,602 |
| Clarksville, TN-KY (TN) | 364,740 | 167,264 | 511,894 | 349,581 |
| Jackson, TN | 276,074 | 148,661 | 387,455 | 310,701 |
| Johnson City, TN | 420,826 | 228,788 | 590,607 | 478,166 |
| Kingsport, TN-VA (TN) | 389,234 | 252,911 | 546,270 | 528,583 |
| TEXAS: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | <u>\$14,818,915</u> | \$7,687,065 | \$20,797,591 | \$16,065,929 |
| Abilene, TX | 525,749 | 322,174 | 737,862 | 673,342 |
| Amarillo, TX | 975,152 | 544,163 | 1,368,575 | 1,137,297 |

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TABLE 2
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

| | VW2 1004 | FY 1996 | ISTEA FY 1996 AUTI | HORIZED LEVELS |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | FY 1996 | OPERATING | | ODED 46016T |
| | SECTION 5307 | ASSISTANCE | | OPER. ASSIST. |
| URBANIZED AREA/STATE | APPORTIONMENT | LIMITATION | SECTION 5307 | LIMITATION |
| TEXAS (Continued): | | | | |
| Beaumont, TX | \$670,69 1 | \$436,937 | \$941,280 | \$913,196 |
| Brownsville, TX | 974,832 | 343,413 | 1,368,127 | 717,732 |
| Bryan-College Station, TX | 652,977 | 248,806 | 916,420 | 520,007 |
| Denton, TX | 352,719 | 121,558 | 495,024 | 254,039 |
| Galveston, TX | 374,156 | 263,556 | 525, 109 | 550,830 |
| Harlingen, TX | 479,101 | 213,740 | 672,39 <i>4</i> | 446,716 |
| Killeen, TX | 916,390 | 322,616 | 1,286,107 | 674,267 |
| Laredo, TX | 1,157,373 | 440,079 | 1,624,314 | 919.762 |
| Lewisville, TX | 407,184 | 140.316 | 571.462 | 293,260 |
| Longview, TX | 400.618 | 205.890 | 562,247 | 430.310 |
| Lubbock, TX | 1,140,942 | 634,745 | 1,601,253 | 1.326.614 |
| Midland, TX | 499,903 | 258.553 | 701,588 | 540,374 |
| Odessa. TX | 554,572 | 408,081 | 778,314 | 852,888 |
| Port Arthur, TX | 604,956 | 418,221 | 849,024 | 874,080 |
| San Angelo, TX | 519,838 | 269,195 | 729,566 | 562,616 |
| • | | 197,337 | 365.193 | 412,433 |
| Sherman-Denison, TX | 260,211 | | 414,596 | - |
| Temple, TX | 295,412 | 147,551 | | 308,381 |
| Texarkana, TX-AR (TX) | 238,374 | 142,859 | 334,546 | 298,574 |
| Texas City, TX | 633,643 | 308,822 | 889,286 | 645,437 |
| Tyler, TX | 495,493 | 272,311 | 695,400 | 569,129 |
| Victoria, TX | 343,487 | 202,360 | 482,066 | 422,931 |
| Waco, TX | 748,29 5 | 436,203 | 1,050,194 | 911,662 |
| Wichita Falls, TX | 596,847 | 387,585 | 837,644 | 810,051 |
| UTAH: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$296,183 | \$102,073 | <u>\$415,678</u> | \$213,332 |
| Logan, UT | 296,183 | 102,073 | 415,678 | 213,332 |
| VERMONT: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$519,715 | \$244 <u>,</u> 385 | \$729,393 | \$510,764 |
| Burlington, VT | 519,715 | 244,385 | 729,393 | 510,764 |
| VIRGINIA: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$3,449,838 | \$2,010,460 | \$4,841,670 | \$4,201,851 |
| Bristol, TN-Bristol, VA (VA) | 106,501 | 54,5 9 7 | 149,469 | 114,108 |
| Charlottesville, VA | 496,053 | 258,207 | 696,186 | 539,650 |
| Danville, VA | 281, 69 7 | 182,428 | 395,347 | 381,273 |
| Fredericksburg, VA | 330,721 | 113,974 | 464,149 | 238,206 |
| Kingsport, TN-VA (VA) | 20,107 | 15,609 | 28,219 | 32,622 |
| Lynchburg, VA | 471,917 | 290,441 | 662,312 | 607,020 |
| Petersburg, VA | 598,264 | 414,079 | 839,632 | 865,423 |
| Roanoke, VA | 1,144,578 | 681,125 | 1,606,356 | 1,423,548 |
| • • • | | , | | |

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TABLE 2
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

| | | FY 1996 | ISTEA FY 1996 AUTI | HORIZED LEVELS |
|--|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | FY 1996 | OPERATING | 10121 111770 11011 | |
| | SECTION 5307 | ASSISTANCE | | OPER. ASSIST. |
| URBANIZED AREA/STATE | APPORTIONMENT | LIMITATION | SECTION 5307 | LIMITATION |
| WASHINGTON: | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | 1 | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$3,260,161 | \$1,441,915 | \$4,575,468 | 3,013,595 |
| Bellingham, WA | 384,111 | 178,042 | 539,080 | <i>37</i> 2,107 |
| Bremerton, WA | 744,095 | 218,876 | 1,044,300 | 457,450 |
| Longview, WA-OR (WA) | 325,020 | 172,874 | 456,148 | 361,304 |
| Olympia, WA | 578,911 | 220,296 | 812,472 | 460,417 |
| Richland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA | 603,931 | 328,900 | 847,586 | 687,400 |
| Yakima, WA | 624,09 3 | 322,927 | 875,882 | 674,917 |
| WEST VIRGINIA | | | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$2,505,599 | \$1,811,406 | \$3,516,480 | \$3,785,830 |
| Charleston, WV | 1,007,960 | 668,361 | 1,414,621 | 1,396,872 |
| Cumberland, MD-WV (WV) | 12,055 | 10,483 | 16,919 | 21,909 |
| Hagerstown, MD-PA-WV (WV) | 3,045 | 2,443 | 4,273 | 5,106 |
| Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH (WV) | 565,909 | 434,965 | 794,224 | 909,075 |
| Parkersburg, WV-OH (WV) | 363,952 | 275,348 | 510,789 | <i>575,476</i> |
| Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV-PA (WV) | 156,588 | 128,467 | 219,763 | 268, 49 5 |
| Wheeling, WV-OH (WV) | 396,090 | 291,339 | 555,891 | 608,897 |
| WISCONSIN: | | - | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$6,859,182 | \$3,935,089 | \$9,626,514 | 8,224,316 |
| Appleton-Neemah, WI | 1,256,040 | 655,709 | 1,762,788 | 1,370,429 |
| Beloit, WI-IL (WI) | 269,233 | 155,628 | 377,856 | 325,262 |
| Duluth, MN-WI (WI) | 117,931 | 94,707 | 165,510 | 197,938 |
| Eau Claire, WI | 491,973 | 237,885 | 690,459 | <i>497,178</i> |
| Green Bay, WI | 953,966 | 506,229 | 1,338,843 | 1,058,016 |
| Janesville, WI | 362,064 | 194,329 | 508,139 | 406,146 |
| Kenosha, WI | 659,24 9 | 483,440 | 925,223 | 1,010,386 |
| La Crosse, WI-MN (WI) | 523,367 | 276,146 | 734,519 | 577,144 |
| Oshkosh, WI | 456,75 3 | 282,563 | 641,030 | 590,554 |
| Racine, WI | 1 ,018,21 3 | 621,866 | 1,429,010 | 1,299,697 |
| Round Lake Beach-McHenry, IL-WI (WI) | 382 | 99 | 536 | 206 |
| Sheboygan, WI | 430,344 | 238,772 | 603,965 | 499,033 |
| Wausau, WI | 319,667 | 187,716 | 448,636 | 392,326 |
| WYOMING: | | - | | |
| State apportionment and limitation for | | | . | |
| areas 50,000 to 200,000 in population: | \$718,088 | 461,199 | \$1,007,800 | \$963,904 |
| Casper, WY | 32 9 ,405 | 247,399 | 462,303 | 517,063 |
| Cheyenne, WY | 388,683 | 213,800 | 545,497 | 446,841 |
| TOTAL | \$181,182,511 | \$92,949,803 | \$254,292,585 | \$194,264,640 |

TABLE 3 FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

FY 1996 SECTION 5311 NONURBANIZED AREA FORMULA APPORTIONMENTS, SECTION 5311(b) RURAL TRANSIT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (RTAP) ALLOCATIONS, AND ISTEA AUTHORIZED LEVELS

| | | | ISTEA FY 1996 AUTH | ORIZED LEVELS |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | FY 1996 | FY 1996 | 13.2 | |
| | SECTION 5311 | RTAP | SECTION 5311 | RTAP |
| STATE | APPORTIONMENT | ALLOCATION | APPORTIONMENT | ALLOCATION |
| Alahama | \$2,652,238 | \$97,295 | \$3,671,980 | \$ 171,702 |
| Alaska | 395,506 | 57,053 | 547,571 | 68,148 |
| America Semoa | 56,372 | 11,005 | 78,046 | 12,587 |
| Arizona | 1,216,348 | 71,690 | 1,684,014 | 105,814 |
| Arkansas | 2,120,354 | 87,810 | 2,935,595 | 147,296 |
| California | 5,175 ,09 3 | 142,282 | 7,164,831 | 287,468 |
| Colorado | 1,104,676 | 69,6 99 | 1,529,405 | 100,690 |
| Connecticut | 1,002,045 | 67,868 | 1,387,315 | 95,981 |
| Delaware | 249,986 | 54,458 | 346,102 | 61,471 202,655 |
| Florida | 3,326,778 | 109,323 | 4,605,870 5,368,825 | 202,655 227, 942 |
| Georgia | 3,877,855 | 119,150 | 222,179 | 17.364 |
| Guam Hawaii | 160,478 435,230 | 12,862 57,761 | 602,569 | 69,971 |
| Idaho | 878,064 | 65,658 | 1,215,665 | 90,291 |
| Illinois | 3,589,344 | 113,923 | 4,925,597 | 213,252 |
| Indiana | 3,436,672 | 111,283 | 4,758,015 | 207,698 |
| Iowa | 2,219,501 | 89,418 | 3,060,402 | 151,433 |
| Kansas | 1,758,384 | 81,356 | 2,434,453 | 130,686 |
| Kentucky | 2,992,708 | 101,761 | 4,018,751 | 183,196 |
| Louisiana | 2,400,749 | - 92,810 | 3,323,798 | 160,162 |
| Maine | 1,158,455 | 70,658 | 1,603,862 | 103,158 |
| Maryland | 1,446,276 | 75,7 9 0 | 2,002,345 | 116,365 |
| Massachusetts | 1,549,968 | 77,639 | 2,145,905 | 121,123 |
| Michigan | 4,197,578 | 124,851 | 5,811,478 | 242,613 |
| Minnesota | 2,415,464 | 93,073 | 3,344,170 3,263,476 | 160,838 158,163 |
| Mississippi | 2,357,179 | 92,03 3 | 3,895,097 | 179,097 |
| Missouri Montana | 2,813,393 711,301 | 100,168 62,684 | 984,784 | 82,639 |
| Nebraska | 1,073,263 | 69,138 | 1,485,915 | 99,248 |
| Nevada | 350,404 | 56,248 | 485, 129 | 66,079 |
| New Hampshire | 927,778 | 66,544 | 1,284,493 | 92,573 |
| New Jersey | 1,326,526 | 73,655 | 1,836,553 | 110,870 |
| New Mexico | 1,042,850 | 68,596 | 1,443,809 | 97,853 |
| New York | 4,669,530 | 133,267 | 6,464,887 | 264, 269 |
| North Carolina | 4,960,420 | 138,454 | 6,867,620 | 277,617 |
| North Dakota | 526,839 | 59,380 | 728,292 | 74,138 |
| Northern Marianas | 52,240 | 10,932 | 72,326 | 12,397 |
| Ohio | 5,050,053 | 140,053 | 6,991,715 2,988,886 | 281,730 1 49 .062 |
| Oklahoma | 2,19 0,59 6 | 88,9 8 0 | 2,373,202 | 128,656 |
| Oregon Pennsylvania | 1,714,142 5.633,387 | 80,567 150,455 | 7,799,331 | 308,498 |
| Puerto Rico | 1,683,433 | 80,019 | 2,330,686 | 127,247 |
| Rhode Island | 215,650 | 53,845 | 298,565 | 59,895 |
| South Carolina | 2,482,715 | 94,272 | 3,437,278 | 163,924 |
| South Dakota | 641,200 | 61,434 | 887,731 | 79,423 |
| Tennessee | 3,204,902 | 107,150 | 4,437,133 | 197,062 |
| Texas | 6,766,441 | 170,658 | 9,368,019 | 360, 49 2 |
| Utah | 486,065 | 58,668 | 672,949 | 72,304 |
| Vermont | 573,288 | 60,223 | 793,708 | 76,306 |
| Virgin Islands | 122,703 | 12,188 | 169,880 | 15,630 |
| Virginia | 2,841,456 | 100,669 | 3,933,949 | 180,385 141,350 |
| Washington | 1,990,972 | 85,503 | 2,756,468 | 141,359 |
| West Virginia | 1,692, 9 00 | 80,188 | 2,343,792 4,049,799 | 127,682 184,225 |
| Wisconsin | 2,925,133 409,113 | 102,161 57,2 9 5 | 566,410 | 68,773 |
| Wyoming | 407,113 | 31,473 | | |
| TOTAL | \$111,152,194 | \$4,571,903 | \$153,800,625 | \$7,687,500 |

TABLE 4

FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

FY 1996 SECTION 5310 ELDERLY AND PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES APPORTIONMENTS AND ISTEA AUTHORIZED LEVELS

| | | ISTEA FY 1968 AUTHORIZED LEVELS |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| | FY 1996 | ISTEAT TOO ACTIONIZED LEVELS |
| | SECTION 5310 | |
| COTA PERS | | SECTION 5310 |
| STATE | APPORTIONMENT | SECTION 5310 |
| | Ann II and | 41 100 057 |
| Alabama | \$895,886 | \$1,188,857 |
| Alaska | 170,310 | 187,529 |
| America Samoa | 51,784 | 52,462 |
| Arizona | 793,996 | 1,048,244 |
| Arkansas | 636,433 | 830,799 |
| California | 4,699,994 | 6,438,691 |
| Colorado | 623,654 | 813,164 |
| Connecticut | 763,496 | 931,731 |
| Delaware | 239,377 | 282,845 |
| District of Columbia | 237,859 | 280,750 |
| Florida | 3,182,8 46 | 4,344,961 |
| Georgia | 1,151,384 | 1,541,455 |
| Guam | 130,934 | 133,189 |
| Hawaii | 295,052 | 359,680 |
| Idaho | 301,135 | 368,074 |
| Illimois | 2,069,766 | 2,808,862 |
| Indiana | 1,102,462 | 1,473,940 |
| Iowa | 681,581 | 893,107 |
| Kansas | 577,019 | 748,806 |
| Kentucky | 860,030 | 1,139,374 |
| Louisiana | 862,700 | 1,143,058 |
| Maine | 367,816 | 460,097 |
| | | 1,148,462 |
| Maryland Massachusetts | 866,616 | 1 |
| | 1,232,927 | 1,653,988 |
| Michigan | 1,775,854 | 2,403,250 |
| Minnesota | 878,344 | 1,164,648 |
| Mississippi | 619,295 | 807,149 |
| Missouri | 1,117,527 | 1,494,731 |
| Montana | 279,152 | 337,737 |
| Nebraska | 417,081 | 528,084 |
| Nevada | 319,191 | 392,992 |
| New Hampshire | 303,464 | 371,288 |
| New Jersey | 1,473,234 | 1,985,622 |
| New Mexico | 371,002 | 464,494 |
| New York | 3,367,982 | 4,600,457 |
| North Carolina | 1,304,673 | 1,753,000 |
| North Dakota | 242,79 8 | 287,567 |
| Northern Marianas | 51,629 | 52,249 |
| Ohio | 2,158,526 | 2,931,355 |
| Oklahoma | 746,937 | 983,300 |
| Oregon | 696,866 | 914,200 |
| Pennsylvania | 2,581,056 | 3,514,464 |
| Puerto Rico | 662,858 | 867,267 |
| Rhode Island | 331,207 | 409,574 |
| South Carolina | 723,158 | 950,484 |
| South Dakota | 259,417 | 310,501 |
| Tennessee | 1,051,541 | 1,403,667 |
| Texas | 2,664,541 | 3,629,678 |
| Utah | 348,101 | 432,889 |
| Vermont | 220,476 | 256,762 |
| Virgin Islands | 132,534 | 135,397 |
| Virginia | 1,092,517 | 1,460,215 |
| Washington | 983,413 | 1,309,647 |
| West Virginia | 537,787 | 694,663 |
| Wisconsin | 1,003,285 | 1,337,072 |
| Wyoming | 192,733 | 218,474 |
| ·· J. cameral | 1/81177 | - 220,777 |
| TOTAL | \$51,703,234 | \$ 68,675,000 |
| IOIMI | | 400,072,000 |

TABLE 5

FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

FY 1996 SECTION 5309(m)(1)(A) FIXED GUIDEWAY MODERNIZATION APPORTIONMENTS AND ISTEA AUTHORIZED LEVELS

| | FY 1 996 | ISTEA FY 1996 AUTHORIZED LEVELS |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | SECTION 5309 (m) (1) (A) | |
| AREA | APPORTIONMENT | SECTION 5309(m)(1)(A) |
| | | |
| AZ Phoenix | \$430,648 | \$737,988 |
| CA Los Angeles | 6,615,338 | 10,884,462 |
| CA Sacramento | 767,811 | 1,226,898 |
| CA San Diego | 1,593,503 | 2,507,902 |
| CA San Francisco | 43,212,203 | 53,887,831 |
| CA San Jose | 3,065,766 | 5,117,792 |
| CO Denver | 348,697 | 564,945 |
| CT Hartford | 394,463 | 668,180 |
| CT Southwestern Connecticut | 30,625,453 | 33,909,183 |
| DE Wilmington | 249,238 | 415,917 |
| DC Washington | 13,984,659 | 21,759,041 |
| FL Ft. Lauderdale | 904,437 | 1,507,903 |
| FL Jacksonville | 28,705 | 45,514 |
| FL Miami | 2,536,010 | 3,999,325 |
| FL West Palm Beach | 69 3,95 5 | 1,149,236 |
| GA Atlanta | 5,798,258 | 8,821,106 |
| HI Honolulu | 198,564 | 344,614 |
| IL Chicago/Northwestern Indiana | 93,730,447 | 111,641,249 |
| LA New Orleans | 1,970,462 | 2,245,579 |
| MD Baltimore | 2,199,246 | 3,464,153 |
| MD Baltimore Commuter Rail | 11,265,859 | 14,538,404 |
| MA Boston | 46,806,426 | 55,848,740 |
| MA Lawrence-Haverhill | 379,171 | 632,251 |
| MI Detroit | 146,476 | 224,810 |
| MN Minneapolis | 1,038,597 | 1,703,063 |
| MO Kansas City | 15,859 | 26,846 |
| MO St. Louis | 779,988 | 1,241,800 |
| NJ Northeastern New Jersey | 59,571,625 | 69,837,170 |
| NJ Trenton | 444,762 | 679,835 |
| NY Buffalo | 333,695 | 525,524 |
| NY New York | 226,842,214 | 286,244,341 |
| OH Cleveland | 10,195,655 | 10,980,941 2.189.873 |
| OH Dayton PA Philadelphia/Southern New Jersey | 1,302,116 68,178,208 | 2,189,873 78,754,380 |
| PA Pittsburgh | 14,520,301 | |
| PR San Juan | 672,231 | 15,502,563 1,077,415 |
| OR Portland | 817,199 | 1,077,413 |
| RI Providence | 779,570 | 1,267,260 |
| TN Chattanooga | 16,174 | 27,093 |
| TX Dallas | 231,097 | 385.211 |
| TX Houston | 1,752,065 | 2,892,435 |
| VA Norfolk | 357,986 | 610,399 |
| WA Seattle | 4,868,138 | 8,050,515 |
| WA Tacoma | 149,557 | 256.172 |
| WI Madison | 192,168 | 315,010 |
| | | |
| TOTAL | \$661,005,0 00 | \$820,000,000 |

TABLE 6

FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

FY 1996 SECTION 5309(m)(1)(B) NEW START ALLOCATIONS

| | PROJECT LOCATION | FY 1996 SECTION 5309(m)(1)(B) | PRIOR YEAR UNOBLIGATED | TOTAL |
|----|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| | AND DESCRIPTION | ALLOCATION | ALLOCATION | AVAILABLE |
| CA | Los Angeles- Metrorail- MOS-3 | \$83,978,341 | \$0 | \$83,978,341 |
| | Los Angeles - San Diego (LOSSAN) | 8,397,834 | 0 | 8,397,834 |
| | Orange County Transitway | 0 | 20,346,250 | 20,346,250 |
| | Sacramento- LRT Extension | 1,975,961 | , , , o | 1,975,961 |
| | San Diego Mid-Coast Extension | .,, ., | 948,000 | 948,000 |
| | San Francisco-BART Extension to SFO/Tass | man 9,879,805 | 33,235,246 | 43,115,051 |
| | San Jose to Gilroy Commuter Rail | 0 | 4,000,000 | 4,000,000 |
| | Fort Lauderdale- Tri-County Commuter Rail | 9,879,805 | 0 | 9,879,805 |
| | Jacksonville- Automated Skyway Express | 9,603,788 | 0 | 9,603,788 |
| | Miami- North 27th Avenue | 1,975,961 | 0 | 1,975,961 |
| | Tampa-Lakeland Commuter Rail | 493,990 | 496,250 | 990,240 |
| | Atlanta- North Springs | 41,900,252 | 0 | 41,900,252 |
| | Chicago- Wisconsin Central Commuter Rail | 14,226,919 | 0 | 14,226,919 |
| | New Orleans- Canal Street Corridor | 4,939,902 | 7,734,800 | 12,674,702 |
| | Boston- South Boston Piers (MOS-2) Transity | | 0 | 19,818,888 |
| | New Bedford-Fall River Commuter Rail | 0 | 744,375 | 744,375 |
| | Baltimore- Central Corridor Extensions | 15,130,921 | 0 | 15,130,921 |
| | MARC- Commuter Rail | 9,879,805 | Ō | 9,879,805 |
| | Detroit LRT Project | 9,27,555 | 5,110,000 | 5,110,000 |
| | Twin Cities Central Corridor | Ô | 4,962,500 | 4,962,500 |
| | St. Louis- Metrolink LRT Project | 12,349,756 | 5,955,000 | 18,304,756 |
| | Urban Core (Secaucus) | 79,285,433 | 0 | 79,285,433 |
| | Burlington-Gloucester Line | 0 | 1,488,750 | 1,488,750 |
| | Hawthorne-Warwick Commuter Rail | Ŏ | 21,559,000 | 21,559,000 |
| | New York- Queens Connection | 125,201,949 | 0 | 125,201,949 |
| | New York- Staten Island-Midtown Ferry | 125,201,> 12 | 375,000 | 375,000 |
| | New York-Whitehall Ferry Terminal | 2,469,951 | 2,481,250 | 4,951,201 |
| | Cincinnati- Northeast/Northern Kentucky Ra | | 2,401,250 | 987,981 |
| | Cleveland- Dual Hub | 0 | 4,023,030 | 4,023,030 |
| | Canton-Akron-Cleveland [Northeast Ohio] C | Com 4,198,917 | 0 | 4,198,917 |
| | Portland-Westside LRT | 128,575,779 | Ŏ | 128,575,779 |
| | Pittsburgh- Busway | 22,357,998 | Ö | 22,357,998 |
| | San Juan- Tren Urbano | 7,409,854 | Ŏ | 7,409,854 |
| | Memphis- Regional Rail Plan | 1,234,976 | ŏ | 1,234,976 |
| | Dallas- Ft. Worth RAILTRAN | 5,927,883 | 2,977,500 | 8,905,383 |
| | Dallas- North Central LRT Ext. | 2,963,941 | 1,281,250 | 4,245,191 |
| | Dallas- South Oak Cliff Line | 16,737,377 | 0 | 16,737,377 |
| | Houston- Regional Bus Plan | 22,357,998 | 0 | 22,357,998 |
| | Salt Lake City- South LRT | 9,642,195 | 0 | 9,642,195 |
| | Burlington-Charlotte Commuter Rail | 5,582,090 | 0 | 5,582,090 |
| | Milwaukee- East-West Corridor | 3,302,070 | 3,000,000 | 3,000,000 |
| | Seattle-Tacoma Commuter Rail | 0 | 3,952,375 | 3,952,375 |
| | Seattle-Tacoma Commuter Rail | U A | 3,734,3 / 3 A | <i>3,732,</i> 373 ∧ |
| WA | Destruction of the contract of | | | |
| | TOTAL | \$679,366,250 | \$124,670,576 | \$804,036,826 |

TABLE 7

FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

FY 1996 SECTION 5309(m)(1)(C) BUS ALLOCATIONS

| | | | FY 1996 |
|--------------------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| STATE/AREA | PURPOSE | SUB- ALLOCATION | SECTION 5309(m)(1)(C) ALLOCATION |
| AR Statewide | Buses and intermodal and bus related i | acilities | \$6,153,500 |
| Arkansas Hwy. & Transp. Dept. | | \$496,250 | |
| Central Arkansas Transit | | 794,000 | |
| Hot Springs Transit | | 397,000 | |
| Pine Bluff Transit | | 198,500 | |
| South Central Arkansas | | 297,750 | |
| Southeast Arkansas Transit | | 794,000 | |
| University of Arkansas | | 3,176,000 | |
| CA Coachella Valley | Sunline bus facility | | 496,250 |
| CA Long Beach | Bus replacement and parts | | 1,488,850 |
| CA Los Angeles | Gateway intermodal center | | 7,940,000 |
| CA San Diego | San Ysidro intermodal center | | 4,962,500 |
| CA San Francisco | Buses | | 6,689,450 |
| CA San Francisco | Bart ADA compliance/paratransit | | 2,213,375 |
| CA San Gabriel Valley | Foothill bus facilities | | 9,676,875 |
| CA San Joaquin | RTD bus replacement | | 5,240,400 |
| CA Santa Cruz | Bus facility | | 1,488,750 |
| CA Sonoma County | Park and ride facility | | 1,240,625 |
| CA Ventura County | Bus facility | | 595,500 |
| CA Yolo County | Buses | | 1,488,750 |
| CO Fort Collins and Greeley | Buses | | 1,240,625 |
| CT Norwich | Intermodal center | | 1,488,750 |
| DE State | Buses | | 1,339,875 |
| FL Metropolitan Dade County | Buses | | 9,925,000 |
| FL Orlando Lynx | Buses and bus operating facility | | 4,218,125 |
| FL Palm Beach County | Bus facilities | | 1,985,000 |
| FL Volusia County | Buses and park and ride facility | | 1,240,625 |
| GA Atlanta | Buses | | 3,721,875 |
| HI Honolulu, Oahu | Kuakini medical center parking facility | | 3,970,000 |
| IL Statewide* | Replacement buses and transit facilities | | 16,723,625 * |
| Champaign-Urbana | Replacement buses | 1,573,113 | |
| Chicago Transit Authority | New bus communications system | 5,955,000 | |
| Decatur | Replacement buses | 524,040 | |
| Madison County | Replacement buses | 2,272,825 | |
| Pace | Replacement buses | 1,652,513 | |
| Peoria | Transfer facility | 714,600 | |
| Quincy | Replacement buses | 524,040 | |
| Rockford | Replacement buses | 524,040 | |
| Rock Island | Replacement buses | 873,400 | |
| South Central MTD | Bus facilities | 794,000 | |
| Springfield | Replacement buses | 1,064,953 | C 451 350 |
| IN State | Buses and bus facilities | | 6,451,250 |
| IN Gary and Hammond | Buses | | 258,050 |
| IN South Bend | Intermodal facility | | 2,481,250 |
| IA State | Buses, equipment and facilities | | 4,247,900 |
| IA Ames, Marshalltown, Ottumwa | Bus and bus facilities | | 2,332,375 |
| IA Cedar Rapids | Hybrid electric bus consortium | | 1,191,000 |
| IA Waterloo | Intermodal bus facility | | 664,975 992,500 |
| KY Lexington | Buses | | 992,500 |
| LA New Orleans | Buses | | 5,955,000 2,077,500 |
| LA New Orleans | Bus facility | | 2,977,500 1,488,750 |
| LA Saint Bernard Parish MD MTA | Intermedal facility | | |
| MD MTA MA Worchester | Buses Intermodal Center | | 12,902,500 1,985,000 |
| MAN AN OR CINCONCE. | Intermoun Center | | 1,703,000 |

\$330,502,500

TABLE 7

FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

FY 1996 SECTION 5309(m)(1)(C) BUS ALLOCATIONS

| | | CITA | FY 1996 |
|---------------------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| STATE/AREA | PURPOSE | SUB- ALLOCATION | SECTION 5309(m)(1)(C) ALLOCATION |
| MI Statewide | ISTEA set-aside requirement | | 9,925,000 |
| Flint | Buses and bus facilities | 2,999,831 | • • |
| Grand Rapids | Buses and bus facilities | 2,999,831 | |
| Lansing | Intermodal facility | 925,507 | |
| Suburban Mobility Auth. for Re | | 2,999,831 | |
| MI Lansing | Intermodal transportation center | , , | 2,074,325 |
| MN MTC Minnesota | Articulated buses | | 7,443,750 |
| MO State | Buses and bus facilities | | 6,947,500 |
| MO Kansas City | Union Station intermodal | | 6,451,250 |
| MO St. Louis | Metrolink bus purchase | | 3,473,750 |
| NV Clark County | Buses and bus facility | | 16,872,500 |
| NJ Garden State Parkway | Park-n-ride at Interchange 165 | | 1,141,375 |
| NJ Hamilton Township | Intermodal facility/bus maintenance | | 12,406,250 |
| NY Albany | Buses | | 4,962,500 |
| NY Buffalo | Transit station | | 496,250 |
| NY Long Island | Buses, paratransit, and equipment | | 1,488,750 |
| NY New Rochelle | Intermodal facility | | 744,375 |
| NY New York City | Natural gas buses/fueling station | | 4.962,500 |
| NY Rensselaer | Intermodal station | | 7,443,750 |
| NY Rochester-Genessee | Buses | | \$694,750 |
| NY Syracuse | Buses | | 992,500 |
| NY Syracuse | Intermodal terminal | | 992,500 |
| NY Utica | Buses | | 2,977,500 |
| NY Westchester County | Bus facility | | 2,233,125 |
| NC State | Buses and bus facilities | | 4,962,500 |
| OH State | Buses | | 14,887,500 |
| OH Cleveland | Triskett bus facility | | 1,240,625 |
| OR Eugene Lane Transit District | Radio system | | 645,125 |
| OR Wilsonville | Transit vehicles | | 248,125 |
| PA Allegheny County | Busway system | | 8,932,500 |
| PA Altoena | ISTEA set-aside requirement | | 992,500 |
| PA Beaver County | Bus facility | | 2,431,625 |
| PA Erie | Intermodal complex | | 3,970,000 |
| PA North Philadelphia | Intermodal center | | 2,977,500 |
| PA Philadelphia | Buses | | 1,488,750 |
| PA Philadelphia | Chestnut Street/alternative fueled vehick | S | 992,500 |
| PA Philadelphia | Lift equipped buses | | 7,443,750 |
| TN Nashville | Electric buses | | 297,750 |
| TX Corpus Christi | Buses, dispatching system and facilities | | 2,431,625 |
| TX El Paso | Bus equipment | | 5,161,000 |
| UT Utah Transit Authority | Buses | | 1,736,875 |
| VA Richmond | Downtown intermodal station | | 4,962,500 |
| VT State | Buses and bus facilities | | 2,977,500 |
| VT Marble Valley | Bus upgrades | | 992,500 |
| WA Everett | Intermodal center | | 3,473,750 |
| WA Pierce County | Tacoma Dome station | | 4,962,500 |
| WA King County/Seattle | Seattle metro bus purchase | | 6,203,125 |
| WA Seattle | Metro/King County multimodal | | 1,985,000 |
| WI State | Buses | | 9,925,000 |
| - | | | |

* Of the total amount allocated to the State of Illinois, \$251,101 is not included in the suballocations.

TABLE 7A

FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

PRIOR YEAR UNOBLIGATED SECTION 5309 (m) (1) (C) BUS ALLOCATIONS

| | STATE/AREA | PRIOR YEAR SECTION 5309(m)(1)(C) UNOBLIGATED ALLOCATION |
|----------|-------------------------------|--|
| FY 1995 | | |
| | AK Marine Highway System | \$2,000,000 |
| | AR Little Rock | 1,000,000 |
| | CA San Francisco | 3,878,288 |
| | CA Santa Cruz | 1,000,000 |
| | CO Eagle County | 1,000,000 |
| | CT Norwich | 2,000,000 |
| | FL Orlando | 828, 400 |
| | HI Kauai | 1,500,000 4,724,000 |
| = | IL Statewide IA Cedar Rapids | 3,000,000 |
| | LA New Orleans | 2,000,000 |
| | MI Detroit | 4,000,000 |
| | MI Southeast (SMART) | 9,000,000 |
| | MO Kansas City | 5,000,000 |
| | NJ Camden | 150,000 |
| | NM Albuquerque | 3,759,000 |
| | NY Bronx | 1,000,000 |
| | NY Buffalo | 800,000 |
| | NC State | 3,600,000 |
| | OR Albany | 306,000 |
| | OR Salem | 1,000,000 |
| | PA Philadelphia | 2,500,000 |
| | TX El Paso | 9,000,000 |
| | VA Northern Virginia-Dulles | 950,000 400.000 |
| - | WA Edmonds WI Milwaukee | 1,000,000 |
| | VVI IVIIIWAMINEE | 1,000,000 |
| FY 1994 | | |
| | AR Little Rock | 2,100,000 |
| | CA Lake Tahoe | 1,944,000 |
| | CA San Francisco | 956,400 |
| | CA Santa Barbara | 3,000,000 |
| | HI Kauai | 1,510,000 |
| | IL Statewide | 1,857,600 |
| | IN South Bend | 3,428 |
| | KS Topeka | 768,000 433,612 |
| | ME Statewide MD Silver Spring | 1.500.000 |
| | NJ Camden | 800.000 |
| | NM Albuquerque | 1,750,000 |
| | OR Salem | 3,800,000 |
| - | PA Philadelphia | 1.000.000 |
| | PR San Juan | 2,500,000 |
| | TX El Paso | 3,057,902 |
| TTV 4004 | | |
| FY 1992 | AR Eureka Springs | 32,100 |
| | CA San Francisco | 1,250,000 |
| | TOTAL | \$93,649,730 |

TABLE 8
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION

FY 1996 SECTION 5303 METROPOLITAN PLANNING PROGRAM AND SECTION 5313(b) STATE PLANNING AND RESEARCH PROGRAM APPORTIONMENTS, AND ISTEA AUTHORIZED LEVELS

| | FY 1996 | FY 1996 | ISTEA FY 1996 AUTI | HORIZED LEVELS |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| STATE | SECTION 5303 | SECTION 5313(b) | | |
| | APPORTIONMENT | APPORTIONMENT | SECTION 5303 | SECTION 5313(b) |
| Alabama | \$343,637 | \$90,327 | \$606,010 | \$160,124 |
| Alaska | 158,000 | 41,250 | 276,750 | 73,125 |
| Arizona | 615,559 | 130,387 | 1,102,152 | 231,140 |
| Arkansas | 158,000 | 41,250 | 276,750 | 73,125 |
| California | 6,632,289 | 1,250,167 | 11,795,754 | 2,216,212 |
| Colorado | 512,345 | 116,731 | 900,201 | 206,932 |
| Connecticut | 451,330 | 120,554 | 808,806 | 213,709 |
| Delaware | 158,000 | 41,250 | 276,750 | 73,125 |
| District/Col | 211,644 | 41,250 | 373,110 | 73,125 |
| Florida | 2,101,510 | 499,635 | 3,772,728 | 885,716 |
| Georgia | 751,237 | 160,071 | 1,335,556 | 283,763 |
| Hawaii | 158,000 | 41,250 | 276,750 | 73,125 |
| Idaho | 158,000 | 41,250 | 276,750 | 73,125 |
| Illinois | 2,305,044 | 416,231 | 4,042,806 | 737,864 |
| Indiana T | 564,428 | 132,187 | 981,466 | 234,332 82,035 |
| Iowa | 175,738 | 46,276 50.005 | 310,471 358,914 | 88,645 |
| Kansas | 202,032 245,039 | 50,005 62,68 3 | 429,910 | 111,119 |
| Kentucky Louisiana | 438,000 | 109,377 | 742.908 | 193,895 |
| Maine | 158,000 | 41,250 | 276,750 | 73,125 |
| Maryland | 920,920 | 175,819 | 1,606,285 | 311,679 |
| Massachusetts | 1,115,798 | 232,221 | 1,959,166 | 411,665 |
| Michigan | 1,470,219 | 285,343 | 2,523,938 | 505,835 |
| Minnesota | 584,145 | 116,393 | 1,024,858 | 206,332 |
| Mississippi | 158,000 | 41,250 | 276,750 | 73,125 |
| Missouri | 695,407 | 136,609 | 1,133,113 | 242,170 |
| Montene | 158,000 | 41,250 | 276,750 | 73,125 |
| Nebraska | 158,000 | 41,250 | 276,750 | 73,125 |
| Nevada | 170,271 | 44,727 | 300,077 | 79,289 |
| New Hampshire | 158,000 | 41,250 | 276,750 | 73,125 |
| New Jersey | 1,949,100 | 325,454 | 3,429,974 | 576,941 |
| New Mexico | 158,000 | 41,250 | 276,750 | 73,125 |
| New York | 3,962,781 | 692,977 | 6,965,133 | 1,228,460 |
| North Carolina | 461,482 | 123,360 | 827,635 | 218,684 |
| North Dakota | 158,000 | 41,250 | 276,750 | 73,125 |
| Ohio | 1,371,909 | 326,801 | 2,384,316 | <i>57</i> 9, <i>32</i> 8 |
| Oklahoma | 251,281 | 66,487 | 446,065 | 117,863 |
| Oregon | 285,601 | 69,713 | 501,053 | 123,582 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,909,473 | 353,827 | 3,092,394 | 627,238 |
| Rhode Island | 165,658 | 41,250 | 276,750 | 73,125 |
| South Carolina | 261,905 | 70,041 | 469,910 | 124,163 |
| South Dakota | 158,000 | 41,250 | 276,750 | 73,125 |
| Tennessee | 412,851 | 108,885 | 730,521 | 193,024 989,679 |
| Texas Utah | 2,652,169 | 558,290 | 4,701,219 | 114,835 |
| | 241,365 159,000 | 64,779 41,250 | 434,606 276,750 | 73,125 |
| Vermont Virginia | 158,000 864,477 | 41,250 188,006 | 1,5 4 6,3 5 3 | 333,286 |
| • | | 157,816 | 1,232,499 | 279,765 |
| Washington West Virginia | 695,722 1 58,00 0 | 41,250 | 276,750 | 73,125 |
| Wiscomin | 557,792 | 120,997 | 862,913 | 214,494 |
| Wyoming | 158,000 | 41,250 | 276,750 | 73,125 |
| Puerto Rico | 421,842 | 104,332 | 749,930 | 184,952 |
| | | 101,000 | | 201,128 |
| TOTAL | \$39,500,000 | \$8,250,000 | \$69,187,500 | \$14,625,000 |
| | | | | |

TABLE 9

| Federal Transit Administration - Unit Values of Data |
|--|
| Fiscal Year 1996 Formula Grant Apportionments |
| |
| |

Section 5307 Urbanized Area Formula Program - Bus Tier

Urbanized Areas Over 1,000,000:

| Population | \$1.99324342 |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| Population x Density | |
| Bus Revenue Vehicle Mile | |

Urbanized Areas Under 1,000,000:

| Population | \$1.80134018 |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| Population x Density | |
| Bus Revenue Vehicle Mile | |

Bus Incentive (PM denotes Passenger Mile):

| Bus PM x Bus PM = | \$0.00320813 |
|-------------------|--------------|
| Operating Cost | |

Section 5307 Urbanized Area Formula Program - Fixed Guideway Tier

| Fixed Guideway Revenue Vehicle Mile. | \$0.39174360 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| Fixed Guideway Route Mile | |
| Commuter Pail Floor | ¢4 075 663 |

Fixed Guideway Incentive:

| Fixed Guideway | y PM x Fix | ed Guidew | <u>ay PM</u> = | \$0.00040064 |
|-----------------------|------------|-----------|----------------|--------------|
| Operating Cost | | | | |
| | | | | |

- Commuter Rail Incentive Floor......\$187,137

Section 5307 Urbanized Area Formula Program - Areas Under 200,000

| Population | \$3.25726661 |
|----------------------|--------------|
| Population x Density | \$0.00162770 |

Section 5311 Nonurbanized Area Formula Program

Areas Under 50,000

Population.....\$1.20591027

Section 5309(m)(1)(A) Capital Program - Fixed Guideway Modernization

Tier 3

Tier 4

Legislatively Specified Areas:

All Areas:

Revenue Vehicle Mile \$0.0306232 Route Mile

\$0.0692831

Other Areas:

\$2,120.67

\$4,042.86

Revenue Vehicle Mile \$0.17216962

Route Mile

\$5,323.40

[FR Doc. 95-28803 Filed 11-21-95; 11:07

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BILLING CODE 4910-57-C