that this action does not require a regulatory flexibility analysis.

Dated: March 22, 1996. Stephen H. Green, Deputy Administrator.

[FR Doc. 96-7797 Filed 3-29-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-09-M

# NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

[Notice 96-035]

NASA Advisory Council, Life and Microgravity Sciences and Applications Advisory Committee; Meeting

**AGENCY:** National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

**ACTION:** Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Pub. L. 92–463, as amended, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration announces a meeting of the NASA Advisory Council, Life and Microgravity Sciences and Applications Advisory Committee.

**DATES:** April 18, 1996, 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.; and April 19, 1996, 8:30 a.m. to Noon.

ADDRESSES: NASA Headquarters, Room MIC 7A, 300 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20024.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Dr. Arnauld Nicogossian, Code U, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC 20546, 202/358–0215.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The meeting will be closed to the public on Thursday, April 18, 1996, from 4:30 p.m. to 5:30 p.m. in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 522b(c)(6), to allow for discussion on qualifications of individuals being considered for membership to the Committee. The remainder of the meeting will be open to the public up to the seating capacity of the room. The agenda for the meeting is as follows:

- Review of the Office of Life and Microgravity Sciences and Applications Status
- Committee Discussion on Strategy and Metrics
- —International Space Station Status, Phase 1
- -Advisory Committee Structure
- —Subcommittee Reports
- Discussion of Committee Findings and Recommendations

It is imperative that the meeting be held on these dates to accommodate the scheduling priorities of the key participants. Visitors will be required to sign a visitor's register.

Dated: March 26, 1996.

Leslie M. Nolan,

Advisory Committee Management Officer, National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

[FR Doc. 96–7820 Filed 3–29–96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7510-01-M

# NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50-397]

Washington Public Power Supply System; WPPSS Nuclear Project No. 2 Environmental Assessment and Finding of No Significant Impact

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) is considering issuance of an amendment to the technical specifications (TSs) for Facility Operating License No. NPF–21, issued to Washington Public Power Supply System (the Supply System, or the licensee) for operation of the WPPSS Nuclear Project No. 2, located in Benton County, Washington.

#### **Environmental Assessment**

Identification of the Proposed Action

The proposed change would modify the TSs to reflect replacement of the existing reactor recirculation (RRC) flow control system with an adjustable speed drive (ASD) system. The current system relies on operation of the RRC pumps at two discrete speeds, using flow control valves to vary the flow in the RRC system. Following the design change, the flow control valves and the existing pump controllers would be deactivated in place. The existing analog-hydraulic flow control system will be replaced with dual channel, variable frequency ASDs and a digital recirculation flow control system that would vary RRC flow by varying RRC pump speed. The proposed TS changes would reflect the new RRC flow control system.

# The Need for the Proposed Action

The licensee proposed the action to improve the reliability of flow control in the RRC system, and to provide increased operational flexibility during plant startup to avoid RRC pump cavitation and core instability restriction zones.

Environmental Impacts of the Proposed Action

The Commission has completed its evaluation of the proposed action. The proposed change would not affect the probability of loss of the RRC pumps.

Blocking open the RRC flow control valves would remove the potential failure of these valves from affecting operation of the RRC system, thereby reducing the probability of loss of RRC flow from this failure. The proposed change would allow removal of the hydraulic components for the RRC flow control valves and allow the licensee to cap eight containment penetrations. This in turn would allow removal of the 16 associated containment isolation valves. This reduces the number of potential leakage paths from the containment, and removes these potential leakage paths from affecting the consequences of postulated accidents. The proposed change also does not affect the types of any effluents that may be released offsite, and there is no increase in the allowable individual or cumulative occupational radiation exposure. Accordingly, the Commission concludes that there are no significant radiological environmental impacts associated with the proposed action.

With regard to potential non-radiological impacts, the proposed action does involve features located entirely within the restricted area as defined in 10 CFR Part 20. The proposed action does not affect systems that generate or process non-radiological plant effluents, and has no other environmental impact. Accordingly, the Commission concludes that there are no significant non-radiological environmental impacts associated with the proposed action.

## Alternatives to the Proposed Action

Since the Commission has concluded that there is no measurable environmental impact associated with the proposed action, any alternatives with equal or greated impact need not be evaluated. As an alternative to the proposed action, the Commission considered denial of the proposed action. Denial of the application would result in no change in current environmental impacts. The environmental impacts of the proposed action and the alternative action are similar.

### Alternative Use of Resources

The proposed action does not involve the use of any resources not previously considered in the Final Environnmental Statement for WNP-2.

### Agencies and Persons Consulted

In accordance with its stated policy, on February 27, 1996, the Commission consulted with the Washington State official, Mr. R.R. Cowley of the Department of Health, State of