

five main reasons: (1) The OES survey produces valid, reliable data; (2) it significantly reduces the burden on the respondent; (3) it produces the first national wage rate survey with comparable methodology across all locales; (4) it standardizes the collection process; and (5) it costs \$7 million less than the current system.

As indicated, in addition to the use of wage data with the Alien Labor Certification process, reliable wage data have many other practical uses. Wage data can enhance information currently provided under the JTPA and Perkins Act. OES wage data also can inform important legal and administrative decisions such as Social Security adjudication, Unemployment Insurance work-search requirements, or minimum wage deliberations. Timely and reliable wage information is a valuable commodity to vocational trainers and enrollees.

## II. Current Actions

BLS plans to revise the collection method of the OES survey. The revised OES survey will continue to be a probability-based sample survey of nonfarm establishments. Beginning in 1996, the OES survey will implement three major changes: (1) The sample will include all industries each year; (2) Estimates will be produced for 360 sub-State areas; and (3) Wage information will be collected for all States.

Although OES will continue to operate on a three-year cycle, under the revised sampling procedures the OES survey will collect both occupational employment and wage information each year for all nonagricultural industries. To minimize response burden, the new sampling system will include an establishment, at most, once every three years. With the revised sampling procedures, the OES survey will produce employment and wage estimates on an annual basis.

The OES sample is designed to yield reliable estimates by industry at the national, State, and sub-State levels. The revised OES survey will allow for estimates in 360 areas (310 Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) and other specified sub-State areas.) The sampling frame will stratify units by industry, geographic area, and by size of establishment. Establishments that employ 250 or more employees at a single worksite will be sampled with certainty once every three years.

The revised survey solicits occupational employment information by wage ranges. A respondent participating in the OES survey will provide the number of employees by occupation, broken out across 11 wage

range categories. The survey will be a cost-effective, statistically reliable method of producing occupational wage distributions as well as mean and median wage estimates. To comply with the Alien Labor Certification legislation, State agencies will use the OES survey in place of current State wage surveys. The overall effect on respondents will be a decrease in burden placed on them by Federal and State government agencies.

*Type of Review:* Revision of a currently approved collection.

*Agency:* Bureau of Labor Statistics.

*Title:* Report on Occupational Employment.

*OMB Number:* 1220-0042.

*Affected Public:* Business or other for-profit; Not-for-profit institutions; Federal Government; State, local, or tribal governments.

*Total Respondents:* 406,000.

*Frequency:* BLS will conduct the survey annually. Reporting units will be sampled, at most, once every three years.

*Total Responses:* 316,680.

*Average Time Per Response:* 45 minutes.

*Estimated Total Burden Hours:* 237,510 hours.

*Total Burden Cost (capital/startup):* 0.

*Total Burden Cost (operating/maintenance):* 0.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the request for Office of Management and Budget approval of the ICR; they also will become a matter of public record.

Signed at Washington, D.C., this 2nd day of April, 1996.

Peter T. Spolarich,

Chief, Division of Management Systems,  
Bureau of Labor Statistics.

[FR Doc. 96-8488 Filed 4-4-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-24-M

## NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

[Notice 96-039]

### NASA Advisory Council; Meeting.

**AGENCY:** National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

**ACTION:** Notice of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Pub. L. 92-463, as amended, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration announces a meeting of the NASA Advisory Council.

**DATES:** April 23, 1996, 8:30 a.m. to 2 p.m.; and April 24, 1996, 10:00 a.m. to 3 p.m.

**ADDRESSES:** National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Room 9H40, 300 E Street, SW, Washington, DC 20546-0001.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Ms. Anne L. Accola, Code Z, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC 20546-0001, (202) 358-0682.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The meeting will be open to the public up to the seating capacity of the room. The agenda for the meeting is as follows:

- Shuttle Contract Consolidation Status
- Space Operations Management Initiatives
- Reusable Launch Vehicle Concepts and Technologies
- Strategic Management and Planning Status
- NASA Response to Prior Council Recommendations
- Committee/Task Force Reports
- Discussion of Findings and Recommendations

It is imperative that the meeting be held on these dates to accommodate the scheduling priorities of the key participants. Visitors will be requested to sign a visitor's register.

Dated: April 1, 1996.

Leslie M. Nolan,

Advisory Committee Management Officer,  
National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

[FR Doc. 96-8467 Filed 4-4-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7510-01-M

[Notice 96-038]

### Notice of Prospective Patent License

**AGENCY:** National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

**ACTION:** Notice of prospective patent license.

**SUMMARY:** NASA hereby gives notice that CASI, Inc., of Signal Mountain, Tennessee, has applied for a partially exclusive license to practice the inventions described and claimed in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,166,679; 5,214,388; 5,363,051; 5,373,245; and 5,442,347—entitled, respectively, "Driven Shield Capacitive Proximity Sensor," "Phase Discrimination Capacitive Array Sensor System," "Steering Capaciflector Sensor," "Capaciflector Camera," and "Double-Driven Shield Capacitive Type Proximity Sensor," and for the following NASA inventions disclosed in NASA Case Nos. GSC-13,563-1; GSC-13,614-1; GSC-13,618-1; and GSC-13,701—entitled, respectively, "Current Measuring OP-AMP Devices," "Capaciflector-Guided Mechanisms," "Frequency Scanning Capaciflector,"