authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, 21 CFR part 2 is amended as follows:

## PART 2—GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE RULINGS AND DECISIONS

1. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 2 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 201, 301, 305, 402, 408, 409, 501, 502, 505, 507, 512, 601, 701, 702, 704 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321, 331, 335, 342, 346a, 348, 351, 352, 355, 357, 360b, 361, 371, 372, 374); 15 U.S.C. 402, 409.

2. Section 2.125 is amended by adding new paragraph (e)(15) to read as follows:

### § 2.125 Use of chlorofluorocarbon propellants in self-pressurized containers.

(e) \* \* \*

(15) Sterile aerosol talc administered intrapleurally by thoracoscopy for human use.

\* \* \* \* \*

Dated: May 15, 1996.

William K. Hubbard,

Associate Commissioner for Policy Coordination.

[FR Doc. 96–12758 Filed 5–21–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–F

#### 21 CFR Part 173

[Docket No. 93F-0483]

### Secondary Direct Food Additives Permitted in Food for Human Consumption; Correction

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Final rule; correction.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is correcting the final rule that appeared in the Federal Register of March 3, 1995 (60 FR 11899). The document amended the food additive regulations to provide for the safe use of chlorine dioxide to control the microbial population in poultry process water. The document was published with some errors. This document corrects those errors. Additionally, the agency is revising some of the discussion in the preamble for clarification. These changes are not substantive and do not affect the agency's conclusion regarding the use of chlorine dioxide in poultry process water. The codified regulation remains unchanged.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Robert L. Martin, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (HFS–217), Food

and Drug Administration, 200 C St. SW., Washington, DC 20204–0001, 202–418–3074

In FR Doc. 95–5275, appearing on page 11899 in the Federal Register of Friday, March 3, 1995, the following corrections are made:

- 1. On page 11899, in the second column, in the first full paragraph, beginning in line 8, "reaction of chlorine with sodium chlorite" is corrected to read "oxidation of sodium chlorite"; in the same paragraph, beginning in line 10, "acidification of sodium chlorite" is corrected to read "disproportionation of sodium chlorite in the presence of acids (Ref. 1)."; and in the same paragraph, beginning in line 16, "(Ref. 1)." is corrected to read "Ref. 1a)."
- 2. On page 11899, in the second column, in the second full paragraph, in line 5, "of chlorine" is corrected to read "with chlorine".
- 3. On page 11899, in the second column, in the fourth full paragraph, in the 4th line from the bottom, "studies" is corrected to read "safety studies" and in the 3rd line from the bottom "petitioner were" is corrected to read "petitioner on poultry were".

4. On page 11899, in the third column, in the first paragraph, in line 3, "3 ppm" is corrected to read "100 ppm".

5. On page 11899, in the third column, in the first paragraph, beginning in line 5 and ending in line 21, "These data show that organic \* \* \* in drinking water.)" is corrected to read "These data show that comparable trace levels of chloroform and dichloromethane were detected in both untreated and chlorine dioxide-treated poultry process water and that chlorine dioxide treatment did not appear to contribute to their formation."

6. On page 11899, in the third column, in the first paragraph, in line 23, "20" is corrected to read "100", and beginning in line 24, "no mutagenic" is corrected to read "negligible mutagenic".

7. On page 11899, in the third column, in the third paragraph, beginning in line 8, "(No chlorite or chlorate could \* \* \* for the method used)." is removed.

(Note: The finding of no significant residues of chlorite and chlorate was not based on chemical analysis. The agency determined that any residues of chlorite and chlorate remaining on poultry would be converted to chloride (a major component of table salt) during cooking.)

8. On page 11900, in the first column, in the first full paragraph, beginning in line 3, "linoleic, linolenic, and

arachidonic acid)" is corrected to read "linoleic and linolenic acid)", and in the same paragraph, in line 11, "levels 7 to 10 times" is corrected to read "levels 8 to 22 times".

- 9. On page 11900, in the first column, in the second full paragraph, in line 4, "measurable" is corrected to read "significant".
- 10. On page 11900, in the first column, in the third full paragraph, in line 6, "no" is corrected to read "negligible".
- 11. On page 11900, in the third column, Ref. 1a is added to read "1a. U.S. patent No. 4,247,531.", and Ref. 6 is corrected to read "6. CRC Handbook of Chemistry and Physics, 71st ed., 1990–1991, David R. Lide, Editor-in-Chief, CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL. See Table of Electrochemical Potentials (re chlorite and chlorate), sections 8–16."

Dated: May 14, 1996.
William K. Hubbard,
Associate Commissioner for Policy
Coordination.
[FR Doc. 96–12757 Filed 5–20–96; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4160–01–F

#### 21 CFR Part 176

[Docket No. 92F-0313]

# Indirect Food Additives: Paper and Paperboard Components

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending the food additive regulations to provide for the safe use of diethanolamine as a boiler water additive in paper mill boilers used in the manufacture of paper and paperboard intended for use in contact with aqueous and fatty food. This action is in response to a food additive petition filed by Betz Laboratories, Inc.

**DATES:** Effective May 21, 1996; written objections and requests for a hearing by June 20, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Submit written objections to the Dockets Management Branch (HFA– 305), Food and Drug Administration, 12420 Parklawn Dr., rm 1–23, Rockville, MD 20857.

### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Diane E. Robertson, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (HFS– 216), Food and Drug Administration, 200 C St. SW., Washington, DC 20204, 202–418–3089.