

of TSCs on operational and administrative concerns and considerations. Facilitates the review and analysis of administrative and program management policies; reports significant trends to the Regional Commissioner and recommends effective solutions to problems identified.

5. Ensures that TSC managers are carrying out their assigned responsibilities fully and effectively.

6. Provides leadership and guidance to TSC managers in the effective utilization of budgetary and staffing allocations to ensure unified and balanced program administration. Facilitates the development and implementation of a program for coordinated management of personnel and workloads.

H. The Mega Teleservice Center (S2DXJ).

1. Provides leadership and direction in the management and operation of the Mega Teleservice Center. Establishes long-range operating plans, schedules, goals and emphasis necessary for the attainment of regional workload goals. Coordinates Mega TSC activities to ensure consistency with national and regional policies and procedures.

2. Serves as the facilitator for overall service delivery to the public through the management of the Mega TSC and provides program leadership to the TSC for administration of the insurance, disability and assistance programs including systems support and automation.

3. Serves as the facilitator through which management and operational aspects of Mega TSC responsibilities and performance are coordinated.

4. Serves as a principal point of advice and guidance to the Regional Commissioner in reflecting the interests of the Mega TSC on operational and administrative concerns and considerations. Facilitates the review and analysis of administrative and program management policies; reports significant problems and trends to the Regional Commissioner and recommends effective solutions to problems identified.

5. Ensures that subordinate managers are carrying out their assigned responsibilities fully and effectively.

6. Provides leadership and guidance to subordinate managers in the effective utilization of budgetary and staffing allocations to ensure unified and balanced program administration. Facilitates the development and implementation of a program for coordinated management of personnel and workloads.

Revise as follows:

G. The Office of the Assistant Regional Commissioner for Processing Center Operations (S2D25, 35, 45, 55, 75, 95).

5. Receives and coordinates new/ revised computer programs/systems and resolves exceptions in case processing. Maintains accounting controls and ensures that magnetic tape records reflect actual authorized payment actions.

Add:

7. Where applicable, provides leadership and direction for service delivery to the public through the management of TSCs within the respective region. Establishes long-range operating plans, schedules, goals and emphasis necessary for the attainment of workload goals. Coordinates TSC activities to ensure consistency with national and regional policies and procedures.

Dated: September 25, 1996.

Ruth A Pierce,

Deputy Commissioner for Human Resources.

[FR Doc. 96-27942 Filed 10-30-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4190-29-P

STATE DEPARTMENT

[Public Notice No. 2460]

Overseas Security Advisory Council Notice of Closed Meeting

The Department of State announces a meeting of the U.S. State Department—Overseas Security Advisory Council on Tuesday and Wednesday, November 19 and 20, at the U.S. Department of State, Washington, D.C. Pursuant to Section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act and 5 U.S.C. 552b(c) (1) and (4), it has been determined the meeting will be closed to the public. Matters relative to classified national security information as well as privileged commercial information will be discussed. The agenda calls for the discussion of classified and corporate proprietary/security information as well as private sector physical and procedural security policies and protective programs at sensitive U.S. Government and private sector locations overseas.

For more information contact Marsha Thurman, Overseas Security Advisory Council, Department of State, Washington, D.C. 20522-1003, phone: 202-663-0869.

Dated: October 21, 1996.

Gregorie W. Bujac,

Director of the Diplomatic Security Service.

[FR Doc. 96-27960 Filed 10-30-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4710-24-M

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

Notice of Entry Into Force of Trade Agreement With the Kingdom of Cambodia and the Grant of Most-Favored-Nation Treatment to Products of Cambodia

AGENCY: Office of the United States Trade Representative.

ACTION: Notice of entry into force of trade agreement.

SUMMARY: On October 4, 1996, the Acting United States Trade Representative (USTR) signed a trade agreement with the Kingdom of Cambodia (Cambodia) obligating reciprocal most-favored-nation treatment between Cambodia and the United States. The trade agreement entered into force as of October 25, 1996, the effective date of this notice, after which time all products of Cambodia entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, shall be granted most-favored-nation treatment by the United States. Cambodia was formerly known as "Kampuchea" and appears as such in the 1996 Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States.

DATES: The effective date of this notice is Friday, October 25, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Office of the United States Trade Representative, 600 17th Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20508.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Joseph Damond, Director for Southeast Asia, (202) 395-6813, or Thomas Robertson, Associate General Counsel, (202) 395-6800.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On September 25, 1996, President Clinton signed into law H.R. 1642 (Public Law No. 104-203), which makes products of Cambodia eligible for most-favored-nation (MFN) treatment by the United States as of the effective date of a notice published in the Federal Register by the USTR that a trade agreement between the United States and Cambodia containing reciprocal MFN obligations has entered into force. Cambodia is currently referred by its old name of "Kampuchea" in the 1996 Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States. On October 4, 1996, the United States and Cambodia signed a bilateral trade agreement containing reciprocal MFN obligations. Through an exchange of written notes of acceptance of the terms of the agreement by the two parties on October 25, 1996, the parties brought the agreement into force. Therefore, pursuant to the terms of Public Law No. 104-203, products of Cambodia entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for