to intervene or protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with Rules 211 or 214 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 385.211 or 385.214). All such motions to intervene or protest should be filed on or before August 26, 1998. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a motion to intervene. Copies of this filing are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection.

#### **David P. Boergers**,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 98–21966 Filed 8–14–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6717–01–M

# DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

## Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. SA98-95-000]

# Westmore Drilling Co., Inc. & R.O. Thompson; Notice of Petition for Dispute Resolution and Adjustment

August 11, 1998.

Take notice that on July 8, 1998, Westmore Drilling Co., Inc. and R.O. Thompson (collectively Westmore) filed the above-referenced petition, pursuant to section 502(c) of the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978. Westmore's petition rejects the Kansas ad valorem tax refund claims made by Williams Natural Gas Central, Inc. (Williams), because Williams has failed to demonstrate that the amount received by Westmore, inclusive of Kansas ad valorem tax reimbursement, exceeded an applicable maximum lawful price under the NGPA. If adjustment relief becomes necessary (i.e., if the Commission determines that Westmore owes Kansas ad valorem tax refunds to Williams), Westmore requests to be relieved from making the refunds attributable to royalties, on the ground that such refunds are now uncollectible. Westmore asserts uncollectability based on the enactment of section 7 of House Bill No. 2419, by the State of Kansas. Westmore's petition is on file with the Commission and is open to public inspection.

The Commission, by order issued September 10, 1997, in Docket No. RP97–369–000 *et al.*,<sup>1</sup> on remand from the D.C. Circuit Court of Appeals,<sup>2</sup> directed First Sellers to make Kansas ad valorem tax refunds, with interest, to the appropriate pipelines, for the period from 1983 to 1988. In its January 28, 1998 Order Clarifying Procedures [82 FERC ¶ 61,059 (1998)], the Commission stated that producers (i.e., First Sellers) could file dispute resolution requests with the Commission, asking the Commission to resolve the dispute with the pipeline over the amount of Kansas ad valorem tax refunds owed.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to any of these petitions should on or before 15 days after the date of publication in the Federal Register of this notice, file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426, a motion to intervene or a protest in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 385.214, 385.211, 385.1105, and 385.1106). All protests filed with the Commission will be considered by it in determining the appropriate action to be taken but will not serve to make the protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file a motion to intervene in accordance with the Commission's Rules.

### David P. Boergers,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 98–21975 Filed 8–14–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6717–01–M

### DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

## Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

#### [Docket No. RP98-260-002]

## Wyoming Interstate Company, Ltd.; Tariff Compliance Filing

August 12, 1998.

Take notice that on August 6, 1998, Wyoming Interstate Company, Ltd. (WIC), Post Office Box 1087, Colorado Springs, Colorado 80944, tendered for filing to become part of its FERC Gas Tariff, Second Revised Volume No. 2, Sub Fourth Revised Sheet No. 36A, Fourth Revised Sheet No. 57, Fifth Revised Sheet No. 57A and Fifth Revised Sheet No. 57B to be effective August 1, 1998. WIC states that the purpose of this compliance filing is to remove a reference to GISB Standard Version 1.0 on Sheet No. 37A. WIC also requests a waiver of § 154.203(b) of the Commission's Regulations to allow it to incorporate GISB Standard 5.3.30 to its tariff.

Any person desiring to protest this filing should file a motion to intervene or protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE, Washington, D.C., 20426, in accordance with §§ 385.214 and 385.211 of the Commission's Regulations. All such motions or protests must be filed as provided in §154.210 of the Commission's regulations. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a motion to intervene. Copies of this filing are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection in the Public Reference Room.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Acting Secretary. [FR Doc. 98–22010 Filed 8–14–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6717–01–M

## DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

### Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. EG98-88-000, et al.]

# East Syracuse Generating Company, L.P., et al.; Electric Rate and Corporate Regulation Filings

August 10, 1998.

Take notice that the following filings have been made with the Commission:

### 1. East Syracuse Generating Co., L.P.

[Docket No. EG98-88-000]

On August 6, 1998, East Syracuse Generating Company, L.P. (Applicant), with its principal office at 7500 Old Georgetown Road, 13th Floor, Bethesda, Maryland, 20814–6161, filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission an amendment to its June 16, 1998 application for determination of exempt wholesale generator status pursuant to Part 365 of the Commission's regulations.

Applicant states that it will be engaged in owning and operating the East Syracuse project consisting of a 101 megawatt cogeneration facility located in East Syracuse, New York (the Eligible Facility) and selling electric energy exclusively at wholesale. Electric energy

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See: 80 FERC ¶ 61,264 (1997); rehearing denied January 28, 1998, 82 FERC ¶ 61,058 (1998).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Public Service Company of Colorado v. FERC, 91 F.3d 1478 (D.C. 1996), cert. denied, Nos. 96–954 and 96–1230 (65 U.S.L.W. 3751 and 3754, May 12, 1997).