### D. Categories of Records and Individuals Covered by the Match

IRS will provide SSA with an electronic file extracted from the Wage and Information Returns Processing File after SSA provides IRS with identifying information from SSA's Supplemental Security Income Record (SSR). The extracted file will contain certain tax return information about unearned income. Each record on the IRS file will be matched to the SSR, SSA/OSR 90–60–0103, to identify individuals potentially subject to benefit reductions or termination of payment eligibility under the statutory provisions cited above.

### E. Inclusive Dates of the Match

The matching program shall become effective upon the signing of the agreement by both parties to the agreement and approval of the agreement by the Data Integrity Boards of the respective agencies, but no sooner than 40 days after notice of this matching program is sent to Congress and the Office of Management and Budget or 30 days after publication of this notice in the Federal Register, whichever is later. The matching program will continue for 18 months from the effective date and may be extended for an additional 12 months thereafter, if certain conditions are met. [FR Doc. 98-23137 Filed 8-27-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4190-29-P

### **DEPARTMENT OF STATE**

# **Bureau of Economic and Business Affairs**

[Public Notice 2875]

Finding of No Significant Impact: Boise Cascade Corporation Pipeline at International Falls, Minnesota

AGENCY: Department of State.

ACTION: Notice of a finding of no significant impact with regard to an application to operate and maintain a pipeline to transport water, steam and filler material across the U.S.-Canada border.

SUMMARY: The Department of State has conducted an environmental assessment of the continued operation by Boise Cascade Corporation of four existing pipelines across the international boundary at International Falls, Minnesota. Based on the environmental assessment and after reviewing all comments, the Department of State has

concluded that issuance of a Presidential Permit authorizing the operation and maintenance of the proposed pipeline will not have a significant effect on the human environment within the United States. In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act, 42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq., Council on Environmental Quality Regulations, 40 C.F.R. 1501.4 and 1508.13 and Department of State Regulations, 22 C.F.R. 161.8(c), an environmental impact statement will not be prepared.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ON THE PIPELINE PERMIT APPLICATION, CONTACT:

Daniel L. Martinez, Office of International Energy Policy, Room 3535, U.S. Department of State, Washington, D.C. 20520, (202) 647–4557.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ON THE ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT, CONTACT: Pam Pearson, Office of Ecology and Terrestrial Conservation, Room 4325, U.S. Department of State, Washington, D.C. 20520, (202) 647–1123.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Boise Cascade Corporation, a Delaware Corporation, has applied for a Presidential Permit to authorize operation and maintenance of four existing pipelines used to convey water, steam and filler materials across the border with Canada at International Falls, Minnesota. The pipelines were constructed in the 1915–40 period and have been in use since that time. There will be no construction and no changes in the present use of the pipelines.

On May 29, 1998, the Department of State published a Notice of Application for a Presidential Permit in the Federal Register. No public comments were received and concerned agencies expressed no opposition to issuing the permit. The Department of State prepared an environmental assessment for the Pipeline Permit. Based on that assessment, the Department of State has concluded that issuance of the permit will not have a significant effect on the quality of the human environment within the United States. A finding of no significant impact is adopted, and an environmental impact statement will not be prepared.

Dated: August 4, 1998.

#### Stuart E. Eizenstat,

Under Secretary of State for Economic, Business and Agricultural Affairs. [FR Doc. 98–23120 Filed 8–27–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4710–07–M

### **DEPARTMENT OF STATE**

[Public Notice: 2871]

United States-Egypt Science and Technology Joint Board; Public Announcement of a Science and Technology Program for Competitive Grants to Support International, Collaborative Projects in Science and Technology Between U.S. and Egyptian Cooperators

September 1, 1998.

**AGENCY:** Department of State.

**ACTION:** Notice.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 1, 1998.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Vickie Alexander, Program Administrator, U.S.-Egypt Science and Technology Grants Program, U.S. Embassy, Cairo/ECPO, Unit 64900, Box 6, APO AE 09839–4900; phone: 011– (20–2) 357–2925; fax: 011–(20–2) 354– 8091; E-mail: alexanderva@state.gov

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

**Authority:** This program is established under 22 U.S.C. 2656d and the Agreement for Scientific and Technological Cooperation between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Arab Republic of Egypt.

A solicitation for this program will begin September 1, 1998. This program will provide modest grants for successfully competitive proposals for binational collaborative projects and other activities submitted by U.S. and Egyptian experts. Projects must help the United States and Egypt utilize science and apply technology by providing opportunities to exchange ideas, information, skills, and techniques, and to collaborate on scientific and technological endeavors of mutual interest and benefit. Proposals which fully meet the submission requirements as outlined in the Program Announcement will receive peer reviews. Proposals considered for funding in Fiscal Year 1999 must be postmarked by December 1, 1998. All proposals will be considered; however, special consideration will be given to proposals that address priority areas defined/approved by the Joint Board. These include priorities in the areas of environmental technologies, biotechnology, standards and metrology, and manufacturing technologies. More information on these priorities and