

SAA, at 873, we are using an alternative method. As our alternative, we are basing the all others rate on a simple average of all the margins in the petition, both price-to-price comparison and constructed value ("CV"). As a result, the all-others rate is 39.69 percent.

### Suspension of Liquidation

In accordance with section 733(d) of the Act, we are directing the U.S. Customs Service ("Customs") to suspend liquidation of all imports of subject merchandise that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. We will instruct Customs to require a cash deposit or the posting of a bond equal to the percentage margins as indicated in the chart below. These suspension-of-liquidation instructions will remain in effect until further notice. The dumping margins are as follows:

Exporter/manufacturer	Weighted-average margin percentage
Acciai Speciali Terni SpA .....	45.09
All Others .....	39.69

The all-others rate, which we derived from the average of the margins calculated in the petition, applies to all entries of subject merchandise other than those exported by the named respondent.

### ITC Notification

In accordance with section 733(f) of the Act, we are notifying the ITC of our determination. If our final determination is affirmative, the ITC will determine before the later of 120 days after the date of this preliminary determination or 45 days after our final determination whether these imports are materially injuring, or threaten material injury to, the U.S. industry.

### Public Comment

Case briefs or other written comments in at least ten copies must be submitted to the Assistant Secretary for Import Administration no later than 50 days after the publication of the preliminary determination, and rebuttal briefs, limited to issues raised in case briefs, no later than 55 days after the publication of the preliminary determination. A list of authorities used and an executive summary of issues should accompany any briefs submitted to the Department. Such summary should be limited to five pages total, including footnotes. In accordance with section 774 of the Act, we will hold a public hearing, if requested, to afford interested parties an

opportunity to comment on arguments raised in case or rebuttal briefs. Tentatively, the hearing will be held on December 28, 1998, time and room to be determined, at the U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230. Parties should confirm by telephone the time, date, and place of the hearing 48 hours before the scheduled time.

Interested parties who wish to request a hearing, or to participate if one is requested, must submit a written request to the Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, Room 1870, within 30 days of the publication of this notice. Requests should contain: (1) the party's name, address, and telephone number; (2) the number of participants; and (3) a list of the issues to be discussed. Oral presentations will be limited to issues raised in the briefs. If this investigation proceeds normally, we will make our final determination by January 10, 1999.

This determination is issued and published in accordance with sections 733(d) and 777(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: October 27, 1998.

**Robert S. LaRussa,**

*Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.*

[FR Doc. 98-29545 Filed 11-3-98; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION

[A-423-808]

#### Notice of Preliminary Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Stainless Steel Plate in Coils From Belgium

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** November 4, 1998.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Steve Bezirgianian or Abdelali Elouaradia, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone: (202) 482-0162 or (202) 482-2243, respectively.

#### The Applicable Statute

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round

Agreements Act ("URAA"). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department of Commerce ("Department") regulations are to the regulations at 19 CFR Part 351, 62 FR 27296 (APRIL 1, 1998).

#### Preliminary Determination

We preliminarily determine that Stainless Steel Plates in Coils ("SSPC") from Belgium are being, or are likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value ("LTFV"), as provided in section 733 of the Act. The estimated margins of sales at LTFV are shown in the "Suspension of Liquidation" section of this notice.

#### Case History

On April 20, 1998, the Department initiated antidumping duty investigations of imports of stainless steel plate in coils from Belgium, Canada, Italy, South Africa, South Korea, and Taiwan (*Notice of Initiation of Antidumping Investigations: Stainless Steel Plate in Coils From Belgium, Canada, Italy, South Africa, South Korea and Taiwan* (63 FR 20580 (April 27, 1998))). Since the initiation of this investigation the following events have occurred.

The Department set aside a period for all interested parties to raise issues regarding product coverage. On May 8, 1998, Armco, Inc., J&L Specialty Steel, Inc., Lukens, Inc., North American Stainless, the United Steelworkers of America, AFL-CIO/CLC, the Butler Armco Independent Union and the Zanesville Armco Independent Organization, Inc. ("petitioners") submitted comments to the Department stating that, while they believed the scope of the investigations was accurate, they wished to clarify certain issues concerning product coverage.

During May 1998, the Department requested information from the U.S. Embassy in Belgium to identify producers/exporters of the subject merchandise. During May 1998, the Department also requested and received comments from petitioners and potential respondents regarding the model matching criteria. Petitioners and ALZ, N.V. ("ALZ") submitted comments on our proposed model matching criteria on May 21, 1998.

On May 15, 1998, the United States International Trade Commission ("ITC") notified the Department of its affirmative preliminary injury determination in this case.

On May 27, 1998, the Department issued an antidumping duty questionnaire to ALZ, Fabrique de Fer, and Cockeril Sambre Group. In June 24, 1998, the Department received response

to Section A of the questionnaire from ALZ. In addition, on June 16 and 26, 1998, the Department received letters from Fabrique de Fer, and Cockeril Sambre Group stating that the companies did not sell the subject merchandise to the United States during the period of investigation ("POI"). We received ALZ's responses to Sections B, C and D of the questionnaire on July 27, 1998. Petitioners filed comments on ALZ's questionnaire responses in July, August, and September 1998. We issued supplemental questionnaires for Sections A, B, C and D to ALZ in July, August, and September, 1998, and received responses to these questionnaires in August, September and October 1998.

On July 28, 1998, pursuant to section 733(c)(1)(A) of the Act, the petitioners made a timely request to postpone the preliminary determination for thirty days. The Department determined that this investigation is extraordinarily complicated and that additional time is necessary beyond the thirty days requested by petitioners for the Department to make its preliminary determination. On August 14, 1998, we postponed the preliminary determination until no later than October 27, 1998. (*See Notice of Postponement of Preliminary Antidumping Duty Investigations of Stainless Steel Plate in Coils: from Belgium, Canada, Italy, South Africa, South Korea and Taiwan*, 63 FR 44840, August 21, 1998). On August 20, 1998, petitioners amended the antidumping duty petitions to include Allegheny Ludlum Corporation as an additional petitioner. On October 19 and 20, 1998, petitioners submitted comments on ALZ's claim for a CEP adjustment, and on issues for consideration in this preliminary determination for ALZ. The Department did not address these comments because they came in too late.

#### **Postponement of Final Determination and Extension of Provisional Measures**

Pursuant to section 735(a)(2) of the Act, on October 19, 1998, ALZ requested that, in the event of an affirmative preliminary determination in this investigation, the Department postpone its final determination until not later than 135 days after the date of the publication of an affirmative preliminary determination in the **Federal Register**. On October 20, 1998, ALZ amended its request to include a request to extend the provisional measures to not more than six months. In accordance with 19 CFR 351.210(b), because (1) our preliminary determination is affirmative, (2) ALZ

accounts for a significant proportion of exports of the subject merchandise, and (3) no compelling reasons for denial exist, we are granting the respondent's request and are postponing the final determination until no later than 135 days after the publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. Suspension of liquidation will be extended accordingly.

#### **Scope of Investigation**

For purposes of these investigations, the product covered is certain stainless steel plate in coils. Stainless steel is an alloy steel containing, by weight, 1.2 percent or less of carbon and 10.5 percent or more of chromium, with or without other elements. The subject plate products are flat-rolled products, 254 mm or over in width and 4.75 mm or more in thickness, in coils, and annealed or otherwise heat treated and pickled or otherwise descaled. The subject plate may also be further processed (e.g., cold-rolled, polished, etc.) provided that it maintains the specified dimensions of plate following such processing. Excluded from the scope of this investigation are the following: (1) plate not in coils, (2) plate that is not annealed or otherwise heat treated and pickled or otherwise descaled, (3) sheet and strip, and (4) flat bars.

The merchandise subject to this investigation is currently classifiable in the *Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States* (HTS) at subheadings: 7219.11.00.30, 7219.11.00.60, 7219.12.00.05, 7219.12.00.20, 7219.12.00.25, 7219.12.00.50, 7219.12.00.55, 7219.12.00.65, 7219.12.00.70, 7219.12.00.80, 7219.31.00.10, 7219.90.00.10, 7219.90.00.20, 7219.90.00.25, 7219.90.00.60, 7219.90.00.80, 7220.11.00.00, 7220.20.10.10, 7220.20.10.15, 7220.20.10.60, 7220.20.10.80, 7220.20.60.05, 7220.20.60.10, 7220.20.60.15, 7220.20.60.60, 7220.20.60.80, 7220.90.00.10, 7220.90.00.15, 7220.90.00.60, and 7220.90.00.80. Although the HTS subheadings are provided for convenience and Customs purposes, the written description of the merchandise under investigation is dispositive.

#### **Period of Investigation**

The POI is January 1, 1997, through December 31, 1997.

#### **Product Comparisons**

In accordance with section 771(16) of the Act, we considered all products produced by ALZ covered by the description in the *Scope of Investigation*

section, above, and sold in Belgium during the POI, to be foreign like products for purposes of determining appropriate product comparisons to U.S. sales. Where there were no sales of identical merchandise in the home market to compare to U.S. sales, we compared U.S. sales to the next most similar foreign like product on the basis of the characteristics listed in the antidumping duty questionnaire and the May 27, 1998, reporting instructions.

#### **Fair Value Comparisons**

To determine whether sales of SSPC from Belgium to the United States were made at LTFV, we compared constructed export price ("CEP") to the Normal Value ("NV"), as described in the "Constructed Export Price" and "Normal Value" sections of this notice, below. In accordance with section 777A(d)(1)(A)(i) of the Act, we calculated weighted-average CEPs for comparison to weighted-average NVs or CVs.

#### **Level of Trade**

In accordance with section 773(a)(1)(B) of the Act, to the extent practicable, we determine NV based on sales in the comparison market at the same level of trade ("LOT") as the CEP transaction. The NV LOT is that of the starting-price sales in the comparison market or, when NV is based on constructed value ("CV"), that of the sales from which we derive selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses and profit. For CEP, it is the level of the constructed sale from the exporter to the importer.

To determine whether NV sales are at a different level of trade than CEP, we examined stages in the marketing process and selling functions along the chain of distribution between the producer and the unaffiliated customer. If the comparison-market sales are at a different LOT, and the difference affects price comparability, as manifested in a pattern of consistent price differences between the sales on which NV is based and comparison-market sales at the LOT of the export transaction, we make a LOT adjustment under section 773(a)(7)(A) of the Act. Finally, for CEP sales, if the NV level is more remote from the factory than the CEP level and there is no basis for determining whether the difference in the levels between NV and CEP affects price comparability, we adjust NV under section 773(a)(7)(B) of the Act (the CEP-offset provision). *See Notice of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon Steel Plate from South Africa*, 62 FR 61731 (November 19, 1997).

In this case, ALZ requested that the Department adjust NV to account for different LOTs in the home market and the U.S. market. The information on the record does not reveal meaningful differences between selling functions performed in the two markets, and thus no differences in home market and U.S. LOTs. Therefore, we preliminary do not grant a CEP offset for those sales by ALZ in Belgium which are compared with CEP sales in the United States (See Memorandum to Steven Presing from Steve Bezirgianian and Abdelali Elouaradia, dated October 27, 1998).

#### Constructed Export Price

We calculated CEP in accordance with section 772(b) of the Act because sales to the first unaffiliated purchaser took place after importation into the United States.

We based CEP on the packed ex-warehouse or delivered prices to unaffiliated purchasers in the United States. We made deductions for billing adjustments (*i.e.* adjustments for freight and adjustments for customer claims), where applicable. We also made deductions for the following movement expenses, where appropriate, in accordance with section 772(c)(2)(A) of the Act: foreign inland freight, foreign inland insurance (including marine insurance), international freight (including foreign brokerage), U.S. inland freight from port to warehouse, U.S. inland insurance, U.S. brokerage and handling, U.S. warehouse expenses, U.S. inland freight from warehouse to unaffiliated customer and U.S. Customs duties. In accordance with section 772(d)(1) of the Act, we deducted selling expenses associated with economic activities occurring in the United States, including direct selling expenses (credit costs), inventory carrying costs, and other indirect selling expenses. We also deducted the profit allocated to these expenses, and further manufacturing costs in accordance with sections 772(d)(3) and 772(f) of the Act.

ALZ did not report in its U.S. sales database a small quantity of TrefilArbed re-sales of cut plate that the original U.S. customer had processed from SSSPC purchased from TrefilArbed. In these few instances, TrefilArbed had agreed to accept the cut plate from the original U.S. customer, even though this customer had processed the SSSPC into cut plate, a product not subject to this investigation. We preliminarily determine that these re-sales are of an insignificant quantity and value, and are not representative of the overall sales of subject merchandise. (See Memorandum to Joseph A. Spetrini from Roland MacDonald, dated October 22, 1998).

#### Normal Value

After testing home market viability, as discussed below, we calculated NV as noted in the "Price-to-CV Comparisons" and "Price-to-Price Comparisons" sections of this notice.

##### 1. Home Market Viability

In order to determine whether there is a sufficient volume of sales in the home market to serve as a viable basis for calculating NV (*i.e.*, the aggregate volume of home market sales of the foreign like product is equal to or greater than five percent of the aggregate volume of U.S. sales), we compared the respondent's volume of home market sales of the foreign like product to the volume of U.S. sales of the subject merchandise, in accordance with section 773(a)(1)(C) of the Act. Because ALZ's aggregate volume of home market sales of the foreign like product was greater than five percent of its aggregate volume of U.S. sales for the subject merchandise, we determined that the home market was viable. Therefore, we have based NV on home market sales.

##### 2. Cost of Production Analysis

Based on a cost allegation filed by the petitioners, the Department found reasonable grounds to believe or suspect that sales by ALZ in its home market were made at prices below the costs of production (COP), pursuant to section 773(b)(1). As a result, the Department has initiated an investigation to determine whether the respondent made home market sales during the POI at prices below their respective COPs, within the meaning of section 773(b) of the Act.

##### A. Calculation of COP

In accordance with section 773(b)(3) of the Act, we calculated a weighted-average COP based on the sum of ALZ's cost of materials and fabrication for the foreign like product, plus amounts for general expenses and packing costs. We relied on the COP data submitted by ALZ in its supplemental cost questionnaire response, except as discussed below, where the submitted costs were not appropriately quantified or valued.

1. We increased ALZ's reported cost of hot rolling services purchased from affiliated parties to reflect the difference between transfer prices and market prices, since the transfer prices were below market prices.

2. We revised ALZ's general and administrative (G&A) expenses to exclude an offset for net exchange gains. We also included exchange gains and losses related to purchases and accounts payable, consistent with our general

practice in the calculation of G&A expenses.

3. We recalculated ALZ's financial expense ratio using their parent company's, ARBED Group, consolidated financial statements.

##### B. Test of Home Market Prices

We compared the weighted-average COP for ALZ, adjusted where appropriate (see above), to home market sales of the foreign like product, as required under section 773(b) of the Act, in order to determine whether these sales had been made at prices below the COP. In determining whether to disregard home market sales made at prices below the COP, we examined whether such sales were made (1) within an extended period of time and in substantial quantities, and (2) at prices which permitted the recovery of all costs within a reasonable period of time in the normal course of trade, in accordance with section 773(b)(1)(A) and (B) of the Act. On a product-specific basis, we compared the COP to home market prices, less any applicable billing adjustments (*i.e.* invoice correction and alloy surcharge), movement charges, discounts, and direct and indirect selling expenses.

##### C. Results of the COP Test

Pursuant to section 773(b)(2)(C) of the Act, where less than 20 percent of ALZ's sales of a given product were at prices less than the COP, we did not disregard any below-cost sales of that product because we determined that the below-cost sales were not made in "substantial quantities." Where 20 percent or more of ALZ's sales of a given product during the POI were at prices less than the COP, we determined that such sales have been made in "substantial quantities" within an extended period of time, in accordance with section 773(b)(2)(B) of the Act. In such cases, we also determined that such sales were not made at prices which would permit recovery of all costs within a reasonable period of time, in accordance with section 773(b)(2)(D) of the Act. Therefore, we disregarded the below-cost sales. Where all sales of a specific product were at prices below the COP, we disregarded all sales of that product.

##### D. Calculation of CV

In accordance with section 773(e)(1) of the Act, we calculated CV based on the sum of ALZ's cost of materials, fabrication, G&A, U.S. packing costs, direct and indirect selling expenses, interest expenses and profit. As noted above, we made adjustments to ALZ's reported cost of hot rolling services and G&A. In accordance with section

773(e)(2)(A) of the Act, we based SG&A expenses and profit on the amounts incurred and realized by ALZ in connection with the production and sale of the foreign like product in the ordinary course of trade, for consumption in the foreign country. For selling expenses, we used the actual weighted-average home market direct and indirect selling expenses.

#### Price-to-Price Comparisons

For those product comparisons for which there were sales at prices above the COP, we based NV on prices to home market customers. We made adjustments, where appropriate, for physical differences in the merchandise in accordance with section 773(a)(6)(C)(ii) of the Act.

We calculated NV based on prices to unaffiliated home market customers. We made deductions for billing adjustments (*i.e.* adjustment for transportation, when customer picks up the merchandise, invoice correction and alloy surcharge), early payment discounts, inland freight, and inland insurance. In addition, we made circumstance-of-sale adjustments or deductions for credit, where appropriate. In accordance with section 773(a)(6), we deducted home market packing costs and added U.S. packing costs.

#### Price-to-CV Comparisons

For price-to-CV comparisons, we made adjustments to CV in accordance with section 773(a)(8) of the Act. We deducted from CV the amount of indirect selling expenses capped by the amount of the U.S. commissions.

#### Currency Conversion

We made currency conversions into U.S. dollars based on the exchange rates in effect on the dates of the U.S. sales as certified by the Federal Reserve Bank, in accordance with section 773A of the Act.

#### Verification

As provided in section 782(i) of the Act, we will verify all information relied upon in making our final determination.

#### Suspension of Liquidation

In accordance with section 733(d) of the Act, we are directing the Customs Service to suspend liquidation of all imports of subject merchandise that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. We will instruct the Customs Service to require a cash deposit or the posting of a bond equal to the weighted-average amount by which the NV exceeds the CEP, as indicated in the

chart below. These suspension-of-liquidation instructions will remain in effect until further notice. The weighted-average dumping margins are as follows:

Exporter/Manufacturer	Weighted-average margin percentage
ALZ, N.V. ....	3.44
All Others .....	3.44

#### ITC Notification

In accordance with section 733(f) of the Act, we have notified the ITC of our determination. If our final determination is affirmative, the ITC will determine before the later of 120 days after the date of this preliminary determination, or 45 days after our final determination, whether these imports are materially injuring, or threaten material injury to, the U.S. industry.

#### Public Comment

Case briefs or other written comments may be submitted to the Assistant Secretary for Import Administration no later than fifty days after the date of publication of this notice, and rebuttal briefs, limited to issues raised in case briefs, no later than fifty-five days after publication of this notice. A list of authorities used and an executive summary of issues should accompany any briefs submitted to the Department. Such summary should be limited to five pages total, including footnotes. In accordance with section 774 of the Act, we will hold a public hearing, if requested, to afford interested parties an opportunity to comment on arguments raised in case or rebuttal briefs. Tentatively, the hearing will be held fifty-seven days after publication of this notice, time and room to be determined, at the U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230. Parties should confirm by telephone the time, date, and place of the hearing 48 hours before the scheduled time.

Interested parties who wish to request a hearing, or to participate if one is requested, must submit a written request to the Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, Room 1870, within 30 days of the publication of this notice. Requests should contain: (1) the party's name, address, and telephone number; (2) the number of participants; and (3) a list of the issues to be discussed. Oral presentations will be limited to issues raised in the briefs. If this investigation

proceeds normally, we will make our final determination no later than one hundred and thirty-five days after publication of this notice.

This determination is issued and published in accordance with sections 733(d) and 777(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: October 27, 1998.

**Robert S. LaRussa,**  
Assistant Secretary for Import  
Administration.

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

[A-580-831]

#### Notice of Preliminary Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Stainless Steel Plate in Coils ("SSPC") From the Republic of Korea

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** November 4, 1998.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Carrie Blozy or Rick Johnson, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone: (202) 482-0165 or (202) 482-3818, respectively.

#### The Applicable Statute

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act ("URAA"). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department of Commerce ("Department") regulations are to the regulations at 19 CFR Part 351, 62 FR 27296 (May 19, 1997).

#### Preliminary Determination

We preliminarily determine that Stainless Steel Plates in Coils ("SSPC") from the Republic of Korea are being, or are likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value ("LTFV"), as provided in section 733 of the Act. The estimated margins of sales at LTFV are shown in the "Suspension of Liquidation" section of this notice.

#### Case History

On April 20, 1998, the Department initiated antidumping duty investigations of imports of stainless steel plate in coils from Belgium,