

8. List the name of each crew member and their individual training (e.g., CPR, first aid, ACLS, etc.) A copy of their certificate(s) of training *must* be attached. (Attach additional sheets if necessary.)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Training: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Training: \_\_\_\_\_

9. Name of Medical Director: \_\_\_\_\_

Medical License Number of Medical Director: \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone Number: (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_

10. Has your company or any owner ever been excluded from participation in the Medicare or Medicaid program?

Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_

If yes, under what corporate/business name(s), trade name(s) and owner(s), did the exclusion occur?

List prior Medicare Identification Number(s): \_\_\_\_\_

Provide name(s) and location(s) of prior Carrier(s): \_\_\_\_\_

(If service was provided under the Medicaid program, list the prior Medicaid Identification Number and the State where the service was provided.)

11. You agree to notify this office of any change in operation, ownership, or revocation of licensure. It is also understood that representatives from the Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA) and HCFA Medicare contractors may make on-site inspections at any time.

By signing, I agree to the above statement and verify that I have reviewed all of the information contained herein, or submitted separately in support of this verification of compliance form, and verify that the information is accurate and complete.

Name and Title (please print): \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB number for this information collection is 0938-xxxx. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average xx hours (or minutes) per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. If you have any comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: HCFA, 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850, Mail Stop N2-14-26 and to the Office of the Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

[FR Doc. 99-1547 Filed 1-20-99; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 4120-03-M

## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

### 47 CFR Part 73

[MM Docket No. 90-318, RM-7311, 7516]

#### Radio Broadcasting Services; Chillicothe, Forest, Lima, New Washington, Peebles and Reynoldsburg, Ohio

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final Rule; Petition for Reconsideration.

**SUMMARY:** At the request of Pearl Broadcasting, Inc., this document dismisses the Petition for Reconsideration filed by Pearl Broadcasting, Inc. of the *Report and Order*, 61 FR 44288 (Aug. 28, 1996) which denied Pearl's request to change the community of license of Station WKKJ(FM), Channel 227B from Chillicothe to Reynoldsburg, Ohio and denied proposed allotments at Peebles, Forest and Lima, Ohio. The Commission determined that the request for dismissal complied with the requirements of § 1.420(j) of the Commission's Rules. With this action, this proceeding is terminated.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** January 25, 1999.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Arthur D. Scrutchins, Mass Media Bureau, (202) 418-2180.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This is a synopsis of the Commission's Memorandum Opinion and Order, MM Docket No. 90-318, adopted January 6, 1999 and released January 15, 1999. The full text of this Commission decision is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC Reference Center (Room 239), 1919 M St, N.W., Washington, D.C. The complete text of this decision may also be purchased from the Commission's copy contractors, International Transcription Services, Inc., (202) 857-3800, 1231 20th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036.

#### List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 73

Radio broadcasting.

Federal Communications Commission.

**Charles W. Logan,**

Chief, Policy and Rules Division, Mass Media Bureau.

[FR Doc. 99-1640 Filed 1-22-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-U

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

#### 50 CFR Part 622

[Docket No. 961204340-7087-02; I.D. 011999D]

#### Fisheries of the Caribbean, Gulf of Mexico, and South Atlantic; Coastal Migratory Pelagic Resources of the Gulf of Mexico and South Atlantic; Closure

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Closure.

**SUMMARY:** NMFS closes the commercial run-around gillnet fishery for king mackerel in the exclusive economic zone (EEZ) in the Florida west coast subzone. This closure is necessary to protect the overfished Gulf king mackerel resource.

**DATES:** Effective 12:00 noon, local time, January 20, 1999, through June 30, 1999.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Mark Godcharles, 727-570-5305.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The fishery for coastal migratory pelagic fish (king mackerel, Spanish mackerel, cero, cobia, little tunny, dolphin, and, in the Gulf of Mexico only, bluefish) is managed under the Fishery Management Plan for the Coastal Migratory Pelagic Resources of the Gulf of Mexico and South Atlantic (FMP). The FMP was prepared by the Gulf of Mexico and South Atlantic Fishery Management Councils (Councils) and is implemented under the authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act by regulations at 50 CFR part 622.

Based on the Councils' recommended total allowable catch and the allocation ratios in the FMP, on February 19, 1998 (63 FR 8353), NMFS implemented a commercial quota for the Gulf of Mexico migratory group of king mackerel in the Florida west coast subzone of 1.17 million lb (0.53 million kg). That quota was further divided into two equal quotas of 585,000 lb (265,352 kg) for vessels in each of two groups by gear types—vessels fishing with run-around gillnets and those using hook-and-line gear (50 CFR 622.42(c)(1)(i)(A)(2)).

Under 50 CFR 622.43(a)(3), NMFS is required to close any segment of the king mackerel commercial fishery when its quota has been reached or is projected to be reached by filing a notification at the Office of the Federal Register. NMFS has determined that the

commercial quota of 585,000 lb (265,352 kg) for Gulf group king mackerel for vessels using run-around gillnets in the Florida west coast subzone was reached on January 19, 1999. Accordingly, the commercial fishery for king mackerel for such vessels in the Florida west coast subzone is closed effective 12:00 noon, local time, January 20, 1999, through June 30, 1999, the end of the fishing year.

The Florida west coast subzone extends from 87°31'06" W. long. (due south of the Alabama/Florida boundary) to: (1) 25°20.4' N. lat. (due east of the Dade/Monroe County, FL, boundary) through March 31, 1999; and (2) 25°48' N. lat. (due west of the Monroe/Collier County, FL, boundary) from April 1, 1999, through October 31, 1999.

#### Classification

This action is taken under 50 CFR 622.43(a)(3) and is exempt from review under E.O. 12866.

**Authority:** 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*

**Dated:** January 20, 1999.

**Gary C. Matlock,**

*Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries,  
National Marine Fisheries Service.*

[FR Doc. 99-1588 Filed 1-20-99; 1:37 pm]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-F

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

#### 50 CFR Part 679

[Docket No. 981016260-9018-02; I.D. 090998B]

RIN 0648-AL20

#### Fisheries of the Exclusive Economic Zone Off Alaska; Vessel Moratorium Program

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** NMFS issues a final rule to implement Amendment 59 to the Fishery Management Plan (FMP) for the Groundfish Fishery of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Management Area (BSAI), Amendment 57 to the FMP for Groundfish of the Gulf of Alaska, and Amendment 9 to the FMP for the Commercial King and Tanner Crab Fisheries in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands submitted by the North Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council). These amendments extend the Vessel Moratorium Program (VMP) authorized

under the subject FMPs from January 1, 1999, through December 31, 1999. This action is necessary to prevent a 1-year hiatus between the original expiration of the VMP on December 31, 1998, and the start of fishing under the License Limitation Program (LLP) on January 1, 2000. This action is intended to implement approved amendments to, and further the objectives of, the subject FMPs.

**DATES:** Effective January 19, 1999.

**ADDRESSES:** Copies of the Regulatory Impact Review for this action can be obtained from the Sustainable Fisheries Division, Alaska Region, NMFS, 709 West 9<sup>th</sup> Street, Room 453, Juneau, AK 99801, or P.O. Box 21668, Juneau, AK 99802. Comments on the collection of information burden estimate or any other aspects of the data collection of this action can be sent to the preceding address and the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), Washington, DC. 20503 (Attention: NOAA Desk Officer).

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** John Lepore, 907-586-7228.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** NMFS manages the U.S. groundfish fisheries of the Gulf of Alaska (GOA) and the BSAI in the exclusive economic zone pursuant to the FMPs for groundfish in the respective management areas. The State of Alaska manages the commercial king crab and Tanner crab fisheries in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands with Federal oversight, pursuant to the FMP for those fisheries. The Council prepared the FMPs pursuant to the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act), 16 U.S.C. 1801, *et seq.* Regulations implementing the FMPs appear at 50 CFR part 679. General regulations at 50 CFR part 600 also apply.

NMFS implemented the VMP through regulations effective January 1, 1996, to impose a temporary moratorium on the entry of new vessels into the commercial groundfish fisheries in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the GOA and the BSAI and the commercial king crab and Tanner crab fisheries in the BSAI (60 FR 40763, August 10, 1995). The purpose of the VMP originally was, and still is, to curtail increases in fishing capacity and provide industry stability while additional measures, such as the LLP, were developed and implemented.

NMFS approved the LLP on September 12, 1997. However, fishing under the LLP will not begin until January 1, 2000. The extension of the VMP through December 31, 1999, under

this final rule will eliminate the 1-year hiatus between fishing under the LLP and the expiration of the VMP on December 31, 1998.

NMFS published a Notice of Availability (NOA) for Amendments 59, 57, and 9 in the **Federal Register** on September 18, 1998 (63 FR 49892). The comment period for the NOA ended on November 17, 1998. FMP amendments were required for this extension because the FMPs specified an expiration date of December 31, 1998, for the VMP. NMFS published the proposed rule to implement Amendments 59, 57, and 9 in the **Federal Register** on November 13, 1998 (63 FR 63442). NMFS received no comments on the proposed rule; however, NMFS received one comment from the U.S. Coast Guard during the comment period for the NOA. The U.S. Coast Guard indicated that all its enforcement and safety concerns were addressed by the amendments.

NMFS approved the FMP amendments on December 16, 1998. The amendments include a provision to eliminate the potential for latent capacity entering the affected fisheries through a restriction on the submission of new moratorium permit applications during the extension. Under the original VMP, an applicant could apply for a new moratorium permit at any time during the VMP. To date, approximately 1,900 moratorium permits, out of a potential of approximately 3,350 permits, have been issued. If the VMP were extended without a restriction on applications, up to 1,450 more moratorium permits could be applied for and issued. Therefore, this action extending the VMP through December 31, 1999, provides that no person may apply for a new moratorium permit after the original VMP expiration date of December 31, 1998, unless the application is based on a moratorium qualification that was used as a basis for obtaining a moratorium permit issued on or before that date.

Accordingly, NMFS will deny an application for a moratorium permit received after December 31, 1998, unless the moratorium qualification on which the application is based has been used as a basis for the issuance of a moratorium permit.

To reduce the administrative costs of extending the VMP, this action will extend existing moratorium permits through December 31, 1999, rather than authorizing the reissuance of new permits with the new expiration date. The only new moratorium permits that will be issued are those based on moratorium qualification transfers. These new permits will also expire on December 31, 1999.