

**UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL
TRADE COMMISSION****[Investigation No. AA1921-188
(Review)]****Prestressed Concrete Steel Wire
Strand From Japan****Determination**

On the basis of the record¹ developed in the subject five-year review, the United States International Trade Commission determines,² pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1675(c)) (the Act), that revocation of the antidumping finding on prestressed concrete steel wire strand from Japan would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time.

Background

The Commission instituted this review on September 1, 1998 (63 FR 46477), and determined on December 4, 1998, that it would conduct an expedited review (63 FR 70158, December 18, 1998). The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 3156 (February 1999), entitled Prestressed Concrete Steel Wire Strand from Japan: Investigation No. AA1921-188 (Review).

Issued: January 22, 1999.

By order of the Commission.

Donna R. Koehnke,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99-1891 Filed 1-26-99; 8:45 am]

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**INTERNATIONAL TRADE
COMMISSION****Refrigeration Compressors From
Singapore (Inv. No. 701-TA-B
(Review)); Brass Fire Protection
Products From Italy (Inv. No. 731-TA-
165 (Review))**

AGENCY: United States International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Termination of five-year reviews.

SUMMARY: The subject five-year reviews were initiated in November 1998 to determine whether revocation of the existing suspension agreement/antidumping duty order would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and material injury to a

¹ The record is defined in sec. 207.2(f) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.2(f)).

² Commissioner Askey dissenting.

domestic industry. On January 14, 1999, the Department of Commerce published notice that it was revoking the orders because no domestic interested party responded to its notice of initiation by the applicable deadline (64 FR 2471, January 14, 1999). Accordingly, pursuant to section 207.69 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.69), the subject reviews are terminated.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 14, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Vera Libeau (202-205-3176), Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436. Hearing-impaired individuals are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202-205-1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202-205-2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server (<http://www.usitc.gov>).

Authority: These reviews are being terminated under authority of title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930; this notice is published pursuant to section 207.69 of the Commission's rules (19 CFR § 207.69).

Issued: January 20, 1999.

By order of the Commission.

Donna R. Koehnke,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99-1889 Filed 1-26-99; 8:45 am]

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**INTERNATIONAL TRADE
COMMISSION****[Investigation No. TA-201-69]****Certain Steel Wire Rod**

AGENCY: United States International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Institution and scheduling of an investigation under section 202 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. § 2252) (the Act).

SUMMARY: Following receipt of a properly filed petition on January 12, 1999, on behalf of Atlantic Steel Industries, Inc., Birmingham Steel Corp., Connecticut Steel Corp., Co-Steel Raritan, GS Industries, Inc., Keystone Steel & Wire Co., North Star Steel Co., North Star Steel Texas, Inc., Northwestern Steel & Wire Co., the Independent Steel Workers Alliance, and the United Steelworkers of America AFL-CIO, the Commission instituted

investigation No. TA-201-69 under section 202 of the Act to determine whether hot-rolled bars and rods, in irregularly wound coils, of circular or approximately circular solid cross section, having a diameter of 5 mm or more but less than 19 mm, of non-alloy or alloy steel, except such bars and rods of free-machining steel¹ or of alloy steel containing by weight 24 percent or more of nickel, provided for in subheadings 7213.91, 7213.99, 7227.20, and 7227.90.60 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS),² are being imported into the United States in such increased quantities as to be a substantial cause of serious injury, or the threat thereof, to the domestic industry producing an article like or directly competitive with the imported article.

For further information concerning the conduct of this investigation, hearing procedures, and rules of general application, consult the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, part 201, subparts A through E (19 CFR part 201), and part 206, subparts A and B (19 CFR part 206).

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 12, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sioban Maguire (202-708-4721), Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436. Hearing-impaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202-205-1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202-205-2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server (<http://www.usitc.gov>).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Participation in the investigation and service list.—Persons wishing to participate in the investigation as parties must file an entry of appearance with the Secretary to the Commission, as provided in section 201.11 of the Commission's rules, not later than 21 days after publication of this notice in

¹ Free-machining steel is any steel product containing by weight one or more of the following elements, in the specified proportions: 0.03 percent or more of lead, 0.05 percent or more of bismuth, 0.08 percent or more of sulfur, more than 0.4 percent of phosphorous, more than 0.05 percent of selenium, and/or more than 0.01 percent of tellurium.

² The product covered by the investigation is commonly known as "wire rod." The scope of the investigation does not cover concrete reinforcing bars and rods, or bars and rods of stainless steel or tool steel, which are provided for in other HTSUS subheadings.