therefore interested in receiving written submissions that address the aforementioned public interest factors in the context of this investigation.

If the Commission orders some form of remedy, the President has 60 days to approve or disapprove the Commission's action. During this period, the subject articles would be entitled to enter the United States under a bond in an amount determined by the Commission and prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury. Therefore, the Commission is interested in receiving written submissions concerning the amount of the bond that should be imposed.

Written Submissions

The parties to the investigation, interested Government agencies, and other interested persons or entities are encouraged to file written submissions on remedy, the public interest, and

bonding.

The ĂLJ's final ID also contains the ALJ's recommended determination (RD) concerning remedy and bonding. The ALJ has recommended that the Commission issue a general exclusion order as well as cease and desist orders against domestic respondents A.R.E., Multi-Trend, and Harvard, and has further recommended that the Commission set the bond at 100 percent of the entered value of the infringing imports during the Presidential review period. The parties' written submissions on remedy, the public interest, and bonding should address the ALJ's RD. Complainants and the Commission investigative attorneys are requested to submit proposed remedial orders for the Commission's consideration.

All written submissions and proposed remedial orders must be filed with the Office of the Secretary no later than 5:15 p.m. on November 8, 1999. Reply submissions must be filed no later than 5:15 p.m. on November 15, 1999. No further submissions on remedy, the public interest, and bonding will be permitted unless otherwise ordered by the Commission.

Persons filing written submissions and proposed remedial orders must file the original document and 14 true copies with the Office of the Secretary on or before the deadlines stated above. Any person desiring to submit a document or portion thereof in confidence must request confidential treatment unless the information contained in the document or portion thereof has already been granted such treatment during the investigation. All requests for confidential treatment should be directed to the Secretary of the Commission and must include a full

statement of the reasons that the Commission should grant such treatment. *See* 19 C.F.R. § 201.6. All nonconfidential written submissions will be available for public inspection at the Office of the Secretary.

Nonconfidential versions of the ID, including the RD on remedy and public interest, and all other nonconfidential documents filed in the investigation are or will be available for public inspection during official business hours (8:45 a.m. to 5:15 p.m.) in the Commission's Office of the Secretary, Dockets Branch, 500 E Street, SW., Room 112, Washington, D.C. 20436, telephone 202–205–1802.

By order of the Commission. Issued: October 25, 1999.

Donna R. Koehnke,

Secretary.

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Pursuant to the Clean Water Act

In accordance with Departmental Policy, 28 CFR 50.7, notice is hereby given that a Partial Consent Decree in *United States of America* v. *Calderon, et al.*, No. 96–2451 RLA (D. Puerto Rico), was lodged with the United States District Court for the District of Puerto Rico on October 4, 1999.

The proposed Partial Consent Decree would resolve the United States' allegations in this enforcement action against Defendants Enrique Calderon and Eva Garnier ("Defendants") for their alleged violations of Sections 301 and 404 of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1311 and 1344 resulting from the unauthorized discharge of dredged or fill material into herbaceous wetlands in Mayaguez Puerto Rico without a permit.

The proposed Partial Consent Decree enjoins Defendants from discharging dredged or fill material into waters of the United States without a permit and requires Defendants to pay a \$10,000 civil penalty to the United States Treasury.

The Department of Justice will receive written comments relating to the proposed Partial Consent Decree for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of publication of this notice. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, U.S. Department of Justice, Attention: Melaine A. Williams, Trial Attorney, Environmental Defense Section, P.O. 23986, Washington, DC 20026–3986, and should refer to *United States* v.

Calderon, et. al., DJ Reference No. 90–5–1–1–4413.

The proposed Partial Consent Decree may be examined at the Clerk's Office, United States District Court, District of Puerto Rico 00918–1756 (telephone number: 787–766–6160).

Letitia J. Grishaw.

Chief, Environmental Defense Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division, U.S. Department of Justice.

[FR Doc. 99–28293 Filed 10–28–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–15–M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Under the Title II of the Clean Air Act

Notice is hereby given that on September 30, 1999 to proposed Consent Decree ("Decree") in United States v. Mazda Motor of America, Inc., Civil No. 1:99CV02618 (D.D.C.), was lodged with the United States District Court for the District of Columbia. The United States filed this action pursuant to Title II of the Clean Air Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 7521 et seq., (the "Act"), and the regulations promulgated thereunder, relating to fuel evaporative emission standards applicable to new motor vehicles, and specifically the requirements that a manufacturer promptly report emission-related defects to EPA.

The Decree resolves civil claims against Mazda Motor of America, Inc. and Mazda (North America) Inc. (collectively "Mazda") that Mazda failed to timely notify EPA of an emission-related defect in the device, system, or assembly of a fuel liquid/ vapor separator ("vapor separator") installed on 1989 to 1994 model year Mazda MPV minivans sold in the United States. Pursuant to the terms of the Decree, Mazda will: modify its defect investigation and reporting system; provide an extended warranty to vehicle owners; and notify all affected vehicle owners that they can have their MPVs repaired free of charge, and before the defective part might fail. The decree imposes a civil penalty in the amount of \$900,000.

The Department of Justice will receive for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication comments relating to the Decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General of the Environment and Natural Resources Division, Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20530, and should refer to, *United States v. Mazda Motor of America, Inc.*, Civil No. 1:99CV02618 (D.C.C.), and D.J. Ref. # 90–5–2–1–06038.