Proposed Project

National Program of Cancer Registries—Cancer Surveillance System—NEW—National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (NCCDPHP). The American Cancer Society estimates that 8.2 million Americans have a history of cancer and that in 1999, about 1.2 million new cases will be diagnosed. At the national level, cancer incidence data are available for only 14% of the population of the United States. While this is appropriate for analyses of major cancers in large population subgroups, it is not always adequate for minority populations and rare cancer analyses. Further, to plan and evaluate state and national cancer control and prevention efforts, national data are needed. Therefore, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Control, Division of Cancer Prevention and Control, proposes to aggregate existing cancer incidence data from states funded by the National Program

of Cancer Registries into a national surveillance system.

These data are already collected and aggregated at the state level. Thus the additional burden on the states would be small. Program implementation would require funded states to report data to the Centers for Disease Control on an annual basis twelve months after the close of a diagnosis year and again at twenty-four months to obtain more complete incidence data and vital status from mortality data. The total annual burden hours are 126.

Respondents	Number of respondents	Number of responses/ respondent	Average burden/ response (in hrs.)
State, territorial, and District of Columbia cancer registries	63	1	2

Dated: February 14, 2000.

Charles Gollmar,

Acting Associate Director for Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Elimination of Endemic Measles From the United States: Meeting

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) announces the following meeting:

Name: Elimination of Endemic Measles from the United States.

Times and Dates: 8:30 a.m.–6 p.m., March 16, 2000 and 8 a.m.–12 p.m., March 17, 2000.

Place: Hyatt Regency Atlanta, 265 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

Status: Open to the public, limited only by the space available.

Purpose: To evaluate progress toward the national goal of elimination of measles as an endemic disease in the United States. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention is convening a meeting of a panel of measles and public health experts serving as simultaneous individual consultants. The experts will review the information pertaining to the epidemiology and surveillance of measles in the United States and give their opinions as to whether the Healthy People 2000 objective of elimination of endemic measles from the United States has been met.

Matters to be Discussed: The agenda will include a working definition of measles elimination for the United States; simple mathematical concepts related to measles elimination; using basic surveillance data to evaluate measles elimination; measles epidemiology in the United States 1997–1999; measles virologic surveillance; adequacy of measles surveillance; lack of evidence for transmission of measles virus from people with inapparent measles infection; measles vaccination coverage levels and population immunity to measles in the United States and global perspective of measles elimination. Other matters of relevance to the panel's objectives may be discussed.

Agenda items are subject to change as priorities dictate.

Contact Person for More Information: Ed Yacovone, Deputy Branch Chief, Child Vaccine Preventable Diseases Branch, Epidemiology and Surveillance Division, National Immunization Program, CDC,1600 Clifton Road, NE, m/s E61, Atlanta, Georgia 30333. Telephone 404/639–8855.

The Director, Management Analysis and Services office has been delegated the authority to sign **Federal Register** notices pertaining to announcements of meetings and other committee management activities for both the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

Dated: February 17, 2000.

Carolyn J. Russell,

Director, Management Analysis and Services Office Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

[FR Doc. 00–4334 Filed 2–23–00; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4163–18–P**

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Study Team for the Los Alamos Historical Document Retrieval and Assessment Project

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) announce the following meeting.

Name: Public Meeting of the Study Team for the Los Alamos Historical Document Retrieval and Assessment Project.

Time and Date: 5 p.m.–7 p.m., Wednesday, March 8, 2000.

Place: Taos Convention Center, El Taoseno Room, 120 Civic Plaza Drive, Taos, New Mexico, telephone 505/758– 5792.

Status: Open to the public, limited only by space available. The meeting room accommodates approximately 100 people.

Background: Under a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) signed in December 1990 with Department of Energy (DOE) and replaced by an MOU signed in 1996, the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) was given the responsibility and resources for conducting analytic epidemiologic investigations of residents of communities in the vicinity of DOE facilities, workers at DOE facilities, and other persons potentially exposed to radiation or to potential hazards from non-nuclear energy production use. HHS delegated program responsibility to CDC.

In addition, an MOU was signed in October 1990 and renewed in November 1992 between ATSDR and DOE. The