

**Written Submissions**

The Commission has not scheduled a public hearing in connection with this investigation. However, interested parties are invited to submit written statements (original and 14 copies) concerning the matters to be addressed by the Commission in its report on this investigation. Commercial or financial information that a submitter desires the Commission to treat as confidential must be submitted on separate sheets of paper, each clearly marked "Confidential Business Information" at the top. All submissions requesting confidential treatment must conform with the requirements of section § 201.6 of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure (19 CFR 201.6). All written submissions, except for confidential business information, will be made available in the Office of the Secretary of the Commission for inspection by interested parties. To be assured of consideration by the Commission, written statements relating to the Commission's report should be submitted to the Commission at the earliest practical date and should be received no later than the close of business on May 30, 2000. All submissions should be addressed to the Secretary, United States International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436. The Commission's rules do not authorize filing submissions with the Secretary by facsimile or electronic means.

General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its Internet server (<http://www.usitc.gov>).

**List of Subjects:**

WTO, OECD, FTAA, NAFTA, APEC, GSP, CBERA, ATPA exports, imports, Canada, European Union, Mexico, China, Japan, Taiwan, Korea, and Brazil.

Issued: March 21, 2000.

By order of the Commission.

**Donna R. Koehnke,**

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 00-7766 Filed 3-28-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

**DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE****Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree in Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act Cost Recovery Action**

In accordance with the Departmental Policy, 28 CFR 50.7, notice is hereby given that a Consent Decree in *United States v. Wilbur S. Doyle and Lillie T. Doyle*, Civil Action No. 4:00CV-00014

was lodged with the United States District Court for the Western District of Virginia on March 15, 2000. This Consent Decree resolves the United States' claims against Wilbur S. Doyle and Lillie T. Doyle ("Settling Defendants") under Section 107(a) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA"), 42 U.S.C. 9607, for response costs incurred at the Doyle Wood Treating Superfund Site ("the Site") located near Martinsville, Virginia. The Consent Decree requires the Settling Defendants to pay \$50,000 in reimbursement of response costs relating to the Doyle Wood Treating Superfund Site removal action.

The Department of Justice will accept written comments on the proposal Consent Decree for thirty (30) days from the date of publication of this notice. Please address comments to the Assistant Attorney General, Environmental and Natural Resources Division, Department of Justice, P.O. Box 7611, Ben Franklin Station, Washington, DC 20044 and refer to *United States v. Wilbur S. Doyle and Lillie T. Doyle*, DOJ #90-11-3-06367.

Copies of the proposed Consent Decree may be examined at the Office of the United States Attorney, Western District of Virginia, 105 Franklin Road, SW., Suite One, Roanoke, VA 24011; EPA Region III, 1650 Arch Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103; and at the U.S. Department of Justice, Consent Decree Library, 1425 New York Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20005.

A copy of the proposed Consent Decree may be obtained by mail from U.S. Department of Justice, Consent Decree Library, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044-7611. When requesting a copy of the proposed Consent Decree, please enclose a check to cover the twenty-five cents per page reproduction costs payable to the "Consent Decree Library" in the amount of \$8.75, and please reference *United States v. Wilbur S. Doyle and Lillie T. Doyle*, DOJ No. 90-11-3-06367.

**Joel M. Gross,**

Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section,  
Environment and Natural Resources Division,  
Department of Justice.

[FR Doc. 00-7684 Filed 3-28-00; 8:45 am]

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**DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE****Immigration and Naturalization Service**

[INS No. 2044-00; AG Order No. 2295-2000]

RIN 1115-AE26

**Designation of Angola Under the Temporary Protected Status Program**

**AGENCY:** Immigration and Naturalization Service, Justice.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Attorney General is authorized to grant Temporary Protected Status (TPS) in the United States to eligible nationals of designated foreign states or parts of such states (or to eligible aliens who have no nationality and who last habitually resided in such designated states) upon a finding that such states are experiencing ongoing armed conflict, environmental disaster, or other extraordinary and temporary conditions. Due to the armed conflict in Angola, which prevents the safe return of nationals of that country, this notice designates Angola for the TPS program for a period of 12 months, until March 29, 2001. This notice provides information regarding eligibility and application procedures.

**DATES:** This designation is effective on March 29, 2000, and will remain in effect until March 29, 2001.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Michael Valverde, Residence and Status Branch, Adjudications, Immigration and Naturalization Service, 425 I Street, NW., room 3214, Washington, DC 20536, telephone (202) 514-4754.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:****Why Did the Attorney General Decide To Designate Angola Under the TPS Program?**

Based on a thorough review by the Departments of State and Justice, the Attorney General finds that there is significant ongoing armed conflict in Angola, and that the return of aliens who are nationals of Angola (as well as aliens having no nationality who last habitually resided in Angola) would pose a serious risk to their personal safety. A Department of State memorandum on Angola states that: "Fighting is now once again widespread throughout much of Angola. Some 70% of Angola's area is currently outside effective government control. The United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees has called for a moratorium on returns to Angola as a result of the conflict and resulting insecurity within the country."

Based on these and other findings, the Attorney General has determined that