

Federalism

We have analyzed this rule under Executive Order 13132 and have determined that this rule does not have implications for federalism under that Order.

Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1531–1538) governs the issuance of Federal regulations that require unfunded mandates. An unfunded mandate is a regulation that requires a State, local, or tribal government or the private sector to incur direct costs without the Federal Government's having first provided the funds to pay those unfunded mandate costs. This rule will not impose an unfunded mandate.

Taking of Private Property

This rule will not effect a taking of private property or otherwise have taking implications under Executive Order 12630, Governmental Actions and Interference with Constitutionally Protected Property Rights.

Civil Justice Reform

This rule meets applicable standards in sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform, to minimize litigation, eliminate ambiguity, and reduce burden.

Protection of Children

We have analyzed this rule under Executive Order 13045, Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks. This rule is not an economically significant rule and does not concern an environmental risk to health or risk to safety that may disproportionately affect children.

Environment

The Coast Guard considered the environmental impact of this rule and concluded that under figure 2–1, paragraph (34)(g), of Commandant Instruction M16475.1C, this rule is categorically excluded from further environmental documentation. The environmental analysis checklist and Categorical Exclusion Determination will be prepared after the rule takes effect and will be available in the docket for inspection or copying where indicated under **ADDRESSES**.

List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 165

Harbors, Marine safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Safety measures, Waterways.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Coast Guard amends 33 CFR part 165 as follows:

PART 165—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for Part 165 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 1231; 50 U.S.C. 191; 33 CFR 1.05–1(g), 6.04–1, 6.04–6, 160.5; 49 CFR 1.46.

2. Temporary § 165.T07–086 is added to read as follows:

§ 165.T07–086 Regulated Navigational Area, San Carlos Bay, Sanibel Island Bridge “A” span, Sanibel, Florida.

(a) *Location.* The following area is a regulated navigation area. All water under the main bridge span of Sanibel Island bridge extending 100 feet on either side of the bridge within the main channel.

(b) *Regulated area.* In accordance with the regulations of this part, no vessel may operate within the regulated navigational area contrary to this regulation. All barges shall have two tugs made fast fore and aft of the barge, respectively, each with adequate horsepower to fully maneuver the barge. Barges shall only transit the area at slack water. Smaller vessels are not limited to transiting at slack water but shall stay clear of the damaged section of the fendering system and work vessels operating in the vicinity. The Captain of the Port Tampa will notify the public of changes in the status of this zone via Broadcast Notice to Mariners.

(c) *Effective dates.* This regulation becomes effective at 11:15 a.m., August 25, 2000, and terminates at 8 a.m. on December 5, 2000.

Dated: August 25, 2000.

G.W. Sutton,

Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Acting Commander, Seventh Coast Guard District.
[FR Doc. 00–23257 Filed 9–8–00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–15–U

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

38 CFR Part 8

RIN 2900–AJ35

Cash Values for National Service Life Insurance (NSLI) and Veterans Special Life Insurance Term-Capped Policies

AGENCY: Department of Veterans Affairs.
ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This document amends the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) regulations regarding National Service Life Insurance (NSLI) and Veterans Special Life Insurance (VSLI) by providing cash values for NSLI and VSLI term-capped policies and further providing the options to either receive

the cash value in a lump sum or to purchase paid-up insurance upon the termination of the contract before maturity.

EFFECTIVE DATES: *Date:* September 11, 2000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

George Poole, Chief of Insurance Program Administration and Oversight, PO Box 8079, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19101, (215) 842–2000, ext. 4286; (215) 842–2000, ext. 5012 (voicemail); (215) 381–3502 (fax); or e-mail at “issgpool@VBA.VA.GOV”.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In a document published in the **Federal Register** on February 15, 2000 (65 FR 7467), we proposed to provide cash values for NSLI and VSLI term-capped policies and further provide the options to either receive the cash value in a lump sum or to purchase paid-up insurance upon the termination of the contract before maturity.

We received two comments. Both supported the proposed rule. Accordingly, based on the rationale set forth in the proposed rule we are adopting the proposed rule as a final rule without any changes.

The Acting Secretary of the Department of Veterans Affairs hereby certifies that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities as they are defined in the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA), 5 U.S.C. 601–602. Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 605(b), this final rule is, therefore, exempt from the initial and final regulatory flexibility analysis requirement of sections 603 and 604. The final regulation will affect only government life insurance policyholders. It will, therefore, have no significant direct impact on small entities in the terms of compliance costs, paperwork requirements, or effects on competition.

The catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program number for this regulation is 64.103.

List of Subjects in 38 CFR Part 8

Disability benefits, Life insurance, Loan programs-veterans, Military personnel, Veterans.

Approved: August 29, 2000.

Hershel W. Gober,

Acting Secretary of Veterans Affairs.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, 38 CFR Part 8 is amended as follows:

PART 8—NATIONAL SERVICE LIFE INSURANCE

1. The authority citation for part 8 continues to read as follows:

Authority: U.S.C. 501, 1901–1929, 1981–1988, unless otherwise noted.

2. Section 8.37 is added to read as follows:

§ 8.37 Cash value for term-capped policies.

(a) *What is a term-capped policy?* A term-capped policy is a National Service Life Insurance policy prefixed with “V” or Veterans Special Life Insurance policy prefixed with “RS,” issued on a 5-year level premium term plan in which premiums have been capped (frozen) at the renewal age 70 rate.

(b) *How can a term-capped policy accrue cash value?* Normally, a policy issued on a 5-year level premium term plan does not accrue cash value (see section 8.14). However, notwithstanding any other provisions of this part, reserves have been established to provide for cash value for term-capped policies.

(c) *On what basis have the reserve values been established?* Reserve values have been established based upon the 1980 Commissioners Standard Ordinary Basic Table and interest at five per centum per annum in accordance with accepted actuarial practices.

(d) *How much cash value does a term-capped policy have?* The cash value for each policy will depend on the age of the insured, the type of policy, and the amount of coverage in force and will be calculated in accordance with accepted actuarial practices. For illustrative purposes, below are some examples of cash values based upon a \$10,000 policy at various attained ages for an NSLI “V” policy and a VSLI “RS” policy:

Age	Cash value “V”	Cash value “RS”
75	\$1,494	\$1,716
80	3,212	3,358
85	4,786	4,818
90	6,249	6,217
95	8,887	7,286

(e) *What can be done with this cash value?* Upon cancellation or lapse of the policy, a policyholder may receive the cash value in a lump sum or may use the cash value to purchase paid-up insurance. If a term-capped policy is kept in force, cash values will continue to grow.

(f) *How much paid-up insurance can be obtained for the cash value?* The amount of paid-up insurance that can be purchased will depend on the amount of cash value that the policy has accrued and will be calculated in accordance with accepted actuarial practices. For illustrative purposes, below are some examples of paid-up insurance that could be purchased by the cash value of

a “V” and an “RS” \$10,000 policy at various attained ages:

Age	Paid-up “V” insurance	Paid-up “RS” insurance
75	\$2,284	\$2,625
80	4,452	4,654
85	6,109	6,149
90	7,421	7,115
95	9,331	7,650

(g) *If the policy lapses due to non-payment of the premium, does the policyholder nonetheless have a choice of receiving the cash value or paid-up insurance?* Yes, the policyholder will have that choice, along with the option to reinstate the policy (see section 8.10 for reinstatement of a policy). However, if a policyholder does not make a selection, VA will apply the cash value to purchase paid-up insurance. Paid-up insurance may be surrendered for cash at any time.

(h) *If a policyholder elects to receive either the cash surrender or paid-up insurance due to lapse or voluntary cancellation of a term-capped policy, may the original term-capped policy be reinstated?* Yes, the term-capped policy may be reinstated but the policyholder, in addition to meeting the reinstatement requirements of term policies, must also pay the current reserve value of the reinstated policy.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1906)

[FR Doc. 00–23201 Filed 9–8–00; 8:45 am]

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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 1

[IB Docket No. 98–118; FCC 99–51]

Cable Landing Licenses, Correction

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: This document contains a correction to the correction to the biennial review of international common carrier regulations published in the **Federal Register** of August 25, 2000. Inadvertently, the rule contained an incorrect word. This document corrects that error.

DATES: Effective September 11, 2000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Peggy Reitzel, International Bureau, Telecommunications Division, Federal Communications Commission, and (202) 418–1499.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FCC published a correction document in the **Federal Register** of August 25, 2000, (65 FR 51768). In that document, § 1.767(e) contained an incorrect word. On page 51769, in the first column, in § 1.767(e), in the fourth line, the word “required” is corrected to read “requested”.

Federal Communications Commission.

Magalie Roman Salas,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 00–23155 Filed 9–8–00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 64

[CC Docket No. 92–105; FCC 00–257]

Require 711 Dialing for Nationwide Access to Telecommunications Relay Services

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Federal Communications Commission (the Commission) amends its regulations to require that all providers of telephone service in the United States provide toll-free access to telecommunications relay services (TRS) via the abbreviated dialing code 711. The Commission takes this action to further a mandate of the Americans with Disabilities Act for functionally equivalent use of the telephone network by people with hearing or speech disabilities. 711 dialing must access all types of relay service in accordance with the Commission’s minimum service-quality standards for TRS.

DATES: Effective October 11, 2000. Compliance is required by October 1, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dennis Johnson or Jamal Mazrui of the Network Services Division, Common Carrier Bureau at phone (202) 418–2320 or TTY (202) 418–0484. E-mail inquiries may also be sent to access@fcc.gov, and various information about TRS can be found at the web address <http://www.fcc.gov/cib/dro/trs>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This document summarizes the Second Report and Order in a rulemaking proceeding concerned with The Use of N11 Codes and Other Abbreviated Dialing Arrangements. The Commission adopted the order on July 21, 2000 and released it on August 9, 2000. The complete text of this Second Report and Order is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours