

Deletion

I certify that the following action will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. The major factors considered for this certification were:

1. The action will not result in any additional reporting, recordkeeping or other compliance requirements for small entities.
2. The action will result in authorizing small entities to furnish the commodities and services to the Government.
3. There are no known regulatory alternatives which would accomplish the objectives of the Javits-Wagner-O'Day Act (41 U.S.C. 46-48c) in connection with the commodities and services proposed for deletion from the Procurement List.

The following service has been proposed for deletion from the Procurement List:

Service

Janitorial/Custodial, Marine Corps Air Station Commissary, El Toro, California

G. John Heyer,
General Counsel.

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COMMITTEE FOR PURCHASE FROM PEOPLE WHO ARE BLIND OR SEVERELY DISABLED

Procurement List; Additions

AGENCY: Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled.

ACTION: Additions to the procurement list.

SUMMARY: This action adds to the Procurement List services to be furnished by nonprofit agencies employing persons who are blind or have other severe disabilities.

EFFECTIVE DATE: April 23, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled, Jefferson Plaza 2, Suite 10800, 1421 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, Virginia 22202-3259.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Patrick T. Mooney (703) 603-7740.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On January 5, January 22 and February 2, 2001 the Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled published notices (66 F.R. 1076, 6573 and 8776) of proposed additions to the Procurement List.

After consideration of the material presented to it concerning capability of qualified nonprofit agencies to provide the services and impact of the additions on the current or most recent contractors, the Committee has determined that the services listed below are suitable for procurement by the Federal Government under 41 U.S.C. 46-48c and 41 CFR 51-2.4.

I certify that the following action will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. The major factors considered for this certification were:

1. The action will not result in any additional reporting, recordkeeping or other compliance requirements for small entities other than the small organizations that will furnish the services to the Government.
2. The action will not have a severe economic impact on current contractors for the services.
3. The action will result in authorizing small entities to furnish the services to the Government.
4. There are no known regulatory alternatives which would accomplish the objectives of the Javits-Wagner-O'Day Act (41 U.S.C. 46-48c) in connection with the services proposed for addition to the Procurement List.

Accordingly, the following services are hereby added to the Procurement List:

Services

Administrative Services
Internal Revenue Service, Oxon Hill, Maryland

Janitorial/Custodial
Volpe National Transportation Systems Center, 55 Broadway, Cambridge, Massachusetts

Services*Administrative Services*

Internal Revenue Service, Oxon Hill, Maryland

Janitorial/Custodial

Volpe National Transportation Systems Center, 55 Broadway, Cambridge, Massachusetts

Janitorial/Custodial

Little Rock Air Force Base, Arkansas

Janitorial/Custodial

VA Outpatient Clinic, Allentown, Pennsylvania

This action does not affect current contracts awarded prior to the effective date of this addition or options that may be exercised under those contracts.

G. John Heyer,

General Counsel.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-588-856, A-580-846, A-469-810]

Notice of Final Determinations of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Stainless Steel Angle From Japan, Korea, and Spain

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of final determinations.

EFFECTIVE DATE: March 23, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Jarrold Goldfeder (Japan) at (202) 482-0189, Brian Smith (Korea) at (202) 482-1766, Minoo Hatten (Spain) at (202) 482-1690, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230.

Final Determinations

We determine that stainless steel angles ("SSA") from Japan, Korea, and Spain are being, or are likely to be, sold in the United States at less-than-fair-value ("LTFV") prices, as provided in section 735 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"). The estimated margins of sales at LTFV are shown in the "Suspension of Liquidation" section of this notice.

The Applicable Statute

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act ("URAA"). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department of Commerce's ("the Department's") regulations refer to 19 CFR part 351 (2000).

Case History

The preliminary determinations in these investigations were issued on January 8, 2001. See *Notice of Preliminary Determinations of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Stainless Steel Angle from Japan, Korea, and Spain*, 66 FR 2880 (January 12, 2001) ("Preliminary Determinations"). No briefs were filed in these investigations commenting on the *Preliminary Determinations*.

Scope of Investigations

For purposes of these investigations, the term "stainless steel angles" includes hot-rolled, whether or not annealed or descaled, stainless steel products of equal leg length angled at 90 degrees, that are not otherwise advanced. The stainless steel angle subject to these investigations is currently classifiable under subheadings 7222.40.30.20 and 7222.40.30.60 of the *Harmonized Tariff Schedules of the United States* ("HTSUS"). Specifically excluded from the scope of these investigations is stainless steel angle of unequal leg length. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of these investigations is dispositive.

Period of Investigation

The period of these investigations ("POI") is August 1, 1999, through July 31, 2000.

Facts Available

In the *Preliminary Determinations*, the Department based the dumping margins for the exporters in the three SSA cases (i.e., companies to which the Department issued the antidumping questionnaire) on facts otherwise available, pursuant to section 776(a)(2) of the Act. These following exporters received company-specific rates: Daido Steel Co., Ltd. ("Daido"), Aichi Steel Corporation ("Aichi"), and Sumitomo Metal Industries, Ltd., ("Sumitomo") (respondents in the SSA case from Japan); Bae Myung Metal Co., Ltd. ("Bae Myung") and SK Global Co., Ltd. ("SK Global") (respondents in the SSA case from Korea); Roldan, S.A. ("Roldan") (respondent in the SSA case from Spain).

The use of facts otherwise available was required because the record for each SSA case did not contain company-specific information, given the respondents' failure in each SSA case to respond to the Department's antidumping questionnaire. See *Preliminary Determinations*, 64 FR at 2883. For purposes of the *Preliminary Determinations*, the Department also found that, in each SSA case, each of the respondents failed to cooperate by not acting to the best of its ability to comply with the Department's request for information within the meaning of section 776(b) of the Act. Accordingly, the Department determined to use an adverse inference in selecting from among the facts otherwise available. See *id.* Specifically, the Department assigned to the respondents in these cases the highest margins alleged in the petition or as recalculated by the Department, which were corroborated as required by section 776(c) of the Act (see *id.*). Following the *Preliminary Determinations*, interested parties did not file any comments and have not objected either to the Department's decision to use adverse facts available for the respondents in these investigations or to the Department's choice of facts available. Accordingly, for the reasons discussed in the *Preliminary Determinations*, for these final determinations the Department is continuing to apply adverse facts available to each of the respondents in each case and to use the highest margins alleged in the petition or as recalculated by the Department for the respondents in these cases. See, e.g., *Notice of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than*

Fair Value: Certain Expandable Polystyrene Resins from Indonesia, 65 FR 69285 (November 16, 2000). In addition, the Department has left unchanged from the *Preliminary Determinations* the "All Others Rate" in each SSA case, which is the average of all the rates provided in the petition or in amendments to the petition.

Continuation of Suspension of Liquidation

In accordance with section 735(c)(1)(B) of the Act, we are directing the Customs Service to continue to suspend all entries of SSA from Japan, Korea, and Spain that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after January 12, 2001, the date of publication of our *Preliminary Determinations*. The Customs Service shall require a cash deposit or the posting of a bond equal to the dumping margins, as indicated in the chart below. These instructions will remain in effect until further notice. The dumping margins for each LTFV proceeding are as follows:

	Weighted-average margin percentage
Exporter/Manufacturer (Japan):	
Daido	114.51
Aichi	114.51
Sumitomo	114.51
All Others	70.48
Exporter/Manufacturer (Korea):	
Bae Myung	99.56
SK Global	99.56
All Others	40.21
Exporter/Manufacturer (Spain):	
Roldan	61.45
All Others	24.32

ITC Notification

In accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, we have notified the International Trade Commission ("ITC") of our final determinations. As our final determinations are affirmative, the ITC will, within 45 days, determine whether these imports are materially injuring, or threaten material injury to, the U.S. industry. If the ITC determines that such injury does exist, the Department will issue antidumping duty orders directing the Customs Service to assess antidumping duties on all imports of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the effective date of the suspension of liquidation.

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order ("APO") of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information

disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely notification of return or destruction of APO materials, or conversion to judicial protective order, is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

These determinations are published pursuant to sections 735(d) and 777(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: March 16, 2001.

Timothy J. Hauser,

Acting Under Secretary for International Trade.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[Docket No. 970424097-1069-06]

RIN: 0625-ZA05

Market Development Cooperator Program

AGENCY: International Trade Administration (ITA), Commerce.
ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The ITA of the U.S. Department of Commerce (the Department) requests that eligible organizations submit proposals (applications) for the fiscal year (FY) 2001 Market Development Cooperator Program (MDCP) competition. The ITA creates economic opportunity for U.S. workers and firms by promoting international trade, opening foreign markets, ensuring compliance with U.S. trade laws and agreements, and supporting U.S. interests at home and abroad. The Department administers the MDCP to build public/private export marketing partnerships. The MDCP is a competitive matching grants program that provides Federal assistance to export multipliers such as state trade departments, trade associations, chambers of commerce, World Trade Centers and other non-profit industry organizations that are particularly effective in reaching small-and medium-size enterprises (SMEs).

MDCP awards help to underwrite the start-up costs of new export marketing ventures which these groups are often reluctant to undertake without Federal Government support. The MDCP aims to:

- Challenge the private sector to think strategically about foreign markets;
- Be the catalyst that spurs private-sector innovation and investment in export marketing; and