control numbers in certain EPA regulations is consolidated in 40 CFR part 9.

Abstract: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is required under section 111 of the Clean Air Act, as amended, to collect data. The information will be used by Agency enforcement personnel to (1) Identify existing sources subject to these standards; (2) ensure that Best Demonstrated Technology is being properly applied; and (3) ensure that the emission control devise is being properly operated and maintained on a continuous basis. In addition, records and reports are necessary to enable the EPA to identify those site remediation facilities that may not be in compliance with these standards. Based on reported information, the EPA can decide which facilities should be inspected and what records or processes should be inspected at the facilities. The records that site remediation facilities maintain would indicate to the EPA whether the personnel are operating and maintaining control equipment properly. The type of data required is principally emissions data (through parametric monitoring) and would not be confidential. If any information is submitted to the EPA for which a claim of confidentiality is made, the information would be safeguarded according to the Agency policies set forth in 40 CFR, chapter 1, part 2, subpart B.

Burden Statement: The annual public reporting and record keeping burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 219 hours per response. Burden means the total time, effort, or financial resources expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, or disclose or provide information to or for a Federal agency. This includes the time needed to review instructions; develop, acquire, install, and utilize technology and systems for the purposes of collecting, validating, and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; adjust the existing ways to comply with any previously applicable instructions and requirements; train personnel to respond to a collection of information; search data sources; complete and review the collection of information; and transmit or otherwise disclose the information.

Respondents/Affected Entities: Site remediation facilities.

Estimated Number of Respondents:

Frequency of Response: On occasion and semiannually.

Estimated Total Annual Hour Burden: 125,027.

Estimated Total Annual Cost: \$582,000 for operating and maintenance costs. There are no capital/startup costs associated with this ICR.

Change in Estimates: There is a decrease in hours in the total estimated burden currently identified in the OMB Inventory of Approved ICR Burdens. This decrease is not due to any program changes. Over the past three years, the respondents completed those activities required to achieve initial compliance. Such activities are more burdensome than the burden associated with the rule requirements for continuing compliance as addressed by this ICR. Hence, there is a decrease in burden.

Dated: December 13, 2006.

Oscar Morales,

Director, Collection Strategies Division.
[FR Doc. E6–21892 Filed 12–20–06; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[IL229-2; FRL-8259-4]

Notice of Prevention of Significant Deterioration Final Determination for City of Springfield

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of final action.

SUMMARY: This notice announces that on November 22, 2006, the Environmental Appeals Board (EAB) of the EPA dismissed with predjudice a petition for review of a federal Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) permit issued to City of Springfield, Illinois, by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA).

DATES: The effective date for the EAB's decision is November 22, 2006. Pursuant to Section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 7607(b)(1), judicial review of this permit decision, to the extent it is available, may be sought by filing a petition for review in the United States Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit within 60 days of *December 21, 2006*.

ADDRESSES: The documents relevant to the above action are available for public inspection during normal business hours at the following address:
Environmental Protection Agency,
Region 5, 77 West Jackson Boulevard
(AR–18]), Chicago, Illinois 60604. To arrange viewing of these documents,
call Constantine Blathras at (312) 886–

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Constantine Blathras, Air and Radiation Division, Air Programs Branch,

Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, 77 W. Jackson Boulevard (AR– 18J), Chicago, Illinois 60604. Anyone who wishes to review the EAB decision can obtain it at http://www.epa.gov/ eab/.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Notification of EAB Final Decision

The IEPA, acting under authority of a PSD delegation agreement, issued a PSD permit to the City of Springfield on August 10, 2006, granting approval to construct a new 250 megawatt coal-fired electric generating unit at the City of Springfield's existing power plant in Sangamon County, Illinois. On September 12, 2006, the Sierra Club filed a petition for review of the conditions of the Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit No. 167120AAO (Application No. 041 10050) which was issued to the City of Springfield, Illinois. On November 17, 2006, the Sierra Club voluntarily withdrew its petition for review in this matter and requested that the EAB enter an order dismissing its petition for review in this matter with prejudice. The Sierra Club requested dismissal because the parties had reached an agreement that obviated the need for further litigation. On November 22, 2006, the EAB granted the Sierra Club's motion and the petition for review was dismissed with prejudice.

Dated: December 12, 2006.

Bharat Mathur,

Deputy Regional Administrator, Region 5. [FR Doc. E6–21888 Filed 12–20–06; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA-HQ-OW-2004-0032; FRL-8259-1] RIN 2040-AE76

Notice of Availability of Final 2006 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of Final 2006 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan.

SUMMARY: EPA establishes national technology-based regulations known as effluent guidelines and pretreatment standards to reduce pollutant discharges from categories of industry discharging directly to waters of the United States or discharging indirectly through Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs). The Clean Water Act (CWA) sections 301(d), 304(b), 304(g), and 307(b) require EPA to annually review these effluent guidelines and pretreatment standards.