

National Significance of title XXVI of the Public Health Service Act as amended by the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Treatment Extension Act of 2009, Public Law 111–87 (the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program), 42 U.S.C. 300ff–101 (§ 2691 of the Public Health Service Act). The Division advises the Bureau’s associate administrator and collaborates with division directors to develop policy, evaluation, data, and clinical proposals to support the Bureau’s mission. The Division also coordinates and develops efforts with other HHS components and all HRSA Bureaus and Offices, including HRSA’s Office of Planning, Analysis and Evaluation and Office of Legislation, in the preparation of HIV-related program policies.

Section RVA.30 Delegation of Authority

All delegations of authority and re-delegations of authority made to officials and employees of affected organizational components will continue in them or their successors pending further redelegation, if allowed, provided they are consistent with this reorganization.

This reorganization is effective upon date of signature.

(Authority: 44 U.S.C. 3101)

Diana Espinosa,

Acting Administrator.

[FR Doc. 2021–28463 Filed 1–3–22; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

[Document Identifier: OS–0990–New]

Agency Information Collection Request; 60-Day Public Comment Request

AGENCY: Office of the Secretary, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the requirement of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Office of the

Secretary (OS), Department of Health and Human Services, is publishing the following summary of a proposed collection for public comment.

DATES: Comments on the ICR must be received on or before March 7, 2022.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments to *Sherrette.Funn@hhs.gov* or by calling (202) 795–7714.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

When submitting comments or requesting information, please include the document identifier 0990–New–60D and project title for reference, to Sherrette A. Funn, email:

Sherrette.Funn@hhs.gov, or call (202) 795–7714 the Reports Clearance Officer.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Interested persons are invited to send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including any of the following subjects: (1) The necessity and utility of the proposed information collection for the proper performance of the agency’s functions; (2) the accuracy of the estimated burden; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology to minimize the information collection burden.

Title of the Collection: Understanding Economic Risk for Low Income Families: Economic Security, Program Benefits, and Decisions about Work.

Type of Collection: New.

OMB No.: 0990–XXXX.

Abstract: The primary purpose of this study is to identify the risks that federal program benefit recipients weigh when faced with an opportunity to increase earnings, including benefit reductions, earnings instability and the ease of regaining lost benefits if needed.

The study will use a discrete choice experiment to explore the importance of these considerations when low-income individuals are presented with a hypothetical opportunity to increase earnings. Statistical analysis will

explore interactions between factors and threshold effects. The focus population will be persons currently receiving benefits from at least one of the following programs: Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), Medicaid/Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), housing assistance, Child Care Development Fund (CCDF) subsidies, and/or Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF). The study will explore whether different preferences are exhibited by parents with children and by persons of different races and ethnicities.

The results of this study will provide HHS with a better understanding of the economic risks that people weigh when they make decisions about increasing earnings, which will inform HHS policy and programs at large, and further lines of research around benefit programs and employment decisions.

The length of the request for data collection is one year. The data will be collected once, using primarily a web-based survey, from a sample of low-income persons receiving one or more federal benefit programs. The survey consists of five vignettes presenting different combinations of experimental conditions surrounding a hypothetical earnings increase. In each vignette, respondents will be presented with a scenario where a hypothetical individual is presented with an opportunity to increase their earnings (by accepting a higher hourly wage); consequences of the earnings increase for his or her receipt of benefits; the risk of going back down to the lower, original hourly wage at a later time; and the prospect of re-applying for lost benefits. Respondents will be asked to review the vignette and choose whether they think the hypothetical individual should accept the earnings increase. In addition, the questionnaire includes follow-up questions for each vignette/experimental condition, and a set of demographic questions.

ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOUR TABLE

Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondents	Average burden per response	Total burden hours
Approximately 2,000	1	20/60	667

Sherrette A. Funn,

Paperwork Reduction Act Reports Clearance Officer, Office of the Secretary.

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