# **Rules and Regulations**

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# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## Federal Aviation Administration

### 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. FAA-2022-0100; Project Identifier MCAI-2021-01128-R; Amendment 39-22018; AD 2022-08-15]

## RIN 2120-AA64

# Airworthiness Directives; Airbus Helicopters Deutschland GmbH (AHD) Helicopters

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: The FAA is adopting a new airworthiness directive (AD) for all Airbus Helicopters Deutschland GmbH (AHD) Model MBB-BK 117 C-2 helicopters. This AD was prompted by a report of restricted collective lever movement caused by entanglement of the emergency flashlight strap with the cargo hook emergency release lever, causing the emergency flashlight to leave its seat. This AD requires replacing each affected emergency flashlight with a serviceable part, as specified in a European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD, which is incorporated by reference. The FAA is issuing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products.

**DATES:** This AD is effective May 26, 2022.

The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of a certain publication listed in this AD as of May 26, 2022.

ADDRESSES: For EASA material incorporated by reference (IBR) in this final rule, contact EASA, Konrad-Adenauer-Ufer 3, 50668 Cologne, Germany; telephone +49 221 8999 000; email *ADs@easa.europa.eu;* internet *www.easa.europa.eu.* You may find the EASA material on the EASA website at *https://ad.easa.europa.eu.* For Airbus Helicopters service information

identified in this final rule, contact Airbus Helicopters, 2701 North Forum Drive, Grand Prairie, TX 75052; telephone (972) 641-0000 or (800) 232-0323; fax (972) 641-3775; or at https:// www.airbus.com/helicopters/services/ technical-support.html. You may view this material at the FAA, Office of the Regional Counsel, Southwest Region, 10101 Hillwood Pkwy., Room 6N-321, Fort Worth, TX 76177. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222-5110. It is also available in the AD docket at https:// *www.regulations.gov* by searching for and locating Docket No. FAA-2022-0100.

## **Examining the AD Docket**

You may examine the AD docket at *https://www.regulations.gov* by searching for and locating Docket No. FAA–2022–0100; or in person at Docket Operations between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket contains this final rule, the EASA AD, any comments received, and other information. The address for Docket Operations is U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M–30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590.

### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Andrea Jimenez, Aerospace Engineer, COS Program Management Section, Operational Safety Branch, Compliance & Airworthiness Division, FAA, 1600 Stewart Ave., Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; telephone (516) 228–7330; email andrea.jimenez@faa.gov.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### Background

EASA, which is the Technical Agent for the Member States of the European Union, has issued EASA AD 2021–0231, dated October 15, 2021 (EASA AD 2021–0231), to correct an unsafe condition for all serial-numbered Airbus Helicopters Deutschland GmbH (AHD) Model MBB–BK 117 C–2 helicopters.

The FAA issued a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) to amend 14 CFR part 39 by adding an AD that would apply to Airbus Helicopters Deutschland GmbH (AHD) Model MBB– BK 117 C–2 helicopters, certificated in any category. The NPRM published in the **Federal Register** on February 15, 2022 (87 FR 8439). The NPRM was Federal Register Vol. 87, No. 77 Thursday, April 21, 2022

prompted by a report of restricted collective lever movement caused by entanglement of the emergency flashlight strap with the cargo hook emergency release lever, causing the emergency flashlight to leave its seat. The NPRM proposed to require replacing each affected emergency flashlight with a serviceable part, as specified in EASA AD 2021–0231.

# **Discussion of Final Airworthiness Directive**

# Comments

The FAA received no comments on the NPRM or on the determination of the costs.

# Conclusion

These helicopters have been approved by EASA and are approved for operation in the United States. Pursuant to the FAA's bilateral agreement with the European Union, EASA has notified the FAA about the unsafe condition described in its AD. The FAA reviewed the relevant data and determined that air safety requires adopting this AD as proposed. Accordingly, the FAA is issuing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these helicopters. Except for minor editorial changes, this AD is adopted as proposed in the NPRM.

## Related Service Information Under 1 CFR Part 51

EASA AD 2021–0231 requires replacing each affected emergency flashlight with a serviceable part. EASA AD 2021–0231 also specifies that an affected part can be modified and reidentified into a serviceable part. EASA AD 2021–0231 also prohibits the installation of an affected part.

This material is reasonably available because the interested parties have access to it through their normal course of business or by the means identified in the **ADDRESSES** section.

## **Other Related Service Information**

The FAA also reviewed Airbus Helicopters Alert Service Bulletin ASB MBB–BK117 C–2–25A–021, Revision 0, dated August 25, 2021. This service information specifies procedures for removing the strap from the emergency flashlight and then writing a new part number on the emergency flashlight.

# Differences Between This AD and the EASA AD

EASA AD 2021–0231 requires compliance within 12 months after the effective date of the EASA AD, whereas this AD requires compliance within 3 months after the effective date of this AD.

# **Costs of Compliance**

The FAA estimates that this AD affects 117 helicopters of U.S. Registry. Labor rates are estimated at \$85 per work-hour. Based on these numbers, the FAA estimates the following costs to comply with this AD.

Replacing an emergency flashlight takes about 1 work-hour and parts cost about \$219 for an estimated cost of \$304 per flashlight and up to \$35,568 for the U.S. fleet. Alternatively, modifying an emergency flashlight takes about 1 work-hour for an estimated cost of \$85 per flashlight.

## Authority for This Rulemaking

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA's authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII: Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the Agency's authority.

The FAA is issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701: General requirements. Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

## **Regulatory Findings**

This AD will not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This AD will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this AD:

(1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866,

(2) Will not affect intrastate aviation in Alaska, and

(3) Will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

# The Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA amends 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

## §39.13 [Amended]

■ 2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

2022–08–15 Airbus Helicopters Deutschland GmbH (AHD): Amendment 39–22018; Docket No. FAA–2022–0100; Project Identifier MCAI–2021–01128–R.

#### (a) Effective Date

This airworthiness directive (AD) is effective May 26, 2022.

#### (b) Affected ADs

None.

## (c) Applicability

This AD applies to Airbus Helicopters Deutschland GmbH (AHD) Model MBB–BK 117 C–2 helicopters, certificated in any category.

#### (d) Subject

Joint Aircraft Service Component (JASC) Code: 2510, Flight Compartment Equipment.

### (e) Unsafe Condition

This AD was prompted by a report of restricted collective lever movement. Subsequent inspection determined that the emergency flashlight was stuck under that lever caused by entanglement of the emergency flashlight strap with the cargo hook emergency release lever, causing the emergency flashlight to leave its seat. The FAA is issuing this AD to address entanglement of the emergency flashlight strap with the cargo hook emergency release lever. The unsafe condition, if not addressed, could result in reduced control of the helicopter, possibly resulting in damage to the helicopter and injury to occupants.

#### (f) Compliance

Comply with this AD within the compliance times specified, unless already done.

### (g) Requirements

Except as specified in paragraph (h) of this AD: Comply with all required actions and compliance times specified in, and in accordance with, European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD 2021–0231, dated October 15, 2021 (EASA AD 2021–0231).

#### (h) Exceptions to EASA AD 2021-0231

(1) Where EASA AD 2021–0231 refers to its effective date, this AD requires using the effective date of this AD.

(2) This AD does not mandate compliance with the "Remarks" section of EASA AD 2021–0231.

(3) Where paragraph (1) of EASA AD 2021– 0231 requires replacing each affected part with a serviceable part within 12 months, this AD requires compliance within 3 months after the effective date of this AD.

#### (i) No Reporting Requirement

Although the service information referenced in EASA AD 2021–0231 specifies to submit certain information to the manufacturer, this AD does not include that requirement.

# (j) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

(1) The Manager, International Validation Branch, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or local Flight Standards District Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the manager of the International Validation Branch, send it to the attention of the person identified in paragraph (k) of this AD. Information may be emailed to: *9-AVS-AIR-730-AMOC@faa.gov*.

(2) Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local flight standards district office/ certificate holding district office.

#### (k) Related Information

For more information about this AD, contact Andrea Jimenez, Aerospace Engineer, COS Program Management Section, Operational Safety Branch, Compliance & Airworthiness Division, FAA, 1600 Stewart Ave., Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; telephone (516) 228–7330; email andrea.jimenez@faa.gov.

#### (l) Material Incorporated by Reference

(1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of the service information listed in this paragraph under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

(2) You must use this service information as applicable to do the actions required by this AD, unless this AD specifies otherwise.

(i) European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD 2021–0231, dated October 15, 2021.

(ii) [Reserved]

(3) For EASA AD 2021–0231, contact EASA, Konrad-Adenauer-Ufer 3, 50668 Cologne, Germany; telephone +49 221 8999 000; email *ADs@easa.europa.eu;* internet *www.easa.europa.eu.* You may find the EASA material on the EASA website at *https://ad.easa.europa.eu.* 

(4) You may view this service information at the FAA, Office of the Regional Counsel, Southwest Region, 10101 Hillwood Pkwy., Room 6N–321, Fort Worth, TX 76177. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222–5110. This material may be found in the AD docket at *https://www.regulations.gov* by searching for and locating Docket No. FAA–2022–0100.

(5) You may view this material that is incorporated by reference at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, email *fr.inspection@nara.gov*, or go to: *https:// www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibrlocations.html.* 

Issued on April 7, 2022.

# Lance T. Gant,

Director, Compliance & Airworthiness Division, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 2022–08487 Filed 4–20–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

## DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### Federal Aviation Administration

# 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. FAA-2020-1022; Project Identifier AD-2020-01101-T; Amendment 39-21995; AD 2022-07-07]

#### RIN 2120-AA64

## Airworthiness Directives; The Boeing Company Airplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The FAA is adopting a new airworthiness directive (AD) for certain The Boeing Company Model 757–200, –200CB, and –300 series airplanes. This AD was prompted by a report indicating the passenger service units (PSUs) and life vest panels became separated from their attachments during several survivable accident sequences. This AD requires installing lanyard assemblies on the PSUs, and, for certain airplanes, on the life vest panels and video panels as applicable. The FAA is issuing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products.

**DATES:** This AD is effective May 26, 2022.

The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of a certain publication listed in this AD as of May 26, 2022.

ADDRESSES: For service information identified in this final rule, contact Boeing Commercial Airplanes, Attention: Contractual & Data Services (C&DS), 2600 Westminster Blvd., MC 110–SK57, Seal Beach, CA 90740–5600; phone: 562–797–1717; internet: https:// www.myboeingfleet.com. You may view this service information at the FAA, Airworthiness Products Section, Operational Safety Branch, 2200 South 216th St., Des Moines, WA. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call 206–231–3195. It is also available at *https:// www.regulations.gov* by searching for and locating Docket No. FAA–2020– 1022.

# **Examining the AD Docket**

You may examine the AD docket at https://www.regulations.gov by searching for and locating Docket No. FAA-2020-1022; or in person at Docket Operations between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket contains this final rule, any comments received, and other information. The address for Docket Operations is U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M-30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12-140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tony Koung, Aerospace Engineer, Cabin Safety and Environmental Systems Section, FAA, Seattle ACO Branch, 2200 South 216th St., Des Moines, WA 98198; phone and fax: 206–231–3985; email: tony.koung@faa.gov.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Background

The FAA issued a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) to amend 14 CFR part 39 by adding an AD that would apply to certain The Boeing Company Model 757–200, –200CB, and –300 series airplanes. The NPRM published in the Federal Register on December 30, 2020 (85 FR 86515). The NPRM was prompted by a report indicating that the PSUs and life vest panels became separated from their attachments during several survivable accident sequences. In the NPRM, the FAA proposed to require installing lanyard assemblies on the PSUs, and, for certain airplanes, on the life vest panels and video panels as applicable. The FAA is issuing this AD to address the PSUs, life vest panels, and video panels becoming detached and falling into the cabin, which could lead to passenger injuries and impede egress during an evacuation.

The FAA issued a supplemental notice of proposed rulemaking (SNPRM) to amend 14 CFR part 39 by adding an AD that would apply to certain The Boeing Company Model 757–200, –200CB, and –300 series airplanes. The SNPRM published in the **Federal Register** on November 17, 2021 (86 FR 64089). The SNPRM was prompted by a report indicating that the PSUs and life vest panels became separated from their attachments during several survivable accident sequences and a determination that additional airplanes are also subject to the identified unsafe condition. The SNPRM proposed to require installing lanvard assemblies on the PSUs, and, for certain airplanes, on the life vest panels and video panels as applicable and to expand the applicability to include those additional airplanes. The FAA is issuing this AD to address the PSUs, life vest panels, and video panels becoming detached and falling into the cabin, which could lead to passenger injuries and impede egress during an evacuation.

# Discussion of Final Airworthiness Directive

### Comments

The FAA received comments from the Air Line Pilots Association, International (ALPA), and United Airlines who supported the SNPRM without change.

The FAA received additional comments from Aviation Partners Boeing and Boeing. The following presents the comments received on the SNPRM and the FAA's response to each comment.

# Effect of Winglets on Accomplishment of the Proposed Actions

Aviation Partners Boeing stated that the installation of winglets per Supplemental Type Certificate (STC) ST01518SE does not affect the accomplishment of the manufacturer's service instructions.

The FAA agrees with the commenter that STC ST01518SE does not affect the accomplishment of the manufacturer's service instructions. Therefore, the installation of STC ST01518SE does not affect the ability to accomplish the actions required by this AD. The FAA has not changed this AD in this regard.

# **Request To Change Certain Language**

Boeing asked that the FAA replace the word "would" with "could potentially" in the FAA clarification "a PSU panel that detached and fell below BWL 265.7 would cause injury to passengers" as specified in the Clarification for PSU Installation section of the SNPRM. Boeing stated that the passenger seat located below an attached PSU panel could be unoccupied or could be occupied by a person short in stature, and in those cases the PSU panel would not strike and cause injury to a passenger.

The FAA acknowledges and agrees with the commenter's request, because the proposed language provides clarity. However, the comment section in the SNPRM is not carried over into this