

section 13(a) of the IBA authorizes the Board to “issue such rules, regulations, and orders as” it may deem necessary in order to perform its “respective duties and functions under this chapter and to administer and carry out the provisions and purposes of this chapter and prevent evasions thereof.”

The FR Y–7 is authorized by sections 8(a) and 13(a) of the IBA and section 5(c)(1) of the BHC Act.

The FR Y–10 and FR Y–10E are authorized by the Board’s reporting authorities, which are located in section 5(c)(1) of the BHC Act for BHCs, section 10(b)(2) of HOLA for SLHCs, and section 618 of the Dodd-Frank Act for securities holding companies. The Board is authorized to require state member banks and agreement and Edge corporations to file the FR Y–10 by reporting authorities located in sections 9(6), 25, and 25A of the Federal Reserve Act (FRA) (for state member banks, agreement corporations, and Edge corporations, respectively) (12 U.S.C. 324, 602, and 625, respectively). Similarly, information collection from national banks under the FR Y–10 and FR Y–10E with respect to their foreign branches, their investments made under Subpart A of Regulation K, and foreign branches of their foreign subsidiaries that are investments made under Subpart A of Regulation K, is authorized by the reporting authorities located in sections 25 and 25A of the FRA. The Board has the authority to require FBOs to file the FR Y–10 under sections 8(a) and 13(a) of the IBA and section 5(c)(1) of the BHC Act.

Information collections under the FR Y–6, FR Y–7, and FR Y–10 are mandatory. Information collections under the FR Y–10E are voluntary.

Individual respondents may request that information submitted to the Board through the FR Y–6, FR Y–7, FR Y–10, and FR Y–10E be kept confidential. If a respondent requests confidential treatment, the Board will determine whether the information is entitled to confidential treatment on a case-by-case basis. To the extent a respondent submits nonpublic commercial or financial information, which is both customarily and actually treated as private by the respondent, the respondent may request confidential treatment pursuant to exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(4)). To the extent a respondent submits personal, medical, or similar files, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy, the respondent may request confidential treatment pursuant to exemption 6 of the FOIA (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(6)). Additionally, personal home

addresses of securities holders submitted in response to the FR Y–7 will be treated as confidential pursuant to exemption 6 of the FOIA.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Dated: May 3, 2022.

**Michele Taylor Fennell,**

*Deputy Associate Secretary of the Board.*

[FR Doc. 2022–09850 Filed 5–6–22; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6210–01–P**

## FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

### Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of a Bank or Bank Holding Company

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (Act) (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board’s Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire shares of a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the applications are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The public portions of the applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, if any, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank(s) indicated below and at the offices of the Board of Governors. This information may also be obtained on an expedited basis, upon request, by contacting the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank and from the Board’s Freedom of Information Office at <https://www.federalreserve.gov/foia/request.htm>. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in paragraph 7 of the Act.

Comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors, Ann E. Misback, Secretary of the Board, 20th Street and Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20551–0001, not later than May 24, 2022.

*A. Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis* (Chris P. Wangen, Assistant Vice President), 90 Hennepin Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55480–0291. Comments can also be sent electronically to [MA@mpls.frb.org](mailto:MA@mpls.frb.org).

1. *The Williams Family 2021 Irrevocable Trust Agreement and James L. Williams III, individually, and as trustee, both of Casselton, North Dakota*; to join the Williams Family Group, a group acting in concert, to retain voting shares of First Financial Corporation, and thereby indirectly retain voting shares of BankNorth, both of Arthur, North Dakota.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, May 4, 2022.

**Michele Taylor Fennell,**

*Deputy Associate Secretary of the Board.*

[FR Doc. 2022–09930 Filed 5–6–22; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE P**

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

#### Patient Safety Organizations: Voluntary Relinquishment for the Ohio Patient Safety Institute

**AGENCY:** Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

**ACTION:** Notice of delisting.

**SUMMARY:** The Patient Safety and Quality Improvement Final Rule (Patient Safety Rule) authorizes AHRQ, on behalf of the Secretary of HHS, to list as a patient safety organization (PSO) an entity that attests that it meets the statutory and regulatory requirements for listing. A PSO can be “delisted” by the Secretary if it is found to no longer meet the requirements of the Patient Safety and Quality Improvement Act of 2005 (Patient Safety Act) and Patient Safety Rule, when a PSO chooses to voluntarily relinquish its status as a PSO for any reason, or when a PSO’s listing expires. AHRQ accepted a notification of proposed voluntary relinquishment from the Ohio Patient Safety Institute, PSO number P0041, of its status as a PSO, and has delisted the PSO accordingly.

**DATES:** The delisting was effective at 12:00 Midnight ET (2400) on April 30, 2022.

**ADDRESSES:** The directories for both listed and delisted PSOs are ongoing and reviewed weekly by AHRQ. Both directories can be accessed electronically at the following HHS website: <http://www.pso.ahrq.gov/listed>.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Cathryn Bach, Center for Quality Improvement and Patient Safety, AHRQ, 5600 Fishers Lane, MS 06N100B, Rockville, MD 20857; Telephone (toll free): (866) 403–3697; Telephone (local): (301) 427–1111; TTY (toll free): (866) 438–7231; TTY (local): (301) 427–1130; Email: [psa@ahrq.hhs.gov](mailto:psa@ahrq.hhs.gov).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Background

The Patient Safety Act, 42 U.S.C. 299b–21 to 299b–26, and the related Patient Safety Rule, 42 CFR part 3,

published in the **Federal Register** on November 21, 2008 (73 FR 70732–70814), establish a framework by which individuals and entities that meet the definition of provider in the Patient Safety Rule may voluntarily report information to PSOs listed by AHRQ, on a privileged and confidential basis, for the aggregation and analysis of patient safety work product.

The Patient Safety Act authorizes the listing of PSOs, which are entities or component organizations whose mission and primary activity are to conduct activities to improve patient safety and the quality of health care delivery.

HHS issued the Patient Safety Rule to implement the Patient Safety Act. AHRQ administers the provisions of the Patient Safety Act and Patient Safety Rule relating to the listing and operation of PSOs. The Patient Safety Rule authorizes AHRQ to list as a PSO an entity that attests that it meets the statutory and regulatory requirements for listing. A PSO can be “delisted” if it is found to no longer meet the requirements of the Patient Safety Act and Patient Safety Rule, when a PSO chooses to voluntarily relinquish its status as a PSO for any reason, or when a PSO’s listing expires. Section 3.108(d) of the Patient Safety Rule requires AHRQ to provide public notice when it removes an organization from the list of PSOs.

AHRQ has accepted a notification of proposed voluntary relinquishment from the Ohio Patient Safety Institute to voluntarily relinquish its status as a PSO. Accordingly, the Ohio Patient Safety Institute, PSO number P0041, was delisted effective at 12:00 Midnight ET (2400) on April 30, 2022.

Ohio Patient Safety Institute has patient safety work product (PSWP) in its possession. The PSO will meet the requirements of section 3.108(c)(2)(i) of the Patient Safety Rule regarding notification to providers that have reported to the PSO and of section 3.108(c)(2)(ii) regarding disposition of PSWP consistent with section 3.108(b)(3). According to section 3.108(b)(3) of the Patient Safety Rule, the PSO has 90 days from the effective date of delisting and revocation to complete the disposition of PSWP that is currently in the PSO’s possession.

More information on PSOs can be obtained through AHRQ’s PSO website at <http://www.pso.ahrq.gov>.

**Marquita Cullom,**  
Associate Director.

[FR Doc. 2022–09843 Filed 5–6–22; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4160–90–P**

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

#### Solicitation for Nominations for Membership To Serve on Initial Review Group for Scientific Peer Review

**AGENCY:** Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), HHS.

**ACTION:** Request for nominations for membership to serve on initial review group for scientific peer review.

**SUMMARY:** This is to invite the public to nominate members to the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) Initial Review Group (IRG) responsible for the scientific peer review of AHRQ grant applications. The AHRQ IRG conducts scientific and technical review for health services research grant applications and is comprised of five subcommittees or study sections, each with a particular research focus. AHRQ is seeking nominations for scientific reviewers in specific competency domains to evaluate grant applications.

**DATES:** Nominations should be received on or before June 1, 2022.

**ADDRESSES:** Nominations should be submitted by email to [dsr@ahrq.hhs.gov](mailto:dsr@ahrq.hhs.gov).

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Celeste Torio, Ph.D., MPH., AHRQ, (301) 427–1664 or by email at [celeste.torio@ahrq.hhs.gov](mailto:celeste.torio@ahrq.hhs.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This is to invite the public to nominate members to the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) Initial Review Group (IRG) responsible for the scientific peer review of AHRQ grant applications. AHRQ is required to conduct appropriate scientific peer review of grant applications pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 299c–1. The AHRQ IRG conducts scientific and technical review for health services research grant applications and is comprised of five subcommittees or study sections, each with a particular research focus. AHRQ is seeking nominations for scientific reviewers in specific competency domains to evaluate grant applications.

AHRQ’s mission is to produce evidence to make health care safer, higher quality, more accessible, equitable, and affordable, and to work within the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) and with other partners to make sure that the evidence is understood and used. AHRQ works to fulfill its mission by supporting health services research, evaluation, demonstration, dissemination, and training grants.

The peer review of AHRQ grant applications involves an assessment conducted by panels of qualified experts established according to scientific disciplines or medical specialty areas. Members of the IRG will be selected based upon their training and experience in relevant scientific and technical fields, taking in account, among other factors: (1) The level of formal education and pertinent expertise and experience; (2) extent of engagement in relevant research; (3) extent of professional recognition; (4) need for specialization in relevant field; and (5) appropriate representation based on gender, racial/ethnic origin, and geography. See 42 CFR 67.15(a)(2).

The IRG is comprised of five subcommittees, or study sections, each with a particular emphasis around which peer reviewer expertise is assembled. AHRQ seeks nominations for each of the subcommittee competency domains described below:

*Health Care Effectiveness and Outcomes Research:* End-stage renal disease; cardiovascular disease; pediatrics; pharmacologist in opioid management; biostatisticians in health services research; health disparities and social determinants of health.

*Healthcare Safety and Quality Improvement Research:* Pharmacists with expertise in informatics; infectious diseases specialists; geriatricians; surgeons with a specialty in diagnostic error; health disparities and social determinants of health.

*Healthcare Information Technology Research:* Biomedical and consumer health informatics; family medicine; health care data analysis; health information technology; health services research in patient-oriented research; electronic health record and data for research; population-based studies in medicine; epidemiology; telehealth/telemedicine; emergency medicine; insurance benefit design; chronic condition care; natural language processing and machine learning; social networking and its determinants of health; health disparities and social determinants of health.

*Healthcare Systems and Value Research:* Health statistics; health care outcome research; evaluation and survey methods; health system and service research; health care policy research; health economics research; large database analysis; private health insurance/Medicaid and Medicare; learning laboratory development; health disparities and social determinants of health.

*Health Care Research Training:* Clinicians with knowledge of health policy; Medicare and Medicaid;