

you believe qualifies you to serve as a peer reviewer for one or more specific grant programs, please register in G5, at [www.g5.gov](http://www.g5.gov), which allows the Department to manage and assign potential peer reviewers to competitions that may draw upon their professional backgrounds and expertise. A toolkit that includes helpful information on how to be considered as a peer reviewer for programs administered by the Department can be found at [www2.ed.gov/documents/peer-review/peer-reviewer-toolkit.pptx](http://www2.ed.gov/documents/peer-review/peer-reviewer-toolkit.pptx). Neither the submission of a resume nor registration in G5 guarantees you will be selected to be a peer reviewer.

In addition to registering in G5, some OPE and OSERS/RSA peer reviews may require being registered in the System for Award Management (SAM). Since registration for this process can take longer than a week, interested individuals are encouraged to register in advance of being contacted by the Department. In addition to registering in G5, some OSERS/OSEP peer reviews require being approved to serve on the Office of Special Education's Standing Panel. Individuals should express their interest to serve as a peer reviewer for OSEP competitions directly to the competition manager listed in the Notice Inviting Applications at least four weeks prior to the application closing date.

If you have interest in serving as a reviewer specifically for OESE competitions (Chart 2 of the Forecast of Funding Opportunities), you must also send your resume to [OESEPeerReviewRecruitment@ed.gov](mailto:OESEPeerReviewRecruitment@ed.gov).

If you have interest in serving as a reviewer specifically for RSA competitions (Chart 4B) also send your resume to [RSAPeerReview@ed.gov](mailto:RSAPeerReview@ed.gov) and [osersprs@ed.gov](mailto:osersprs@ed.gov). The subject line of the email should read "Prospective 2022 Peer Reviewer." In the body of the email, list all programs for which you would like to be considered to serve as a peer reviewer.

Requests to serve as a peer reviewer should be submitted at least four weeks prior to the program's application deadline, noted on the forecast page, to provide program offices with sufficient time to review resumes and determine an individual's suitability to serve as a peer reviewer for a specific competition. If you are selected to serve as a peer reviewer, the program office will contact you.

**Accessible Format:** On request to the person(s) listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**, individuals with disabilities can obtain this document and a copy of the application package in an accessible format. The Department

will provide the requestor with an accessible format that may include Rich Text Format (RTF) or text format (txt), a thumb drive, an MP3 file, braille, large print, audiotape, or compact disc, or other accessible format.

**Electronic Access to This Document:** The official version of this document is the document published in the **Federal Register**. You may access the official edition of the **Federal Register** and the Code of Federal Regulations at [www.govinfo.gov](http://www.govinfo.gov). At this site you can view this document, as well as all other documents of this Department published in the **Federal Register**, in text or Portable Document Format (PDF). To use PDF you must have Adobe Acrobat Reader, which is available free at the site.

You may also access documents of the Department published in the **Federal Register** by using the article search feature at [www.federalregister.gov](http://www.federalregister.gov). Specifically, through the advanced search feature at this site, you can limit your search to documents published by the Department.

**Program Authority:** Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended (20 U.S.C. 6301 *et seq.*), Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (20 U.S.C. 1001 *et seq.*), Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 *et seq.*), and the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended by the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 701 *et seq.*).

**Roberto J. Rodriguez,**

*Assistant Secretary for Planning, Evaluation and Policy Development.*

[FR Doc. 2022-10834 Filed 5-19-22; 8:45 am]

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## ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION

### Voting System Manufacturer Registration, Application for Testing, Anomaly Reporting and Root Cause Analysis; Survey and Submission to OMB of Proposed Collection of Information

**AGENCY:** Election Assistance Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice; request for comment.

**SUMMARY:** In compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the EAC announces an information collection and seeks public comment on the provisions thereof. The EAC intends to submit this proposed information collection to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget for approval. The U.S. Election Assistance Commission (EAC) is publishing four

information collecting forms for its Voting System Testing and Certification Program. The information collected is to be used to improve the quality of voting systems used in federal elections, and to collect necessary key information on voting system manufacturers and their systems. Participation in this program is voluntary. The program is mandated by the Help America Vote Act (HAVA).

**DATES:** Comments must be received by 5 p.m. on Friday, July 19, 2022.

**ADDRESSES:** Submission of Comments: Comments on the proposed Testing and Certification forms should be submitted electronically via <https://www.regulations.gov> (docket IDs: EAC-2022-0001, EAC-2022-0002, EAC-2022-0003, EAC-2022-0004). Written comments on the proposed information collection can also be sent to the U.S. Election Assistance Commission, 633 3rd Street NW, Suite 200, Washington, DC 20001, Attn: Testing & Certification.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Paul Aumayr, Senior Election Technology Specialist, Testing and Certification Program, Washington DC (301)-563-3919. All requests and submissions should be identified by the title of the information collection.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Title and OMB Number:** Manufacturer Registration, Application for Testing, Voting System Anomaly Reporting and Root Cause Analysis; OMB Numbers Pending.

**Purpose**

Under the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3501-3520), Federal Agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. "Collection of information" is defined in 44 U.S.C. 3502(3) and 5 CFR 1320.3(c) and includes Agency requests or requirements that members of the public submit reports, keep records, or provide information to a third party. Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA requires Federal Agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information, including each proposed extension of an existing collection of information, before submitting the collection to OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, the EAC is publishing notice of the proposed collection of information set forth in this document.

HAVA requires that the EAC certify and decertify voting systems. Section 231(a)(1) of HAVA (52 U.S.C. 20971) specifically requires the EAC to "provide for the testing, certification, decertification and recertification of

voting system hardware and software by accredited laboratories.” To meet this obligation, the EAC has created a voluntary testing and certification program to test voting systems to federal voting system standards.

The program is to publish four forms. These are to be used to collect key information concerning voting system manufacturers and their systems, as well as information regarding anomalies in voting systems used in federal elections. These forms will collect:

- The voting system manufacturer registration form collects information on the ownership, contact details for certain directors and senior staff, and the quality processes for manufacturers who wish to participate in the EAC’s Testing and Certification program.
- The voting system application collects administrative information on new or modified voting systems that are being submitted for testing by a registered voting system manufacturer.
- The voting system anomaly report will collect initial anomaly information as reported by voting system manufacturers and election officials.
- The root cause analysis form collects information on voting system anomalies, test results, and findings.

This information is collected to improve the quality of voting systems used in federal elections.

#### Public Comments

We are soliciting public comments to permit the EAC to:

- Evaluate whether the proposed information collection is necessary for the proper functions of the EAC’s Testing and Certification Division.
- Evaluate the accuracy of our estimate of burden for this proposed collection, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used.
- Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected.
- Minimize the reporting burden on those who are to respond, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Please note that comments submitted in response to this Notice are public record. Before including any detailed personal information, you should be aware that your comments as submitted, including your personal information, will be available for public review.

*Respondents:* State and Local Election Officials and Voting System Manufacturers.

#### Annual Reporting Burden

OMB approval is requested for 3 years.

#### Annual Burden Estimates

Estimated Burden in hours—177 hours.

Estimated Burden cost—\$14,871.

#### Camden Kelliher,

Associate Counsel, U.S. Election Assistance Commission.

[FR Doc. 2022–10900 Filed 5–19–22; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

### Notice of Availability of Final Versatile Test Reactor Environmental Impact Statement

**AGENCY:** Office of Nuclear Energy, Department of Energy.

**ACTION:** Notice of availability.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE or the Department) announces the availability of the *Final Versatile Test Reactor Environmental Impact Statement* (VTR EIS) (DOE/EIS–0542). DOE prepared the VTR EIS in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) to evaluate the potential environmental impacts of alternatives for constructing and operating VTR and associated facilities for post-irradiation examination of irradiated test specimens and the management of VTR spent nuclear fuel. The Final VTR EIS also evaluates the potential environmental impacts of options for production of VTR driver fuel (the fuel that powers the reactor).

**DATES:** DOE will issue a Record of Decision based on the VTR EIS no sooner than 30 days after the May 20, 2022, publication of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency notice of availability of the Final VTR EIS in the **Federal Register**. For alternatives (or options) for which DOE did not identify a preferred alternative (or option) in the Final VTR EIS, DOE will not issue a Record of Decision until 30 days after it announces its preferred alternative (or option) in the **Federal Register**.

**ADDRESSES:** Communications regarding the Final VTR EIS should be sent to Mr. James Lovejoy, Document Manager, by mail to: U.S. Department of Energy, Idaho Operations Office, 1955 Fremont Avenue, MS 1235, Idaho Falls, Idaho 83415; or by email to [VTR.EIS@nuclear.energy.gov](mailto:VTR.EIS@nuclear.energy.gov). The Final VTR EIS is available for viewing or download at <https://www.energy.gov/nepa> or <https://www.energy.gov/ne/versatile-test-reactor>.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** For information regarding the VTR Project

or the Final VTR EIS, visit <https://www.energy.gov/ne/versatile-test-reactor>. For questions about the Final VTR EIS or the analyses therein, contact Mr. James Lovejoy at the mailing address listed in **ADDRESSES**; via email at [VTR.EIS@nuclear.energy.gov](mailto:VTR.EIS@nuclear.energy.gov); or call (208) 526–6805. For general information on DOE’s NEPA process, contact Mr. Jason Anderson at the mailing address listed in **ADDRESSES**; via email at [VTR.EIS@nuclear.energy.gov](mailto:VTR.EIS@nuclear.energy.gov); or call (208) 526–6805.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Background

Part of the DOE mission is to ensure America’s security and prosperity by addressing its energy, environmental, and nuclear challenges through transformative science and technology solutions. Many commercial organizations and universities are pursuing advanced nuclear energy fuels, materials, and reactor designs that complement the efforts of DOE and its laboratories in advancing nuclear energy. These designs include thermal and fast-spectrum<sup>1</sup> reactors targeting improved fuel resource utilization and waste management and utilizing materials other than water for cooling. Development of these designs requires adequate infrastructure for experimentation, testing, design evolution, and component qualification. Existing irradiation test capabilities are aging and some are over 50 years old. The existing capabilities are focused on testing of materials, fuels, and components in the thermal neutron spectrum and do not have the ability to support the needs of fast reactor researchers. Only limited fast-neutron-spectrum-testing capabilities, with restricted availability, exist outside the United States. To meet its obligation to support advanced reactor technology development, DOE needs to develop the capability for large-scale testing, accelerated testing, and qualification of advanced nuclear fuels, materials, instrumentation, and sensors. This testing capability is essential for the United States to modernize its nuclear

<sup>1</sup> Fast neutrons are highly energetic neutrons (ranging from 0.1 to 10 million electron volts [MeV] and travelling at speeds of thousands to tens of thousands kilometers per second) emitted during fission. The fast-neutron spectrum refers to the range of energies associated with fast neutrons. By contrast, thermal neutrons, such as those typically associated in a commercial light-water reactor, are neutrons that are less energetic than fast neutrons (more than a million times less energetic [about 0.25eV] and travelling at speeds of less than 5 kilometers per second), having been slowed by collisions with other materials such as water. The thermal neutron spectrum refers to the range of energies associated with thermal neutrons.