

firm covered in this review, or a previous segment, but the manufacturer is, then the cash deposit rate will be the rate established for the most recent segment for the manufacturer of the merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other manufacturers or exporters will continue to be 5.95 percent, the all-others rate established in the LTFV investigation.<sup>12</sup> These deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

#### Notification to Importers

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

#### Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Order

This notice serves as the only reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3), which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

#### Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing this notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i) of the Act.

Dated: July 1, 2022.

#### Ryan Majerus,

*Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations.*

#### Appendix—List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the Order

<sup>12</sup> See *Circular Welded Carbon-Quality Steel Pipe from the Sultanate of Oman, Pakistan, and the United Arab Emirates: Amended Final Affirmative Antidumping Duty Determination and Antidumping Duty Orders*, 81 FR 91906, 91908 (December 19, 2016).

IV. Final Successor-in-Interest Determination  
V. Margin Calculations  
VI. Discussion of the Issue  
Comment: Selection of the Correct Universes of Sales for Ajmal for the Period of Review (POR)

VII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2022-14610 Filed 7-8-22; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[RTID 0648-XC160]

#### New England Fishery Management Council; Public Meeting

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of public meeting.

**SUMMARY:** The New England Fishery Management Council (Council) is scheduling a public meeting of its Ecosystem-Based Fishery Management (EBFM) Committee to consider actions affecting New England fisheries in the exclusive economic zone (EEZ). Recommendations from this group will be brought to the full Council for formal consideration and action, if appropriate.

**DATES:** This webinar will be held on Tuesday, July 26, 2022, at 9:30 a.m. Webinar registration URL information: <https://attendee.gotowebinar.com/register/609258508760430607>.

#### ADDRESSES:

*Council address:* New England Fishery Management Council, 50 Water Street, Mill 2, Newburyport, MA 01950.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Thomas A. Nies, Executive Director, New England Fishery Management Council; telephone: (978) 465-0492.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Agenda

The EBFM Committee will meet receive updates on and discuss the following issues: (1) Preparation for public information workshops on Ecosystem-Based Fishery Management for Georges Bank, and (2) Prototype Management Strategy Evaluation of Georges Bank Ecosystem-Based Fishery management strategies. The Committee will discuss other business including discussions with NOAA Fisheries leadership about National Standard 1 concerns about stock complex catch limit management proposed in the example Fishery Ecosystem Plan. They

may also discuss development of 2023 management priorities.

Although non-emergency issues not contained on the agenda may come before this Council for discussion, those issues may not be the subject of formal action during this meeting. Council action will be restricted to those issues specifically listed in this notice and any issues arising after publication of this notice that require emergency action under section 305(c) of the Magnuson-Stevens Act, provided the public has been notified of the Council's intent to take final action to address the emergency. The public also should be aware that the meeting will be recorded. Consistent with 16 U.S.C. 1852, a copy of the recording is available upon request.

#### Special Accommodations

This meeting is physically accessible to people with disabilities. Requests for sign language interpretation or other auxiliary aids should be directed to Thomas A. Nies, Executive Director, at (978) 465-0492, at least 5 days prior to the meeting date.

*Authority:* 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*

Dated: July 6, 2022.

#### Tracey L. Thompson,

*Acting Deputy Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.*

[FR Doc. 2022-14681 Filed 7-8-22; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510-22-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[RTID 0648-XC158]

#### Pacific Fishery Management Council; Public Meetings

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of public meeting.

**SUMMARY:** The Pacific Fishery Management Council's (Pacific Council) Ad Hoc Marine Planning Committee (MPC) will hold a public meeting.

**DATES:** The meeting will be held Tuesday, July 26, 2022, from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Pacific Daylight Time or until business for the day has been completed.

**ADDRESSES:** This meeting will be held online. Specific meeting information, including directions on how to join the meeting and system requirements will be provided in the meeting announcement on the Pacific Council's website (see [www.pcouncil.org](http://www.pcouncil.org)). You may send an email to Mr. Kris Kleinschmidt ([kris.kleinschmidt@noaa.gov](mailto:kris.kleinschmidt@noaa.gov)) or contact him at (503) 820-2412 for technical assistance.

*Council address:* Pacific Fishery Management Council, 7700 NE Ambassador Place, Suite 101, Portland, OR 97220-1384.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Kerry Griffin, Staff Officer, Pacific Council; telephone: (503) 820-2409.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The primary purpose of this online meeting is for the MPC to discuss issues related to offshore wind energy development and NOAA Aquaculture Opportunity Areas. The MPC may discuss the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management's request for comment on its Draft Fisheries Mitigation Strategy and may develop a report to the Pacific Council for consideration at its September meeting. Other marine planning topics or emerging issues may be discussed as necessary. The meeting agenda will be available on the Pacific Council's website in advance of the meeting, and the meeting will be recorded for the benefit of interested parties who aren't able to attend the meeting at its scheduled time and date.

Although non-emergency issues not contained in the meeting agenda may be discussed, those issues may not be the subject of formal action during this meeting. Action will be restricted to those issues specifically listed in this document and any issues arising after publication of this document that require emergency action under section 305(c) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act, provided the public has been notified of the intent to take final action to address the emergency.

#### Special Accommodations

Requests for sign language interpretation or other auxiliary aids should be directed to Mr. Kris Kleinschmidt ([kris.kleinschmidt@noaa.gov](mailto:kris.kleinschmidt@noaa.gov); (503) 820-2412) at least 10 days prior to the meeting date.

*Authority:* 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*

Dated: July 6, 2022.

**Tracey L. Thompson,**

*Acting Deputy Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.*

[FR Doc. 2022-14684 Filed 7-8-22; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510-22-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### Patent and Trademark Office

[Docket No. PTO-T-2022-0005]

#### Trademarks USPTO.gov Account ID Verification Program

**AGENCY:** United States Patent and Trademark Office, Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** In late 2019, as part of the United States Patent and Trademark Office's (USPTO or Office) continuing efforts to protect the integrity of the U.S. trademark register, and to better protect its customers from scams and fraudulent activities related to the trademark register, the USPTO began requiring customers to create a *USPTO.gov* account to file electronic trademark forms. This enabled the Agency to monitor trademark filing behavior and aided in enforcing the existing USPTO Rules of Practice regarding submissions in trademark matters. On January 8, 2022, in anticipation of moving toward a mandatory identity (ID) verification process to further thwart fraud, the USPTO made ID verification available to *USPTO.gov* account holders on a voluntary basis. This allowed account holders to verify their identity in either paper or electronic form before ID verification became mandatory. On August 6, 2022, the USPTO will make it mandatory for existing and new account holders who occupy an appropriate user role to verify their identity as a condition for filing electronic trademark forms.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Robert Lavache, Office of the Deputy Commissioner for Trademark Examination Policy, at 571-272-5881. You can also send inquiries to [TMFRNotices@uspto.gov](mailto:TMFRNotices@uspto.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Historically, trademark customers of the USPTO have only had to attest to the information in their applications and other submissions if the USPTO questioned the information. Thus, for example, if a third party had evidence that the identity of an applicant or registrant was false, that party would have to oppose the application or petition to cancel the registration before the USPTO's Trademark Trial and Appeal Board, a costly and time-consuming process.

In recent years, however, the Office has received an increasing number of trademark submissions containing false information, resulting in some bad actors obtaining trademark registrations to which they were not entitled. In some

cases, these actors have filed tens of thousands of applications containing improper submissions that include false signatures, false addresses, false claims of use required to obtain and maintain a registration, and false or hijacked U.S. attorney credentials. They have also engaged in unauthorized practice of law and unauthorized representation of others before the USPTO. In other cases, bad actors have used the system to improperly file unauthorized submissions in a competitor's application and registration records. While the levels of misconduct and improper submissions are relatively low compared to the large annual volume of filings in trademark cases, the impact of these activities has become disproportionately significant, as evidenced by the growing number of internet-based scams that have been sanctioned and that have implicated thousands of applications featuring rule violations that the USPTO terminated. Additionally, these activities violate the USPTO rules of practice—including rules on signatures, certifications, and representation of others before the USPTO—and website terms of use, potentially calling into question the validity of any resulting registration.

In response, the USPTO has implemented measures, including a trademark administrative sanctions process that investigates suspicious applications and imposes sanctions on rule violators. See Trademarks Administrative Sanctions Process, 87 FR 431 (Jan. 5, 2022). The USPTO has also required those filing documents in trademark matters to have a *USPTO.gov* account. Moving forward, in an attempt to prevent the filing of applications and other submissions that are fraudulent or violate the USPTO's signature and representation rules, the USPTO will require *USPTO.gov* account holders to verify their identity in order to file electronic trademark forms.

#### I. USPTO.gov Login System

In 2019, as part of the USPTO's register protection initiatives, the USPTO established a three-phase login system intended to increase the accountability of those filing submissions. Phase 1, implemented in 2019, requires a user to create a *USPTO.gov* account in order to file electronic trademark forms. Once the account is created, the holder is subject to the terms of use. Account holders who violate the terms of use may have their accounts blocked to prevent continued abuse of the USPTO's electronic trademark systems. On January 8, 2022, the USPTO began implementing Phase 2 by making ID