matter, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur oxides, Volatile organic compounds.

Dated: July 29, 2022.

## Meghan A. McCollister,

Regional Administrator, Region 7.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the EPA amends 40 CFR part 52 as set forth below:

# PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

#### Subpart AA—Missouri

■ 2. In § 52.1320, the table in paragraph (c) is amended by revising the entry

"10–6.060" under the heading "Chapter 6—Air Quality Standards, Definitions, Sampling and Reference Methods, and Air Pollution Control Regulations for the State of Missouri" to read as follows:

# §52.1320 Identification of plan.

(c) \* \* \*

# **EPA-APPROVED MISSOURI REGULATIONS**

Missouri citation	Title	State effective date	EPA approval date	Explanation
		Missouri Depa	rtment of Natural Resou	irces
*	*	*	*	* * *
Chapter 6—Air Qua	lity Standards, Definitions	, Sampling and	Reference Methods, an Missouri	d Air Pollution Control Regulations for the State of
10–6.060	* Construction Permits Required.	* 5/30/202	* 20 8/11/2022, [insert Fed Register citation].	Provisions of the 2010 PM <sub>2.5</sub> PSD-Increments, SILs and SMCs rule relating to SILs and SMCs that were affected by the January 22, 2013 U.S. Court of Appeals decision are not SIP approved. Provisions of the 2002 NSR reform rule relating to the Clean Unit Exemption, Pollution Control Projects, and exemption from record keeping provisions for certain sources using the actual-to-projected-actual emissions projections test are not SIP approved. "Livestock and livestock handling systems from which the only potential contaminant is odorous gas." Section 9 pertaining to hazardous air pollutants, is not SIP approved. EPA previously approved the 3/30/2016 state effective date version of 10 CSR 10–6.060, with the above exceptions, in a Federal Registe document published October 11, 2016
*	*	*	*	Section (1)(B) of 10 CSR 10–6.060 covering the voluntary permit provision is no SIP approved.

[FR Doc. 2022–16663 Filed 8–10–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

# **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

#### 50 CFR Part 635

[Docket No. 220523-0119; RTID 0648-XC156]

Atlantic Highly Migratory Species; Atlantic Bluefin Tuna Fisheries; Closure of the General Category Fishery June Through August 2022 Subquota Time Period

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Temporary rule; closure.

SUMMARY: NMFS closes the General category fishery for large medium and giant (*i.e.*, measuring 73 inches (185 cm) curved fork length or greater) Atlantic bluefin tuna (BFT) for the remainder of the June through August subquota time period. This action applies to Atlantic Tunas General category (commercial) permitted vessels and HMS Charter/ Headboat permitted vessels with a commercial sale endorsement when fishing commercially for BFT. This action also waives the previously-

scheduled restricted fishing days (RFDs) for the remainder of the June through August subquota time period. With the RFDs waived during the closure, fishermen aboard General category permitted vessels and HMS Charter/ Headboat permitted vessels may tag and release BFT of all sizes, subject to the requirements of the catch-and-release and tag-and-release programs. The fishery will reopen automatically and previously scheduled RFDs for September will resume.

**DATES:** Effective 11:30 p.m., local time, August 10, 2022, through August 31, 2022.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Becky Curtis, becky.curtis@noaa.gov, 301–427–8503, Larry Redd, Jr., larry.redd@noaa.gov, 301–427–8503, or Nicholas Velseboer, nicholas.velseboer@noaa.gov, 978–281–9260.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Atlantic HMS fisheries, including BFT fisheries, are managed under the authority of the Atlantic Tunas Convention Act (ATCA; 16 U.S.C. 971 et seq.) and the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act; 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.). The 2006 Consolidated Atlantic HMS Fishery Management Plan (FMP) and its amendments are implemented by regulations at 50 CFR part 635. Section 635.27 divides the U.S. BFT quota recommended by the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT) and as implemented by the United States among the various domestic fishing categories, per the allocations established in the 2006 Consolidated HMS FMP and its amendments. NMFS is required under the Magnuson-Stevens Act to provide U.S. fishing vessels with a reasonable opportunity to harvest quotas under relevant international fishery agreements such as the ICCAT Convention, which is implemented domestically pursuant to ATCA

Under § 635.28(a)(1), NMFS files a closure notice with the Office of the Federal Register for publication when a BFT quota (or subquota) is reached or is projected to be reached. Retaining, possessing, or landing BFT under that quota category is prohibited on and after the effective date and time of a closure notice for that category, for the remainder of the fishing year, until the opening of the subsequent quota period, or until such date as specified.

The baseline U.S. BFT quota is 1,316.14 mt (§ 635.27(a)). The current baseline quota for the General category is 587.9 mt and the baseline subquota for the June through August time period is 293.9 mt (§ 635.27(a)(1)).

# Closure of the June Through August 2022 General Category Fishery

As of August 8, 2022, reported landings for the General category June through August subquota time period total approximately 265 mt. Based on these landings data, as well as average catch rates and anticipated fishing conditions, NMFS has determined that the June through August 2022 subquota of 293.9 mt will be reached shortly. Therefore, retaining, possessing, or landing large medium or giant (i.e., measuring 73 inches (185 cm) curved fork length or greater) BFT by persons aboard vessels permitted in the Atlantic Tunas General category and HMS Charter/Headboat permitted vessels (while fishing commercially) must cease at 11:30 p.m. local time on August 10, 2022. The General category will automatically reopen September 1, 2022, for the September 2022 subquota time period. This action applies to Atlantic Tunas General category (commercial) permitted vessels and HMS Charter/Headboat permitted vessels with a commercial sale endorsement when fishing commercially for BFT and is taken consistent with the regulations at § 635.28(a)(1). The intent of this closure is to prevent overharvest of the available June through August subquota. The fishery will reopen automatically on September 1, 2022.

# Adjustment of Daily Retention Limit for Selected Dates

On June 1, 2022 (87 FR 33056), NMFS published a final rule implementing RFDs every Tuesday, Friday, and Saturday through November 30, 2022. Since the fishery will be closed for the remainder of the June through August subquota time period, NMFS has decided to waive the previously scheduled RFDs for the remainder of that period. Previously scheduled RFDs will resume on September 2, 2022.

With the RFDs waived during the closure, consistent with § 635.23(a)(4), fishermen aboard General category permitted vessels and HMS Charter/ Headboat permitted vessels may tag and release BFT of all sizes, subject to the requirements of the catch-and-release and tag-and-release programs at § 635.26. All BFT that are released must be handled in a manner that will maximize their survival, and without removing the fish from the water, consistent with requirements at § 635.21(a)(1). For additional information on safe handling, see the "Careful Catch and Release" brochure available at https://www.fisheries. noaa.gov/resource/outreach-andeducation/careful-catch-and-release-brochure/.

#### **Monitoring and Reporting**

NMFS will continue to monitor the BFT fisheries closely. Dealers are required to submit landing reports within 24 hours of a dealer receiving BFT. Late reporting by dealers compromises NMFS' ability to timely implement actions such as quota and retention limit adjustments, as well as closures, and may result in enforcement actions. Additionally, and separate from the dealer reporting requirement, General category and HMS Charter/ Headboat permitted vessel owners are required to report the catch of all BFT retained or discarded dead within 24 hours of the landing(s) or end of each trip, by accessing hmspermits.noaa.gov, using the HMS Catch Reporting app, or calling (888) 872-8862 (Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. until 4:30 p.m.).

After the fishery reopens on September 1, depending on the level of fishing effort and catch rates of BFT, NMFS may determine that additional adjustments are necessary to ensure available subquotas are not exceeded or to enhance scientific data collection from, and fishing opportunities in, all geographic areas. If needed, subsequent adjustments will be published in the Federal Register. In addition, fishermen may call the Atlantic Tunas Information Line at (978) 281–9260, or access hmspermits.noaa.gov, for updates on quota monitoring and inseason adjustments.

#### Classification

NMFS issues this action pursuant to section 305(d) of the Magnuson-Stevens Act and regulations at 50 CFR part 635 and is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

The Assistant Administrator for NMFS finds that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to provide prior notice of, and an opportunity for public comment on, this action for the following reasons:

The regulations implementing the 2006 Consolidated HMS FMP and its amendments provide for inseason adjustments and fishery closures to respond to the unpredictable nature of BFT availability on the fishing grounds, the migratory nature of this species, and the regional variations in the BFT fishery. This fishery is currently underway and delaying this action would be contrary to the public interest as it could result in BFT landings exceeding the General category June through August 2022 subquota, which could result in the need to reduce quota

for the General category later in the year and thus could affect later fishing opportunities. Therefore, the AA finds good cause under 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B) to waive prior notice and the opportunity for public comment. For all of the above reasons, there is good cause under 5 U.S.C. 553(d) to waive the 30-day delay in effectiveness.

**Authority:** 16 U.S.C. 971 *et seq.* and 1801 *et seq.* 

Dated: August 8, 2022.

#### Kelly Denit,

Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 2022–17281 Filed 8–8–22; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

#### 50 CFR Part 660

[Docket No. 220510-0113; RTID 0648-XC188]

## Fisheries Off West Coast States; Modification of the West Coast Salmon Fisheries; Inseason Actions #16 Through #25

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Inseason modification of 2022 management measures.

**SUMMARY:** NMFS announces ten inseason actions in the 2022 ocean salmon fisheries. These inseason actions modify the commercial and recreational ocean salmon fisheries in the area from the U.S./Canada border to the U.S./ Mexico border.

**DATES:** The effective dates for the inseason actions are set out in this document under the heading "Inseason Actions" and the actions remain in effect until superseded or modified.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Shannon Penna at 562–980–4239, Email: *Shannon.Penna@noaa.gov.* 

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## Background

The 2022 annual management measures for ocean salmon fisheries (87 FR 29690, May 16, 2022), announced management measures for the commercial and recreational fisheries in the area from the U.S./Canada border to the U.S./Mexico border, effective from 0001 hours Pacific Daylight Time (PDT), May 16, 2022, until the effective date of the 2023 management measures, as

published in the Federal Register. NMFS is authorized to implement inseason management actions to modify fishing seasons and quotas as necessary to provide fishing opportunity while meeting management objectives for the affected species (50 CFR 660.409). Inseason actions in the salmon fishery may be taken directly by NMFS (50 CFR 660.409(a)—Fixed inseason management provisions) or upon consultation with the Chairman of the Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council), and the appropriate State Directors (50 CFR 660.409(b)—Flexible inseason management provisions).

Management of the salmon fisheries is divided into two geographic areas: north of Cape Falcon (NOF) (U.S./Canada border to Cape Falcon, OR), and south of Cape Falcon (SOF) (Cape Falcon, OR, to the U.S./Mexico border). The actions described in this document affect the NOF commercial and recreational salmon fisheries, as set out under the heading Inseason Action below.

Consultations with the Council Chairperson on these inseason actions occurred on June 22, 2022, June 28, 2022, June 30, 2022, and July 8, 2022. Representatives from NMFS, Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW), Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW), California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) and Council staff participated in these consultations. Members of the Salmon Advisory Subpanel and Salmon Technical Team were also present on the calls.

These inseason actions were announced on NMFS's telephone hotline and U.S. Coast Guard radio broadcast on the date of the consultations (50 CFR 660.411(a)(2)).

#### **Inseason Actions**

Inseason Action #16

Description of the action: Inseason action #16 modifies the recreational salmon fishery from the U.S./Canada border to Cape Alava, WA (Neah Bay subarea), from a two salmon per day bag limit to two salmon per day, only one of which may be a Chinook salmon, beginning at 12:01 a.m. on June 24, 2022.

Effective date: Inseason action #16 took effect on June 24, 2022, and remains in effect until superseded.

Reason and authorization for the action: More than 12 percent of the Chinook salmon guideline was caught on the first two days of the recreational salmon fishery season (June 18–June 19, 2022). Inseason action #16 was necessary to reduce Chinook salmon catch to preserve the length of the

season while avoiding exceedance of the Chinook salmon guideline and maximizing catch of the available coho salmon quota.

The NMFS West Coast Regional Administrator (RA) considered the landings of Chinook salmon and fishery effort in the NOF recreational salmon fishery occurring to date as well as anticipated under the proposal, quotas and guidelines set preseason, and the recreational Chinook salmon guideline remaining. The RA determined that this inseason was necessary to preserve the available recreational Chinook salmon guideline in the Neah Bay subarea in order to meet management goals set preseason, including the Pacific Coast Salmon Fishery Management Plan's (FMP) goal. The modification of recreational bag limits is authorized by 50 CFR 660.409(b)(1)(iii).

#### Inseason Action #17

Description of the action: Inseason action #17 modifies the commercial salmon troll fishery north of Cape Falcon previously closed from June 15–June 30, 2022. This fishery is now scheduled to re-open on June 23, 2022, at 12:01 a.m. through 11:59 p.m. June 29, 2022, with a landing and possession limit of 13 Chinook salmon per vessel.

Effective date: Inseason action #17 took effect on June 23, 2022, and remains in effect until June 29, 2022.

Reason and authorization for the action: The total Chinook salmon landings in the area from the U.S./
Canada border to Cape Falcon, OR, are estimated to be 17,468 Chinook salmon out of the May-June 2022 quota of 18,000 Chinook salmon leaving a remainder of 532 Chinook salmon quota. Inseason action was necessary to allow opportunity to catch the remainder of the Chinook salmon quota, while limiting catch to ensure that the quota is not exceeded.

The RA considered the landings of Chinook salmon and fishery effort in the NOF commercial salmon fishery occurring to date as well as anticipated under the proposal, the amount of quota remaining, and the timing of the action relative to the length of the season, and determined that this inseason action was necessary to avoid exceeding the subarea quotas set preseason and provide greater fishing opportunities. Inseason actions to modify quotas and fishing seasons is authorized under 50 CFR 660.409(b)(1)(i) and (iii).

#### Inseason Action #18

Description of the action: Retention of halibut caught incidental to the commercial salmon troll fishery (U.S./Canada border to the U.S./Mexico