office of the Exchange. Persons submitting comments are cautioned that we do not redact or edit personal identifying information from comment submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR—CboeEDGX—2022—053, and should be submitted on or before December 30, 2022.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority. 20

Sherry R. Haywood,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2022-26745 Filed 12-8-22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Sunshine Act Meetings

TIME AND DATE: Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the Government in the Sunshine Act, Public Law 94–409, that the Securities and Exchange Commission will hold an Open Meeting on Wednesday, December 14, 2022 at 10:00 a.m.

PLACE: The meeting will be webcast on the Commission's website at *www.sec.gov*.

STATUS: This meeting will begin at 10:00 a.m. (ET) and will be open to the public via webcast on the Commission's website at *www.sec.gov*.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

- 1. The Commission will consider whether to adopt amendments to Rule 10b5–1 under the Securities Exchange Act, and new disclosure regarding Rule 10b5–1 trading arrangements and insider trading policies and procedures, as well as amendments regarding the disclosure of the timing of certain equity compensation awards and reporting of gifts on Form 4.
- 2. The Commission will consider whether to propose rule amendments to update the disclosure required by Rule 605 under Regulation NMS of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for order executions in national market system stocks. The proposed rule amendments would expand the scope of entities subject to Rule 605, modify the information required to be reported under the rule, and change how orders are categorized for purposes of the rule.
- 3. The Commission will consider whether to propose amendments to certain rules under Regulation NMS of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to

adopt variable minimum pricing increments for the quoting and trading of NMS stocks, reduce access fee caps, and enhance the transparency of better priced orders.

- 4. The Commission will consider whether to propose a new rule under Regulation NMS of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 titled the Order Competition Rule, which would require certain equity orders of retail investors to be exposed to competition in fair and open auctions before such orders could be executed internally by any trading center that restricts order-by-order competition.
- 5. The Commission will consider whether to propose new rules under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 titled Regulation Best Execution, which would establish a best execution standard and require detailed policies and procedures for brokers, dealers, government securities brokers, government securities dealers, and municipal securities dealers and more robust policies and procedures for entities engaging in certain conflicted transactions with retail customers, as well as related review and documentation requirements.

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION: For further information and to ascertain what, if any, matters have been added, deleted or postponed, please contact Vanessa A. Countryman from the Office of the Secretary at (202) 551–5400.

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 552b.

Dated: December 7, 2022.

J. Matthew DeLesDernier,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2022–26901 Filed 12–7–22; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-96448; File No. SR-NYSECHX-2022-29]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; NYSE Chicago, Inc.; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change To Amend Article 17, Rule 5

December 5, 2022.

Pursuant to section 19(b)(1) ¹ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act") ² and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,³ notice is hereby given that, on December 1, 2022, the NYSE Chicago, Inc. ("NYSE Chicago" or the "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange

Commission (the "Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I and II below, which Items have been prepared by the self-regulatory organization. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend Article 17, Rule 5 to (1) change how Qualified Contingent Trade ("QCT") Cross Orders are handled in the Exchange's Brokerplex® order management system, and (2) make certain non-substantive conforming changes. The proposed rule change is available on the Exchange's website at www.nyse.com, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission's Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of, and basis for, the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of those statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant parts of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and the Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Exchange proposes to amend Article 17, Rule 5 (Brokerplex) in order to (1) change how QCT Cross Orders are handled in the Exchange's Brokerplex® order management system, and (2) make certain non-substantive conforming changes.

Background and Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange provides the Brokerplex order management system for use by Institutional Broker Representatives ("IBRs"),⁴ to receive, transmit and hold orders from their customers while seeking execution

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 15 U.S.C. 78a

^{3 17} CFR 240.19b-4.

⁴ IBRs are also known as Institutional Brokers or "IBs". The term "Institutional Broker" is defined in Article 1, Rule 1(n) to mean a member of the Exchange who is registered as an Institutional Broker pursuant to the provisions of Article 17 and has satisfied all Exchange requirements to operate as an Institutional Broker on the Exchange.

^{20 17} CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

within the NYSE Chicago Marketplace ⁵ or elsewhere in the National Market System. Brokerplex also can be used to record trade executions and send transaction reports to a Trade Reporting Facility ("TRF"), as defined in FINRA Rules 6300 *et seq.*, as amended from time-to-time. Brokerplex can also be used to initiate clearing submissions to a Qualified Clearing Agency via the Exchange's reporting systems.

Orders may be entered into Brokerplex manually by an IBR or submitted by an Exchange-approved electronic connection. With certain enumerated exceptions,6 Brokerplex accepts and handles all of the order types, conditions and instructions accepted by the NYSE Chicago Marketplace pursuant to Rule 7.31. In addition to the order types accepted by the NYSE Chicago Marketplace, Brokerplex permits entry and processing of certain additional order types, conditions and instructions accepted by other market centers. Finally, Brokerplex accepts and processes certain specified order types, conditions and instructions set forth in Article 17, Rule 5(c)(3).

As set forth in Rule 7.31(g), a QCT Cross Order is a Cross Order that is part of a transaction consisting of two or more component orders that qualifies for a Contingent Order Exemption to the Order Protection Rule pursuant to Rule 7.37(f)(5).7 QCT Cross Orders may thus trade through both manual and protected quotes but may not trade through the Exchange BBO.8

QCT Cross Orders are only available to IBRs. While IBRs are not required to use Brokerplex to manage their orders, including QCT Cross Orders, Brokerplex facilitates the execution of QCT Cross Orders by retaining the QCT Cross Order information submitted by the IBRs and providing such information to IBRs in a format that assists IBRs in processing orders and transactions, responding to request for information from customers and regulatory bodies and for other legitimate business purposes.⁹

As noted, many of the order types specified in Rule 7.31 that would be sent directly to the matching engine cannot be entered into Brokerplex. As a practical matter, IBR business on the Exchange consists of facilitating crosses, the majority of which are QCT Cross Orders entered into Brokerplex via an Exchange-approved electronic connection or manually by an IBR. Because QCT Cross Orders are exempt from the Order Protection Rule, QCT Cross Orders entered into Brokerplex can be and usually are executed at venues away from the Exchange, which is permissible as long as the order does not trade through the Exchange BBO. The proposed rule change would require that QCT Cross Orders entered into Brokerplex be initially sent to execute on the Exchange.

Amendment of Article 17, Rule 5(e)

Article 17, Rule 5(e) sets forth the Brokerplex order handling and transmission requirements. Currently, QCT Cross Orders entered into Brokerplex electronically or manually by an IBR can either be submitted (1) to the Exchange's Matching System or the NYSE Chicago Marketplace, as applicable, to execute and then, if they cannot be executed in the Exchange's Matching System or NYSE Chicago Marketplace, as applicable, to another destination according to the IBR's instructions, 10 or (2) directly to another trading center. 11

The Exchange proposes to amend Article 17, Rule $\bar{5}(e)(1)$ to change how OCT Cross Orders are handled in Brokerplex. As proposed, QCT Cross Orders entered into Brokerplex either electronically or manually would be sent to the NYSE Chicago Marketplace to execute in the first instance and then to other trading centers if the order cannot be executed in the NYSE Chicago Marketplace. In other words, IBRs would no longer have the ability to send QCT Cross Orders entered into Brokerplex directly to another trading center in the first instance as provided for in Article 17, Rule 5(e)(1)(B).12

All other aspects of the Brokerplex functionality would continue to operate as described in Article 17, Rule 5.

Non-Substantive Conforming Changes

The Exchange proposes to amend Article 17, Rule 5 to eliminate obsolete references to the Exchange's Matching System. During its transition to the Pillar trading system, the Exchange defined "NYSE Chicago Marketplace" in Rule 1.1(p) to mean the electronic securities communications and trading facility of the Exchange through which orders are processed or are consolidated for execution and/or display. The definition was intended to replace references to the term "Matching System" following the transition to Pillar.¹³ Having transitioned to Pillar, "Matching System" is obsolete and the Exchange proposes to delete the phrase "Exchange's Matching System or the" before "NYSE Chicago Marketplace" in each place that it appears in Article 17, Rule 5. The Exchange also proposes a non-substantive change in Article 17, Rule 5(e)(2) by replacing the word "Institutional Broker" with "IBR".

Implementation

The Exchange anticipates the technology changes associated with the proposed change to Article 17, Rule 5 relating to QCT Cross Orders to be implemented in the first quarter of 2023. The Exchange will announce the implementation date of this proposal via a Brokerplex Release Note.

2. Statutory Basis

The proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act,14 in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5),15 in particular, because it is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in facilitating transactions in securities, to remove impediments to, and perfect the mechanism of, a free and open market and a national market system and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest.

The Exchange believes that the proposed change would promote just and equitable principles of trade and

 $^{^{5}\,\}mathrm{During}$ the transition to Pillar, the Exchange added the phrase "NYSE Chicago Marketplace, as applicable* in Article 17, Rule 5 as an alternative to the term "Matching System" then used in the Exchange's rules. See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 86709 (August 20, 2019), 84 FR 44654, 44663 (August 26, 2019) (SR-NYSECHX-2019-08) (Notice of Filing of Proposed Rule Change for Trading Rules To Support the Transition of Trading to the Pillar Trading Platform). "Matching System" is defined in Article 1, Rule 1(z) as one of the electronic or automated order routing, execution and reporting systems provided by the Exchange. As discussed below, the term became obsolete following the transition to Pillar and the Exchange now proposes to delete it from Article 17, Rule 5

⁶ Brokerplex does not accept the following orders specified in Rule 7.31: Inside Limit Orders, Auction-Only Orders, MPL Orders, Tracking Orders, ISOs, Primary Only Orders, Primary Until 9.45 Orders, Primary After 3:55 Orders, Directed Orders, Pegged Orders, Non-Display Remove Modifier, Proactive if Crossed Modifier, Self-Trade Prevention Modifier, and Minimum Trade Size Modifier. See Article 17, Rule 5(c)(1).

⁷ See Rule 7.31(g).

⁸ See Rule 7.37(f)(5).

⁹ See Article 17, Rule 5(b).

¹⁰ See Article 17, Rule 5(e)(1)(A).

¹¹ See Article 17, Rule 5(e)(1)(B).

¹² As noted, the QCT Cross Order is a type of Cross Order that is only available to IBRs. Cross Orders are two-sided orders with instructions to match the identified buy-side with the identified

sell-side at a specified price known as the "cross price." The Exchange will reject a QCT Cross Order if the cross price is not between the BBO, unless it meets Cross with Size requirements, in which case the cross price can be equal to the BB (BO). See Rule 7.31(g)(2). Other equities markets do not have a comparable QCT Cross Order type.

¹³ See note 5, supra.

^{14 15} U.S.C. 78f(b).

^{15 15} U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

protect investors and the public interest by requiring that QCT Cross Orders entered into Brokerplex be sent to the Exchange for execution in the first instance. Currently, IBRs can send QCT Cross Orders entered into the Exchangeprovided Brokerplex order management system either to the Exchange or to an away trading center. As proposed, QCT Cross Orders entered into Brokerplex could only be sent to the Exchange in the first instance for execution. If there is no opportunity to execute on the Exchange, such orders would then be sent to another trading center, at the direction of the IBR. By requiring QCT Cross Orders entered into Brokerplex to be sent to the Exchange first rather than allowing IBRs to execute such QCT Cross Orders in away venues as long as they do not trade through the Exchange BBO, 16 the Exchange believes that the proposal would enhance the likelihood of QCT Cross Orders executing on the Exchange, thereby enabling the Exchange to better compete with other trading centers for the execution of such orders when those orders are entered into Exchange systems.

As noted, although IBRs are not required to use Brokerplex to manage their orders, Brokerplex facilitates entry and execution of QCT Cross Orders by providing IBRs with a comprehensive recordkeeping solution for such orders, which contain both equities and options legs. 17 To the extent that IBRs utilize Brokerplex in order to facilitate their QCT Cross Order business, the Exchange believes that such orders should be required to be executed on the Exchange. The current functionality permits IBRs that utilize Brokerplex to immediately send those orders to away venues. The Exchange believes that if IBRs utilize Brokerplex to facilitate QCT Cross Orders, it would be fair and consistent with just and equitable principles of trade for those orders to be executed on the Exchange. As noted above, a number of order types enumerated in Rule 7.31 currently interact with the Exchange's order book first. Unlike those order types, which as noted are not eligible to be entered into Brokerplex, QCT Cross Orders entered into Brokerplex, do not automatically interact with the NYSE Chicago Marketplace. QCT Cross Orders, for the most part, are routed away for execution because they can trade through a protected quote, which is permissible as long as the order does not trade through the Exchange BBO. The Exchange therefore believes that it is just and equitable to require QCT Cross Orders

In addition, the Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act,¹⁸ in general, and with Section 6(b)(1) 19 in particular, in that it enables the Exchange to be so organized as to have the capacity to be able to carry out the purposes of the Exchange Act and to comply, and to enforce compliance by its exchange members and persons associated with its exchange members, with the provisions of the Exchange Act, the rules and regulations thereunder, and the rules of the Exchange. In particular, the Exchange believes that the proposed non-substantive conforming changes to delete the words "Matching System" throughout Article 17, Rule 5 and replacing the word "Institutional Broker" with "IBR" in Article 17, Rule 5(e)(2) would add clarity, consistency and transparency to the Exchange's rules. The Exchange believes that adding such clarity, consistency and transparency would also be consistent with the public interest and the protection of investors because investors will not be harmed and in fact would benefit from increased transparency, thereby reducing potential confusion.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The Exchange believes that by requiring QCT Cross Orders entered into Brokerplex to be sent to the Exchange before other trading centers, the proposed rule change would increase opportunities for these orders to be executed on the Exchange, thereby improving the Exchange's ability to compete with other trading centers for the execution of QCT Cross Orders.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

No written comments were solicited or received with respect to the proposed rule change.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

The Exchange has filed the proposed rule change pursuant to section 19(b)(3)(A)(iii) of the Act 20 and Rule 19b-4(f)(6) thereunder.21 Because the proposed rule change does not: (i) significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest; (ii) impose any significant burden on competition; and (iii) become operative prior to 30 days from the date on which it was filed, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate, if consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest, the proposed rule change has become effective pursuant to section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act and Rule 19b–4(f)(6)(iii) thereunder.

At any time within 60 days of the filing of such proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission shall institute proceedings under section 19(b)(2)(B) ²² of the Act to determine whether the proposed rule change should be approved or disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
- Send an email to *rule-comments@* sec.gov. Please include File Number SR–NYSECHX–2022–29 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

• Send paper comments in triplicate to: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–1090.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR–NYSECHX–2022–29. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use

entered into Brokerplex to be treated similarly to these other order types and sent to the Exchange for execution in the first instance.

¹⁸ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b).

^{19 15} U.S.C. 78f(b)(1).

²⁰ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A)(iii).

^{21 17} CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6).

^{22 15} U.S.C. 78s(b)(2)(B).

¹⁶ See Rule 7.37(f)(5). ¹⁷ See Article 17, Rule 5(b).

only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (http://www.sec.gov/ rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549 on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change. Persons submitting comments are cautioned that we do not redact or edit personal identifying information from comment submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR-NYSECHX-2022-29 and should be submitted on or before December 30, 2022.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority. 23

Sherry R. Haywood,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2022–26744 Filed 12–8–22; 8:45 am]

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[SEC File No. 270-057, OMB Control No. 3235-0057]

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request; Extension: Regulation 14C (Commission Rules 14c–1 through 14c–7 and Schedule 14C)

Upon Written Request Copies Available From: Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of FOIA Services, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–2736

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget this

request for extension of the previously approved collection of information discussed below.

Section 14(c) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act'') operates to require issuers that do not solicit proxies or consents from any or all of the holders of record of a class of securities registered under section 12 of the Exchange Act and in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed under section 14(a) in connection with a meeting of security holders (including action by consent) to distribute to any holders that were not solicited an information statement substantially equivalent to the information that would be required to be transmitted if a proxy or consent solicitation were made. Regulation 14C (Exchange Act Rules 14c-1 through 14c-7 and Schedule 14C) (17 CFR 240.14c-1 through 240.14c-7 and 240.14c–101) sets forth the requirements for the dissemination, content and filing of the information statement. We estimate that Schedule 14C takes approximately 129.1575 hours per response and will be filed by approximately 569 issuers annually. In addition, we estimate that 75% of the 129.1575 hours per response (96.8681 hours) is prepared by the issuer for an annual reporting burden of 55,118 hours $(96.8681 \text{ hours per response} \times 569)$ responses). An agency may conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number.

The public may view background documentation for this information collection at the following website: www.reginfo.gov. Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice by January 9, 2023 to (i) www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain and (ii) David Bottom, Director/Chief Information Officer, Securities and Exchange Commission, c/o John Pezzullo, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, or by sending an email to: PRA Mailbox@sec.gov.

Dated: December 5, 2022.

Sherry R. Haywood,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2022-26817 Filed 12-8-22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[SEC File No. 270–231, OMB Control No. 3235–0229]

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request; Extension: Form N-17D-1

Upon Written Request, Copies Available From: Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of FOIA Services, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–2736

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 350l-3520), the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget a request for extension of the previously approved collection of information discussed below.

Section 17(d) (15 U.S.C. 80a-17(d)) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 ("Act") authorizes the Commission to adopt rules that protect funds and their security holders from overreaching by affiliated persons when the fund and the affiliated person participate in any joint enterprise or other joint arrangement or profit-sharing plan. Rule 17d–1 under the Act (17 CFR 270.17d-1) prohibits funds and their affiliated persons from participating in a joint enterprise, unless an application regarding the transaction has been filed with and approved by the Commission. Subparagraph (d)(3) of the rule provides an exemption from this requirement for any loan or credit advance to, or acquisition of securities or other property of, a small business concern, or any agreement to do any of these transactions ("investments") made by a small business investment company ("SBIC") and a bank that is an affiliated person of (1) the SBIC or (2) an affiliated person of the SBIC ("affiliated bank"). The exemption requires the Commission to prescribe reports about the investments, and the Commission has designated Form N-17D-1 ("form") as the form for reports required by rule 17d-1(d)(3).1

SBICs and their affiliated banks use form N–17D–1 to report any contemporaneous investments in a small business concern. The form provides shareholders and persons seeking to make an informed decision about investing in an SBIC an opportunity to learn about transactions of the SBIC that have the potential for self-dealing and other forms of overreaching by affiliated persons at the expense of shareholders.

²³ 17 CFR 200.30–3(a)(12).

¹ See 17 CFR 270.17d–2.