States as aforementioned is in the national interest. I have ordered that Public Notice of these determinations be published in the **Federal Register**. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Elliot Chiu, Attorney-Adviser, Office of the Legal Adviser, U.S. Department of State (telephone: 202–632–6471; email: section2459@state.gov). The mailing address is U.S. Department of State, L/PD, 2200 C Street NW (SA–5), Suite 5H03, Washington, DC 20522–0505.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The foregoing determinations were made pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Act of October 19, 1965 (79 Stat.

pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Act of October 19, 1965 (79 Stat. 985; 22 U.S.C. 2459), E.O. 12047 of March 27, 1978, the Foreign Affairs Reform and Restructuring Act of 1998 (112 Stat. 2681, et seq.; 22 U.S.C. 6501 note, et seq.), Delegation of Authority No. 234 of October 1, 1999, Delegation of Authority No. 236–3 of August 28, 2000, and Delegation of Authority No. 523 of December 22, 2021.

Stacy E. White,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Professional and Cultural Exchanges, Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs, Department of State.

[FR Doc. 2022–28300 Filed 12–28–22; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4710–05–P**

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice 11943]

Secretary of State's Determinations Under The International Religious Freedom Act of 1998 and Frank R. Wolf International Religious Freedom Act of 2016

Pursuant to Section 408(a) of the International Religious Freedom Act of 1998 (Pub. L. 105-292), as amended (the Act), notice is hereby given that, on November 30, 2022, the Secretary of State, under authority delegated by the President, has designated each of the following as a "country of particular concern" (CPC) under section 402(b) of the Act, for having engaged in or tolerated particularly severe violations of religious freedom: Burma, China, Cuba, Eritrea, Iran, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Nicaragua, Pakistan, Russia, Saudi Arabia, Tajikistan, and Turkmenistan. The Secretary simultaneously designated the following as satisfying the requirement to take Presidential Action for these CPCs:

For Burma, the existing ongoing restrictions referenced in 22 CFR 126.1, pursuant to section 402(c)(5) of the Act;

For China, the existing ongoing restriction on exports to China of crime control or detection instruments or equipment, under the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (Pub. L. 101– 246), pursuant to section 402(c)(5) of the Act;

For Cuba, the existing ongoing restrictions referenced in 31 CFR 515.201 and the Cuban Liberty and Democratic Solidarity (LIBERTAD) Act of 1996 (Helms-Burton Act), pursuant to section 402(c)(5) of the Act;

For the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the existing ongoing restrictions to which the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is subject, pursuant to sections 402 and 409 of the Trade Act of 1974 (the Jackson-Vanik Amendment), and pursuant to section 402(c)(5) of the Act;

For Eritrea, the existing ongoing restrictions referenced in 22 CFR 126.1, pursuant to section 402(c)(5) of the Act;

For Iran, the existing ongoing travel restrictions in section 221(c) of the Iran Threat Reduction and Syria Human Rights Act of 2012 (TRA) for individuals identified under section 221(a)(1)(C) of the TRA in connection with the commission of serious human rights abuses, pursuant to section 402(c)(5) of the Act;

For Nicaragua, the existing ongoing restrictions referenced in section 5 of the Nicaragua Investment Conditionality Act of 2018 (the NICA Act)

For Pakistan, a waiver as required in the "important national interest of the United States," pursuant to section 407 of the Act;

For Russia, the existing ongoing sanctions issued for individuals identified pursuant to section 404(a)(2) of the Russia and Moldova Jackson-Vanik Repeal and Sergei Magnitsky Rule of Law Accountability Act of 2012 and section 11 of the Support for the Sovereignty, Integrity, Democracy, and Economic Stability of Ukraine Act of 2014, as amended by Section 228 of the Countering America's Adversaries Through Sanctions Act, pursuant to section 402(c)(5) of the Act;

For Saudi Arabia, a waiver as required in the "important national interest of the United States," pursuant to section 407 of the Act;

For Tajikistan, a waiver as required in the "important national interest of the United States," pursuant to section 407 of the Act; and

For Turkmenistan, a waiver as required in the "important national interest of the United States," pursuant to section 407 of the Act.

In addition, the Secretary of State has designated the following countries as "special watch list" countries for engaging in or tolerating severe violations of religious freedom: Algeria, the Central African Republic, Comoros, and Vietnam.

Pursuant to Section 408(a) of the International Religious Freedom Act of 1998 (Pub. L. 105–292), notice is hereby given that, on November 30, 2022, the Secretary of State, under authority delegated by the President, has designated each of the following as an "entity of particular concern" under section 301 of the Frank R. Wolf International Religious Freedom Act of 2016 (Pub. L. 114–281), for having engaged in particularly severe violations

of religious freedom: Al-Shabaab, Boko Haram, Hayat Tahrir al-Sham, the Houthis, ISIS-Sahel (formerly known as ISIS in the Greater Sahara), ISIS-West Africa, Jamaat Nasr al-Islam wal Muslimin, the Taliban, and Wagner Group based on its actions in the Central African Republic.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Carter Allen, Office of International Religious Freedom, U.S. Department of State, (Phone: (202) 718–1792 or Email: *AllenCG@state.gov*).

Carson Relitz Rocker,

 $Acting \ Director, Of fice \ of \ International \\ Religious \ Freedom, Department \ of \ State.$

[FR Doc. 2022–28311 Filed 12–28–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4710-18-P

SURFACE TRANSPORTATION BOARD

[Docket No. FD 36377 (Sub-No. 6)]

BNSF Railway Company—Trackage Rights Exemption—Union Pacific Railroad Company

BNSF Railway Company (BNSF), a Class I rail carrier, has filed a verified notice of exemption under 49 CFR 1180.2(d)(7) for its acquisition of restricted, local, trackage rights over two rail lines owned by Union Pacific Railroad Company (UP) between: (1) UP milepost 93.2 at Stockton, Cal., on UP's Oakland Subdivision, and UP milepost 219.4 at Elsey, Cal., on UP's Canyon Subdivision, a distance of 126.2 miles; and (2) UP milepost 219.4 at Elsey and UP milepost 280.7 at Keddie, Cal., on UP's Canyon Subdivision, a distance of 61.3 miles (collectively, the Lines).

Pursuant to a written temporary trackage rights agreement, UP has agreed to grant restricted trackage rights to BNSF over the Lines. The purpose of this transaction is to permit BNSF to move empty and loaded ballast trains to and from the ballast pit at Elsey, which is adjacent to the Lines. The agreement provides that the trackage rights are temporary and scheduled to expire on December 31, 2023.1

The transaction may be consummated on or after January 12, 2023, the

¹BNSF states that, because the trackage rights are for local rather than overhead traffic, it has not filed under the Board's class exemption for temporary overhead trackage rights under 49 CFR 1180.2(d)(8). Instead, BNSF has filed under the trackage rights class exemption at § 1180.2(d)(7). BNSF concurrently filed a petition for partial revocation of this exemption, in Docket No. FD 36377 (Sub—No. 7), to permit these proposed trackage rights to expire at midnight on December 31, 2023, as provided in the agreement. The petition for partial revocation will be addressed in a subsequent decision

effective date of the exemption (30 days after the verified notice was filed).

As a condition to this exemption, any employees affected by the acquisition of the trackage rights will be protected by the conditions imposed in Norfolk & Western Railway—Trackage Rights—Burlington Northern, Inc., 354 I.C.C. 605 (1978), as modified in Mendocino Coast Railway—Lease & Operate—California Western Railroad, 360 I.C.C. 653 (1980).

If the verified notice contains false or misleading information, the exemption is void ab initio. Petitions to revoke the exemption under 49 U.S.C. 10502(d) may be filed at any time. The filing of a petition to revoke will not automatically stay the effectiveness of the exemption. Petitions for stay must be filed no later than January 5, 2023 (at least seven days before the exemption becomes effective).

All pleadings, referring to Docket No. FD 36377 (Sub-No. 6), must be filed with the Surface Transportation Board either via e-filing on the Board's website or in writing addressed to 395 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20423-0001. In addition, a copy of each pleading must be served on BNSF's representative, Peter W. Denton, Steptoe & Johnson LLP, 1330 Connecticut Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20036.

According to BNSF, this action is categorically excluded from environmental review under 49 CFR 1105.6(c)(3) and from historic preservation reporting requirements under 49 CFR 1105.8(b)(3).

Board decisions and notices are available at www.stb.gov.

Decided: December 19, 2022.

By the Board, Mai T. Dinh, Director, Office of Proceedings.

Jeffrey Herzig,

Clearance Clerk.

[FR Doc. 2022-28165 Filed 12-28-22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4915-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

[Docket #FAA-2022-1797]

FY 2022 Competitive Funding Opportunity: Airport Improvement Program Supplemental Discretionary Grants

AGENCY: Federal Aviation

Administration (FAA), Department of

Transportation.

ACTION: Notice of funding opportunity.

SUMMARY: The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) announces the opportunity to apply for approximately

\$268,728,965 in fiscal year (FY) 2022 competitive supplemental discretionary grants. The purpose of the supplemental discretionary grant program is to make grants to eligible airports for airport construction projects, associated airport capital planning, noise planning and noise mitigation projects, and energy and environmental sustainability projects. FAA will implement the FY 2022 supplemental discretionary grant program consistent with Airport Improvement Program (AIP) sponsor and project eligibility and will consider project applications that align with the priorities, limitations, and requirements described in this notice.

DATES: Airport sponsors that wish to be considered for FY 2022 supplemental discretionary funding should submit an application that meets the requirements of this Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) as soon as possible, but no later than 5 p.m. eastern time on Tuesday, January 31, 2023. Submit applications to the specified FAA Supplemental 2022 NOFO mailbox per instructions in section D below. Additional project information may be required after the original application submission date. FAA may contact the grant applicant for any additional information required for an initial project evaluation based on the application submission.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David F Cushing Manager Airports

David F. Cushing, Manager, Airports Financial Assistance Division, APP–500, at (202) 267–8827.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. Program Description

This competitive supplemental discretionary grant program falls under the project grant authority for the Airport Improvement Program (AIP) in 49 United States Code (U.S.C.) 47104. Per 2 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part 200—Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the AIP Federal Assistance Listings Number is 20.106, with the objective of assisting eligible airports in the development and improvement of a nationwide system that adequately meets the needs of civil aeronautics.

Public Law 117–103, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022, authorizes the Secretary of Transportation to issue grants for projects as authorized by subchapter 1 of chapter 471 and subchapter 1 of chapter 475 of title 49, U.S.C., in a total amount of supplemental funding of \$554,180,000, to remain available through September 30, 2024. Of this total made available, and as stipulated in Public Law 117–103 and the accompanying Joint Explanatory

Statement (JES), Congress sets aside up to \$2,770,900 (0.5 percent) for administrative expenses and up to \$3,500,000 to reimburse losses related to Temporary Flight Restrictions. After these initial set-asides, \$547,909,100 remains available for discretionary grants.

Of the total made available, \$279,180,135 is available for the purposes, and in amounts, specified for Community Project Funding/ Congressionally Directed Spending as stipulated in Public Law 117–103 and the JES. This Congressionally Directed Spending identified specific projects at specific airports and thus is not part of this NOFO.

As such, per the provisions of Public Law 117–103 and the JES discussed above, funds remaining after those setasides shall be available to the Secretary of Transportation to distribute as discretionary grants to airports, as authorized by subchapter 1 of chapter 471 and subchapter 1 of chapter 475 of title 49, U.S.C. Accordingly, at least \$268,728,965 is available under this NOFO.

Notably, the JES directs FAA to adhere to 49 U.S.C. 47115(j)(3)(B), requiring FAA to make available not less than 50 percent of the funds for grants at nonhub, small hub, reliever, and nonprimary airports. Furthermore, the JES directs the FAA to prioritize the remaining 50 percent of funds for grants at medium hub and large hub airports. This 50 percent applies to the amount of Supplemental Funding available for grants of \$547,909,100, including Community Project Funding/ Congressionally Directed Spending, which is not the subject of this NOFO. This results in no less than approximately \$20,000,000 available for supplemental discretionary grants to nonhub, small hub, reliever, and nonprimary airports. FAA intends to award no more than \$70,000,000 to comply with the JES.

At least \$25,000,000 will be made available for the Voluntary Airport Low Emissions Program (VALE) and the Zero-Emission Vehicle and Infrastructure Program (ZEV), pursuant to the JES. The JES also directs FAA to ensure that funds are made available to reduce the impact of noise on local communities, including funding grants for noise planning and noise mitigation.

Eligible project categories are described in detail in the section C. Eligibility, sub-section 3. Project Eligibility.

Consistent with statutory criteria and E.O. 14008, "Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad" (86 FR 7619), FAA seeks to fund projects that align