

Components 1 and 2. Components 1 and 2 will contain different topics in each round of the survey. NCHS will submit a 30-day **Federal Register** Notice with information on the contents of each round of data collection.

In the first round of RSS, contributed content is included on knowledge, attitudes, and beliefs regarding Long COVID; mammograms and notifications about breast density; medical procedures on fallopian tubes and ovaries; concerns about genetic testing; knowledge about the relationship between alcohol use and cancer; sunscreen use and beliefs about sunscreen; use of chemical hair straighteners, relaxers, or pressing products; use of air cleaners or purifiers in the home; intimate partner violence; and new questions about race and ethnicity to assist in the development of recommendations on how to improve the quality and usefulness of OMB Statistical Policy Directive No. 15.

NCHS will calibrate data from the RSS to other surveys. Questions used for calibration in the first round of RSS will include marital status and employment, social and work limitations, use of the internet in general and for medical reasons, telephone use, civic

engagement, and language used at home and in other settings. All these questions have been on the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) in prior years allowing calibration to these data.

Finally, several questions that were previously on NHIS will be used for benchmarking. Panelists in the RSS will be asked if they have been told they have chronic conditions including hypertension, high cholesterol, coronary heart disease, asthma, diabetes, and Long COVID. Questions about self-reported health; pregnancy status; height and weight, difficulty paying medical bills; access to and use of medical, dental, eye care and physical therapy; preventive care; mental health; and cigarette use will be used to benchmark the RSS to NCHS surveys.

The RSS is designed to have four rounds of data collection each year with data being collected by two contractors with probability panels. A cross-sectional nationally representative sample will be drawn from the online probability panel maintained by each of the contractors. As part of the base (minimum sample size), each round of data collection will collect 2,000 responses per quarter. The RSS can be expanded by increasing the number of

completed responses per round or the number of rounds per year as needed up to a maximum of 28,000 responses per year per contractor or 56,000 total responses per year. Additionally, each data collection may include up to 2,000 additional responses per quarter (8,000 for the year) to improve representativeness. This increases the maximum burden by up to 16,000 responses per year. The RSS may also target individual surveys to collect data only from specific subgroups within existing survey panels and may supplement data collection for such groups with additional respondents from other probability or nonprobability samples. An additional 12,000 responses per year may be used for these developmental activities. Survey questions being asked of the panelists will be cognitively tested. This cognitive testing will help survey users interpret the findings by understanding how respondents answer each question.

CDC requests OMB approval for an estimated 28,079 burden hours annually over the course of the three-year approval period. There are no costs to respondents other than their time.

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondents	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)
Adults 18+	Base Surveys	16,000	1	20/60
Adults 18+	Potential Sample Expansion	40,000	1	20/60
Adults 18+	Additional Surveys to Increase Representativeness	16,000	1	20/60
Adults 18+	Developmental: Additional Surveys for Specific Subgroups ..	12,000	1	20/60
Adults 18+	Cognitive interviews	80	1	1

Jeffrey M. Zirger,

Lead, Information Collection Review Office, Office of Public Health Ethics and Regulations, Office of Science, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60Day-23-0841; Docket No. CDC-2023-0038]

Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice with comment period.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), as part of its continuing effort to reduce public burden and maximize the utility of Government information, invites the general public and other Federal

agencies the opportunity to comment on a continuing information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This notice invites comment on a proposed information collection project titled “Management Information System for Comprehensive Cancer Control Programs”. The CDC will use annual key informant interviews and biennial NCCCP survey to monitor program outcomes and report progress to CDC yearly.

DATES: CDC must receive written comments on or before July 18, 2023.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by Docket No. CDC-2023-0038 by either of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.
- *Mail:* Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600

Clifton Road NE, MS H21–8, Atlanta, Georgia 30329.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket Number. CDC will post, without change, all relevant comments to www.regulations.gov.

Please note: Submit all comments through the Federal eRulemaking portal (www.regulations.gov) or by U.S. mail to the address listed above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, contact Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS H21–8, Atlanta, Georgia 30329; Telephone: 404–639–7570; Email: omb@cdc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520), Federal agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. In addition, the PRA also requires Federal agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information, including each new proposed collection, each proposed extension of existing collection of information, and each reinstatement of previously approved information collection before submitting the collection to the OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, we are publishing this notice of a proposed data collection as described below.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments that will help:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected;

4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses; and

5. Assess information collection costs.

Proposed Project

Management Information System for Comprehensive Cancer Control Programs (OMB Control No. 0920–0841, Exp. 7/31/2023)—Revision—National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (NCCDPHP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

Background and Brief Description

CDC requests a Revision of the National Comprehensive Cancer Control Program’s (NCCCP) Management Information System for Comprehensive Cancer Control Programs (OMB Control No. 0920–0841, Exp. 7/31/2023) to continue electronic data collection of information about the NCCCP, funded by the Comprehensive Cancer Control Branch of the CDC.

The Comprehensive Cancer Control Branch manages the NCCCP, which provides funding to 66 State health departments and the District of Columbia, US Territories and Freely Associated States, Federally Recognized American Indian Tribes, Tribal Organizations, Alaska Native Organizations, and Urban Indian Organizations; or their Bona Fide

Agents, to design, implement, and evaluate comprehensive cancer control plans to reduce the burden of cancer locally. Support for these programs is a cornerstone of CDC efforts to reduce the burden of cancer throughout the nation. Awards to individual applicants are made for a five-year program period. Continuation awards for subsequent budget periods are made on the basis of satisfactory progress in achieving both national and program-specific goals and objectives, as well as the availability of funds.

In 2022, 66 recipients were selected for funding for DP22–2202 (“Cancer Prevention and Control Programs for State, Territorial, and Tribal Organizations”) to implement a program to support cancer coalition efforts that leverage resources to plan and implement evidence-based strategies to promote the primary prevention of cancer; support cancer early detection efforts; address the needs of cancer survivors; and promote health equity.

Consistent with programmatic changes, the proposed data collection plan for DP22–2202 has been redesigned to increase efficiency by updating existing and adding new data collection instruments. This revised data collection will allow CDC to continue providing routine feedback to recipients based on their data submissions, tailor technical assistance as needed, support program planning, and assess program outcomes. In this Revision request, CDC seeks OMB approval to use an interview and web-based survey to collect, store, retrieve, share, and report accurate and timely information to monitor and evaluate recipient performance.

OMB approval is requested for three years. The total estimated annualized burden hours requested are 401 hours. Participation is voluntary and there are no costs to respondents other than their time.

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondents	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)	Total burden (in hours)
Program Director for State-, Tribal-, or Territorial-based Cancer Prevention and Control Program.	NCCCP Survey	132	2	45/60	198
Program Director for State-, Tribal-, or Territorial-based Cancer Prevention and Control Program.	NCCCP Annual Key Informant Interview.	54	5	90/120	203
Total	401

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Disease Control and Prevention.*

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60Day-23-23EZ; Docket No. CDC-2023-0037]

Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice with comment period.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), as part of its continuing effort to reduce public burden and maximize the utility of Government information, invites the general public and other Federal agencies the opportunity to comment on a proposed information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This notice invites comment on a proposed information collection project titled Workplans for Regional Centers to Enhance Public Health Preparedness and Response. This data collection is designed to support regional centers' creation of a five-year workplan which addresses focus areas that would benefit from use of new or enhanced evidence-based strategies (EBSI), existing and needed approaches to meet regional emergency preparedness and EBSI needs, proposed measures to ensure strategies and interventions are effectively implemented, and regional sustainability of evidence-based practice beyond the five-year workplan.

DATES: CDC must receive written comments on or before July 18, 2023.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by Docket No. CDC-2023-0037 by either of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.
- *Mail:* Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS H21-8, Atlanta, Georgia 30329.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket Number. CDC will post, without

change, all relevant comments to www.regulations.gov. Please note: Submit all comments through the Federal eRulemaking portal (www.regulations.gov) or by U.S. mail to the address listed above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, contact Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS H21-8, Atlanta, Georgia 30329; Telephone: 404-639-7570; Email: omb@cdc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501-3520), Federal agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. In addition, the PRA also requires Federal agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information, including each new proposed collection, each proposed extension of existing collection of information, and each reinstatement of previously approved information collection before submitting the collection to the OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, we are publishing this notice of a proposed data collection as described below.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments that will help:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
 2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
 3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected;
 4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses; and
 5. Assess information collection costs.
- Proposed Project

Workplans for Regional Centers to Enhance Public Health Preparedness and Response—New—Office of Readiness and Response (ORR), Centers

for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

Since 2001, CDC has supported the development, implementation, evaluation, translation and dissemination of research findings, strategies, and interventions to improve public health preparedness and response systems, infrastructures, processes, and practices. This includes the long-standing PHEP cooperative agreement, CDC's Public Health Crisis Response Funding, and support for applied research and evaluation, metrics, measures, tools, and training development.

In 2021, with contract support, CDC's Office of Applied Research (OAR) initiated 12 scoping reviews, six landscape analyses, and one systematic review to conduct deeper dives into topics such as trust in public health preparedness and response, emergency communications strategies with people with limited English proficiency, public health emergency preparedness and response (PHEPR) practice in rural and tribal communities, and use of health equity coordinators in incident management. The results of these reviews show great breadth in the PHEPR field as it relates to knowledge available to support current practice and highlights the need to expand knowledge to address specific gaps. These needs and gaps may differ across geographical regions and within those regions at the state or local level. To address needs to increase the uptake of evidence-based interventions, in December 2022, through Section 2231 of the Federal appropriations for fiscal year 2023, CDC was directed to support not fewer than 10 Centers for PHEPR that are equally distributed among the geographical regions of the U.S. (referred to as the "network of centers").

The goal of this project is to conduct a needs assessment to enhance the PHEPR capabilities in the 10 designated Health and Human Services (HHS) regions by creating an optimal five-year workplan to implement evidence-based strategies or interventions (EBSI) in this space. The five-year workplan will address: (1) focus areas that would benefit from use of new or enhanced evidence-based strategies or interventions (EBSI) or interventions, particularly to increase health equity; (2) existing and needed approaches as well as STLT health departments' capacity and capability to meet regional emergency preparedness and EBSI needs; (3) prioritized strategies and interventions to implement (and develop, if needed) EBSIs over the next