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§145.9 of the Commission's regulations.<sup>1</sup>

The Commission reserves the right, but shall have no obligation, to review, pre-screen, filter, redact, refuse or remove any or all of your submission from https://comments.cftc.gov that it may deem to be inappropriate for publication, such as obscene language. All submissions that have been redacted or removed that contain comments on the merits of the rulemaking will be retained in the public comment file and will be considered as required under the Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws, and may be accessible under FOIA.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

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# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

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#### I. Background

#### A. Regulatory History: The Part 37 Rules

The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (Dodd-Frank Act) amended the Commodity Exchange Act (CEA or Act) by adding section 5h, which establishes registration requirements and core principles for SEFs.<sup>2</sup> The Commission implemented CEA section 5h by adopting part 37 of its regulations, which, among other things, sets forth operational requirements for SEFs and establishes various requirements for the trading of swaps on SEFs.<sup>3</sup> As part of the implementing SEF regulations, the Commission adopted § 37.6(b), which requires a SEF to provide each counterparty to a swap transaction that is entered into on or pursuant to the rules of the SEF-whether cleared or uncleared—with a written record of all of the terms of the transaction, which shall legally supersede any previous agreement and serve as a confirmation of the transaction.<sup>4</sup> Pursuant to § 37.6(b), the confirmation of all terms of the transaction must take place at the same time as execution, subject to a limited exception for certain information related to accounts included in bunched orders.<sup>5</sup>

In November 2018, the Commission issued a comprehensive proposal to amend the SEF regulatory framework.<sup>6</sup> In the 2018 SEF Proposal, the Commission proposed to amend § 37.6(b) to establish separate swap transaction documentation requirements for cleared and uncleared swaps.<sup>7</sup> For uncleared swap transactions, the Commission proposed to amend § 37.6(b) to require a SEF to provide the counterparties to the transaction with a "trade evidence record" that would memorialize the terms of the transaction agreed upon between the counterparties on the SEF.8 Under the 2018 SEF Proposal, a "trade evidence record" was defined as a legally binding written documentation (electronic or otherwise)

4 17 CFR 37.6(b).

<sup>5</sup> 17 CFR 37.6(b). Specific customer identifiers for accounts included in bunched orders involving swaps need not be included in confirmations provided by a SEF if the applicable requirements of 17 CFR 1.35(b)(5) are met.

<sup>6</sup> Swap Execution Facilities and Trade Execution Requirement, 83 FR 61946 (Nov. 30, 2018) (2018 SEF Proposal). 7 Id.

that memorializes the terms of a swap transaction agreed upon by the counterparties and legally supersedes any conflicting term in any previous agreement (electronic or otherwise) that relates to the swap transaction between the counterparties.<sup>9</sup> In 2021, the Commission withdrew the unadopted portions of the 2018 SEF Proposal,<sup>10</sup> including the proposed amendments to § 37.6, from further consideration.<sup>11</sup>

Pursuant to section 731 of the Dodd-Frank Act, which added section 4s(i) to the CEA,12 the Commission has adopted regulations to prescribe documentation standards for swap dealers (SDs) and major swap participants (MSPs) related to the timely and accurate confirmation, processing, netting, documentation, and valuation of swaps. The Commission adopted § 23.501 to specifically address swap confirmation requirements for SDs and MSPs, including for those swaps executed on a SEF or designated contract market (DCM).<sup>13</sup> Among other things, § 23.501 provides that any swap transaction executed on a SEF or DCM shall be deemed to satisfy the swap confirmation requirements set forth in § 23.501, provided that the rules of the SEF or DCM establish that confirmation of all terms of the transaction shall take place at the same time as execution.<sup>14</sup>

#### B. Summary of Proposed Changes to §37.6

During the implementation of part 37, SEFs informed the Commission that the confirmation requirement for uncleared swaps under § 37.6(b) is operationally and technologically difficult and

<sup>11</sup> See Swap Execution Facilities and Trade Execution Requirement, 86 FR 9304 (Feb. 12, 2021). The Commission notes that because the 2018 SEF Proposal was withdrawn, comments on the proposed amendments to § 37.6(b) that were included in the 2018 SEF Proposal will not be part of the administrative record with respect to the current proposal to amend § 37.6(b). Further, the Commission notes that while certain proposals and rationales contained herein are similar, or in some cases identical, to proposals or rationales set forth in the 2018 SEF Proposal, the Commission believes that, overall, the context in which the current discrete proposal to amend § 37.6(b) is being adopted is very different from the comprehensive foundational shift in the regulatory framework for SEFs that was proposed in 2018. As such commenters should submit comments relevant to this current proposal to amend § 37.6(b); commenters who wish to reference prior comment letters, including comment letters on the 2018 SEF Proposal, should reference those prior comment letters as specifically as possible.

13 17 CFR 23.501(a)(4)(i).

III. Effective Date and Transition Period IV. Related Matters

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 17 CFR 145.9. The Commission's regulations referred to in this release are found at 17 CFR Chapter I (2022), available on the Commission's website at https://www.cftc.gov/LawRegulation/ CommodityExchangeAct/index.htm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>7 U.S.C. 7b-3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Core Principles and Other Requirements for Swap Execution Facilities, 78 FR 33476 (June 4, 2013) (SEF Core Principles Final Rule). The SEF Core Principles Final Rule also articulates, where appropriate, guidance and acceptable practices for complying with the SEF core principles set forth in CEA section 5h.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Id. at 62096.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Id. at 61973; 62067.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The following final rulemakings of the Commission adopted certain portions of the 2018 SEF Proposal: (i) Exemptions From Swap Trade Execution Requirement, 86 FR 8993 (Feb. 11, 2021); and (ii) Swap Execution Facilities, 86 FR 9224 (Feb. 11. 2021).

<sup>12 7</sup> U.S.C. 6s(i).

<sup>14</sup> Id.

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impractical to implement. As discussed more fully below, Commission staff from the Division of Market Oversight (DMO) acknowledged these technological and operational challenges and provided no-action positions for SEFs with respect to certain provisions of the Commission's regulations related to uncleared swap confirmations.<sup>15</sup> In particular, DMO most recently issued CFTC No-Action Letter No. 17-17 (NAL No. 17-17), which provides a no-action position with respect to the obligation to obtain copies of underlying, previously negotiated agreements between the counterparties, as discussed in greater detail below, for a SEF that seeks for uncleared swaps to satisfy the confirmation requirement in § 37.6(b) by incorporating by reference terms of such underlying agreements.<sup>16</sup>

The Commission proposes to amend § 37.6(b) to codify this no-action position, which would enable SEFs to incorporate such terms by reference in an uncleared swap confirmation without being required to obtain the underlying, previously negotiated agreements. Further, the Commission proposes to amend § 37.6(b), which currently requires confirmation of all terms of a swap transaction to take place at the same time as execution, to require such confirmation to take place "as soon as technologically practicable" after the execution of the swap transaction on the SEF for both cleared and uncleared swap transactions. The Commission also proposes to amend § 37.6(b) to make clear that the SEF-provided confirmation under § 37.6(b) shall legally supersede any conflicting terms

<sup>16</sup> See NAL No. 17–17.

in a previous agreement, rather than the entire agreement. In addition, the Commission proposes to make conforming amendments to § 23.501(a)(4)(i) to correspond with the proposed amendments to § 37.6(b).

Finally, the Commission proposes to make certain non-substantive amendments to §§ 37.6(a)–(b) to enhance clarity.

# C. Consultation With Other U.S. Financial Regulators

In developing these rules, the Commission has consulted with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), pursuant to section 712(a)(1) of the Dodd-Frank Act.<sup>17</sup>

# **II. Proposed Regulations**

A. §37.6—Enforceability

1. Proposed § 37.6(b)(1)—Uncleared Swap Confirmations: Incorporation by Reference of Underlying Previously Negotiated Agreements

Commission Regulation 37.6(b) requires a SEF to provide each counterparty to a swap transaction that is entered into on or pursuant to the rules of the SEF, whether cleared or uncleared, with a "confirmation"-a written record that contains all of the terms of the transaction-at the time of execution.<sup>18</sup> The terms of a swap transaction include economic terms that are specific to the transaction, *e.g.*, swap product, price, and notional amount, and can also include non-specific "relationship terms" that generally govern all transactions between two counterparties—including, for example, relationship-level default, margin, or governing law provisions.

For uncleared swap transactions,<sup>19</sup> the Commission is aware that many

<sup>18</sup> 17 CFR 37.6(b). *See also* 17 CFR 23.500(c) (providing a similar definition of ''confirmation'' that is applicable to SDs and MSPs).

<sup>19</sup> The Commission notes that swap trading relationship documentation is not required for swaps cleared by a derivatives clearing organization. *See* 17 CFR 23.504(a)(1). relationship terms that may govern certain aspects of the transaction are often negotiated and agreed upon in written documentation between the counterparties prior to execution.<sup>20</sup> The Commission previously stated that, for purposes of satisfying the requirements of § 37.6(b), a SEF's confirmation terms for uncleared swap transactions may incorporate by reference relevant terms set forth in such underlying agreements, as long as those agreements have been submitted to the SEF prior to execution.<sup>21</sup> As applied, § 37.6(b) requires that the SEF incorporate this documentation by reference into the issued confirmation, which is intended in part to provide SEF participants with legal certainty with respect to the terms of uncleared swap transactions.<sup>22</sup>

The requirement that the underlying agreements be submitted to the SEF prior to execution has, however, created impractical burdens for SEFs. Based upon feedback from SEFs, the Commission understands that SEFs have encountered many issues in trying to comply with the requirement, including high financial, administrative, and logistical burdens in order to collect and maintain bilateral transaction agreements from many individual counterparties. SEFs have stated that they are unable to develop a costeffective method to request, accept, and maintain a library of every relevant previous agreement between

<sup>21</sup>SEF Core Principles Final Rule at 33491 n.195. While the Commission's statement specifically referenced the incorporation by reference of previously negotiated terms from "a freestanding master agreement," the Commission recognizes that other previously negotiated freestanding agreements similarly may contain terms that are relevant to an uncleared swap confirmation.

<sup>22</sup> To ensure that the SEF confirmation provides legal certainty, the Commission has stated that counterparties choosing to execute a swap transaction on or pursuant to the rules of a SEF must have all terms, including possible long-term credit support arrangements, agreed to no later than execution, such that the SEF can provide a written confirmation inclusive of those terms. SEF Core Principles Final Rule at 33491.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup>NAL No. 17–17, Re: Extension of No-Action Relief for Swap Execution Facility Confirmation and Recordkeeping Requirements under Commodity Futures Trading Commission Regulations 37.6(b), 37.1000, 37.1001, 45.2, and 45.3(a) (Mar. 24, 2017). NAL No. 17-17 extended the no-action position previously provided by Commission staff. See CFTC Letter No. 16-25, Re: Extension of No-Action Relief for Swap Execution Facility Confirmation and Recordkeeping Requirements under Commodity Futures Trading Commission Regulations 37.6(b), 37.1000, 37.1001, 45.2, and 45.3(a) (Mar. 14, 2016) (NAL No. 16-25); CFTC Letter 15-25, Re: Extension of No-Action Relief for SEF Confirmation and Recordkeeping Requirements under Commission Regulations 37.6(b), 37.1000, 37.1001, and 45.2, and Additional Relief for Confirmation Data Reporting Requirements under Commission Regulation 45.3(a) (Apr. 22, 2015) (NAL No. 15–25); and CFTC Letter No. 14–108, Staff No-Action Position Regarding SEF Confirmations and Recordkeeping Requirements under Certain Provisions Included in Regulations 37.6(b) and 45.2 (Aug. 18, 2014) (NAL No. 14-108). See also CFTC Letter No. 13-58, Time-Limited No-Action Relief to Temporarily Registered Swap Execution Facilities from Commission Regulation 37.6(b) for Non-Cleared Swaps in All Asset Classes (Sept. 30, 2013) (NAL No. 13-58).

<sup>17</sup> Dodd-Frank Act, Public Law 111–203, tit. VII, §712(a)(1), 124 Stat. 1376 (2010). On May 11, 2022, the SEC adopted proposed rules for security-based swap execution facilities (SB SEFs). See Rules Relating to Security-Based Swap Execution and Registration and Regulation of Security-Based Swap Execution Facilities, 87 FR 28872 (May 11, 2022) (SEC SB SEF Proposal). As part of the SEC SB SEF Proposal, the SEC proposed SEC rule 242.812 (SEC Proposed Rule 812), which was modelled after existing § 37.6 with some modifications. In particular, SEC Proposed Rule 812 would require an SB SEF to as soon as technologically practicable after the time of execution of a transaction entered into on or pursuant to the rules of the facility, provide a written record to each counterparty of all of the terms of the transaction that were agreed to on the facility, which shall legally supersede any previous agreement regarding such terms. Id. at 28893. To date, the SEC has not adopted the SEC SB SEF Proposal or SEC Proposed Rule 812.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> SEF Core Principles Final Rule at 33491 n.195. See Confirmation, Portfolio Reconciliation, Portfolio Compression, and Swap Trading Relationship Documentation Requirements for Swap Dealers and Major Swap Participants, 77 FR 55904, 55906 (Sept. 11, 2012) (noting that swap counterparties have typically relied on the use of industry-standard legal documentation to document their swap trading relationships. This documentation, such as the ISDA Master Agreement and related Schedule and Credit Support Annex (ISDA Agreements), as well as related documentation specific to particular asset classes, offers a framework for documenting uncleared swap transactions between counterparties.); see also 17 CFR 23.504(b) (noting that for uncleared swap transactions, § 23.504(b) requires written swap trading relationship documentation that includes all terms governing the trading relationship between an SD or MSP and its counterparty).

counterparties.<sup>23</sup> SEFs have also noted that the potential number of previous agreements is considerable, given that SEF counterparties often enter into agreements with many other parties and may have multiple agreements for different asset classes.<sup>24</sup>

Commission staff from DMO has acknowledged these technological and operational challenges and has accordingly granted no-action positions, most recently in NAL No. 17-17.25 Based on these no-action positions, many SEFs have incorporated by reference applicable relationship terms from previously negotiated underlying agreements between counterparties in confirmations for uncleared swaps, without obtaining copies of these agreements prior to the execution of a swap and without maintaining copies of such underlying agreements on an ongoing basis.26

Based on its experience with the part 37 implementation, the Commission acknowledges that cleared and uncleared swap transactions raise different issues with respect to confirmation requirements 27 and that the current § 37.6(b) requirements create difficulties for the latter type of swap transaction. As such, the Commission proposes to amend § 37.6(b) by adding § 37.6(b)(1) to permit SEFs to incorporate relevant terms from underlying, previously negotiated agreements by reference in a confirmation for an uncleared swap transaction without obtaining such incorporated agreements.28

<sup>25</sup> See supra note 15.

<sup>26</sup> Id. As a condition of staff's no-action positions, a SEF has been required to have a rule in its rulebook that requires its participants to provide copies of the underlying agreements to the SEF on request, as well as a rule in its rulebook that requires the SEF to (i) request from a participant an underlying agreement upon request from the Commission, and (ii) to furnish such agreement to the Commission as soon as it is available.

<sup>27</sup> See supra note 19.

<sup>28</sup> In addition to stating that DMO will not recommend enforcement action if a SEF incorporates by reference relevant terms from underlying, previously negotiated agreements in confirmations for uncleared swap transactions, without obtaining copies of such agreements, which the Commission proposes to codify in this release, NAL No. 17–17 also provides no-action positions with respect to the requirement to maintain copies of such agreements in order to comply with SEF

recordkeeping obligations under §§ 37.1000, 37.1001, and 45.2. Among other things, these requirements obligate a SEF to maintain records of all activities relating to the business of the SEF. The Commission preliminary believes that allowing a SEF to incorporate by reference relevant terms from the underlying, previously negotiated agreements without obtaining such agreements will rectify the compliance issues posed with respect to §§ 37.1000, 37.1001, and 45.2. As a SEF would no longer be required to obtain the underlying, previously negotiated agreements, the Commission preliminarily believes that these agreements would not, as a general category, constitute records relating to the SEF's business for purposes of §§ 37,1000, 37,1001, and 45.2. The Commission notes, however, that if a SEF did obtain such an underlying, previously negotiated agreement, including at the request of the Commission or its staff or in connection with the fulfillment of the SEF's regulatory obligations, the SEF would, with respect to such agreement, need to comply with its recordkeeping obligations under §§ 37.1000, 37.1001, and 45.2. NAL No. 17-17 also provides a no-action position with respect to the swap data reporting requirements that apply to a SEF under § 45.3(a). In November 2020, the Commission amended its swap data reporting regulations, which amendments included the removal of the term "primary economic terms" and "confirmation data" from § 45.3(a). See Swap Data Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements, 85 FR 75503 (Nov. 25, 2020) (Amended Part 45 Rules). Currently, SEFs are required to report as specified in the technical specification published on the Commission's website, available at https://www.cftc.gov/ LawRegulation/DoddFrankAct/Rulemakings/DF\_ 18 RealTimeReporting/index.htm. As relevant in this context, the technical specification sets out the required validations and message types, including when, for swap data reporting purposes, specific data fields are mandatory, conditional, or optional. For example, the technical specification distinguishes between transaction. collateral, and valuation reporting. In general, SEFs will report transaction message types and not valuation and collateral message types. Those data elements in the technical specification relevant to on-SEF transactions that are contained in the transaction message type are readily available for a SEF to fulfil its reporting obligations under Commission regulations in part 45. As further evidence of this, the defined term "confirmation data" no longer exists in § 45.3(a). Therefore, the no-action position stated in Staff Letter 17-17 that "the Division will not recommend that the Commission take enforcement action against a SEF for failure to report certain confirmation data pursuant to Commission Regulation 45.3(a). . . ." (See NAL No. 17-17 at 3-4) has not been in effect since the implementation of the Commission's Amended Part 45 Rules. Staff have not received a related, updated request for no-action position with respect to SEF reporting requirements. The Commission preliminarily believes the Amended Part 45 Rules and the associated technical specification requirements eliminate the need for the no-action position related to § 45.3(a) in NAL No. 17-17. Finally, the Commission is not proposing to codify certain conditions from NAL No. 17-17, including conditions that require a SEF to have rules in its rulebook that (i) require a SEF confirmation to state. where applicable, that it incorporates by reference the terms of the underlying previously negotiated freestanding agreements between the counterparties, and (ii) state that in the event of any inconsistency between a SEF confirmation and the underlying previously negotiated freestanding agreements, the terms of the SEF confirmation legally supersede any contradictory terms and that require the SEF's confirmations to state the same. The Commission preliminarily believes that the proposed amendments herein, if adopted, would clarify the requirements for uncleared swap

The Commission preliminarily believes, following staff's observation of SEFs and market participants operating under the existing no-action position in NAL No. 17-17 and precursor no-action letters, that proposed § 37.6(b)(1) would not compromise the legal certainty of confirmations issued by SEFs for uncleared swap transactions, and that proposed § 37.6(b)(1) is a financially and logistically appropriate alternative for SEFs to comply with the confirmation requirement under § 37.6(b) as it applies to uncleared swaps.<sup>29</sup> The approach set forth in proposed § 37.6(b)(1) should address the technological and operational challenges that have prevented SEFs from fully complying with § 37.6(b), by reducing the administrative burdens for SEFs, who would not be required to obtain and maintain a library of every relevant previously negotiated agreement between counterparties, and for market participants themselves, who would not be required to submit to the SEF all of their relevant underlying documentation with other potential counterparties on the SEF.

As more fully discussed below, the Commission expects that proposed § 37.6(b)(1) will reduce the cost of SEFs' compliance with the confirmation requirement in § 37.6(b).

Therefore, the Commission proposes to amend § 37.6(b) by adding § 37.6(b)(1) to permit SEFs to incorporate underlying, previously negotiated agreements by reference in a confirmation for an uncleared swap transaction without obtaining such incorporated agreements.

In order to avail themselves of the noaction position under NAL No. 17–17, SEFs must have rules in their rulebooks that, among other things; <sup>30</sup> (1) require "participants to provide copies of the underlying previously negotiated freestanding agreements to the SEF on request;" and (2) require "the SEF to request from participants the underlying previously negotiated freestanding agreements on request from the Commission and [require] the SEF to furnish such documents to the Commission as soon as they are available." <sup>31</sup> The Commission

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Many of these agreements are maintained in paper form or as scanned PDF files that are difficult to quickly digitize in a cost-effective manner. *See* WMBAA, Request for Extended Relief from Certain Requirements under Parts 37 and 45 Related to Confirmations and Recordkeeping for Swaps Not Required or Intended to be Cleared at 3 (Mar. 1, 2016). Further, some SEFs have cited the considerable resource cost of obtaining the number of different agreements that exist to accommodate different types of counterparties and asset classes. *Id.* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Id.

confirmations issued by SEFs in a manner that obviates the need to codify these conditions. See also the discussion, *infra*, of those conditions in NAL No. 17–17 that address the SEF's ability to obtain, upon request, copies of the underlying previously negotiated freestanding agreements that have been incorporated by reference into an uncleared swap confirmation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> The proposed amendment would also preserve the legal certainty of the terms of swap transactions for market participants.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> See also note 28, supra.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> See NAL No. 17-17 at 4.

preliminarily believes that the existing requirements for SEFs under the CEA and the Commission's part 37 regulations sufficiently account for participants

and the Commission's part 37 regulations sufficiently account for these conditions of NAL No. 17–17, such that these conditions do not need to be incorporated as specific conditions of proposed new § 37.6(b)(1).

In particular, SEF Core Principle 5 and the implementing part 37 regulations require, among other things, that a SEF establish and enforce rules that will allow the SEF to obtain any necessary information to perform any of the functions described in section 5h of the Act; establish and enforce rules that will allow the SEF to have the ability and authority to obtain sufficient information to allow it to fully perform its operational, risk management, governance, and regulatory functions and any requirements under part 37; have rules that allow for its examination of books and records kept by the market participants on its facility; and provide information to the Commission on request.<sup>32</sup> The Commission believes that, pursuant to these requirements and as necessary to carry out its statutory and regulatory functions, a SEF has the ability and authority to request copies of the underlying agreements that are incorporated by reference into a confirmation for an uncleared swap transaction and to provide such agreements to the Commission upon request.33

# **Request for Comment**

The Commission requests comments on all aspects of proposed § 37.6(b)(1). In particular, the Commission requests comment on the following questions:

(1) Should the Commission allow a SEF to issue a confirmation for an uncleared swap transaction that does not, as currently contemplated under § 37.6(b), include all the terms of the transaction, for example by only including in the confirmation the terms agreed to on the SEF? If so, should the Commission amend § 23.501 accordingly?

(2) Should the Commission require a SEF to establish and enforce exchange rules that specifically require participants to maintain copies of all agreements incorporated by reference into an uncleared swap confirmation?

(3) Taking into account a SEF's obligations under SEF Core Principle 5 and the associated part 37 regulations,

should the Commission require a SEF to establish and enforce exchange rules specifically requiring market participants to provide the SEF upon request with a copy of any document or agreement incorporated by reference into an uncleared swap confirmation?

(4) Taking into account the Commission's authorities under § 37.5 and § 37.1000, should the Commission adopt an express requirement for a SEF to furnish to the Commission upon request a copy of any document or agreement incorporated by reference into an uncleared swap confirmation?

(5) Is the term "agreement" within proposed § 37.6(b)(1) broad enough to capture the types of documentation governing swap trading relationships that may need to be incorporated by reference into an uncleared swap confirmation?

#### 2. Proposed Amendment to § 37.6(b)— Timing of Swap Transaction Confirmation

Section 37.6(b) requires that confirmation of all the terms of a swap transaction entered into on or pursuant to the rules of a SEF must take place at the same time as execution, except for a limited exception for certain information related to accounts included in bunched orders.<sup>34</sup> The Commission proposes to amend this timing requirement and instead require a confirmation of all the terms of a swap a transaction as soon as technologically practicable after the execution of a swap transaction on the SEF.<sup>35</sup>

The Commission believes that the proposed standard—as soon as technologically practicable after execution—would continue to promote the Commission's goals of providing swap counterparties with legal certainty in a prompt manner, while also being

<sup>35</sup> The Commission notes that in the context of real-time public reporting, it has defined as soon as technologically practicable to mean as soon as possible, taking into consideration the prevalence, implementation, and use of technology by comparable market participants. 17 CFR 43.2. The meaning of this term, as proposed in § 37.6(b) herein, would be consistent with this definition except applying to comparable SEFs. For example, for purposes of taking into consideration the prevalence, implementation and use of technology by comparable SEFs, the Commission would expect that fully electronic SEFs would be comparable to one another, while SEFs that utilize more manual processes, such as voice, would be comparable to each other.

consistent with other Commission requirements related to swap confirmations.<sup>36</sup>

In addition, for a block trade that is executed "away from" a SEF,—*i.e.*, outside of the SEF's trading system or platform, but still "pursuant to the rules" of the SEF for purposes of the § 37.6(b) confirmation requirement—a SEF would be unaware of the execution of the trade until the counterparties report the trade details to the SEF. From a temporal perspective, the SEF would consequently be unable to confirm all terms of the block trade at the same time as execution.

The Commission believes that the proposed standard reflects existing SEF capabilities while maintaining the Commission's goal of providing swap counterparties with legal certainty for transactions. Given the Commission's understanding that SEFs are complying with the at the same time as execution timing standard in existing § 37.6(b) for non-block swap transactions or block transactions executed on the SEF, the Commission expects that the impact of the proposed as soon as technologically practicable timing standard for confirmations for such swap transactions would not be substantive.37 Rather, the proposal would take into account practical realities for confirming block trades executed away from the SEF but pursuant to the rules of the SEF, while ensuring that confirmation for all SEF-executed trades takes place in as prompt a manner as possible.

Therefore, the Commission proposes to require a SEF to confirm the terms of a swap transaction "as soon as technologically practicable" after the execution of the swap transaction on the SEF.

#### **Request for Comment**

The Commission requests comments on all aspects of the as soon as technologically practicable after execution standard proposed for confirmations pursuant to § 37.6(b). In particular, the Commission requests comment on the following questions:

(6) Is the Commission's proposal to require a SEF to confirm the terms of a swap transaction "as soon as technologically practicable" after the execution of the transaction on the SEF

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> 7 U.S.C. 7b–3(f)(5); 17 CFR 37.500–503.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Further the Commission also has the ability to request information from the SEF under 17 CFR 37.5(a), which requires a SEF to file with the Commission information related to its business as a SEF upon the Commission's request. *See* 17 CFR 37.5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> 17 CFR 37.6(b). Specific customer identifiers for accounts included in bunched orders involving swaps need not be included in confirmations provided by a SEF if the applicable requirements of § 1.35(b)(5) are met. *See* 17 CFR 1.35(b)(5), which provides that specific customer account identifiers for accounts included in bunched orders executed on DCMs or SEFs need not be recorded at time of order placement or upon report of execution if the requirements set forth in § 1.35(b)(5)(i)–(v) are met.

 $<sup>^{36}</sup>$  For example, §§ 23.501(a)(1) and 23.501(a)(2) require that an SD or MSP issue a confirmation or acknowledgement for a swap transaction (as applicable) to its counterparty "as soon as technologically practicable . . ." See 17 CFR 23.501(a)(1)–(2). Further, the Commission notes that the proposed standard is consistent with the SEC's proposed standard for SB SEFs in SEC Proposed Rule 812. See SEC SB SEF Proposal at 28893. <sup>37</sup> See supra note 35.

an appropriate time frame? Should the Commission require that the SEF issue the confirmation by no later than a specified time for swap block trades that are executed away from the SEF but pursuant to the SEF's rules, such as within 10 minutes of execution as this is consistent with various SEF rulebooks that require swap block trades executed away from the SEF to be reported to the SEF within 10 minutes of execution?

(7) Should as soon as technologically practicable mean something different for purposes of § 37.6(b) than the definition of as soon as technologically practicable set forth at § 43.2? If so, what should the definition be?

3. Proposed Amendment to § 37.6(b)— Conflicting Terms

The Commission proposes to amend § 37.6(b) to make clear that the terms of a swap confirmation issued by a SEF shall legally supersede any conflicting *terms of* a previous agreement (emphasis added).<sup>38</sup> As SEFs will now be able to incorporate underlying, previously negotiated agreements by reference into confirmations for uncleared swap transactions, this proposed amendment will help ensure legal certainty with respect to the terms of such transactions, and will also clarify the continuing applicability of those terms in the underlying agreements that do not conflict with the confirmation and that may, for example, govern the counterparties' non-SEF transactions.39

As a condition of relying on the noaction position in NAL No. 17–17, SEFs must have rules which state that "in the event of any inconsistency between a SEF confirmation and the underlying previously negotiated freestanding agreements, the terms of the SEF confirmation legally supersede any contradictory terms."<sup>40</sup> As such, this proposed amendment would also provide the benefits of continuing to allow SEFs that rely on NAL No. 17–17 to maintain market practices established under NAL No. 17–17 and precursor noaction letters.

<sup>39</sup> In the SEF Core Principles Final Rule, the Commission noted that the counterparties to the uncleared swap transaction would need to ensure that nothing in the confirmation terms contradicted the standardized terms intended to be incorporated from the underlying agreement. SEF Core Principles Final Rule at 33491, n.195.

40 See NAL No. 17-17 at 4.

# **Request for Comment**

The Commission requests comments on all aspects of the proposal to amend § 37.6(b) to make clear that the terms of a swap confirmation issued by a SEF "shall legally supersede any conflicting terms of a previous agreement." In particular, the Commission requests comment on the following questions:

(8) Does the proposed amendment provide sufficient legal certainty with respect to any contradictory terms that may be contained within previous agreements that are incorporated into an uncleared swap confirmation by reference?

(9) For uncleared swaps, to avoid any conflict between the terms of the swap and the SEF's confirmation, should the Commission require that the SEF's confirmation specifically state that the terms of the confirmation legally supersede any conflicting terms in underlying previously negotiated agreements that have been incorporated by reference?

(10) Should the Commission maintain the current requirement that the confirmation legally supersede any previous agreement? Why or why not?

# 4. Proposed Clarification of § 37.6(b)

Section 37.6(b) provides that a SEF shall provide each counterparty to a transaction that is entered into on or pursuant to the rules of the SEF with a written record of all of the terms of the transaction.

The Commission proposes a nonsubstantive amendment to § 37.6(b) to change the phrase "entered into" to "executed" in order to provide greater consistency within § 37.6(b). Currently § 37.6(b) uses "entered into" and "executed" interchangeably. This nonsubstantive amendment would, in conjunction with the proposed nonsubstantive amendment to § 37.6(a) discussed below, ensure consistent use of "executed" throughout § 37.6.

#### 5. Proposed Clarification of § 37.6(a)

Section 37.6(a) is intended to provide market participants with legal certainty with respect to swap transactions on a SEF and generally clarifies that a swap transaction entered into on or pursuant to the rules of a SEF cannot be void, voidable, subject to rescission, otherwise invalidated, or rendered unenforceable due to a violation by the SEF of section 5h of the Act or part 37 of the Commission's regulations or any proceeding that alters or supplements a rule, term or condition that governs such swap or swap transaction.<sup>41</sup> The Commission proposes a nonsubstantive amendment to § 37.6(a) to change the phrase "entered into" to "executed" in order to provide greater consistency within § 37.6. Currently § 37.6 uses "entered into" and "executed" interchangeably. This nonsubstantive amendment would amend § 37.6(a) to use "executed" and, in conjunction with the proposed nonsubstantive amendment to § 37.6(b) discussed above, would ensure consistent use of "executed" throughout § 37.6.

# B. Proposed Amendments to §23.501(a)(4)(i)

The Commission proposes two amendments to  $\S 23.501(a)(4)(i)$  to conform to the proposed amendments to § 37.6(b). Section 23.501(a)(4)(i) provides that a swap transaction executed on a SEF or DCM will be deemed to satisfy the swap confirmation requirements set forth for SDs and MSPs in § 23.501(a), provided that the rules of the SEF or DCM establish that confirmation of all terms of the transaction shall take place at the same time as execution. First, the Commission proposes to clarify that the safe harbor for SDs and MSPs in §23.501(a)(4)(i) also applies to swap transactions executed pursuant to the rules of a SEF or DCM, *i.e.*, block trades executed away from the SEF's or DCM's trading system or platform. This clarification is consistent with the definition of "block trade" under §43.2. Second, the Commission proposes to amend § 23.501(a)(4)(i) to conform to the proposed amendments to § 37.6(b), which would permit confirmation of all terms of a swap transaction as soon as technologically practicable following execution.42

#### **Request for Comment**

The Commission requests comments on the proposed conforming changes to \$ 23.501(a)(4)(i).

# **III. Effective Date and Transition Period**

The Commission proposes that the effective date for the final regulations be 30 days after publication of final regulations in the **Federal Register**. The Commission preliminarily believes that such an effective date would allow SEFs and market participants sufficient time to adapt to the amended confirmation rules in an efficient and orderly manner.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> While this amendment would apply with respect to both cleared and uncleared swap transactions executed on or pursuant to the rules of the SEF, the Commission notes that swap trading relationship documentation is not required for swaps cleared by a derivatives clearing organization. *See* 17 CFR 23.504(a)(1).

<sup>41 17</sup> CFR 37.6(a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> The Commission notes that while DCMs may provide confirmations for swap block trades executed away from but pursuant to the rules of the DCM, DCMs do not have a regulatory obligation analogous to the current regulatory obligation under § 37.6(b) for SEFs to provide such confirmations.

#### Request for Comment

The Commission requests comment on whether the proposed effective date is appropriate and, if not, the Commission further requests comment on possible alternative effective dates and the basis for any such alternative dates.

# **IV. Related Matters**

#### A. Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) requires Federal agencies, in promulgating regulations, to consider whether the regulations they propose will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities and, if so, provide a regulatory flexibility analysis with respect to such impact.43 The regulations proposed herein will affect SEFs and their market participants. The Commission has previously established certain definitions of "small entities" to be used by the Commission in evaluating the impact of its regulations on small entities in accordance with the RFA.44 The Commission previously concluded that SEFs are not small entities for the purpose of the RFA.<sup>45</sup> The Commission has also previously stated its belief in the context of relevant rulemakings that SEFs' market participants, which are all required to be eligible contract participants (ECPs)<sup>46</sup> as defined in section 1a(18) of the CEA,47 are not small entities for purposes of the RFA.48 Therefore, the Chairman, on behalf of the Commission, hereby certifies, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 605(b), that the proposed regulations will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

#### B. Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq. (PRA), imposes certain requirements on Federal agencies (including the Commission) in connection with conducting or sponsoring any 'collection of information," <sup>49</sup> as defined by the PRA. Among its purposes, the PRA is intended to minimize the paperwork burden to the private sector, to ensure that any collection of information by a

government agency is put to the greatest possible uses, and to minimize duplicative information collections across the government.<sup>50</sup>

The PRA applies to all information, regardless of form or format, whenever the government is obtaining, causing to be obtained, or soliciting information, and includes required disclosure to third parties or the public, of facts or opinions, when the information collection calls for answers to identical questions posed to, or identical reporting or recordkeeping requirements imposed on, ten or more persons.<sup>51</sup> The PRA requirements have been determined to include not only mandatory, but also voluntary information collections, and include both written and oral communications.<sup>52</sup> The Commission may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number.

This proposed rulemaking affects regulations that contain collections of information for which the Commission has previously received control numbers from OMB. The titles for these collections of information are "Swap Documentation, OMB control number 3038-0088" and "Core Principles and Other Requirements for Swap Execution Facilities, OMB control number 3038-0074." This proposal, if adopted, would modify the information collection requirements associated with OMB control number 3038-0074, as discussed below. The Commission therefore is submitting this proposal to the OMB for its review in accordance with the PRA.53

1. OMB Collection 3038-0088-Swap Documentation

The Commission proposes two amendments to § 23.501(a)(4)(i) to conform to the proposed amendments to § 37.6(b). Section 23.501(a)(4)(i) provides that a swap transaction executed on a SEF or DCM will be deemed to satisfy the swap confirmation requirements set forth for SDs and MSPs in §23.501(a), provided that the rules of the SEF or DCM establish that confirmation of all terms of the transaction shall take place at the same time as execution. First, the Commission proposes to clarify that the safe harbor for SDs and MSPs in §23.501(a)(4)(i) also applies to swap

transactions executed pursuant to the rules of a SEF or DCM, *i.e.*, block trades executed away from the SEF's or DCM's trading system or platform. Second, the Commission proposes to amend § 23.501(a)(4)(i) to conform to the proposed amendments to § 37.6(b), which would permit confirmation of all terms of a swap transaction as soon as technologically practicable following execution.

The Commission does not believe that these proposed amendments would substantively or materially modify any existing information collection burdens. Accordingly, the Commission is retaining its existing estimates for the burden associated with the information collections under OMB Collection 3038-0088.54

2. OMB Collection 3038-0074-Core Principles and Other Requirements for **Swap Execution Facilities** 

Under existing § 37.6(b), a SEF is required to provide each counterparty to a swap transaction, whether cleared or uncleared, that is entered into on or pursuant to the rules of the SEF, with a written "confirmation" that contains all of the terms of the transaction. With respect to an uncleared swap transaction, a SEF may comply with the requirement to include in the confirmation all of the terms of the transaction, by incorporating by reference relevant terms set forth in underlying, previously negotiated agreements between the counterparties, as long as the SEF has obtained these agreements prior to execution of the transaction.55

The proposed rulemaking would add new § 37.6(b)(1), which would permit SEFs to incorporate by reference in a confirmation relevant terms set forth in underlying, previously negotiated agreements without being required to obtain these agreements.

The Commission preliminarily believes that this proposed approach would address technological and operational challenges that have prevented SEFs from fully complying with § 37.6(b), by reducing the administrative burdens for SEFs, who would not be required to request, accept, and maintain a library of every relevant previously negotiated agreement between counterparties.

As a result, the Commission believes that the proposed rulemaking would

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> 5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.

<sup>44 47</sup> FR at 18618-21 (Apr. 30, 1982). <sup>45</sup> SEF Core Principles Final Rule at 33548 (citing, among others, 47 FR 18618, 18621 (Apr. 30, 1982) (discussing DCMs).

<sup>46 17</sup> CFR 37.703.

<sup>47 7</sup> U.S.C. 1(a)(18).

<sup>48 66</sup> FR 20740, 20743 (Apr. 25, 2001) (stating that ECPs by the nature of their definition in the CEA should not be considered small entities). 49 See 44 U.S.C. 3502(3)(A).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> See 44 U.S.C. 3501.

<sup>51</sup> See 44 U.S.C. 3502(3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> See 5 CFR 1320.3(c)(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> See 44 U.S.C. 3507(d) and 5 CFR 1320.11.

 $<sup>^{54}\,</sup>See$  Amended Supporting Statement for Currently Approved Information Collection, Swap Documentation, OMB Control Number 3038-0088 (Oct. 24, 2022), available at https:// nbr=202210-3038-007

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>55</sup> SEF Core Principles Final Rule at 33491 n.195.

reduce a SEF's annual recurring information collection burden for uncleared swap transactions. The Commission estimates that proposed § 37.6(b)(1) would reduce annual recurring information collection burdens by one-third from 563 hours per SEF to 375 hours per SEF.<sup>56</sup>

The aggregate annual estimates for the reporting burden associated with § 37.6(b), as proposed to be amended, would be as follows:

*Estimated Number of Respondents:* 23.

Estimated Average Burden Hours per Respondent: 375 hours.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 8,625 hours.

Frequency of Collection: On occasion. There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection.

3. Information Collection Comments

The Commission invites the public and other Federal agencies to comment on any aspect of the proposed information collection requirements discussed above. The Commission will consider public comments on this proposed collection of information in:

(1) Evaluating whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information will have a practical use;

(2) Evaluating the accuracy of the estimated burden of the proposed collection of information, including the degree to which the methodology and the assumptions that the Commission employed were valid;

(3) Enhancing the quality, utility, and clarity of the information proposed to be collected; and

(4) Minimizing the burden of the proposed information collection requirements on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological information collection techniques, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of responses.

Copies of the submission from the Commission to OMB are available from the CFTC Clearance Officer, 1155 21st Street NW, Washington, DC 20581, (202) 418–5714 or from *https://RegInfo.gov*. Organizations and individuals desiring to submit comments on the proposed information collection requirements should send those comments to:

• The Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10235, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503, Attn: Desk Officer of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission;

• (202) 395–6566 (fax); or

• *OIRAsubmissions@omb.eop.gov* (email).

Please provide the Commission with a copy of submitted comments so that comments can be summarized and addressed in the final rulemaking, and please refer to the ADDRESSES section of this rulemaking for instructions on submitting comments to the Commission. OMB is required to make a decision concerning the proposed information collection requirements between 30 and 60 days after publication of this release in the Federal **Register**. Therefore, a comment to OMB is best assured of receiving full consideration if OMB receives it within 30 calendar days of publication of this release. Nothing in the foregoing affects the deadline enumerated above for public comment to the Commission on the proposed rules.

#### C. Cost-Benefit Considerations

#### 1. Background

Section 15(a) of the CEA 57 requires the Commission to "consider the costs and benefits" of its actions before promulgating a regulation under the CEA or issuing certain orders. CEA section 15(a) further specifies that the costs and benefits shall be evaluated in light of five broad areas of market and public concern: (1) protection of market participants and the public; (2) efficiency, competitiveness, and financial integrity of futures markets; (3) price discovery; (4) sound risk management practices; and (5) other public interest considerations. The Commission considers the costs and benefits resulting from its discretionary determinations with respect to the CEA section 15(a) factors.

The Commission is proposing to amend certain rules in parts 23 and 37

of its regulations relating to the confirmation by CFTC-regulated exchanges, in particular SEFs, of the terms of swap transactions.

The baseline against which the Commission considers the costs and benefits of these proposed rule amendments is the statutory and regulatory requirements of the CEA and Commission regulations now in effect, in particular CEA section 5h and certain rules in parts 23 and 37 of the Commission's regulations. The Commission, however, notes that as a practical matter many SEFs and market participants have adopted some current practices based upon a no-action position provided by Commission staff that the proposed rule amendments generally would codify. As such, to the extent that SEFs and market participants have relied on this no-action position, the actual costs and benefits of the proposed rule amendments as realized in the market may not be as significant.

In some instances, it is not reasonably feasible to quantify the costs and benefits to SEFs and certain market participants with respect to certain factors, for example, market integrity. Notwithstanding these types of limitations, however, the Commission otherwise identifies and considers the costs and benefits of these proposed rule amendments in qualitative terms.

In the following consideration of costs and benefits, the Commission first identifies and discusses the benefits and costs attributable to the proposed rule amendments. The Commission, where applicable, then considers the costs and benefits of the proposed rule amendments in light of the five public interest considerations set out in § 15(a) of the CEA.

The Commission notes that this consideration of costs and benefits is based on its understanding that the swaps market functions internationally with: (1) transactions that involve U.S. entities occurring across different international jurisdictions; (2) some entities organized outside of the United States that are registered with the Commission; and (3) some entities that typically operate both within and outside the United States and that follow substantially similar business practices wherever located. Where the Commission does not specifically refer to matters of location, the discussion of costs and benefits below refers to the effects of the proposed rule amendments on all relevant swaps activity, whether based on its actual occurrence in the United States or on its connection with or effect on U.S. commerce.58

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> The Commission previously estimated that the information collections related to § 37.6 would take SEFs approximately 1.5 hours per SEF participant and that on average, a SEF has about 375 participants. For purposes of estimating the number of burden hours that the proposed regulations would eliminate, however, the Commission is revising its previous estimate and will assume the relevant process would take SEFs approximately 1.0 hours per SEF participant. Accordingly, 375 participants × 1.0 hour per participant = 375 estimated burden hours. For information about the Commission's previous estimate. See Supporting Statement for New and Revised Information Collections, Core Principles and Other Requirements for Swap Execution Facilities, OMB Control Number 3038-0074, note 12 (Apr. 15, 2021), available at https://www.reginfo.gov/public/ do/PRAViewDocument?ref\_nbr=202104-3038-001.

<sup>57 7</sup> U.S.C. 19(a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> See, e.g., 7 U.S.C. 2(i).

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The Commission generally requests comment on all aspects of its costbenefit considerations, including the identification and assessment of any costs or benefits not discussed herein; the potential costs and benefits of the alternatives that the Commission discussed in this release; data and any other information to assist or otherwise inform the Commission's ability to quantify or qualitatively describe the costs and benefits of the proposed rule amendments; and substantiating data, statistics, and any other information to support positions posited by commenters with respect to the Commission's discussion. Commenters may also suggest other alternatives to the proposed approach where the commenters believe that the alternatives would be appropriate under the CEA and would provide a more appropriate cost-benefit profile.

# 2. Proposed Amendments to 37.6(b)

# a. Benefits

Under existing § 37.6(b), a SEF is required to provide each counterparty to a swap transaction that is entered into on or pursuant to the rules of the SEF, with a written "confirmation" at the time of execution that contains all of the terms of the transaction. SEFs may satisfy the requirements under existing § 37.6(b) for uncleared swap transaction confirmations by incorporating by reference, in the confirmation, the relevant terms set forth in underlying, previously negotiated agreements between the counterparties, as long as such agreements have been submitted to the SEF prior to execution.

Absent an adoption of proposed new § 37.6(b)(1), which would allow SEFs to incorporate relevant terms set forth in such underlying agreements without being required to obtain the agreements, SEFs would need to comply with the existing requirements under § 37.6(b) for uncleared swap confirmations, notwithstanding the significant burdens of doing so. The Commission understands that the financial, administrative, and logistical burdens to collect and maintain bilateral transaction agreements from any individual counterparties would be high. SEFs have stated that they are unable to develop a cost-effective method to request, accept and maintain a library of every relevant previous agreement between counterparties.<sup>59</sup> SEFs have also noted that the potential

number of previous agreements is considerable, given that SEF counterparties often enter into agreements with many other parties and may have multiple agreements for different asset classes.<sup>60</sup>

The Commission preliminarily believes that the proposed addition of § 37.6(b)(1) should benefit both SEFs and market participants by decreasing the financial, administrative, and logistical burdens to execute an uncleared swap on a SEF. Not only would a SEF not be required to expend time and resources to gather and maintain all of the underlying relationship documentation between all possible counterparties on the SEF, but market participants would also not be required to expend time and resources in gathering and submitting this documentation to the SEF, including any amendments or updates to that documentation. Moreover, the Commission preliminarily believes that not requiring SEFs to obtain the underlying relationship documentation would eliminate associated financial, logistical and administrative burdens.

The Commission notes that these benefits are currently available to market participants through the existing no-action position provided by Commission staff in NAL No. 17–17. As such, to the extent that SEFs, and by extension market participants, have relied on the existing no-action position to avoid the above described financial, operational and logistical burdens, through the incorporation by reference of relevant terms set forth in underlying relationship documentation, they have been availing themselves of the benefits from these reduced burdens.

The Commission also recognizes that many SEFs have already expended resources to implement technological and operational changes needed to avail themselves of the no-action position under NAL No. 17–17. The proposed amendments would preclude the need to expend additional resources to negate those changes.

Further, the proposed rule amendments do not propose to change the existing requirement for a SEF to issue a confirmation for all terms of a swap transaction for uncleared swaps. To the extent that a SEF were to not issue a confirmation that includes or incorporates by reference all of the terms of an uncleared swap transaction, the counterparties to the swap may be subject to other Commission regulations that impose those obligations, and therefore, increased costs. For example, where one of the counterparties to an uncleared swap transaction is an SD or MSP, § 23.501 requires that the SD or MSP issue a confirmation for the transaction as soon as technologically practicable.<sup>61</sup>

SEFs should also benefit from the proposed requirement to confirm transaction terms "as soon as technologically" practicable after execution, rather than at the same time as execution. As noted above, the Commission preliminarily believes that this proposal would continue to promote the Commission's goals of providing the swap counterparties with legal certainty in a prompt manner.

# b. Costs

With respect to uncleared swaps, the proposed addition of § 37.6(b)(1) could reduce the financial integrity of transactions on SEFs compared to the current rule. There could be a greater risk of misunderstanding between the counterparties to a swap transaction if SEFs do not provide all the terms of a transaction at the time of execution. Even when underlying agreements are incorporated by reference, confusion could arise from issues such as multiple versions of an agreement with the same labeling, or missing sections. However, the Commission does not expect that this risk will materially reduce the integrity of the swaps market. The Commission notes that the relevant underlying agreements usually establish relationship terms between counterparties that govern all trading between them in uncleared swaps, and do not generally concern the terms of specific transactions.

To the extent that SEFs are relying on the existing no-action position provided by Commission staff in NAL No. 17–17, they could continue to implement existing industry practice related to confirmations for uncleared swap transactions which should not impose costs on SEFs. But to the extent that SEFs need to modify their rules or procedures in light of the proposed amendments, such as removing the SEF rules required as conditions under NAL No. 17–17, they may incur modest costs.

#### c. Consideration of Alternatives

The relevant no-action position set forth in NAL No. 17–17, upon which the proposal is based, is subject to withdrawal by Commission staff. In addressing alternatives to adopting the proposed amendments to § 37.6(b), the Commission considered the costs and benefits associated with withdrawal of the no-action position in NAL No. 17– 17, which would obligate SEFs and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> See WMBAA, Request for Extended Relief from Certain Requirements under Parts 37 and 45 Related to Confirmations and Recordkeeping for Swaps Not Required or Intended to be Cleared at 3 (Mar. 1, 2016).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> Id.

<sup>61</sup> See 17 CFR 23.501(a).

market participants to satisfy the requirements of existing § 37.6(b). The Commission preliminarily believes that adopting the proposed amendments to § 37.6(b), and the conforming amendments set forth in this proposal, would help to maintain the benefits previously articulated in the SEF Core Principles Final Rule, but also reduce related costs for SEFs with respect to confirmation requirements.<sup>62</sup>

# d. Section 15(a) Factors

(1) Protection of Market Participants and the Public

The proposed rule amendments should continue to promote the legal certainty of swap transactions executed on SEFs. The proposed amendments to § 37.6 for uncleared swaps, and the conforming amendments set forth in this proposal, would clarify compliance requirements, consistent with the position taken by Commission staff in NAL No. 17–17, while helping to maintain the protection of market participants and the public.

(2) Efficiency, Competitiveness, and Financial Integrity of Markets

The proposed amendments to § 37.6 for uncleared swaps, and the conforming amendments set forth in this proposal, would ease compliance for SEFs and market participants on a longer-term basis, *i.e.*, by providing a regulatory solution beyond the corresponding no-action position provided by Commission staff in NAL No. 17–17. This may improve the efficiency of the swap markets with respect to issuing and transmitting swap confirmations to counterparties. In particular, SEFs would attain greater operational efficiency because they would not be required to develop an infrastructure for collecting and maintaining all relevant underlying, previously negotiated agreements.

As noted above, with respect to uncleared swaps, the proposed addition of § 37.6(b)(1) could reduce the financial integrity of transactions on SEFs compared to the current rule. There could be a greater risk of misunderstanding between the counterparties to a swap transaction if SEFs do not provide all the terms of a

transaction at the time of execution. Even when underlying agreements are incorporated by reference, confusion could arise from issues such as multiple versions of an agreement with the same labeling, or missing sections. However, the Commission does not expect that this risk will materially reduce the integrity of the swaps market. As noted above, the Commission notes that the relevant underlying agreements usually establish relationship terms between counterparties that govern all trading between them in uncleared swaps, and do not generally concern the terms of specific transactions. Moreover, the proposed rule amendments could encourage financial integrity of the swap markets by, among other things, providing clarity that the terms of an uncleared swap confirmation issued by a SEF supersedes any conflicting terms in underlying agreements between the counterparties that have been incorporated by reference into the confirmation.

# (3) Price Discovery

The Commission is not aware of significant effects on the price discovery process from the proposed amendments to § 37.6, and the conforming amendments set forth in this proposal, regarding confirmations.

# (4) Sound Risk Management Practices

The proposed amendments to the confirmation requirements within § 37.6(b), and the conforming amendments set forth in this proposal, would maintain the promotion of sound risk management practices with respect to the requirement for SEFs to issue transaction confirmations, *i.e.*, by providing market participants with the certainty that transactions executed on or pursuant to the rules of a SEF will be legally enforceable with respect to all counterparties to the transaction.<sup>63</sup>

# (5) Other Public Interest Considerations

The Commission is identifying a public interest benefit in codifying the no-action position in NAL 17–17, where the efficacy of that position has been demonstrated. In such a situation, the Commission believes it serves the public interest to engage in notice-andcomment rulemaking, where it seeks and considers the views of the public in amending its regulations, rather than for SEFs to continue to rely on a staff provided no-action position that does not bind the Commission, provides less long-term certainty, and offers a more limited opportunity for public input.

#### Request for Comment

The Commission invites public comment on all aspects of its cost benefit considerations, including the discussion of the section 15(a) factors. Commenters are requested to provide data and any other information or statistics to support their position. To the extent commenters believe that the costs or benefits of any aspect of the proposed rules are reasonably quantifiable, the Commission requests that they provide data and any other information or statistics to assist the Commission in quantification.

(11) The Commission preliminarily believes that SEFs are relying on the no action position in NAL 17–17 and are not currently obtaining and maintaining previously negotiated underlying agreements that are incorporated by reference in uncleared swap transaction confirmations. Is the Commission's understanding correct or are there SEFs that have found practical ways to obtain and maintain such underlying agreements?

(12) If a SEF were required to comply with existing § 37.6(b) and obtain previously negotiated underlying agreements prior to incorporating by reference terms from such agreements in uncleared swap transaction confirmations, what costs and expenses would the SEF incur?

### D. Antitrust Considerations

Section 15(b) of the CEA requires the Commission to take into consideration the public interest to be protected by the antitrust laws and endeavor to take the least anti-competitive means of achieving the objectives of the CEA, in issuing any order or adopting any Commission rule or regulation.<sup>64</sup> The Commission does not anticipate that the proposed amendments to parts 23 and 37 would promote or result in anticompetitive consequences or behavior. However, the Commission encourages comments from the public with respect to any aspect of the proposal that may be perceived as potentially inconsistent with the antitrust laws or anticompetitive in nature.

#### List of Subjects

#### 17 CFR Part 23

Confirmations, Swaps.

#### 17 CFR Part 37

Swaps, Swap confirmations, Uncleared Swap Confirmations, Swap execution facilities.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Commodity Futures

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup> The Commission recognized the important benefits provided by the § 37.6(b) confirmation requirements in the cost-benefit considerations to the SEF Core Principles Final Rule. Among those benefits, the Commission stated that the requirements would (i) provide legal certainty to market participants; (ii) promote accuracy for counterparties regarding exposure levels with other counterparties; and (iii) reduce costs and risks involved with resolving error trade disputes between counterparties. SEF Core Principles Final Rule at 33570.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>63</sup> Id.

<sup>64 7</sup> U.S.C. 19(b).

Trading Commission proposes to amend 17 CFR parts 23 and 37 to read as follows:

## PART 23—SWAP DEALERS AND MAJOR SWAP PARTICIPANTS

■ 1. The authority citation for Part 23 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 7 U.S.C. 1a, 2, 6, 6a, 6b, 6b–1, 6c, 6p, 6r, 6s, 6t, 9, 9a, 12, 12a, 13b, 13c, 16a, 18, 19, 21.

Section 23.160 also issued under 7 U.S.C. 2(i); Sec. 721(b), Pub. L. 111–203, 124 Sta. 1641 (2010).

■ 2. Revise § 23.501(a)(4)(i) to read as follows:

#### §23.501 Swap confirmation.

- (a) \* \* \*
- (4) \* \* \*

(i) Any swap transaction executed on or pursuant to the rules of a swap execution facility or designated contract market shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements of this section, provided that the rules of the swap execution facility or designated contract market establish that confirmation of all terms of the transaction shall take place as soon as technologically practicable after execution.

\* \* \* \*

# PART 37—SWAP EXECUTION FACILITIES

■ 3. The authority citation for Part 37 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 1a, 2, 5, 6, 6c, 7, 7a– 2, 7b–3, and 12a, as amended by Titles VII and VIII of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, Pub. L. 111–203, 124 Stat. 1376.

■ 4. Revise § 37.6 to read as follows:

#### §37.6 Enforceability.

(a) A transaction executed on or pursuant to the rules of a swap execution facility shall not be void, voidable, subject to rescission, otherwise invalidated, or rendered unenforceable as a result of:

(1) A violation by the swap execution facility of the provisions of section 5h of the Act or this part;

(2) Any Commission proceeding to alter or supplement a rule, term, or condition under section 8a(7) of the Act or to declare an emergency under section 8a(9) of the Act; or

(3) Any other proceeding the effect of which is to:

(i) Alter or supplement a specific term or condition or trading rule or procedure; or

(ii) Require a swap execution facility to adopt a specific term or condition, trading rule or procedure, or to take or refrain from taking a specific action.

(b) A swap execution facility shall provide each counterparty to a transaction that is executed on or pursuant to the rules of the swap execution facility with a written record of all of the terms of the transaction which shall legally supersede any conflicting terms of a previous agreement and serve as a confirmation of the transaction. The confirmation of all terms of the transaction shall take place as soon as technologically practicable after execution; provided that specific customer identifiers for accounts included in bunched orders involving swaps need not be included in confirmations provided by a swap execution facility if the applicable requirements of § 1.35(b)(5) of this chapter are met.

(1) For a confirmation of an uncleared swap transaction, the swap execution facility may satisfy the requirements of this paragraph (b) by incorporating by reference terms from underlying, previously negotiated agreements governing such transaction between the counterparties, without obtaining such incorporated agreements except as otherwise necessary to fully perform its operational, risk management, governance, or regulatory functions, or any requirements under this part. (2) [Reserved]

Issued in Washington, DC, on August 14, 2023, by the Commission.

#### Robert Sidman,

Deputy Secretary of the Commission.

**Note:** The following appendices will not appear in the Code of Federal Regulations.

#### Appendices to Swap Confirmation Requirements for Swap Execution Facilities—Voting Summary and Chairman's and Commissioners' Statements

#### Appendix 1—Voting Summary

On this matter, Chairman Behnam and Commissioners Johnson, Goldsmith Romero, Mersinger, and Pham voted in the affirmative. No Commissioner voted in the negative.

# Appendix 2—Statement of Chairman Rostin Behnam

Today the Commission votes to propose amendments to Parts 23 and 37 of the Commission regulations to address longstanding issues with the uncleared swap confirmation requirements under Rule 37.6(b). During the initial implementation of Part 37, SEFs informed the CFTC that the confirmation requirement for uncleared swaps was operationally and technologically difficult and impractical to implement. The Division of Market Oversight (DMO) investigated and acknowledged these challenges and provided targeted no-action positions for SEFs with respect to certain provisions of Commission regulations throughout the last decade.<sup>1</sup> I support this proposal which represents sound judgment and clear consideration of the issues.

As there remains no workable solution that could effectuate the original language of the relevant rule, and the currently applicable staff letter has no explicitly set expiration date, the Commission is proposing to amend Rule 37.6(b) to codify the staff no-action position. The proposed amendment would enable SEFs to incorporate terms by reference in an uncleared swap confirmation without being required to obtain the underlying, previously negotiated agreements between the counterparties. A proposed clarification and conforming amendment to Rule 23.501 will clarify the consistent treatment of trades executed away from a SEF or DCM and permit confirmation of all terms of a swap transaction as soon as technologically practicable following execution, as opposed to requiring confirmation "at the same time as execution."<sup>2</sup> The simplicity of these latter proposed amendments should not overshadow their practical impact.

#### Appendix 3—Statement of Commissioner Kristin N. Johnson

In the aftermath of the 2008 global financial crisis, the G20 leaders met in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.<sup>1</sup> This meeting resulted in an agreement among the G20 leaders to bring transparency and oversight to the then-unregulated swaps market.<sup>2</sup> Emerging in the 1980s, the swaps market remained unregulated for decades, operating with little to no transparency and causing significant integrity concerns for the global financial market.

In 2010, the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (Dodd-

<sup>1</sup> See CFTC Letter No. 13–58, Time Limited No-Action Relief to Temporarily Registered Swap Execution Facilities from Commission Regulation 37.6(b) for non-Cleared Swaps in All Asset Classes (Sept. 30, 2013), https://www.cftc.gov/csl/13-58/ download; CFTC Letter No. 14-108, Staff No-Action Position Regarding SEF Confirmations and Recordkeeping Requirements under Certain Provisions Included in Regulations 37.6(b) and 45.2 (Aug. 18, 2014), https://www.cftc.gov/csl/14-108/ download; CFTC Letter No. 15-25, Extension of No-Action Relief for SEF Confirmation and Recordkeeping Requirements under Commission Regulations 37.6(b), 37.1000, 37.1001, and 45.2, and Additional Relief for Confirmation Data Reporting Requirements under Commission Regulation 45.3(a) (Apr. 22, 2015), https://www.cftc.gov/csl/15-25/ download; CFTC Letter No. 16-25, Extension of No-Action Relief for Swap Execution Facility Confirmation and Recordkeeping Requirements under Commodity Futures Trading Commission Regulations 37.6(b), 37.1000, 37.1001, 45.2, and 45.3(a) (Mar. 14, 2016), https://www.cftc.gov/csl/16-25/download; and CFTC Letter No. 17-17 Extension of No-Action Relief for Swap Execution Facility Confirmation and Recordkeeping Requirements under Commodity Futures Trading Commission Regulations 37.6(b), 37.1000, 37.1001, 45.2, and 45.3(a) (Mar. 24, 2017), https:// www.cftc.gov/csl/17-17/download.

<sup>2</sup>Commission Rule 23.501(a)(4)(i), 17 CFR 23.501(a)(4)(i).

<sup>1</sup>Looking back at OTC derivative reforms objectives, progress and gaps, European Central Bank (Dec. 21, 2016), https://www.ecb.europa.eu/ pub/pdf/other/eb201608\_article02.en.pdf. <sup>2</sup> Id. Frank Act)<sup>3</sup> amended the Commodity Exchange Act (CEA) and introduced a framework for the regulation of swaps that imposed central clearing and trade execution requirements, registration and comprehensive regulation of swap dealers, and recordkeeping and real-time reporting requirements.<sup>4</sup> Under the Dodd-Frank Act, standardized swap transactions that are subject to the clearing mandate and designated made-available-to-trade must be executed on a registered or exempt designated contract market (DCM) or swap execution facility (SEF).<sup>5</sup>

Section 5h of the CEA prohibits a person from operating "a facility for the trading or processing of swaps unless the facility is registered as a [SEF] or as a [DCM] under this section." 6 A SEF, as a trading system or platform in which multiple participants have the ability to execute or trade swaps by accepting bids and offers made by multiple participants in the facility or system, actively facilitates swap transactions in our markets by facilitating the execution of swaps between persons. Additionally, as registered platforms, SEFs play an active role in price discovery and transparency and policing and reporting swap transactions in an effort to monitor systemic risk.

Implementing the statutory mandate of the CEA, the Commission adopted new rules and principles for SEFs in 2013.<sup>7</sup> In the adopting release, the Commission noted several of the key goals of the Dodd-Frank Act, including greater pre- and post-trade transparency, which results in lower costs for investors, businesses, and consumers; lower risk to the swap market and economy; and enhanced market integrity to protect market participants and the greater public.<sup>8</sup> With these goals in mind, the Commission adopted the Part 37 regulations including Regulation 37.6.

Part 37 sets forth the operational requirements for SEFs and trading swaps on SEFs. The Commission adopted Regulation 37.6 and, in the adopting release, explained that this regulation was "intended to provide market participants who execute swap transactions on or pursuant to the rules of a SEF with legal certainty with respect to such transactions." <sup>9</sup>

Specifically, CFTC Regulation 37.6(b) "requires, for uncleared transactions executed on or pursuant to the rules of a SEF, that the SEF 'must have all terms . . . agreed

<sup>5</sup> Process for a Designated Contract Market or Swap Execution Facility to Make a Swap Available to Trade, Swap Transaction Compliance and Implementation Schedule, and Trade Execution Requirement Under the Commodity Exchange Act, 78 FR 33,606, 33,606 (June 4, 2013) (codified at 17 CFR parts 37, 38).

67 U.S.C. 7b–3(a).

<sup>7</sup> Core Principles and Other Requirements for Swap Execution Facilities, 78 FR 33,475 (Jun. 4, 2013) (codified in 17 CFR 37) (hereinafter "2013 SEF Core Principles Release").

<sup>8</sup> 2013 SEF Core Principles Release at 33,477.

<sup>9</sup> 2013 SEF Core Principles Release at 33,490.

to no later than execution, such that the SEF can provide a written confirmation inclusive of those terms at the time of execution and report complete, non-duplicative, and noncontradictory data to an SDR as soon as technologically practicable after execution.' <sup>10</sup> Further, CFTC Regulation 37.6 explicitly stated that a "swap execution facility shall provide each counterparty with written documentation of all terms of the transaction to serve as confirmation of such transaction.' <sup>11</sup>

Since the adoption of Regulation 37.6(b), some have expressed concerns regarding the feasibility of complying with the regulation.<sup>12</sup> In 2014,<sup>13</sup> 2015,<sup>14</sup> 2016,<sup>15</sup> and 2017,<sup>16</sup> the Division of Market Oversight issued no-action letters offering guidance and exempted relief.

In March of 2017, the Commission provided relief for SEFs with respect to the following requirements: (1) SEFs' obligation to obtain documents incorporated by reference in a swap confirmation issued under Regulation 37.6(b) prior to issuing the confirmation; (2) SEFs' obligation maintain such documents as records; and (3) SEFs obligation to report terms contained in such documents that are confirmation data.<sup>17</sup> The Commission issued guidance and exemptive relief based on concerns that SEFs had been unable to develop a practicable and costeffective method to request, accept, and maintain a library of the underlying previously-negotiated freestanding agreements between counterparties.

The proposal before us today seeks to codify the no-action relief provided in NAL 17–17 and address a decade of concerns voiced by SEFs. I support the proposal and look forward to carefully considering the comments we receive to determine the best path forward to protect our markets through the stability of SEFs while balancing practical approaches to implementing our regulatory requirements. I am hopeful the comments submitted in response to the proposal will answer some of the explicit questions set out in the release text as well as support the drafting of final rules that create clarity for SEFs and our markets.

I want to thank the staff of the Division of Market Oversight and in the Office of General Counsel—Roger Smith, Nora Flood, Jake Chachkin, Dina Moussa, Carlene Kim, Laura Badian, Paul Schlichting, Kenny Wright, Stephen Kane, and Madison Lau—for their diligent and thoughtful work on these proposed amendments.

<sup>10</sup> CFTC No-Action Letter 14–108 (Aug. 8, 2014) (quoting 2013 SEF Core Principles Release at 33,491), https://www.cftc.gov/csl/14-108/download.

<sup>13</sup>CFTC No-Action Letter 14–108.

<sup>14</sup>CFTC No-Action Letter 15–25 (Apr. 22, 2015), https://www.cftc.gov/csl/15-25/download.

<sup>15</sup> CFTC No-Action Letter 16–25 (Mar. 14, 2016), https://www.cftc.gov/csl/16-25/download.

<sup>16</sup> CFTC No-Action Letter 17–17 (Mar. 24, 2017), https://www.cftc.gov/csl/17-17/download.

<sup>17</sup> CFTC No-Action Letter 17–17 (Mar. 24, 2017), https://www.cftc.gov/csl/17-17/download.

#### Appendix 4—Statement of Commissioner Christy Goldsmith Romero

The regulation of swap markets, as mandated by Dodd-Frank Act reforms, is predicated on transparency, reporting, and recordkeeping. Swap execution facilities (SEF) registered with the CFTC are required under core principle 10 to maintain records of all activities, including a complete audit trail. Commission regulations require a SEF to provide a confirmation of transactions to counterparties, including a written record of all of the terms of the transaction, and to obtain copies of underlying, previously negotiated agreements between the counterparties.

From time to time, the Commission learns that its regulations are technologically difficult to implement. In those situations, it is prudent for the CFTC to revisit its regulations in order to keep pace with technology. Revisiting our regulations provides a permanent fix, rather than temporary no action relief that is extended over and over again, as the Commission staff have done with SEF confirmation requirements for uncleared swaps. This relief previously relieved SEFs of the requirement to obtain copies of the underlying, previously negotiated agreements between the counterparties.

As a general rule, I believe we need to be careful about proposing new rules that only codify no action relief from our regulation, particularly no action relief that has been extended for years. Instead, we should determine what we were trying to accomplish with the regulation, if we still want to accomplish that, and if there is another way to achieve that.

As the sponsor of the Technology Advisory Committee, I believe that we should be forward looking in considering technological innovations to bring the right fix when it comes to areas where there have been technological obstacles to compliance with CFTC regulations. Today, I support this rule because I support the idea that we need to fix what has become a technological obstacle.

I look forward to public comment about whether this proposed fix is the right permanent fix from a technological standpoint. I look forward to public comment on whether this fix locks in a system that may limit incentives for SEFs and other market participants to innovate using new technology that could provide copies of the underlying, previously negotiated agreements in compliance with the rule. In our riskbased regulatory system, counterparties should know who they are dealing with, and doing so requires swaps participants to proactively revisit existing documents. I am interested in public comment on whether the proposed fix would disincentivize SEFs from digitizing legacy documents and agreements, and requiring their market participants to do so as well. I am also interested in public comment about whether these digitized documents could be machine readable.

Digitized and/or machine-readable data could lower compliance costs, and increase transparency. In the Financial Data Transparency Act of 2022, which does not apply to the CFTC, other federal financial regulatory agencies will be required to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, Public Law 111–203, 124 Stat. 1376 (2010).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Ilya Beylin, Designing Regulation for Mobile Financial Markets, 10 U. Cal. Irvine L. Rev. 497, 511 (2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> 2013 SEF Core Principles Release at 33,491. <sup>12</sup> Id.

develop data collection protocols and standards for machine readability. Other federal financial regulators will push this requirement to its registrants and supervised entities to collect, maintain, and submit data pursuant to these data transparency protocols and standards. This will impact registrants in our space that are dual registered with those financial regulators, and who will need to comply with those protocols and standards.

I look forward to hearing from members of industry, investor and consumer advocates, academics, and other stakeholders on these questions. I thank the staff for their work on this issue.

#### Appendix 5—Statement of Commissioner Caroline D. Pham

I support the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking on Swap Confirmation Requirements for Swap Execution Facilities (SEF Confirmation Proposal) because the Commission is finally fixing unworkable rules that have defied the reality of market structure, legal documentation, and operational processes since they were first issued in 2013. I would like to thank Roger Smith, Nora Flood, and Vince McGonagle in the Division of Market Oversight for their work on the SEF Confirmation Proposal.

As I previously stated, the Commission must take action to fix unworkable rules by codifying "perpetual" no-action relief through notice-and-comment rulemaking as required by the Administrative Procedure Act.<sup>1</sup> I am pleased that we are doing so today.

The Dodd-Frank Act amended the Commodity Exchange Act (CEA) to establish the SEF regulatory framework in order to reduce risk, promote transparency, and enhance market integrity for over-the-counter (OTC) derivatives.<sup>2</sup> Following that mandate, the CFTC implemented Part 37, which requires, among other things, that SEFs provide written final confirmation for uncleared swaps at the time of execution.<sup>3</sup> Moreover, Rule 37.6(b) requires that SEFs provide each counterparty "a written record of all of the terms of the transaction which shall legally supersede any previous agreement and serve as a confirmation of the transaction." Contrary to its intent, this requirement actually *undermines* legal certainty by potentially voiding carefully negotiated and highly technical and complex legal agreements.<sup>4</sup> These provisions, while well-intentioned, have proven impracticable (if not impossible) for both SEFs and market participants. In fact, the requirement to provide SEF confirmation at the time of execution is temporally impossible for block trades, which are executed away from the

SEF and then submitted to the SEF afterwards.

After hearing from the public, CFTC staff provided no-action relief in 2014 that has been extended repeatedly in order to provide a practical solution that could be implemented and would still support the CFTC's public and regulatory transparency requirements. For example, the no-action relief provided that SEFs could incorporate prior agreements to a transaction by reference, instead of receiving hundreds of thousands of pages of legal agreements, such as bilateral counterparty swap trading relationship documentation, and then attaching hundreds of pages to SEF confirmations.<sup>5</sup> This requirement was unworkable in light of Part 23 rules for swap dealers, and for a SEF to collect such legal documentation from swap counterparties and then to maintain it continuously on an ongoing basis (since these bilateral agreements are occasionally revised), turns SEFs into giant legal document repositories of questionable benefit.

Once CFTC staff realized the unrealistic nature of these SEF confirmation requirements, I believe the staff very prudently issued no-action relief. And I believe that this was an appropriate exercise of no-action relief because in the rush to implement the Dodd-Frank Act, the Commission did not always get it right.

When we don't get it right, it is incumbent upon the Commission to acknowledge technical and operational issues and fix them. I look forward to public comment, particularly whether this proposal sufficiently fixes the unworkable aspects of our existing rules. Thank you.

[FR Doc. 2023–17747 Filed 8–24–23; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6351–01–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# Food and Drug Administration

# 21 CFR Part 161

[Docket No. FDA-2016-P-0147]

RIN 0910-AI74

# Fish and Shellfish; Canned Tuna Standard of Identity and Standard of Fill of Container

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Proposed rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA or we) is proposing to amend the standard of identity and standard of fill of container for canned tuna. This action partially responds to a citizen petition submitted by Bumble Bee Foods, LLC, StarKist Co., and Tri Union Seafoods, LLC (doing business as Chicken of the Sea International). We tentatively conclude that this action, if finalized, will promote honesty and fair dealing in the interest of consumers.

**DATES:** Either electronic or written comments on the proposed rule must be submitted by November 24, 2023.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments as follows. Please note that late, untimely filed comments will not be considered. The *https:// www.regulations.gov* electronic filing system will accept comments until 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time at the end of November 24, 2023. Comments received by mail/hand delivery/courier (for written/paper submissions) will be considered timely if they are received on or before that date.

#### Electronic Submissions

Submit electronic comments in the following way:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments. Comments submitted electronically, including attachments, to https:// www.regulations.gov will be posted to the docket unchanged. Because your comment will be made public, you are solely responsible for ensuring that your comment does not include any confidential information that you or a third party may not wish to be posted, such as medical information, your or anyone else's Social Security number, or confidential business information, such as a manufacturing process. Please note that if you include your name, contact information, or other information that identifies you in the body of your comments, that information will be posted on *https://www.regulations.gov*.

• If you want to submit a comment with confidential information that you do not wish to be made available to the public, submit the comment as a written/paper submission and in the manner detailed (see "Written/Paper Submissions" and "Instructions").

# Written/Paper Submissions

Submit written/paper submissions as follows:

• Mail/Hand Delivery/Courier (for written/paper submissions): Dockets Management Staff (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

• For written/paper comments submitted to the Dockets Management Staff, we will post your comment, as well as any attachments, except for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Statement of Commissioner Caroline D. Pham on Conditional Order of SEF Registration, U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission (July 20, 2022), https://www.cftc.gov/PressRoom/ SpeechesTestimony/phamstatement072022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Core Principles and Other Requirements for Swap Execution Facilities, 76 FR 1213, 1214 (Jan. 7, 2011) (codified at 17 CFR part 37).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See 17 CFR 37.6(b) ("The confirmation of all terms of the transaction shall take place at the same time as execution."). <sup>4</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See, e.g., NAL No. 17–17, Re: Extension of No-Action Relief for Swap Execution Facility Confirmation and Recordkeeping Requirements under Commodity Futures Trading Commission Regulations 37.6(b), 37.1000, 37.1001, 45.2, and 45.3(a) (Mar. 24, 2017).