its charge state falls below acceptable levels if its function is required for safe operation of the airplane;

(i) Have a means to disconnect from its charging source in the event of an over-temperature condition, cell failure, or battery failure.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on October 5, 2023.

Patrick R. Mullen,

Manager, Technical Policy Branch, Policy and Standards Division, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 2023–22492 Filed 10–10–23; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA-2023-1692; Airspace Docket No. 23-AEA-13]

RIN 2120-AA66

Establishment of Class E Airspace; Warrenton, VA

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action establishes Class E airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface in Warrenton, VA, as new instrument approach procedures have been designed for Fauquier Hospital Emergency Transport Heliport, Warrenton, VA.

DATES: Effective 0901 UTC, November 30, 2023. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference action under 1 CFR part 51, subject to the annual revision of FAA Order JO 7400.11 and publication of conforming amendments.

ADDRESSES: FAA Order JO 7400.11H, Airspace Designations, Reporting Points, and subsequent amendments online at *www.faa.gov/air_traffic/ publications/.* For further information, contact the Airspace Policy Group, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20591; telephone: (202) 267–8783.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Goodson, Operations Support Group, Eastern Service Center, Federal Aviation Administration, 1701 Columbia Avenue, College Park, GA 30337; telephone: (404) 305–5966.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority for This Rulemaking

The FAA's authority to issue rules regarding aviation safety is found in Title 49 of the United States Code. Subtitle I, Section 106 describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the agency's authority. This rulemaking is promulgated under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart I, Section 40103. Under that section, the FAA is charged with prescribing regulations to assign the use of airspace necessary to ensure the safety of aircraft and the efficient use of airspace. This regulation is within the scope of that authority, as it updates airspace descriptions.

History

The FAA published a notice of proposed rulemaking for Docket No. FAA 2023–1692 in the **Federal Register** (88 FR 54248; August 10, 2023), proposing to establish Class E airspace for Fauquier Hospital Emergency Transport Heliport, Warrenton, VA. Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking effort by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments were received.

Incorporation by Reference

Class E airspace is published in paragraph 6005 of FAA Order JO 7400.11, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 annually. This document amends the current version of that order, FAA Order JO 7400.11H, dated August 11, 2023, and effective September 15, 2023. FAA Order JO 7400.11H is publicly available as listed in the ADDRESSES section of this document. These amendments will be published in the next FAA Order JO 7400.11 update. FAA Order JO 7400.11H lists Class A, B, C, D, and E airspace areas, air traffic service routes, and reporting points.

The Rule

This action establishes Class E airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 6.0-mile radius of Fauquier Hospital Emergency Transport Heliport, Warrenton, VA.

Controlled airspace is necessary for the area's safety and management of instrument flight rules (IFR) operations. This action is necessary to support IFR operations in the area.

Regulatory Notices and Analyses

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore: (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a Regulatory Evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this proposed rule, when promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

Environmental Review

The FAA has determined that this action qualifies for categorical exclusion under the National Environmental Policy Act in accordance with FAA Order 1050.1F, "Environmental Impacts: Policies and Procedures," paragraph 5–6.5.a. This airspace action is not expected to cause any potentially significant environmental impacts, and no extraordinary circumstances exist that warrant preparation of an environmental assessment.

Lists of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

The Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, B, C, D, AND E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIR TRAFFIC SERVICE ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

■ 1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 106(g); 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

§71.1 [Amended]

■ 2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of Federal Aviation Administration Order JO 7400.11H, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 11, 2023, and effective September 15, 2023, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E Airspace Areas Extending Upward From 700 Feet or More Above the Surface of the Earth.

AEA VA E5 Warrenton, VA [Established]

Fauquier Hospital Emergency Transport Heliport, VA

(Lat. 38°42′47″ N, long. 77°48′35″ W) That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 6.0-mile radius of Fauquier Hospital Emergency Transport Heliport.

Issued in College Park, Georgia, on October 4, 2023.

Andreese C. Davis,

Manager, Airspace & Procedures Team South, Eastern Service Center, Air Traffic Organization. [FR Doc. 2023–22440 Filed 10–10–23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Industry and Security

15 CFR Part 744

[Docket No. 231005-0238]

RIN 0694-AJ40

Addition of Entities to the Entity List

AGENCY: Bureau of Industry and Security, Department of Commerce. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: In this rule, the Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) amends the Export Administration Regulations (EAR) by adding 49 entities under 52 entries to the Entity List. These entries are under the destinations of the People's Republic of China (China) (42), Estonia (1), Finland (1), Germany (1), India (3), Turkey (2), United Arab Emirates (1), and the United Kingdom (1). Some entities may have multiple entries, accounting for the difference in the total number of entities and entries. These 49 entities have been determined by the U.S. Government to be acting contrary to the national security or foreign policy interests of the United States.

DATES: This rule is effective on October 6, 2023.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Chair, End-User Review Committee, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Export Administration, Bureau of Industry and Security, Department of Commerce, Phone: (202) 482–5991, Email: *ERC@bis.doc.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The Entity List (supplement no. 4 to part 744 of the EAR (15 CFR parts 730– 774)) identifies entities for which there is reasonable cause to believe, based on specific and articulable facts, that the entities have been involved, are involved, or pose a significant risk of being or becoming involved in activities contrary to the national security or foreign policy interests of the United

States, pursuant to § 744.11(b). The EAR impose additional license requirements on, and limit the availability of, most license exceptions for exports, reexports, and transfers (in-country) when a listed entity is a party to the transaction. The license review policy for each listed entity is identified in the "License Review Policy" column on the Entity List, and the impact on the availability of license exceptions is described in the relevant Federal **Register** document that added the entity to the Entity List. The Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) places entities on the Entity List pursuant to parts 744 (Control Policy: End-User and End-Use Based) and 746 (Embargoes and Other Special Controls) of the EAR.

The End-Üser Review Committee (ERC), composed of representatives of the Departments of Commerce (Chair), State, Defense, Energy and, where appropriate, the Treasury, makes all decisions regarding additions to, removals from, or other modifications to the Entity List. The ERC makes all decisions to add an entry to the Entity List by majority vote and makes all decisions to remove or modify an entry by unanimous vote.

Entity List Decisions

Additions to the Entity List

The ERC determined to add the following 49 entities to the Entity List: ACE Electronics (HK) Co., Limited; Alliance Electro Tech Co., Limited; Alpha Trading Investments Limited; Asia Link Shanghai Int'l Logistics Co., Ltd.; Benico Limited; Check IC Solution Limited; Chengdu Jingxin Technology Co. Ltd.; E-Chips Solution Co. Ltd.; Farteco Limited; Glite Electronic Technology Co., Limited; Global Broker Solutions Limited; Grants Promotion Service Limited; Guangdong Munpower Electronic Commerce Co. Ltd.; Huayuanshitong Technology Co. Ltd.; IMAXChip; Insight Electronics; Kingford PCB Electronics Co., Ltd.; Kobi International Company; Most Technology Limited; New Wally Target International Trade Co., Limited; Nuopuxun Electronic Technology Co., Limited; Onstar Electronics Co. Ltd.; Robotronix Semiconductors Limited; Rui En Koo Technology Co. Ltd; Shaanxi Yingsaeir Electronic Technology Co. Ltd.; Shanghai IP3 Information Technology Co. Ltd.; Shenzhen One World International Logistics Co., Limited; Shvabe Opto-Electronics Co. LTD.; Suntop Semiconductor Co., LTD.; Tordan Industry Limited; TYT Electronics Co. Ltd.; UCreate Electronics Group; Wargos Industry Limited; Win Key Limited; Xin

Quan Electronics Hong Kong Co. Limited; ZeYuan Technology Limited; Zhejiang Foso Electronics Technology Co. Ltd.; Zixis Limited; and Zone Chips Electronics Hong Kong Co. Limited under the destination of China: C & I Semiconductor Co. Ltd. under the destinations of China and India; China Shengshi International Trade Ltd. under the destinations of China and the United Kingdom; PT Technology Asia Limited under the destinations of China and Finland; Elmec Trade OU under the destination of Estonia; Interquest GmbH under the destination of Germany: Abhar Technologies and Services Private Limited; and Innovio Ventures under the destination of India; LL Chip Elektrik Elektronic Paz; and Scitech Tasimacilik Ticaret Limited under the destination of Turkey; and Hulm al Sahra Elect Devices TR under the destination of the United Arab Emirates.

These entities are added to the Entity List for providing support to Russia's military and/or defense industrial base. Specifically, these entities supplied Russian consignees connected to the Russian defense sector with U.S.-origin integrated circuits after March 1, 2023. These integrated circuits are classified under Harmonized Tariff System (HTS)-6 codes 854231, 854232, 854233, and/or 854239. These HTS-6 codes are identified under supplement no. 4 to part 746 (Russian and Belarusian Industry Sector Sanctions Pursuant to §746.5(a)(1)(ii)). All U.S.-origin items classified under these HTS-6 codes have been controlled for export and reexport and transfer within Russia since September 15, 2022. Such U.S.origin items require a license under § 746.5(a)(1)(ii) of the EAR when destined to Russia or Belarus.¹

Therefore, the documented shipments by these entities to Russia of such U.S.origin items are contrary to U.S. national security and foreign policy interests under § 744.11(b) of the EAR. All entities added by this rule have a license requirement for all items subject to the EAR, and a license review policy of denial.

For the reasons described above, this final rule adds 49 entities under the following 52 entries, including aliases where appropriate, to the Entity List:

¹On February 24, 2023 (88 FR 12150), BIS also expanded controls to include certain foreign-made items classified under the same HTS–6 codes destined to Russia, due to their demonstrated use in weapons found on the battlefield in Ukraine. Such foreign-made items are subject to the EAR and the license requirements of § 746.8(a)(2) when a reexport, export from abroad, or transfer (incountry) meets the destination scope of the Russia/ Belarus/Temporarily occupied Crimea region of Ukraine FDP rule described in § 734.9(f) of the EAR.