

landscape. The NHA program includes 49 heritage areas and is administered by NPS coordinators in Washington, DC, and six regional offices—Anchorage, San Francisco, Denver, Omaha, Philadelphia, and Atlanta—as well as local park unit staff.

The NPS uses the following forms to monitor the progress of each heritage area on the implementation of management plans and performance goals:

- 10–320 Annual Program Report—Part I Funding Report, NPS NHA Program Office uses the information collected to allocate funds, prepare the annual NPS Budget Justification, and respond to directives from Congress.

- 10–321 Annual Program Report—Part II Progress Report, NPS NHA Program Office and regional program offices use the information collected to track each heritage area management or coordinating entity's progress on management plan implementation. The NPS uses the information in the annual program reports and publications to inform individual heritage area evaluations.

*Title of Collection:* National Heritage Areas Program Annual Reporting Forms.

*OMB Control Number:* 1024–0287.

*Form Number:* 10–320 and 10–321.

*Type of Review:* Extension of a currently approved collection.

*Respondents/Affected Public:* NHA Coordinating Entities; Not-for-profit entities; Federal Commissions; Institutions of Higher Education; State and local governments.

*Total Estimated Number of Annual Responses:* 110.

*Estimated Completion Time per Response:* Varies; from 10 to 45 hours, depending on activity and type of form.

*Total Estimated Number of Annual Burden Hours:* 3,025.

*Respondent's Obligation:* Required to obtain or retain a benefit.

*Frequency of Collection:* Annually.

*Total Estimated Annual Nonhour Burden Cost:* None.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

The authority for this action is the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

#### Phadrea Ponds,

*Information Collection Clearance Officer,  
National Park Service.*

[FR Doc. 2024–07699 Filed 4–10–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312–52–P

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### National Park Service

[NPS–WASO–NAGPRA–NPS0037711;  
PPWOCRADN0–PCU00RP14.R50000]

#### Notice of Inventory Completion: Center for Big Bend Studies, Sul Ross State University, Alpine, TX

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the Center for Big Bend Studies, Sul Ross State University has completed an inventory of human remains and has determined that there is a known lineal descendant connected to the human remains in this notice.

**DATES:** Repatriation of the human remains in this notice may occur on or after May 13, 2024.

**ADDRESSES:** Bryon Schroeder, Center for Big Bend Studies/Sul Ross State University, Street Address, Alpine, TX 79832, telephone (432) 837–8339, email [bryon.schroeder@sulross.edu](mailto:bryon.schroeder@sulross.edu).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the Center for Big Bend Studies, Sul Ross State University, and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in the inventory or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

#### Abstract of Information Available

Based on the information available, human remains representing, at least, five individuals have been reasonably identified. No associated funerary objects are present. These ancestral remains were recovered from the Millington Site (41PS14) in Presidio, Texas. They were salvaged in 2006 during a construction project by the city of Presidio from a backhoe trench initiated by the Presidio Sewer Line project. Geographical affiliation is consistent with the historically documented territory of the Mescalero Apache but biological genetic data from nearby sites places the Lineal Descendants of La Junta de los Rios, in particular lineal descendant Xoxi Nayapiltzin, near the site at least 900 years ago contemporaneous with the known age of these ancestral remains. No Preservative was applied to any of the ancestral remains.

#### Lineal Descendant

Based on the information available and the results of consultation, a lineal descendant is connected to the human remains described in this notice.

#### Determinations

The Center for Big Bend Studies, Sul Ross State University has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of five individuals of Native American ancestry.

- Xoxi Nayapiltzin is connected to the human remains described in this notice.

#### Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under

**ADDRESSES.** Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

1. The known lineal descendant connected to the human remains and associated funerary objects.

2. Any other lineal descendant not identified who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant.

Repatriation of the human remains in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after May 13, 2024. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the Center for Big Bend Studies, Sul Ross State University must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains are considered a single request and not competing requests. The Center for Big Bend Studies, Sul Ross State University is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the lineal descendant and any other consulting parties.

*Authority:* Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.

Dated: April 2, 2024.

**Melanie O'Brien,**

*Manager, National NAGPRA Program.*

[FR Doc. 2024–07710 Filed 4–10–24; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### National Park Service

[NPS–WASO–NAGPRA–NPS0037740;  
PPWOCRADN0–PCU00RP14.R50000]

#### Notice of Inventory Completion: Gilcrease Museum, Tulsa, OK

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the Gilcrease Museum has completed an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and associated funerary objects and Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

**DATES:** Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice may occur on or after May 13, 2024.

**ADDRESSES:** Laura Bryant, Gilcrease Museum, 800 S Tucker Drive, Tulsa, OK 74104, telephone (918) 596-2747, email [laura-bryant@utulsa.edu](mailto:laura-bryant@utulsa.edu).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the Gilcrease Museum, and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in the inventory or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

**Abstract of Information Available**

Based on the information available, human remains representing, at least, one individual has been reasonably identified. The two lots of associated funerary objects are faunal remains and sherds. These were removed from the Edward Marsh site in Scott County, AR, at an unknown date and came to Gilcrease Museum likely in the mid-20th century.

Based on the information available, human remains representing, at least, one individual has been reasonably identified. The 173 lots of associated funerary objects are lithic tools, pipe fragments, sherds, shell and faunal fragments, and a ceramic bead. These were removed in 1942 from a Caddo River site (Soday site #165) in Clark County, AR, by Frank Soday, an avocational archaeologist. Gilcrease Museum purchased Soday's collection in 1982.

**Cultural Affiliation**

Based on the information available and the results of consultation, cultural affiliation is clearly identified by the information available about the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice.

**Determinations**

The Gilcrease Museum has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of two individuals of Native American ancestry.
- The 175 objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed intentionally with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.
- There is a reasonable connection between the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice and the Caddo Nation of Oklahoma.

**Requests for Repatriation**

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.
2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or a culturally affiliated Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after May 13, 2024. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the Gilcrease Museum must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects are considered a single request and not competing requests. The Gilcrease Museum is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

*Authority:* Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.

Dated: April 3, 2024.

**Melanie O'Brien,**

*Manager, National NAGPRA Program.*

[FR Doc. 2024-07720 Filed 4-10-24; 8:45 am]

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**DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR****Bureau of Reclamation**

[RR040U2000.XXXR4081G3  
RX.05940908.FY19400]

**Call for Nominations for the Glen Canyon Dam Adaptive Management Work Group Federal Advisory Committee**

**AGENCY:** Bureau of Reclamation, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of call for nominations.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Department of the Interior (Interior) proposes to appoint one new member to the Glen Canyon Dam Adaptive Management Work Group (AMWG). The Secretary of the Interior (Secretary), acting as administrative lead, is soliciting nominations for qualified persons to serve as members of the AMWG.

**DATES:** Nominations must be postmarked by April 26, 2024.

**ADDRESSES:** Nominations should be sent to Mr. Daniel Picard, Deputy Regional Director, Bureau of Reclamation, 125 S State Street, Room 8100, Salt Lake City, UT 84138; or submitted via email to [borsha-ucr-gcdamp@usbr.gov](mailto:borsha-ucr-gcdamp@usbr.gov).

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Mr. William Stewart, Bureau of Reclamation, telephone (385) 622-2179, email at [wstewart@usbr.gov](mailto:wstewart@usbr.gov). Individuals who are deaf, deafblind, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY, TDD, or TeleBraille) to access telecommunications relay services. Individuals outside the United States should use the relay services offered within their country to make international calls to the point-of-contact in the United States.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:****Advisory Committee Scope and Objectives**

The Grand Canyon Protection Act (Act) of October 30, 1992, Public Law 102-575, directs the Secretary to consult with the Governors of the Colorado River Basin States and with the general public, including members of the public with certain interests or affiliations, when preparing the requisite criteria and operating plans for Glen Canyon Dam. This group, designated the Glen Canyon Dam Adaptive Management Work Group or AMWG, provides advice and recommendations to the Secretary relative to the operation of the Glen Canyon Dam. The AMWG operates in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended, 5 U.S.C. ch. 10.

The duties or roles and functions of the AMWG are in an advisory capacity